

PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 1.

SAN FRANCISCO, JANUARY 26, 1891.

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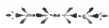
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102 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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EL PINAL VINEYARD,

Established 1852.

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

WINE VAULTS, EL PINAL, STOCKTON, CAL.

SONOMA WINE AND BRANDY CO., - No. 1 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

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Celebrated Belle of Bourbon.

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.....DIRECT FROM.....

LOUISVILLE, KY.

*We have fully established the reputation of these whiskies on the Pacific Coast, and we guarantee them as represented***STRICTLY PURE.**

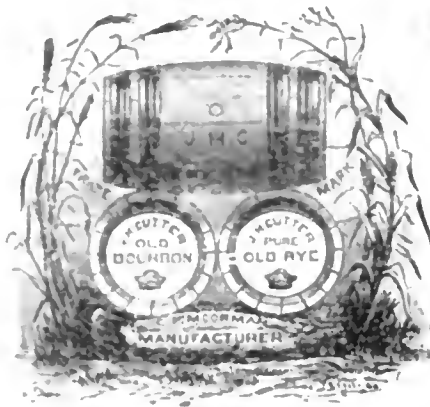
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LOUISVILLE OR SAN FRANCISCO BY

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SOLE AGENTS PACIFIC COAST,

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"OLD TAYLOR"

DISTILLED BY E. H. TAYLOR, JR.

E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, - Frankfort, Ky.

LARGEST DISTILLERS
OF PURE BRANDY
IN THE WORLD.



DISTILLERIES:
GEYSERVILLE, AND
ST. HELENA, CAL.

This Brandy, made after the French formula, from selected fresh grapes, has been successfully introduced, and is now regularly sold in the principal markets of Europe, in competition with French Cognac. Official German and English chemists have pronounced it the purest Brandy which comes to their markets.

It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French, the American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

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Distillers' Agent and Commission Merchant,

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Special Attention Paid to the Unbonding and Shipping of Whiskies,
and the Placing of Insurance.

OLD "PEPPER" WHISKY

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Under Approach of Brooklyn Bridge, Block E. & G.

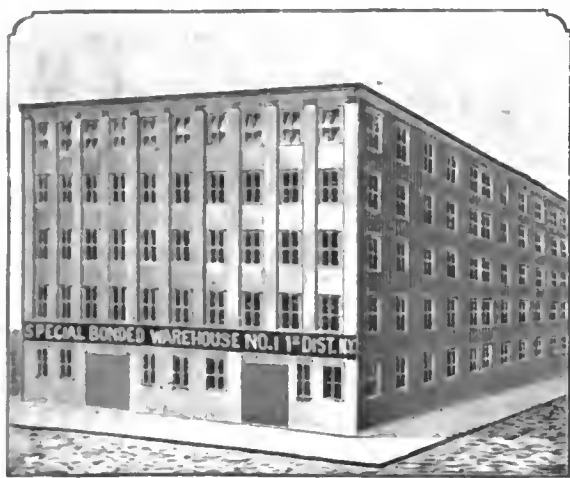
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STORAGE WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION DEPARTMENT,

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CORRESPONDENCE AND SHIPMENTS SOLICITED.

Incorporated

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PROPRIETORS

June 12, '90.

Special Bonded Warehouse, No. 1, First District.

Special facilities for the Storage of Grape and Fruit Brandy. Lowest Rates of Storage and Insurance. Also Proprietors of the Greenwich Dock United States Bonded Warehouses, and the Battery Street Free Warehouses for General Storage.

OVERLAND FREIGHT TRANSFER CO.

TEAMING AND STORAGE. PROPRIETORS OF

Special Bonded Warehouse, No. 6, First District.

BRANDY STORAGE.

Wine and Brandy for shipment or storage consigned care of O. F. T. Co. San Francisco, will receive proper attention.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

WM. H. SHIELDS,

WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

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Cincinnati, O.

PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 1.

SAN FRANCISCO, JANUARY 26, 1891.

\$3.00 PER YEAR

Issued Semi-Monthly.

R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.

WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

Subscription per year—in advance, postage paid:

For the United States, Mexico and Canada.....	\$3 00
For European countries.....	3 75
Single copies.....	20

Entered at the San Francisco Post Office as second-class matter.

AGENCIES:

PITTSBURGH AGENT,

R. RAPHAEL, 190 Wylie Ave, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sole Agent for Pennsylvania and North-western New York.

CINCINNATI AND KENTUCKY AGENT,

WM. H. SHIELDS, No. 6 West Third Street, Cincinnati, O.

HERE WE ARE AGAIN.

With this issue the REVIEW appears in a handsome and greatly improved form, having been equipped with an entirely new plant, printed on the best book paper and enlarged from thirty-four to forty-six pages. An ornamented cover has been added, the reading pages increased in number and more diversified in subject matter, and several valuable departments added. The new features to which we call attention are the departments of correspondence from Chicago and New York concerning the eastern wine market, and from Louisville and Cincinnati regarding the market for whiskies. The facilities for obtaining strictly accurate prices on all whiskies, whether bourbons or ryes, have been perfected and can be relied upon. Another valuable improvement will be found in the classification and index of advertisements.

This issue of the REVIEW may be considered, in a measure, a holiday or annual number, as it gives all the statistics concerning the status of the wine and liquor trade during the past year, and presents the views of many of the leading members of the trade and wine producers concerning the outlook for the future. These articles from the pens of able and thoughtful men will be found not only instructive but entertaining.

By reason of the foregoing facts we feel justified in reverting to the phenomenal career of the REVIEW. As the *San Francisco*

Merchant it was purchased by the present publishers in March 1889. That journal was a sixteen page paper in very bad health, patiently waiting for the newspaper morgue wagon to call around. The wagon never came. On the contrary the sheet was rapidly revived and within the short period of twenty-two months it has been transformed into the forty-six page REVIEW of to-day, which is now ranked as one of the greatest trade papers of the world. Its growth has been steady and upon a substantial basis, and its circulation has been extended at a rate unparalleled in the history of trade journalism. Not only is it read by every wholesale dealer and jobber upon the Pacific Coast and by every prominent wine producer, but its field has been pushed into the territory east of the Rocky Mountains, and now in New York, Chicago, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans and the other trade centers of the East, it is read and known as the sole representative of the wine and liquor interests on the Pacific side of the continent. In the matter of advertising it has been equally well favored and among the trade of the East and West it is recognized as the only medium with which to reach the varied branches of the wine and liquor trade of the Pacific coast and Rocky Mountain regions.

The publishers are naturally and reasonably proud of these achievements. They herewith extend their thanks to the many patrons of the REVIEW for past favors and hope with their co-operation to repeat during the present year the success of the past.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the readers of the REVIEW is directed to the following new advertisements which appear elsewhere in this issue:

Moore & Selliger, distillers, Louisville, Ky.
Ed. Murphy & Co., distillers, Lawrenceburg, Ky.
Napa Valley Wine Co., wine merchants, San Francisco.
Beck, Pyhrr & Co., wine merchants, San Francisco, (enlarged).
Jos. Melezer & Co., wine merchants, San Francisco, (enlarged).
Hirschler & Co., wine merchants, San Francisco.
St. Helena Wine Co., wine merchants, San Francisco.
Electric Vapor Engine Co., San Francisco.
Easton, Eldridge & Co., Auctioneers, San Francisco.

The distillers of Baltimore county, Maryland, are refusing to pay State taxes upon whisky in bond, claiming that it is made to order or sold under contract, and does not belong to them. We are glad to see this stand taken, and we have always claimed that the taxes are paid twice upon whisky in bond. Warehouse receipts are certainly recognized as property and are taxed where ever held, and there is no reason why the whisky called for in these warehouse receipts should be taxed.

MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES.—The market is absolutely flat and without feature. Holders are backward in offering their stocks, no buyers being in the market. An improvement need not be expected until some weeks. Our usual statistics regarding movements, in addition to the annual statements will be found elsewhere.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES.—The market is dull, the only topic of interest being in connection with the fortification of sweet wines. After considerable trouble and telegraphing to Washington, a modification in the interpretation of the new Sweet Wine Law has been obtained, permitting *more than one* fortification of the wines while in process of manufacture. This concession was greatly needed and was dictated by the peculiar conditions needful in making Sweet Wines. The telegram from Commissioner Mason granting this privilege is as follows:

"I have the honor to inform you that this day the following telegram was addressed to Horace W. Byington, Esq., Collector of Internal Revenue at Sacramento, Cal.:

"Referring to the application of Kohler and Frohling and others to put additional alcohol in wine heretofore fortified by them, you are advised that packages may be opened, fortifications continued within the limit allowed by law, and then resealed, remarked and restamped, being particularly careful to keep account of the alcohol so used, and to notify the party that assessments will be made for the same shall it hereafter appear that the additional alcohol was made necessary by their fault or negligence."

A similar telegram was also sent on the 17th instant to William H. Sears, Esq., Collector of Internal Revenue at San Francisco, Cal. Respectfully yours.

Receipts of brandy are very heavy but the exports are largely in excess of receipts. Our annual statement will be found in another column.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES.—Whiskies are steady and in good demand. The annual statement appearing in another column shows that the receipts of whiskies are approximating very closely to the receipts of spirits. This improvement in the situation is welcome to the leading dealers. The stringency in the money market has had no other effect than to check the rise in prices.

RYES.—Are steady and the demand is slowly improving. The eastern brands are gradually gaining the recognition which they well deserve.

THE YEAR 1890.

Elsewhere in this issue of the REVIEW will be found the figures giving the total exports and imports of wines, brandies, whiskies, etc., for the year 1890 with comparative records of other years. It is without doubt the most complete and accurate annual exhibit ever made in this city and as a statistical record will be found of great value to the trade and producers. It will be seen that in nearly all lines there has been a marked increase in the volume of business transacted, the exports by sea and rail of wine making a particularly good showing over those of 1889. During the year nearly 200,000 gallons more were exported to New York by sea and there was a healthy growth of trade with Central America, Mexico, British Columbia, Hawaii and Tahiti, giving a grand total by sea of 4,159,393 gallons as against 3,945,235 in the previous twelve months, or a gain of 206,168 gallons. The exports of cased wines to domestic points aggregated 1240 cases as compared with 697 cases in 1889 and to foreign ports 7818, making a total of 9053 cases as against 5659 cases in 1889, or an increase of over fifty per cent. This is highly gratifying as it indicates a development of trade in a line greatly to be desired.

One of the highly encouraging features of the export tables will be found in the shipments of bulk wines overland. The

shipments of cased goods by rail have not, up to the present time, been obtainable, but we hope to give a monthly statement of these exports in the columns of the REVIEW hereafter. The exportations from San Francisco were more than 400,000 gallons in excess of those of 1889. Sacramento shows an increase of over 200,000 gallons and Stockton nearly 50,000 gallons; and we have a grand total of rail shipments of 4,941,689 gallons as against 3,945,794 for the preceding year. This gives an increase which lacks but a few gallons of being a round million, and shows that there has been a very rapid expansion of the wine business in the east during the year just passed.

For the grand total of all wine exports we have 9,091,997 gallons and 9,258 cases for 1890, against 7,920,939 gallons and 5,658 cases in 1888. We thus have a total gain for the past year 1,171,058 gallons and 3,400 cases, which is the best showing that has been made in the California wine business for many a year.

By reference to the tables showing receipts of wine in San Francisco from interior cellars, it will be seen that they were 11,561,076 gallons or 1,037,572 gallons in excess of those of 1889 and 79,486 gallons less than the total exports for the year.

In the exportations of brandy there was but a slight increase, the total being 600,097 gallons and 436 cases, as against 590,265 gallons in the previous year. Receipts of brandy in San Francisco for the twelve months were slightly more than in 1889 and 59,740 gallons less than the total exports for 1890, showing that the reserve stocks were drawn on to this extent.

There was a heavy growth in the exports of whisky by sea, the total being 4732 cases and 31,189 gallons.

The importations of whiskies by rail and sea show that these goods are being more extensively handled in this market than ever before, the rail imports having been 3973 cases and 15,442½ barrels, and those by sea from Atlantic ports 275 cases and 4153 barrels. The foreign and re-imported whisky aggregated 4188 cases, 1560½ barrels, 275 octaves and 542½ casks. During the same period the imports of spirits and alcohol were 28,028 barrels and these figures show that the whisky imports are fast catching up with those of spirits.

In the tables of importations of foreign champagnes will be found conclusive proof that the people of this coast are fast becoming champagne drinkers. The imports for 1890 were 25,267 cases and baskets, an increase of 3159 cases over importations for 1889 and 5122 cases over those of 1888. A better indication of the healthy growth of trade in this line could not be shown in any part of the United States, and we doubt if it could be equalled. These figures do not include the large quantity of champagne produced in this city.

From the foregoing facts it will be readily seen that the year 1890 brought a substantial increase in nearly all branches of the wine and liquor trade, a fact upon which the REVIEW congratulates its patrons with the wish that 1891 may be even more prosperous.

AN APOLOGY.

We owe an apology to the patrons of the REVIEW for the delay which has occurred in getting out this issue. Work on this number has been kept up almost night and day, but it was impossible to issue the REVIEW in its new form sooner, and we hope its increased excellence will be deemed an ample excuse for our other short comings. This edition is a large one and will be sent broadcast throughout the United States.

Joseph R. Peebles' Sons Company of Cincinnati, who are the largest distributors of "Pepper" whisky, in the trade, and who recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of their house, have sent out a magnificent souvenir of the occasion. It is in the form of a white silk banner, attached to an ornamental bronze bar. The striking feature of the banner is a colored lithograph of a large spray of splendid navel oranges.

THE YEAR 1890.

Total Exports and Imports of Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Etc., With Comparative Figures of Other Years.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO NEW YORK BY SEA.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	35	387,357	\$ 119,085
February.....	30	80,408	44,358
March.....	759	379,759	160,268
April.....	27	303,841	130,617
May.....	45	299,868	133,315
June.....	29	396,536	161,674
July.....	129	315,586	132,130
August.....	14	352,612	153,549
September.....	65	400,675	163,144
October.....	1	189,843	69,594
November.....	55	310,447	141,238
December.....	71	375,010	161,287
Total.....	1,240	3,791,942	\$1,570,429
" in 1889.....	697	3,603,315	1,595,893
" in 1888.....	1,244	3,052,755	1,266,200
" in 1887.....	1,335	1,680,227	696,412

TO CENTRAL AMERICA.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	374	3,610	\$ 4,525
February.....	368	10,582	9,800
March.....	82	4,173	3,574
April.....	217	3,889	5,171
May.....	206	4,452	4,448
June.....	293	4,293	4,358
July.....	59	3,538	2,762
August.....	544	3,643	5,439
September.....	184	5,912	5,662
October.....	627	3,241	4,813
November.....	404	8,969	8,276
December.....	792	4,863	7,409
Total.....	4,150	61,165	\$ 66,237
" in 1889.....	2,781	44,769	43,639
" in 1888.....	3,026	45,683	46,077
" in 1887.....	2,534	31,260	34,654

TO MEXICO.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	78	7,094	\$ 3,501
February.....	69	7,424	4,983
March.....	60	3,417	2,673
April.....	66	1,162	1,007
May.....	192	3,404	3,216
June.....	47	6,894	3,659
July.....	90	4,824	3,191
August.....	55	7,707	4,877
September.....	107	9,099	5,655
October.....	80	4,836	3,814
November.....	40	8,152	3,691
December.....	224	4,550	3,856
Total.....	1,108	68,563	\$ 44,123
" in 1889.....	767	52,358	33,543
" in 1888.....	641	51,084	31,403
" in 1887.....	290	30,391	20,023

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA AND CANADA (BY SEA.)

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	1	881	\$ 698
February.....	39	1,886	1,784
March.....	25	1,045	758

April.....	30	1,764	1,224
May.....	166	2,787	3,000
June.....	125	1,312	1,416
July.....	87	2,032	1,587
August.....	116	2,135	2,100
September.....	246	328	1,578
October.....	25	616	571
November.....	15	3,573	2,579
December.....	160	2,021	2,319

Total.....	1,035	20,380	\$ 19,673
" in 1889.....	471	12,800	11,388
" in 1888.....	342	12,782	9,563
" in 1887.....	215	13,313	9,717

TO HAWAII.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	29	14,245	\$ 9,287
February.....	53	9,489	7,204
March.....	66	5,359	3,994
April.....	25	8,514	6,006
May.....	40	5,027	3,945
June.....	101	11,700	11,232
July.....	.....	5,773	4,453
August.....	113	8,830	6,610
September.....	56	12,601	8,830
October.....	47	5,971	4,614
November.....	24	9,853	7,561
December.....	117	21,624	14,997
Total.....	671	118,986	\$ 88,733
" in 1889.....	501	99,537	77,159
" in 1888.....	492	66,667	56,434
" in 1887.....	612	71,150	62,888

TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	119	1,695	\$ 1,451
February.....	10	510	230
March.....	5	2,128	916
April.....	63	1,488	788
May.....	6	1,792	676
June.....	8	54	52
July.....	.....	578	262
August.....	.....	1,184	517
September.....	72	3,908	1,579
October.....	31	2,469	1,034
November.....	2	5,256	2,160
December.....	8	2,014	876

Total.....	324	23,076	\$ 10,531
" in 1889.....	117	22,710	10,571
" in 1888.....	214	30,266	14,106
" in 1887.....	526	28,378	16,401

TO EUROPE.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	30	4,627	\$ 3,012
February.....	82	3,044	2,812
March.....	.....	2,642	1,514
April.....	8	139	140
May.....	14	646	384
June.....	18	7,016	3,546
July.....	2	2,850	1,660
August.....	18	3,952	1,680
September.....	175	7,340	4,540
October.....	47	10,138	4,271
November.....	4	1,207	1,063
December.....	7	86	100

Total.....	305	43,687	\$ 24,722
" in 1889.....	260	51,305	25,304
" in 1888.....	248	62,662	36,112
" in 1887.....	1642	26,355	20,562

TO TAHITI.			
Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	7	1,506	\$ 585
February.....	6	5,653	2,169
April.....		2,568	987
May.....		929	288
June.....		427	223
July.....	3	837	346
August.....		631	285
October.....	3	2,056	681
November.....	6	1,259	446
December.....		1,870	766
Total.....	25	17,736	\$ 6,776

GRAND TOTAL OF EXPORTS BY SEA.			
Destination.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
To New York.....	1,240	3,791,942	\$ 1,570,429
" Central America.....	4,150	61,165	66,237
" Mexico.....	1,108	68,563	44,123
" Brit. Columbia and Canada.....	1,035	20,380	19,673
" Hawaii.....	671	118,986	88,733
" China and Japan.....	324	23,076	10,531
" Europe.....	305	43,687	24,722
" Tahiti.....	25	17,736	6,776
" Miscellaneous.....	200	4,758	3,766
Total by sea.....	9,058	4,150,393	\$ 1,834,990
" " " 1889.....	5,659	3,945,235	1,753,256
" " " 1888.....	6,485	3,316,912	1,418,043

WINE SHIPMENTS OVERLAND.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

	Gallons.
January.....	152,887
February.....	229,770
March.....	360,305
April.....	400,752
May.....	277,265
June.....	177,953
July.....	238,564
August.....	314,109
September.....	414,268
October.....	506,162
November.....	392,795
December.....	276,535

Total.....3,741,365

FROM OAKLAND.

January.....	2,699
February.....	135
March.....	2,809
April.....	528
May.....	2,661
June.....	2,864
July.....	317
August.....	3,178
September.....	478
October.....	6,471
November.....	713
December.....	2,468

Total.....25,321

FROM SACRAMENTO.

January.....	56,796
February.....	41,876
March.....	48,648
April.....	33,777
May.....	63,879
June.....	59,755
July.....	44,313
August.....	64,356
September.....	60,703
October.....	74,094
November.....	57,522
December.....	62,776

Total.....668,495

FROM SAN JOSE.

	Gallons.
January.....	3,479
February.....	5,607
March.....	4,715
April.....	15,798
May.....	5,501
June.....	7,068
July.....	4,785
August.....	10,864
September.....	8,743
October.....	19,624
November.....	6,618
December.....	12,440

Total.....105,242

FROM STOCKTON.

January.....	7,799
February.....	8,208
March.....	17,140
April.....	5,766
June.....	3,134
July.....	3,167
August.....	8,196
September.....	6,267
October.....	23,100
November.....	8,060
December.....	26,902

Total.....117,739

FROM MARYSVILLE.

January.....	94
February.....	56
March.....	2,330
April.....	345
May.....	2,021
July.....	143
September.....	110
November.....	69

Total.....5,168

FROM LOS ANGELES.

January.....	4,623
February.....	5,783
March.....	3,718
April.....	23,380
May.....	6,480
June.....	5,758
July.....	6,413
August.....	11,413
September.....	7,234
October.....	8,743
November.....	12,965
December.....	4,508

Total.....101,018

FROM COLTON.

January.....	23,671
February.....	11,191
March.....	7,201
April.....	21,832
May.....	10,970
June.....	22,453
July.....	8,964
August.....	14,268
September.....	2,797
October.....	20,513
November.....	8,789
December.....	26,341

Total.....178,990

GRAND TOTAL WINE SHIPMENTS BY RAIL.

January.....	251,954
February.....	302,664
March.....	444,592
April.....	504,163
May.....	367,091
June.....	279,005
July.....	306,523
August.....	426,384
September.....	501,033
October.....	658,709
November.....	487,572
December.....	411,999

Total.....	4,941,689
" in 1889.....	3,945,794
" in 1888.....	3,875,232

GRAND TOTAL OF ALL WINE EXPORTS.

Destination.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
Domestic points by sea...1,240		3,791,94	\$1,570,429
Foreign ports.....7,818		353,603	264,567
Overland.....*		4,941,689	2,133,730
Miscellaneous.....200		4,758	3,766
Grand Total.....9,258		9,091,997	\$3,972,492
In 1889.....5,658		7,920,939	3,774,258
In 1888.....6,485		7,235,994	3,022,392
In 1887.....†		6,901,771	3,140,305

*Case goods shipped overland not obtainable. †No record of case goods for this year.

BRANDY EXPORTS TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	5	51	\$ 223
February.....	58	28,145	71,545
March.....	108	5,801	3,871
April.....	54	642	1,469
May.....	26	654	1,042
June.....	34	13,858	9,686
July.....	—	3,379	2,393
August.....	—	6,005	3,444
September.....6		11,610	8,453
October.....	—	1,991	1,905
November.....	33	1,449	1,969
December.....	32	1,635	1,827
Total.....	356	75,220	\$ 109,827

BRANDY EXPORTS TO DOMESTIC POINTS BY SEA.

Months.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	45,396	\$ 69,207
February.....	3,424	1,945
March.....	26,523	41,408
April.....	25,415	39,623
May.....	16,088	21,121
June.....	43,231	52,756
July.....	4,039	7,526
August.....	6,006	9,430
September.....	7,808	15,756
October.....	2,079	3,887
November.....	13,537	26,407
December.....	34,481	64,228

Total, 80 cases.... 228,037 \$353,294

BRANDY SHIPMENTS OVERLAND.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

	Gallons.
January.....	7,907
February.....	10,818
March.....	19,234
April.....	25,742
May.....	10,717
June.....	8,175
July.....	1,956
August.....	12,754
September.....	15,661
October.....	16,597
November.....	17,745
December.....	11,708

Total..... 159,014
" in 1889..... 118,624

FROM LOS ANGELES.

January.....	189
February.....	503
March.....	517
April.....	367
May.....	719
June.....	230
July.....	3,698
August.....	2,725
September.....	2,750
October.....	7,834
November.....	540
December.....	1,721

Total..... 21,793
" in 1889..... 64,175

FROM COLTON.

January.....	5,730
February.....	5,134
March.....	350
April.....	2,729
May.....	8,554
June.....	4,056
July.....	166
August.....	1,398
December.....	762

Total..... 28,879
" in 1889..... 33,791

FROM SACRAMENTO.

January.....	3,789
February.....	8,657
March.....	720
April.....	351
May.....	4,364
June.....	197
July.....	5,491
August.....	9,678
September.....	1,250
October.....	7,515
November.....	5,274
December.....	5,955

Total..... 53,241
" in 1889..... 65,578

FROM SAN JOSE.

January.....	207
February.....	155
March.....	192
April.....	3,058
May.....	300
June.....	697
July.....	681
August.....	1,041
September.....	803
October.....	865
November.....	2,385
December.....	766

Total..... 11,150
" in 1889..... 11,832

FROM STOCKTON.

March.....	13,055
May.....	128
June.....	2,927
August.....	67
September.....	2,091
December.....	95

Total..... 18,363

FROM OAKLAND.

April.....	25
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FROM MARYSVILLE.

January.....	2,200
April.....	2,175

Total..... 4,375

GRAND TOTAL BRANDY SHIPMENTS OVERLAND.

January.....	20,022
February.....	25,267
March.....	34,068
April.....	34,447
May.....	24,782
June.....	16,282
July.....	11,992
August.....	27,663
September.....	22,555
October.....	32,811
November.....	25,944
December.....	21,007
Total.....	296,840
“ in 1889.....	294,000

GRAND TOTAL OF BRANDY EXPORTS.

Destination.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
Domestic points by sea...	80	228,037	\$ 353,294
“ “ by rail...	—	296,840	*453,120
Foreign ports.....	358	75,220	\$ 109,827
Total.....	436	600,097	\$ 909,641
“ 1889.....	—	590,265	985,742
“ 1888.....	—	451,080	690,152
“ 1887.....	—	472,752	774,313

*Estimated Value.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

	Wine.	Brandy.
January.....	618,630	70,570
February.....	864,466	23,195
March.....	1,049,360	23,953
April.....	1,088,169	25,660
May.....	1,281,389	27,884
June.....	1,133,255	51,075
July.....	921,920	27,060
August.....	972,537	17,810
September.....	754,460	39,000
October.....	1,031,960	58,940
November.....	972,700	92,130
December.....	872,200	83,080
Total, 1890.....	11,561,076	540,357
“ 1889.....	10,523,504	517,243
“ 1888.....	8,852,611	227,585
“ 1887.....	8,496,344	256,104

WHISKY EXPORTS BY SEA.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	\$ Value.
January.....	510	851	5,329
February.....	414	2,190	9,997
March.....	435	764	5,126
April.....	579	1,278	5,274
May.....	374	1,107	4,920
June.....	221	236	2,646
July.....	191	945	2,713
August.....	563	2,137	7,769
September.....	312	617	3,924
October.....	429	1,753	7,635
November.....	296	475	3,750
December.....	388	836	4,723
Total.....	4,732	31,189	43,806

The imports of Brandy, Rum and Gin by rail were: Brandy, 816 cases and 6,467 gallons; Gin, 135 cases and 11,523 gallons; Rum, 2,909 gallons.

WHISKY IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Months.	Cases.	Barrels.	Gallons.
January.....	400	1,004	31,857
February.....	878	1,353	58,819
March.....	1,097	1,677	76,406
April.....	67	1,773	95,735
May.....	816	1,669	64,797
June.....	—	925½	39,115
July.....	86	681½	31,488
August.....	70	1,183	45,825
September.....	190	1,302½	54,918
October.....	25	1,069½	44,294
November.....	—	1,573	72,369
December.....	344	1,231½	55,555
Total.....	3,973	15,442½	669,378

IMPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

FROM ATLANTIC PORTS.

	Cases.	Barrels.
January.....	—	172½
February.....	—	99
March.....	25	356
April.....	—	108
May.....	—	442½
June.....	—	300
July.....	—	44½
August.....	25	689
September.....	—	519½
October.....	150	689
November.....	40	414½
December.....	40	324½
Total, 1890.....	275	4,155

FOREIGN AND RE-IMPORTED.

	Barrels.	Cases.	Octaves.	Casks.
January.....	—	1,055	20	—
February.....	249	—	—	—
March.....	—	310	10	—
April.....	—	20	—	—
May.....	120	—	—	—
June.....	296½	325	25	5½
July.....	30	10	—	—
August.....	335	501	145	1
September.....	—	—	—	—
October.....	455	1,216	55	543
November.....	—	484	—	—
December.....	75	267	20	—
Total.....	1,560½	4,188	275	545½

GRAND TOTAL OF ALL WHISKY IMPORTS.

	Barrels.	Cases.	Octaves.	Casks.
By Rail.....	15,442½	3,973	—	—
Atlantic ports	—	—	—	—
Domestic	4,155	275	—	—
Re-imported and Foreign	1,560½	4,188	275	545½
Total.....	21,158	8,436	275	545½

IMPORTS OF ALCOHOL AND SPIRITS BY RAIL.

	Barrels.	Gallons
January.....	1,090	42,339
February.....	3,393	131,775
March.....	3,030	119,732
April.....	1,802	71,427
May.....	2,029	57,498
June.....	2,820	110,581
July.....	2,039	86,893
August.....	2,117	84,643
September.....	2,319	91,667
October.....	2,128	82,615
November.....	2,564	95,621
December.....	2,697	99,091
Total.....	28,028	1,093,922

IMPORTS OF CHAMPAGNE.

	Cases.
January.....	3,287
February.....	1,430
March.....	860
April.....	1,936
May.....	300
June.....	3,573
July.....	3,010
August.....	45
September.....	1,136
October.....	3,190
November.....	5,400
December.....	1,100
Total.....	25,267
“ in 1889.....	22,108
“ in 1888.....	20,145

ERRATUM.

The Exports of Native Wine to Tahiti during the month of August should be increased by 2,978 gallons, valued at \$908.

HARASZTHY ON FINE WINES.

In regard to fine wines I think that our greatest success lies in the future, because heretofore none of us engaged in the business have looked for anything but good bearers and have been satisfied with an average quality of wine. It is only within the last seven or eight years that any extended notice has been given to the higher grades. In the early days there were few or no wine makers who would exchange a yield of five and six tons of grapes to the acre for one or two tons by planting the finer varieties.

Some headway in the right direction has been made in the last seven or eight years, on a small scale it is true, and possibly just to see how the experiment would turn out. The people who are experimenting are not generally found among the large growers, but are more likely to be discovered among the hills and retired nooks in the counties nearest the bay. I find that they have worked cautiously. Most of them are men of small property and limited means, and do the greater part of the work themselves. I think that the finest wines of the State will eventually be found to have been made by just this class of vinticulturists. They have time and they use it properly; they have ambition and follow it. They do not reckon their time at so many dollars an hour. Very likely it will require some length of time before their products are appreciated, but the time will come either in their lives or in those of their children following. I know several people, the exact counterpart of those above described, and believe them the forerunners of a new era of wine making in our State.

Small quantities of wine have been produced on accidentally discovered soil, with the proper grapes planted thereon, and these have given in a few instances, very fair results—wines that command the approval of their quality of any true connoisseur or *bon vivant*, provided he always divests himself of any prejudice of country, climate or race. The latter is very hard for ninety-nine of every one hundred wine drinkers to do. Even with the presentation of the finest of our products—products that would rank with the better classes of foreign wines—the remark is made in a patronizing manner, galling to the true Californian presenting the wines, that the “wine is very good for California.”

These people evidently forget, or never knew, that there are no two vineyards in the world which make a wine exactly alike. Nevertheless differences are found even among the higher classes, where there is such an enormous difference of character—only the type remaining the same. Our critics limit our quality to the present standard of ordinary wines and are loth to admit that we can produce anything better than that, whereas any number of small lots of wine that have been made in the last six or seven years, are fully capable of holding their places among the finer grades of European wines.

The future of fine wines in this State depends upon the willingness to sacrifice quantity to quality, and to wait patiently for an income, coupled with the good luck of being able to find the varieties best suited to the different soils, and to the different climates. I mention especially climate because within the last ten years I have concluded that in our State at least, climate is even more important, within reasonable limits, than the soil, in giving quality from certain types, notably those of the Medoc red varieties. Our future red wines of high type will no doubt be limited to three or four varieties now grown in the Medoc district on the Gironde, and to some extent already in California, and I believe that a lasting monument ought and possibly will be erected to the Great Unknown of France who discovered and first planted the Cabernet Sauvignon and the Cabernet Franc. These grapes will produce the grand wines of the future, as they have done in the past around Bordeaux. I think that every vineyard within forty miles of the ocean, from San Diego to Siskiyou counties should have an acre or two of these varieties planted irrespective of the quantity produced, in order to join in

a grand effort to discover where the proper soil lies and the right climate can be had to produce the highest type of wine capable of being made from these grapes. It is only through such general efforts and public spirit that these facts can be made known; and that we will be enabled to discover the choice spots of land which will carry the renown of our viticultural products to the ends of the earth.

I have made up my mind that red wines are often left too long in the packages before bottling and sold too soon after bottling. There is a certain bottle flavor discovered in good ordinary wines from Europe, which is entirely lacking in our own. I understand the reason why we have not gone more extensively into this branch of wine handling. It is attributable partly to the great cost of bottling, the additional capital required, the contingent formation of sediments and the consequent discoloration of wines, the precipitation of albuminous substances and other causes. The sediments occur partly from improper fermentation in making the wine, but mostly from our anxiety to hurry the wines from an unclear to a bright state, and likewise from bottling before the wines are as bright as they should be. There is a way—though a costly one—to rid wines of these sediments. This is by decanting the bottle. It may be costly, but I believe that in a few years it will be found that a large number of consumers will quite willingly pay the additional cost in recognition of the added quality.

The future of our fine wines of course will depend upon our ability to discover the proper class of soils and climate. That the business of making and marketing these wines will pay, I have no doubt. I have, in my own experience, found many people who are willing to pay a fair price for a first-class article. Of course there will always be those who will think that though California wines may be as good in their several classes as French wines, they ought to be sold at a much lower price. This is unfair, barring the difference in freight and duty. If the quality of our wines is as good as the wines of France and Germany, then we should receive the same remuneration which is paid for the vintages of those countries. If our wines are better, we should receive a better price. In my mind there is nothing that will prevent us from making the production and sale of our fine wines as profitable as is the sale of the limited proportion of fine wines produced in France and Germany. Therein lies the possibility of making one's own price when we have a larger number of consumers who will be willing to pronounce upon the quality of the wine, before examining the label or cork brand, or inquiring where the wine came from.

The vine growers of California have had uphill work. They are not yet at the apex of prosperity nor of the quality of their products. With all that they have to contend with, they have made great strides in breaking down prejudice, and in teaching the people that California produces wines of many qualities, the largest number of which are agreeable and drinkable. They have also made a more restricted quantity of the better quality of wines, and still smaller quantities which attract attention and admiration from those competent to judge.

With the education of the masses, the deserved recognition will come. I can remember the time when the old red Mission, with all its harshness and defects, was drunk and approved. Now such wines are rare in this market, and usually find their way into the stills. The day is near at hand, I believe, when the gilded youth of the East will strike upon the idea of being Americans and of patronizing America. It will have become tame, by reason of travel of our people in European countries, to hear the same old song—admiration and exaltation of the products of the Old Country when ours are so much more favored by Nature, soil and climate. Those days which are to come, will be the halcyon times of our State, and let us hope that they will soon come.

Apad Haraszthy

FUTURE OF OUR WINES.

In casting a retrospect and comparing not only the output, but the quality of our wines in the last decade, the grower and dealer have much to congratulate themselves on, and which should give a further impetus to popularize our product by giving more attention to the better quality and handling of our wines. Tabulated statistics found elsewhere in the columns of this valuable journal will give the gratifying results above mentioned. The principal factor in bringing our wines before the connoisseur and the discerning consumer, is to place before them our best grades of wines under their true names and labels, bottled by the grower, and stamped with the legal guarantee of purity and the grower's endorsement of vintage.

It is true in some measure that the popularity and consumption of California wines has been accomplished by marketing our ordinary wines at very low prices; but we must not forget that this result has been materially assisted by the scarcity and high price of the French and German wines of the poorer grade.

Having particularly educated our people to appreciate the purity, fair price and economy of our California wines, it should be the endeavor of every one engaged in this great industry to cement the progress that we have made by bringing directly before the consumer our best product, bottled in California, and under the grower's name; and in course of time, the public will be able to discriminate and establish the reputation of each wine district in our state. There is yet much to be done to displace the prejudice that still exists among our people, and to educate *Americans to drink American Wines under American labels*. To illustrate this, a representative of one of our oldest and largest wine houses in New York and Chicago, informed the writer that it is next to impossible to find any large eastern wine jobber who will bottle and sell a good California wine under a California label, and that at least seventy-five per cent of our wines are sold East under the stereotyped names of "St. Julien," "Margaux," "Pontet Canet," "Rudesheimer," "Liebfraumilch," etc., and such well worn stock labels, and our poor California product under its own patronymic.

Another great mission of our wine men is to educate the wine drinkers of this country to the palpable frauds that are practiced upon them, and to expose the foreign and domestic adulterations that still form a great part of the *stuff* that is sold under the name of wine in this country. No more convincing illustration of this fact is needed than the following Associated Press telegram, which appeared in our daily papers of December 20, 1890.

DOCTORED FRENCH WINES.

Paris, France, December 19, 1890.

"The Minister of Justice has instructed the police to prosecute sellers of wine containing *sulphuric acid*. The sale of wine treated with plaster of paris will be tolerated until April 1st."

Here is a tacit admission on the part of the French wine producers and backed by their government, of the adulteration of wine sent to the outside barbarians; for the laws of France are very severe and the penalties, imprisonment and confiscation for the adulteration of wine or food for home consumption. To illustrate per contra how easily it is to change public opinion and destroy the prejudice of national Anglomaniacism and the fallacy that "*nothing is fit to eat, drink or wear, that does not bear the impress of a foreign label*," see what our California dried fruits have accomplished in less than a decade. Foreign prunes to make them more saleable are now marketed to a great extent under California brands, and we can certainly accomplish this "devoutly to be wished consummation" for our wines by carrying out the object of this communication—to wit; market our best wines, bottled at home and under their true names.

After persistent effort we have succeeded in obtaining a rate of freight on cased wines, which enables us to lay our wines in glass down at Eastern common points at fair rates, although the railroad companies could render us much more assistance, by making the rates of cased wines in less than carload rates lower and more equitable.

The fact that our good wines have been recognized by French and German connoisseurs, should encourage the policy which I have advocated. Let every grower and dealer guard religiously his brands, exercise the same care, patience and finesse in handling and bottling as our competitors of the old wine countries, and we will solve not only the question of protection but the evils of prohibition. When the American becomes a wine instead of a spirit drinker we will have no more use for sumptuary laws, for we will have become a temperate nation.

What further incentive to greater efforts is needed by the grower or dealer than the experience of the last ten years in the history of the wine trade of this State? Ten years ago our wines were comparatively unknown, our exports not a tenth of the present and our home consumption a bagatelle. To-day our exports are ten million gallons of wine, a million of brandy, and our home consumption (the Pacific Coast) nearly six million gallons. Besides, our exports to Mexico, Central America the Pacific Islands, China and Japan, are steadily increasing and France is looking with longing eyes to our virgin lands and our equable climate to replace her phylloxera-stricken and depleted vineyards. Will it not surprise the ordinary reader to learn that France, the once leading producer of wine in the world, imported a third more of wine than she grew or exported in 1889-90? These are undeniable facts, and gathered from official statistics from our Consular reports. When one reflects that France in 1876 reached her maximum in production of wine—nearly two billions of gallons—and in 1880 her output fell to about six hundred million—cause phylloxera—a loss of one billion, four hundred million gallons, and from which she has never up to this day recuperated; and when the city of Paris alone consumes one hundred million gallons of wine per annum or more than double the quantity consumed by the United States, what a field for our enterprise and our wine industry is opened! California with every foot of arable land in her great domain susceptible of viticulture is destined in time to become the vineyard of the world; but we cannot wait for the grape or its juice to drop into our mouths. Let us agitate and educate the world to our virgin and unlimited resources renew our efforts to produce excellence, stamp out adulterations, market our wines under their true names, ask the State's aid in enforcing our pure wine law, and I am sure the next decade will show greater results financially and place our great industry on a sure and prosperous footing.

San Francisco January 12, 1891.



CALIFORNIA VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

If you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit
IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat, and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs, with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO HÜLLEMANN,

Viticultural Cafe and Restaurant,

315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission.

CASED GOODS IN THE EAST.

In response to your note requesting me to state in what condition I found the Eastern Market, during my recent trip in the east; and in what particular direction the greatest improvement was shown, I can say that a marked increase in volume is shown in all lines of the California wine trade, but most particularly in cased goods.

The increase in the cheap bulk wine sales seems to be only normal with the increase of population, or in territory newly opened up by California wine houses. My experience in new territory has been that sales are made more through inducements in price than through any merits of the goods offered. Consequently should the wines furnished be good of their class the quicker will the consumption increase and the sooner will a demand create itself for fine bulk wines and together with it for cased goods.

As a sample of the slow increase of trade where poor wines were originally introduced I can cite no better instance than New Orleans and adjacent territory, although I can now say with pleasure that after remaining stationary for a long period there has developed during the past two years a healthy demand for our fine wines in both wood and glass.

In remarking on the phenomenal growth of the trade in wines bottled in California, and which I found on the wine lists of many Eastern Hotels under the labels of reputable California bottlers, I must state we owe much to the action of the railroads some time ago in reducing the rate on wines in glass to the same figure as that for wines in wood, when in car lots. This advantage has been greater than we at first realized, for it has enabled the large Eastern houses to handle our cased goods with a reasonable profit, even if they make only the difference between the car load and less than car load rate on the freight.

I am glad to state that many Eastern jobbers and more particularly the wholesale grocers are pleased to avail themselves of this means of getting their fine wines in cases, for they realize with us, that owing to their unfamiliarity with delicate wines and inexperience in bottling, that no matter how fine the wine may have been in wood, the article when bottled by them falls far below their expectations, and so discourages them in their attempts to handle our fine products. This is obviated when wines are purchased direct in glass. It enables buyers to handle them as any other article connected with their business and also guarantees them, when dealing with a reputable house, from loss when any bottling turns out below its standard, which happens occasionally with the best of bottlers.

Notwithstanding the inducements offered in freights by the railroads and in the case of the Pullman Palace Car Co., which, I think I am reliably informed, has no freight whatever to pay on their supplies, many hotels and restaurants buy California labeled wines bottled under name of some Eastern house at prices which should secure them the best product of our vineyards, but which in quality I should consider a disgrace to any of our reputable bottlers. On the Pullman cars as a whole, but more particularly on those east of the Mississippi the wines are horrible and as I have before stated, bore the label of an Eastern house. I was obliged to send back the wine, but what was worse than the wine was the unsolicited information from the Dining Car Conductor that the wine served me was the best California wine they could obtain, and if I desired a more palatable article I should take recourse in their foreign LABELS. All this to me seems wrong. If dictated by parsimony it is contemptible in a corporation of this character, for the matter of a few cents does not deter the traveling American from obtaining what he desires. If for any other cause, it shows either the inability of their purchasing agents to select a good article or a prejudice in favor of some local acquaintance.

A ridiculous custom which I am sorry to state is practiced more by California bottlers than by Eastern houses is that of placing on their labels "California Wine, Medoc Type" or "Pro-

duced from cuttings obtained from the celebrated Yquem Vineyards," etc. This is wrong: first, because wine if produced from cuttings obtained from these vineyards can hardly be said to even resemble wines from these vineyards; second, if they bear the word California at all, the consumer drinks them on their own merits only, utterly ignoring any claim of foreign descent. This leads me to remark that if California wine men desire to build up a permanent and lasting reputation for their products they must stick to names now in vogue among themselves or at least to names which have no connection or suggestion of the foreign market. If they desire for special purpose names more euphonious than can be supplied by the English language they can with propriety use words of Spanish derivation now applied to many localities of this state, of course avoiding those names which are used by well known Spanish vineyards.

Now, if all Californians visiting the East, and appreciating a good glass of their own country's product, would follow Senator Stanford's example and insist upon having none other than California bottling placed before them, our wines would lead the lists at the prominent hotels and restaurants instead of occupying the obscure place they do at present.

After having now stated the progress I found and the points of demerit in the trade methods, let me suggest that your paper can lend us material aid by publishing the exports of cased goods by rail.



San Francisco January 16, 1891.

THE LIVERMORE DISTRICT.

The famous white and red wines of the Livermore Valley are certainly among the best produced in the state. The valley has an elevation of about 600 feet above sea level and up to the present time has been entirely free from the most destructive insect pests and baffling diseases which are met with in other sections.

The vines which produce the most famous of our wines have been imported from France and other countries and the quality of the wine made by the careful vintners has been and is such as to commend the highest admiration of connoisseurs in this country and abroad. Our wines received at the Paris Exposition, two out of the three gold medals awarded to California for wines only, one of which was won by my wines.

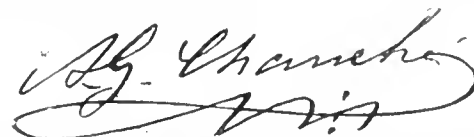
I have found in my experience that it is positively necessary to keep the red wine in wood not less than from four to five years before bottling or placing on the market in bulk. The white wines of this valley should be kept from three to four years according to the vintage.

Our red wines, when properly handled, are noted for their fine color, bouquet and softness, and the white wines are distinguished by their beautiful greenish yellow color and a bouquet and flavor which Mother Nature gives only to the finest wines of Europe. Our best wines compare favorably with the famous Medoc Clarets and with the Sauterne, Burgundy and Chablis of France which have been known for centuries as the best wines of the world.

The valley can also produce a Rhine wine which will vie with the famous "Johannisberg."

To produce such wines it is necessary to have a peculiar combination of soil and climate supplemented by the planting of the finest varieties of grapes and with it an unusual degree of skill on the part of the wine-maker and cellar-master.

These natural and acquired advantages we have in the Livermore Valley to a marked degree and our wines stand pre-eminent among those of the country.



Proprietor of the Mont Rouge Vineyard and Cellars.
Livermore Valley, January 10, 1891.

PRODUCING FINE WINES.

Three things are necessary for the production of fine dry wines viz. soil, locality and varieties of grapes.

The red soil which produces the madrona, the black oak, the redwood and the manzanita is the best. The deposits that are made on the sides of valleys by the wash from the mountains, composed of volcanic tufa, clay and decomposed rock, is almost equally as good. Alluvial, adobe and wet soils are the most unsuitable. They produce enormous crops, but the wine lacks flavor, color and durability. Any locality that is moistened and tempered by the sea breeze is well adapted to grape growing and this would include nearly all the coast counties of the state.

From a collection of four hundred varieties, I would select the following varieties for red wines in the order named, viz. Serene, Mondense, Duriff, Beclan, Refosco, Alicante Bouschet, Mourastel Bouschet and Petite Bouschet. These are all good bearers and strong growers except the Beclan and Duriff. While the Bouschets do not make fine wines, they are valuable for their color. The Cabernet Sauvignon does not bear enough to be profitable and neither does the Malbec. The Serene resembles the Petite Sirrah in every respect and fully equals it in quality, but has the additional advantage of being a good regular bearer. It is also called Marsanne Noir and Petite Sirrah, but is quite different in the quantity of its fruit. The Mondense is a good bearer and ripens two or three weeks later, which is very desirable. It is called also Gros Sirrah and its wine is very similar in character and quality to the Petite Sirrah. The wines of both are very dark, high flavored and contain an abundance of tannin.

For white wines I would select in the order named, Pedro Ximines, Semillon Blanc, Listan, Pinot Chardonay and Burger. The Listan is known as Golden Chasselas, and the Ximines, as Sauvignon Verte. These are all good bearers and vigorous growers. The first two when allowed to hang on the vine until they contain thirty per cent sugar, make a very good Sauterne when properly handled. When gathered at twenty-two per cent, they make a fine wine of the Riesling type, and blended with more or less Burger, makes a distinctive Hock. The Listan and Burger blended make a wine of the Chasselas type. The Pinot Chardonay gathered at twenty per cent produces the renowned Chablis.

The next requisite for fine wine is a quick and perfect fermentation. The white grapes when crushed should lie on the skins twenty-four hours, then pressed out and the must put into shallow open tanks to avoid a violent fermentation. When the sugar has been reduced by fermentation to four or five per cent, the wine should be pumped into double-headed tanks which should be filled up once a day until the fermentation is finished and the wine cooled off. In December the wine should be drawn off into strongly sulphured tanks and clarified with one pound of the best gelatine and four ounces of tannin to the thousand gallons. Rack again in two weeks and again in two months and again in three months by which time the wine will be clear, sound and in a stable condition. The sooner the young wine can be freed from all impure and foreign substances which endanger its life, the better. It will then ripen and develop quickly and safely. All that is required now is racking at the proper time and blending until the wine is old enough for use when it should have another fining and three ounces of tannin.

The red grapes should be crushed and stemmed into open tanks. As soon as fermentation is over press them, and put the wine into tight tanks. Rack and clarify them in December and rack every two months thereafter, not burning any sulphur, or very little, in the empty tanks. When old enough for use, they should be clarified again as in the case of the white wines.

Both red and white wines are usually three years old before they are bottle ripe. Before bottling they should be drawn off into small packages of from fifty to one hundred and sixty gallons and clarified with isinglass. In two weeks they should be

racked and allowed to stand for one month in order to become brilliant when they are ready for bottling which should be done in clear weather. The standard French bottles for claret, for Sauterne and Cognac only should be used, and the long amber and green Rhine wine bottles for the white wines. The labels should be plain, neat and representative. They should be a uniform distance from the bottom of the bottle, say from one to one and one half inches. Use only the best corks and not too long, about one and one quarter inches so as not to show below the cap. The eye must be pleased in order to catch the palate.

W. N. West

Oakville, January 15, 1891.

To-Kalon Vineyard.

WEST ON BRANDIES.

The passage of the Sweet Wine bill will assuredly lead to an increased production of sweet wines, and will bring into the business many people who have hitherto been precluded from manufacturing such wines. The market for our product is an extensive one, and will no doubt be developed to a still greater extent. It is to be hoped that all the producers and those intending to become such will make it a point to see that the standard of excellence is maintained and improved from year to year.

The brandy situation is extremely favorable—much more so than as regards wine. A good article commands a ready sale at remunerative figures, and the prices that are realized are much better than a year ago, while the general tone of the market is infinitely better. As soon as the eastern sweet wine makers are permitted to use our brandies for fortification, free of Internal Revenue taxes, the prices will take another leap upward.

Our brandies are improving right along as to quality. Our distillers are more careful than they ever were before, and the proportion of pomace brandies to the entire product is becoming less with each year. Other uses for pomace aside from distillation are being taken advantage of, much to the improvement of our brandies as a class.

The methods of distillation are superior to what they were in times gone by. The continuous still, which is in very general use, wrought a great improvement in the average quality of all our brandies, it being much easier for the average distiller to make a brandy that will meet with the approval of buyers in them, than in the old-fashioned apparatus. Then it has become generally known among distillers, after years of talking and struggling against prejudices, that only white wines should be distilled. It does not seem nowadays that it would be difficult to have this admitted by the distillers, but they were longer in learning this lesson than might be supposed.

The next step in the brandy business will be the establishment of brands. Several of the larger producers, I am glad to see, have moved in that direction, and the success that has attended them is certain to act as an incentive to others. Yet it is doubtful if there are more than six or seven brands which are generally known. The number will increase as time goes on, and the brandy business gets on the footing towards which it is gradually drifting.

In my opinion the distilling interest is destined to assume a greater relative importance in the viticultural industry than it now occupies. The distillers in every part of the State are all in good spirits over the prospect which is before them, and the wine makers generally feel more interest in it than has been the case in any period in the past history of viticulture in California.

Geo West

Stockton January 10, 1891.

El Pinal Vineyard.

OLD SONOMA'S WINES.

The vines in the Sonoma District are in an excellent condition, excepting in the Sonoma and Los Guilicos valleys, and in the lower end of Bennett valley in all of which the phylloxera is still extending. In Santa Rosa, Mark West, Windsor, Russian river, Healdsburg, Geyserville and Cloverdale the vines are in a thriving condition, but as a rule large yields to the acre are not expected, as most of the vineyards are situated on uplands and on the hill slopes. The yield to the acre is therefore relatively smaller than on the heavy soils in some other sections.

The quality of the wine if properly handled, is equal to the product of any other section in the State. Sonoma wines have always borne a deservedly high reputation, and the vintages of recent years have sustained their good name in every part of the country. The vintage of 1890 is superior to anything that we have ever produced. When it is placed on the market it will greatly increase the reputation of the wines among all people whose opinions are worth consideration.

Replanting has been carried on to some extent, but not as largely as it should be, as the people are somewhat discouraged over their experiences during the period of depression which is passing away. The expense of planting resiants is so considerable that many people are deterred from setting out such vineyards while the immediate prospects for returns are so small.

As for the market for our wines, I can only speak for myself. My wines have met with very encouraging sale, and that they have been received well the many complimentary letters received from my agents show. It is my experience that there is always a sale for good wines. The average quality of all the wines produced in the State is so much superior to the quality which obtained a few years ago, and is improving so rapidly that there will be a very satisfactory extension of the better class of trade.

Our future success in the eastern field depends to a very great extent on our ability to place a fine class of case goods before the consumers. In fact the very key note of business success is in our ability to do this. The eastern trade has outgrown the big bulk method of doing business, though this will always be carried on to a great degree. In order to meet the requirements of the new trade which is springing up it is desirable that the bottling should be done in the cellars of the producers, unless done in the east by thoroughly reliable men.

New York is now our best market, and will be, I think, for all time to come. Chicago is second and is apt to remain so. New centers are constantly assuming importance, such as Milwaukee and Kansas City. As for New Orleans, there is some demand for the better grade of goods and always will be, though I think that the trade conditions there are apt to remain where they are for some little time yet.

In aiding the growth of the demand for the better class of goods the Viticultural Commission has exerted as marked and as meritorious a service as it has and is exerting in promoting the industry in California. The Commission has endeavored to cover the whole ground from the preparation of the soil for planting, to the marketing of the wine. If the Commission has failed in any particular it is not through any laxity or wilful failure. It has been remarkably successful in most respects, as shown by the work that has been accomplished, and the correspondence which has been received from every wine growing country. Our work is considered careful and absolutely reliable by the best authorities of Europe, which are the best in the world.

A. De Turk

Santa Rosa, January 14, 1891.

SANTA CRUZ WINES.

Santa Cruz county is entering, or has already entered into a new era in wine making. The Mission, Rose of Peru, Hamburg, so called Black Malvoise, and Charbono vines are condemned for the Cabernet, Semillon, Sauvignon Vert, Sirrah and Pinot. Not that the vines of quantity are all eliminated, would that they were half or third eliminated, but they are no longer being planted, and are being grafted over as fast as circumstance will permit. Indeed you can find some vineyards in the county entirely devoted to vines of quality; others where not even the Mataro, Mondense, or Tannat is tolerated, though on the other hand the Zinfandel and Chanche Gris are retained; the former for its admirable blend with twenty per cent Cabernet, the latter for its unquestionable adaptation to Champagne.

Besides the new ideal in vines, the system of vinification which that ideal calls for is essayed and the practices of the Rhine and Gironde sought after. Whether always wisely I am not called on to answer.

Moreover there is a call for underground storage of wines, and there have been built lately a few winehouses which have cellars down twenty feet in the ground beneath them, while the Santa Cruz Wine Company have three tunnels each 110 feet deep in the solid rock by 16 to 24 broad and 18 high.

Considering all this then, I think that the prospects of the future of wine-making in Santa Cruz county are good; that is, good as to the kind of wine to be made.

Whether or not the devotion to the high class vines and to the vinification of their products will pay in Santa Cruz county is an open question with some, but the devotees point to the present ruinous prices for common wines, not in America alone, but in Europe, and to the slight probability of any improvement especially in the face of improper restriction of adulteration. They show too that placed as they are on the sloping hillsides, they have no chance against the vigneron of the valleys whose capacity for production will surely drown them; that where they can't hold their own in quantity they must in something else, and that else they maintain is quality. In other words, they say it is high class vines with us or death, if not all at once, not the less painful. Moreover they triumphantly call attention to their unique position overlooking the bay of Monterey, whence comes to them the ever fresh and balmy south wind—a wind tamed and tempered into simple life giving ozonic properties of the great north west and to their protection from all the cold blasts and true northers by the Santa Cruz range. With this, they add combined with the soil of Montillo and Malaga what should we not achieve? If answered that no soil or aspect outside of Europe has given the equivalent of that in it, and therefore the pursuit of the high class notion except in Europe is irrational, they beg attention to the fact that this is a non-sequeter, inasmuch as the French experts at the great Vienna exhibition, according to Vizetelly's governmental reports, adjudged that the Hermitage of the colony of Victoria was no other than fine wine of the Drome sent to Australia and back, and insisted on their judgment, and refused to taste farther till a distinct official declaration was given them that the wine was not French Hermitage.

The vines of the Gironde and the Rhine may lose their present favor in Santa Cruz county, where, with the exception of one hundred acres, the counterpart of the soil of Medoc is nowhere found, though in this one hundred acres they are, just as if they been transplanted from Medoc; but certainly the vines of the Cote d'Or will grow in esteem, since they have been found to be perfect for champagne, and promise to rival Montrachet indeed. I should the future of Santa Cruz county veer round from its present bearing towards the Rhine and the Gironde to that of the Cote d'Or, I for one should not wonder. Some men are in earnest here, possibly in too much hurry.

John A. Stewart

Etha Hill Vineyard.

Santa Cruz, Cal., January 16, 1891.

PIONEER WINE MAKING.

Napa county has been many years considered the leading wine county of the state.

The result of the first vintage 1858 was about twelve hundred gallons. The grapes were crushed and pressed with a little, so called cider press, which Colonel Haraszthy, of Sonoma, allowed me to use in Napa, after he had crushed at the Buena Vista Vineyard that portion of the grapes which ripened early and were grown on strong soil. When through with my little vintage work in Napa, the Colonel finished with this returned machine the balance of his crop of grapes. This old pioneer press was about twenty years afterwards presented to me by the then liquidating Buena Vista Vineyard Company. I consider it a valuable ornament of my cellar at present. The quantity of wine made in 1858 in Sonoma and Napa counties, (most all made with this old press) amounted to about six or seven thousand gallons, while the vintage of 1887 undoubtedly surpassed eight million gallons in both counties, three million in Sonoma and five million in Napa county.

In the neighborhood of St. Helena every year since 1861 a considerable number of acres were planted with vines. From here the excitement in this line spread south towards Rutherford, Oakville and to Napa. The number of acres of vineyard in the county in 1870 was about four thousand, over half belonging to the St. Helena district. Business looked very promising then. The white grape vines, represented mostly the character of the German vines as Riesling, Gutedel, and Burger, a great many of which were received from San Jose and Green Valley, Solano county and some directly imported from the Rhine. The Golden Chasselas—proper name Palomino, a Spanish variety—was personally brought here from Chili by a man named Schmidt, then the proprietor of a small vineyard next to the Napa Soda Springs. A great deal of white wine was that time also produced from Mission grapes. The Zinfandel and Malvoisie were procured from Sonoma.

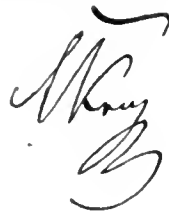
After 1870 the price of wines commenced to go down. Several energetic parties tried then to dispose of their products by establishing wineries in the Eastern States and in San Francisco. Some succeeded well. The Sonoma, Napa and Solano Wine Growers Association assisted this plan, besides disseminating information in regard to viticulture and the improvement of the character of the wines. Major Snyder, of Sonoma, at that time one of the best known citizens of the state, acted as President and Dr. Lockwood, of Napa, as Secretary. Napa city was usually the place for our meetings as only a few parties of Sonoma county had joined us. Signs of improvement of prices for grapes and wines soon appeared. The establishment of a large winery in the city aided the rise in value. By and by a new enthusiasm for viticulture grew up. Napa county boasted of about ten thousand acres of vineyard, which amount after 1880, particularly after the organization of the Viticultural Commission, soon increased to over sixteen thousand acres. This Commission consisted of the leading wine men of the state, and even the enemies of the Board cannot deny the grand result of its workings in all branches of viticulture. Read its publications about grafting, fermentation, importation of fine varieties of vines, introduction of resistant stock and in short all important questions of viticulture and viniculture and their value will be seen. Perfect enthusiasm for our business was created. Thousand of acres of vines were planted and a good many of them with the finest varieties, particularly of the clarets and Sautesnes. New and fine cellars were built, new practical machinery for elevating grapes to upper stories, for crushing and pressing were introduced, and the price of grapes went up to twenty-five and thirty-three dollars per ton. The price of wine raised in sympathy to twenty-eight and thirty-three cents per gallon, when less than a year old.

Only a few years later the situation was changed again. The enthusiasm commenced to cool down in the fall of 1885. I

will state the cause of this crash. It was not over-production of good wines, but the *over-production of inferior wines and their sale*. If the inferior wines had been disposed of by distilling instead of being sold together with the good wines for a like price to the trade, the reputation of California wine would not have suffered, the demand for them would have increased and good prices would have rewarded our business. But you cannot expect that the poor wine-makers were able to refuse a chance to sell their good and bad wines stored in cheap, wooden cellars. The result was that most of the wine-producers grew poorer.

Still we will see before long a change of this condition. The last five years of greatest trouble did not break the courage of a great many of the wine producers of our county. Signs of an improvement in our situation are not to be denied. Phylloxera is one of our best friends. A good many of our grape-growers transformed their destroyed vineyards into well-paying orchards. The wine-makers replanted their ruined vineyards with resistant stock and grafted them with the finest varieties of vines, particularly lately for clarets. Most of this class of wine-makers will in future not offer inferior wines for sale but distill this material. Good wines, partly very fine wines will bring a fair to good price. There cannot be an over-production of good wines. Such good to splendid wines have enabled quite a number of wine-makers in the upper Napa Valley, with solid cellars, to build up an independent trade and their number will steadily be increased. A trade with great wineries in England and Germany will soon be established.

In a recent article in a county journal one of my neighbors, a prominent wineman, recommended lately the organization of the wine-producers. Organization for that purpose will be a long step upward. Therefore, I have no doubt, we will soon enjoy better, and even good times and see our business in a flourishing condition before long.



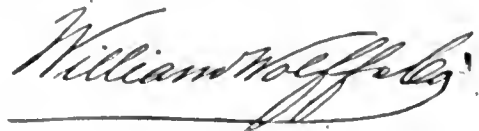
St. Helena January 12, 1891.

FOREIGN CHAMPAGNES AND STRAIGHT WHISKY.

Replying to your request to communicate our views regarding the future of foreign champagne and straight whiskies in this market, we regret not to have devoted sufficient study to this subject to furnish you with more accurate information. If, however, our own importations of these commodities can be considered a criterion of their prospects, we have no hesitancy in saying that notwithstanding all efforts to improve the quality of native wines there always will be an appreciative custom for a high grade imported champagne like Pommery Sec. We are glad to state that our importations of this brand in 1890 reached 14,675 cases, and should the theory of estimating the standard of a hotel by the quality of its wines, also apply to the class of a country's wine drinkers, there is no doubt but that the Pacific Coast contains a proportionately larger element of real connoisseurs of a meritorious wine than any section of the globe.

Regarding whiskies we also find the demand for straight goods on the increase. Whether this is due to the recent introduction of the rapid developing process, which often renders the handling of these goods more profitable to the jobber than their own blends, or to the constant influx of eastern visitors and their known preference for straight whisky, we are unable to say. What we do know is that our consignments of straight whiskies move off promptly after arrival.

San Francisco January 7, 1891.



BLENDS AND STRAIGHT WHISKY.

High-grade blended whiskies that are composed solely of various ages of straight goods, are very popular on this coast and during the last few years have greatly encroached upon the field so long occupied by compounded whiskies. I have handled the former class of goods for fifteen years and during that time the demand for such whiskies has steadily increased and I find that as each year goes by there is more readiness on the part of retailers to pay better prices for a fine quality of uniform goods. I account for this on the ground that their customers more than ever before demand uniformity in their beverages and that in order to meet this demand the retailer has had to look to the fine blends and straight whiskies. This fact explains the heavy increase in the sale of such blends and straight goods in this market during the past year. In other words the public taste is calling for a better quality of whisky and the demand must be supplied. This is why I consider the outlook for these goods very flattering.

The growth of trade in the Northwest in these lines of whisky in the past year has been greater than in any other part of the Coast and it is still increasing. In the South business is picking up and trade appears to have nearly recovered from the set-back it received when the boom collapsed. In conclusion I would say that business seems to be growing in all parts of the Coast, and I look for a continuation of this development for many years to come.

The trade here in ryes, whether straights or blends is not what it should be, for the reason that our people have not been educated up to the drinking of these whiskies which are so characteristic in flavor and rich in bouquet. The fact is that they have not been pushed in this market as they ought to have been. Had they received the same attention as has been accorded the bourbons, I have no doubt they would be proportionately as popular as they are in the east.

Our business in 1890 was much larger than that of any previous year, and I believe the past season was a prosperous one for the wine and liquor trade generally, and that in '91 it will be even better.



Moore, Hunt & Co.

CHAMPAGNES AND IMPORTED WINES.

The sale of champagnes and other descriptions of fine imported wines has been very satisfactory during the past year. The consumption of champagnes on this market while not nearly so large as some people might be inclined to imagine, is steadily increasing, and this is greatly owing to the fine qualities received here. It is to be noted that the general taste is now running more and more towards a drier class of wine, which cannot but be satisfactory to the importers of the higher grades, because it is a known fact that while a sweet champagne of poor quality may be disguised (until the following morning) by a judicious employment of ice, a dry wine is not palatable unless it is really good. When once, however, it fulfils this requirement, there can be no question as to its being the healthier beverage. There are so many good brands on this market that it would be invidious to mention any one in particular.

The taste for the finer grades of imported clarets is also improving and the public is showing great judgment in sticking to good brands and vintages when they once discover them. The consumption of California wines, although continually on the increase, does not appear to interfere in the least with those of the imported. On the contrary, it creates a taste for wine drinking which cannot but help all sorts and qualities, and, while it is pleasant to notice the great and constant improvement that is going on in the quality of the native wines, it may yet be a long time before they can quite take the place of the imported article.



THE LOS ANGELES DISTRICT.

The past vintage in Southern California was the best in quality for many years, the grapes being in fine condition for wine-making and fermentations goods. So '90 wines will be in demand and should command good prices. The price paid for grapes was high, which will probably induce many producers to hold their stock instead of selling at the present exceptionally depressed prices. Very many grapes were dried the past fall, and while the crop was large per acre, the production was only about one-quarter that of 1886.

The production of brandy will be comparatively large with but little old goods left in the warehouses. We note with pleasure the recent large exportation of brandy and wines by the L. J. Rose Co., Limited, to people in England, and we hear very favorable reports of the interest taken in our wines and brandies in that country. As the English have large investments in vineyards and wineries here, the natural inference is that in the near future we will be large exporters of sweet wines to Great Britain. The Government has at least begun to acknowledge our industry and the Sweet Wine bill will undoubtedly put our wine-makers in a much better position. Capital will take hold more cheerfully and make the business what it should be—legitimate—besides stimulating the producers to take more pains and do more justice to themselves than heretofore. Very few have availed themselves of its privileges this year, the season being too far advanced when the bill passed. However we hope to see it in general use another season. It will, if rightly interpreted, result in the planting of many thousand acres of wine grapes in this part of the state.

Owing to the vine disease the Mission grape is almost a thing of the past, only a few vineyards along the mountain slopes remaining. Its entire disappearance would be a thing very much to be regretted. The old Padras made it famous, and it has been the basis of all our Southern California sweet wines. That it makes a good sweet wine can be proved when one tastes the rich old Ports, Sherries and Angelicas of some of our pioneer wine-makers. What other grape could take its place it is hard to say. Many other kinds are being experimented with, and in time no doubt we shall produce as good wines as Spain or Portugal. The Trousseau, Zinfandel and Malvoisie furnish most of our Port wines, and the demand for Sherry has stimulated its production, it being less easy to counterfeit than Port.

The vine disease has apparently gone whence it came. Many of the old vineyards at Anaheim are being replanted with wine grapes, but on a limited scale. Raisin grapes will be planted quite extensively in some localities. So far the season has inclined to be dry and cold. Pruning has just commenced, and many will evidently prune for a dry year.

The out-look for the future is not as brilliant as we anticipated last fall, yet with the evident improvement in the financial condition of the country, we look forward to one of the most prosperous seasons for the wine industry for many a year. By the way "our tourist friends" are getting good impressions of our wines these days and are worth cultivating.

ALBERT BRIGDEN.

Sierra Madre Vineyard.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street, - - - - - New York

Cincinnati Department.

Review of the Whisky Market For the Year 1890—The Future Outlook.

CINCINNATI, January 12, 1891.

The past year has been an exceedingly fortunate and prosperous one. The demand for all brands of whiskeys as well as bourbons has steadily advanced until recently, when the stringency in the money market had such a quieting effect on all lines of business. There is no reasonable foundation for the idea that the present dullness in the whisky market is due to over-production. There has been no over-production, and the existing situation would not have been experienced had it not been for the fact that during several years past capitalists have been making heavy and foolish investments in unproductive lands and other money-absorbing speculations, expecting rapid returns and failing to realize them. The halt has been called and within a short time we may reasonably expect all lines of legitimate business to move on prosperously.

We claim that whiskeys are exceedingly good property to-day and will be more so as the season advances. The demand is healthy and firm prices are maintained. We also speak of the eastern rye market which has received a set-back, owing to the monetary disarrangement.

My advice to the readers of this journal is this: Hold with an iron grip to the stock on hand; insist on an advance before you sell and the result will be that goods three months hence will be scarce and in as good demand as they were six months since. The corn crop being short, the making of whiskeys has cost fully twenty-five per cent more than a year ago, and the result will be that less than half a crop will be made during the coming season. The '89 whiskeys will therefore take the rank of the '88s, and the '90s will rank with the '89s. Nothing being back of '88s, makes us fully believe that holders and investors in '89 and '90 will realize a handsome margin and profit on their holdings.

The Union Distilling Company, distillers, compounders, blenders and general distributors of whisky, of Cincinnati, O., are favorably known throughout the entire country. Catering to every want of their many patrons they aim to please by uniformity in the goods they supply—nicety in appearance of package, brands, courteous treatment and fair dealings, all of which has made this young house a reputation they may well be proud of. Although the Union embodies the experiences of a combination of several old houses, they speak of it as a young house on account of the younger generation now composing its management and under which it has swung into prominence. Its genial President Mr. Geo. Gerke began his connection with this house as sole owner of the Union Distillery as early as 1875, at hardly twenty years of age. Its modest and untiring Secretary and Treasurer, Geo. F. Dieterle, has served this business since 1876. While the active management devolves upon these two people, they are willing to share the credit of having increased their business fully thirty per cent. during this year with their salesmen, who do so much to bring about their success. In 1888 the Union Distilling Co., put forward the "Zeno" brand. The Zeno Distillery Co., at McBrayer, Anderson Co., Ky., makes a strictly old-fashioned hand-made sour mash.

To "The People" of the Golden State and the land of quiet seas we extend the compliments of the season with the wish that the prosperity of the year 1890 may be repeated in 1891.

SHAW.

Louisville Department.

LOUISVILLE January 10, 1891.

As it cannot be otherwise expected business is very quiet as yet and the trade seems to be still under the influence of the holidays. However, I am glad to state that a much better feeling prevails and prices of Kentucky whiskeys are stiffening up day by day. In a few days hence the army of salesmen will be in the field and no doubt business will be pretty lively inside of two weeks.

The Kentucky whisky market has kept up beyond all expectations during the panicky times we have most fortunately left behind us, and but four failures have been reported during all those times in the whisky line. But one of these was caused by the stringency of the money market and another one was a regular steal, while the rest are too unimportant to refer to.

The houses which failed were Venable & Heyman, New York; A. H. Lawrence, Dallas, Texas; Schwabacher & Selig in Indianapolis and Jno. S. Gibbon & Co., of Boston. There is no apprehension of any further disasters and barring unforeseen events you may look for a prosperous year in the whisky business.

Our visitors were Mr. Geo. W. Harris of Jas. Levy & Bros, Cincinnati; Mr. R. Monarch of Owensboro; Mr. N. Hoffheimer of New York; Mr. P. E. Payne of Owensboro, Ky; T. B. Ripy of Lawrenceburg; Mr. M. V. Monarch of Owensboro, Ky., and Chas. Kobert of Lebanon, Ky.

Chicago Department.

CHICAGO January 13, 1891.

We have no change to report in the market during the past fortnight. Trade still remains comparatively dull and it is not expected that there will be any renewed activity till the latter part of next month.

A review of the situation shows that California wines have made considerable headway in this market in the past year, and that their reputation is improving with their quality.

The article in the last issue of the Review regarding the the small shipper and the bad barrel-house man and his methods, created a great deal of talk here among the trade and aroused the ire of the B. h. man to a high degree. The reputable dealers were pleased with the manner in which the subject was handled and it is hoped that it may serve to warn the small shipper against these sharks, and thus help the market.

Brandies are in good demand at fair prices and are considered first-class property.

New York Department.

New York, Jan. 12, 1891.

The market here for both dry and sweet wines is of the quiet order, with no immediate prospect of a material change in the situation. The merchants are just now devoting the most of their time to figuring out how much they made in 1890, and with few exceptions the results are deemed quite satisfactory, all things considered.

Brandy is holding up in good shape and an advance in prices within the next few weeks would not be unexpected by the trade.

All the old wine houses report increased business for 1890, and look for a steady improvement in the future. B.

The holiday number of the *Criterion* was what we call a Jim Dandy, out this way. It contained a great deal of valuable information and much of interest concerning distillers and the distilling business. The *Criterion* begins the new year in condition to make a great race in '91 against all competitors, and we wish it all possible success.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Cha c, 1011 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very cheap for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

MOORE & SELLIGER,

Louisville, Ky.



BELMONT and ASTOR are distilled from finest of grain and purest of water upon the Hand Made Sour Mash Process. Each and every barrel guaranteed to be strictly pure and free from any must.



The NUTWOOD is a strictly old fashioned "Fire Copper" Sweet Mash Whisky, in the distillation of which we guarantee the use of 40 per cent small grain, giving to the Whisky a heavy body and excellent flavor, which, for compounding purposes, is unexcelled in Kentucky.



The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

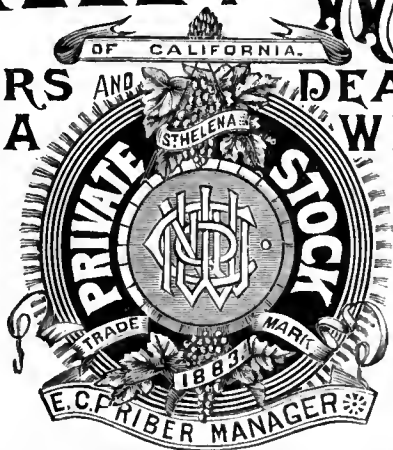
MOORE & SELLIGER.

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN
PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

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Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky.

Pure Fire Copper Whisky, made from the best of Grain and Cold Lime Stone Spring Water in the Old-Fashioned Way by Mashing in Small Tubs, and yeasting back pure sour mash. Whisky unbonded by us and shipped F. O. B. on boats free of charge

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SOLE IMPORTERS

Beck, Pyhrre & Co.



Choice California

100 to 108 O'FARRELL STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Wines & Brandies

Silver Medal Awarded at
PARIS EXPOSITION, 1889.

The Perfected "Safety" ELECTRIC VAPOR ENGINE,

The Most Powerful and Economical Motor in the World

Always Ready. No Boiler. No Fire. No Smoke. No Ashes. No Engineer.
No License. No Danger.

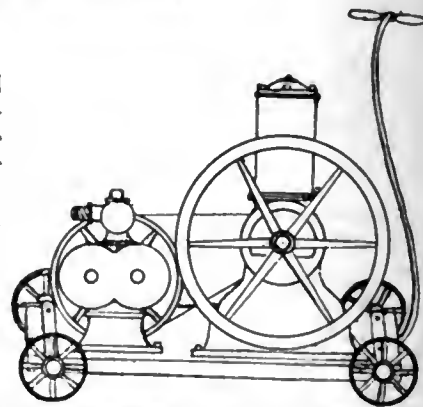
Uses City Gas and Natural Gas, or will make its own Vapor, which is ignited automatically by a small dry electric battery.

OUR WINE PLANT

Mounted on a small hand truck, with a powerful rotary bronze pump, will force from 500 to 3000 gallons per hour, and use less than one gallon of gasoline in ten hours run; gasoline costs seventeen cents per gallon.

We also build Stationary Vapor Engines from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20 horse power. Send for close estimate.

Electric Vapor Engine Co.,

Office, 218 California St., San Francisco.
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Growers and Dealers in
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WINES AND BRANDIES

Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.

Fine Table Wines a Specialty

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(CORPORATION.)

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Regular Auction Sale Day, Tuesday.

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SITUATION WANTED—CELLAR-MASTER.

A competent cellar-master, wine and brandy maker and distiller. FIFTEEN YEARS EXPERIENCE, three years as manager of one of the largest wineries in the State. Understands double entry bookkeeping; desires a change, city or country. Address "COMPETENT" this office.

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212 to 216 FANNOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants

Proprietors of SUMMIT VINEYARD, Napa Co., Cal.

—Also Sole Proprietors of the Celebrated—

"Meridan" Kentucky Whisky.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA January 2, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
G W M & Co.	F A Haber	28 cases.		\$ 150
H N G, Kakaiaekua.	John T Ward	9 cases.		54
W C P	B Dreyfus & Co.	150 kegs.	1,000	725
Rev F L	J Pinet & Co.	1 hf-barrel.	27	15
	Miscellaneous.	174 packages.	1,309	1,068
G W M & Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	20 barrels.	1,005	625
		240 kegs.	1,650	1,160
H C & Co.	Arpad Haraszthy & Co.	5 barrels.	255	190
		110 kegs.	725	553
		10 cases.		38
G W M & Co.	Goldberg Bowen & Co.	4 cases.		75
Rev F S.	C Carpy & Co.	4 hf-casks.		
		1 keg.	143	81
Total amount Wine 41 cases and			6,114	\$ 4,734

TO NANAIMO—PER STEAMER EMPIRE December 30, 1890.

J B, Nanaimo.....	Cal Wine Grow's Union	1 hf-barrel.....	27	\$ 30
S H, ".....	"	1 hf-barrel.....	27	30
P & S, ".....	"	1 barrel.....	50	65
J H, ".....	"	1 barrel.....	50	53
C M, ".....	"	1 barrel.....	50	53
J D, ".....	"	1 barrel.....	50	35
J F, ".....	"	1 barrel.....	50	53
J F, ".....	"	1 hf-barrel.....	27	36
J M, ".....	"	1 bbl 1 keg.....	55	64
G D, ".....	"	1 keg.....	10	11
T E P, ".....	"	1 hf-barrel.....	27	30
T & W, ".....	"	1 bbl 1 ease.....	50	56
L & D, ".....	"	1 keg.....	10	8
McD&H ".....	"	8 barrels.....	400	159
" ".....	"	8 hf-barrels.....	216	112
" ".....	"	10 kegs.....	80	59
E S, ".....	Munzaito & Valsangia'o	2 hf-barrels.....	40	8
F M, ".....	N Cersiola.....	1 barrel.....	50	10
Total amount Wine 1 ease and.....			1,269	\$ 872

TO VICTORIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLA December 31, 1890.

M in di'd, Victoria.	A Greenbaum & Co.	71 cases.		\$ 180
"	"	5 es Champagne.		30
"	"	14 half-barrels.	277	213
B & Co,	G Migliavacca.	5 barrels.	250	100
Total amount Wine 76 cases and			327	\$ 523

TO HONOLULU—PER BRIG G. W. IRWIN December 29, 1890.

H W S & S.	Ruther & Bendixen	20 kegs.	100	\$ 70
"	"	40 cases.		145
G in di'd.	D W Gedge.	50 kegs.	250	169
Total amount Wine 40 cases and			350	\$ 344

TO TAHITI—PER BARKENTINE TROPIC BIRD December 30, 1890.

A S.	J Pinet	4 half-barrels.	106	\$ 48
S D.	"	1 barrel.	59	30
E H.	"	2 half-barrels.	54	27
A C & Co.	A Crawford & Co.	10 barrels.	520	169
		8 barrels.	400	140
C C.	J E Thayer.	2 barrels 1 octave.	122	47
J E.	Lilienthal & Co.	4 barrels.	193	75
Total amount Wine.			1,454	\$ 548

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO January 5, 1891.

M in diamond.	B Dreyfus & Co.	100 barrels.	4,994	\$ 1,150
B B.	Lenormand Bros.	30 barrels.	1,520	456
J P W, West Point.	"	1 barrel.	51	36
I C.	A Greenbaum & Co.	2 barrels.	96	68
H in diamond.	Overland F T Co.	12 barrels.	578	232
W R M K Co.	A Greenbaum & Co.	2 barrels.	97	31
X M.	"	7 barrels.	336	101
	Miscellaneous.	103 packages.	5,165	1,360
B H P.	Laehman & Jacobi.	10 barrels.	518	231
L T.	"	10 barrels.	518	221
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	5 casks.	327	180
Total amount Wine.			14,200	\$ 4,066

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO January 5, 1891.

A P, Corinto.	B Dreyfus & Co.	20 kegs.		
"	"	33 half-barrels.	1,072	\$ 900
FZC,	"	13 half-barrels.	251	220
J M L, Ocos.	"	1 half-barrel.	19	25
F S, Corinto.	F Meeks.	16 kegs.	160	133
E L, Puntas Arenas.	Castle Bros.	4 barrels.	105	90
C B,	"	10 barrels.	505	379
J M A, Champerico.	Oliver & Co.	10 kegs.	60	83
D G,	E L G Steele & Co.	8 kegs.	80	115
B B,	"	10 cases.		60
A P, Ocos.	"	25 cases.		75
P O, Corinto.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	3 barrels.	145	153
N S,	"	1 keg.	21	18
M V A, La Libertad.	E de Saba.	10 cases.		50
T T W, Corinto.	John T Wright.	30 cases.		105
M V, Champerico.	"	3 kegs.	30	21
F H, Acapulco.	"	2 kegs.	20	15
G B, La Libertad.	Urruela & Urioste.	5 barrels.	105	69
B B & Co, La Libertad.	Bloom Baruch & Co.	5 barrels.	150	90
Total amount Wine 75 cases and			2,723	\$ 2,611

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO January 5, 1891.

K & V B, Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	4 barrels.	204	\$ 116
"	"	5 kegs.	55	51
J B,	L F Lastreto.	1 barrel.	50	25
Total amount Wine.			309	\$ 192

TO EUROPE—PER SHIP CALIFORNIA January 6, 1891.

G O & Co, London.	F A Haber.	5 casks.	300	150
"	"	1 half-bbl Must.	25	13
P F, Liverpool.	Geo Frank.	8 cases.		30
G O & Co, London.	A G Chauche.	10 barrels.	498	205
O C, Liverpool.	Witkens & Co.	5 barrels.	250	160
S in di'd, Liverpool.	J Gundlach & Co.	12 barrels.	601	271
Total amount Wine 8 cases and			1,674	\$ 829

TO NEW YORK—PER SHIP ALEX McCULLUM January 9, 1891.

K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	1200 barrels.	60,267	\$ 30,133
M M in dia'd.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	275 "	13,652	6,826
E B & J.	Laehman & Jacobi.	700 "	34,837	17,418
S in star.	Chas Stern & Sons.	100 "	4,800	2,400
J P.	Garnier Laneel & Co.	65 "	3,251	1,625
M in dia'd.	Marshall Spellman & Co.	250 "	12,242	6,121
WTW, Westfield, Mass.	L T Snow.	1 "	52	26
	Miscellaneous.	50 "	2,527	1,263
C & M.	Carpy & Co.	730 "	36,673	18,336
S W & B Co.	Sonoma Wine & B Co.	1006 "	50,863	25,401
E A H.	A Haraszthy & Co.	1 half-barrel boxed	25	30
A C Co.	American Champagne Co.	10 es Champagne.		75
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	1200 barrels.	58,865	29,432
Total amount Wine 10 cases and			277,994	\$139,011

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK January 13, 1891.

H in di'd.	Overland Freight T Co.	12 barrels.	578	\$ 231
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	150 "	7,530	3,012
B H.	A Greenbaum & Co.	5 "	241	60
W & Co.	Beringer Bros.	4 "	197	50
E W.	Natoma Vineyard Co.	100 "	4,800	2,000
HP & Co, Washington.	J F McGovern & Co.	4 "	205	183
C B R.	Beringer Bros.	10 "	500	325
F O B.	Junet F & S Co.	50 "	2,537	736
S.	Dresel & Co.	2 "	80	60
M.	"	3 half-barrels.	80	60
H C, Philadelphia.	"	10 barrels.	503	320
K,	"	1 barrel.	50	50
F Bros.	A Netter & Co.	30 packages.	5,026	2,513
F R & Co.	W R A Johnson.	50 barrels.	2,425	606
G A.	"	2 barrels.	100	50
R.	"	20 cases.		320
S L & Co.	S Laehman & Co.	300 barrels.		
	"	1 keg.	14,998	6,000
M B.	Laehman & Jacobi.	5 barrels.	261	147
A in square.	"	25 "	1,295	402
E & B.	"	35 "	1,806	638
J P & Co.	Garnier Laneel & Co.	22 "	1,087	356
S & R.	"	11 "	547	269
Total amount 50 cases and			44,847	\$ 18,388

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK Jan 13, 1891.

C C, La Union.	Monteagie & Co.	10 kegs.	100	\$ 75
R S, Amapala.	"	6 kegs.	72	43
B B & Co, La Libertad.	Bloom Baruch & Co.	1 half-barrel.	28	25
	"	13 barrels.	725	525
E C, La Libertad.	E De Saba & Co.	12 kegs.	120	140
T R H, La Libertad.	John T Wright.	2 kegs.	20	15
F H, Panama.	A G Chauche.	1 case.		5
S A, La Libertad.	W R A Johnson.	50 cases.		250
J L, San Jose de Guat	J Gundlach & Co.	2 half-barrels.	53	34
	"	30 cases.		103
W V L, Corinto.	"	2 half-barrels.	53	42
T S, Corinto.	"	4 kegs.	50	31
S L, La Union.	"	1 case.		4
F C, Granada.	A Haraszthy & Co.	5 barrels.	257	183
N D, Ocos.	E L G Steele.	43 cases.		195
PS&Co, San J de Guat	Urruela & Urioste.	14 cases.		52
Total amount 139 cases and			1,478	\$ 1,722

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK January 13, 1891.

Z, San Blas.	Thannhanser & Co.	12 kegs.	240	\$ 255
O F, Manzanillo.	"	2 kegs.	32	31
Q C, Puerto Angel.	"	12 cases.		48
P D C, San Blas.	W Loaiza & Co.	4 casks.	238	92
A B C, San Benito.	"	28 kegs.	280	215
E M O, San Blas.	"	1 cask.	61	32
J A A C, Mazatlan.	"	1 keg.	15	10
K & V B, Salina Cruz.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	15 kegs.	150	125
	"	10 cases.		60
T P, Manzanillo.	Dieckman & Co.	1 barrel.	50	35
A S,	"	1 keg.	10	7
F L T, Salina Cruz.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	8 kegs.	120	125
	"	20 cases.		85
R M, Acapulco.	John T Wright.	8 kegs.	96	77
Total amount cases 42 and			1,292	\$ 1,197

TO SOUTH AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK Jan 13, 1891.

G & L, Lunaco.	E de Saba & Co.	2 barrels.	100	\$ 86
	"	6 kegs.	80	60
Total amount			180	\$ 146

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From December 30, 1890 to January 14, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Walla Walla	Holland	T. G. de Vries & Co.	2 barrels	95	\$ 45
Consuelo	W. T. H. H.	Wing Wo Sang	10 kegs	100	80
M Winklemann	Honolulu	M. S. R. Jones	50 cases	1,610	1,175
Consuelo	G. F. H. H.	Sing Lee Tong	4 cases		12
Imatillo	F. M. Victoria	Ca. T. S. H. Co.	1 hf barrel	25	20
	R. A. H.	A. G. S. S. H. Co.	1 case	65	16
City of Pekin	J. K. T. K.	L. S. S. H. Co.	4 barrels	198	50
	N. I. Y. K. H.	L. S. S. H. Co.	1 case		5
Total amount cases and				2,006	\$ 1,403

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From December 30, 1890 to January 20, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
City of Puebla	M. Ind'd Victoria	A. Greenbaum & Co.	27 cases		\$ 175
W. G. Irwin	H. W. S. Co. Hon'lu	Ruther & Bendixen	25 "		120
Australia	H. C. A. Co. Honolulu	Wilmerding & Co.	15 "		140
	W. C. P.	Spruance Stanley & Co.	50 "		425
	G. W. M. & Co.	"	40 "		337
	L. & Co.	"	15 "		121
	W. S. L.	"	15 "		129
	S. P.	Sherwood & Sherwood	5 "		17
	G. W. M. & Co.	Lillenthal & Co.	45 "		330
	W. S. L.	Wilmerding & Co.	2 barrels		81
	H. C. A. Co.	"	2 "		81
	L. & Co.	Spruance Stanley & Co.	1 "		185
Acapulco	J. M. L. Ocoac	Schwartz Bros.	10 cases		93
	G. D. B. Puntas A	Livingston & Co.	3 barrels		114
	H. Z. Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	1 keg		18
	P. C. S. J. de Guat.	John T. Wright	10 cases		92
	L. C. C. Champerico	Hellman Bros & Co.	10 cases		360
M Winklemann	H. D. C. Honolulu	Wilmerding & Co.	7 barrels		453
Consuelo	W. W. T.	Wing Wo Sang	10 cases		100
City of Pekin	G. W. L. & Co. Nag'ski	L. T. Snow	5 cases		43
City of N. Y.	H. B. & Co. La Lib'd	Bloom Barnet & Co.	2 barrels		85
	R. M. Amapala	John T. Wright	1 keg		12
	L. S. A. S. J. de Guat.	Urruela & Urruela	20 cases		178
	A. C. D. Acapulco	Wilmerding & Co.	2 barrels		201
	E. C. Acapulco	"	1 barrel		34
	E. X. Puntas Arenas	"	3 barrels		100
	J. L. S. J. de Guat.	J. Gundlach & Co.	1 case		10
Total amount 343 cases and				1,029	\$ 5,109

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	VALUE
Australia	G. W. M. & Co. Hon'lu	Spruance Stanley & Co.	6 es Bitters	\$ 48
	W. S. L.	"	2 es Bitters	22
	S. S.	Sherwood & Sherwood	20 es Gin	48
	S. F.	"	10 es Stout	72
	C. P.	A. Viguer	5 es Liqueur	29
	G. W. M. & Co.	Jones Mundy & Co.	20 es Champagne	218
	"	"	20 es Stout	153
	"	"	10 es Gin	22
	H. B.	Lillenthal & Co.	5 es Kummel	15
	C. P.	"	2 es Bitters	11
	G. W. M. & Co.	"	1 es Kummel	12
	"	J. De Fremery & Co.	10 es Gin	15
Tropic Bird	A. C. & Co. Papeete	A. Crawford & Co.	2 es Bitters	14
Empire	D. & B. Naulimo	Hirschler & Co.	4 es Liqueur	10
W. G. Irwin	W. C. P. Honolulu	Wm. Wolf & Co.	10 es Tonic	140
City of Puebla	M. Ind'd Victoria	A. Greenbaum & Co.	1 hf bbl Orange W	87
Acapulco	B. B. Champerico	E. L. G. Steele & Co.	4 es Gin	12
Tarawa	D. & Co. Jaluit	A. Crawford & Co.	25 es Gin	119
	J. Jaluit	"	2 es Bitters	14
Mary Winklemann	Honolulu	Lillenthal & Co.	15 bbls Alcohol	364
City of Pekin	H. E. R. & Co. Higo	Henry Mohs	2 bbls Alcohol	48
Total amount 158 cases and				\$ 1,173

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From December 30, 1890 to January 14, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Acapulco	K. & V. B. New York	Kohler & Vanbergen	10 barrels	488	\$ 244
	M. & K.	"	25 hf-barrels	660	330
	E. & A. J.	"	10 barrels	484	776
A. McCallum	M. K.	Lachman & Jacobi	396 barrels	13,486	20,972
	M. K.	Walden & Co.	221 barrels	5,812	11,624
	M. K.	Kohler & Frohling	267 barrels	7,102	14,204
	C. S.	Cloverdale Wine Co.	120 barrels	4,566	9,132
	C. S. Chicago	Chas Stern & Sons	120 barrels	4,576	9,134
City of N. Y.	R. J. D. New York	Overland F. T. Co.	21 hf-barrels	576	425
	B. & A. Co.	B. Dreyfus & Co.	25 hf-barrels	587	1,060
	J. H. G.	Dresel & Co.	1 hf-barrel	25	55
	K.	"	1 hf-barrel	26	60
Total amount cases and				38,379	\$ 73,986

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From December 30, 1890 to January 20, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
City of Puebla	M. Ind'd Victoria	A. Greenbaum & Co.	4 cases		\$ 44
W. G. Irwin	G. M. d'd, Honolulu	D. W. Gedge	10 cases		50
City of Puebla	B. P. Co. Vancouver	J. Gundlach & Co.	10 cases		60
Acapulco	G. L. & Co. Acapulco	Goldtree Bros.	6 barrels		240
	M. V. La Libertad	E. De Saba	2 cases		36
M Winklemann	G. O. & Co. London	F. A. Haber	5 hf-barrels	103	204
	F. A. S. Honolulu	Williams Dim'd & Co.	100 cases		973
City of N. Y.	Honolulu	Miscellaneous	5 octaves	120	125
	Q. C. Puerto Angel	Thamhaus & Co.	2 cases		16
	L. S. A. S. J. de Guat	Urruela & Urruela	5 cases		50
	A. C. D. Acapulco	Wilmerding & Co.	3 barrels		140
California	C. F. R. Corinto	Cabrera Roma & Co	4 barrels		97
Total amount 133 cases and				1,020	1,100

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From December 30, 1890 to January 14, 1891.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS		MISCELLANEOUS
	Barrel	1/2-bbl	Case	Barrel	1/2-bbl	
Lillenthal & Co.	80			544		
Jones Mundy & Co.	125	110		387		
C. W. Craig	160			492		
J. L. Nickel	10					
Order						30 hf-bbl Brandy
Meyer & Co.	4		25			
Heathcote Dexter & Co						
G. Cohn & Co.	83					
A. Greenbaum & Co.	1					
Old Time Dist'g Co.	1					
H. Walker	1					
Moore Hunt & Co.	60					
J. S. Bowman & Co.	65					
Jos. Melezer & Co.		10				
Wilmerding & Co.	65					
Meyerfield Mitchell & S	50	25				
P. F. Kohnke	1					
F. Grossberg	1					
Roth & Co.	60					
Lachman & Jacobi	60					
J. D. Feldman	3					
F. Mandelbaum	2					
F. Chevalier	6					
A. Chandler	1					
M. F. Heady	1					
Total	840	145	25	1,423		30 hf-bbl Brandy

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED				BULK		
	Barrels	1/2-bbl	1/4-bbl	Case	Barrels	1/2-bbl	1/4-bbl
Sherwood & Shearwood						124	184
W. Lonza				180			
Thamhaus & Co.		125					
Total		125		180		124	184

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAONE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS. PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXON'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Messrs. Henckell & Co. Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth.

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPP'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies '86 Belmont '82 Chickencock '83 Bluegrass '85 Ripy, and other staple brands.
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP I. F. CHAPMAN December 30, 1890.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Paris Allen & Co.	14 packages Whisky	Booth & Co.
J A Burke.	1 barrel "	J C Houghton.
"	5 barrels "	Blossom & Blossom.
"	2 barrels "	Fitzmeyer & Ambrust.
W K Freeman.	2 packages "	W Colson & Co.
"	1 package "	I Karn.
"	1 barrel "	I M Ryason.
"	1 "	M Lewis.
"	1 "	N Heinecker.
"	1 "	F F Daduz.
"	2 "	J Shippa.
"	2 "	Alex Meister.
"	2 "	Geo Meister.
"	2 "	Bugbee Bros.
"	2 "	E H Mueschke.
"	5 "	F J Losky.
"	10 packages "	Friend-Deggner Imp Co.
Paris Allen & Co.	1 half-barrel "	Booth & Co.
J A Burke.	3 barrels "	Meyer & Sanger.
Alvin Wood & Co.	3 barrels "	Occidental Hotel.

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP ST. MARK December 29, 1890.

Sutton & Co	25 barrels Whisky.	Sutton & Beebe.
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FROM PHILADELPHIA—PER SHIP STANDARD December 29, 1890.

Mellwood Distilling Co.	65 barrels Whisky.	Sroufe & McCrum.
Aurora Distilling Co.	2 barrels Whisky.	G W Crummev.
D Lawrence & Sons.	10 barrels Rum.	A Vignier.
Chapin Trull & Co.	25 barrels Rum.	Jones Mundy & Co.
Paris Allen & Co.	10 barrels Whisky.	Booth & Co.
"	5 packages Whisky.	"

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP JAMES NESMATH January 3, 1891.

H W Smith & Co.	11 barrels.	A Cereghino.
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IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

S V Fornaris & Co.	205 cases Wine.	Jas De Fremery & Co
"	100 cases Wine.	W B Chapman.
"	1 case Cordials.	"
"	1 case Wine.	J Simpson.
"	36 cases Cordials.	"
Boord & Son, London.	100 cases Old Tom Gln.	Chas Meinecke & Co.

FROM NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK Dec. 30, 1890.

H J Bullay, New York.	2 barrels Rye Whisky.	Hasley & Martin.
"	5 cases Liqueurs.	Lebenbaum Bros.
Aug Bolten, Hamburg.	1 case Kummel.	F L Pape.

FROM LONDON—PER SHIP GENERAL ROBERTS December 31, 1890.

Lucaze & Co.	50 octaves Sherry	C Meinecke & Co.
Jas Morrison & Son.	167 cases Beer.	J M Newhall & Co.
John Jameson & Co.	50 cases Whisky.	C W Craig.
Martell & Co.	150 cases Brandy.	Wm Wolf & Co.
Patterson Hibber & Co.	50 casks Beer	Hellman Bros & Co.

Trade Notes.

F. P. Dilley & Co., Philadelphia, agents for "Eclipse" champagne, report a large demand for their goods for the holidays.

S. Dillinger & Sons have enlarged their distillery and completed a 11,000 barrel warehouse for the accommodation of the ever popular "Dillinger."

M. Durner of Cincinnati, has issued a calendar for '91 that is quite artistic and very catchy. The principal feature is a fine lithograph representing the famous chariot race in "Ben-Hur."

A. Overholt & Co., are floating along on the top wave of success. They have just built a storage warehouse with a capacity for 18,000 barrels of "Overholt" and will erect another during the summer.

Among the visitors during the fortnight were Charles Stern of New York, and Mr. Rosenthal, the manager of Mr. Stern's house in Chicago. Mr. Stern is still standing on the platform that the "rectifiers must go." Mr. Stern has undertaken a big contract.

A five story brick warehouse with a capacity for 14,000 barrels is being completed by the Thompson Distillery Company. Secretary Sunstein reports that the past year has been a very successful one for the "Sam Thompson," and the outlook for the future is very cheering.

We have received a very handsome calender from A. Overholt & Co., who produce the only "Overholt." It bears the portrait of the founder of the famous distillery and also a colored lithograph showing a pretty harvest scene in which the taking feature is "a beautiful damsel reaping rye."

J. De Barth Shorb, President of the San Gabriel Wine Co., has been seriously ill during the past fortnight. He has been unable thus far to attend a proposed meeting of the Special Committee of the Viticultural Commissioners for the purpose of submitting a final report on the sweet wine regulations.

Chas. Meinecke & Co., are closing up their books for 1890 and fine a most gratifying result of their labors during the past year. They did a large business, much in excess of that of 1889, and if energy, square business methods and first-class goods are the test of success, they will make a still better record for 1891.

Albert Lachman, of S. Lachman & Co., New York, paid the city a flying visit during the past fortnight. He says that competition in the New York market is very sharp indeed, but that as the demand grows there will probably be less rivalry among

the trade. Mr. Lachman returned to New York on the 12th inst.

It is expected that the number of saloons in Chicago will be reduced to 4,000 next year. There are now 5,600 in the city. All the syndicate breweries have decided to cease advancing money to saloon keepers for the purpose of procuring licenses, and this radical step will probably result in the closing of the doors of about 1600 saloons about the first of the year.

We acknowledge the receipt of a case of "Reihlen" champagne from the American Champagne Co., the kindly holiday remembrance of Messrs. Bunton and Wood, the local managers of the company. "Reihlen" speaks for itself, and the wine that is now being turned out by the company is meeting with public approval. The Company report that the wine produced one year ago is developing qualities far beyond their expectations.

One of the neatest and most artistic reminders of the new year was sent out by Messrs. Hoffheimer Bros., of Cincinnati, to their many friends and patrons. It was in the shape of a small pocket memorandum book, the cover of which was composed of sheets of ivory celluloid substantially bound in leather. On the front cover a fine lithograph calls attention to their "White Mills" and "W. B. Samuels" whiskies. The back cover bears a calendar.

An article in the *Argonaut* of a recent date, descriptive of the Inglenook vineyard has been widely read by the wine producers and merchants of this State. The excellence of the Inglenook wines, the beauties of the vineyard and the completeness of the vaults were all described in an exceedingly apt and convincing manner. The article in question was written by Frona E. Waite, who some time ago published a book on "The Wines and Vines of California."

Wm. Wolff & Co., report a steadily increasing demand for "Pommery." Their importations for the last half of December were 1100 cases, which brings the total of their imports for 1890 to a figure far beyond that of any previous year since they became the agents for this celebrated wine. Their success in handling "Pommery" has been very gratifying, and the outlook for the future could hardly be better, as the brand promises for 1891 to improve upon its present record in the same ratio that has marked its career in the past few years.

The American Champagne Co., have made a formal demand upon the State Viticultural Commission for space in the Exhibition Hall to display "Reihlen" Champagne. Thus far Manager C. J. Wetmore has declined to give space to the company on the ground that the champagne was not produced by natural fermentation. In their demand, however, the company declare that the

wine is naturally fermented and is admissible to the exhibition under the provisions of the Pure Wine law of the State. The Commission has as yet taken no action in the matter.

F. A. Haber, the world's agent for Inglenook wines, occupies a very agreeable position by reason of the fact that the orders for the wines from this celebrated vineyard are largely in excess of the supply. Under the rule which obtains at Inglenook, no wines are bottled until they have reached the proper maturity, and no matter what the pressure of orders may be, this rule is never broken. Capt. Niebaum the proprietor of Inglenook, is working for the future as well as the present and his strict adherence to the policy above mentioned is bringing him the reward to which he is so justly entitled.

The complimentary dinner which was given to Ex Governor Romualdo Pacheco, now United States Minister to Central America, at the Maison Riche on the 3rd inst., was one of the most notable of the present season. Very properly and appropriately only California wines were served. Those having a place on the menu were the Sauterne and Burgundy (both "Private Stock") of the Napa Valley Wine Company, and the "Chateau d'Orleans" and champagne "Eclipse" of Messrs. Arpad Haraszthy & Co. Mr. E. C. Priber, the Manager of the Napa Valley Co., and Mr. Haraszthy were among those who bid farewell to the Minister.

They have a decidedly original way of advertising up in the State of Washington, as the following unique "ad" will testify:

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD, LOST!

A small boy, about the size of a man, bare-footed with his father's shoes on, he wore a mutton-chop coat with bean-soup lining; he had an empty bag on his back containing two railroad tunnels and a bundle of bung-holes; his hair was cut short but curly on the back of his neck; he was born before his elder brother, his mother being present on the occasion. When last seen he was shoveling wind off a school house to raise money to go to Roehl Brothers and get a bottle of Jesse Moore's "C." or "A. A.," and a bottle of Pure Wine, from Carpy & Co's Wine Cellars, Napa, California, to feast himself and treat his friends on Christmas. For further information, apply to Roehl Brothers, Elk Street, Schome.

Among the most popular brands of strictly old-fashioned sour mash whiskies of Kentucky is "The Belle of Anderson County," produced by Ed. Murphy & Co., near Lawrenceburg. Anderson county is the home of some of the most famous brands of whisky in the world and the above named brand possesses all the characteristics that have given the whiskies of this section their high reputation. Messrs. Murphy & Co., have conscientiously adhered to the time-honored methods of distillation that have given Kentucky its price-less fame as a producer of fine whiskies. "The Belle of Anderson County" is a fine copper whisky made in the most careful manner under the personal supervision of Mr. Ed. Murphy, one of the most capable distillers in the "Blue Grass State," and the position occupied by the brand, which was placed on the market in 1881, shows the success which has attended his efforts. In the production of this whisky only the finest grain and pure limestone spring water are used, and the facilities of the firm for storage are so excellent that the goods invariably come out of bond at the end of three years, above proof. The distillery has a capacity of eight hundred bushels per day and the product always meets with a ready sale.

"Chateau d'Orleans," a magnificent table claret which challenges comparison with the best French vintages, is the latest brand of wine introduced by Arpad Haraszthy & Co., and is the particular pride and pet of Mr. Haraszthy, after the "Eclipse" champagne. The wine is taking well with all who have tasted it, and is having a most satisfactory run at the clubs and the high class restaurants. There is a little story in connection with the

naming of the wine, which will bear repetition inasmuch as the brand is certain to become known as widely and as favorably as the "Eclipse." The story was told by Mr. Haraszthy at a social gathering not long since, and is as follows: "Not long ago, as you all know, the Count of Paris was in America and as he was visiting us, he followed the European custom of drinking the wines of the country of which he was a guest. This introduced him to American wines, and he was pleased with them too, if the reports brought by telegraph are correct. About the same time I was hunting for a name for the new brand of claret, and this action on the part of the Count so pleased me, that I determined to take the name of his family for the wine. Then the name comes doubly applicable too, as the vineyard in Yolo county is called the "Orleans." I am more than suited with the name, and the popularity that has thus far been met is very encouraging."

Our poet after assimilating some of the Davies county product, known to the world as "R. Monarch" whisky, broke out into rhyme, and as he seems to have thrown his soul into the effort we are constrained to give it publicity. It follows herewith.

In the land of whisky, good and straight,
Of glorious women fair to see,
Of splendid horses, swift of gait,
There doth a Monarch hold levee.
Out from the East and from the West,
From the far North and sunny South,
The people rise to call him blessed,
To give him praise by word of mouth.
List to the sounds of loud acclaim
That float upon the ambient air,
And tribute pay to a high name
That shines among the great and fair.
Father of "Glenmore" and "Short Horn,"
Of royal "Monarch" good and pure,
To whom "Kentucky Club" was born,
Long may thy lofty fame endure.
Let men of letters pass away,
Let warriors fall neath foemen's spears,
Let Kingdoms crumble to decay,
But spare our Monarch long, long years.

The "Astor," "Belmont" and "Nutwood" Distilleries of Louisville, are known to the trade of the country as the model distilleries of Kentucky. Messrs Moore & Selliger gained this reputation for their plants by the introduction of an innovation by which the entire process of converting grain into whisky is carried on upon the ground floor, thereby avoiding all the inconvenience and complications of plants that require two or three floors. Through the courtesy of Mr. Max Selliger, than whom there is no gentleman in all Kentucky more courteous and accommodating, the writer was recently afforded the pleasure of visiting these distilleries. A casual inspection showed that Messrs. Moore & Selliger spare no effort or expense to provide themselves with every available medium for the production of first-class goods. Their machinery is of the latest and most approved pattern and their still-houses are the acme of cleanliness. That their efforts to produce fine whiskies have been successful is attested by the high reputation enjoyed by these three brands throughout the United States. The "Astor" and "Belmont" which are among the most popular straight whiskies on the Pacific coast, are sour mash productions, fermented in the old-fashioned Kentucky style in small tubs. These brands were established in 1880 and have had a remarkably successful career. "Nutwood" is a sweet mash whisky and though a young brand, launched in 1887, has won its way to an enviable position with the trade. No small degree of its popularity is due to its heavy body and excellent flavor which adapts it especially to compounding purposes. It has a fine reputation and growing demand on this coast. The product of these three distilleries is stored in four large fire-proof warehouses, perfectly ventilated and equipped with patent racks, etc. The capacity of the distilleries is 800 bushels per day each, and the total, running full time, 45,000 barrels for the season. The storage capacity of the United States Internal Revenue warehouses is 55,000 barrels.



KENTUCKY CLUB

HAND MADE
SOUR MASH

DISTILLED BY
DAVISS COUNTY DISTILLING CO.
OWENSBORO, KY.

SHORT

DOHERTY'S
HORN

GLENMORE

DISTILLED BY
GLENMORE DISTILLING CO.

R. MONARCH, PRES.
OWENSBORO, KY.

Our Gooporage is our own manufacture.

OUTS AND PROOP GUARANTEED

Goods delivered F. O. B. either Boat or Cars.

We have spared neither effort nor expense to make "GLENMORE" the finest early maturing Sour-Mash Whiskey ever produced in Kentucky and the flattering recognition extended to that brand by the trade is proof enough to us that our efforts have been crowned with entire success.

GLENMORE DISTILLING CO.



CHAS. MEINECKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

314 Sacramento Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST FOR

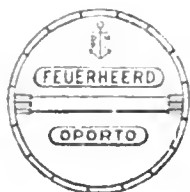
Deutz & Geldern, A. Champagne
 Dupanloup & Co., Reims Champagne
 Champagne Vineyard Proprietors' Co., Brandies
 Bouteilleau & Co., Managers, Cognac
 J. J. Meder & Zoon, Schiedam Swan Gin
 I. A. I. Nolet, Schiedam JAIN
 Game Cock and Double Eagle Gins
 Boord & Son, London Jamaica Rums, Etc.
 John Ramsay, Islay Scotch Whisky
 Lacave & Co., Cadiz Crown Sherries.

Duff Gordon & Co., Port St. Mary's Fine Sherries.
 Lacave & Co., Sevilla Queen Olives.
 D. M. Fenerheerd Jr. & Co., Oporto Fine Ports.
 Bonsons, Muller & Bacot, Tarragona Ports.
 A. de Linze & fils, Bord'x Fine Charets, Santernes, Olive Oil.
 C. Marey & Liger-Belair, Nuits Burgundies.
 G. M. Palstmann Sohn, Mainz Hock Wines.
 Schutz & Wagner, Frankfurt-on-the-M. Hock Wines.
 Haussmann Junr, Traben Mosel wines.
 Gebr. Macholt, Munich Kirschwasser.

Genoveva, Natural Sparkling Mineral Water.
 Royal Prussian Springs, Sellers Water.
 Rakocz Bitter Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water.
 Moore & Sinnott, Philadelphia Whiskies.
 A. Chevallier-Appert, Paris Wine Finings.
 A. Boake Roberts & Co., London Wine Finings.
 J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg Cherry Cordial.
 Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool Ginger Ale.
 Prune Juice Extract.
 St. Croix Rum.
 Batavia Arrack.
 Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.



SWAN GIN.



Boord's Old Tom Gin.

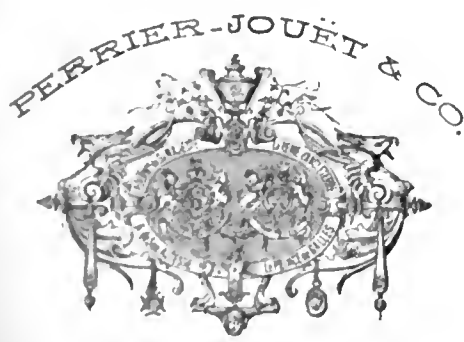


TRIPLE FLAVOR GIN.

SANDEMAN, BUCK & CO.
 JEREZ.

H. CUVILLIER & FRÈRE

SANDEMAN & CO.
 OPORTO.



Epernay, Champagne.



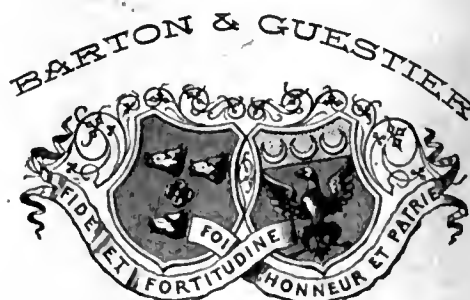
DE RUSSIE

BORDEAUX

BOUCHARD PERE & FILS.



Beaune (Cote d'Or.)



Bordeaux.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
 AGENT AND IMPORTER,
 123 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

A ROTTEN FAILURE.

The failure of the wholesale wine firm of Bamberger & Kaempfer is developing into a decidedly nasty affair since Receiver Simonsen has brought the members of the firm into court where their methods of doing business could be discovered. The insolvents secreted their books of account, but their book-keeper finally "found" a set which were proven to be bogus. By means of a search-warrant several of the missing books and negotiable checks to the amount of \$2400, were brought to light in Bamberger's residence. The Receiver then had the partners arrested for concealing evidence and attempting to defraud creditors, and they were released on \$1000 bonds each. On the 20th Mr. Simonsen had the parties re-arrested on a charge of grand larceny which consisted in buying a car-load of brandy from L. P. Drexler when they were in an insolvent condition, and transferring it to another party to secure a note for \$2000.

Mr. Simonsen also discovered another peculiarity in their business arrangements, in the fact that a brother of Kaempfer, who is supposed to be proprietor of the Crescent Wine Company, 343 Broadway, New York is, on the contrary, a dealer in clothing. It is suspected that a \$20,000 shipment of goods made to him in November, was immediately hypothecated. Book accounts that were estimated at \$15,000 have been found to be worth not more than \$4000, and the investigation thus far has disclosed such a rotten state of affairs that the creditors have given Receiver Simonsen full power to prosecute the case as he deems best. The energy and shrewdness that is being displayed by that gentleman gives promise that he will either make the firm disgorge or endeavor to put them where it is not possible to carry on a wholesale swindling business.

Following is a list of the creditors and the amounts due them: C. W. Craig, \$5750; Sierra Madre Vintage Co., \$5750; Eisen Vineyard Co., \$3500; Julius P. Smith, 3000; Abramson, Bacon & Heunisch, \$1800; David Werner, \$2900; Martin Fusier & Co., \$2300; Mrs. Osery, \$1300; Wm. Wolff & Co., \$1300; Landsberger & Son, \$1400; L. P. Drexler, \$1800; J. C. Amelung, \$1500; Jones, Mundy & Co., \$1200; Sherwood & Sherwood, \$1300; Jos. Melezer & Co. and Mihalovitdh, Fletcher & Co., \$1200; San Gabriel Wine Co., \$900; Rheinstrom Bros., \$1000; Macondray & Co., \$800; M. Petar, \$800; G. Rottanzi, \$1000; Finke's Widow, \$1200; John Crellin, \$1000; Mt. Diablo Wine Co., \$500; John Hiltell, \$700; Lachman & Jacobi, \$3500; I. De Turk, \$1800; S. Lachman, \$380; H. Brumhild, \$500; Schussler & Co., \$500; Miller & Waugh, \$500; Chas. Meinecke & Co., \$250; Mercantile Bank \$13,000, fully secured; Bank of California, \$16,000, — \$5000 secured. Various smaller sums will bring the total up to \$100,000.

The operations of this firm appear to have been rascally in the extreme and it is to be hoped that their victims may get full satisfaction of some kind out of them.

CONDENSED GRAPE MUST.

The manufacture of condensed must from the fresh juice of the grape is now being carried on successfully in Sonoma county. Until this year, 1890, the product of the Sonoma county plant has been shipped to England, where it has been converted into wine. This year, however, the company manufacturing the condensed must has been selling large quantities of the product to wine makers for the purpose of sweet wine making, and the best success has been attained in this line.

The must is eminently and necessarily the best sweetening substance that can be obtained for the wines, for the sugar it contains is absolutely pure grape sugar. The product of the plant is made up for the most part of Zinfandel, Mataro, Mission and Burger grapes and has from seventy-five to eighty per cent of sugar content, and is in substance very much like molasses. That made from black grapes has a reddish hue which gives it

the look of current jelly, and indeed as a jelly nothing could be more agreeable to the taste than this product.

In manufacturing the condensed must the greatest care must be taken to prevent the destruction of the germs contained in the must and to preserve its fermenting powers. To this end the expressed juice of the grape is boiled down at low temperature in vacuum pans. The original sugar content of the grape must is about twenty-five per cent, so that the reduction in bulk or weight is about two-thirds. To make wine of this material one has only to add to it as much pure water as has been extracted during the process of condensation—i. e. water is mixed with the concentrated must until the solution shows twenty-five per cent of sugar content. When this has been done at a temperature of 70° Fahr., fermentation sets in just as it does in the ordinary juice of the grape, within a few hours, and the same chemical processes are gone through with that take place in the fermenting of wine under ordinary conditions.

The condensed must keeps perfectly well even when exposed to hot weather as has been shown repeatedly in sending it to Europe overland and around the Horn. No foreign substance of any sort is put in with the must to preserve it, and the excess of sugar prevents fermentation from taking place.

It would be of great advantage to eastern wine makers to try this condensed must for sweetening their wine. California grapes are cheaper than eastern, and it is a question whether it would pay or not to make condensed must of eastern grapes. This product can be used for the above named purpose—i. e. wine making and wine sweetening, to great advantage, but it can also be used in the manufacture of jellies, jams and confectionery of all sorts. The company manufacturing this article is called the American Concentrated Must Co., location of plant, Geyser-ville, Cal., around which town grow some of the finest grapes in the State.

THE VITICULTURAL CAFE.

The Business Transacted For The Year 1890—A Handsome Showing Made.

The wine business of the Viticultural Restaurant and Cafe, conducted by Messrs. Franckx & Rublemann, had made very rapid advance during the past few months, the sales of bottles having grown from 437 in January to 1131 in December. Following are the detailed figures as furnished by W. H. McNeil, clerk of the board:

	Bottles Rec'd.	Bottles sold.	Other dispos'n.	Corkage.	Amount Rec'd.
On hand Jan 1st...	4,827				
January.....	460	437	24	\$ 36.30	\$ 182.05
February.....	669	492	236	32.40	197.25
March.....	471	350	32	32.65	177.25
April.....	1,042	514	85	33.15	205.70
May.....	384	459	06	28.10	128.75
June.....	120	280	14	23.65	117.80
July.....	379	551	146	37.90	226.35
August.....	858	425	756	41.05	185.85
September.....	2,834	930	597	92.80	390.20
October.....	1,524	721	437	90.30	297.35
November.....	1,185	724	477	70.85	299.35
December.....	1,914	1,131	384	94.45	463.10
On hand Dec. 31st..			6,405		
Total.....	16,667	7,014	9,653	\$ 613.60	\$ 2,871.00

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street,

New York.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships.

Courtwright & Frost, saloon, Old Mission, Idaho, dissolved, Frost continues.
 Eble & Ellsworth, hotel, Eureka, Cal., dissolved.
 Perry & Normond, Encina, Wash., dissolved, C. Normond succeeds.
 Earl & Evans, saloon, Salt City, Utah, dissolved.
 W. H. West, saloon, Porterville, succeeded by T. G. West.
 Nellis & Gardner, saloon, Williams, Arizona, dissolved.
 Samuel, Mori & Co., liquors, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved, C. McK. Smith retires.
 Martin Bros. liquor, Las Vegas, N. M., dissolved, now P. J. Martin.
 Gall & Dunne, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved; J. D. Gall retires.
 Freeman & Cates, saloon, Silver City, Idaho, succeeded by E. L. Williams.
 Joyce & Bonnhackel, saloon, Butte, Mont., dissolved, C. Bonnhackel retires.
 Durieux & Bonalt, wines, etc., Las Cruces, N. M., dissolved.
 Kain & Watkins, saloon, etc., Seattle, Washington, G. E. Kain continues.
 Whitaker & McLaughlin, hotel, Galt, Cal., dissolved, McLaughlin continues.
 E. Germain, liquors, Los Angeles, Cal., succeeded by California Wine Co.
 Newman & Warren, saloon, Dayton, Nev., succeeded by O. Schroeder.
 Conley & Lamb, saloon, Douglas, Wash., dissolved, Conley continues.
 Silverman Bros., liquors, etc., Great Falls, Mont., dissolved.
 G. Leon & Co., hotel and saloon, Tacoma, Wash., petition for dissolution and receiver appointed.
 Miller & Sater, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., succeeded by P. Hollenback & Co.
 Shelby & Ray, saloon, Elma, Wash., dissolved; J. C. Shelby, continues.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

N. D. Barry, saloon, Watsonville, Cal., petitions insolvency.
 Nick Bantz, saloon and bottler, Marysville, Mont., \$824.
 C. M. Miller, Mineral Waters, San Francisco, Cal., petitions insolvency.
 August Erickson, saloon, Portland, Or., attached \$140.
 F. H. Perley, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$90.
 Wm. Blahr, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$150.
 Kate F. Warfield, vineyard, Sonoma, Cal., attached \$1000.
 Chas. Reams, saloon, Sacramento, Cal., attached.
 H. B. Brown, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached, \$420.
 H. C. Smith, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 McComb Bros. & Marshall, saloon, Seattle, Wash., attached \$117.
 J. R. Boyd, saloon, Snohomish, Wash., attached \$1057.

Jno. Robinson, saloon, Puyallup, Wash., attached.
 Sullivan & Ryan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$50.
 Jos. Feehan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$374.
 Schneider & Bush, saloon, Portland, Or., attached \$158.
 Phillip Arias, saloon, Crescent Mills, Cal., in insolvency.
 John Collingsworth, saloon, Albuquerque, N. M., attached.
 J. P. Healy, Post Trader, Fort Sherman, Idaho, attached.
 L. Lepesh & Augustine, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., attached \$500.
 J. R. Jackson, hotel, Sausalito, Cal., petitions insolvency.
 Helms & Cody, saloon, Portland, Or., \$387.
 H. Stem & Co., restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$233 released.
 C. Ruiller, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached \$220.
 Adams & Briggs, saloon, Seattle, sold out and attached \$1087.
 Laterza & Bollin, saloon, Seattle, bill of sale \$415 and attached \$329.
 P. Hoffman, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., attached \$1101.
 M. S. Nevis, winery, Sacramento, Cal., failed.

Sold Out.

J. W. Blackwood, saloon, Roswell, N. M. Geo. Bentz, saloon, Granite, Mont. to P. Larsen.
 Williamson & McKean, saloon, Granite, Mont. to Geo. Bentz.
 Peter Hoffman, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal. Gordon & Bondurant, saloon, Aransas Pass, Texas.
 A. B. Mulligan, saloon, Lovelady Texas.
 M. Geraghty, saloon, Port Angeles, Wash. Lebert & Nagle, saloon, Granite, Mont., to Roberts & Raven.
 S. H. P. Davis, saloon, Colusa, Cal.
 Hatton & Slater, saloon, Butte, Mont., to Mullen & Cordwell.
 W. W. Morrison, saloon, Oakland, Cal.
 G. A. Monahan, hotel, Oakland, Cal., succeeded by F. S. Pege.
 Pat Finnerty, saloon, Gallup, N. M., to Jas. Cavanaugh.
 John Carlin, saloon, Fort Worth, Texas.
 Carroll King, saloon, Brody, Texas.
 R. L. Patton, hotel, Stockton, Cal.

Deceased.

A. Churchill, saloon, North Yakima, Wash.
 Johnson & Raymond, saloon, Salt Lake City, Utah, Johnson deceased.
 John Keifer, saloon, Timwater, Wash.
 H. Zweifel, saloon, Auburn, Cal.
 J. H. W. Burnell, liquors, San Francisco, Cal.
 Jas. Jewell, saloon, Virginia City, Nev.

Damage by Fire.

John Herber, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., burned out.
 Alex. Henry, winery, Anaheim, Cal., damaged.

Jas. Collins, General Store, San Augustine, Texas, burned out.
 E. E. Smith, liquors, San Augustine, Texas, damaged.
 R. J. Welty, hotel, Temecula, Cal., damaged.
 Vena & Marotta, saloon, Seattle, Wash., burned out.
 W. P. Shaw, saloon, Seattle, Wash., burned out.
 Polk & Garrett, saloon, San Augustine, Texas, burned out.
 A. P. Sossamon, saloon, San Augustine, Texas, burned out.

Out of Business.

Jas. Wheeler, saloon, Sissous, Cal.
 Erickson & Reedall, saloon, Salt Lake, Utah.
 Isabel Sargent, hotel, Nueva, Cal.
 T. McMahon, hotel, Auburn, Cal.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

Schraim & Grace, saloon, Madera, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

H. Kenney, saloon, Portland, Or., gives deeds \$1000.
 Wm. Siburg, bottler, etc., Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale \$5000.
 Matt Anderson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., bill of sale \$150.
 Sechtem & Stroble, saloon, Portland, Or., L. Sechtem receives deed \$10,000.
 Harry Carson, saloon, Seattle, Wash., gives bill of sale \$100.
 P. O. Eibe, saloon, Willows, Cal., conveyed realty \$450.
 Chas. Gunther, hotel and store, Inglewood, Wash., bill of sale \$250.
 John E. Francis, saloon, Vancouver, Wash., \$2300.
 N. P. Justy, saloon, Fresno, Cal., receives deed \$10.
 T. E. Walker, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., receives \$30,000 and gives deed \$35,000.
 W. G. Cogswell, hotel, Sierra Madre, gives deed \$55,000.
 W. J. Clendenin, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., bill of sale \$5.
 W. W. Rainey, saloon, Oceanside, Cal., conveyed realty \$640.
 M. M. Dee, saloon, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$150.
 Jos. Watkins, saloon, etc., Seattle, Wash., gives bill of sale on one-half interest \$250.
 Wm. Siburg, Eagle Bottling Works, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale to E. Siburg \$5000.
 N. S. Gregory, hotel, Ione, Cal., received deed, \$290.
 J. Bergman, saloon, Spokane Falls, given bill of sale \$1,000.
 Paul Ritter, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 M. B. Cook, saloon, Portland, Or., receives deed \$500.
 Stegman & Jewel, saloon, Portland, Or., bill of sale to L. N. Beauchemin.
 H. H. Bennett, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash., gives deed \$225.
 Caesar Bruns, liquors, etc., San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty, \$10, \$10, \$10.

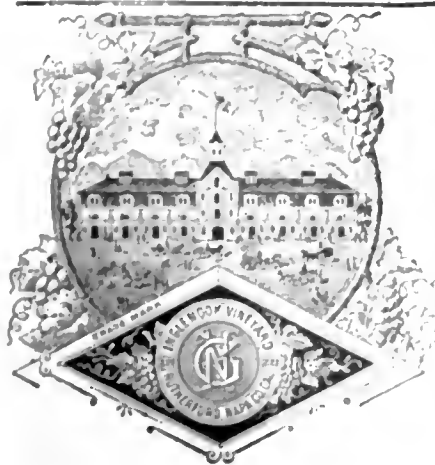
Ida Chapin, hotel, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$1000.
 Estrella Babin Vineyard, Fresno, Cal., receives deed \$10.
 H. J. Turner, hotel and saloon, Hanford, Cal., conveyed realty \$5.
 J. H. Von Glahn, liquors, etc., San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10, \$10.
 Arnold Bros., liquors, etc., San Francisco, Cal., H. B. Arnold, et al. received deed \$900.
 A. Helm, saloon, Denver, Colo., bill of sale \$800.
 J. C. Alexander, saloon, Denver, Colo., bill of sale \$334.
 Seeba Bros., wines and liquors, San Francisco, Cal., J. H. Seeba received deed \$10.
 Carsten Scheper, liquors, etc., San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 J. Woodson, saloon, Fresno, Cal., receives deed \$5.
 Sebastian Strasser, saloon, Ramona, Cal., conveyed realty \$650.
 A. Rossi, winery, Stockton, Cal., receives deed \$10.
 Z. Brewer, saloon, Denver, Colo., gives bill of sale \$1,150.
 R. Laughlin, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., with wife gives deed \$1,000.
 Heide Bros., saloon, Tacoma, Wash., gives bill of sale to H. Dodenhoff \$1,400.
 Elizabeth Busch, liquors, etc., Alameda, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 Peter Garman, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale to F. A. Gappinger \$100.
 V. T. Osborn, saloon, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$656.
 John Kannitz, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deeds \$5, \$10.
 Wm. Clendenin, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., gives bill of sale to J. V. Swift.

Realty Mortgages.

T. O. Abbott, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., \$4300.
 Caspar Dix, liquors, etc., San Francisco, Cal., \$2,000.
 A. Treybal, hotel and saloon, Tipton, Cal., \$2,638.
 Carsten Scheper, saloon, etc., San Francisco, Cal., \$2,500.
 Sechtem & Co., saloon, Portland, Or., I. Sechtem received mortgage \$2,250.
 Victor Dessert, hotel and saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$4000.
 Lena Knack, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,500.

Chattel Mortgages.

Chas. Wright, hotel, Astoria, Or., \$1,150.
 C. A. Heamer, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$600.
 P. Lutz, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$400.
 T. S. Humphrey, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$728.
 G. Strouble, saloon, Portland, Or., \$500.
 H. Freimann, restaurant, Portland, Or., \$1,000.
 M. S. Stewart, saloon, West Seattle, \$1,200.
 H. Krnimaun, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,500.
 C. S. Wood, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.
 M. Marsh, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$1,400.
 O'Baker & Co, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$4,500.
 B. F. Ricker, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,000.



F. A. HABER,

Wine & Spirit Commission Merchant

122 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE INGLENOOK VINEYARD, RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO., CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

Correspondence Solicited from Producers, as well as Dealers throughout the United States

C. A. Jones & Co., saloon, Tacoma, Wash.,
C. A. Jones \$932.
Sechtem & Stroble, saloon, Portland, Or.,
L. Sechtem, \$4000.
Fred'k Kuehn, hotel, Spokane Falls,
Wash., \$1000.
T. S. Humphries, saloon, Tacoma, Wash.,
\$728.
Doyle & Gilbert, saloon, Leadville, Colo.,
\$1,225.
E. & C. Lundquist, saloon, Seattle,
Wash., \$356.
C. T. O'Donnell, saloon, Seattle, Wash.,
\$56.
John Ellis, saloon, Portland, Or., \$318.
Munn & Cottingham, saloon, Spokane
Falls, Wash., \$900.
Wm. Rawley, saloon, Spokane Falls,
Wash., \$800.
Chas. A. Meyers, saloon, Spokane Falls,
Wash., \$800.
Geo. Lacour, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal.,
\$250.
H. Allenberg & Co., saloon, Spokane
Falls, Wash., \$1,837.
G. W. Gardner, saloon, Denver, Colo.,
\$3,800 on saloon and stock.
P. H. Flynn, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$419.
Baker & Lord, saloon, Seattle, Wash.,
\$300.
H. Schwartz, hotel, San Francisco, Cal.,
\$600.
F. Krantz, saloon, Portland, Or., \$500.

Reed & Edwards, restaurant, Seattle,
Wash., \$200.
M. A. McDermott, saloon, Denver, Colo.,
\$550.
P. W. Kokett, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$550.
P. Straub, saloon, Portland, Or., \$300.
Jno. C. Schaden, liquors, etc., Sacramento,
Cal., \$400.
D. M. Sponsiler, saloon, Pueblo, Colo.,
\$1187.
P. O. Olsen, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$150.
C. A. Wetmore, wines, etc., Oakland, Cal.,
\$5,500.
S. & A. Baker, saloon, Denver, Colo.,
\$2,000.
R. C. Cummings, saloon, Leadville, Colo.,
\$250.
Chas. Morgan, restaurant, Laramie, Wyo.,
\$137.
Watkins & Considine, saloon, etc., Seattle,
Wash., J. Watson, \$1,500.
Geo. Gardiner, saloon, Seattle, Wash.,
\$3,150.
T. Drew, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,500.
S. M. Jones, hotel, Albina, Or., \$900.
Philip Erzgraber, saloon, Denver, Colo.,
\$700.
Allen & Donovan, saloon Laramie, Wyo.,
\$300.
M. S. Nevis, winery, Sacramento, Cal.,
\$40,500.
A. Bauer, saloon, Pendleton, Or., \$340.
W. W. Norton, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$500.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy
December 30.....	34,320	1,820
" 31.....	15,870	1,800
Total for December.....	972,210	83,580
January 2.....	39,560	7,810
" 3.....	24,000	6,080
" 5.....	13,100	2,000
" 6.....	15,650	15,770
" 7.....	16,410	17,400
" 8.....	35,920	2,150
" 9.....	19,800	4,700
" 10.....	29,270	7,810
" 12.....	14,160	3,270
" 13.....	45,160	9,840
" 14.....	31,730	2,600
" 15.....	43,630	500
" 16.....	29,365	100
" 17.....	27,110	960
" 19.....	29,960	1,700
" 20.....	49,780	.....
" 21.....	30,290	3,300
" 22.....	49,690	5,050

THE DIVIDEND,

5 Leidesdorff Street,
JAMES O'BRIEN, PROP.
Importer of FINEST WINES, LIQUORS,
Irish and Scotch Whiskies, Bass' Ale
and Guinness Stout.
Moore, Hunt & Co's Whiskies a Specialty

JOHN D. GALL. JAMES P. DUNNE.

"THE RESORT"

1 Stockton St., Cor. of Ellis,
SAN FRANCISCO.

ARIEL LATHROP, Pres. T. HOPKINS, Treas.

WM. HARNEY, Mgr. and Sec'y.

GOLDEN GATE WOOLEN MFG. CO.

— MANUFACTURE —

Blankets, Cassimeres, Tweeds

FLANNELS.

535 Market St., San Francisco.

Aggregate Assets, \$46,000,000

London Assurance Corporation of London
(Established by Royal Charter
1720).

Northern Assurance Company of London
(Established 1836).

Queen Insurance Company of Liverpool
(Established 1837).

Connecticut Fire Insurance Company of
Hartford, Conn.

ROBERT DICKSON, Manager,
Cor. Sacramento & Montgomery Sts.

Founded 1856. Incorporated April, 1889.

Tubbs Cordage Company

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cordage,

GRAPE-VINE TWINE, ETC.

611-613 FRONT STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward
for any case of catarrh that cannot be
cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J.
Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe
him perfectly honorable in all business
transactions, and financially able to carry
out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, To-
ledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale
Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally,
acting directly upon the blood, and mu-
cous surfacer of the system. Testimonials
sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by
all druggists.

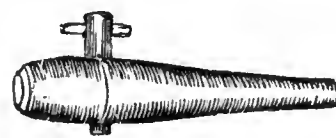


Saws of Every Description on Hand
and made to order.

H. Royers Lace Leather—Agents for
C. S. Paul's Files.

17-19 Fremont St. San Francisco.

HENRY WASS, WOOD TURNER.



—MANUFACTURER OF—
Wooden Bungs, Taps, Plugs, etc., Oak
Bungs, Soft and Hard Wine Plugs, Soft
and Hard Tap Plugs, Wine Samplers,
Bung Starters, etc.
720 MINNAST, BET. EIGHTH AND NINTH, S. F.
Established since 1856.

BRANDY PRODUCT OF 1890.

Below will be found the comparative totals of the State as
shown by the official figures furnished by Collectors Sears of the
First, and Byington of the Fourth District:

Produced in First District	218,810	gallons.
Produced in Fourth "	762,423	"
Total product for 1890.....	981,233	"
Total product for 1889.....	1,043,503	"
In bond, all districts, Jan. 1 1890.....	1,389,661	"
In bond, all districts, Jan. 1 1891,	1,347,416	"
Deficit.....	42,245	"

It will be seen by the above that notwithstanding the opera-
tions of the Sweet Wine Law and the suppose increased demand
for grape spirits, the product of brandy in 1890 was 62,370 gal-
lons short of 1889.

In the next issue of the REVIEW will be given a complete
detailed record of all bonded brandy transactions by months in
both Internal Revenue districts.

SWEET WINE MAKER'S WOES.

At a meeting of the prominent sweet wine producers in the
rooms of the Viticultural Commission on Thursday afternoon
last, there were present George and F. A. West, of Stockton,
Julius P. Smith and C. A. Wetmore of Livermore, C. K. Kirby
of Fowler, H. C. Eggers of Fresno, F. L. Watkins of the San
Gabriel Wine Co. Juan Gallegos and others

The main question discussed was the action of the Internal
Revenue Collectors in requiring an additional revenue on sweet
wines that contain more than 10 per cent of alcohol before for-
tification. The wine makers rightly claim that this additional
tax is unjust for the reason that the Internal Revenue Depart-
ment have taken the saccharine average of Eastern wines as a
standard by which to judge California grapes. This is wrong for
the grapes of this State often yield a percentage of alcohol
amounting to as much as 15 per cent before fortification. This
unfair ruling has forced the wine makers in many instances to
pay for the brandy used for fortifying purposes and in one case a
certain firm was compelled to pay \$9000 on this account.

A telegram has been sent to Commissioner Mason asking
that this latest ruling be suspended until the matter can be thor-
oughly investigated.

OLIVES!

Twenty-six Thousand Trees For Sale.

MANZANILLO, NAVADILLO, BLANCO, PICHOLINE, also other choice varieties in
limited number, ranging from one to four feet in height.

Price according to Size and Variety. Address

JOHN COOK, Nurseryman.

BERKELEY, ALAMEDA COUNTY CAL.

HAYNE'S FLIGHTY SCHEME.

We notice in the *Pacific Wine and Spirit Review*, an article on Mr. F. W. Hayne, of this city, regarding his auction sales. While we are not in any way interested in Mr. Hayne or his affairs, yet we must take exception to the remarks in the *Review* regarding this matter. There is no sense in calling such an undertaking as the present one of Mr. Hayne, "a rattled-brained scheme," and it is wrong to say that "some of the clarets were sold at the fancy price of ten cents a gallon," without mentioning that the wines referred to were unsold. The writer was present at Mr. Hayne's first auction sale and knows that those sound red wines offered in transit brought more than ruling quotations in this market. We can not agree with the *Review* that such auction sales will demoralize the New York market, but would rather say that this is about the only means left of bringing our trade in direct communication with the grower of the wines, and *vice versa*. Could part of the market for wines and brandies be transferred to New York, instead of being absolutely controlled in San Francisco, we do not hesitate to predict that the wine grower would get a much more satisfactory result for his labors than he now obtains; and should Mr. Hayne, through prejudice, jealousy or otherwise, fail in this venture, there will, perhaps, ere long be some one else to carry his ideas to a successful conclusion. We would also advise our esteemed contemporary that the "legitimate" wine market of New York is, with the proper support from those who ought to support such sales, in no more danger of being demoralized than is London by the weekly sales held there.

The above is from the New York correspondence of the *Louisville Wine and Spirit Bulletin*, which in advocating the more or less celebrated "Hayne auction" betrays not a little ignorance of the California wine trade and the conditions which surround it.

Hayne's scheme looks well in theory. It sounds well for instance, to say that the discriminating wine buyers will pick out the good wines at such sales and reject the bad, thus insuring the grower of good wines a satisfactory price. It looks well that such sales should be conducted as are the fruit sales, each buyer knowing what he gets.

This is the paper side of it. What are the facts? Is our friend of the *Bulletin* aware of the truth that there are comparatively few American buyers, especially in the east, who know what wines are? Is it not a fact that fine wines are not wanted except under French label? Is it not true that so little are the American wines under their real colors appreciated that there is to-day offered a lot of about 20,000 gallons of one of California's choicest vintages at fifty cents f. o. b., at San Francisco, with not a single buyer? Our Louisville friend knows little and should talk less about the wine trade. How many wholesale liquor dealers are there in his own city—a city of 200,000 people—who can tell whether a new claret is worth nothing, or ten cents, or one dollar per gallon? Not one.

The wine trade is in to early a stage to make auctions a success. Buyers in London for instance, purchase goods of established merit and reputation. That happy day when individual reputation and merit of California wines will bring proportionate prices is coming. We see evidences of it all the time. But it is not here yet and Hayne will not help matters by causing a new smash in prices and consequent discouragement among producers.

Possibly the friends of the Hayne scheme will admit that L. De Turk is one of the best known wine men in America. We know of no man who can more readily sell wines on his own name and command good prices. His reputation rests on the solid merit of his wines. Mr. De Turk is a producer, and has fought his way into prominence by the sheer force of worth. Up to a few weeks ago Mr. De Turk had Hayne as his agent in New York, but the combination is now dissolved, owing to Hayne's auction plan. Mr. De Turk thinks that the time is not ripe for the auction plan. His judgment, founded on years of experience, and his ability to estimate the situation in New York, will be accepted by the grape growers and wine makers of this State. They have confidence in his foresight and honesty, and we are loth to believe that they will support Hayne when it is known to a certainty that his first effort was a rank failure.

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California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

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PRICES PER CASE.	
QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00 7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00 7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00 6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1881.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
(Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Tock, 1885.....	3.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
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Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	5.75
Angelica.....	5.50	5.75
Muscatel.....	5.50	5.75
Sherry.....	6.00	5.75
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	5.75

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 1.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	5.00
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	2.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi FeherHun Type.....	4.00
" 1885.....	5.00
Port, 1884.....	6.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and SweetMont'n, 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
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Santa Rosa Zinfandel, '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	7.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	6.00
California Cognacs.....	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red " ".....	10.00
***Green " ".....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES,
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Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvignon Vert '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
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Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

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EL QUITO VINEYARD.	
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Claret.....	3.00 4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50 4.50
Port.....	5.50 6.50
Angelica.....	5.50 6.50
Sherry.....	5.50 6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00 11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00 \$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Cognac.....	12.00 13.00

ST. GEORGE'S VINEYARD.

Sauterne.....	\$ 4.50 \$ 5.50
Claret.....	3.50 4.50

C. CARPY & CO.,
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La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00 6.00
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Zinfandel.....	5.00 6.00
Sauterne.....	4.00 5.00
Riesling.....	9.00 10.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Port, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00 13.00

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Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California st, S. F.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00 \$ 5.00
Sauterne.....	4.00 5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50 4.00
Cabernet.....	5.00 6.00
Beelan.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.00
La Grande Claret.....	12.00 12.50
Maderia.....	5.00 6.00
Malaga.....	5.00 6.00
Tokay.....	5.00 6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00 6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00 12.50
Port, 1883.....	6.00 7.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00 5.00
Sherry.....	4.00 5.00
Brandy.....	9.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
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Hock.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00 5.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50 5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50
Angelica.....	4.50
Sherry.....	4.50
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00 8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00 6.00

ALFRED GREENEBAUM & Co.,
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Johannisberg Riesling.....	\$ 5.50 \$ 6.50
Semillon, Sauterne.....	4.50 5.50
Chasselas, Gutedel.....	3.50 4.50
Cabernet Sauvignon, Medoc.....	4.50 5.50
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Zinfandel.....	4.00 5.00
Claret.....	3.00 4.00

MONT ROUGE WINES,
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Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.	
Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00 \$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00 8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00 5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00
AA Claret, V.....	9.00

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00 \$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50 4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50 5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50 5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75 4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00
Sherry.....	7.50
Angelica.....	6.00
Muscatel.....	6.00
Madeira.....	6.00
Malaga.....	6.00
Brandy.....	10.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25 \$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50 7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00
Old Sherry.....	6.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00 \$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00
Malaga.....	8.00
Cognac.....	14.00

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S. LACHMAN & CO.,
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Carte Blanche.....	7.00 8.00
Choice Cuvee.....	11.00 12.00

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Gold Seal.....	\$11.50 \$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00 13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50 12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00

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Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
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DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.	
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00 \$31.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums.....	31.00
per case.....	30.50
Chachet Blanc per case.....	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00 22.00
Carte Branche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00 22.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
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Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50 \$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50 34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00 35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.	

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
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QUARTS. PINTS	
Pommery Sec.....	\$32.50 \$34.50

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Quarts.	
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Becheville, 1881.....	15.00
Duerr Beaucaillon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cautenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margeux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Monton Rothschild '80.....	35.00

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Macón, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Moussé, 1884.....	17.00
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" 1881.....	25.00
Romanee, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

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Sauternes.....	9.25
Vin de Graves, 1878.....	10.50
Barsac, 1878.....	11.00
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Sauternes.....	11.50
Chateau Girand, 1884.....	27.50
" La Tour Blanche '84.....	27.00

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Pemartin Brut.....	19.00
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C. Marcy & Liger-Belair, Nuits Burgundies, white and red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.
D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co., Oporto, Port wines per case.....	15.00 to 20.

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ESTABLISHED 1857.

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LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.



WHITE LABEL, **BROWN LABEL.**
CARTE BLANCHE, "GRAND VIN SEC,"
A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine.

See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco. (Dubos freres, Bordeaux.)	
Chateau de l'Ysle, in casks..	\$95.00
(Journu freres, Bordeaux.)	
Clarets and Sauternes, per case from.....	\$7.50 to \$30.00
Mignotte-Picard & Co., Chassagne, Cote D'Or wines.....	\$12.00 to 25.00
(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)	
Hoek wines from.....	\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood, per gallon.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50
Port and Sherries in cases, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$15.00
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Ports and Sherries in wood from.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50

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Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '70.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

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Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN, 322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Hvain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE, 323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.	
Phenix Old Bourbon, A1....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old..	4.50
Gold Medal Bombon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club.....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.75

LIQUORS—In cases.	
Per Case.	
Phenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	\$10.00
" " " A1, " "	7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts	8.00
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt	9.00
Union Club Bourbon, 24 pts	7.50
" " " 48 1/2 pts	8.50
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s..	8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	7.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co., 401 Front street, San Francisco.	
Per Gallon.	
Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " " pf	4.00
B " " " "	3.50
C " " " "	3.00
No. 1 " " " "	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2 dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases 1 dozen to gallon	8.25
C in 5 case lots, 1 dozen, 5s	8.00
No. 1, in cases, 5s.....	8.00

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO., 123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " " per case.....	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO., 501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon, (per bbl) per gallon....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
W. H. McBrayer, 1885.....	\$2.75
CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia, Bourbon and Rye whiskies.....	
	\$1.90 to \$3.50
KOLB & DENHARD, 422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Noupareil Rye and Bourbon	
	\$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Boord & Son, London Finest Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Lone Highland..... per case	\$11.50
Connaugh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Brandies.

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " ** " "	19.00
" " " *** " "	22.00
" " " VSO " "	28.00
" " " WSOP " "	50.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co., Boutelleau & Co. man- agers Cognac in Octaves per gal.....	
	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co., Boutelleau & Co. man- agers Reserve Vintages, 10.50 to 14.00	
Swan Gin in 1/4 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/4 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch Whisky, in 1/4 casks....	4.75
Boord's Pineapple brand Jamaica Rums in 1/4 casks.....	5.25 6.50


W. B. CHAPMAN, 123 California street, San Francisco. (H. Cuivillier & frere Cognac.)	
Quarts.	
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re- serve, 1858.....	40.00

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " med. " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	13.50
Theo. Lappe's Gemine Aromatique per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case	6.50
CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Market street, San Francisco. (BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)	
Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00	
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in cases of 15 large black bottles per case.....	23.50
" " " " " in cases of 15 large white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholl Freres Bavarian Highland, per case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W. Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

THE HIGHEST AWARD



PARIS EXPOSITION.
1889.
GOLD MEDAL

OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
VINEYARD,
1885.

LIVERMORE VALLEY,
CALIFORNIA.

A.G. CHAUCHE
PROPRIETOR,
SAN FRANCISCO.

A. Werner & Co., NEW YORK.



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WINE

ONLY.

American Champagne Co. LIMITED.

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M. L. REYNOLDS.

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Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES



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Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
123-127 Eddy St.
Under Hackmeier's Hotel,
San Francisco, Cal.

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ORLEANS VINEYARD,

(400 ACRES).

— PRODUCERS OF —

Champagne Eclipse.

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS —

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.

530 Washington Street, San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— Finest and Oldest Stock of —

California Wines, Brandies

— AND —

CHAMPAGNES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO SHIPMENTS TO
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NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,

18 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.



A. MALPAS, Manager. H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

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PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDEL,
SHERRY, RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

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Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

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Chas Bundschu

CHOICE
OLD VARIETIES
OF
CALIFORNIA
TABLE WINES

J. GUNDLACH & CO.

VINEYARD, (PROPRIETORS,) SONOMA.

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C. HOLTUM & Co.

GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA

WINES & BRANDIES

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PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

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SAN FRANCISCO.

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Lachman & Jacobi,

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

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EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

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Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

E. G. B.—Export Gauge Bremen; N. Y.—New York; N. Y. C. H.—New York Custom House; L. P. W. H.—Louisville Public Warehouse;
 Lou.—Louisville; Cin.—Cincinnati; Dist'y—Distillery; C. C. H.—Cincinnati Custom House; St. L. C. H.—St. Louis Custom House.


These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

IN BOND.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....				60		50				225			Spr 81 285	Lou C H
Anderson Co. Club.....				52½	40	37½						240		
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....				50	40	37½				210				
Ashland.....														
Astor.....														
Atherton.....				50		37½		207½		225			Fall 81 260	Cin C H
Ballard & Lancaster.....			55			37½								
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....		75		52½		40							Spr 81 275	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....				65	50	47½								
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....				55						225				
Belle of Louisville.....				50								257½		
Belle of Marion.....		80		65		40		210					Spr 81 275	
Belle of Nelson.....			80	75				230						
Belmont.....										240				
Berkele, Wm.....			60	55	45	42½								
Berry, E. C.....				47½		40								
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....				55		40				205			Spr 81 260	
Blakemore.....				67½		55								
Blue Grass.....				52½	42½	40		200		220		250	Spr 81 270	
Bond & Lillard.....		97½	85	82½		62½		235		250		265	Spr 84 275	
Bond, M. S.....				45	32½	30								
Boone's Knoll.....				75	62½	55		230		250		275		
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 300	New Ex
Bowen, J. A.....														
Brownfield, W. W.....				65		55								
Buchanan.....				60		50							Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Callaghan.....														
Carlisle.....				67½		55				225				
Cedar Run.....	80			65		50								
Chickencock.....		67½		52½	42½	40							Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....		60	50	45	40	37½							Spr 81 275	
Cliff Falls.....				45										
Clifton.....														
Commonwealth.....			62½	55		40								
Cook, C. B.....				45	35	30							Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....				65		50								
Craig, F. G.....														
Cornflower.....						37½								
Cream of Anderson.....		75		47½		35								
Criterion.....		65		65		47½								
Crystal Spring.....		75		50	37½	35								
Cumberland.....				47½		37½							Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....				60		45								
Dant, J. W.....				55		37½								
Darling.....				57½	50	45								
Daviess County Club.....				52½	42½	40								
Dedman, C. M.....		72½		57½		40				200				
Double Spring.....														
Dundee.....						37½								
Durham.....		70		52½		40								
Early Times.....	82½	80		60										
Edge Cliff.....		80		65		52½								
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....				70		56		200		230			Spr 80 290	Lou C H
Elk Run.....				52½		42½								
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....				40		30		190						
Fall City.....				43½		33½								
Fern Cliff.....														
Fible & Crabb.....		75				32½		200						
Field, J. W. M.....														
Franklin.....						40								
Frazier, W. J.....						40		207½						
Freeland.....				65	57½	55								
Garland.....				55	45	42½								
Gladstone.....				50	35	35								
Glenarme.....				62½	40	37½								

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 323-325 Market St., S. F.



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Hencken & Schroder,
 —SUCCESSORS TO—
HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors.
Sole Agents for Dr. Schröder's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.
 Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

JOHN LUTGEN. H. P. WICHMAN.
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.
 Manufacturers and
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Dr. Foerster's ALPINE
Stomach Bitters.
 318-320 Clay St.
 Bet. Front & Battery,
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E. MARTIN & CO.,
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LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
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THE CELEBRATED
PERUVIAN BITTERS.
 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
WILMERDING & CO., AGENTS.
 214-216 Front St., - San Francisco, Cal.
 Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne.

Hey, Grauerholz & Co.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR —
DAVY CROCKETT WHISKY,
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 216 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

P. J. CASSIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS OF PURE —
Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies
Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
 WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —
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Kuhls, Schwarke & Co.
 Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.
California Wines and Brandies.
 —SOLE AGENTS FOR—
O.K. Goldwater Bourbon & Rye Whiskies.
 123-129 Sutter St., Cor. Kearny, - - San Francisco, Cal.

B. FRITSON. C. CELLARIUS.
Thomas Taylor & Co.
 —DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN—
WINES AND LIQUORS
 Sole Agents for —
 Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

C. JOST, SR. C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
 —Distillers and Rectifiers of—
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
 Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
 DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH, SAN FRANCISCO.

CHAR. W. FORE. JOHN SPRUANCE.
Spruance, Stanley & Co.
 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 275	
Glenmore.....					47½	42½								
Glen Springs.....						40							Spr 81 275	
Greenbrier.....				60		42½				250			Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)					40	35								
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....		75		60		45								
Hackly, S. O.....			65	60	47½	45		200		225				
Hanning, Jno.....			55	52½	40	37½							Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....				47½	42½	42½								
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....				52½		37½		200						
Head, F. M.....						37½								
Head, W. H.....				50										
Hermitage.....			95	87½		70						275	Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....		72½	60	55		40								
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co)	57½	52½			42½	37½								
Hume.....				52½	42½	40				220			Spr 81 280	
Indian Hill.....							25							
Jessamine.....					36	35								
Jockey Club.....						42½								
Kellar, A.....			57½	52½	38½					225			Spr 84 250	
Kentucky Club.....				75	55	52½		220		240			June 81 350	
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....				52½	40	37½	32½							
Kentucky Cyclone.....						37½								
Kentucky Dew.....		65		50										
Kentucky Tip.....				55	42½	40			210		250			
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....				52½		37½								
Limestone.....		72½		52½		40		210		235				
McBrayer, J. A.....														
McBrayer, J. H.....				55		42½								
McBrayer, W. H.....			100	92½		70		250	265			275	Fall 84 280	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....				50		37½								
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....				50	40	37½							Spr 84 230	
Mattingly & Moore.....				60		50				225				
Mayfield.....			65	62½	47½	45							Spr 81 285	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	72½	70	57½	55	42½	40							Fall 81 265	
Mercantile Club.....		80	75	60	45	40	35							
Miles, E. L.....				52½		37½								
Monarch, M. V.....				65		52½								
Monarch, R.....				72½		55		230					Spr 81 280	N Y C H
Monarch, T. J.....				57½	45	42½		110	E G	230		240	Fall 81 275	Lou
Moore, D. L.....						40							Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....		80		57½	42½	40				110	E G		Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....				65		50								
Nelson.....			55	50	40	37½		195		215		225		
New Castle.....		60												
New Hope.....				65	55	52½							Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			55	52½										
Oakwood.....		80		60		45								
O. F. C.....				78½				240				285	Fall 80 400	
Old Charter.....				52½		35								
Old Crow.....			100	95		72½						300	Spr 81 400	
Old Lexington Club.....						37½				115	E G			
Old Log Cabin.....		75												
Old Pepper, (Petter, Jas. E. & Co).....				72½		60		250		275			Spr 84 290	
Old Oscar Pepper.....		97½		75		62½		235				300		
Old Tarr.....				57½									Spr 81 290	
Old Time (Pognes).....				47½	42½								Fall 79 375	
Old Times.....					40	37½	32½							
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....						30								
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....				50	45									
Peacock.....				55		42½								
Pepper, R. P.....			55	52½					225				Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....						52½								
Purdy & Co.....						35								
Rich Grain.....				50		37½								
Richwood.....				52½	42½	40								
Ripy, T. B.....			65	58½	47½	45		205		225		245	Spr 81 275	L C H
Rohrer, D.....		57½		45		35								
Rolling Fork.....				52½		37½								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

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— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —

SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

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GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

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DISTILLERS OF THE FAMOUS

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Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
1 per cent Small Grain.

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

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The undersigned beg to call the attention of Wine Makers, Dealers, etc., to M. Chevallier-Appert's

"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

— AND —

PULVERINE

FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

And to —

A. BOAKE ROBERTS & CO'S

LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

Directions for use on application.

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314 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, Cal.

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1864.

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium

CHAMPAGNES.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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CARTE BLANCHE,
IMPERIAL.

OFFICE

809 MONTGOMERY ST.,

San Francisco.

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[First Premium for Gold Seal Best California Champagnes awarded by the State Fair, 1890, and wherever exhibited.]

E. L. C. STEELE & CO.

Successors to C. Adolph Low & Co.

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

HARMONY SHERRIES.

Shipping and Commission Merchants.

208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.....												C H		
Samuels, T. W.....			62½			45				240	Cin.			
Samuels, W. B. & Co.....				55		42½							Fall 83	265
Searey, J. S.....				57½		47½								
Searey, Wiley, (Old Joe.).....		90				47½								
Sharpe.....				55										
Shawhan.....						40								
Small Grain.....						37½								
Smith & Smith.....						40								
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum).....														
Southall.....									225					
Sovereign.....				55										
Split Rock.....					37½	35								
Spring Hill.....				62½		47½							Spr 81	325
Spring Water.....				65		50								
Stone, W. S. (Old).....				62½		45		210		225				
Sweetwood.....				45	37½									
Tippecanoe.....						37½								
Taylor (Old).....		95	97½											
Tea Kettle.....				52½		40								
Teubroeck.....														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.).....		75	60	57½	42½	40							Spr 81	275
Van Arsdell.....						40								
Van Hook.....				50		37½		200						
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson).....				57½		40								
Walker, J. M.....				55										
Warwick.....				52½										
Waterfill & Frazier.....		90		72½										
Wathen Bros.....		65		50		37½								
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.).....				62½		55								
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co).....				67½		60								
White Mills.....		57½	52½	47½	37½	35								
Willow Run.....						32½								
Woodland.....				57½	47½	45		200				240		
Zeno.....		90		72½	60	55	50							

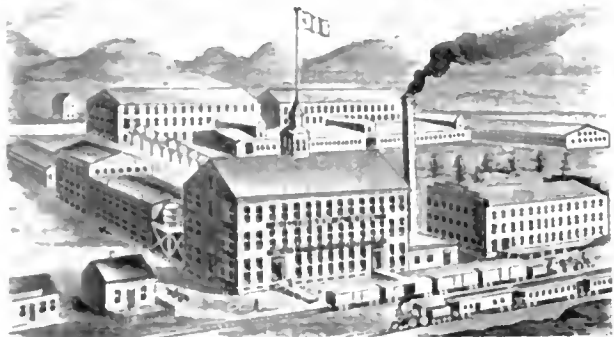
KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland.....				62½		42½								
Atherton.....				67½		50								
Belle of Anderson.....														
Belle of Louisville.....			57½											
Belle of Nelson.....											257½			
Blue Grass.....			82½	77½	60	57½		215						
Clarke's.....														
Criterion.....				52½										
Crystal Spring.....														
Curley, J. E.....														
Edgewater.....													Spr 80	350
Excelsior.....														
Franklin.....				75	55		225							
Greylock.....				55	50									
Greystone.....														
Hermitage.....		100	95	82½	77½						300		Spr 83	375
Highland.....														
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....				55	50									
Lynchburg.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....				70										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....				52½		45								
Melwood.....		80	65											
Miles, E. L.....				70	47½									
Millcreek.....				60	55									
Monarch, M V.....					55									
Nelson.....					55									
Normandy.....				75	60									
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.).....				80		67½		265		290			Spr 84	300
Paris Club.....						52½								
Peacock.....						47½								
Pepper, R. P.....				65	55					235				
Rolling Fork.....					50			215						
Short Horn (Dougherty's).....						50								
Sovereign.....										225				
Sunny Side.....		82½		67½	52½	50								
Susquehanna.....				65	52½									
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's).....	60	55	50	45	40	35								
Wathen Bros.....			65		52½									
White Mills.....				52½	42½	40								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson, Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson, Glenarrie, Jessamine, Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distilling Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Belle of Nelson.
MELLWOOD DISTY CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee, G. W. S.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor, Belmont, Nutwood.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	THOMPSON DISTG CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times, Gladstone.	SUSQUEHANNA DISTG CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.		

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BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....		115		87½	77½	72½		275						
Bridgeport.....	95	90	82½	77½	60	52½	47½		245					
Brookdale.....		85		70										
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....		90		70	62½	52½								
Dougherty.....		108½		85	75	62½								
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	120	105	90	82½	67½	60								
Frontier.....				57½										
Gibson.....	127½	122½	100	82½	67½	60				360				
Guckenheimer.....	98½	95	82½	77½	65	60	52½	242½		295	310		Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			92½	85	75	67½	60							
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	67½	62½	65	47½	40	215						
Lippencott.....							45							
Meadville.....				70	62½	60								
Melvale.....						60								
Monticello.....		105		80						265				
Montrose.....		75	70			40	35							
Moore, Tom.....					60	55	45							
Mt. Vernon.....		120	107½	87½	75	70	62½				350			
Orient.....				67½		47½								
Overholt.....		115	87½	75	65	60		265	285	310			Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....		100	85	80	65	62½		267½	272½					
Somerset.....	75	62½	50	45	60	37½	35							
Stewart.....				75	60	55								
Tompson, Sam.....					60	50	42½							
Vandegrift.....					60	50	42							



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It appears, however, that Messrs. Lefranc & Masson, the successors of Charles Lefranc, who established a vineyard in 1852 some eight miles south of San Jose, have been quietly experimenting for some time with such favorable results as to induce them to enter upon the manufacture of champagne on a scale large enough to put it on the market through their wine house in San Jose which has been in operation for the past six years. They secured a practical champagne man from France and for about a year a vintage has been going through the process. It will still be some time, six months or more, before it will be ready for sale, but from the superior quality of the original wine used and the great care taken in the preparation, the resulting champagne must be of the best quality. It is not yet determined to send it out under any particular brand. Probably the name of Lefranc & Masson will be as good a guaranty of purity and quality as anything that could be placed upon the bottles. Lovers of champagne will be on the lookout for the new product and we shall be disappointed if it does not prove equal or better than anything ever made in the State.—*Santa Clara Valley.*

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SUNSET VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Minurn, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

MONT ROUGE VINEYARD.—Established 1885. Dry wines. A. G. Chauche, Livermore, Cal. Office 615-617 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

ELECTRA VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Dry wines. Clarence J. Wetmore, Livermore, Cal.

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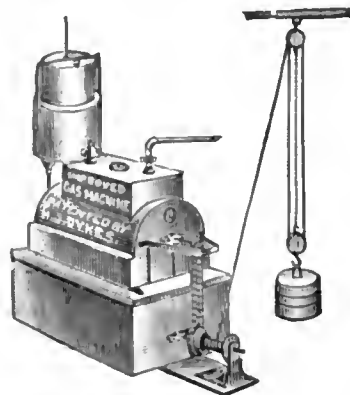
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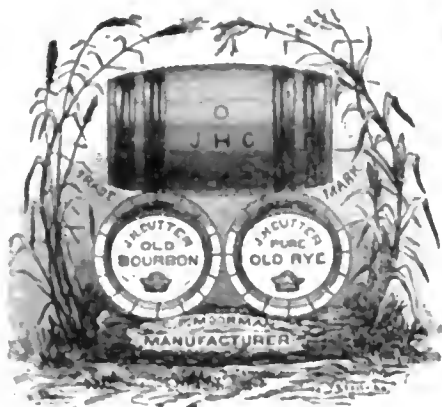
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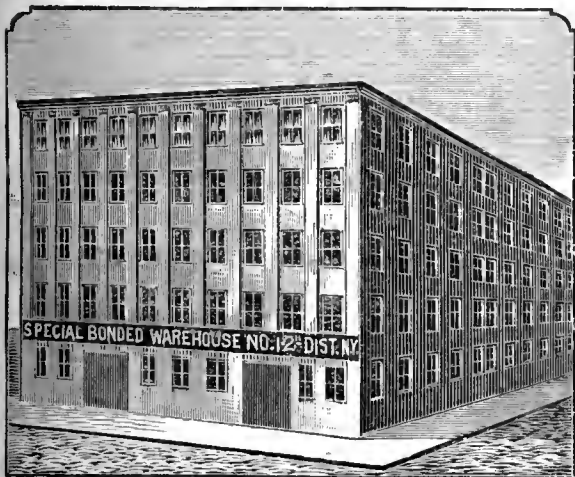
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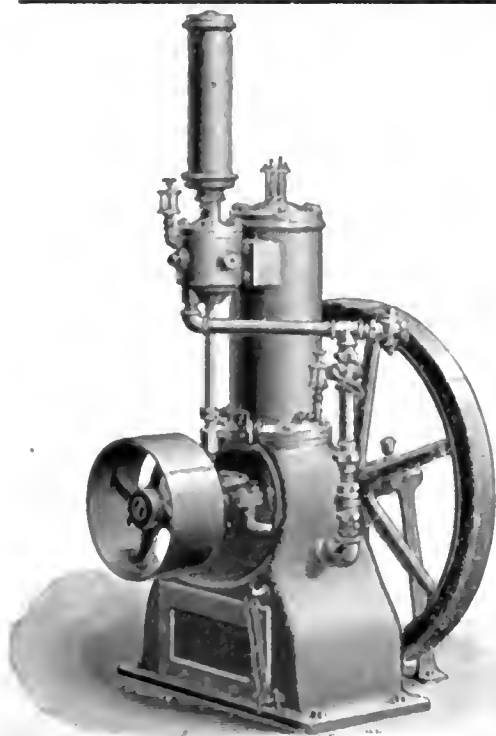
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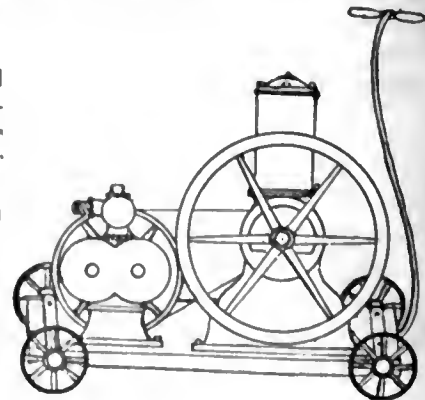
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 2. SAN FRANCISCO, FEBRUARY 14, 1891. \$3.00 PER YEAR

Issued Semi-Monthly.

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THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—The market for dry wines remains unchanged. Few transactions are reported owing to the fact that prices quoted by buyers are not at all satisfactory to producers and those who can do so prefer to hold their stocks in the hope of an advance in values with the coming of spring.

The sweet wine market has been very much rattled on account of the alarming rulings of the Internal Revenue Department, and prices can not be expected to reach a settled condition until it has been decided whether or not the revenue tax must be paid on brandy used in fortifying a large quantity of the '90 sweet wines, which have been assessed and await the final action of the government which will fix their values.

CALIFORNIA BRANDY—The brandy market is in a much better condition and so active has been the demand of the distributors that there are at this early season practically no '90's in first hands. They are ruling strong at fifty cents and have a fine future. The '89's are not plentiful and are quoted at sixty to sixty-five cents. On account of the reduced product of '90's an advance all along the line may be confidently expected. At present the '91's are too young to cut any figure in the market.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—The market is decidedly dull owing to the fact that the weather is not propitious and jobbers are holding back orders to see what the rain clerk will do. The demand for ryes is also slack and local trade on whiskies is quiet in sympathy with all lines of business and in improvement need be looked for at present.

Louisville Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

The whisky market is not in a very satisfactory condition at the present writing and there is no immediate prospect of a change for the better. The trouble lies in the fact that the distillers and the trade are again haunted with the fear of over-production. The situation is certainly serious and calls for prompt action on the part of the distillers, but whether they see their danger in time to guard against it, remains to be seen. Thus far the trade have displayed their good judgement by refusing to encourage producers to turn out a big '91 product by not contracting for goods to be made. If they will stick to this position and refuse to buy during the distilling season, the distillers will perforce adopt a conservative policy. If not, the cloud of depression will again settle down upon the entire trade. It would seem that the recent history of the business should have taught the producers to avoid over-production as they would a pestilence, but the unprecedented boom of last year apparently blotted out their recollection of past experiences.

There are several of our foremost distillers, however, who recognize the gravity of the situation and are doing all in their power to prevent impending disaster. Among these are the Mellwood Distillery Company, R. Monarch, Moore & Selliger, E. H. Taylor Jr. & Sons, The J. M. Atherton Co., and others too numerous to mention, all of whom will greatly reduce their intended product for 1891. They are setting a good example for their competitors, and ought to have a good effect. In this connection I would state that an attempt is being made to get the distillers of Kentucky together for the purpose of arriving at a general understanding regarding this seasons production and if possible to materially shorten the distilling period. If this can be accomplished, a great danger will have been averted.

Trade is quiet and is confined practically to the actual needs of retailers. The '89's are not being unbanded as fast as could be desired and the value of '90's is hanging in the balance, pending the output of '91's and holders of the former age are naturally in a very anxious frame of mind.

Travelers in the whisky trade have been few and far between. They are probably remaining at home till the clouds roll by.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the trade is directed to the following new advertisements which appear in this issue on our "new advertising pages" and are not classified in the index:

S. Lachman & Co. wine merchants, (enlarged.)
J. Gundlach & Co. wine merchants, (enlarged.)
F. A. Haber, wine merchant, (enlarged.)
Arpad Haraszthy & Co., wine merchants, (enlarged.)
A. Vignier, importer and wine dealer.
Sanders & Co, copper-smiths.
Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.
Henley Bros., Bitters. (changed.)

TO COMMISSIONER MASON.

To Hon. John W. Mason, Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

You have up to the present season been a consistent friend of the viticultural interest of this State, but since the sweet wine law went into effect your course has been such as to impede and interfere with every maker of sweet wine. The regulations which you have seen fit to formulate to govern the use of brandy for fortification free from tax, are such as to unnecessarily hamper and discourage every legitimate producer.

We do not think that you have intentionally imposed the present hardships upon the wine makers, but rather believe that you have drawn your ideas from eastern wine making or from perverted statements made by eastern makers. You are not familiar with the situation in California, but it is to be said for the intelligence and fairness of your subordinates in this State, from the Collectors down, that each and all have done what they could to set you right on the vital points at issue.

In the first place we do not think that you are responsible for making the foolish statement that no must can legitimately contain over twenty-six and one-half per cent of sugar. We should like next season to undertake to send you all the grapes you want which will show a still richer must when expressed. You must know that heretofore but little attention has been given to the conditions surrounding sweet wine making, by the Viticultural Committee of the State University. All their work practically has been devoted to dry wines for making which rich musts are not desired. If you fall back on analyses of musts in France or Germany, remember that the climatic conditions are wholly dissimilar to ours. They cannot get the sugar contents which we can. Nature has denied it. If you think their analyses of wine prove anything we deny it. How do you know that those same dry wines have not been fortified?

Second: We do not think that it was you who threw discredit on the statements of Professor Hilgard of the State University and Professor Rising the State Analyst as to the sugar contents of musts. That act was one wholly unworthy of you and your station. The statements of either is worth a dozen opinions of non-experts in Washington. Messrs. Rising and Hilgard stand high in their callings and to seek to throw a cloud directly or indirectly on what they say is neither wise nor creditable. Neither gentleman is an interested party in the matter and depend upon it they are familiar with what they say.

Third: We would call your attention to the fact that in making sweet wine abroad, and in making such dry wines as the Yquem for instance, desiccation before crushing the grapes is usually practiced. No practice in wine making or handling is more legitimate and in making some wines, it is absolutely indispensable. Are you seeking to reform the time honored, necessary and honorable practices of the old world and to establish a new school of wine makers in California, simply because some one in your Department thinks grape must should not run over twenty-six and one half per cent of sugar? Such a position is simply untenable.

Fourth: We would beg to remind you that the Sweet Wine Bill was passed to aid the wine makers and not to hamper them. It was not designed to enable some one in your office to display his unfamiliarity with our wine making by ruling (as your regulations imply) that when grapes cost twelve dollars a ton, it is profitable to buy sugar at one hundred dollars per ton to add for sweetening purposes when we can get all the sugar we want in Nature's Laboratory.

Fifth: We think that a trip to California in the vintage season would prove pleasant and instructive to you, and a God-send to the wine men. It would enable you to see wine made without adding sugar or water to must, a practice which you have not observed in New York, Ohio and elsewhere, and it would certainly clear up some other foggy ideas you have on our industry. We should fare better we know when you were better informed.

Sixth: We would respectfully propose in conclusion that you pay more attention to the suggestions and recommendations of your subordinates here, who we might suggest, are far better prepared to give you reliable information on the facts than any one now in Washington. Your subordinates here are faithful, zealous gentlemen and are worthy of the first hearing as between them and your present Washington assistants.

A CHAMPAGNE STEAL.

The champagne importers and consumers of two cities are just now in the clutches of a jury of highway robbers under the guise of hotel and restaurant keepers who have found a new way to cinch the public and at the same time injure the business of the houses handling foreign champagnes. Under the New Tariff Bill and the Customs Administration Bill the duty on these wines was practically raised \$1.50 per case. The opportunity has been seized by the hotel men to put up the price from \$4.00 to \$1.50 per bottle on the strength of the "McKinley Bill" being in force. This amounts to a raise in retail price of \$6.00 per case, which is in plain terms a steal and should not be tolerated. The retailers are getting \$51.00 per case for a wine which costs them \$32.00 less a liberal discount. In other words they want to encourage the trade by compelling their patrons to pay an outrageous and unreasonable price for an article which could and should be sold at a lower figure.

In New York \$3.50 is the standard bottle price for champagne at the highest class restaurants. Here a man is victimized to the extent of \$4.50 or \$5.00 a bottle. Frequent attempts to raise prices in New York have been promptly met and defeated by the patrons of the better restaurants. We in California bear petty swindles with more equanimity.

We suggest to the champagne importers that they are in a position to stop this infamous piece of robbery and at the same time greatly popularize their wines, by combining and setting down on the retailers ring. There is no doubt but what sales would largely increase were the retailer's prices curtailed to something within reason and justice. The champagne business is practically in the hands of six or eight houses and they can put a check rein on imposition if they will get together and have a fifteen minutes talk over the matter.

Such action is to the advantage of all and can be endorsed by all. It is only recently that the New York importers promptly nipped a projected retail advance in the bud by merely threatening to cease selling to those who wanted to plead "McKinley Bill" as an excuse for gauging the public. Let the public. Let the importing houses here act similarly and they will greatly increase their rates and at the same time conciliate an ugly though not very open feeling of resentment among consumers.

ONE ON THE "BULLETIN."

"In recording the visit of Mr. Tobe Hurt to this market recently, the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW casts a reflection on the size of Mr. Hurt's auricular organs by remarking that 'Big, fat Lobe Hurt was here.'"—*Cincinnati Correspondence Wine and Spirit Bulletin*.

This is one on our proof reader we will admit, but how is this for the *Bulletin* coming from an alleged correspondent at Santa Rosa:

"Walden & Co., of Geyserville, have manufactured 400,000 gallons of brandy this season."—*Bulletin, January 3d*.

We don't know who the "correspondent" of the *Bulletin* is at Santa Rosa, but we do know that Messrs. Walden are about 300,000 gallons short of the amount stated, though they are among the foremost brandy distillers of the world. Are we even friend Washburne?

SWEET WINE MAKERS.

The Serious Trouble They Have Been Having and its Causes.

The past three weeks have been marked by unusual commotion among the sweet wine makers in consequence of a ruling by Commissioner Mason, arising out of a misunderstanding on his part of the conditions under which sweet wines are made.

The trouble began by his ordering the stamps taken off from many packages of sweet wines in the first and fourth districts, in cases where the sugar and alcoholic percentage of the wine before fortification showed that there had originally been more than twenty-six and one-half per cent. of sugar in the must before fermentation was begun. His ruling was, no doubt, actuated by his experience in the east where it is absolutely out of the question to get as high a percentage of sugar in the must as it is here.

Commissioner Mason does not seem to have known this. His ruling came unexpectedly and though known by the Internal Revenue Collectors to be unreasonable and unjust, they had to enforce it. The result was that many wine makers were assessed for the brandy used in fortification, instead of being seized as they should have been. The assessment plan operated better to the purposes of the Revenue Department, and was a stinging blow at the wine makers who could ill afford to pay up without a legal chance for their lives. This was the hardest part of the whole matter, and it was made doubly severe by the fact that the parties seized were as absolutely guiltless of any fraud or fraudulent intent as was Commissioner Mason.

Immediately on the enforcement of this ruling there was a meeting of the sweet wine men and after much discussion the following telegrams were agreed upon and sent on to Washington:

SAN FRANCISCO January 23, 1891.

Hon. John W. Mason, Washington, D. C.—From recent decisions of your department we infer that you are not fully informed regarding the saccharine strength of grapes used in sweet wine in California and would urge you to suspend action in such cases until facts can be presented. It can be proved to your satisfaction that our grapes readily attain a saccharine strength of twenty-five to thirty-five per cent.

I. DE TURK.

SAN FRANCISCO, January, 23, 1891.

Leland Stanford, Joseph McKenna and California Delegation—Sweet wines fortified under the new law are being detained by the Internal Revenue Department. The result will be disastrous to every wine maker in California unless action is suspended. Commissioner Mason evidently does not understand the saccharine strength of our grapes. Please urge him to suspend action until wine makers can be heard. It will be proved to his satisfaction that grapes in our sweet wine districts obtain from twenty-five to thirty-five per cent of sugar. Please advise us of your actions.

I. DE TURK.

GEO. WEST.

J. DE BARTH SHORB.

E. B. ROGERS.

C. K. KERBY.

H. W. CRABB.

JUAN GALLEGOS.

C. A. WETMORE.

Prof. Hilgard of the State University also sent the Commissioner a telegram to the same effect and Professor Rising sent a dispatch to C. A. Crampton the Government Chemist reading as follows:

SAN FRANCISCO, January 23, 1891.

C. A. Crampton, Washington D. C.—Recent decisions of the Department affect many wine makers in this state very seriously. I can assure you from personal knowledge that the sugar in grape's juice often varies from twenty-five to thirty-five per cent. This can be substantiated by abundant evidence.

W. B. RISING, State Analyst.

The replies that were received in response to these telegrams were as follows:

WASHINGTON, January 24th, 1891

J. De Barth Shorb, San Francisco, Cal.—The Commissioner will hear you. See letter to the President of the Viticultural Commission.

J. MCKENNA.

WASHINGTON, January 24th, 1891.

I. De Turk and others, San Francisco, Cal.—Your telegram received. I have requested Commissioner Mason to grant your request.

LELAND STANFORD.

President De Turk of the Commission also received a reply from Commissioner Eason, and the data asked for by that official is being prepared. Commissioner Mason's request was as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 24th, 1891.

I. De Turk, President Viticultural Commissioners—Furnish detailed statement of all published analyses of pure grape juice unfermented containing twenty-six and one-half per cent grape sugar and upwards; not the total solids or concentrated must. Send statement of method of sugar determination.

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

But of still greater importance as far as practical results go, were the dispatches which passed between Collector Sears and the Commissioner, as through them the sweet wine detained in the wineries was set free. After others had taken action Collector Sears came to the point with the following proposal:

SAN FRANCISCO, January 26th, 1891.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C.—In view of hardships to sweet wine makers, caused by the detention of large quantities of wine, preventing sales and thus causing possible financial failures. I recommend that a quart sample of each cask of wine be taken in presence of the sweet wine maker, Deputy Collector and the gauger. The samples to be a true and agreed upon average of the wine in such cask. The bottles to be sealed and labelled, numbered and signed by the sweet wine maker, Deputy and Gauger. When samples have been taken the labels signed and attached, then the order for detention to be revoked and the wine released to owners for sale or removal. The samples to be held as evidence in all questions arising. It would seem that the government is thus fully protected, while the wine makers are saved from financial complications, if not insolvency. Can this be granted? W. H. SEARS, Collector.

To this dispatch came the subjoined answer from Commissioner Mason which temporarily relieved all the wine makers of their troubles.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 27th, 1891.

W. H. Sears, Collector, San Francisco Cal.—Plan suggested in your telegram may be followed, except in cases where parties are guilty of fraud.

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

A HIGH COMPLIMENT.

CHICAGO February 4, 1891.

Publishers Pacific Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco, Cal.—GENTLEMEN: We are pleased to hand you herewith our latest list of offerings of California wines for the ensuing season. It will give you an idea of our method of introducing California's best wines.

In this connection we desire to express our favorable opinion of your issue of January 26th. In general appearance and information contained, it excels any other paper in the trade, at least in our estimation. The information contained in reference to the wines, expressing the views of standard authorities should be profitably and attentively perused by the trade throughout the East, tending as the information does to stimulate increased efforts in behalf of one of California's grandest industries.

Assuring you of our cordial support in your efforts to bring California's wines properly before the public, we are,

Yours truly,

DELAFIELD, MCGOVERN & Co.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

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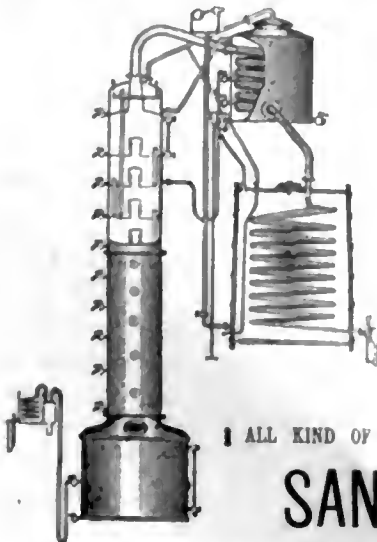
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Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest
 Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines
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Correspondence Solicited from Producers as well as Dealers Throughout the Entire United States.

IMPORTANT TO DISTILLERS AND WINE MAKERS.



This cut represents our latest *Improved Continuous Still* which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical, easily operated and separates the aldehyde and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and reduces the cost fully ninety per cent in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

We refer to GEO. WEST & SON, Stockton; JOHN WHEELER, St. Helena.

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DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chace, 1041 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of the Age.

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Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
 [Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
 429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

Try Dr. Henley's Specialties
TAMARACK AND I. X. L. BITTERS.

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FOR MALARIA & CONSTIPATION
 SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

USE DR. HENLEY'S

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FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION
 SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Depot and Laboratory, 23 Montgomery Ave., S. F.

DICK MANDLEBAUM SKIPS.

As the REVIEW goes to press it is announced that Raoul Mandlebaum, of the firm of Mandlebaum & Sons, has absconded to Australia leaving his house involved to the extent of \$104,000. His downfall is attributed to women and a generally fast life. Particulars of the firm's financial condition are not now obtainable.

A FINE PAPER.

The holiday number of the Louisville *Bulletin* is a book of which Editor Washburne may well feel proud. It is a handsome publication of one-hundred-and-six pages printed in excellent style and is good evidence of what can be accomplished by energy and business ability coupled with the well-known enterprise and liberality of Kentucky's distillers. We understand that Mr. Washburne proposes to devote his whole time and talents to the *Bulletin* in the future and we can only wish him all possible good fortune and many repetitions of his latest success.

THE LARGEST COMPANY WEST OF NEW YORK.

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INSURANCE COMPANY

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Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

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 22, 24, 26 Elm Street.

This Space Reserved For

J. GUNDLACH & CO.

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Cor. Second and Market Streets - - - San Francisco, Cal.

Trade Notes.

The Natoma Vineyard Co. is shipping considerable wine and brandy of late and its goods are reported to be giving excellent satisfaction.

Wm. Wolff has gone on a flying trip to New York and may run across to Europe before his return. Should he conclude not to cross the frog pond he will be home during the week.

Moore, Hunt & Co., have received another lot of "Jesse Moore" around the Horn. The five months of continuous motion on the water imparts a bouquet and flavor to whisky that can be gained in no other way.

Alfred Greenbaum & Co. have secured the Coast agency of the Nebraska Distilling Co., an independent institution which has come into this field for the purpose of competing with the Trust for the trade in spirits and alcohol.

There are 400,000 gallons of brandy in bond at Senator Stanford's Vina Vineyard. Some of it is coming out of bond now and Stanford brandy will no doubt be upon the market in a short time. We predict for it a very successful entre into trade society.

Secretary Dietzly of the Union Distillery Co., Cincinnati, announces the introduction of a new brand to the trade. It is to be known as "Tippesannoe," and is a fire copper whisky with a large percentage of small grain in the mash. We bespeak a bright future for the new candidate for public favor.

Harris, Kingston & Reynolds have succeeded in substantially establishing themselves as caterers to the trade only. Their wines and brandies represent the best products of Napa county and are a credit to that section. The firm report business a little quiet at present, but say they have no cause for complaint.

Superintendent Roark, of Ed. Murphy & Co., informs us that their distillery is running smoothly and that they are making a good crop and fine quality of the "Belle of Anderson County" sour mash. We know that anything in the shape of whisky turned out by Ed. Murphy & Co., is good enough for the most fastidious.

Jas. L. Davis, the enterprising agent for To-Kalon, H. W. Crabb's famous brand of wines and brandies, requests us to inform his many friends and patrons that owing to the great increase in his business and lack of room in his present quarters, he will shortly remove to his fine new office on Market Street. We wish him in the future, as in the past, unbounded success.

The Hon. E. H. Taylor, Jr. to whom the trade require no introduction, has resigned the position of Mayor of Frankfort, on account of the fact that he contemplates removing very soon to his handsome new residence outside of the city limits. Mr. Taylor has been Mayor of the Capital City for some eight or ten years, and might have continued to hold that position, had he so chosen, for an indefinite period.

DeLafield, McGovern & Co., of Chicago, have issued a very unique and artistic price-list of California wines and brandies for the spring and summer of '91. It is bound in paste-board and the covers represent L. De Turk's wine cases. Messrs DeLafield, McGovern & Co., are Chicago agents for L. De Turk, La Feld Vineyard, Eisen Vineyard Co., Lisbon Winery and the California Wine Growers' Union. They are meeting with very flattering success in placing California wines in their field, and are earnest workers in the cause of pure California wines direct from the vineyard of the grower.

Beck, Pyhrr & Co., are very confident of the future of California wines, particularly the best grades in bottles, of which line they make a specialty. They have always adhered to the wise policy of buying only the best wines to be had, and of never

placing the goods on the market till they were in as perfect a condition as intelligent cellar treatment could make them. The rapid growth in the popularity of the wines handled by the firm and the recent great increase in their facilities for doing business indicate the appreciation in which their goods and methods are held by the general public.

Wine and brandy men who are in need of a cheap, economical motor, should examine that made by the Electric Vapor Engine Co. Its principal merits are that it is always ready for use, requires no boiler, fire, engineer or license, makes no smoke or ashes, and is entirely safe. A specialty of the company is a "wine plant" mounted on a truck and equipped with an engine and rotary bronze pump which will force from 500 to 3000 gallons of wine or water per hour, and consume less than one gallon of gasoline in ten hours, at a cost of seventeen cents. For wineries and distilleries this should be a very valuable piece of machinery. The company's offices are at 218 California street this city.

The many friends of A. P. Hoteling will receive with pleasure the announcement that he is enjoying better health than for many years past and that his failing eyesight has been so far restored as to enable him to once more give his attention to his widely extended business interests. To his ability and untiring energy is largely due the great prestige of the "J. H. Cutter" whisky on the Pacific coast. While he will be welcomed again to the ranks of the active trade, he will have to divide honors and popularity with A. P. Hoteling Jr., who has so ably handled the business of the house during his sire's indisposition. The junior member's strict attention to business, affable manners and many manly qualities have won him many friends among the trade, who predict for him a bright and successful career.

On our recent visit to Kentucky we visited one sour mash distillery which is deserving of special mention, by reason of the high reputation it has attained as a producer of high grade whiskies. We refer to the institution of the Eagle Distillery Co., which was organized by T. J. Monarch, an old-fashioned sour mash distiller. His methods of production have been continued, but the plant is anything but old-fashioned. On the contrary it is a magnificent brick structure, three stories high, with slate roof and cement floors. The machinery is of first-class manufacture and though plain in construction is of the very best quality. In this house you find the old-fashioned kettle stills of copper, copper doubler, iron and wooden tanks, small wooden tubs, mash tubs and a complete equipment for making strictly sour mash whisky, which is known to the trade as "T. J. Monarch" and "Imperial." The Eagle Distillery is situated ten miles west of Owensboro, on the Ohio river and a short distance from the L. St. L. & T. R. R., thus having perfect facilities for transportation by rail and water. Quick shipments and low rates of freight are other advantages enjoyed by those dealing with this company.

The storage warehouses are built on a high knoll, are thoroughly ventilated and well adapted for improving and ageing whisky.

This distillery plant was recently purchased by Mr. R. Monarch, who is President of the company, a fact which is a guarantee to the trade that only first-class goods will be produced and that conservatism will always govern the production, to the end that the interests of the patrons of the company may be protected.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER,
19 Hudson Street,

New York

A WRONG POLICY.

Through the instrumentality of the irrepressible publisher of a senile "hoss" paper, his side partner, ex-accidency Waterman and a few others equally interested parties, an effort is being made in the Legislature to cripple or abolish the State Viticultural Commission. This opposition all grew out of the ill feeling existing between Waterman and a gentleman, who until recently was a member of the Commission. On account of this personal matter Waterman has used every possible means, fair and otherwise, to cast discredit upon the Viticultural Commission, not because it was not a worthy institution, but because he wished to be revenged upon an enemy.

In the skeleton of the Appropriation Bill which was submitted during the fortnight, we see some of the fruits of Waterman's efforts, in the reduction of the estimate for the appropriation, from \$35,000 to \$20,000 for two years. To show the consistency of the law-makers who hatched out the financial measure it is only necessary to state that while they propose to fatally handicap the Viticultural Commission they provide \$25,000 for the Forestry Commission, which in the whole course of its existence has not accomplished anything whatever in the preservation of the forests of the State. However, it is backed by an active lobby and will therefore be cared for, while a worthy institution that should require no lobbying to establish its claims to substantial support, is put under the knife. This is carrying personal politics too far, and we are confident that if the members of the Legislature understood the situation, they would lose no time in sitting down on this Waterman-Boruck scheme.

There are several useless commissions that might well be dispensed with, but the Viticultural Commission should not be classed among these, for it ranks with the Horticultural Commission in the matter of its importance as a promoter of one of the great industries of the State. Viticulture in California is in its infancy yet and it needs all the fostering care and encouragement that the State can give it. No one conversant with the situation doubts that California is destined to eventually become one of the greatest wine and brandy producing countries in the world, or that she will derive a vast revenue from her viticultural products, which at the present time bring millions of dollars into the State annually. To say that a State Commission representing such an industry should be deliberately hampered and rendered helpless, because a soreheaded political outcast wants to gratify his personal spite, is the wildest folly.

If the law-makers at Sacramento will investigate the matter, they will find that there is a general desire among all classes of wine men, that the Viticultural Commission should be fostered, by reason of the fact that it is doing good work in promoting the wine industry. This is the feeling even among those in the trade who were at one time bitterly opposed to the continuance of this institution.

These are facts which our legislators should carefully consider before taking any action on the appropriation.

Cincinnati Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

Since our last advices there has been no change in the whisky market worthy of mention. In fact both bourbons and ryes are at a standstill in all ages younger than '88's, and probably will be for some time to come. Old goods—'87's and '88's are in active demand. The market, however, has a fairly firm tone and there are no grounds for anxiety regarding the immediate future.

W. S. Barnes, the well-known distiller of Lexington, was in the city last week for a brief visit.

Tom Pepper, the Lexington giant and representative of the Wm. Tarr Distillery, was into see us a few days ago. He says that his firm has bought up all the '81, '82 and '83 "Old

Tarr" Whisky and will bottle it exclusively, making it the handsomest package that has ever been put on the market.

Mr. S. Tarr, of Wm. Tarr & Co., Lexington, has been here with their right hand bower, Tom Pepper. He reports that they have sold all their '89's and '90's and have not a barrel to sell except some few '88's. They come high but the people must have them.

Mr. Chas. Roth, of Moore & Selliger, paid Cincinnati a visit a few days ago.

Mr. J. A. Cunningham, vice president of the J. G. Mattingly Co., was chaperoned around Cincinnati this week by their representative Louis Pook. Louis is a hummer and is no doubt selling his share of goods.

Mr. E. M. Bramble, president of the F. S. Ashbrook Co., distillers of the Van Hook, reports all of their '89's and '90's disposed of.

SHAW.

ENCOURAGING FACTS.

After permitting phylloxera to run riot for years, the prominent growers whose vineyards have been devastated by the pest, have decided that it is best to save their property from total destruction. As a result there is a demand for resistant stocks that is far beyond the supply.

We have long urged the necessity for such action on the part of growers, and it is gratifying to know that they have at last discovered the unwisdom of their course and are preparing to stamp out the destroyer of their property. The time is certainly ripe for calling a halt in this direction, for it requires no prophetic vision to see that the margin of supply over the demand for California wines is becoming very close. The annual figures published in the last issue of the REVIEW show that the exports for 1890 were over 9,000,000 gallons. The consumption of native wine in this State is growing at a very rapid rate and is now estimated at 7,000,000 gallons per annum. This gives us a total of 16,000,000 gallons accounted for. A very liberal estimate of the '90 vintage is 19,000,000 gallons—a figure far beyond the approximations of those in a position to give an intelligent idea of the product. Upon this basis we would have a surplus of 3,000,000 gallons, aside from the stocks carried over from former years, and it is well known that these were much less in the aggregate than they have been for several years past.

Taking these facts into connection with the production of brandy during the past distilling season—representing in round numbers 5,000,000 gallons of wine distilled—it does not appear that there is much wine in the cellars of this State for which there should not be a fair demand during the current year.

In considering these figures of production and consumption it is proper to remember further the fact that the increase of exports in 1890 was about 1,200,000 gallons against an increase of 684,945 gallons in 1889. It is reasonable to suppose that the growth of demand will be in an equal ratio with that of last year and as there can be no marked increase in production for several years to come, there is every reason to believe that within two years the demand for our wines will be as great or greater than the supply. With such a condition of affairs it is well to begin replanting diseased vineyards with resistant stocks and put an end to the diminution of the product to the end that when the era of renewed prosperity comes the growers will be in a position to profit by it.

OLIVES!

Twenty-six Thousand Trees For Sale.

MANZANILLO, NAVADILLO, BLANCO, PICHOLINE, also other choice varieties in limited number, ranging from one to four feet in height,
Price according to Size and Variety. Address

JOHN COOK, Nurseryman.

BERKELEY, ALAMEDA COUNTY CAL.

SHORT CROP OF BRANDY.

The detailed account of the transactions in bonded brandy in both districts of this State for the year 1890, which appears elsewhere in this issue, will be found valuable to distillers and dealers.

The production in the First District, which comprises that portion of the State south of Stockton, does not make an encouraging showing, indicating as it does a decrease of 124,199 gallons from the product of the previous year. Taking the production, receipts from other districts and withdrawals, tax paid, and for export, we have a deficit of 94,513 gallons for the year. The exports, transferred and tax-paid goods aggregated 580,058 gallons, withdrawals for foreign exportations aggregated 93,658 gallons.

The Fourth District, which includes the northern half of the State, makes a better exhibit in the matter of production with a total for the year of 762,423 gallons, or an increase of 61,229 gallons. The bonded goods on hand at the end of the year were 52,286 gallons in excess of the amount on bond in January 1st 1890. There were 133,501 gallons withdrawn tax paid, 8,832 for export and 517,460 gallons for transfer to other districts.

From a review of the foregoing figures it will be seen that there is a shortage in the brandy product, as compared with that of 1889, and this being the case there is every reason to expect an additional advance in prices over those of last year.

Knowing the scarcity of all ages in first hands we are confident that '01 will witness greater activity in the brandy market than has been experienced for years past.

There should have been an increased product to meet the unusual demand that was created last year, but the brandy was not made and the demand is still growing. The natural consequences should therefore follow.

SWEET WINE MEN ORGANIZE.

During the past fortnight the prominent sweet wine makers of the State, including Geo. West, L. P. Drexler, C. K. Kirby, Frank West, F. T. Eisen, P. C. Rossi, H. W. Crabb, E. C. Priber, Chas. Kohler, I. De Turk and Julius P. Smith, have held several meetings for the purpose of deciding upon the best means to secure a proper ruling from the Internal Revenue Department or the Sweet Wine Law. Under Commissioner Mason's present construction of the law, the makers of sweet wine are fatally handicapped and it is absolutely necessary that a more reasonable and favorable ruling be obtained. For this reason the gentlemen named have formed themselves into an association with L. P. Drexler as President and Frank West as Secretary. They have concluded that the quickest way to solve the vexing problem before them is to send a competent man to Washington to lay the case before the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and convince him of the error of his position. The expenses of this mission have been provided for by an assessment of one-half cent upon each gallon of sweet wine produced by the several members.

The party who is to perform this important service has not yet been selected.

MIDA'S DIRECTORY.

We are pleased to acknowledge the receipt of a copy of "Mida's Directory of Wholesale Liquor Dealers and Distillers" for the year 1890. The publication is a valuable one to the trade of the country, having been compiled with great care, to the end that it might be "a reliable compendium which could be utilized for practical business purposes." The names of the small and unimportant distillers have been eliminated and to avoid the useless mailing of several circulars the names only of real controllers and their brands and location are given. On each page a margin for "Remarks" is left in order that each subscriber may rate firms according to his own judgment.

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A VALUABLE DEPARTMENT.

With this issue of the REVIEW we present a department of statistics which the trade and producers of California have long desired, but could not procure. It consists of a monthly table showing the shipments of wine and brandy from various districts of the State, in bulk and cased goods and the overland shipments of wines and brandies in case and bulk, including the points of distribution throughout the United States. This is the most valuable statistical matter ever presented to the wine men of California as it gives them an accurate monthly statement of the demand and development of trade in every portion of the country, north, south, east and west.

A VISIT TO SACRAMENTO.

On the third inst., President De Turk of the Viticultural Commission, Chief Viticultural Officer Wetmore, Manager C. J. Wetmore, and Secretary Scott went to Sacramento to appear before the Special Assembly Committee on Commissions to give their views as to the advisability of continuing the Viticultural Commission.

It was reported before they went that Mr. Brusie, a young member from Sacramento had blood in his eye, and was about to report in favor of consolidating all the Commissions into a general department of Agriculture, with headquarters in Sacramento. When Messrs De Turk and Wetmore were on the stand they gave very conclusive reasons why such a course would practically make the Commission entirely useless, and they stated that they would rather see the Commission abolished than moved to Sacramento to become a tool of politicians, and a useless machine.

Mr. C. A. Wetmore was the chief spokesman, and in the discussion which followed the first examinations, he took a leading part. His concluding remarks to the Committee were: "Abolish the Commission if you see fit, rather than bring us up to Sacramento to be the prey of politicians. Our work is such that it can only be carried on by specialists. We want to do our work in the way that has met with the approval of all who are in the industry. As a tax-payer I here and now object to wasting money on a lot of political boards or on one political board in Sacramento. If you cannot see your way to letting the wine men, the fruit men, and others work in their own manner, then don't make any pretence of doing their work in Sacramento."

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

		Wine.	Brandy
January	24.....	70,570	300
"	26.....	21,840	10,840
"	27.....	38,810	60
"	28.....	26,500	2,100
"	29.....	61,140	3,660
"	30.....	19,910	100
"	31.....	47,320	.....
Total for January.....		830,675	108,100
February	2.....	31,260	2,635
"	3.....	54,050	350
"	4.....	27,370	5,660
"	5.....	42,210	5,740
"	6.....	44,690	7,130
"	7.....	43,810	100
"	9.....	39,530	.....
"	10.....	29,100	4,970
"	11.....	22,420	620
"	12.....	36,620	2,300

AGENT WANTED.

We want a young, active and reliable man to represent our house in San Francisco, and are prepared to offer satisfactory inducements to the right party. Correspondence solicited.

DRYDEN & PALMER,
19 Hudson St., New York.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS January 23, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
B F & Co. W Hoboken	A Haraszthy & Co.	16 barrels	797	\$ 233
E F P, Boston Mass.	"	12 barrels	573	222
D M & Co.	Cal Wine Grow's Union	100 barrels	5005	2736
B in di'd	Kohler & Van Bergen	25 barrels	1243	630
L M.	A Greenebaum & Co.	25 barrels	1205	304
C in di'd	"	10 barrels	473	162
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	150 barrels	7567	3500
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling	80 barrels	4049	2024
E W.	Natoma Vineyard Co.	101 barrels	4877	1951
	Miscellaneous	214 barrels	10484	3660
T M Providence	Dresel & Co.	3 barrels	150	90
J H.	Cal Transfer Co.	6 barrels	300	150
F M Manchester	Lenormand Bros.	1 hf-barrels	36	18
P in di'd	B Frapoli & Co.	35 barrels	1690	682
A F.	W R A Johnson	2 barrels	96	39
G.	J Gundlach & Co.	77 barrels	3726	1900
G.	"	1 half-barrel		
S in star	"	16 Puncheous	2601	963
G.	"	12 cases		60
Total amount Wine 12 cases and			44872	\$19324

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS January 23, 1891.

A Z & Co. Champerico	J Gundlach & Co.	8 kegs	80	54
A V	"	10 kegs	100	65
"	"	18 cases		90
C B A & Co	"	21 bbls bottled	330	
"	"	6 cases	26	
B H	"	40 bbls bottled	790	
"	"	10 kegs	100	55
R P La Union	"	2 bbls 1 keg	115	82
G L & Co Acapulco	Goldtree Bros.	26 half-barrels	750	158
H L C Puntas Arenas	Castle Bros	6 barrels	158	400
F P & Co La Libertad	Urruela & Urioste	6 half-barrels	172	132
D F Champerico	John T Wright	12 kegs	120	90
F B Puntas Arenas	J Trejos & Co.	10 cases	37	
M D La Union	F Meeks	120 cases	370	
A C D Acapulco	B Dreyfus & Co.	32 kegs	320	350
"	"	9 barrels	528	475
"	"	10 kegs		
V J La Union	"	25 kegs	250	260
M C S Puntas Arenas	"	20 kegs	200	225
E C	"	20 hf-barrels	735	725
"	"	20 kegs		
Total amount Wine 154 cases and			3628	\$4714

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS January 23, 1891.

U in di'd Acapulco	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels	122	30
C in di'd	I Gntle	1 barrel	50	98
"	"	1 barrel	50	25
"	"	5 kegs	80	47
P U C	W Loaiza & Co.	1 barrel	52	34
Total amount Wine			344	\$225

TO JAPAN—PER STEAMER CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO February 5, 1891.

C W Co Yokohama	Cal Transfer co	50 barrels	2500	600
W Y	Sing Fat & Co.	2 cases		5
L India'd Co	Hermann & Co.	10 barrels	518	130
Total amount 2 cases and			3018	\$735

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER MEXICO January 25, 1891.

E A P Guaymas	J F Schleiden	2 barrels	104	49
J C San Jose del Cabo	J Cazzulo	1 keg	15	8
Y, Ensenada	Thannhauser & Co.	5 kegs	20	51
M G La Paz	"	28 kegs	190	189
H C Guaymas	J O Meyerink	2 kegs	20	20
"	"	10 kegs	100	50
A W	W B Easton	2 cases		7
A C Ensenada	J M Peterson & Co.	7 barrels	150	40
B B Guaymas	Cabrera Roma & Co.	10 kegs	100	40
"	"	10 octave	155	62
"	"	10 cases		40
C J Ensenada	F Meeks	1 hf-barrel	33	15
"	"	3 kegs	44	29
B D & Co Guaymas	W Loaiza	2 casks	119	48
S & H	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels	107	69
"	"	3 hf-barrel	80	49
J Z	"	1 barrel	46	25
B in di'd	A Carpentier	10 cases		50
"	"	20 barrels	1000	939
B M & M	B F Rountree	5 kegs	50	52
F H Mazatlan	A K Stevens	2 barrels	66	59
F S Guaymas	F Chevallier & Co.	1 octave	23	10
I B	"	3 kegs	30	25
C G & Co Guaymas	W Loaiza	10 cases		35
Y H	"	2 casks	32	30
F T	"	5 packages	155	116
Total amount Wine cases 32 and			2,639	\$1,477

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER COLIMA February 3, 1891.

C B R	Berlinger Bros	5 barrels	250	200
L G & Co.	W R A Johnson	5 barrels	245	50
Triangle	Lachman & Jacobi	10 barrels	520	224
L T	"	15 barrels	777	231
B B	"	20 barrels		
"	"	20 hf-barrels	1504	644
"	"	2 cases		10
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	12 barrels	600	400
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	150 barrels	7429	3000
C E.	Dresel & Co.	4 barrels		
"	"	2 hf-barrels	513	372
J P.	"	5 barrels		
Various Marks	"	10 barrels	710	395
A H.	"	27 barrels	1865	850
H B.	"	12 barrels	606	352
K & K Baltimore	"	16 casks	1603	891
F in di'd	Overland F T Co.	30 barrels	1485	591
M D T Co.	W Hoelscher & Co.	2 hf-barrels	54	54
B B	Garnier Lancel & Co.	50 barrels	2510	728
S in di'd	B Frapoli & Co.	60 barrels	2874	862
C in di'd	Kohler & Van Bergen	10 barrels	499	250
G	J Gundlach & Co.	51 barrels	2408	747
C & H Brooklyn	"	50 barrels	2372	711
K & F	Kohler & Frohling	250 barrels	12687	5075
E F	Cal Transfer Co.	2 barrels	100	100
Washington	Miscellaneous	230 barrels	11282	4000
Baltimore	"	17 barrels	853	350
"	"	3 barrels	149	50
Total amount 2 cases and			53965	\$21136

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER COLIMA February 3, 1891.

R J S La Libertad	F Meeks	2 cases		7
F B Corinto	"	20 cases		70
"	"	1 hf-barrel	26	18
M H C Puntas Arenas	John T Wright	2 kegs	20	14
R A R Corinto	"	5 kegs	75	85
J M B Acapulco	"	50 cases		200
M D S San J de Guat.	"	6 hf-barrels	158	104
"	"	231 cases		947
F & B Corinto	Italian Swiss Colony	10 hf barrels	280	140
G J & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	3 hf barrels 5 kegs	159	160
J L S J de Guat.	"	3 barrels bottled		45
B B & Co La Libertad	Bloom Baruch & Co.	5 barrels	250	150
M B T Corinto	Cabrera Roma & Co.	1 barrel	35	29
M P La Libertad	"	1 keg	10	11
F S Ocos	"	114 cases		463
F A Corinto	J Gundlach & Co.	4 packages	117	69
T S	"	3 packages	56	41
P A	"	20 barrels	997	648
C De S Puntas Arenas	E de Sabla	2 hf barrels	51	74
Total amount 3 barrels bottled 47 cases and			2234	\$3275

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

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TO MEXICO PER STEAMER COLIMA FEBRUARY 3, 1891.

M H Acapulco.	I. P. Lastrero	1 barrel	26	13
H S "	J. D. Meyerlink	2 kegs	76	50
L "	Redington & Co	3 hf barrels	78	61
K & V B, Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	1 barrel	70	25
" "	"	4 kegs	60	36
" "	"	25 cases		108
C M P "	W. Lomiza	1 keg	21	15
J M "	"	1 cask	62	31
Total amount 26 cases and			323	\$823

TO HONOLULU PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA JANUARY 27, 1891.

W S L.	Leuschmidt Bros	5 barrels	253	119
" "	S. Lachman & Co.	10 barrels	511	313
" "	Miscellaneous	270 kegs 20 octaves	2154	1780
H C & Co.	Arpad Haraszthy & Co.	6 barrels	306	216
" "	"	10 kegs	150	375
W C P & Co.	B. Dreyfus & Co	15 hf barrels	101	214
L & Co.	Lachman & Jacob	5 hf punch	103	95
E H & Co.	Kohler & Frohling	6 casks	395	115
" "	"	10 quarter casks	329	167
" "	"	10 kegs	50	25
M H G & Co.	M S Grubbaum & Co.	3 cases		10
G W M & Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen	18 barrels	909	550
" "	"	135 kegs	975	670
G Ind'l'd	D W Gedge	132 packages	950	660
P G C.	D G Camarinos	1 barrel	19	20
Total amount Wine 5 cases and			8126	\$8126

TO HONOLULU PER BARKENTINE W. H. DIMOND JANUARY 27, 1891.

W C P & Co.	H Dreyfus & Co	10 hf barrels	101	1510
" "	"	250 kegs	2068	25
" "	"	5 cases		25
W W T.	Wing Wo Sang & Co.	30 kegs	350	210
Total amount 5 cases and			2418	\$1775

TO VICTORIA PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA JANUARY 20, 1891.

A Victoria	Korbell & Bros	1 barrel	51	44
N G D.	Cal Transfer Co.	1 hf barrel	25	25
F F Vancouver	Cal Wine Grow's Union	1 hf barrel	27	18
" "	"	1 hf barrel	27	34
Total amount			130	\$121

TO NANAIMO PER STEAMER EMPIRE JANUARY 21, 1891.

J D & Co Nanaimo	Wolters Bros & Co.	1 barrel	48	56
" "	"	2 hf barrels	51	82
J M "	Cal Wine Grow's Union	4 kegs	40	60
Total amount Wine			142	\$178

TO CHINA & JAPAN PER STEAMER OCEANIC JANUARY 22, 1891.

Mise M G Yokohama	Southern Pacific Co	1 case		12
M Ind'l'd	Kohler & Van Bergen	18 "		90
" "	J F McGovern & Co.	10 "		171
" "	Wilkins & Co.	35 cases		150
H & Co Foochow	Herriman & Co.	10 barrels	485	122
H Ind'l'd Co Yokohama	S Foster & Co.	18 cases	69	
A Ind'l'd, Manila	Miscellaneous	2 barrels	95	25
Total amount cases 112 and			570	\$639

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA FEBRUARY 4, 1891.

F G W Victoria	F Korbell	2 cases		10
F B "	"	3 cases		16
A H McM "	"	1 case		4
H P Co New Westminster	A Greenbaum & Co.	4 barrels	196	127
H B Co Victoria	"	1 barrels	198	48
" "	J Gundlach & Co.	10 cases		54
Total amount 16 cases and			291	\$259

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLA, JANUARY 29, 1891.

F & Co Victoria	J Gundlach & Co.	1 barrel	48	26
H & McA "	Kohler & Van Bergen	3 barrels	152	75
T & S "	"	2 barrels	102	65
W J M "	"	1 hf barrel	26	8
Total amount Wine			328	\$177

TO HONOLULU PER BARKENTINE S. C. ALLEN JANUARY 29, 1891.

E H A Co	Kohler & Frohling	6 casks	394	197
" "	"	12 qr. casks	396	198
" "	"	220 kegs	1600	800
Total amount			2390	\$1195

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA PER STEAMER UMATILLA JANUARY 25, 1891.

G G M Vancouver	Cal Transfer Co	21 cases		120
G S Victoria	A Greenbaum & Co.	1 barrel	49	17
J M "	Bach Meese & Co.	2 hf barrels	55	68
H N "	"	1 hf barrel	27	41
S & J "	"	2 barrels	97	112
L M "	"	1 barrels	195	87
A Ind'l'd Vancouver	"	2 barrels	94	71
Total amount 21 cases and			517	\$516

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK PER SHIP A. G. ROPES JANUARY 25, 1891.

SUPPLERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Lillenthal & Co.	10 barrels Rum	Lillenthal & Co.
Jesse Moore & Co.	62 barrels Whisky	Moore Hunt & Co.
J B Melville	50 "	C W Craig
Lillenthal & Co.	57 pkgs "	Lillenthal & Co.
J A Burke	2 barrels "	J S McKay
"	5 "	Cortez & Miner
W K Freeman	1 "	Mrs R Meyer
"	2 "	Barnes & Borland
"	1 "	J T Baker
"	5 "	Wm Moore
"	3 "	W Bengly
"	2 "	S Mansfield
"	1 "	Chas Fell
"	1 "	F Weischendorff
"	1 "	F W Huckstop
"	1 "	R Gilbride
"	1 "	Harry Stege
"	1 "	B R Haley
"	5 "	Holman & Asbill

FROM NEW YORK PER SHIP FREDERICK BILLINGS JANUARY 19, 1891.

W K Freeman	1 barrel Whisky	L Dillier
"	1 "	Geo Ley
"	2 "	James Ruble
"	1 "	H S Searle
"	1 "	Order
"	1 "	Seltz & Semberger
"	7 "	Chas Deltz & Co.
"	6 "	A Ford & Co.
"	6 "	Paul Polsen
"	1 "	Dreiz Bros
"	2 "	Order
"	1 "	I Fitzpatrick
"	1 "	Curran & Mangan
"	5 "	Various Orders
Jesse Moore & Co.	5 "	Moore Hunt & Co.
Jas Levy & Bro	75 "	Shea Boqueraz & Co.
W K Freeman	10 "	Wm Faber
"	6 "	Ellis & Kahler
"	2 "	Peter Streiff
"	2 "	H Bradbury
"	1 "	Isaac Cooper
"	1 "	J C Jacobs
"	1 "	E T Dixon
"	8 "	Various orders
Aurora Distilling Co.	2 "	Cavo & Co.
A S Brownell	6 " Wine	F C Harris

FROM LIVERPOOL PER BR. SHIP EGINSHIRE JANUARY 26, 1891.

W A Ross & Co.	100 barrels Ginger Ale	Sherwood & Sherwood
T B Hall & Co.	103 cases Stout	Lillenthal & Co.
W E Johnston & Co.	300 cases Beer	Order (marked F Ind'l'd)
Cantrell & Cochran	50 barrels Ginger Ale	A Greenbaum & Co.
Macfarlane McIndell & Co	20 quarter cases Sherry	Chas Meinecke & Co.
"	48 octaves Sherry	"
J & R Tennent & Co.	250 cases Bottled Beer	Forbes Bros.
Wm Edmonds Jr & Co.	50 cases Beer	Jones Mundy & Co.
G A Whit	15 hds Beer	Wm Wolf & Co.

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

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San Francisco, Cal.

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Re-Imported American Whiskies '86 Belmont '82 Chickencock '83 Bluegrass '85 Rippe, and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

FROM NEW YORK—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS January 17, 1891.

H J Bullay, Supt P M S Co.	5 barrels Rye Whisky.....	C F Sliter.....
"	1 " " ".....	Fowler & Brooks.....
"	1 " " ".....	Geo H Bartell.....
"	6 " " ".....	John Robinson.....
"	2 half-barrels Rye Whisky.....	"

FROM LONDON VIA VICTORIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLA Jan. 24 1891.

Pacific Coast S S Co.....	225 cases Gin.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	8 quarter-casks Gin.....	"
"	8 octaves Gin.....	"
"	225 cases Gin.....	C W Craig.....
"	8 quarter casks Gin.....	"
"	8 octaves Gin.....	"

FROM GLASGOW—PER BR. SHIP GLENBRECK January 22, 1891.

J & R Tennent.....	10 hlds Beer.....	Forbes Bros.....
"	250 casks Beer.....	"
Mackie & Co.....	50 cases Whisky.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
Inne & Gueve.....	25 cases Whisky.....	Sherwood & Sherwood.....
Journu Freres.....	50 cases Wine.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
Thom & Cameron.....	40 cases Whisky.....	Middleton & Co.....
Frank Baily & Co.....	50 cases Whisky.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	15 cases Beer.....	"
A G Thompson & Co.....	72 cases Whisky.....	W H Campbell.....
"	1 hhd Whisky.....	"
Gilbert I McCaul & Co.....	24 casks Bottled Beer.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
Buchanan Wilson & Co.....	25 octaves Whisky.....	C W Craig.....
"	50 cases Whisky.....	"

FROM LIVERPOOL VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER SAN JOSE Jan. 24, 1891.

Raynal & Co.....	10 packages Cognac.....	E Thomas & Co.....
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FROM LIVERPOOL—PER BR. SHIP WAYFARER January 26, 1891.

Apolinaris Co.....	1100 cases Mineral Water.....	Jones Mundy & Co.....
John P Best & Co.....	300 cases Mineral Water.....	A Greenebaum & Co.....
E Gomez.....	2 packages eased Wine.....	Dr C Cushing.....
Ronaldson & Co.....	23 cases Wine.....	Henry Kahn.....
Noilly Prat & Co.....	1000 cases Vermouth.....	J De Fremery & Co.....
Ad Yaeggi.....	300 cases Vermouth.....	A Vignier.....
"	150 cases Absinthe.....	"
"	50 cases Brandy.....	"
I A I Nolet.....	5 cases Blue Geneva.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
John de Kuyper & Co.....	15 cases Geneva.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
Meyer & Co.....	10 oct pipes Geneva.....	Livingston & Co.....
"	5 sixteenth-cases Geneva.....	"
John P Best & Co.....	30 cases Mineral Water.....	Goldberg Bowen & Co.....
G Preller & Co.....	505 cases Wine.....	E Thomas & Co.....
"	10 casks Wine.....	"
"	25 cases Mineral Water.....	"
J P Best & Co.....	1 case Wine.....	Edwin Goodall.....

FROM ANTWERP—PER GER. SHIP OCCIDENT January 25, 1891.

Apolinaris Co.....	1100 cases Mineral Water.....	Jones Mundy & Co.....
J J Meder & Zoon.....	2 qr-pipes Geneva.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
"	40 octaves Geneva.....	"
Blaaw & Co.....	100 octaves Geneva.....	J De Fremery & Co.....
John P Best & Co.....	40 cases Mineral Water.....	A Vignier.....
"	35 cases Liquors.....	Jas De Fremery & Co.....
Ad Yaeggi.....	180 cases Liquors.....	A Vignier.....
"	5 casks Rum.....	"
"	20 casks Wine.....	"

FROM GLASGOW—PER BR. SHIP GLENMORAG January 23, 1891.

Slater Rogers & Co.....	242 cases Whisky.....	Forbes Bros.....
Jas Wilson & Co.....	31 cases Whisky.....	W H Campbell.....
Ord Distilling Co.....	30 casks Whisky.....	Geo Stevens.....
"	28 cases Whisky.....	"
Journu Freres.....	130 cases Wine.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....

FROM PHILADELPHIA—PER SHIP REECE January 27, 1891.

Sutton & Co.....	250 cases Whisky.....	Order.....
"	25 barrels Whisky.....	"

FROM NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY February 2nd 1891.

"	1 bbl Whisky.....	F W Miller.....
"	2 " " ".....	Lander & Ellis.....
"	1 " " ".....	W G Meyer.....
"	2 " " ".....	Henry Berlsderff & Co.....
"	1 " " ".....	J Le Conec.....
"	1 " " ".....	L Sarel.....
"	1 " " ".....	Chas Ostward.....
"	1 " " ".....	A A Gedman.....

FOR EUROPE—PER CITY OF SYDNEY, February 2, 1891

Lherette Kane & Co.....	125 cases champagne.....	Geo Marcus & Co.....
Hopgraf & Broadwater.....	1 case mineral water.....	A Crawford & Co.....

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

Heidsiek & Co, London.....	500 cases Champagne.....	H H Vneve.....
S P Co, Liverpool.....	20 quarter-casks Sherry.....	S P Co.....
S V Fornaris & Co, Antwerp.....	200 cases Champagne.....	A Vignier.....
" " Bordeaux.....	610 cases Champagne.....	Macondray & Co.....
" " ".....	100 cases Wine.....	C Meinecke & Co.....
" " Hayre.....	50 baskets Champagne.....	"
" " ".....	20 cases Champagne.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
" " ".....	100 cases Absinthe.....	A Vignier.....
" " ".....	5 cases Wine.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
" " ".....	25 cases Wine.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
" " ".....	10 cases Cordials.....	"

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From January 24 to February 11, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
City of Puebla	C M Victoria.....	Lenormand Bros.....	1 barrel.....	48	12
S N Castle.....	C C Honolulu.....	E L G Steele & Co.....	4 cases.....	48	
City of Papeete	A K Tahiti.....	A Vignier.....	1 cask.....	24	24
"	F H ".....	J Pinet.....	1 barrel.....	49	24
"	S D ".....	"	1 hf barrel.....	27	19
Farallon.....	P S Ocos.....	Oliver & Co.....	2 kegs.....	10	8
"	J R Champerico.....	"	6 kegs.....	60	42
Monowai.....	Z Bros Auckland.....	L Feldman & Co.....	1 barrel.....	39	35
Empire.....	F V Nanaimo.....	Vesuvio Paste Co.....	1 hf barrel.....	25	6
Total amount 4 cases and.....				282	\$218

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From January 24 to February 11, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
San Blas.....	E F B Boston.....	A Haraszthy & Co.....	1 hf bbl.....	23	61
"	S L Co New York.....	S Lachman & Co.....	5 bbls.....	245	473
"	M K ".....	Martin Feusler & Co.....	15 bbls.....		
"	" " ".....	"	22 hf bbls.....	1,329	665
Colima.....	B D & Co ".....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	2 bbls.....		
"	" " ".....	"	68 hf bbls.....	1,818	3,800
"	" " ".....	"	17 kegs.....		
"	S L & Co ".....	S Lachman & Co.....	10 bbls.....	480	840
"	H B & Co ".....	Joseph Melzer & Co.....	10 hf bbls.....		
"	" " ".....	"	2 bbls.....	519	289
"	S H ".....	Dresel & Co.....	3 hf bbls.....	78	78
"	P M ".....	"	1 hf bbl.....	27	27
"	A H ".....	"	1 hf bbl.....	26	26
"	M L & Co ".....	Edge Hill Viney'd Co.....	10 hf bbls.....	277	498
"	Washington.....	Miscellaneous.....	1 bbl.....	47	85
Total amount.....				4,869	6,842

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From January 24 to February 11, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENAS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
Empire.....	McD&H Nanaimo.....	L S Haas.....	1 Punche m.....	133	159
Oceanic.....	Midd'd Yokama.....	A P Hotaling & Co.....	2 bbls.....	91	158
"	" " ".....	"	18 cases.....		171
San Blas.....	A V Champerico.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	6 cases.....		72
"	C " ".....	"	1 bbl.....	41	72
"	E K S J de Guat.....	Dieckman & Co.....	1 bbl.....	41	148
"	A S Acacjutla.....	"	20 cases.....		238
Australia.....	W S L Honolulu.....	A Fenkhausen.....	20 cases.....		129
"	G W M & Co ".....	Spru'ce,Stanly & Co.....	70 cases.....		579
"	" " ".....	Lillienthal & Co.....	50 cases.....		350
W H Dimond.....	W C P & Co ".....	Spru'ce,Stanly & Co.....	50 cases.....		425
"	W W T ".....	Wing Wo Sang.....	10 cases.....		100
Mexico.....	Y Ensenada.....	Thannhauser & Co.....	1 bbl.....	37	61
"	W L & Co Guay'as.....	Henry Lund & Co.....	1 octave.....	15	61
"	J M Ensenada.....	Heathcote D & Co.....	1 bbl.....	40	80
City of Puebla.....	H B Co Victoria.....	J G Walker & Co.....	10 cases.....		100
"	B P V Vancouver.....	Moore Hunt & Co.....	26 cases.....		208
"	H & McA Victoria.....	Kohler & VanBergen.....	10 cases.....		75
B'k Fo'st Qu'n.....	S Honolulu.....	C W Craig.....	5 bbls.....	150	300
B'k Discovery.....	Mind'd ".....	Williams Dim'd & Co.....	49 cases.....		300
Walla Walla.....	H & McA Victoria.....	L S Haas.....	1 punchcon.....	130	130
Colima.....	R M Aacajutla.....	John T Wright.....	1 bbl.....	39	158
"	M D S S J de Guat.....	"	20 cases.....		180
"	" " ".....	"	1 bbl.....	33	100
"	" " ".....	"	2 cases.....	20	60
"	" " ".....	"	" " ".....		
"	J Z ".....	Lillienthal & Co.....	10 cases.....		92
"	G B Ocos.....	Cabrera Roma & Co.....	60 cases.....		700
"	G H Acacjutla.....	Wilmerding & Co.....	2 bbls.....	77	232
City of Rio.....	Lind'd Co Yok'a.....	L S Haas.....	5 bbls.....	214	139
"	" " ".....	"	5 cases.....		45
Total.....				1,071	5,613

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From January 10 to 26, 1891.

CONSIGNEES.	WHISKY.			SPIRITS.		MISCELLANEOUS
	Barrel	1/2-bbl.	Case.	Barrel	1/2-bbl.	
C W Craig.....	140			374		
Jones Mundy & Co.....	144			415		
Lillienthal & Co.....				361		
Moore Hunt & Co.....		25				40 bbl B B Brandy
Overland F T Co.....	3	3				
J L Nickel & Co.....	8					
A Greenebaum & Co.....			2			
Braunschweiger & Co.....	55					
Vincent Druin.....	35	30				
J H Mitchell.....	1					
H C Busch Agt.....	50	35				
Wolff & Co.....	75					
Rathjen B W.....	1					
F Chevalier & Co.....	5					
Jno H Schmidt.....	1					
Meyerheld M S.....	45	15	10			
J A Harris.....	1					
Total.....				564	108	12
					1183	
						40 bbls B Brandy

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From January 24 to February 11, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
City of N York	A V San Blas.	W Louza & Co.	4 case Vermouth	12
San Blas	S Albatross Pam'a	Golden Gate Dist'y Co	4 bbls spirit	127
Australia	N J K P Honolulu	A Vignier	24cs Champagne	358
"	B S & Co	Hedington & Co.	1 case Cordial	8
"	"	Jones Mundy & Co.	25cs Champagne	276
"	C P E R	Ellenthal & Co.	3 cs Pousse Cafe	17
"	G W M & Co	"	2 cs Curacao	25
"	D & C	Jones Mundy & Co.	7 cs Champagne	52
"	"	Goldberg Bowen & Co	10 cs	128
Umatilla	S in d'd Victoria	Bach Meese & Co.	10 cs Liquors	75
"	J M	"	5 cs	35
"	H N	"	5 cs	35
"	Alind'd Vancouver	"	1 1/2 bbl Br'ky W	12
Mexico	A O Ensenada	J F Schleiden	12cs Champagne	250
"	W L & Co Guaymas	Henry Lund & Co.	6 cs Bitters	39
"	H & B Ensenada	Heathcote Dexter & Co	1/2 Pipe Gin	10
"	J M	"	1/2 cs Rum	38
City of Pueblo	H & McA Victoria	Kohler & Van Begen	5 cs Br'ky Br'y	25
Colima	J L S de Guat.	Ellenthal & Co.	5 cs Gin	10
Monowal	Aueland	J D Spreckles & Bros	2 cs Champagne	35
Total amount				\$1,577

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From January 24, to February 11, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
City of Pueblo	H G Vancouver	Natoma W & M Co	1 case	135	95
"	"	Cal Winegr's Un'n	1 "	139	103
San Blas	G L & Co Acapulco	Goldtree Bros	20 bbls	520	275
"	"	Louis Simonson	6 "		
"	"	"	14 hf bbls	628	314
Oceania	M in d'd Manila	S Foster & Co.	1 case		15
"	M in d'd Yokohama	Kohler & VanBergen	1 hf bbl	27	50
Mexico	W L & Co Guaymas	Henry Lund & Co	1 keg	20	36
Colima	M D S San de Guat	John Wright	30 cases		247
Total amount, 31 cases and				1,469	1,135

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED.				BULK.		
	Barrels	1/2-bbl	1/4-bbl	Case	Barrels	1/2-bbl	1/4-bbl
Wolf & Co		80		10			
Jones Mundy & Co.	235						
C A Zinkland			40			100	
Total	235	80	40	10		100	

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND.

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During January, 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Wine		Brandy		FROM	Wine		Brandy	
	Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons		Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston	3	349			San Francisco	1,020	192,570	30	8,055
Other Northeast points		87		26	Oakland, 16th Street	33	2,887		
New York	494	2,879		7,045	Livermore	40	36		
Buffalo		125			Martinez		114		
Other New York points	5	80			San Jose	34	2,201	44	352
Philadelphia	6	308			Warm Springs		96		
Pittsburg	5	100			Irvington		3,081		
Other Pennsylvania points	8	393		75	Santa Clara		7,634		
Baltimore		140			Mountain View	1	2,434		
Washington		933			Los Gatos	1	80		
Other Va. and W. Va. points		108			Santa Cruz		42		10
N. and S. Car. and Ga. points		84			Stockton		176		
New Orleans	47	187,716		88	Fowler	1			
Other Louisiana points	12	229			Fresno	1	5,540		
Mobile		1,954		46	Sacramento		177		43
Other Gulf State points	90	1,597		338	Calistoga		93		
Galveston	40	9,371		112	King Station		790		
Houston	110	1,930			St. Helena	9	5,421		41
San Antonio	2	7,642			Rutherford		130		
Other Texas points	216	6,995	40	214	Oakville	1	32,121		
Hot Springs		2,000			Napa		3,332	2	10
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points	4	220			Santa Rosa	1	6,772		56
Memphis		45			Glen Ellen		2,210		
Other Tenn. and Ky. points	4				Shelbyville		2,462		215
Cincinnati	29	5,641			Cordelia		188		
Other Ohio points	11	721			Ione		28		
Indianapolis		2,472		215	Diamond		90		
Other Indiana points		185	3	10	Loomis		30		
Chicago	35	15,253		3,007	Los Angeles	28	3,592	6	617
Other Illinois points	2	415		58	Santa Barbara		92		
" Michigan points	4	620		54	San Gabriel	9	9,004		5,186
Milwaukee		57			Alhambra		10		
Other Wisconsin points	6	177		188	Pomona		4,057		
St. Louis	3	2,479			Marysville	1	30		
Kansas City				245	Winthrop		46		
Other Missouri points	7	120			Anaheim		369		59
Iowa points	3	413		53	Downey		2,236		25
Omaha	10	65	29	25	Santa Ana		103		
Other Neb. and Kans. points	15	560	6	69					
Minneapolis		1,945		361					
St. Paul		840		1,583					
Other Minnesota points		47							
Dakota points		458		179					
Denver	3	5,524		550					
Other Colorado points	3	1,065	4	128					
Foreign	3	19							
Total	1,180	290,274	82	14,669					

SITUATION WANTED—CELLAR-MASTER.

A competent cellar-master, wine and brandy maker and distiller. FIFTEEN YEARS EXPERIENCE. Three years as manager of one of the largest wineries in the State. Understands double entry bookkeeping; desires a change, city or country. Address "COMPETENT" this office.

SACCHARINE IN MUST.

Some Facts for the Internal Revenue Department to Carefully Consider.

In response to Commissioner Mason's request to President De Turk to furnish what information he could on the saccharine contents of must used for sweet wine making. Charles A. Wetmore, acting as Viticultural officer of the State Commission prepared the following report which was transmitted to Commissioner Mason:

SAN FRANCISCO, February 2nd, 1891.

I. De Turk, President Board of State Viticultural Commissioners, San Francisco, Cal.—Dear Sir: In reply to your request for a report upon the saccharine strength of natural grape musts in California and elsewhere, such as are commonly used in making sweet wines, permit me to submit the following:

By reference to the numerous reports of discussions before the State Viticultural Conventions and other meetings of vine growers assembled for the exchange of opinions and the dissemination of information of practical value, you will find frequent allusions to grape musts containing high degrees of sugar. From these allusions you will observe that the fact of such high degree existing should never be questioned, and therefore no formal statements as to degrees of sugar in all cases has ever been made—no occasion having arisen requiring it. The published analyses of Scientific Societies and Professors of Chemistry are nearly all confined to experience in countries where only dry wines are produced; and to those who are not familiar with practical wine-making, the information should be given that, generally, when talking of wines and the chemical composition of pure musts for wine making, it is understood that only musts for dry wines are considered. For this reason, for instance, every wine maker is provided with a saccharometer. In countries where it is difficult to get a sufficiency of sugar to make a sound, durable wine, this saccharometer is used in connection with other means of observation, to determine when grapes are ripe enough to pick in order to make a good, sound, dry wine. On the Rhine and in nearly all parts of France, this is the common question because the musts never attain an excessive degree of sugar, and the great difficulty is only to get sugar enough. In California and in such countries as Spain and Portugal, this rule of practice is different. In those countries the wine maker is constantly on his guard to prevent the grapes from acquiring too much sugar, if he desires to make dry wines. The saccharometer, therefore, with him is used for the purpose of knowing when he *must* begin to pick, in order to prevent the grapes from getting over-ripe. So common is this knowledge among our wine makers that it is scarcely referred to, not being a subject to question.

Notwithstanding this condition of our viticultural information so far as published reports go, you will find numerous allusions in printed reports of the past, to the high degree of sugar frequently obtained in practical work. For instance turn to the report of the State Viticultural Convention held at Irving Hall, San Francisco, in March 1886, which report we do not have as a State document, but as published by the *San Francisco Merchant* from the official notes of our own stenographer. In the record of the proceedings of the third day, afternoon session, you will find a discussion of the problems of fermentation arising from the unusual climatic influences of the preceding year, during which unusual high degrees of sugar were obtained, and consequent difficult fermentations were experienced in the cellars in which dry wine were made. In this discussion, you will find Prof. Hilgard, of the State University, saying as follows, with regard to the experiences of the vintage of 1885:

"In the first place, as you all understand, the vintage came around in a great hurry. The grapes in nearly all portions of

the country had a very large amount of sugar; they ripened in hot haste. I have seen a great many grapes go to the fermenting vat with twenty-nine, thirty, and even thirty-two per cent. of sugar. Of course the fermenting under those circumstances was a somewhat critical question. You know that any wine with more than twenty-eight per cent. of sugar is apt to ferment out with some difficulty. It requires peculiarly favorable circumstances to bring about a thoroughly dry wine in that case. Of course it can be done. You may ferment out thirty per cent., provided the circumstances are all favorable."

Again in the same address, you will find him saying further on:

"I had one wine sent me which originally started at thirty-five per cent. of sugar, and those that sent it imagined that it could be fermented out, which of course it could not. The wine happened to remain sound because it fermented out to fifteen per cent. of alcohol, and that was enough to prevent its going wrong. But in other cases wines that have as much as twenty-eight per cent. of sugar, fermented out ten per cent. of alcohol, and all the rest of the sugar remained."

By reference to the discussion which followed, you will perceive that the fact of high degrees of sugar was never questioned, and the only question was what to do under such circumstances in making dry wines.

Now again, turn to the report of the Third Annual State Convention, held in November and December, 1884, published also by the *San Francisco Merchant*. Be it remembered, however that the reports of these conventions, while not coming from the the State Printer's office, were practically official, because this Commission furnished all the material from our own stenographic reports, and revised all the proofs before publishing.

On page 97 of his report, you will find that I was engaged in discussing the difficulties of the 1884 vintage, which were diametrically opposite to those of 1885, referred to before. In 1884 climatic influences prevented a high degree of sugar, and in many cases, the wines did not acquire a sufficiency for perfection and durability. The remarks, however, serve to illustrate the fact which I am attempting to explain, and the high degrees of sugar are commonly understood, and required no formal report, explanation or analyses. For instance, I quote from the short hand report of what was said by myself on that occasion, regarding the vintage of 1884:

"In our blends which will be noticed here, we have attempted to explain that, but unfortunately we have had a bad season. Zinfandel usually shows in Napa County, 34 to 36 per cent. of sugar, and the Mataro say 24. We intended for one experiment to mix the Zinfandel which had a superfluity of sugar, with the Mataro which had an abundance of tannin, and a white grape that had only 22 per cent. thus bringing it down to an average of 24, but we found it impossible to carry this out. You cannot take this vintage as a staple for the future. In Folsom this year they have found it difficult to get 20 per cent. of sugar in the Zinfandel, and I have been informed that they did not get that much. In Stockton, they got about 19 to 20 per cent. where they usually get from 26 to 28 per cent."

Again on page 101, second column, you will find the following remarks in the address made by Mr. Portal, of Santa Clara. He said:

"I have picked Mataro with 26 degrees of sugar, and I have picked Pousard at 32 degrees of sugar, and it was one of these that I fermented in 24 hours."

I make these references to reports published years ago before there was any issue as to the facts concerning the saccharine development in musts. Since receiving your inquiry, I have been surprised not to find as I had expected, abundant reference in numerous works on wine making in the sweet wine countries, to the saccharine contents of grape musts. No one seems to have taken the trouble to publish what every wine maker must know. I find, however, touching on this subject, a casual remark on page 143 of the work entitled: "Facts about Port and Maderia," by Henry Vizetelly, an established authority in England, who represented the British Government at several of the great World's Fairs, and who is the author of numerous important works on wine, as follows:

"It is not his interest to add spirit in excess, as its cost is much greater than the best wine; besides which, the wine shipped with the smallest amount of adventitious spirit is certainly the wine to be preferred. Mr. M. J. Ellis of the firm of W. & J. Graham & Co., who had ample opportunities for arriving at a

correct conclusion has asserted that in years when the grapes have thoroughly ripened, perfectly fermented *A. B. Douro* wine will develop 32 degrees of proof spirit, and when made exclusively from the *Vastarko* grape, as many as 34 degrees."

You will understand that in the British works referring to the alcoholic strength of wines, they refer to the degrees of proof spirit, and not to the absolute alcohol, so that in the preceding extract, we would understand 33 degrees to mean 16 per cent by volume, 34 degrees to mean 17 per cent, indicating that the must from which the wine was made was from 30 to 34 per cent of sugar.

Now dropping this side of the question, which is important only as indicating the common knowledge of the fact that musts in countries like Spain and California run very high in sugar unless the grapes are picked at the proper moment to prevent it, I can more easily satisfy the inquirer who is not familiar with wine making in such countries, by making the following brief statements which all wine makers here know to be true:

First:—With suitable varieties of grapes, and in suitable locations, such as most of our wine districts are, and in vintage seasons which are sufficiently dry and warm, there is practically no limit to the amount of sugar that can be obtained at will by the vine grower, if he desires rich musts. For instance, instead of it being a matter of wonder that a natural grape must may be found containing from 30 to 35 per cent of sugar, it is really a matter of wonder why the majority of the sweet wines of the State are not made from musts naturally containing 40 per cent.

All readers of viticultural literature are familiar with the fact that in making such wines as the *Grand Tokayer*, of Hungary, and the celebrated *Vins De Paille* of Southern France, an excessive degree of sugar is sometimes obtained by twisting the stems of the grapes while hanging on the vines, thereby checking the flow of watery sap and causing by evaporation and drying processes an increase of saccharine; or sometimes by laying the grapes after picking and before crushing, upon straw until they become pardsiccated; and by other similar methods according to the taste of the wine maker, all of which are perfectly legitimate, and necessary to the highest development of quality in sweet wines. In California, it is possible in most years, by leaving the grapes on the vines to ripen a long while and then by partial desiccation after picking and before crushing, to obtain musts of saccharine strength at any degree, according to local circumstances running from thirty to forty or even fifty per cent, of sugar. The complication of this apparent question, which is really no question at all, arises from the fact that very few wine makers make sweet wines by actual preference. The majority of the sweet wines are made from grapes which accidentally get too high in sugar for dry wine making, or which are of a quality not suited for dry wines. If we are ever to have sweet wines of very high quality suited to the tastes of connoisseurs, the policy of the Government must be precisely the opposite from that which has been adopted through a want of knowledge of the actual condition of California wine making and the conditions abroad. I mean by this that a sweet wine should have as little addition of distilled spirit as possible, and to accomplish this the must, when fermented, must have as high a degree of sugar as possible. If any sweet wines are to be looked upon with suspicion so far as public policy is concerned, those which are checked most in the process of fermentation with the largest addition of spirits should be the ones discouraged. I, myself, during the last vintage, by partially desiccating a portion of a crop of *Mataro* grapes, and keeping on the vines more of the same kind until they began to shrivel, obtained a must of over thirty per cent, on a variety which usually gives not more than twenty-four or twenty-five per cent. Crushing the late picked grapes upon the partially desiccated grapes, I obtained a fermentation which required no checking, the advantage consisting in this: The wine when through with a fermentation which lasted three weeks instead of twenty-four to forty-eight hours, as is usual, possessed all the valuable tonic properties of a well fermented claret, contained sixteen-and-two-tenths per cent, of alcohol, and sufficient unfermented sugar to give that peculiar mellow taste so much admired in the English market in high grade Ports. This wine might possibly, with great care, be kept without any fortification, but to satisfy trade, and prevent any possible disturbance of the elements of the wine, it would be best to add now two per cent, of brandy. This I was intending to do at my leisure, until deterred from having anything further to do with sweet wine and free fortification by the recent rulings of the Internal Revenue Department. If there is any doubt as to whether our grapes may under proper circumstances

contain a high degree of sugar, I might suggest that some lot of wine, such as that of mine, which contains sixteen per cent, and over of alcohol, should be seized, on suspicion that the alcoholic strength contained therein must have been fraudulently obtained. If the wine which I have, containing sixteen per cent, of alcohol shall be found, as would be the case, absolutely pure and legitimate wine, and if in the course of the investigation it should be discovered that such wines are frequently to be met with, the technical question as to the natural strength of the musts in our sweet wine making would forever be disposed of.

Second: The rules of the Internal Revenue Department with reference to sweet wine making in different sections of the United States, should vary in accordance with known variations in the natural conditions for wine making. As a matter of fact, the Department should look with suspicion upon *any* sweet wine coming from *any* State east of the Rocky Mountains, claiming the privileges of the Sweet Wine Law. This is due to the fact that *nowhere* east of the Rocky Mountains is there any natural must of *any* grape fit to make a natural and pure sweet wine. If such wines are produced east of the Rocky Mountains, under *any* conditions worthy of respect by the Department, it should be only in the case of wines made with the aid of concentrated musts. Any rule of the Department which seeks to discredit and discourage the use of concentrated musts in making sweet wines, will surely encourage fictitious wines, sweetened fraudulently in imitation of natural properties.

Pure grape juice, in any form, whether obtained from grapes desiccated before picking from the vines, or desiccated after picking and before crushing, or desiccated after expression by concentration, always provided that no foreign substance is added, should be considered as legitimate by the Department, and instead of being discouraged, should be encouraged, in order to promote legitimate work, and discourage fraudulent methods of imitating sweet wines.

Third: It is only in certain years and in certain localities in California, where it is not absolutely necessary in order to prevent many varieties of vines from producing a saccharine strength in the must of over twenty-six, twenty-eight and even thirty per cent., to gather the crop hurriedly, the saccharometer being used continually in the field to prevent the grapes from getting away from control. No fact is better known, than that by reason of unexpected or unavoidable delays in gathering crops, or sudden spells of hot weather, during the vintage, that it becomes necessary in all wineries devoted to making dry wines, to add water to the musts in order to reduce those which run above a certain degree of sugar, or else to mix with those running high in sugar, musts of some grapes as the *Burger*, which runs low in sugar.

I will close this report by calling your attention to the enclosed copy of a report made to me by the Manager of the Experimental Cellar of the Commission, in which he gives a list of a number of tests made of wines submitted to him, known to be natural and pure, and containing high degrees of alcohol. In some of these instances, where for instance he finds fifteen per cent, of alcohol, there has been naturally in the wine still unfermented sugar to the extent of sometimes three to five degrees. These statements should be sufficient to satisfy all government officers that the alcoholic strength of a wine and its saccharine strength also, by reason of large degrees should not be a cause of suspicion.

Let me also state, in conclusion, what we all know, but what may not be fully understood in the Eastern States, that to add any form of sugar to our wines or musts, when grapes sell at twelve dollars (\$12) per ton, would be wholly impracticable, and unprofitable, the natural sugar being the cheapest of all, and rich musts only too easy to obtain.

Respectfully,

C. A. WETMORE,

Chief Executive Viticultural Officer.

When President De Turk, Mr. Wetmore and others were in Sacramento during the past fortnight they met Collector Byington, at whose suggestion President De Turk sent on a telegram requesting that assessments be suspended until Wetmore's report should reach Washington. This was readily acceded to as the following telegram will show:

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 5, 1891.

I. De Turk, President State Viticultural Commission:—All assessments suspended awaiting consideration of your report relation to saccharine content of must.

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

San Francisco, February 2, 1891.

Charles A. Wetmore, Esq., Chief Executive Viticultural Officer—

Sir: At your request I furnish you the following list of wines that I have tested during the past year, and which contained over thirteen per cent. of alcohol. The wines given below were natural wines and had not been fortified.

Kind of wine.	Vintage.	Name of maker.	Percentage of alcohol by volume.
Sauterne	1887	C. A. Wetmore.	13.3
Moselle Riesling	1889	George West.	14.5
Sweet Sauterne	1889	C. A. Wetmore.	14.
Dry Sauterne	1889	C. A. Wetmore.	15.1
Claret	1889	George West.	13.6
"	1889	R. A. Swain.	13.8
"	1888	H. B. Wagoner.	13.25
"	1889	J. Concannon.	13.75
White Wine	1889	Dr. Perry.	13.75
Sauterne	1890	W. Welner.	14.1
Zinfandel	1890	C. A. Wetmore.	16.
Mataro	1890	C. A. Wetmore.	16.2
White Wine	1890	J. Hague.	16.25

Yours Respectfully,

CLARENCE J. WETMORE.

Manager of the Hall and Experimental Cellar.

THE SAN JOAQUIN DISTRICT.

The following extracts from the report of Viticultural Commissioner West referring to viniculture, will be of particular interest to the wine men:

To the Board of State Viticultural Commissioners:

GENTLEMEN:—In reviewing the progress of grape growing in the San Joaquin District since my last report, a greater development will be shown than in any other part of the State.

In the county of San Joaquin there has been no marked increase in the acreage of vines. The entire acreage will not exceed three thousand. These vineyards are devoted exclusively to table and wine grapes, both of which are profitable. Many of the wine vineyards have paid one hundred dollars per acre at the prevailing price of twelve and thirteen dollars per ton for grapes.

Table grapes are more profitable and have been sold at from thirty-five to sixty dollars per ton. The demand seems unlimited and it is probable that a larger acreage will be planted. The product of wine for 1890 was about 500,000 gallons.

Stanislaus county has done little so far, but contains thousands of acres of fine land which will soon be developed by the several irrigation schemes now materializing. The county is well adapted to the growth of raisin grapes, to which the most attention will probably be paid for the present. There will be a large planting this winter.

Merced county has done considerable planting in the past year, and this season will see a large acreage planted in Muscats, which will undoubtedly thrive. Wines and brandies of good quality have been produced. The county now contains nearly two thousand acres of vines.

Kern county has about twelve hundred acres of Muscats, mostly young vines, all of which are doing well. A larger planting will follow this winter.

Tulare county has done more than any county in the district, except Fresno, in developing the grape industry. The growers now number four hundred and sixty-five owning ten thousand acres of vineyard, two thousand five hundred acres of which are in bearing. Few wine grapes are grown. All the raisin vineyards are in good condition and those in bearing are paying handsomely. The present winter will see an exceedingly large acreage of new vines planted. We now turn our attention to Fresno county, the banner grape growing county in the state.

The county contains 49,500 acres of vineyard owned by about 1,600 growers; 5,600 acres are planted in wine grapes and

43,900 acres are in raisin grapes.

The consumption of raisins in this country increased only 400,000 boxes in the seven years from 1884 to 1890. Allowing for a much greater proportionate increase of consumption for the next few years, the consumption in America, when the California vineyards of to-day are in bearing, may be placed at 4,000,000 boxes. From these estimates we may place the California product of 1895 at 7,600,000 boxes and the American consumption at 4,000,000 boxes.

The wine vineyards are nearly all in full bearing now and are good paying investments. The vintage of 1890 was probably the largest that will be seen in California for many years and as the production and consumption are nearly equal, the consumption increasing and the production as large as it will be for many years, the growers can look forward with tolerable certainty to at least ten years of good prices even if the condition of marketing were not changed. I can however see nothing to encourage or stimulate the planting of wine vineyards at present.

The market for the past two years has been greatly relieved by the drying of many thousand tons of wine grapes which were sold as dried grapes.

A general impression prevailed last season that these grapes were largely used in making wines in the East. In this opinion I do not share, as I know positively that very large quantities were actually sold to take the place of other dried fruits especially prunes. There will be a market for this product until supplanted by the Muscat, but by that time the quantity now dried will not in any way affect the market when turned into wine.

Fresno county produces Ports, Sherries, Angelicas, Sweet Muscats and Brandies of excellent quality. The sweet wine industry, developed under the new sweet wine law, will undoubtedly assume large proportions and the growers are certainly to be congratulated on the bright prospects for good prices and a constantly increasing demand for their products. A very considerable export trade has been built up in the business of shipping California brandies to Europe, which will have a tendency to relieve the market of any surplus and insure good prices.

In the wineries of Fresno county about 12,000 tons of grapes were crushed during the vintage of 1890, the product being turned into sweet and dry wines and brandy.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. WEST.

Commissioner.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., December, 1890.

Our attention has been called to the fact that unlawful use is being made of our trade mark, which consists of a crescent or half-moon, by distillers and dealers in whisky, who should, and do, know that they are appropriating that which belongs to others.

We now, therefore, take this public method of notifying one and all, that any further infringement of our trade mark will be vigorously prosecuted to the end of the law without further notice.

BELLE OF NELSON DISTILLERY Co.,

By Rob't J. Tilford, President.

To the Trade:—We desire to inform our friends and the trade in general, that the production of the celebrated Thomas Moore's Possum Hollow pure rye whisky during the present year will only be 3,000 barrels. This is for the purpose of protecting the holders of the goods and is done without solicitation, it being a well-known fact that not a barrel is being offered on the market, and all are held by the leading dealers of the country.

Thankful for courtesies extended to us in the past, and soliciting a continuance of your valued orders, we remain

Yours truly,

WEILER BROTHERS, Sole Agents.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, KY., December 31, 1890.

To the Wholesale Whiskey Trade:

GENTLEMEN: Our respects of October 31st presented the statistical condition of the situation of Kentucky whiskies on September 30, 1890, viz: The bonded stocks of the season of '88, '89 and '90, the production of the current season of '91 as compared with the production of the season of '90 for the same period, and the amount of the said '91 production then remaining in bond.

In the present issue we submit, for the examination of the trade, similar information for the months ending October 31st and November 30th, respectively.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Sept., 30, '90.....	2,746,462	17,372,605	33,019,754	53,168,821 gals.
Unbonded in Oct., 2nd Dist.	3,829	39,295	29,485	72,609 "
5th "	120,360	120,863	241,480	481,213 "
6th "	23,016	16,361	185,161	225,111 "
7th "	34,261	63,926	19,453	117,610 "
8th "	2,238	62,468	17,436	82,142 "
Total.....	3,184,274	303,423	492,718	980,415 gals.
Leaving in bond Oct. 31, '90.....	2,562,188	17,069,182	32,557,036	52,188,406 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

To Sept. 30th, inclusive, the production for the current season had reached.....	1,875,504 gals.
To which we add the production for Oct.:	
2nd District.....	27,917 gals.
5th "	373,066 "
6th "	120,460 "
7th "	187,907 "
8th "	4,801 " 714,151 "

Making a total production for first four months of '91 crop.....	2,589,655 gals.
For the same period of the '90 crop there was produced, viz:	
In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 " 2,161,989 "

Or an increase in '91 crop for first four months.....	427,666 gals.
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BONDED STOCK OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond Sept. 30, '90.....	1,577,638 gals.
to which add the production for Oct., above shown	714,151 "
	2,291,789 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for Oct., viz:	
2nd District.....	9,267 gals.
5th "	182,166 "
6th "	38,195 "
7th "	18,366 "
8th "	1,858 " 249,852 gals.

leaving in bond on October 31, '90.....	2,041,937 gals.
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BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Oct., 31, '90.....	2,562,188	17,069,182	32,557,036	52,188,406 gals.
Unbonded in Nov., 2nd Dist.	674	42,731	25,744	69,149 "
5th "	82,976	117,304	236,820	437,100 "
6th "	34,639	79,510	110,909	224,918 "
7th "	31,099	62,074	14,088	107,261 "
8th "	26,432	41,733	4,332	72,497 "
Total.....	3,184,274	303,423	492,718	980,415 gals.
Leaving in bond Nov., 30, '90.....	2,390,568	16,725,830	32,178,081	51,290,481 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

On October 31st the production for the current season had reached.....	2,589,655 gals.
To which we add the production for Nov.:	
2nd District.....	101,818 gals.
5th "	895,917 "
6th "	353,691 "
7th "	423,023 "
8th "	258,297 " 2,035,776 "

Making a total production for first five months of '91 crop.....	4,625,431 gals.
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For the same period of the '90 crop there was produced, viz:	
In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 " 4,590,729 gals.

Or an increase in '91 crop for first five months.....	34,702 gals.
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BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on Oct. 31st of said crop, say.....	2,041,937 gals.
to which we add the production for Nov. above shown.....	2,035,776 "
	4,077,713 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for Nov. viz:	
2nd District.....	9,369 gals.
5th "	175,807 "
6th "	60,356 "
7th "	17,628 "
8th "	372 " 263,532 gals.

leaving in bond November 30, '90, of '90-'91 crop.....	3,814,181 gals.
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The convalescence of our senior, lately advised, has now culminated in complete recovery of his usual health, and, after the lapse of the period prescribed by his physicians for absolute abstention from all business matters, he will be pleased to address you with his own hand in pursuance of the subject undertaken prior to his illness.

Your obedient servants,
E. H. TAYLOR JR., & SONS,
Frankfort, Ky.

SOMETHING ABOUT BITTERS.

Of bitters we have many kinds and qualities. There is the extremely nauseous mixture usually called "stomach bitters," which many makers are in the habit of turning out, but this is a mistake, for an article where the bitter principle is too predominant is not a success. Though it is a bitter it must be a palatable one, or the public will not have it at any price. Take for instance, the celebrated "Angostura," "Leslie's Stomach," and "Hostetter's." These bitters have been before the world for a considerable period, and still hold the highest position amongst their class. They contain a bitter principle, but only to a slight extent, but they are aromatic, and it is to the blending of the aromatic flavors that their success is due.

Bitters should be manufactured solely from the herbs, roots, barks, seeds or peel necessary; the use of essential oils, I do not consider judicious; by using the tincture of the herbs, etc., you get the real pure flavor and aroma required, delicate and true. For the bitter principle we have chiretta, gentian root, columbo root, chichona bark, worm-wood and quassia; for aromatics—calamus root, galangel root, cinnamon, anise, cardamon seeds, nutmeg and snake root; for an astringent—Catechu; for fruit flavors—lemon and orange peels; and to impart fullness, raisins, prunes, solazzi or liquorice juice. Honey is used in many high-class bitters to impart the necessary sweetness, but should only be used in those containing a large quantity of spirit. For coloring purposes we have cochineal, saffron, turmeric, alkanet root, sandalwood, carmel, etc.; from these articles, taken according to the flavor required, the less bitters are manufactured. A good way for makers who wish to try something new is to extract a tincture from each article separately, and then experiment as desired; if you are devoted to your business a little trying will amply repay you and add considerably to your reputation as a cordial maker.
—Cordial Maker.

FAMOUS DISTILLERS.

The following deserved tributes to some of the famous distillers of the United States, appeared in the holiday issue of *Mida's Criterion*:

James Levy & Bro.

THE great interest of straight Kentucky whiskies owes to no other firm, nor to any other half dozen firms, so great a measure of its present recognition among the masses, as it does to that of James Levy & Bro., of Cincinnati. The amount of work in this direction and the quantity and quality of the goods handled by this house would, if it could be recounted, fill a volume. To such a degree have fine whiskies and Jim Levy been identified that whatever brand this firm has taken hold of rises at once in value. The trade throughout the United States recognizes their standing and the value of their endorsement. Confidence, the basis of all transactions, follows their every move. The combination of the best talent in their respective spheres works most harmoniously in the membership of this firm.

No salesman of the present generation has ever approached the talent displayed by Mr. James Levy. His untiring industry, extending over a quarter of a century on the road, studying the wants of the trade and keeping his finger ever on the business pulse, enabled him to keep at all times abreast of the popular movement.

Mr. Albert Levy, in his sphere as the head of the office department, watching the home interests with tireless zeal, cannot be excelled. With such two motors, the acquirement of fame and wealth could easily have been predicted.

Of late years, Mr. Harris, a graduate of the firm, who, in addition to his natural talents, has been constantly under the inspiring influences of two such master minds as James and Albert Levy, has proved to be a great adjunct to the business. No wonder that among the younger generation no one is a more accomplished business man, commanding the confidence and respect of the entire trade in a higher degree than Mr. Geo. Harris.

And last, but not least, the scion of Mr. Albert Levy, Harry Levy, who, during the past few years, has been relieving to a great extent the work of his father, follows faithfully and with signal ability the footsteps of his prototype, bidding fair to be the worthy son of a worthy sire.

It would be superfluous to enumerate all the brands controlled by this firm, and the mere statement that the destiny of "W. H. McBrayer," "Susquehanna Rye," "Tea Kettle" and "Richwood" is in their hands is sufficient to place these among the foremost in the ranks of popular brands.

Thompson Distilling Co., Ltd.

THE Thompson name first became known in connection with the distilling business during the Revolutionary war. Son succeeded father until the present company was formed in the fall of '89, at which time they purchased the distillery and brand from Samuel Thompson.

The plant was purchased with a view of manufacturing a strictly pure rye whisky—as fine as could be made, and to give it as good a storage as could be constructed. To carry out that purpose, all the old machinery was torn out and the house was equipped with the best and latest machinery known to the distilling trade; a new brick warehouse, which is not excelled in the country, was also built.

This gave the company a total storage capacity of 20,000 barrels, at an insurance rate of eighty cents per hundred.

Their first mash was made on December 23, 1889, and by the end of the present year they will have manufactured nearly 4,800 barrels, of which they hold less than 200 barrels.

Their fall '90 product amounts to less than 1,800 barrels, but had they run at their full fermenting capacity they could have made over 3,000.

Their spring '91 product will not exceed 3,000 barrels, of which over two-thirds is already placed.

The policy of the company has always been to sell simply at a manufacturer's legitimate profit, charge no premium on a limited crop, and give the brand as wide a distribution among the best distributing trade of the whole country, as quality, energy, fair dealing, attention to details and judicious advertising would give it.

At the end of spring '91 the original holders of the brand will number over 100, and they are considered the best in their respective sections.

A. Overholt & Co.

THE "Overholt" brand of whisky was established in 1810, by Abraham Overholt, who, at that time mashed about one bushel per day in a mortar. Owing to the limited demand the production was not increased to any extent for a number of years, and then only to about two barrels per day. The output from then on steadily increased to ten barrels per day. When the fire of 1884 took the entire plant the house was immediately rebuilt and the capacity increased to twenty-five barrels per day, and owing to the continued and increased demand for this whisky they decided in the spring of 1889 to increase to fifty barrels per day, and they have been producing since that date at the rate of about 12,000 barrels per annum.

When they contracted for fall '90 and spring '91, they were besieged by a number of parties to increase their production and supply them, but after giving the matter careful consideration they decided it unwise to do so, and as a safeguard to their customers their production this year will be several hundred barrels less than last year. In addition to this they have always adhered strictly to their policy outlined some years ago, viz: To act as distillers only, and not carry any of their own whisky in any shape or form, and thus not enter into competition with their distributors, and they can say truthfully that they are not the holders of any whisky and shall endeavor always to carry out this policy.

Until a few years ago, two customers took their entire production, but now they have eighty-four original customers on their books which allows an average of less than 100 barrels per annum to each customer.

Their 87's have all been unbonded, 88's have almost ceased to be a factor owing to a very limited amount remaining, and their customers are drawing heavily upon spring 89's for their supply.

Owing to the success that has been meted out to them we cannot but predict for "Overholt" a brilliant future.

R. Monarch.

AMONG the most conservative distillers, who reflect lustre upon our interest, R. Monarch stands unrivaled. In every movement calculated to promote the best interests of the trade Mr. Monarch has ever been found in the vanguard, entirely oblivious to his self interest, and to such an extent has this sterling, honest and upright man been recognized by the trade that no movement can inspire confidence that has not "Uncle Dick," as he is familiarly known, among its advocates and promoters.

The possession of wealth can be attained by many; a name, however, such as R. Monarch enjoys among his confreres, is the fortune of but very few. To attain both name and alluance is the lot of still fewer. No wonder, therefore, that those handling brands which are the creation of such a man, or with which he is identified, must have their confidence inspired in their intrinsic merits and in their value.

Mr. Little, who is at the head of the office, manages that department with promptness, uniform courtesy, and such thorough competence that he wins friends even among those who have not been fortunate enough to come in personal contact with him.

and learned to know him only by his correspondence.

Among the more recent acquisitions of the working staff Mr. David is making most surprising and rapid headway. If he continues at the same ratio as he has done from the start, his career cannot fail to prove a marked one both in the interest of his firm and himself.

Hoffheimer Bros.

THIS leading house has been in the liquor business since 1852. At that time rectified whisky was the principal article of commerce, large houses at Cincinnati and elsewhere, handled nothing but rectified whiskies, and such brands as "Olive Branch" were considered a very fine whisky. Later on redistilling commenced, and 90 per cent. redistilled whisky was considered *ne plus ultra*. In 1861 and during the war people became accustomed to better and more expensive grades of whisky, and the house of Hoffheimer Bros., was one of the foremost to introduce a finer grade of compounded and blended whiskies in the market. Their brands "Golden Crown," "Fairfax," "Dave Whitebeck," "Harry Howell" and "Brunswick Private Stock," were well and favorably known to the trade, and the "Fairfax" brand became almost a household word in the whole country from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast.

All the blends and compounds reigned supreme until 1883, when, by overproduction, straight whiskies were sold so low in the market that it curtailed the demands of the other whiskies and for some time dove the blends to the background. For the last few years, however, an increase demand for good compounds and blends has made itself felt again, which will redound to the benefit of the whole trade, for after all fine compounds and blends are the most profitable to handle for the jobbers.

Besides their large lines of blends and fruit brandies, Hoffheimer Bros., are the distillers of the well-known brand of "White Mills Bourbon and Rye." They are making 4,500 barrels a year and every barrel is sold to the legitimate trade. They are also sole controllers of the well-known brand "W. B. Samuels" fine hand-made sour mash whisky, Nelson Co., Ky., of which they make 2,500 barrels per annum, and we are pleased to say that they meet with great success in handling this excellent brand.

THE WORLD'S WINE PRODUCTION.

Following is the production of wine in the world during 1890 according to *Le Moniteur Vinicole*:

France.....	29,677,008	hectolitres.
Algeria.....	2,844,130	"
Tunis.....	60,000	"
Italy.....	27,817,000	"
Spain.....	30,000,000	"
Portugal.....	4,500,000	"
Canary and Madeira Islands.....	150,000	"
Austria.....	4,040,000	"
Hungary.....	5,000,000	"
Germany.....	4,200,000	"
Russia.....	3,000,000	"
Turkey and Cyprus.....	2,500,000	"
Bulgaria.....	2,900,000	"
Servia.....	2,000,000	"
Greece.....	1,500,000	"
Roumania.....	1,850,000	"
Switzerland.....	1,000,000	"
United States.....	1,520,000	"
Argentine Republic.....	1,500,000	"
Chili.....	1,800,000	"
Cape Colony.....	100,000	"
Australia.....	100,000	"

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chaie, 1041 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in the city on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

CHOICE PERUVIAN WINES.

The grapes grown hereabouts at Pisco, 100 miles south of Callao, are as delicious as those of southern France and seem to have absorbed the breath of the near-by sea, as well as the sunshine of perpetual summer. Great quantities of wine and brandy, called "Italia" and "Pisco," are exported from this place, and their manufacture is the principal industry of the valley. We visited the storehouse of the wine maker and found it to contain nearly a thousand casks, each cask holding nearly 300 gallons. The amount of liquor made is marvelous, considering the limited district, and the value of the exports is in full proportion.

"Italia" is the favorite white wine of Peru, though much too strong for general use; and "Pisco," though a most innocent-looking beverage, being colorless as water, contains more intoxication to the cubic inch than any other known liquid, unless it may be the mescal of Mexico. There is a Portuguese here who produces three distinct kinds of wine from the same grape, one similar to the best Bueclas, and a third much like the inferior Rhine wines. There is also a very fine and correspondingly expensive liquor distilled from the large white grape, flavored with chirimojas, the latter being the most delicious fruit to be found in the tropics. All along the beach are immense warehouses where the common "Pisco" is stored in huge red jars shaped much like an eggshell, waiting shipment to the various ports of Peru and Phil.

E. H. TAYLOR JR., ON PROHIBITION.

E. H. Taylor Jr., of "Old Taylor" whisky fame, who is Mayor of Frankfort, Ky., has again had occasion to veto a sumptuary law passed by the council of that city. It was an ordinance prohibiting the sale of cigarettes. Last year a similar law was passed over his veto, but this time the Colonel came out on top. In the course of his last veto which was sustained by the council, he uses the following unanswerable argument, and calls attention to the anomalous position of several members of the council, connected with the distilling interests of that section:

"In principal the ordinance is wrong. The excessive use of tobacco is generally recognized as an evil. The excessive use of intoxicating liquor has been, and is, to a greater extent, recognized as harmful to the human race. Therefore, by legislation in the way of licence and revenue laws, government has taken upon itself a supervision of the traffic in both tobacco and spirits. It has even given to the people in certain districts the right to prohibit the sale of liquor in their bounds. It has not gone so far in the matter of tobacco. But the principle is the same in both cases. The same power must be exercised in the one case as in the other. I am unable to find any act of the Legislature giving this extraordinary power over the sale of tobacco to your honorable body. In the absence of such a provision, it would perhaps not be risking too much to say that the power rests only with the people at the ballot-box, and not even with them until the General Assembly indicates how it shall be exercised.

Three members of your honorable body are connected with the whisky interest which forms so large a part of our material wealth. One is an officer of the company which controls the "Hermitage" and "Old Crow" Distilleries; another is, probably, the most prominent saloon keeper in the city of Frankfort; the third is Secretary and manager of the "O. F. C." and "Carlisle" Distilleries. These gentlemen, it is true, advocated and voted for this ordinance. But I am sure that they did not consider the matter carefully. Had they done so, they would have seen that the absolute authority which your present action implies would also enable you to prohibit the sale, gift or barter, or manufacture of ardent spirits in the city limits."

RECENT TREASURY DECISIONS.

MARKING, STAMPING, BRANDING, ETC., OF IMPORTED GOODS AND PACKAGES UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE ACT OF OCTOBER 1, 1890.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, December 20, 1890.

To Officers of the Customs and others concerned:

Section 6 of the act of October 1, 1890, provides as follows:

That on and after the first day of March, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, all articles of foreign manufacture, such as are usually or ordinarily marked, stamped, branded or labeled in legible English words, so as to indicate the country of their origin; and unless so marked, stamped, branded or labeled they shall not be admitted to entry.

While the question as to whether goods imported on and after March 1, 1891, are properly "marked, stamped, branded or labeled" under the above provision is to be decided by collectors of custom at the time of importation, and the language of the section is so plain as to hardly require an interpretation by the Department, yet, in view of the great number of inquiries received from importers and others, it is deemed proper to publish some of the conclusions reached by the Department in the premises for the information of all concerned.

1. While only such goods or articles of foreign manufacture "as are usually or ordinarily marked, stamped, branded or labeled" are required to be so marked, etc., on and after the first of March, 1891, yet it will be observed that *all packages*, outside or other, containing any imported merchandise must be so marked, etc., to entitle the contents thereof to entry at the custom-house.

2. In the case of champagne wines, mineral waters, etc., in labeled bottles, the law will be substantially complied with if the outside packages are marked with the name of the country of origin.

3. In the case of bottles with more than one label containing imported goods, the law will be complied with if but one of the labels thereon bears the name of the country of origin.

4. The prefix "from" placed before the name of a country of origin, as, for instance, "*from France*," "*from Germany*," etc., is not essential, the law requiring simply the name of the *country* of origin to appear.

5. Goods coming from England, Scotland Ireland and Wales may be marked "Great Britain," but goods marked "England," "Scotland," etc., would not be excluded. It is held, however, that the name of the mother country of origin appearing on goods instead of the names of kingdoms, states, or divisions of countries, would more closely meet the requirements of the law.

6. The law does not require the name of the importer, shipper, or maker, to be marked, stamped, etc., on imported articles or packages.

7. Marking by stenciling with some indelible material would be a compliance with the law.

8. It is held that the word "Scotch" appearing on goods coming from Scotland would be sufficient under said provision.

CHINESE WINES.

NEW YORK, November 15, 1890.

Before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York, November 14, 1890.

In the matter of the protest, No. 962a, of Sun Kwong On, against the assessment of duty at various rates by the collector of customs at New York on certain Chinese wines, imported per *Wandering Jew*, April 30, 1890.

Opinion by Stackpole, General Appraiser.

In this case the importers protest against the collector's action in assessing duty at the rate of \$2 per gallon and 3 cents per bottle (under T. L., new, 310, 311 and 313) upon certain so-called Chinese wine, and at 50 cents per pound and 30 per cent. ad valorem on the bottles containing the same (under T. L., 118 and 133), on certain other Chinese wine, claiming that the first so-called wine is dutiable at one of the following rates, viz: \$1.60

per 12 quart on 24 pint bottles, under T. L., 308; 20 per cent. ad valorem under T. L., 301, or \$2 per gallon on the alcohol contained, and 25 per cent. ad valorem under T. L., 103; and that the second class should be assessed either on one of these classes, or under T. L., 311, or as a propriety preparation under T. L., 99.

Examinations of both classes of wine have recently been made. The first class of wine appears to be neither a juice expressed from fruit manufactured into a wine of commerce, nor a natural fruit juice, but a spirituous liquor produced by a process of distillation. (G. A. 40, Sept. 20, 1890.) The second class appears to be a medicinal preparation containing alcohol (see Synopsis 9083), and there is no reason to think that it is prepared under any special private formula, that it is used for cure of any special disease, or has any other attribute to bring it within the class of "propriety preparations."

The assessment of both classes being in accordance with the true nature of these so-called "wines" as thus ascertained, was correct and hereby affirmed.

GINGER ALE BOTTLES.

NEW YORK, November 19, 1890.

Before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York, November 6, 1890.

In the matter of the protests, 758a, etc., of E. J. Burke and W. A. Ross & Bro., against the assessment of duty by the collector of the ports of New York on certain ginger ale bottles, imported per various steamers in August and September, 1890, described in the accompanying schedule.

Opinion by Wilkinson, General appraiser.

Duty was assessed at 20 per cent., the collector holding that under the act of June 10, 1890, the bottles constituted an element, in the foreign market, of the merchandise. Appellants claim free entry under paragraph 317, act of March 3, 1883.

Paragraph 317 provides: "Ginger ale or ginger beer, 20 per cent. ad valorem; but no separate or additional duty shall be collected on bottles or jugs containing the same."

The courts held this limitation to mean that the bottles were not subject to any duty.

The question now at issue is whether this proviso in paragraph 317 was repealed by the general repealing clause, section 29 of the act of June 10, 1890, thus making the bottles liable to duty as a covering or cost incident to placing the merchandise in condition packed ready for shipment.

It is a well-settled principle of law (*Enlich on Statutes, Generalia specialibus non derogant*) that a general provision for repeal does not repeal a specific clause. The limitation in paragraph 317 is therefore not abrogated.

The claim of the appellants is sustained, and the entry should be reliquidated accordingly.

FILLED BOTTLES.

NEW YORK, November 26, 1890.

Before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York, November 26, 1890.

In the matter of the protest, No. 2183b, of F. H. Shallus, against the rate of duty assessed by the collector of customs at Baltimore on filled bottles, imported per *Nessmore*, October 13, 1890.

Opinion of Sharretts, General Appraiser.

It appears from the papers submitted to us in the present case, that duty was assessed upon an importation of jams and marmalades at 35 per cent. ad valorem, the correctness of which assessment is not in dispute. Protest was duly filed, however, against the exaction of 40 per cent. ad valorem upon bottles or jars containing the same, the protestant claiming that in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 104 of the act of October 1, 1890, the value of the bottles or other vessels should have been added to the contents and the whole returned for duty as an entirety at 35 per cent. ad valorem.

It is quite apparent that the determination of the question

at issue is dependent upon the scope of the proviso attached to paragraph 104, which proviso the appellant contends relates to the enumerated articles specified in paragraph 103, and not to filled bottles covered by paragraph 104. The two paragraphs in question are as follows:

103. Green and colored, molded or pressed, and flint and lime glass bottles holding more than one pint, * * * one cent per pound; * * * holding not more than one pint, and not less than one quarter of a pint, one and one-half cents per pound; if holding less than one-fourth of a pint, fifty cents per gross.

104. All articles enumerated in the preceding paragraph, if filled and not otherwise provided for in this act, and the contents are subject to an ad valorem rate of duty or to a rate of duty based upon a value, the value of such bottles, vials or other vessels shall be added to the value of the contents for the ascertainment of the dutiable value of the latter: * * * *Provided*, That no article manufactured from glass described in the preceding paragraph shall pay a less rate of duty than forty per centum ad valorem.

Paragraph 103 is complete; there are no conditions imposed therein. Certain specified articles are subjected to fixed duties dependent upon their weight and holding capacity—two requirements easy of determination with regard to empty bottles.

Paragraph 104 then provides for similar articles as those enumerated in paragraph 103, the weight and holding capacity of which can not be discovered without injury to their contents, and in order to overcome this difficulty it requires that the value of the bottles, vials or other vessels containing goods subject to ad valorem rates of duty shall be added to the value of their contents for the ascertainment of the rate and amount of duty chargeable thereon. Inasmuch, however, as this rule would lead to great variations in the rates of duty applicable to filled bottles unless restricted in some manner, a proviso was added to paragraph 104, which fixed the minimum rate at 40 per cent. ad valorem. The intent of Congress is manifest, and the principle enunciated obtains, we entertain no doubt. It is a maxim of law that a proviso relates to the subject immediately preceding it. The subject-matter fulfilling these conditions in the present instance is bottles of a similar kind to those described in paragraph 103, when filled; consequently the proviso must be construed as being applicable to paragraph 104 in its entirety, but not to paragraph 103, which relates to a different class of goods, viz, bottles, vials, etc., that are not filled. The use of the words "preceding paragraph" in the proviso is merely descriptive of the kind of articles when filled that are to have imposed upon them additional limitations. The concluding portion of paragraph 104 must, therefore, be held to read as follows: *Provided*, That no article manufactured from glass similar to those described in the preceding paragraph shall pay a less rate of duty when filled than 40 per cent. ad valorem.

The assessment of duty upon the bottles under consideration, being in accordance with the above ruling, is affirmed.

ANCHOR BITTERS.

New York, December 1, 1890.

Before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York, December 1, 1890.

In the matter of the protest, No. 900a, of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhn, against the rate of duty assessed by collector of customs at New York on Anchor Bitters, imported per *Dania*, July 10, 1890.

Opinion of Wilkinson, General Appraiser.

Duty was assessed at \$2 per gallon on the bitters, under paragraph 313, and at 3 cents on the bottles, under paragraph 310, of the act of March 3, 1883.

Appellants claim that the merchandise should be classified at 50 per cent. on the bitters as a proprietary preparation, under paragraph 99, and at 30 per cent. on the filled bottles, under 133.

It is unnecessary to consider whether Anchor Bitters is a proprietary preparation or not. If it is, it can be classified with equal propriety as a spirituous beverage, and the higher rate of duty must prevail.

This bitters is substantially similar to the spirituous beverages enumerated in paragraph 313 of the act of 1883. Its label recommends it as a drink, whether mixed with ice-water or as a flavoring to a cock-tail; to be taken to stimulate the appetite before and to assist digestion after eating, and as a stomach strengthener at all times.

The decision of the collector is affirmed accordingly.

In the opinion of this Board, use determines the classification in the case at bar. Paragraph 117 of the act of March 3, 1883, is as follows: "Coloring for brandy, 50 per cent. ad valorem." If the chemical compound in question is coloring for brandy, it is more specifically provided for in said paragraph 117 than in paragraph 92; indeed, it falls exactly under paragraph 117. The most vital fact in the case is the original return of the appraiser—the return on the face of the invoice—and this return is "brandy coloring." There is not a single fact in the case which supports appellant's legal conclusion that their importation is classifiable under said paragraph 215. On the contrary, all the facts negative the assumption of the protest that it is a crude mineral substance.

We therefore fall back upon the original return of the appraiser as the determining fact in the case, and the conclusion would be the same if it held that the rates provided by paragraphs 92 and 117 are equally applicable under section 2499 of the Revised Statutes.

The decision of the collector is affirmed.

BOONEKAMP BITTERS A PROPRIETARY PREPARATION.

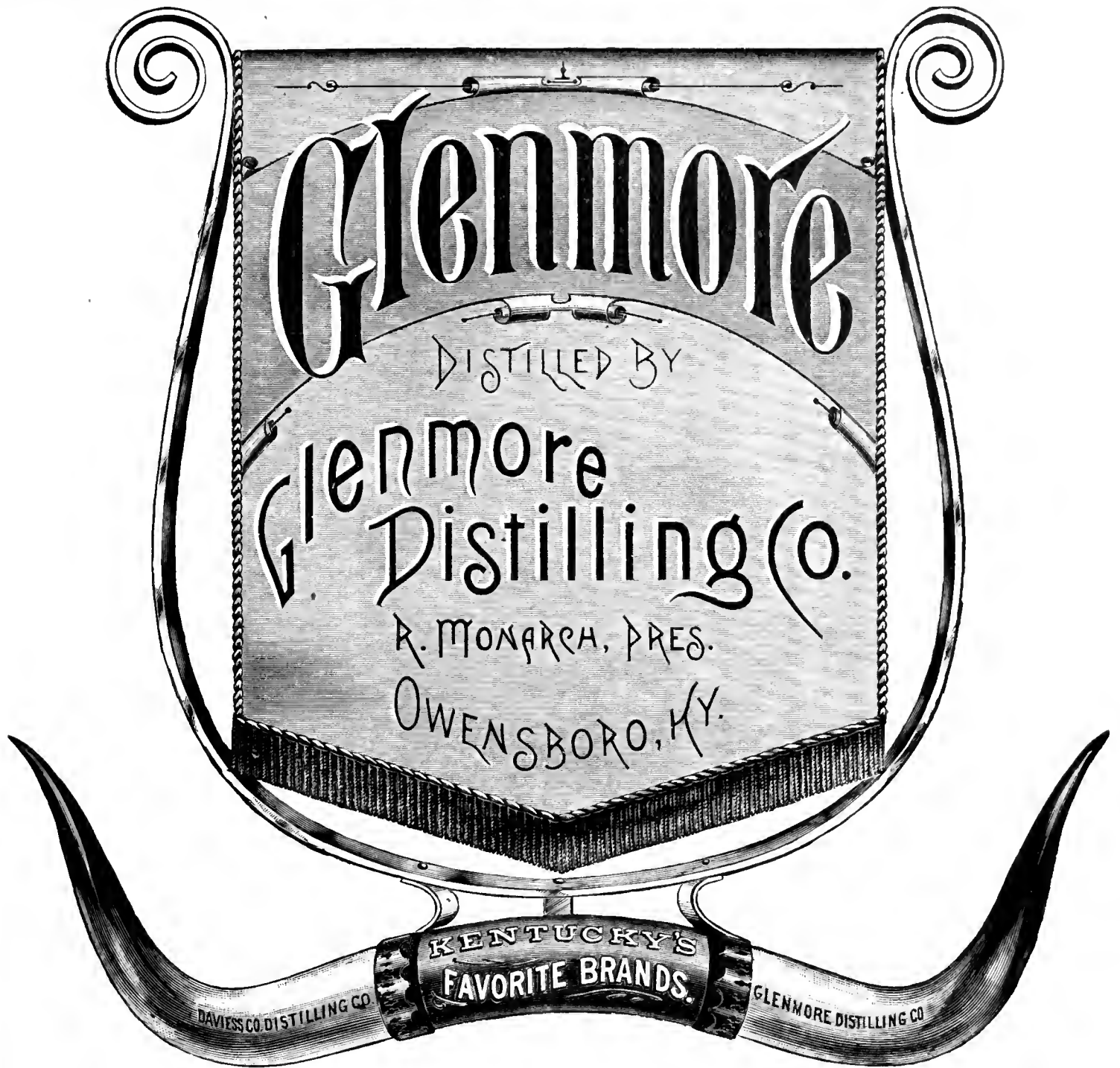
New York, November 24, 1890.

Sir: The protest (No. 449b) received with your letter of the 15th ultimo, of Messrs. Luyties Brothers, against your assessment of duty, at the rate of \$2 per gallon and 3 cents per bottle, on certain Boonekamp bitters, imported per *Rahne*, September 19, 1890, is hereby sustained, being in accordance with our ruling of the 14th instant, not yet printed.

The claim of the importers that it is entitled to entry as proprietary preparation under paragraph 99 of the tariff act of March 3, 1883, is considered as well founded.

COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, San Francisco Cal.

The Supreme Court of South Dakota has decided against the defendants in the original package case of the state of South Dakota vs. Chapman et al. The court held that in order for defendants to have immunity under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Leisy vs. Hardin, known as the original package case, they must show: (1) That they are foreign importers or agents of a foreign importer of beer or liquors; (2) that as such agents they receive an importation of beer or liquor from another state or foreign country; (3) that they are, as such importers or agents, selling this importation by the original, unbroken package in which it was imported; (4) that they are not making their house of business a tippling concern or rendezvous of persons, bringing it within the police power of the state to declare it a nuisance. All these facts must be fully established by the defendants in order to make the transaction legitimate under the decision. The failure to establish any of these propositions makes a seller of intoxicating liquor amendable to the state law. The court further holds that when bottles of whisky or beer, each sealed up in a paper wrapper and closely packed together in uncovered wooden boxes, furnished by the importer, and these wooden boxes marked to the address of the agent, and shipment from one state to another, the wooden boxes and not the bottles constitute the original package within the meaning of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.





CHAS. MEINECKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

314 Sacramento Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST FOR

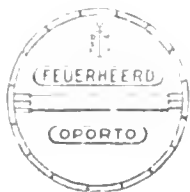
Debus, A. & Goughman, J. S. (1990) *Chalmers*.
 Chapman & Hall, London. (Chalmers)
 Chalmers, J. A. (ed.) (1990) *Chalmers*.
 Butterworth & Co., Manchester. (Chalmers)
 C. J. Mehta & Z. S. S. Chalmers (1990) *Swedish*.
 I. A. I. N. S. S. Chalmers. (I. A. I. N. S. S. Chalmers)
 (Chalmers & S. S. Chalmers)
 Bond & S. S. Chalmers (1990) *Chalmers*.
 John Ramsay & Co., London. (Chalmers)
 Lay & Co., Cardiff. (Chalmers)

[illegible]

Geneveva,	Natural Sparkling Mineral Water
Royal Prussian Springs	Selters Water.
Rakoczy Bitter Water Co., Budapest,	Mineral Water.
Moore & Smitt, Philadelphia	Whiskies.
A. Chevallier-Apert	Paris-Wine Finings.
A. Boake Roberts & Co., London,	Wine Finings.
J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg,	Cherry Cordial.
Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool,	Ginger Ale
Prime Juice Extract,	Batavia Arrack.
St. Croix Rum,	Medford Rum, Etc., Etc



SWAN GIN.

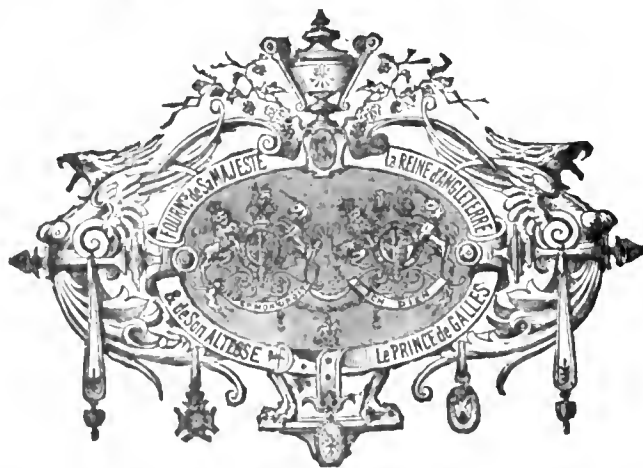


Boord's Old Tom Gin.



TRIPLE FLAVOR GIN.

PERRIER-JOUËT & CO.



CHAMPAGNE

"Special," "Reserve Dry," "Brut."

W. B. CHAPMAN,

SOLE AGENT FOR PACIFIC COAST.

123 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

For Sale by all First-class Wine Merchants and Grocers.

Specialty also of High-grade Clarets, Sauternes and Old Cognacs.

BRANDY PRODUCT OF 1890.
[OFFICIAL FIGURES.]

FIRST DISTRICT.

Months.	Produced in this District.	Received From Other Districts.	Tax-paid	Exported	Transferred to Other Districts.	In Bond End of Month.
January.....	47,975	55,812	21,690	16,661	9,219	832,570
February.....	9,270	8,775	31,119	29,299	13,948	772,505
March.....	12,329	10,037	26,572	50	22,580	742,213
April.....	5,706	23,128	31,248	679	12,309	730,533
May.....	4,029	11,598	2,596	9,441	13,750	695,336
June.....	5,906	19,031	11,330	5,709	27,946	674,701
July.....	4,952	22,163	17,085	484	4,990	678,205
August.....	8,280	14,521	25,024	9,726	7,893	654,495
September.....	4,371	22,142	31,891	6,870	13,664	628,667
October.....	16,056	47,342	46,006	831	13,600	627,306
November.....	40,171	65,852	33,240	1,038	12,499	685,902
December.....	59,765	69,144	39,768	12,570	20,333	738,057
Total.....	218,810	369,545	315,569	93,658	171,831	
“ in 1889....	342,300			On hand January 1, 1890.....		832,570
Decrease.....	124,490			“ “ 1, 1891.....		738,057
				Deficit		94,513

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Months.	Produced in this District.	Leak'ge & evaporat'n on tax-paid spirits	With-drawn Tax-paid	Withdrawn for export	Transferred to other districts	Total in bond end of month
	Wine Gallons.	Tax Gallons.	Tax Gallons.	Tax Gallons.	Tax Gallons.	Tax Gallons
January.....	38,063	210	4,671	.....	25,900	557,091
February.....	35,495	465	9,246	2,849	16,724	554,738
March.....	40,764	323	10,830	54	30,605	567,205
April.....	28,654	1,143	15,270	53	25,514	552,271
May.....	28,791	1,483	17,758	4,476	49,311	513,367
June.....	26,244	592	8,863	53	18,593	509,338
July.....	23,264	499	9,493	.....	23,883	500,197
August.....	26,081	250	6,083	53	25,234	497,491
September.....	55,788	332	11,591	1,197	34,920	494,214
October.....	84,700	634	9,744	.....	64,130	510,967
November.....	164,118	593	16,087	.....	89,146	533,676
December.....	210,361	1,816	13,865	97	113,391	609,359
Total.....	762,423	8,341	133,501	8,832	517,460	
“ in 1889....	701,203			In bond January 1, 1890.....		557,091
Incr'se product.	61,220			“ “ 1, 1891.....		609,359
				Increase.....		52,286

A LOT OF SNOBS.

CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

We would be pleased to have somebody accommodate us by classifying the gentlemen who had the management of Governor Markham's inaugural ball. From our point of view we regard them as "plain ordinary" donkeys, but it is possible that they are jackasses in disguise. We are led to these observations by the fact that the committee in charge gave the wines of this State no place on the menu cards.

The event was for the purpose of lending eclat to the inauguration of California's Governor. It was purely a California affair, and as such the products of California's vineyards should have been accorded the honor and attention due them on such an occasion.

This is no animadversion to the wines that were drank at the grand supper, nor do we suggest that only California wines should have been used, but we do say that the action of the committee, which was certainly intentional, was a gratuitous insult and an indirect injury to those who are struggling to promote the interests of one of the great industries of the State. There was no excuse for such an action and those responsible for it deserve general condemnation as a lot of unpatriotic snobs.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

If you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continuous supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO RUHLEMANN,
Viticulural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships.

Halland & McCrane, saloon, etc., Spokane Falls, Wash., dissolved. Halland continues.

Joe Hayer & Co., wholesale liquors, Los Angeles, Cal., dissolved.

Dayton & Reynolds, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., dissolved. G. S. Reynolds continues.

H. Robinson, restaurant, Portland, Or., F. M. Robinson admitted.

Hamilton & Hentine, saloon, Salem, Or., dissolved.

Gold & Mohr, saloon, Red Bluff, Cal., dissolved.

Edward Gorman, saloon, Butte, Cal., partner admitted.

Hardee & Co., saloon, Sheridan, Idaho, dissolved.

Doran & Neill, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved.

Leavitt & Van Alstine, saloons, etc., San Francisco, Cal., dissolved.

O. E. Loeffler & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash., Klekrush retires.

Thompson & Binkley, saloon, San Bernardino, Cal., dissolved. Thompson continues.

Hunt & Attrack, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved.

Locks & Martin, saloon, Proche, Nev., dissolved. Martin & Palmer continue.

Morgan & Rolandi, saloon, Gallup, N. M., succeeded by Morgan & Morrell.

Johnson & Meeks, saloon, Howell, N. M., succeeded by W. H. Meeks.

W. F. Cochran, saloon, Seven Rivers, N. M., now Kenim & Cochran.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

Charles Beams, saloon, etc., Sacramento, Cal., in insolvency.

Wm. Blair, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached and in insolvency.

F. H. Perley, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

E. McLaffin, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Kate F. Warfield, vineyardist, Glen Ellen, Cal., attached.

Geo. B. Schole, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., in insolvency.

James Hoey, saloon, Martinez, Cal., attached.

W. H. Culver, saloon, Willows, Cal., in insolvency.

Peter Nelson & Co., restaurant, Denver, Colo., attached.

D. M. Kelly, saloon, Baker City, Or., attached.

C. S. Anderson, saloon, Oakland, Cal., attached.

H. Myers, saloon, Santa Cruz, Cal., attached.

M. E. Van Stack, hotel, Oceanside, Cal., attached.

B. F. Dalling, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

P. Tattersall, saloon, Bouse, Colo., attached.

Hall & Co., saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

J. Murphy, saloon, Redondo, Cal., attached.

J. Robbins, saloon, Lamanda Park, Cal., attached.

P. Kranz, saloon, East Portland, Or., attached.

J. D. Robinson, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

Barrett & Burke, restaurant, Sacramento, Cal., involuntary insolvency.

L. O. Abbot, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., attached.

S. B. Hall, bottler, San Francisco, Cal., in insolvency.

W. T. Hanmer, saloon, Willows, Cal., attached.

Kranz, Putz & Co., saloon, Portland, Or., attached.

P. Harder, saloon, etc., Tacoma, Wash., attached.

E. G. Vosti, saloon, Blanco, Cal., insolvent.

D. H. Burroughs, saloon, Grant's Pass, Or., attached.

Sold Out.

H. B. Malatesta, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., to R. Bocca.

Thos. Gravin, saloon, Victoria, B. C.

Townsend & Harrison, hotel, Eugene, Or., to Dubois Bros.

J. N. Fanning, hotel, Medford, Or., to C. C. Bagnsdale.

James Meehan, saloon, Jackson, Cal.

A. Faber, saloon, Los Gatos, Cal., to J. Richards.

John Warren, saloon, Las Vegas, N. M., to A. A. Quinley.

S. Smith, hotel, Lodi City, Utah.

S. D. Rowland, saloon, Prineville, Or.

S. B. Whitney, saloon, Lodi, Cal.

Thomas Gomez, saloon, Pleasanton, Cal., to T. L. Levy.

J. W. Powers, saloon, Ashland, Or.

Constance Bros., saloon, Port Townsend, Wash., to J. Waddington.

George Frank, saloon, Chico, Cal.

Geo. M. Weigel, saloon, Walla Walla, Wash., to M. B. Bischoff.

A. Welch, saloon, Castle Rock, Wash., to W. Studebaker.

Sanchez Bros., saloon, Monterey, Cal.

Fred Goulet, saloon, Prineville, Or.

Miller & Owen, saloon, Fresno, Cal.

R. L. Thompson, hotel, Kelseyville, Cal., to E. J. Niles.

J. W. Powers, saloon, Ashland, Or.

Fred King, saloon, Healdsburg, Cal.

Healy & Ashley, saloon, Sheridan, Wyo.

H. Meller, saloon, Portland, Or., to Jacobs & Martell.

Bonsall & Schreiber, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal.

Henry Moeller, saloon, Portland, Or.

D. Rowan, saloon, Prineville, Or., to Harrington & Lewis.

Deceased.

George S. Davis, hotel, San Miguel, Cal.

Henry Getz, saloon, Georgetown, Colo.

J. P. Schardin & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., J. P. Schardin deceased.

Damage by Fire.

H. Carlyle, saloon, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Henry Peterson, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., damaged.

Out of Business.

Wm. B. Tripp, saloon, Sandy, Utah.

Burkhead & Collins, saloon, Aspen, Colo.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

Wm. Hawley, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash.

H. J. Well, saloon, San Bernardino, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

L. Pieper, hotel, Windsor, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.

W. J. Van Schnyver, wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$595.

C. D. Chambers, hotel, Seattle, Wash., gave bill of sale \$1500.

Geo. E. Kuhn, saloon, Seattle, Wash., gave bill of sale \$300.

F. G. Schneider, saloon, Fresno, Cal., conveyed realty.

A. Fuhrberg, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty \$.

Brassy & Co., wholesale liquors, San Jose, Cal., F. Brassy received deed \$10.

H. O. Matthews, liquors, Stockton, Cal., received deed \$1.

Charles Cohn & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., N. Cohn received deed \$625.

Marx & Jorgensen, wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., D. Marx conveyed realty \$400.

A. H. Harms, saloon, etc., San Francisco,

Cal., conveyed realty \$10.

J. B. Mend, saloon, Huron, Cal., received deed \$125, conveyed realty \$1200.

W. F. Wagner, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$100.

M. Timmahan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., bill of sale \$750.

B. Lamalle & Co., hotel, etc., San Jose, Cal., B. Lamalle, received deed \$10.

Rapp & DeBarry, bottles, San Francisco, Cal., John Rapp received deed \$10.

A. M. Guire, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., bill of sale \$1750.

E. A. Grapenger, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale \$100.

C. Dillman & Co., wholesale liquors, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty \$5500.

M. M. Dee, saloon, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$750.

J. Meyer, saloon, Portland, Or., bill of sale to E. T. Sweeney \$750.

P. Gaillard, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.

A. P. Hotelling & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., and Portland, Or., received deed \$100,000.

A. McQuarrie & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash., J. H. Smidden gives bill of sale.

Pete O. Olsen, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale to C. A. Stokes \$150.

Geo. W. Chesley & Co., wholesale liquors, Sacramento, Cal., conveyed realty Grant.

Charles Jurans, saloon, etc., Oakland, Cal., received deed \$10.

B. Dreyfus & Co., wholesale wines, San Francisco, Cal., Jacob Frowenfel received deed \$10.

George Greunig, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.

C. Ludwig, hotel, Tracy, Cal., received deed \$350.

P. O. Eibe, saloon, Willows, Cal., received deed \$70.

C. Cohn & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., received deed \$2750.

L. S. Cavalero, saloon, etc., San Jose, Cal., bill of sale one-half interest.

A. H. Lang, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., to A. Friedman.

Megler & Wright, saloon, etc., Astoria, Or., received deed \$5.

F. Timmerman, wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., received deed \$2750.

Realty Mortgages.

Gambirinus Bottling Co., San Francisco, Cal., G. H. Liebold \$1200.

Wright & Harris, restaurant, Astoria, Or., Charles Wright \$3000.

Charles Cohn & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., N. Cohn \$4125.

N. Ewels, saloon, etc., Sacramento, Cal., \$3700.

Kate F. Warfield, vineyardist, Glen Ellen, Cal., \$5000.

John C. King, hotel, San Bernardino, Cal., \$900.

C. W. Robie, hotel, Portland, Or., \$7000.

Morlarity & Creede, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., J. Morlarity \$1500.

H. Helmeier, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$4000.

H. Bishop, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$500.

Graves & Bemis, wholesale liquors, San Jose, Cal., C. Graves \$1000.

Paton & Newman, saloon, Stockton, Cal., Paton \$1500.

Chattel Mortgages.

M. Probst, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$100.

F. E. Johnson, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$2,650.

J. Joachim, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,750.

G. Stuble, saloon, Portland, Or., \$500.

M. A. Clough, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$500.

S. W. Woodworth, saloon, Portland, Or., \$245.

T. A. Gassett, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$200.

A. D'Entressangle, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.

J. H. Grabow, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.

Callaghan & Co., saloon, Ballard, Wash., \$225.

Wheaton & Mackay, saloon, Salt Lake

City, Utah, \$218.

E. L. Pillman, hotel, Slaughter, Wash., \$175.

M. M. Jones, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$450.

A. Grether, saloon, Portland, Or., \$600.

F. S. Oman, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash.

Werner & Washendorf, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$450.

F. Salter, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$208.

C. C. Carter & Co., saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$149.

H. Schmeizer, saloon, East Portland, Or., \$125.

J. R. Mooney, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$3,250.

Powers & Welsh, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,795.

R. E. Haynes, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,672.

J. Harrington & Co., saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$1,800.

P. H. Riley, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$1,897.

R. Dwyer, saloon, Portland, Or., \$996.

M. J. Baldwin, hotel, Portland, Or., \$150.

H. Maultzsch & Co., saloon, Denver, Colo., \$250.

S. E. Kimball, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$140.

Frank L. Crow, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,000.

Terry Stein, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., \$500.

A. V. Tascher, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.

A. Curly, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1,500.

I. Behnke, saloon, Portland, Or., \$250.

H. H. Heath, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., \$3,267.

Mortgages Discharged.

L. Knack, hotel, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,500.

Marshall & Nye, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., D. B. Nye, \$400.

N. Ewels, saloon, etc., Sacramento, Cal., \$3,500.

Scott Bros., wines, Oakland, Cal., Ilchard Scott \$1,000.

J. W. Burns, saloon, Petaluma, Cal., \$600.

Powers & Welch, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$5,258.

Graves & Bemis, wholesale liquors, San Jose, Cal., C. Graves \$1,000.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

W. B. Stuhlmacher, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., judgment against him \$124.

Lee Goodman, saloon, Portland, Or., sued \$2,934.

Matt. Anderson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., chattel mortgage foreclosed.

Peter Hanson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., chattel mortgage foreclosed.

John Cort, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$337.

T. O. Abbott, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., lien \$2,687.

Gondalfo & McIntyre, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., Gondalfo sues for dissolution and appointment of receiver.

Walden & Co., hotel, Vancouver, B. C., mortgage foreclosed.

P. Schranz, saloon, Albina, Or., sued.

Allen & Tange, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., lien \$63.

Miscellaneous.

D. Kuck, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., sheriff's sale.

H. E. Rieker, hotel, Chloride, N. M., leased to Mrs. H. J. Worthington.

S. B. Davis & Son, hotel, Las Vegas, N. M., advertised to sell out.

A. F. Kautz, saloon, Colton, Wash., advertised to sell.

James Brannan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.

G. W. Chesley & Co., wholesale liquors, Sacramento, Cal., A. Chesley filed homestead.

E. Yowell, saloon, Ogden, Utah, advertised to sell.

F. H. Perley, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.

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WILLIAM H. RUDKIN,

74 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

A Complete Catalogue will be forwarded by mail on receipt of business card.

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REDINGTON & CO., 25-27 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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—Manufacturer and Dealer in—

Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

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St. Helena Wine Co.,

22-28 Taylor St., San Francisco, Cal.

California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at

ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

Kohler & Van Bergen,

CALIFORNIA

WINES AND

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Main Office and Vaults:
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417-419 MONTGOMERY ST.,
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Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.

Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of

Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

THE DIVIDEND,

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JAMES O'BRIEN, PROP.

Importer of FINEST WINES, LIQUORS,
Irish and Scotch Whiskies, Bass' Ale
and Guinness Stout.

Moore, Hunt & Co's Whiskies a Specialty

JOHN D. GALL.

JAMES P. DUNNE.

"THE RESORT"

1 Stockton St., Cor. of Ellis,
SAN FRANCISCO.

ARIEL LATHROP, Pres. T. HOPKINS, Treas.
WM. HARNEY, Mgr. and Sec'y.

GOLDEN GATE WOOLEN MFG. CO.

—MANUFACTURE—

Blankets, Cassimeres, Tweeds

FLANNELS.

535 Market St., San Francisco.

Aggregate Assets, \$46,000,000

London Assurance Corporation of London
(Established by Royal Charter
1720).

Northern Assurance Company of London
(Established 1836).

Queen Insurance Company of Liverpool
(Established 1837).

Connecticut Fire Insurance Company of
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ROBERT DICKSON, Manager,
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Founded 1856. Incorporated April, 1889.

Tubbs Cordage Company

Manufacturers of all kinds of

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GRAPE-VINE TWINE, ETC.

611-613 FRONT STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward
for any case of catarrh that cannot be
cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J.
Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe
him perfectly honorable in all business
transactions, and financially able to carry
out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, To-
ledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale
Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally,
acting directly upon the blood, and mu-
cous surfaces of the system. Testimonials
sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by
all druggists.



Saws of Every Description on Hand
and made to order.

H. Royers Lace Leather—Agents for
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HENRY WASS, WOOD TURNER.



—MANUFACTURER OF—
Wooden Bungs, Taps, Plugs, etc., Oak
Bungs, Soft and Hard Wine Plugs, Soft
and Hard Tap Plugs, Wine Samplers,
Bung Starters, etc.
720 MINNAST, BET. EIGHTH AND NINTH, S. F.
Established since 1856.

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—OF—

Prominent California Vineyards.

[These Cards inserted for \$5 per Year in advance.]

EL PINAL VINEYARD.—Established
1852. Wines and brandies. George
West & Son, Stockton, Cal.

SIERRA VISTA VINEYARD.—Wines
and brandies. Sierra Vista Vineyard
Co., Minturn, Fresno, Co., Cal.

I. DE TURK VINEYARDS.—Estab-
lished 1862. Wines and brandies. I.
De Turk, Santa Rosa, Cal.

INGLENOOK VINEYARD.—Established
1880. Wines and brandies. Gustave
Niebaum, Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.

SUNSET VINEYARD.—Established 1881.
Wines and brandies. Webster & Sar-
gent, Minturn, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.—Established 1881
Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith,
Livermore, Cal.

MONT ROUGE VINEYARD.—Estab-
lished 1885. Dry wines. A. G.
Chauche, Livermore, Cal. Office 615-
617 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

ELECTRA VINEYARD.—Established
1881. Dry wines. Clarence J. Wet-
more, Livermore, Cal.

LINDA VISTA VINEYARD.—Established
1858. Dry and sweet wines. C. C.
McIver, Mission San Jose, Alameda
Co., Cal.

CRESTA BLANCA.—Exclusively fine high
grade wines in bottle, fine Santernes
and Medoc types. Only cash orders
solicited. Charles A. Wetmore, Liver-
more, Cal.

FRESNO VINEYARD.—Established 1880.
Sweet and dry wines and brandies
Fresno, Cal., L. P. Drexler, 409 Cali-
fornia St., San Francisco, Cal.

"OLD TAYLOR"

DISTILLED BY E. H. TAYLOR, JR.

E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, - Frankfort, Ky.

LARGEST DISTILLERS
OF PURE BRANDY
IN THE WORLD.

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Mark.

DISTILLERIES:
GEYSERVILLE AND
ST. HELENA, CAL.

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This Brandy, made after the French formula, from selected fresh grapes, has been successfully introduced, and is now regularly sold in the principal markets of Europe, in competition with French Cognac. Official German and English chemists have pronounced it the purest Brandy which comes to their markets.

It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French, the American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

WALDEN & CO.,

Eastern Office, 41 Beaver Street, New York.

GEYSERVILLE, SONOMA COUNTY, CAL.

NATOMA VINEYARD CO.

TABLE GRAPES, TOKAYS, MUSCATS, ETC.

Red and White Wines and Brandies

Vineyards, Winery and Distillery,

Principal Office,

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508 California St., San Francisco.

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Special Attention Paid to the Unbonding and Shipping of Whiskies,
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These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

[The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.]

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.	
QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling..... 6.00	7.00
Gutedel..... 6.00	7.00
Zinfandel..... 5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hoek, 1885.....	5.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Muscatel.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	6.00	7.00
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	13.00

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hoek, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi Feher Hun Type.....	4.00
Port, 1884.....	5.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mont'n, 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
Brandy, 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hoek, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	8.00
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	10.00
**Red.....	10.00
***Green.....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES,
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hoek, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	6.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION,
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.

Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	5.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hoek.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	5.50
Angelica.....	4.50	5.50
Sherry.....	4.50	5.50
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	16.00
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	9.00
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	16.00
Private Stock Hoek.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beclan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
" ".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
" ".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	7.00
Old Sherry.....	6.00	7.00

MONT ROUGE WINES,
A. G. Chance, Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

Quarts. Pints.	
Sauterne.....	\$6.00 \$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00 8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00 5.00
A Claret, P.....	9.00
AA Claret, V.....	9.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hoek.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	11.00
Sherry.....	7.50	8.50
Angelica.....	6.00	7.00
Muscatel.....	6.00	7.00
Madeira.....	6.00	7.00
Malaga.....	6.00	7.00
Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeira.....	8.00	9.00
Malaga.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" "Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California st, S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (Ld)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reitlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEITZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.	
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00 \$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums.....	31.00
per case.....	30.50
Chabchet Blanc per case.....	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Branche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

QUARTS. PINTS.	
Pommery Sec.....	\$32.50 \$34.50

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Carte Blanche.....	31.00	33.00
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JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry	
Vergenay.....	\$28.00 \$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00 31.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.
(Barton & Gnestier, Bordeaux.)

Quarts.

Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pailh, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Bevecheville, 1881.....	15.00
Duerm Beauchillon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cantenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margeux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuville & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Fuy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Mouton Rothschild '80.....	35.00
(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)	
Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romanee, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

WHITE WINES.
(Barton & Gnestier, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	9.25
Vin de Graves, 1878.....	10.50
Barsac, 1878.....	11.00
Haut Sauternes, 1874.....	17.50
Chateau Yquem, 1874.....	30.50

T. J. BRANNAN T. J. DONNELLY

Donnelly & Brannan,

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Kentucky
Whiskies.

S. E. CORNER
California & Kearny Sts.
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Cal.

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212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.


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California Champagnes, Whisky, Gin, Mineral Waters, Etc.

Old Nonpareil Rye & Bourbon Whisky



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and Liqueurs.

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OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.

Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

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No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault,
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Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
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M. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR.

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California Wine Grower's Union

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References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
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"CARTE BLANCHE," "GRAND VIN SEC,"
A Magnificent Blch Wine, Perfection of a Dry Wine

See that every Bottle bears the private label of
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Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.



CHARLES MEINECKE & CO. 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Santernes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00
C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits	
Burgundies, white and	
red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port wines	
per case.....	15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port Wines,	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 5.50
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown	
Brand in ½.....	1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....	2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	5.00 to 6.00
Boord & Son, London Dock	
Sherry, per case.....	12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstinaon Sohn, Mainz	
Rhine Wines per case.....	8.50 to 28.00
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt	
o M Rhine Wines per	
case.....	11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER, 210 Front street, San Francisco.	
	Per Gallon.
Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50
SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co., 410 Front street, San Francisco.	
Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN, 322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Ivain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE, 323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.	
Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old..	4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club " " "	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" " BB Whisky.....	1.75

Liquors—In cases.	
Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	\$10.00
" " " A1, " "	7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts	8.00
" " " A1, 48½ pt	9.00
Union Club Bourbon, 24 pts	7.50
" " " 48 ½pts	8.50
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s..	8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	7.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co., 401 Front street, San Francisco.	
	Per Gallon.
Extra Pony in bbls or ½-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " " pf	4.00
B " " " "	3.50
C " " " "	3.00
No. 1 " " " "	2.50
Rye in bbls and ½-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2	
dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

JOSEPH MELTZER & CO. 504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon,	
(per bbl) per gallon....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	(2.50)
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO. 123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater	\$ 4.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	7.50
WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco	
W. H. McBrayer, 1885.....	\$2.75

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co.,	
Philadelphia, Bourbon	
and Rye whiskies.....	\$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD. 422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon	\$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Boord & Son, London Finest	
Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Highd Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt	
Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Donnaugh, Irish....." "	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co....." "	11.50

Imported Brandies.

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329, Market street, San Francisco.	
Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " " " "	19.00
" " " " " "	22.00
" " " VSO " "	28.00
" " " WSOP " "	50.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Cognac in Octaves	
per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co.	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Reserve Vintages. 10.50 to 14.00	
Swan Gin in ½ casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in ½ casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch	
Whisky, in ½ casks....	4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand	
Jamaica Rums in ½	
casks.....	5.25 6.50

W. B. CHAPMAN. 123 California street, San Francisco.	
(H. Cavillier & frere Cognac.)	
	Quarts.
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re-	
serve, 1858.....	40.00


JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., 308 California Street, San Francisco.	
W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac.	26.00 28.00

Imported Goods.

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WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco-	
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " med. " " " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	13.50
" " " " " " " " " " " "	per es. 4 doz 6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique	
per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case	6.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Market street, San Francisco.	
(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)	
Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " " "	12.00 to 14.00
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in	
cases of 15 large black	
bottles per case.....	23.50
in cases of 15 large	
white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholl Freres	
Bavarian Highland, per	
case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.	
Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

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BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

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WINES AND BRANDIES
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 Lou.—Louisville; Cin.—Cincinnati; Dist'y—Distillery; C. C. H.—Cincinnati Custom House; St. L. C. H.—St. Louis Custom House.


These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

IN BOND.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....				60		50				225			Spr 81 285	Lou C H
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			60	55	42½	40	37½	210				240		
Ashland.....				50	40	37½				210				
Astor.....														
Atherton.....				50		37½		207½		225			Fall 81 260	Cin C H
Ballard & Lancaster.....						37½								
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....		75		52½		40							Spr 81 275	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....				65	50	47½								
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....				55						225		257½		
Belle of Louisville.....				50										
Belle of Marion.....		80		65		40		210		225			Spr 81 275	
Belle of Nelson.....			80	75		55		230						
Belmont.....										240				
Berkele, Wm.....			60	55	45	42½								
Berry, E. C.....				47½		40								
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....				55		40				205			Spr 81 260	
Blakemore.....				67½		55								
Blue Grass.....				52½	42½	37½		200		220		250	Spr 81 270	
Bond & Lillard.....		97½	60	85	67½	65	60	240		250		265	Spr 84 275	
Bond, M. S.....				45	32½	30								
Boone's Knoll.....				75	62½	55		230		250		275		
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 300	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....														
Brownfield, W. W.....				65		55								
Buchanan.....				60		50							Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Callaghan.....														
Carlisle.....				67½		55				225				
Cedar Run.....	80			65		50								
Chickencook.....		64		50	42½	40							Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....		60	50	45	40	37½							Spr 81 275	
Cliff Falls.....				45										
Clifton.....														
Commonwealth.....		62½		55		40								
Cook, C. B.....				44	35	30							Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....				65		50								
Craig, F. G.....				47½		35								
Cornflower.....						37½								
Cream of Anderson.....		75		65		47½								
Criterion.....		65		50	37½	35								
Crystal Spring.....		75		47½		37½								
Cumberland.....				60		45							Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....				55		37½								
Dant, J. W.....		90	85	65	55	45		205	215	240				
Darling.....		65			42½	40								
Daviess County Club.....						40								
Dedman, C. M.....		72½		57½						225				
Double Spring.....						36								
Dundee.....				52½		40								
Durham.....		70		60		47½								
Early Times.....	82½	80		65		52½								
Edge Cliff.....		80		70		55								
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....				52½		42½		210		230			Spr 80 290	Lou C H
Elk Run.....				40		30								
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....				42½		33½		190			235			
Fall City.....				35										
Fern Cliff.....						32½								
Fible & Crabb.....		75						200						
Field, J. W. M.....						40								
Franklin.....						40								
Frazier, W. J.....				75	62½	60		207½						
Freeland.....				55	45	42½								
Garland.....				50	35	35								
Gladstone.....				52½	40	37½	32½							
Glenarme.....				55	37½	37½								

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
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 323-325 Market St., S. F.



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DAVY CROCKETT WHISKY,
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 215 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

P. J. CASSIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS OF PURE —
Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies
 Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
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 Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.
California Wines and Brandies.
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B. FRITSCHE. C. CELLARIUS.
Thomas Taylor & Co.
 — DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN —
WINES AND LIQUORS
 — Sole Agents for —
 Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

C. JOST, SR. C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
 — Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
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 DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.

CHAS. W. FORK. JOHN SPRUANCE.
Spruance, Stanley & Co.
 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 275	
Glenmore.....					47½	42½								
Glen Springs.....						40							Spr 81 275	
Greenbrier.....				60		42½				250			Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)					40	35								
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....		75		60		45								
Hackly, S. O.....			65	60	47½	45		200		225				
Hanning, Jno.....			55	52½	40	37½							Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....				47½	42½	42½		210						
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....				52½		37½		200						
Head, F. M.....						37½								
Head, W. H.....				50										
Hermitage.....			95	87½		70						275	Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....		71½	60	55		40								
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)	57½	52½			42½	37½								
Hume.....				50	40	40				220			Spr 81 280	
Indian Hill.....							25							
Jessamine.....					36	35								
Jockey Club.....						42½								
Kellar, A.....			57½	52½	38½					225			Spr 84 250	
Kentucky Club.....				75	55	52½		220		240			June 81 350	
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....				52½	40	37½	32½							
Kentucky Cyclone.....						37½								
Kentucky Dew.....				50										
Kentucky Tip.....				55	42½	40			210		250			
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....				52½		37½								
Limestone.....		72½		52½		40		210		235				
McBrayer, J. A.....														
McBrayer, J. H.....				55		42½								
McBrayer, W. H.....			100	92½	70	67½		250	265			275	Fall 84 280	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....				50		37½								
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....				50	40	37½							Spr 84 235	
Mattingly & Moore.....			70	65	55	50				225				
Mayfield.....			65	60	47½	45							Spr 81 285	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	72½	70	57½	55	42½	40							Fall 81 265	
Mercantile Club.....		80	75	60	45	40	35							
Miles, E. L.....				52½		35								
Monarch, M. V.....				60		52½								
Monarch, R.....				72½		55		230					Spr 81 280	N Y C H
Monarch, T. J.....				57½	45	42½		110	E G	230		240	Fall 81 275	
Moore, D. L.....						40							Spr 81 275	Lou
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....				57½	42½	40				110	E G		Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....		80		65		50								
Nelson.....			55	50	40	36		195		215		225		
New Castle.....		60												
New Hope.....				65	55	52½							Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			55	52½										
Oakwood.....		82½		70		52½		210						
O. F. C.....				75				240					285	Fall 80 400
Old Charter.....				52½		35								
Old Crow.....			100	95		72½						300	Spr 81 400	
Old Lexington Club.....						37½				115	E G			
Old Log Cabin.....		75												
Old Pepper, (Petter, Jas. E. & Co).....				82½		60				275			Spr 84 290	
Old Oscar Pepper.....		100		75		62½		235				300	Fall 83 325	
Old Tarr.....				57½									Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....				50	52½	50	40							
Old Times.....				50	40	35	32½							
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....						30								
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....				45	45									
Peacock.....				55		42½								
Pepper, R. P.....			55	52½		45			225				Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....						60	50							
Purdy & Co.....						50								
Rich Grain.....				52½		35								
Richwood.....			60	55	42½	40	35			225				
Ripy, T. B.....			65	57	47½	45		205		225		245	Spr 81 275	L C H
Rohrer, D.....		57½		45		35								
Rolling Fork.....				52½		36				225				

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Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauser, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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CINCINNATI, U. S. A.

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



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A SPECIALTY.

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GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

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FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

— And to —

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LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

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Widow,

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HARMONY SHERRIES.

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BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			62½	60		45				240	Cin.	C II		
Samuels, W. B. & Co.				55		42½							Fall 83	265
Searcy, J. S.				57½		47½								
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)		90				47½								
Sharpe.				55										
Shawhan.						40								
Small Grain.						37½								
Smith & Smith						40								
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum).														
Southall.				55					225					
Sovereign.				55										
Split Rock.					37	35								
Spring Hill.				62½		47½							Spr 81	325
Spring Water.				65		50								
Stone, W. S. (Old)				61½		45		210		225				
Sweetwood.				45	32½		29							
Tippecanoe.						37½								
Taylor (Old)		95	97½	72½										
Tea Kettle.				52½		37½								
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)		75	60	57½	42½	40								
Van Arsdell.						40							Spr 81	275
Van Hook.				50		37½		200						Lou
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)				57½		40								
Walker, J. M.				55										
Warwick.				55	45	42½		200		230				
Waterfill & Frazier		90		72½										
Wathen Bros		65	67	50		37½								
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)				62½		55								
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)				67½		60								
White Mills.		57½	55	47½	37½	35								
Willow Run.						32½								
Woodland.				57½	47½	45		200				240		
Zeno		90		72½	60	55	50							

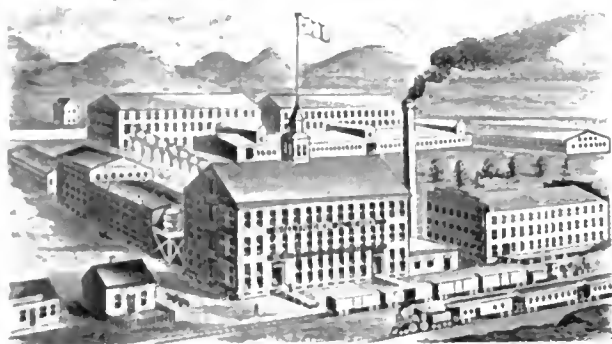
KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland.				62½		42½								
Atherton.				67½		50								
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.			57½											
Belle of Nelson.											257½			
Blue Grass.			82½	77½	60	57½		215						
Clarke's.														
Criterion				52½										
Crystal Spring.														
Curley, J. E.													Spr 80	350
Edgewater.														
Excelsior.														
Franklin				75	55		225							
Greylock.				55	50									
Greystone.														
Hermitage.			100	95	82½	77½					300		Spr 83	375
Highland.														
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)				55	50									
Lynchburg.														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.				70										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.				52½		45								
Melwood.		80	65											
Miles, E. L.				70	47½									
Millcreek.				60	55									
Monarch, M V.					55					250				
Nelson.					55									
Normandy.				75	60									
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)				80		67½		265		290			Spr 84	300
Paris Club.						52½								
Peacock.						47½								
Pepper, R. P.				65		55				235				
Rolling Fork.					50				215					
Short Horn (Dougherty's).						50								
Sovereign.					50					240				
Sunny Side.		75		67½	52½	50								
Susquehanna.				65	55	52½	45							
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	60	55	50	45	40	35								
Wathen Bros.			65		52½									
White Mills.				52½	42½	40								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.			
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson, Glenarue, Jessamine, Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
		BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distilling Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Belle of Nelson.
		EASTERN RYES.	
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. IL, 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	M. CRICHTON & CO., Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
J. G. MATTINGLY CO., Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MELLWOOD DISTY CO., Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee, G. W. S.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor, Belmont, Nutwood.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.

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S. Dillinger & Sons

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RUFF'S DALE, WESTMORELAND CO. PA.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

WM. H. SHIELDS,
WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

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Cincinnati, O.

EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....		115		87½	77½	72½		275						
Bridgeport.....	95	90	82½	77½	60	52½	47½		245					
Brookdale.....		85		70										
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....		90		70	62½	47½								
Dougherty.....		108½		85	75	62½								
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	120	105	90	82½	65	62½								
Frontier.....				57½										
Gibson.....	127½	122½	100	82½	67½	60				360				
Guckenheimer.....	98½	93½	82½	76	62½	57½	52½	242½		295	310		Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			92½	85	75	67½	60							
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	67½	62½	55	47½	40	215						
Lippencott.....							45							
Meadville.....				62½	62½	60								
Melvale.....						60								
Monticello.....		105		80						265				
Montrose.....		75	67½			40	35							
Moore, Tom.....					60	55	45							
Mt. Vernon.....		120	107½	87½	75	70	62½				350			
Orient.....	115	102½	85	70	55	47½	46							
Overholt.....		115	87½	75	65	60		265	285	310			Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....		100	85	80	65	62½	51	267½	272½					
Somerset.....	75	65	57½	50	45	35	35							
Stewart.....				75	60	55								
Tompson, Sam.....					60	50	42½							
Vandegrift.....					60	50	45							



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Established 1810.

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Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

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Established 1844.

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UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY.

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ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER,
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STILL MAKING BOXES AT THE OLD STAND,
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Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, Semillon, Verdot, Merlot, Beclan, Petit Syrah, Franken Riesling, Johannisberg Riesling, Mondouse, Muscadet du Bordelaise,

OR ANY OTHER VARIETY WANTED.

First-class Cuttings of any of the above for Rootings or Grafts will be supplied at \$6.00 per thousand on board cars

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Special Steam and Hand Pumps for Wineries.

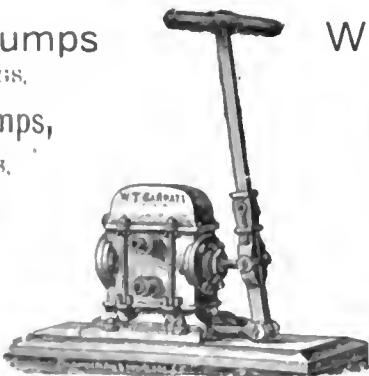
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FOR WINERIES.

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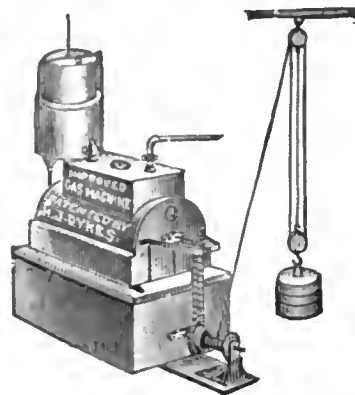
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—SUCCESSORS TO—

WATSONVILLE M. & L. Co.

Have Constantly on Hand a Full Supply
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GRAPE STAKES,

2x2--4 Feet Long, 2x2--5 Feet Long,
2x2--6 Feet Long.

Which will be sold at reasonable rates.

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Brandy distilled in my CONTINUOUS STILL received this and last year, the HIGHEST market price. For PURITY and FINE FLAVOR none can equal it.

Refers to the Pacific Wine Co., San Jose; Elsen Vineyards, Fresno, Cal.; Eggers Vineyard, Fresno, Cal.; Fresno Vineyards, Fresno, Cal.; Hill & Marshall, Laguna, Sonoma county, Cal.; Co-Operative Distilling Co., St. Helena, Cal., and Walden & Sons, Geyserville, Sonoma county, Cal. Champagne and Soda Machines manufactured. Prices as low as any.

Fairbanks' Standard Scales, Trucks, Etc.

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316-318 MARKET STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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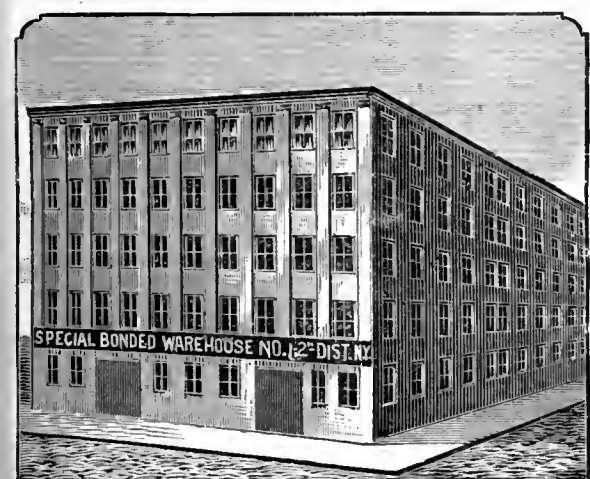
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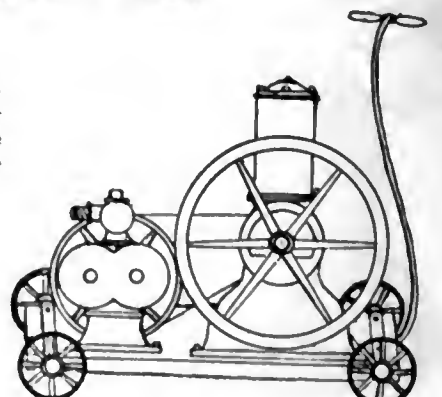
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



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WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

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THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—The market for dry wines is flat and without feature, unless it is a decided inability of jobbers and producers to come to an agreement upon the question of price delivered at San Francisco. The margin of difference is very slight, and it would seem that there ought not to be such a stagnation as prevails at present when all the conditions governing the market are considered. There is something radically wrong in the situation which allows of such a wide divergence between the prices and demand for wines and brandies. While the latter are in good demand at fair figures, the former are waiting for buyers, and on this account, it would seem that the wine makers could not only protect their own interests, but greatly benefit the industry by distilling a goodly portion of their ordinary stocks. The market certainly needs some such relief, and the difference in the prices of wine and brandy, offers inducements to adopt this course. The slack demand for dry wines, can be partially accounted for by the fact that the Eastern and Western states are experiencing a severe winter which is having a very quieting effect on the market. With the opening of Spring, however, it is probable that business will assume a more satisfactory status.

Well made sweet wines are in fair demand at prices ranging from thirty-five cents up. Exports by sea for the fort night aggregated 599 cases and 350,171 gallons of which 26 cases and 336,825 gallons were domestic, and 573 cases and 13,346 gallons were foreign.

CALIFORNIA BRANDY—The market is in a healthy condition and improving steadily. Young goods of fair quality are in active demand at forty-seven and one-half to fifty cents for half barrels and a proportionate increase for cooperage in larger packages. Older ages than 1890 are not to be quoted, as they are not in the market. There is every indication that the supply of '91, will be far short of the demand. This is indicated not only by the present situation, but by the further fact that a prominent brokerage firm in this city has received an order for 100,000 gallons of brandy, and other calls aggregating 50,000 gallons, and that this quantity is not in the market, and the orders cannot be filled. Such facts ought to convince producers that there is a field in the distillation of brandy which they are not properly occupying.

Exports by sea for the fortnight were 13 cases and 72,800 gallons, of which 53,096 gallons were to domestic points, and 19,704 to foreign ports.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—In sympathy with all other lines of trade, the market is sluggish and will continue so until the Spring trade opens. The outlook for business during '91, is excellent. Local trade is quiet. Imports during the fortnight have been of usual volume.

RYES—The market is in the same condition as that for bourbons, and there is no prospect for a change for the better, until the Spring season opens.

OF INTEREST TO WINE BOTTLERS.

A London maker has succeeded in producing wine bottles having an unpolished, or rather roughened interior surface. It is anticipated that this property will favor the deposition of any solid matter which may be held in suspension in wines and similar liquids which may be put into bottles. The roughened surface is produced, says a contemporary, after the bottle is made, by injecting the sand blast. Not only will the formation of deposits be accelerated by this surface, but the crust which is formed is so adherent that bottles of port, etc., may be freely moved without danger of injuring the contents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the readers of the REVIEW is called to the advertisements of the following named firms on page eleven, which are not classified in the index:

Garnier, Lancel & Co., wine merchants, San Francisco.

Nicholas, Rath & Co., importers, New York.

Baker & Hamilton, vineyard implements, San Francisco.

Trumbull & Beebe, nurserymen, San Francisco.

INJUSTICE TO THE TRADE.

The revelations published a few days ago concerning offences committed against the liquor laws by wholesale dealers throughout the State have not been without salutary effect. A number of dealers who did not care to be ranked in the criminal category made haste to seek the revenue agent and adjust possible delinquencies. So far nearly \$14,000 have been paid in by dealers whose goods had been seized.

Since the revenue officers commenced their investigations over 700 barrels of whisky have been seized because of various frauds discovered in their connection. Either the warehouse dates have been changed, as in the case of fifty barrels seized in this city, or the stamps have not been erased, and in instances these barrels have been filled a second time. It was learned yesterday that in this city alone, twenty wholesale dealers have been called to account for breaking the laws. They have been fined in every case from \$100 to \$500, in proportion to their offenses. Throughout the State fully fifty dealers have been fined. Not one offender has been dealt with in the courts. It appears that it is left to the discretion of the United States District Attorney to make arrests upon the reports furnished by the revenue agents. Apparently there is a tendency to smooth over the matter in a way entailing the least publicity to the persons threatened. The investigations are still continuing.

The above was published in the *Chronicle* of this city a few days ago and is nothing less than rank injustice to the wholesale trade of San Francisco and the State. On the face of it the article appears to be emanations from the brain of some space-killing reporter, but at the same time there are sufficient figures and allegations to indicate that some one connected with the Internal Revenue Department in the First District is using a penny-a-line pencil-pusher to cast a reflection upon the entire trade. We respectfully suggest to Collector Sears that this is a matter which calls not only for personal investigation, but for the punishment of the guilty subordinate.

Considering the high standing of the wholesale liquor trade of this city and their importance as contributors to the Government's revenues, it is certainly a gratuitous insult to cast such a cloud upon their integrity, and knowing Collector Sears, we are confident that he will regard the matter in this light if it is properly brought before him.

We do not accept as facts, the foregoing allegations published by the *Chronicle*, but we must say that if the Revenue Department has discovered any such irregularities as are charged against some of the dealers of this State, the Collector should not only punish the offenders, but make their identity known. It is a matter in which the general public as well as the trade is concerned, and justice demands that such imposters, if they exist anywhere save in the brain of an imaginative reporter, should be pointed out in order that they may be avoided by buyers who want what they pay for and nothing more or less.

We would further say to Collector Sears that the large body of the wholesale liquor trade of San Francisco feel sorely hurt by these charges which apparently originated in his office and they feel justified in demanding that the names of these alleged imposters and infractors of the revenue laws be made known, to the end that innocent parties may not be implicated in an offense of which they are not guilty.

The matter is a grave one and calls for the Collector's prompt consideration and action. We await his reply and will readily give his explanation publicity in the columns of this journal.

HIGHLY CREDITABLE.

The issue of the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW of the 26th ult., was creditable to our friends, Messrs. Wood & Co., being printed from new type, on best book paper, with ornamental cover, and enlarged from thirty-four to forty-six pages. The reading matter has been increased and made more diversified by the addition of several new departments. We are pleased to note this evidence of prosperity in our vigorous and able contemporary, which has certainly a fine field in the wine interest of California.—*Midas Criterion, Chicago.*

AGAIN AGONY IN OAKLAND

Oakland is again in the throes of female politics and her labors promise to result as usual in defeating the rational majority and electing the minority on a false platform.

For sometime past the "Athena of the Pacific" has been unquestionably entitled to the reputation of possessing the most complete aggregation of female cranks west of Missouri.

For several weeks past these Oakland ladies have been putting the thumb-screw upon the helpless business men of their city and threatening them with boycott and ruin unless they attached their signature to petitions to the city council demanding a provision by which local option can be inflicted upon the community. That these petitions are being signed and that they are the subject of dire anathemas, it is hardly necessary to say. Unusually high license and restrictions on the trade do not satisfy these reformers. They have their war-paint on and are out for Prohibition with a capital "P". They ignore the experience of their female compatriots in some of the leading cities of Southern California, where local option was given years of trial only to find that it made sneaks, liars and law-breakers of former respectable citizens, and was a prolific promotor of inebriety. These cities have been forced to return to a reasonable license regulation and the change is acceptable to all parties. In the face of these facts the ladies of Oakland are exerting themselves to bring about local option and the establishment of "Speak-Easys" and all the accompanying evils. They know they are in the wrong but like a tailless kite they are irresponsible for their erratic conduct.

It is to be regretted that the men of Oakland are not possessed of sufficient vertebrae to enable them to effectually sit down on these meddlesome masculine women. They have the power but do not know how to use it.

OUR FRIEND THE ENEMY.

The *Prohibitionist* has evidently been having a rough time lately in the financial way. It has adopted plate matter for its columns and the funniest part of it is that one of its articles in the issue of January 29th was in regard to the imports of foreign liquors into America, well written, and in really booming the trade.

We have a suggestion to "our friend the enemy." It is a long time between drinks and between elections at the office of the *Prohibitionist*. Why not go to our friend Dr. R. H. McDonald who made his fortune out of "Vinegar Bitters" (stated to be "non-alcoholic"), and have him supply the sinews of war for a really first class paper. We think that the liquor trade here would have no objections, for when the *Prohibitionist* publications go on the rampage they are as great a detriment to the cause they champion as are the political "saloon" papers to the liquor interest.

WHY NOT BE FAIR.

The interest taken by the Viticultural Commission in warning fruit growers against an over production of raisins, is as strange as their zeal in encouraging the planting of more wine grapes is natural. If the warning came from a more disinterested source, it would be more worthy of attention.—*Prohibitionist.*

Biased as usual. The Viticultural Commissioners do not recommend the immediate planting of wine grapes. The production of wine in California is at present large enough to meet the consumption. When the smash in raisins comes there will be fewer Prohibitionists in Fresno, and many of their vines will be grafted to wine varieties. Brother Sheahan is invited to read the report of Mr. West carefully. Mr. West is one of the principal distillers of the state and yet he says, "I can, however, see nothing to encourage or stimulate the planting of wine vineyards at present." Brother Sheahan is too fair a man personally to stoop to *Voice* lying and misrepresentation.

HON. JOHN W. MASON.

Views of The Internal Revenue Commissioner on the Sweet Wine Complication.

In reply to our open letter published in the last issue of the REVIEW, Hon. John W. Mason, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has sent us the following statement of his position:

R. M. Wood & Co., Publishers of "The Pacific Wine and Spirit Review," San Francisco, Cal.

SIRS:—I am in receipt of your letter of the 5th instant, enclosing a copy of a letter, together with an editorial, which have been or will be published in your paper.

I do not desire to exercise any censorship over your paper. You publish what you deem to be of interest to your people, making such comment as seems to you proper. I would suggest, however, that as the law to which you refer is a new one, this Office would be benefited by a statement of facts rather than by an article indulging almost purely in criticism.

There can, of course, be no question as to my duty under the law. The Act of Congress clearly authorizes a certain kind of wine to be fortified to a certain extent by the introduction of a certain kind of spirits. It is wholly immaterial whether this Office is friendly or unfriendly to the Act.

My duty would still be a very plain one; for it must always be borne in mind, that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, is a mere executive officer charged with the duty of executing such laws as the Congress of the United States may see fit to require of him. As a matter of fact, however, I have no feeling on the subject. The people of my State have no interest directly or indirectly in the fortification of sweet wine. Among the other disadvantages under which I labor, is that of never having had any experience in the wine business. It may, however, be assumed that I can construe with reasonable accuracy, an ordinary act of Congress. It is very clear that under the statute, the producers of pure sweet wine, made from fermented grape juice only, and which contains no other substances of any kind whatever, may be permitted to use, free of tax, in the fortification of that wine, so much wine spirits as may be necessary to fortify the wine for the preservation of the saccharine matter contained therein, provided that the alcohol strength thus introduced, shall not exceed 14 per cent. of the volume of the wine after use, and provided further that the wine after fortification shall not contain more than 24 per cent. of alcohol, and provided further that the wine after fermentation shall contain not less than 4 per cent. of saccharine matter. This is the kind of wine to be fortified, and the character of the product after fortification.

It will also be observed that the process must be begun and completed at the vineyard of the grape grower, where the grapes are crushed and the grape juice is expressed and fermented. The statute also requires a certain kind of spirits to be used in fortification which is the product resulting from the distillation of fermented grape juice, or what is commonly known as grape brandy, so that the product, when completed, will contain nothing except what has been extracted from the grape. 14 per cent. of the volume may have been extracted by distillation; the residue is the pure fermented juice of the grape. Now it would seem that there should be no difficulty, or if any, but little, in introducing the kind and quantity of spirits specifically named in the statute into this pure fermented grape juice for the purposes aforesaid.

You have been pleased to call my attention to the difference of opinion as to the saccharine matter contained in California grapes. In reply, I would say that this is a question of fact to be ascertained as in other cases of the kind. This Office has never pretended to assert that wine containing any greater or less quantity of sugar was not entitled to be fortified under this law, provided that after the fermentation is complete, it still contained 4 per cent. of saccharine matter. The trouble in this re-

lation, has arisen from a misapprehension of the facts. The published statistics upon this subject, show that the grapes of California do not contain much, if any, over twenty-six and one-half per cent. of sugar, and relying upon this as being true, or practically so, when wine has been presented, which, by reason of the amount of saccharine matter still remaining, together with the alcohol found, would appear to have contained more than twenty-six and one-half per cent. of sugar before fermentation, we have simply regarded this as grounds for investigation. Where the wine after fermentation contains a large amount of sugar and alcohol, it creates at least a suspicion that either one or the other has been added, and if either has been added, of course the wine cannot, under the statute, be fortified. If, however, upon investigation, it is found that the wine contained a greater amount of saccharine matter than was expected, the suspicion would be removed.

In other words, this Office recognizes fully that the right to fortify the wine does not depend upon the per centum of saccharine matter contained in the grapes, provided only that the juice after some fermentation contains 4 per cent. when presented for fortification.

It should be borne in mind that this act became a law on the first day of October, 1890, which was in the midst of your vintage season. There was then no time to consider regulations or prescribe rules. It is sincerely hoped that after a little more experience on the part of the officers of the Bureau, and with the hearty co-operation of the wine makers, there will be no trouble in executing the law.

Very truly yours,
JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

Responding to the above communication from Commissioner Mason, we have sent the subjoined letter:

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25, 1891.

Hon. John W. Mason, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington; D. C.

DEAR SIR:—We are in receipt of your letter of the 20th inst. in regard to the difficulties now surrounding the sweet wine makers.

There is little to add to the letter already sent to you by I. De Turk, President of the Viticultural Commission enclosing a letter by Mr. Charles A. Wetmore, concerning the saccharine degree of must, except by reference to the reports of the College of Agriculture of the University of California of 1888, in which you will find many analyses of must running over twenty-six and one-half degrees of sugar. We might say in addition, that while the musts for dry wine making in this state, are generally kept at or below twenty-six and one-half per cent. of sugar, there is practically no limit to the degree of sugar that can be obtained. Years of experience in the vineyard, and the teachings inculcated by the State Viticultural Commission and the College of Agriculture of the University of California, have taught the wine makers not to attempt to get high degrees of sugar in musts when they are making dry wines. If you or some one connected with your office, will go over the published reports of analyses, you will find that the grapes mentioned, are those used for making dry wine, and it is a fact that cannot be disputed that the efforts of the Commission and University have been almost entirely divided toward assisting the wine makers to produce dry wines, these representing the highest types of the wine makers art.

We are glad that you have determined to investigate the whole subject as fully as possible. It is for this reason that we extended you a very cordial invitation on behalf of the wine men, either to visit the coast personally, or to send an unprejudiced agent, not connected with the business either in the East or California, in order that you might deal understandingly with this question. We do not see that there is any question whatever, as to the right to fortify, and no wine maker in this State, asks for the right to fortify anything but grape juice; nor do they ask that the wine after fortification may contain more than twenty-four per cent. of alcohol, and four per cent of sugar. What they do ask, and what they

are entitled to under the law, is that rich musts which they obtain in a natural and legitimate way, shall be recognized as lawfully coming under the Act.

Collectors Byington and Sears, and Deputy Collector Youngberg, all of whom are zealous officers and have the advantage of familiarity with the questions of issue, are aware of the uncalculated difficulties which confront the wine men of this State. Any one of them can as honestly and correctly explain the case to you as well as could we. We know that they have made statements to you which cover the case, but which have not been accepted by your department.

We agree with you that the differences of opinion as to saccharine matter contained in California grapes is a question of facts to be ascertained as in other cases of the kind. If you do not accept the statements of the State Analyst (Professor Rising) Mr. Chas. A. Wetmore and others, whose word is above doubt, we suggest that the Department, instead of assessing, as now proposed, seize some of the suspected wine, carry the case into court and have the question whether or not grape musts can run over twenty-six and one-half per cent, settled finally. This is the only course that can be fair and satisfactory to both parties, while to assess the wines, is a virtual avoidance of the issue for six months, and places the producer at the mercy of men who do not understand the business.

We can assure you that you will get the cordial and hearty co-operation of the wine makers in executing the law. They are all interested in having grape juice only, fortified. They ask that the regulations be formulated so as to permit them to partially desiccate their grapes either before or after picking, in order to obtain rich musts, and at the same time not to exceed the statutory alcoholic limit of twenty-four per cent and four per cent of sugar. Musts running over twenty-six and one-half per cent of sugar can easily be obtained without desiccation, but it is only right that the Department should recognize as legitimate, processes which are as old as the sweet wine producing industry of Europe.

In conclusion, on behalf of the wine producers of this State, we thank you for the fair and friendly sentiments which you have expressed towards them in your letter to us, and assure you that in all your efforts to construe the law fairly to both parties you will have their and our hearty co-operation.

R. M. Wood & Co.,
Publishers.

OFF FOR CHICAGO.

The New Viticultural Restaurant and Cafe Soon to be Established.

Albert Franckx and Otto Ruhlmann the caterers who have made such a success out of the Viticultural Cafe in connection with the exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission are about to open a restaurant in Chicago, in which California wines and brandies only will be sold and which will be conducted in the best manner known to the restaurateur's art.

Messrs. Franckx and Ruhlmann are capable and competent men and their place will no doubt prove a surprise and a pleasure to the lovers of good living in the Windy City. Certain it is that they will make "Kinsley's" and the "Richelieu" and places of a similar character, look to their laurels. The fact that they will be able to place Californian wines, bottled by the producers and trade and bottled in this state, before their patrons will be a great drawing card and a splendid advertisement for the wines and for the state.

During the past month several meetings have been held in the rooms of the Viticultural Commission and the articles of agreement between the caterers and the wine men have been drawn up. It is settled that those whose wines and brandies can be found on the tables from the first are:

J. Gundlach & Co., wine merchants, San Francisco, and proprietors of Rhine Farm, Sonoma.

Arpad Haraszthy & Co., wine merchants and champagne producers, San Francisco, and proprietors of the Orleans vineyard, Madison.

Napa Valley Wine Co., wine merchants, San Francisco, and producers at St. Helena, Yountville and Napa.

Charles A. Wetmore, wine merchant, Oakland, and proprietor of Cresta Blanca Vineyard, Livermore.

L. De Turk, wine merchant, San Francisco, and producer at Santa Rosa.

H. W. Crabb, proprietor of To-Kalon Vineyard, Oakville.

John Crellin & Sons, vineyard proprietors, Livermore.

F. Korbel & Bros., vineyard proprietors, Santa Rosa.

Ben Lomond Vineyard Co., vineyard proprietors, Santa Cruz.

F. A. Haber, agent for the Inglenook Vineyard, Captain Gustav Niebaum proprietor, Rutherford.

Jacob Schram, producer of the "Schramsberger" wines, St. Helena.

Tiburcio Parrott, vineyard proprietor, St. Helena.

John L. Beard, proprietor of the Marciana Vineyard, Warm Springs.

Charles Krug, vineyard proprietor, St. Helena.

Julius P. Smith, proprietor of Olivina vineyard, Livermore.

Beck, Pyhrr & Co., wine merchants and vineyard proprietors, San Francisco.

A. G. Chauche, wine merchant, San Francisco, and proprietor of the Mont Rouge Vineyard, Livermore.

This, it will be noticed, includes the most prominent men in nearly every section except Fresno and the south. The dry wines from these sections do not command the attention that those from the north do, the two districts being particularly adapted for sweet wines. The Napa, Sonoma and Livermore valleys are particularly well represented.

Mr. Franckx goes East in the course of a few weeks and he has already had his attention directed to several first class locations in Chicago. He will carefully look the field over before deciding on any particular place and expects to have everything in readiness for a grand opening on the 15th of May.

TRADE NOTES

Shea Bocqueraz & Co., are meeting with their usual good success in handling their specialty, known to the trade of the United States as "Tea Kettle" whisky. It is one of the most famous productions of the stills of Kentucky and was awarded a gold medal at the Paris Exposition in 1889, for its purity and general excellence.

The ship Elizabeth from New York which was wrecked north of North Heads on the night of the 21st inst. had a large quantity of liquors on board, including: 132 barrels and 25 cases whisky; 2 casks gin; 648 cases, 10 kegs and 1 barrel wine; 10 barrels, 3 packages rum; and 4 barrels brandy. Among those who had goods on board were F. A. Haber, C. Carpy & Co., Sroufe & Mc. Crum, Wichman & Lutgen and A. Vignier as well as other consignees who had small lots on her.

Naber, Alfs & Brune have just made a shipment of 50 cases of the well-known Damiana bitters to an Eastern firm. The fame of "Damiana" becomes greater every day and deservedly so.

Wm. Wolff, the well-known importer, returned during the fortnight from a flying trip to New York for business and pleasure. He struck the metropolis just in time to meet the great blizzard, and is mighty glad to get back to God's country.

DEATH OF WILLIAM H. SEARS.

As the Review goes to press, the death of Wm. H. Sears, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District, is announced. Mr. Sears passed away on Friday evening last, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, which had afflicted him for some time. He came to California in 1851, and had a checkered career as miner, lawyer, speaker of the Assembly, and later as Collector of the Port under President Arthur. Last year he was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for this district by President Harrison. Deceased was an able lawyer, an affable gentleman of the old school, and one of the Republican leaders of this State. His unexpected demise will be sincerely regretted by a host of friends. He was a man of ample fortune, and leaves a widow and two daughters.

Baker & Hamilton, San Francisco and Sacramento.

Manufactory, Benicia Agricultural Works, Benicia, Cal.

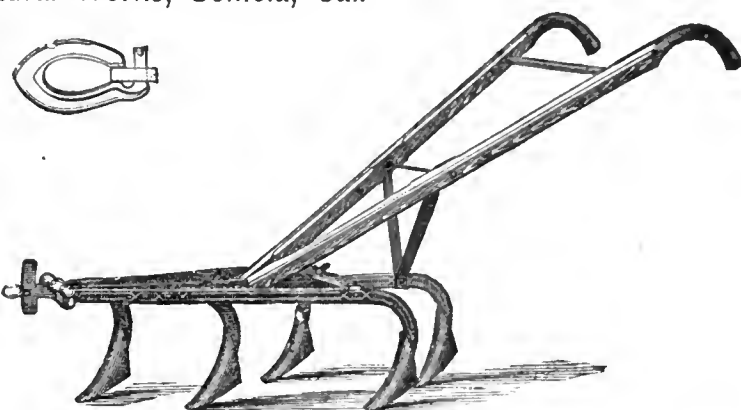


BUGGIES AND PHAETONS.

Write for Circulars.



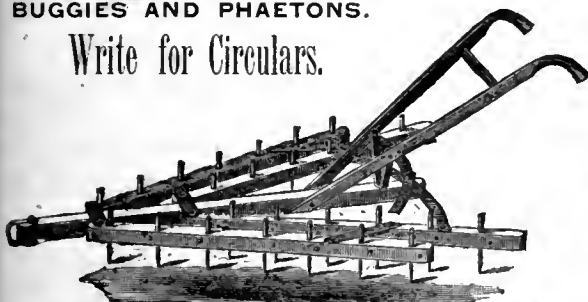
HAND GARDEN TOOLS.



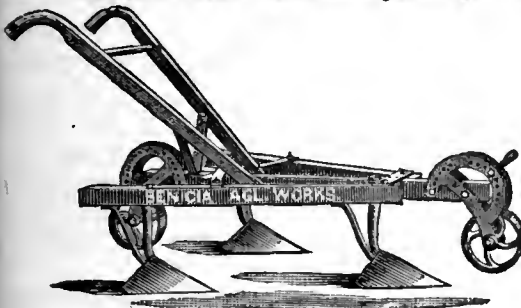
VINEYARD CULTIVATORS.



VINEYARD PLOWS.



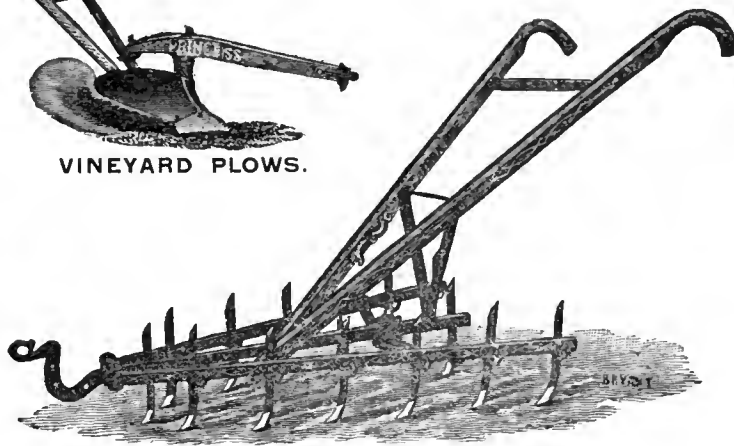
Wood and Steel Frame Vineyard Harrows.



WEED CUTTERS.

We Carry a
Full Line
—OF—

Vineyard IMPLEMENTS.



14 TOOTH IRON AGE HARROWS.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.

30 South William Street, New York.

—Sole Manufacturers of the—

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.

JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.

N. B.—Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless as Substitutes.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.

Office and Salesrooms

618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,

California Wines and Brandies

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

GROWERS,

DISTILLERS.

Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

TRUMBULL & BEEBE,

GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Seeds, Trees and Plants

419 and 421 Sansome St., Bet. Commercial and Clay Sts,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

AGENT WANTED.

We want a young, active and reliable man to represent our house in San Francisco, and are prepared to offer satisfactory inducements to the right party. Correspondence solicited.

DRYDEN & PALMER,
19 Hudson St., New York.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

		Wine.	Brandy
February	2.....	31,260	2,635
"	3.....	54,050	350
"	4.....	27,370	5,660
"	5.....	42,210	5,740
"	6.....	44,690	7,130
"	7.....	43,810	100
"	9.....	30,530	.....
"	10.....	29,100	4,970
"	11.....	22,420	620
"	12.....	36,620	2,300
"	13.....	41,970	1,260
"	14.....	39,820	920
"	16.....	31,620	100
"	17.....	34,000	.....
"	18.....	26,150	2,400
"	19.....	60,060	160
"	20.....	58,530	1,240
"	21.....	70,830	.....
"	24.....	66,180	600
"	25.....	28,810	350
"	26.....	61,348	280
"	27.....	21,460	2,580

Trade Notes.

Harry C. Kohler, son of Henry Kohler, of Kohler & Van Bergen, has gone to Europe for a vacation.

Charles Kohler, of Kohler & Frohling, has gone on a business trip to New York to be gone a month.

E. H. Taylor Jr. has been appointed Secretary of the Commission to represent Kentucky at the World's Fair.

J. De Barth Shorb has about entirely recovered from the recent attack of illness which confined him to his bed for over two months.

Sanders & Co have just completed one of their improved continuous stills for Ewer & Atkinson of Rutherford. It has a capacity of 1000 gallons per day.

Colonel Herman Bendel is meeting with success in making arrangements to place the Natoma wines on the Eastern market. The Natoma Wine Company deserves well at the hand of Eastern buyers.

Walter Fenkhausen has been admitted as a partner in the firm of A. Fenkhausen & Sons. The new partner is well up in the trade and his accession to the firm is welcome news to his many friends.

Capt. H. W. McIntyre, Superintendent of Senator Stanford's Vineyard at Vina, is in the East in the interest of the Stanford brandies, and will doubtless establish agencies for these goods before returning.

Wilmerding & Co., have removed from their old quarters, which they have occupied for many years, and are now located at 216 California street. The new establishment could not be better situated and is fitted up in very handsome style.

J. D. W. Sherman, the well-known special bonded warehouse man and commission merchant, has furnished his patrons and friends with an artistic calendar, directing attention to the fact that he is sole agent for Chapin, Trull & Co's rum.

The handsomest calendar that has come to our desk this season is from the Live Oak Distillery Co., of Cincinnati. It is a richly colored chromo of a beautiful woman in riding habit, embellished in gold and framed in a golden horse shoe.

Messrs. J. R. Parkington & Co., of London, notify us that the shipments of Port for January amount to 6,032 pipes (Great Britain, 2,878 pipes), against 5,100 pipes in 1890. The Sherry shipments were 4,576 butts against 3,767 butts in 1890.

Colgan & Co., the big New York cork importing house are sending their friends in the trade a very artistic and unique calendar. It is a fine chromo entitled "Anticipation," and represents a Franciscan monk gazing admiringly at a bottle of fine old wine.

Beck, Pyhrr & Co., have finally arranged their exhibit of wines and brandies in the Viticultural Commission's exhibition hall. The display is elegantly arranged and shows the great care and fine taste employed by the house in putting their goods on the market.

It is expected that Col. E. H. Taylor Jr., of the well-known house of E. H. Taylor Jr. & Sons, and author of the famous "Taylor Circular," will be in San Francisco very shortly in the interest of "Old Taylor." He can depend on a warm reception from the trade.

Captain Harry Hunt is getting up a reputation as an after dinner speaker. At the recent entertainment and banquet of the Knights Templar he made one of the addresses and succeeded in scoring as big a hit in the field of oratory as the only "Jesse Moore" has made in the coast trade.

We acknowledge the compliments of the Gottschalk Co., of Baltimore in the shape of a very handsome calendar, the principal feature of which is a picture of a returned hunting party, enjoying a glass of the only "Pointer Maryland Rye," of which the Gottschalk Co., are the distillers.

Martin Hencken, of Hencken & Schroeder, has almost entirely recovered from a persistent siege of rheumatism which has annoyed him several months. Byron Springs water and Col. John Koster's wit are to be credited with making Mr. Hencken a well man. What the water wont cure, Koster's will.

Veuve Clicquot yellow label, is on the top wave of prosperity in this market. The "yellow label" is esteemed by all connoisseurs to be one of the finest wines for its class obtainable and the success which the brand has achieved on this coast is due largely to the able management of A. Vignier.

Luyties Bros., the New York firm which will soon be engaged extensively in the California Wine business has been quietly at work in this state during the past few weeks, quietly closing for small lots of fine wine through their agent. H. A. Diehl, the well-known broker, has been attending to their business.

Beck, Pyhrr & Co. are sending out circulars to every part of the United States to all houses handling California Wines. The principal circular consists of a fac-simile of the first page of the REVIEW of September 15, 1890 in which was given a full account of the rise and prosperity of this successful firm of young men.

John D. Siebe is already making a fine record for himself in the Assessor's Office. Mr. Siebe's success as a business man in the house of Siebe Bros. & Plagemann was a guarantee to the voters of the city that he would fulfill his trust, when elected. He has already made scores of new friends in his new capacity.

Messrs. E. H. Taylor, Jr., & Sons announce that on account of the very excessive production of whisky in Kentucky this season, they have ordered their Newmarket house closed, after an output of only two hundred barrels. It would be a blessing to the trade if other distillers would follow the example set by this house.

J. Gundlach & Co. are developing their southern trade at an astonishing rate. The last two steamers on the Panama line carried large shipments from this reliable house, to say nothing of recent shipments by rail. Mr. Bundschu evidently understood the lay of the land in Mexico and Central America when he decided that his firm should make a special bid for the business.

W. B. Chapman reports a large and increasing spring trade in "Perrier Jouet" and the specialties in imported wines which he is handling. Mr. Chapman has always exerted special care in selecting only the best stocks to be obtained and what he offers may be depended upon. His motto is to deal in the highest grades only and his position is understood by true connoisseurs.

In the last issue of the REVIEW a typographical error made us say that the daily mashing capacity of the "Belle of Anderson County" Distillery was 800 bushels. The figures should have been 200, and in this connection we would mention the fact that the grain is mashed in small tubs and that the whole process of making this popular whisky is conducted in the old fashioned way.

The Japs are evidently becoming interested in the culture of wine grapes grown in California. This is shown by the fact that the last China steamer carried a shipment of grape cuttings to be transplanted in the land of the Mikado. Japan is beginning to use our wines and it may be that the exportation of cuttings and rooted vines will become an important part of the viticultural industry.

Colonel Malcolm Crichton of Baltimore, distiller of "Monticello" rye whisky, died at his home on January 27th. He was widely known to the trade of the country and enjoyed the reputation of being one of the most hospitable and companionable gentlemen in the monumental city. His demise will be regretted by a host of friends. A widow, two daughters and four sons survive him.

The big importing house of H. Brunhild & Co New York has established a branch in this city under the management of Mr. S. Glaser, a gentleman who is well known to the trade of this coast. The establishment of a branch in San Francisco is for the purpose of more thoroughly handling their trade in this territory. Messrs Brunhild & Co. make a specialty of selling goods in bond and filling orders for direct shipment.

Gustav Cless the head of the Vienna Company manufacturing Reihlen Champagne was in the city during the past fortnight and gave the works on Folsom street a thorough inspection. He came to America to represent the foreign stockholders in the American Champagne Company and before leaving San Francisco stated that he was immensely pleased with what was being done here and the quality of the wine produced. Mr. Cless left for New York in time to attend the meeting of the company on February 23d.

L. P. Drexler, of the Fresno Vinyard Company, which is represented in San Francisco by the California Wine Growers' Union, has succeeded in purchasing a selected lot of the new wines of the Cresta Blanca Vineyard of Charles A. Wetmore. The wines secured are all of 1890 and are considered by Mr. Wetmore to be the finest for their age that he has ever produced. The Wine Growers' Union and its active head Capt. J. Chamon de St. Hubert are to be congratulated on having secured such a stock as this to handle.

Thomas Taylor & Co. are having a good demand for the pure article of cherry brandy which they get from a well-known St. Helena distiller. We should like to see more of the distillers of this state experiment with fruits other than grapes. There is no question whatever but that California can excel the country in all fruit brandies if only proper attention is given and proper experiments made. We have the finest fruits going and why not produce the finest peach, cherry and pear, to say nothing of prune and other brandies that might be distilled.

H. T. Dewey & Co., have issued their regular annual pamphlet in the interest of pure American wine. It consists of thirty pages with a handsome cover and contains a great deal of instructive and entertaining reading matter, including a history of their well known house, observations on the uses and virtues of good wines, when and how to drink them, and descriptions of Eastern and California wines. Messrs. Dewey & Co., are doing a good work in teaching Americans to drink American wines and we wish there were more houses like their big popular New York institution.

C. Holtum & Co., met with an accident the other day which resulted in the destruction of about 3000 bottles of their choicest old wines, while Mr. Holtum and foreman Lindeek had a narrow escape from serious personal injury. In fitting up their new branch at First and Mission streets, a large case was built against the wall for displaying bottled goods. This gave way under the great weight and went to the floor with a crash that could be heard for blocks. The wine was all lost by breakage and the damage amounted to several hundred dollars.

Paul Wack, the wine grower and merchant of Los Angeles, has issued a circular to the trade from which we extract the following:

"California wines and brandy are becoming with every year more popular in our Eastern markets, as well as foreign countries. Evidence is fast accumulating to show that they are rapidly gain-

ing in favor by the consumer and connoisseur, and are already conspicuously taking the place of the costly imported article. This being mainly due to the fact that the wine industry of California has grown out of its infancy, its great importance being recognized as the richest resource of the country, and taken hold of by experienced and educated winemen from abroad, and as a result a much better class of goods has been produced in the last decade than of yore."

W. Culman, Manager of the Napa Valley Wine Co.'s branch house at St. Louis, is in the city on business in connection with the rapidly growing interests of this company. Mr. Culman is one of the young men in the wine trade, but his fine success in St. Louis has proved that old heads sometimes grow on young shoulders. The gentleman informs us that the outlook for California wines in the metropolis of Missouri is highly encouraging. The present demand for the Napa Valley Company's goods is excellent. They are steadily extending their market and at the same time securing the very best class of trade. "So far as the future of California wines in the St. Louis market is concerned" said Mr. Culman, "I am satisfied that it is all right, and that the market will continue to grow for many years to come. My opinion is based on the success we have had in introducing the wines of our company." Mr. Culman will remain in San Francisco about two weeks.

Articles of incorporations of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company have been filed at San Mateo.

This is the company with which Peter E. Iler; the Omaha distiller and stockyard man, is connected, and which has acquired about 4000 acres of land around Baden, in San Mateo county, where it is intended to establish stockyards and abattoirs, to erect livery and sale stables for the sale of horses, and to build a hotel for the accommodation of stockmen and others who may go to Baden on business or pleasure. All of its arrangements have now been completed, and with the filing of the articles of incorporation begins the work of detail which will result in the practical working of the company. The purpose of the corporation as set forth in its articles are to purchase, acquire and deal in lands and all kinds of dwelling houses, stores, hotels and other buildings; to construct canals, ships and docks for the proper carrying on of its manufacturing interests; to carry on a general storehouse and merchandise business; to deal in corporation stocks and other evidence of indebtedness; to loan money; to supply fresh water to people for various purposes; to deal in canals, aqueducts and other waterways and other water rights, and to carry on a lighting business. The principal place of business is to be at Baden, San Mateo county. The capital stock is \$2,000,000, divided into 20,000 shares. The amount of stock subscribed is 16,995 shares or \$1,699,500. P. E. Iler took 4000 shares; Nelson Morris, 4000 shares; Edward Morris, 2000 shares; G. F. Swift 1000 shares, and Armour & Co., 950 shares. Among other shareholders are J. B. Greenhut, president of the spirit trust, Henry J. Crocker, Miller & Lux, Livingston & Co., A. Bocqueraz, E. R. Lilienthal, A. H. Veeder, H. S. Crocker and William L. Merry. The trustees for the first year are Gustavus F. Swift, Nelson Morris and Edward J. Martyn of Chicago, Peter E. Iler of Baden and Henry Miller, E. R. Lilienthal and Charles W. Smith of San Francisco. The gentlemen who will be at the head of affairs are nearly all of them to the fore in the liquor trade not only is Mr Iler at the helm but there is also President Greenhut, Livingston & Co., Antoine Bocqueraz of Shea Bocqueraz & Co., E. R. Lilienthal of Lilienthal & Co. and others. The REVIEW wishes all a full measure of success.

W. H. Shields the well-known whisky broker of Cincinnati, and agent for the REVIEW, has an unique device for keeping his business before the trade of the country. It consists of a handsome and useful memorandum book containing a price-list of whiskies, which, by a patent arrangement, can be substituted by other lists, the cover, which is of morocco, being preserved. There are also blank spaces for remarks, and the whole affair is so gotten up as to be useful and convenient.

BRANDY PRODUCT

OF FIRST DISTRICT FOR JANUARY '91.

[OFFICIAL FIGURES.]

Bonded.....	73,952 Gallons
Received from distilleries in other districts.....	44,939 "
Received from warehouses in other districts.....	2,962 "
Transferred from distilleries to warehouses in eastern districts.....	14,441 "
Transferred from warehouses to eastern districts.....	32,279 "
Tax-paid.....	27,665 "
Exported.....	3,054 "
Reimaining in bond January 31, '91.....	794,006 "
" " " 1, '91.....	738,057 "
Increase.....	55,959 "
Remaining in bond January 31, 1890.....	832,570 "
Decrease for January '91.....	38,564 "

COMPLIMENTS FROM THE TRADE

For the following words of appreciation and encouragement we extend our hearty thanks, with the promise to ever strive in the future as we have in the past, to make the REVIEW of increasing value and interest to its many patrons:

NEW YORK February 9, 1891.

Messrs R. M. Wood & Co., San Francisco, Cal.—GENTLEMEN: Inclosed please find Postal Note for subscription for the year 1891.

The January number of the REVIEW was very interesting to us. If your leading wine makers would contribute a letter for every number it would add greatly to your circulation.

We feel that we get full value for our money from the REVIEW, as frequently we get a suggestion that is worth many times its cost.

Very truly yours,

H. T. DEWEY & SONS.

OWENSHORO, Ky., February 7, 1891.

Messrs. R. M. Wood & Co., San Francisco, Cal.—DEAR SIR: My absence from the city cause for not writing sooner. I am very much pleased with your new edition and will always be ready to have it reach my office. It is interesting from beginning to end and a great credit to its publishers. Your little poem takes well and has been remarked on often. With kindest regards to you and yours, I am,

Yours truly,

R. MONARCH.

NEW YORK February 12, 1891.

Pacific Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco, Cal.—DEAR SIR: Your notification of our expired subscription to hand this day. Inclosed find check to settle the same and renew it for another year. Send it right along. We knew your paper when Mr. Bell had the *San Francisco Merchant*. It was a measly thing then. But your last improved issue tickled us to death. No! that's all right; no thanks necessary! When you step over here again drop in and see us. We'd like to show you something.

We are sincerely,

EISEN VINEYARD Co.,

Per F. P. Taliaferro.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street,

New York

SWEET WINE SITUATION.

Some one who has the interests of the Sweet Wine men at heart should take Professor Hilgard in hand and chain him down Without the slightest cause, and without the slightest judgment that meddlesome individual has succeeded in embroiling himself in a controversy with the Internal Revenue Department. His course during the past fortnight in attacking the Department has been to say the least of it, idiotic and suicidal.

Professor Hilgard at the beginning of the present trouble with the Department acted with moderation and started on the right course to convince the Commissioner of Internal Revenue of the justice and fairness of the claims set forth by the sweet wine men. All of a sudden some one side-tracked him and led him into a bitter controversy with Dr. C. A. Crampton in which Commissioner Mason naturally took a hand in the defense of his subordinate. The question seems to have degenerated from one of importance to the people at large to a nasty little dispute between Hilgard and Crampton, in which the rights of our wine makers may be swamped.

We do not know anything about Dr. Crampton's ability as a fighter, but we can cheerfully accredit Hilgard with a bent to unnecessarily meddle in matters not of great importance to any question and smash the whole in consequence. He may be a great scientist and all that, but he is about as poor a specimen of man to impress the Department of the justice of what the sweet wine men want, as could well be imagined. Some one should apply the gag law instantler. All that is needed of Hilgard is his chemical analyses of musts, the correctness of which are unquestioned.

Another thing which has arisen in the course of this sweet wine controversy and which requires attention is a statement made by Commissioner Mason that the Department is not legislative and is purely executive. If this is so how does the Commissioner come by that law that no grape must can legitimately run over twenty-six and one half per cent of sugar. We fail to see any thing of the sort in the Sweet Wine Bill. Are we to have to add water to our musts for sweet wine making because some one under Mr. Mason, presumably Mr. Crampton, thinks he knows it all about sweet wine making when in fact he knows nothing?

CELLAR TO RENT.

The basement under the Commercial Hotel, Montgomery Ave. and Kearny street, formerly occupied by J. Gundlach & Co., as one of their wine cellars, is now for rent. The cellar has a sixteen foot ceiling, is dry and well ventilated, has elevator full width of the sidewalk. Anyone in need of a good cellar in a first class location are invited to call at the Commercial Hotel and inspect the above.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY February 13, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
P L	Berges & Domeniconi	50 barrels	2,396	\$ 776
A R	Cal Transfer Co.	31 barrels	1,570	750
J	J Gundlach & Co.	75 barrels	3,558	1,363
K & Co.	"	40 puncheons		
	"	17 barrels	7,540	2,948
V S	Overland F T Co.	5 barrels	264	78
I in di'd, Boston	"	5 barrels	250	87
R	"	20 barrels	1,000	350
S, Lebanon, Pa.	Kohler & Van Bergen	1 barrel	50	25
I in di'd, Boston	"	16 cases		70
O & Co Buffalo	A Greenebaum & Co.	10 barrels	481	607
V B in di'd	Lachman & Jacobi	40 barrels	2,057	709
I in di'd	"	25 barrels	1,268	395
I in di'd	"	25 barrels	1,268	395
A	"	25 barrels	1,284	399
K & F	Kohler & Frohling	114 barrels	5,724	2,862
	"	10 puncheons	1,548	774
I M	"	5 cases	540	189
P L	Dresel & Co.	2 barrels	100	57
I & T, Brooklyn	"	6 barrels	300	171
B	"	5 barrels	253	132
L	"	33 barrels	1,961	990
E K S	"	10 barrels	511	315
I B S	G Migliavacca	50 barrels	2,516	600
L & Co	S Lachman & Co.	150 barrels	7,393	2,756
C & Co	W R A Johnson	2 barrels	96	38
E W	Natoma Vineyard Co.	100 barrels	4,800	2,000
I in di'd	F A Haber	20 barrels	990	450
	Miscellaneous	47 barrels	2,224	1,200
Total amount cases 16 and			50,642	\$21,470

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY February 13, 1891.

L de A, La Libertad	John T Wright	3 kegs	30	\$ 21
M, San J de Guat	"	12 cases		50
M, Amapala	"	8 kegs	96	76
M, Amapala	"	4 kegs	40	22
M, Amapala	"	7 kegs	84	68
H, San Juan del Sur	Horace Davis & Co.	3 hf-barrels	81	63
	"	2 kegs	20	15
G S, Puntas Arenas	E de Sabia & Co.	10 kegs	80	70
V von I, Corinto	A Greenebaum & Co.	8 hf barrels	210	182
	"	12 octaves	181	155
V, San J de Guat	Oliver & Co.	2 packages	12	15
A A, Puntas Arenas	B Dreyfus & Co.	25 kegs	485	500
T, Amapala	Cabrera Roma & Co.	24 kegs	240	252
H D, Corinto	"	2 barrels	97	59
B & Co, La Libertad	Bloom Barneb & Co.	23 barrels	1,200	700
S G, Champerico	J Gundlach & Co.	4 barrels	190	163
& A,	"	16 kegs	160	112
"	"	40 cases		130
& C,	"	160 cases	640	
"	"	100 cases		250
B,	"	2 barrels	94	77
R, Amapala	Monteleagre & Co.	4 hf barrels	107	107
	"	12 cases		48
Total amount Wine cases 324 and			3,407	\$3,775

TO CHINA & JAPAN—PER STEAMER GAELIC February 14, 1891.

I in di'd Co, Yokohama	Herrman & Co.	10 barrels	482	\$ 122
A T Co, Hongkong	R H Delafield	30 cases		117
W Co, Yokohama	Cal Transfer Co.	50 barrels	2,500	900
A, Yokohama	O & O S Co.	2 barrels	100	50
I in di'd, Hongkong	John Koenig	1 keg	10	14
Total amount 30 case and			3,992	\$1,203

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY February 13, 1891.

J B, San Benito	Urriola & Urioste	4 barrels	200	\$ 107
	"	2 cases	40	44
J R C, Salina Cruz	Cabrera Roma & Co.	8 kegs	80	96
K & V B in di'd Mazatl	Rutler & Bendixen	6 barrels	306	174
"	"	4 kegs	60	39
"	"	16 cases		72
D & M, San Blas	Thamhauser & Co.	1 barrel	51	28
J M, San Blas	"	2 kegs	40	40
A O C, Manzanillo	"	5 kegs	80	46
Q & C, Puerto Angel	"	10 cases		40
	"	6 kegs	60	60
R O Manzanillo	J Gundlach & Co.	3 kegs	59	29
L D, San Blas	S Lachman & Co.	1 bbl 2 kegs	92	46
Total amount 28 cases and			2,068	\$ 821

TO MEXICO—PER SCHOONER TWILIGHT February 14, 1891.

C & V B in di'd Mazatl	Rutler & Bendixen	6 barrels	404	\$ 163
	"	18 kegs	260	160
J M E, Altata	"	4 hf-barrels	107	59
J V,	W Loalza	6 cases	145	136
T A,	I Gutte	2 kegs	16	17
Total amount			839	\$ 535

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLA February 4, 1891.

B & C, Victoria	Kohler & Van Bergen	5 barrels	260	\$ 70
J H G,	"	1 hf-barrel	26	20
H B Co,	J Gundlach & Co.	4 barrels	189	90
P & M, Vancouver	F A Haber	2 cases		10
D G, Wellington	A Maechia	2 barrels	99	30
H B Co, Victoria	F Korbell & Bro.	2 barrels	104	64
Total amount 2 cases and			678	\$ 284

TO LIVERPOOL—PER BR. SHIP RIVERSIDE February 13, 1891.

A K	A Koenig	1 case		5
W H	J M Crawford	1 keg	10	95
W M	W M Muller	13 packages	650	
B	"	1 package	50	400
A B R & Co, London	C Meinecke & Co.	10 cases		40
J P, Scotland	W R Fortune	2 barrels	100	100
W H	Wm Higgs	14 barrels	667	294
Total amount 11 cases and			1,477	\$ 864

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN February 21, 1891.

H B & C	Jos Melezer & Co.	27 barrels	1,328	\$ 850
J P	Berges & Domeniconi	2 barrels	95	29
H G	A Greenebaum & Co.	6 barrels	302	130
K Bros	"	50 barrels	2,497	749
P H M, Newark, N J	"	25 barrels	1,249	375
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	175 barrels	8,650	2,900
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	150 barrels	7,607	3,500
P B	G Migliavacca	15 barrels	760	185
M in square	"	35 barrels	1,785	525
J W M, Philadelphia	Lenormand Bros.	50 barrels	2,533	797
P T, Fall River, Mass	"	1 hf-barrel	27	15
A C	W R A Johnson	4 barrels	196	79
E in ring	"	145 barrels	7,300	3,800
R M	F Korbell & Co.	3 barrels	154	80
C & C	Dresel & Co.	5 barrels	255	92
A S	"	5 barrels	255	125
H & C, Philadelphia	"	2 barrels	100	55
A F	"	10 barrels	511	270
J K	"	28 barrels	1,441	650
K & K, Baltimore	"	1 cask	100	80
G	J Gundlach & Co.	145 barrels	6,846	2,536
	"	10 cases		35
K & Co.	"	10 barrels	472	259
K & F	Kohler & Frohling	100 barrels	5,052	2,520
E W	Natoma Vineyard Co.	100 barrels	4,800	2,000
C B R & Co.	Beringer Bros.	2 barrels	100	100
A L	"	5 bbls 1 hf-bbls	280	75
F A	Lachman & Jacobi	25 barrels	1,282	398
	Miscellaneous	50 barrels	2,362	1,000
F in diamond	Kohler & Van Bergen	75 barrels	3,755	1,000
Total amount Wine 10 cases and			62,101	\$25,215

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA.

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

TO CENTRAL AMERICA PER STEAMER SAN JUAN February 21 1891

Total amount 16 1/2 cases and 1,500.

TO MEXICO Per steamer SAN JUAN February 21, 1891

Total amount of cases and	..	101	8 151
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THE BRITISH COLUMBIA PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA February 20, 1891

Total amount 6 cases and	341	\$ 151
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TO MEXICO PER STEAMER NEWBURN, February 25, 1891

Total amount Wine 16 cases and	1,180	74
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TO HOSOLU, Per STEAMER AUSTRALIA February 21, 1891

Total amount Won 19 cases and	4,447	3,224
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Total Available Wine	224,082	\$112,040
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TO LONDON PER BR. SHIP CITY OF YORK, February 25, 1891.

Total amount Wine 21 cases and	2,581	900
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EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From February 11, to February 26, 1891.

Total amount 13 cases and.....	19,704	\$13,697
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EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From February 11, to February 26, 1891.

Total amount.....	53,096	\$99.35
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Total amount.....	53,096	\$99.35
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WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN EROS, PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXON'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Mosser, Henckell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PAKST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC.
THEO. LAPPES GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOGS-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
Klein '86 Belmont '82 Chickencock '83 Bluegrass '84
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogshead
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters.

Re-imported American Whiskies '80 Belmont '82 Chickadee '83 Bluegrass '85 Rip, and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From February 11, to February 26 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Zealandia.	HH&Co, Hono'lu	Jos Melzer & Co.	1 barrel.	50	\$ 62
Albert.	WCP,	B Dreyfus & Co.	435 kegs.	2,950	2,200
Umatilla.	FMcL, Vancouver	J Gundlach & Co.	1 bbl.	48	28
"	J I M,	W M Murray.	2 barrels.	195	90
"	J J S,	Cal Wine & Union.	1 barrel.	50	27
Total amount.				3,293	\$ 2,407

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From February 11, to February 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
St Mark.	AM&Co, New York	Wilmerding & Co.	100 cases Bitters	\$ 600
"	B F D, Wilkesbar	Naber Alfs & Brune	50 cases Bitters.	300
Zealandia.	Honolulu.	Lilienthal & Co.	20 bbls Alcohol.	612
Gaelic.	C H, Yokohama.	Wilmerding & Co.	5 cases Bitters.	40
"	M & Co, Shanghai	S Foster & Co.	10 cases Bitters.	125
Twilight.	B & B, Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen.	5 cases Bitters.	14
"	J M E, Altata	"	1 case Liquors.	10
City of Sydney.	A P, Ocos	E L G Steele & C.	1 keg Gin.	26
"	R H, San Benito.	Thannhauser & Co.	8 bbls Ging Ale.	116
"	JWW, Puerto Ang	"	5 es Angostura.	35
"	GCR, Guatemala	Pacific Imp Co.	1 case.	23
Walla Walla.	Victoria.	Moore Hunt & Co.	25 es Champagne	440
San Juan.	D R, Acapulco.	J Gundlach & Co.	2 bbls Ginger Ale	31
Newbern.	W&Co, Guaymas	Henry Lund & Co.	2 cases Bitters.	42
Austrania.	GLWM&Co, Honolulu	Kohler & Van Bergen.	2 es S W Punch.	50
"	HC&Co, Honolulu	A Haraszthy & Co.	5 es Champagne	50
Total amount 213 cases.				\$ 2,494

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From February 11, to February 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Gaelic.	C H, Yokohama.	Wilmerding & Co.	2 bbls.	78	\$ 198
City of Sydney.	C, Champerico	J Gundlach & Co.	1 barrel.	38	30
"	S&Co, San de G	Schwartz Bros.	60 cases.	527	50
"	RSG, Charperico	J Gundlach & Co.	1 bbl.	40	50
Walla Walla.	H N A, Victoria.	Brannschweir & Co	31 cases.	280	232
San Juan.	Z&C, Champerico	Hellman Bros & Co	24 cases.	81	91
"	GL&Co, Santa Ana	L S Haas.	2 bbls.	80	100
"	GL&Co, Acapulco	Goldtree Bros.	2 bbls.	5	26
Newbern.	N R T, Guaymas	W Loanza & Co.	1 keg.	62	170
Australia.	G in d'd, Hono'lu	D W Gedge.	10 cases.	3	30
"	WCH&Co,	Spruce, Stan'y & Co	20 cases.	74	216
"	W S L,	"	3 cases.	100	
"	HC&Co	Wilmerding & Co.	2 barrels.		
"	"	"	10 cases.		
Total amount, 158 cases and 1/2.				396	\$ 2,112

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM HAMBURG—PER BR. BARK DEE February 10, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Hugo Rheinhold & Co.	150 cases Gilka Kummel.	Wm Wolff & Co.
M Maas & Co.	32 cases Wine.	Ruther & Bendixen.
L V Reiche Jr.	80 cases Beer.	Order (marked C C L R).
"	100 cases Gin.	"
F C Van der Pont Jr.	1 casks Geneva.	Order (marked S B).
"	20 cases Green Geneva.	"
"	50 cases Mineral Water.	Sherwood & Sherwood.
Blankenheym & Nolet.	3 barrels Geneva.	Weil Bros & Sons.
"	2 octaves	"
"	2 " "	Loewe Bros.
"	10 " "	Hellman Bros & Co.
"	10 " "	Meyerfield, Mitchell & S.
N Luchting & Co.	375 cases Mineral Water.	Order
T Scherbeck Sons.	10 cases Madeira.	Wm Wolff & Co.
"	5 cases Port.	"
Wm Foerster & Co.	170 barrels Whisky.	"
N Luchting & Co.	52 cases Wine.	Brannschweiger & Co.
Krnel & Co.	57 cases Wine.	Mitchell & Schke Bros.
G Dubedat.	100 cases Claret.	Pascal Dubedat & Co.
"	50 cases Mineral Water.	"
"	10 barrels Rum.	"

FROM HAMBURG—PER BR. SHIP CANDIDA February 13, 1891.

Wm Mullers Sucers.	8 cases Wine.	A L Tnbbs.
Leazan & Sebarbrun.	112 cases Mineral Water.	J Renz.
Julius Danielson.	5 cases Beer.	F S Kordt.
L V Reiche Jr.	1 " "	Order (marked C C R R).
Julius Rudert.	100 " "	Order (marked A D).
Elkins & Co.	10 cases Mineral Water.	Order (marked H K S).
M Rohde & Co.	141 cases Mineral Water.	Order (marked H S).

FROM ANTWERP—PER BR. SHIP MORE February 13, 1891.

Blankenheym & Nolet.	15 barrels Gin.	Donaldson & Co.
"	50 cases Gin.	"
A Andre.	1001 cases Mineral Water.	Order
Adolphe Deppe.	5 cases Wine or Cognac.	L Bernstein & Co.
A Andre.	279 cases Champagne.	Order
Blankenheym & Nolet.	15 octaves Gin.	Hellman Bros & Co.
Martell & Co.	150 cases Brandy.	Wm Wolff & Co.

FROM LONDON—PER BR SHIP RELIANCE, February 20, 1890.

Asterlik Son & Fuller.	2 cased 1/2 cask Sherry.	Pacific Union Club.
T Trapp & Sons.	310 cases Wine.	Chas Meinecke & Co.
Martell & Co.	20 casks Brandy.	Wm Wolff & Co.
"	150 cases	"
Patterson & Hibbert.	50 casks Bottled Beer.	Hellman Bros & Co.
S Bailey & Co.	50 cases Gin.	Wm Wolff & Co.
Boord & Son.	150 cases Spirits.	Chas Meinecke & Co.
Grierson Oldham & Co.	25 cases Whisky.	Carroll & Carroll.
"	10 cases Wine.	"
"	25 cases Whisky.	" (for J De B S).
Vichy & Co.	100 cases Vichy.	J De Fremery & Co.
Les Fils de Berger.	900 cases Absinthe.	"
Morgan Bros.	16 octaves Wine.	Wm Wolff & Co.
Read Bros.	150 casks Beer.	Order
Godet Freres.	10 small barrels Brandy.	Jas De Fremery & Co.
S Allsop & Sons.	45 cases Beer.	A Greenbaum & Co.
Heasley Wotton & Co.	3 cases Champagne.	Dickson De Wolf & Co.
G Dubedat.	500 cases Vermouth.	Pascal Dubedat & Co.
"	20 casks Brandy.	"
"	75 cases Brandy.	"
"	60 cases Champagne.	"
"	18 one-sixth Sherry.	"
"	60 cases Bitters.	"
"	50 case mineral water.	"
James Morrison & Co.	334 cases Beer.	Order (marked H M N).

FROM NEW YORK VIA PAMAMA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO Feb. 22, 1891.

"	1 barrel Whisky.	F Kleinstein.
"	3 " "	W B McGuire.
"	2 " "	J H Becker.
"	1 " "	G W McCready.
"	3 " "	S D Merritt.
"	2 " "	Wilton Honey.
"	1 barrel 1/2 cask Whisky.	Santos Torres.
"	1 barrel 1/2 cask Whisky.	Felix Tegamora.
"	10 barrels Whisky.	J Bremer & Co.
"	1 barrel 1/2 cask Whisky.	Popular Drug Store.
"	1 barrel Whisky.	D Mulligan.
"	1 " "	S S Johnson.
"	50 cases Wine.	Order (marked F S).
"	10 cask	Order (marked F in diamond)

FROM LIVERPOOL.

W A Gilbey.	50 cases Spirits.	Lilienthal & Co.
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FROM LIVERPOOL—PER BR. SHIP HESPERIDES February 21, 1891.

T B Hall & Co.	100 cases Bottled Stout.	Lilienthal & Co.
W E Johnston & Co.	513 cases Bottled Beer.	Forbes Bros.
"	10 barrels Mineral Water.	"
James Hennessy & Co.	150 cases Brandy.	Order.
J & R Tennent.	250 casks Bottled Beer.	Forbes Bros.
Wilson Meyer & Co.	20 qr. casks Wine.	Chas Meinecke & Co.
E & J Burke.	230 cases Bottled Beer.	H H Sherwood.
"	15 cases Bottled Whisky.	"
James Moss & Co.	100 cases Wine.	Order (marked G B & Co).
Frank Barclay & Co.	50 barrels Ginger Ale.	Wm Wolff & Co.
Ismay & Co.	10 hds Stout.	H H Sherwood
W A Ross & Co.	25 barrels Ginger Ale.	"
"	25 1/2 cases Ginger Ale.	"
John Ramsay.	15 octaves Whisky.	Charles Meinecke & Co.

FROM GLASGOW—PER BR. SHIP IVERNA Feb. 23, 1891.

Geo Younger & Son.	25 casks Bottled Ale.	Wm Wolff & Co.
Frank Bailey & Co.	10 hds Ale.	"
J & R Tennent & Co.	10 " "	Forbes Bros.
"	265 casks Bottled.	"
E Hayton & Co.	1 quarter cask Whisky.	Order (marked E H & Co).
W R Dick & Co.	20 casks Mineral Water.	H M Newhall & Co.

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP CYRUS WAKEFIELD Feb. 19, 1891.

J A Burke.	2 barrels Whisky.	W Jepson.
Gourd & Tournade.	50 cases Cordials.	Order.
J A Burke.	2 barrels Whisky.	A Jensen.
Jesse Moore & Co.	159 packages Whisky.	Moore Hunt & Co.

FROM ANTWERP—PER BR. SHIP SIERRA NEVADA Feb. 20, 1891.

Apollinaris Co.	1200 cases Mineral Water	Charles Graef & Co.
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FROM HONOLULU—PER BARK C. D. BRYANT Feb. 1891.

"	140 barrels Whisky.	Lilienthal & Co.
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FROM HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA January 21, 1891.

"	51 kegs Wine.	B Dreyfus & Co.
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FROM HONOLULU—PER BARKENTINE W. H. DIMOND January 17, 1891.

"	110 barrels Whisky.	Order
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FROM NEW YORK—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN February 14, 1891.

H J Bullay Supt P M S S Co	11 barrels Whisky.	Order (marked J B G).
"	1 barrel Whisky.	G Bensen.

FROM SPAIN—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, February 14, 1891

Pio Morro fu Tumaro.	40 cases Wine.	Granucci Bros.
Riccioni & Co.	25 cases Wine.	"
"	25 cases Vermouth.	"
Sandeman Buck & Co.	15 octaves Wine.	Goldberg Bowen & Co.

FROM LONDON—PER BR. SHIP ALBYN, February 18, 1891.

W & A Gilbey.	105 cases Spirits.	Order (marked H J N in dia'd)
T Trapp & Sons.	3 hds Wine.	B Moullet
G Gaden Klipsch.	225 cases Wine.	Catton Bell & Co.

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

Southern Pacific Co.	25 cases Wine.	Granucci Bros.
H Brunhild & Co.	5 cases Sherry.	Jos Melzer & Co.
"	5 eighth casks Sherry.	"
S V Fornaris & Co.	37 cases Wine.	J De Fremery & Co.
"	32 cases Wine.	W B Chapman

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From January 27 to February 11, 1891.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS		MISCELLANEOUS
	Cask	Barrel	Case	Barrel	1/2 bbl	
Jones Mundy & Co.				475		
C. W. Craig	275			210		
L. J. J. J. J.	70			725	20	
W. J. J. J.	5					
W. J. J. J.	5					
T. J. J. J.	40					
F. J. J. J.	4					
J. H. J. J.						
W. J. J. J.	20					
M. J. J. J.	70					
W. J. J. J.				65		
A. J. J. J.				60		
L. J. J. J.	65					
H. J. J. J.	1					
J. T. J. J.	1					
F. J. J. J.	1					
D. J. J. J.	1					
F. J. J. J.	1					
Overland F. T. Co.	1					
A. J. J. J.	1					
J. L. J. J.	1					
H. J. J. J.	2					
R. J. J. J.	5					
C. J. J. J.	1					
Total	764	102		1515	20	

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED				BULK		
	Cask	Barrels	Case	1/2 bbl	Barrels	1/2 bbl	1/4 bbl
Sherwood & Sherwood					191		276
Wm. Wolf & Co.	82				10		240
W. J. J. J.		190	500				
Wm. Wolf & Co.	82						
C. A. Zinkland					220		40
Jones Mundy & Co.			130				
Thannhauser & Co.			150				
Hilderbrandt & Co.	30						
G. W. McFarland & Co.		77	77				
Total	254	267	857		421		456

NATIONAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

IMPORTS	December, 1890.		December, 1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits, proof gallons	137,775	\$155,278	103,567	\$106,315
Malt liquors, bottles, gallons	105,764	98,141	92,560	74,920
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	185,838	66,261	151,979	52,475
Brandy, proof gallons	43,456	111,006	52,900	133,145
All other spirits, proof gallons	116,371	110,268	125,096	109,997
Champagne, dozen	42,905	585,593	55,061	734,265
Still wines, cases, gallons	351,960	245,368	327,563	232,746
Still wines, dozen	33,536	176,189	35,239	165,337

EXPORTS	December, 1890.		December, 1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Malt liquors, dozen	36,510	\$52,375	35,802	\$56,104
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	13,981	3,237	12,821	3,688
Alcohol, etc, proof gallons	6,415	1,662	22,357	6,224
Brandy, proof gallons	1,889	2,290	(A)	
Rum, proof gallons	119,985	113,351	118,028	188,628
Bourbon whiskey, proof gallons	16,527	15,634	11,690	15,216
Hyd. whiskey, proof gallons	4,965	3,505	1,910	2,785
All other spirits, proof gallons	2,018	1,000	13,149	17,177
Wine, dozen	1,817	7,622	870	4,229
Wine, gallons	43,698	27,007	27,751	18,349

(A) Included in "all other spirits."

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS	December, 1890.		December, 1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits exported, proof gallons	557	520	21	30
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons	381	281	1,675	974
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	170	70		
Brandy, proof gallons	1,128	1,872	3,249	7,136
All other spirits, proof gallons	917	1,018	6,781	4,659
Champagne, dozen	116	1,611	224	3,562
Still wines, cases, gallons	1,180	3,265	3,320	1,908
Still wines, dozen	220	535	311	1,114

NATIONAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

For the Years 1889 and 1890.

IMPORTS	1890.		1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits, proof gallons	1,567,878	\$1,539,956	1,231,791	\$1,331,601
Malt liquors, bottles, gallons	1,315,575	1,140,630	1,081,191	898,975
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	1,675,848	524,811	1,428,887	427,550
Brandy, proof gallons	509,240	1,316,060	439,186	1,167,175
All other spirits, proof gallons	1,295,112	1,110,437	1,089,769	886,330
Champagne, dozen	103,167	1,561,264	331,065	4,511,349
Still wines, cases, gallons	3,984,729	2,720,065	3,206,900	2,270,098
Still wines, bottles, dozen	367,621	1,829,774	286,929	1,475,415

	1890.		1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Malt liquors, bottles, gallons	109,417	\$582,265	403,264	\$605,419
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	243,067	70,020	226,641	63,090
Brandy, proof gallons	391,994	194,834	376,430	150,909
All other spirits, proof gallons	51,208 (b)	29,123	(a)	(a)
Champagne, dozen	722,300	861,954	517,533	615,915
Still wines, cases, gallons	336,034	356,722	1,421,625	1,201,375
Still wines, bottles, dozen	73,790	103,215	387,394	353,500
Wine, cases, gallons	85,922	61,357	282,640	218,245
Wine, bottles, dozen	8,872	40,521	7,725	34,060
Wine, bottles, gallons	438,461	263,564	361,933	226,444

(a) Includes the radi other spirits.

(b) For the six months ending December 31, 1890; for the preceding six months included in all other spirits.

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS	1890.		1889.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits exported, proof gal...	1,947	\$2,063	2,281	\$ 2,156
Malt liquors, bottles, gallons	6,530	4,859	11,084	7,821
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	328	120	520	201
Brandy, proof gallons	18,435	26,045	18,125	33,982
All other spirits, proof gallons	41,015	32,711	29,218	19,679
Champagne, dozen	1,579	19,511	2,567	32,350
Still wines, cases, gallons	35,775	22,199	34,544	19,679
Still wines, bottles, dozen	4,875	14,688	4,363	14,550

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From February 11, to February 27, 1891.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS			MISCELLANEOUS
	Barrels	Keg	Case	Barrels	1/2 bbl		
Jones Mundy & Co.	70			321			
C. W. Craig				360			
L. J. J. J.				308			
Siebs Bros & Plageman	20	50					
Wilmerding & Co.	65						
Myerheld Mitchell & S	40	30	40				
A. P. Rotaling & Co.	132						
Louis Taussig	86						
Shen Boqueraz & Co.	60						
G. Cohn & Co.	40						
Redington & Co.	15						
Mason & Feldman	10						
Overland F. T. Co.	6	5					
H. Well	1	4					
J. L. Nickel	1						
J. Connell	1						
M. W. Kent	1	1					
J. H. Mitchell	1						
G. Wilkins & Co.	1						
C. Pedina	1						
Total	551	158	40	989			

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED				BULK		
	Cask	Barrels	1/2 bbl	Case	Barrels	1/2 bbl	1/4 bbl
Jones Mundy & Co.		115					
Sherwood & Sherwood		120					
C. A. Zinkland						62	92
Wm. Wolf & Co.	45					100	60
Total	45	235				162	152

CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

If you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit
IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat
and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with
such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of
happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to
not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking
a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course
lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for
75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant
most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs,
with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continuous
supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respect-
fully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANKX and OTTO RICHELMANN,
Viticulural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B. The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are
purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, KY., January 31, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade:—We offer herewith, without commentary, tables in the usual shape and as of date December 31, '90, showing the bonded stocks of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90, the production of the '91 crop as compared with the production of the '90 crop for the same period, and the amount of the said '91 production then remaining in bond.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Nov. 30, '90.....	2,386,568	16,805,830	32,098,083	51,290,481 gals.
Unbonded in Dec., 2nd Dist.	7,302	42,024	35,421	84,747 "
5th "	92,254	119,676	320,152	532,082 "
6th "	32,856	108,870	68,734	210,460 "
7th "	61,011	39,717	29,547	130,305 "
8th "	30,882	55,601	5,778	92,261 "
Total.....	224,335	365,888	459,632	1,049,855 gals.
Leaving in bond Dec. 31, '90.....	2,162,233	16,439,912	31,638,451	50,240,626 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

On November 30th the production for the current season had reached.....4,595,839 gals.
to which we add the production for December:

2nd District.....	340,485 gals.
5th ".....	1,738,568 "
6th ".....	605,337 "
7th ".....	684,969 "
8th ".....	631,662 " 4,001,021 "

making total produce for first six months of '91 crop 8,596,860 "

For the same period of the '90 crop the production was

In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 "
In December, '89.....	3,937,850 " 8,528,579 "

or an increase in '91 crop for first six months..... 68,281 "

BONDED STOCK OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on November 30th of said crop, say.....3,813,474 gals.
to which we add the production for December above shown.....4,001,021 "

7,814,495 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for December, viz:

2nd District.....	16,155 gals.
5th ".....	126,695 "
6th ".....	48,417 "
7th ".....	8,515 "
8th ".....	1,334 " 201,116 gals.

leaving in bond on December 31, '90.....7,613,379 gals.

Your obedient servants,

E. H. TAYLOR JR., & SONS,

Frankfort, Ky.

COL. LEOSER ON THE TRADE.

Colonel Leoser of *Bonfort's Circular* in a fatherly letter to the editor of the *Louisville Bulletin* makes the following sage observations on the wine and spirit trade:

It is certainly the most manly, and probably the most honest, mercantile pursuit in which a man can be engaged. I would rather buy and sell wines and spirits than anything else. The consumption is mainly among men, and so the spirit of the trade masculine. Wines and spirits have brought more happiness to the world than any other one of the instrumentalities with which the good God has blessed us. Let us remember that we are in a certain way (I mean the wine and spirit trade) the ministers of this good gift to men, and try so to manage our business as to make it productive of all the good of which it is capable.

PLASTERED WINES.

It is now an ascertained fact in the Gironde that lime in the vintage counteracts the fermentation and discolors the wine. The vat-full at the outset works with more impetuosity than the ordinary, but this admirable readiness is of short duration, and after 48 to 72 hours it slackens all of a sudden, and ceases completely before the normal period.

This is sometimes nothing but a false start, for the first racking is not finished before the secondary fermentations enter into activity, and although the wine be well fined, racked, and so on, this must be done over and over again, and yet you do not attain and maintain that clearness which is especially sought after.

The color follows an identical course to that of the fermentation—clear and brilliant during the two or three months immediately following the vintage, it gradually weakens up to the point of withdrawing from the wine another of its qualities. The action of the wine resembles that of wines made by the mixture of our wines with the *bouschet* hybrids.

But while in the case of the wines in our Bordeaux climate, the color is in suspension, and not in solution in the liquid, it deposits itself in time; in the "plastered" or limed wines it is destroyed in the course of time, without doubt, by special oxydation of the coloring matter; different phenomena cause the same result, which is worth no more in one case than in another. I have heard it said that in vatting the *bouschet* separately, and mixing their wines with that of our vines, the loss of color of which I have just spoken was avoided. It is very possible, it would require several conclusive experiments to have it put beyond doubt.—*La Petite Gironde*, August 12, 1890.

EVOLUTION IN SANTA CRUZ.

In a letter supplemental to his interesting article which appears in the current issue of the REVIEW, Dr. John A. Stewart, of Santa Cruz, has the following to say regarding the changes in viticulture that are taking place in his county:

"The more recent coming to the front of the champagne and white Burgundy producing vines is patent, and whether they won't eventually turn aside the Rieslings and Cabernets, and win the day over them against the Missions, and all that poor lot, is quite on the boards.

I may add that where 100 gallons of Cabernet were made last year, 5000 must be made this, and where 200 gallons Sauvignon-Semillon were made last year, 6000 must be made this, and that three years hence these quantities will be respectively quadrupled, if not sextupled.

Three years hence the quantities of fine Pinots for champagne and Montrachet will be distinctive items by all present appearances, and should the adaptation of Santa Cruz county for Pinots be fully verified, I would not dare say to what they might amount as there are inquiries now from London into the matter.

I have begun to think we of California have gone too far in our fashion for Rieslings, Cabernets and Sauvignons. We went away too quickly from the Pinots, having planted them in our fat valleys and converted them into red wines. We will turn back, in my opinion, and the now neglected Pinots, especially the Pinot Gris which is a fair bearer with me, will advance to the front. Why, the soil of California is, as a rule, suited to the Pinot family, and not to the Riesling, Cabernet or Sauvignon. Out of all Santa Cruz county we have only 100 acres, as I say in my paper, of pure Medoc soil, and a like proportion will hold I believe, for all California. Mumm said we had no champagne soil; we have little else.

OUR NEW DRESS.

The new plant from which the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is printed was furnished by the great printers' supply house of Tatum & Bowen, of this city. The type is of the latest designs and composition and is a credit to Messrs. Tatum & Bowen as well as the REVIEW.

DISTILLERS AND CONTROLLERS.

From the holiday edition of *Mida's Criterion* we take the following interesting sketches of prominent distillers and controllers.

THE business of S. Levi & Bro. was founded in 1849, and in that extended period they have risen to a prominent rank among the large whisky houses of the country, and from their acknowledged financial strength and their high standing, they possess the greatest measure of confidence of the general trade, which they are ever ready to reciprocate by taking prominent and active part in every movement for the common interest of the liquor trade. They are large distributors of the Distilling & Cattle Feeding Co., re-distillers and blenders of fine whiskies, large handlers of all kinds of Kentucky bourbons and Eastern ryes. They have controlled the "T. W. Samuels," Nelson County, sour mash, since 1887, and by their skillful distribution they have already considerably elevated the standing of the brand. In 1889 they made of this popular brand 2,668 bbls.; in '90, 2,400 bbls. For the current season, desiring to show by their own action that the product of Kentucky whiskies should be limited so as to protect values of the goods their friends have bought and now own, they have resolved to make but 1,800 bbls., which will be distributed among the regular customers of the brand.

This house also makes in the Sixth District of Kentucky "Shenandoah" pure rye and "Salvator" bourbon, both of which brands have been successfully sold and distributed for the past two years, three-fourths of the '89s being already withdrawn from bond.

VANDEGRIFT was re-organized by the present firm in 1889, since which time they have been steadily and continuously operating, having manufactured and disposed of Fall '89, and Spring '90, 2,000 bbls. This season's crop of Fall '90 and Spring '91 will amount to about 5,000 bbls., all of which has been disposed of to Pennsylvania jobbers, who are fully cognizant of the merits of the goods. "Vandegrift" is a high grade pure rye whisky. Since the present owners have assumed control they have added new stock pens, a new 6,000 bbl. warehouse and refitted the distillery building throughout. The warehouses are all steam-heated, and are located on the banks of the classic Monongahela River, with shipping facilities unsurpassed.

ELIAS BLOCK & SONS firm was first established by Mr. Elias Block in the year 1846. It grew and multiplied until the year 1870, when the present combination consisting of Elias Block, Louis T. Block, Samuel Block and Edward J. Mack, was formed, constituting the firm of Elias Block & Co. Later Mr. J. E. Block, Jr., was admitted into the partnership. In 1880 they purchased the "Old Darling" distillery, which was then run and operated by the original owner of the brand, Andrew W. Darling, who established the brand and distillery in 1860. Elias Block & Sons have operated this plant since 1880 as the "Old Darling" distillery, making the famous "Old Darling" whisky, which by reason of conservative management and excellence of quality, stands to-day in the front ranks of fine Kentucky whiskies.

In 1883 they established the "Merchandise Club Rye," and the same conservative course was pursued regarding this brand, so that it now occupies a foremost position in the ranks of Kentucky ryes.

The branch of their business devoted to the manufacture of blended whiskies, cordials, fruit brandies, etc., having been commenced in 1846, they have acquired in that long period a degree of perfection that has deservedly conferred on them a national reputation, and the stamp of Elias Block & Sons, identifying the goods with that firm, is sufficient to insure at once the highest standing and recognition as the best that can be produced. In addition to their owning the distilleries referred to, they are among the largest controllers of the best standard brands, and

this makes their establishment so thoroughly complete that it gives them unrivaled facilities for supplying the wholesale trade with every article required in the liquor line. Their production has always been marked by foresight and conservatism, which they have resolved to continue in the best interests of those handling their brands. The large trade established in the past forty-four years, and their well-recognized ample capital and the steadily growing demand would justify in producing a larger crop for the current season than in the past, yet in the interest of the entire trade they have concluded to curtail their '91 crop very materially.

Messrs. Elias Block & Sons, in expressing their views upon the present status of the market, state: "We believe the current crop of whiskies to be made in Kentucky will be greatly decreased by reason of the high price of grains, the stringency in the money market and the large production of '90s". This view may serve as a key-note to the trade, and could emanate from no more authoritative source than Elias Block & Sons.

RHEINSTROM BROS. with pride can point to the fact that they are the pioneers in their line viz: the manufacture of fruit brandies, and fine liquors of every description. They also do a very extensive trade in dry and sweet Ohio wines, from the Erie Islands direct, having a controlling interest in one of the largest wine establishments at Sandusky, O. They are manufacturers also of champagne in the American and French styles.

When the extent of the business is considered it may be a surprise to learn that the firm started but fifteen years ago, during which time all this business has been accomplished. It requires a combination of two men, both perfect in their sphere, one for the office and the other for the manufacturing department, and in truth Abe, the elder brother, has never had a superior as an office manager, and of Ike the same may be said as a manufacturer. They both grew up and attained the highest proficiency in their lines with one of the leading firms of the country. The work devolving upon these gentlemen became so onerous and extensive that they subsequently admitted their third brother Sigmund, to the firm, to aid them in the discharge of their arduous duties.

Soon after they had started they at once signally asserted themselves and have ever since maintained a commanding position. Their growth was so steady that at the end of their first year in business they found it necessary to look for larger quarters and they have gone on successively increasing their accommodations until we find them now in their present extensive quarters at 54-56 East Third street.

In order to bring the distillation of fine liquors and fruit brandies to the highest point of purity, and to be the equal of the imported article, the firm has made the new departure of distilling directly from the raw material and pure fruit as is done by representative houses in France. The method which they have ever pursued is well explained in their recent holiday circular from which we extract the following:

"The line of policy marked out at the very beginning of our business career and rigidly adhered to since, has been to furnish our patrons with what they want and in the most attractive and desirable shape.

Our cardinal principle is "dispatch and fair dealing" with all.

And it is with a feeling of pride we say the public has fully and generously responded to such business methods. Our present success has been quite commensurate with our most sanguine expectations."

IN the pioneer days of distilling in Kentucky the little log still house in Daviess County, five miles west of Owensboro, was built in 1855, where to-day stands the splendidly equipped "Old W. S. Stone Distillery," now, as then, distilling Kentucky's famous old-fashioned hand made sour mash whisky.

In 1876 M. P. Mattingly, then "a youth, to fortune and to

fame unknown," became the proprietor of this distillery, and with the energy, capacity, skill and honesty inseparable from the successful man of business, managed it so judiciously and admirably that the "Old W. S. Stone" brand has found its place in the front rank of the most popular of Kentucky whiskies, and is distributed by the leading and largest wholesale dealers to a trade extending from ocean to ocean.

In the spring of 1881 the "Daviess Co. Club" Distillery was built, one and one-half miles west of Owensboro, Ky., and is also owned by Mr. Mattingly. It is a sour mash distillery, and its product, differing in the water used and formula of grain from the "Old W. S. Stone" brand, is recognized as a beverage of the finest quality.

The career of Mr. Mattingly as a distillery proprietor is marked by prudence and conservatism in the number of barrels annually produced at the distilleries, and with the single exception of 1888, he has annually produced a crop to meet the wants of the patrons of his brands in the United States, but never for "export trade."

The trade in general and the patrons in particular are familiar with the fact that quality and quantity of yield is the aim at these distilleries, and each brand synonymous for fine storage, cooperage, etc.

The rewards of commercial honesty and integrity when united to produce skill and unselfish conservatism has been received and are being enjoyed by "Miles" Mattingly in an ample competency of means, the confidence of his trade and enviable fame.

In the future, as in the past, the management of the distilleries and brands will be on the lines which have proven so profitable and satisfactory to patrons and proprietor.

THE J. B. Wathen & Bro.'s brand of whisky has been on the market since 1875. From that year to 1880 it was made in Lebanon, Ky., and since the latter year it has been made at the present headquarters of the firm at Louisville. They first made "Kentucky Criterion" in the fall of 1886, during which season they made 6,500 barrels. In the season of spring '90 they made 6,300 barrels, and also 7,500 barrels "Wathen." The demand for their "Wathen" and "Criterion" has increased so materially during the last three years that it is safe to say they could easily distribute each year some 7,500 barrels of each, but they intend to pursue the same conservative course in the future as in the past, and will limit their output to 5,000 barrels "Wathen" and 4,500 barrels "Criterion." At no time in the future will they make more whisky than they have a legitimate demand for. No brands have had to undergo a more crucial test at the time of the memorable depression of all whiskies than these, and none have emerged from the conflict more victorious. This is due to the close attention bestowed on their manufacture and to the indomitable energy of Mr. J. B. Wathen in personally creating avenues of distribution among the leading merchants throughout the country. We can not forbear also to give due credit to their office management, which is marked by prompt attention to the wants of their customers. Their warehouses are unexcelled in the State, which is evidenced by insurance being but eighty-five cents on the \$100. No distiller enjoys to a higher degree the personal esteem of his customers and general popularity among the trade in a higher degree than Mr. J. B. Wathen.

"UNRIVALLED."

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW of San Francisco is unrivalled in its special field. It is a large and handsome semi-monthly publication, of which the wine and liquor interest has just cause to be proud. It is much above the average of class publications in editorial ability and is conducted in a dignified manner. The proprietors, R. M. Wood and Winfield Scott, are old and experienced newspaper men, who merit the patronage which has been so liberally bestowed on them. May their Review continue to prosper and to enrich them.—*Fresno Republican*.

EYRAUD AMONG THE WINE MEN.

The French strangler Eyraud, who was recently guillotined in Paris, will be long remembered by many of the wine men and others in this State. He was not known as Eyraud here, but he cut a wide swath as a prominent wine merchant and distiller of Bordeaux. Although actually fleeing from justice, he proposed to establish extensive distilleries in this State for the purpose of making cognac, which he declared could be produced as well in California as in Cognac. Whether or not he really intended to go into business will never be known, but he went so far as to negotiate for the purchase of a distillery site and ordered the construction of twelve stills at one of the copper works of this city. The material was procured by the coppersmith but the stills were not constructed. Eyraud also contrived to borrow considerable money from some of the French wine makers and it is hardly necessary to say that they still hold his notes for the same.

One thing is certain and that is that the strangler was an expert in all things connected with the brandy business, and had he carried out his plans he would undoubtedly have done much to improve the reputation of California brandy.

Captain Niebaum of the Inglenook vineyard, who received a visit from Eyraud, declares that he was the most remarkable "brandy sharp" he ever met. The strangler was an accurate judge of brandies, could immediately detect their good and bad qualities and describe them, and taking a half dozen samples of different ages and by the senses of taste and smell tell the age of each one. Captain Niebaum properly regarded Eyraud as a wonder in this respect and heartily regrets that the fellow was destined for the guillotine instead of the management of the still house at Inglenook.

On the other hand there are several victims here who bemoan the fact that Eyraud and Gabrielle Bompard did not meet their final destiny before they reached California.

OBITUARY.

On Wednesday January 28th, Joseph P. Schardin, of the firm of J. P. Schardin & Co., this city passed over to the silent majority. Mr. Schardin, a pioneer of 1851, was born in the northern part of Germany in 1835, and at the age of three years came with his parents to this country and settled in the then almost unknown wilderness of Missouri, in the embryo city of St. Louis. He remained in that place, receiving such education as could be there afforded, until the news of the discovery of gold in the new El Dorado stimulated his young heart and he determined to join his fortunes with the large army of fortune seekers who then thronged the plains and crowded the decks of steamers and sailing vessels to the golden shores of California. Instead, however, of crossing the plains he decided to go by sea, and in the early part of 1851 arrived in this city. Mr. Schardin immediately started for the mines, selecting Nevada county as his base of operations. After a more or less successful career in the mines he engaged in the teaming business between Sacramento and points in the interior, finally settling in North San Juan, where he went into the wholesale and retail butcher business. Here he was successful in accumulating a large fortune, which he invested in mining and water properties. By the decision of Judge Sawyer in the debris cases these properties deteriorated in value, and hence Mr. Schardin determined to remove to this city.

This he did, and associated himself with Frederick Loy in the wholesale wine and liquor business, which he conducted up to the time of his death. "Joe," as his friends loved to call him, was one of the most lovable and truest of men. No one ever appealed to him in vain. He never lost a friend. He was the embodiment of all that was good and true in life, and goes to his long rest with the sincere respect of all who ever knew him.

THE EXPECTED ATTACK.

When the Sweet Wine bill was passed at the last session of Congress we anticipated an attack from the few sweet wine makers of central New York, Ohio, Virginia and Missouri. The law now on the statute books is so exact in its language that under no possible ruling by the Treasury Department can spirits not produced from the grape be used for fortification without payment of the tax. Glucose and cane sugar are also placed entirely out of the question for sweetening. That the eastern wine makers are uneasy and are preparing to do battle is shown by the following article taken from the *Vineyardist*, published at Penn Yan, in the heart of the Lake Kenka region in New York, and representing the eastern wine interest.

"Those who have kept themselves well informed on the wine making interests of our country, are well aware that through the active efforts of the wine makers and manipulators of California, a provision was inserted in the tariff law, passed at the first session of the Fifty-first Congress, which while greatly benefitting the wine producers of that Pacific Slope State, is calculated to seriously injure the still wine makers of the east, including those, especially of New York; and it has become an important question with the wine makers of this section of this state, as to whether in self-defense, they ought to unite in favor of such modification of the law as will permit the use of spirits, necessarily used in fortifying wines, up to a certain per cent, without being subject to the internal tax now imposed on the same.

"And it has been suggested that in connection with the effort to thus help our home interests, it might be well to come out in favor of a 'natural pure wine law,' doing away entirely with the use of sugars of any kind in still wine making, or any other material, except grapes, in the making of grape wines, with the provision that spirits may be used, free of tax, to fortify, and syrup to blend into sweet wines.

"It is believed that with such a law, under the United States Internal Revenue Department, our vineyard and wine interests would enjoy permanent prosperity, and the great amount of 'stuff' now made, with not a particle of grape juice in it, and called and sold as grape wine (probably amounting to one-half of all the wine made) would have to 'step down and out' and give place to honest made grape wines, while the fraudulent wine makers would have to purchase grapes and supply the trade with a genuine article, or abandon their swindling business, and give place to those that will.

"We are quite sure that the larger wine companies of Lake Kenka will heartily unite in some general movement to secure the reforms so greatly needed for their own and the public good; and, as an uncompromising defender of pure grape wines, and the interests of those in our grape growing region, who are deserving of encouragement and protection in their efforts to produce them, the *Vineyardist* is ready to second, advocate, and, in all possible ways, aid in bringing about the very desirable results so hastily outlined in this article.

This is just the kind of attack which we anticipated and just where such an attack was to be looked for. There is in our opinion but one way to meet it to the satisfaction of all concerned and it is a mode which can be adopted by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue without in any manner invalidating the intent and purposes of the Sweet Wine law.

To meet the demand for sweetening material solely from the grape, the Commissioner can permit the use either of concentrated must or of grape syrup, both of which are manufactured in this State and can be placed on the market at a price which will permit their employment by the eastern manufacturers. There is nothing in these materials except pure grape products.

For fortification of eastern wines we see no obstacle in the way of permitting eastern growers to withdraw California brandy from bond in the warehouses in New York, Chicago and other points and using them for fortification as occasion demands. Eastern grape brandies are out of the question for fortification, as they not only cost too much, but are so harsh that they would have to be rectified before using. The quantity of eastern brandy that can be used is small, as an examination of the statistics of the Internal Revenue Bureau will show. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, the total American production of grape

brandy was only a few thousand gallons above of what is produced in California. The California production was 1,072,306 gallons and at this time New York with 78,933 gallons, Ohio with 20,270 gallons, New Mexico with 2,069 gallons and 1643 gallons in Virginia. There were no other States producing over 1000 gallons.

There is soon to be a meeting of a special committee of the Agricultural Commissioners, at which the final recommendations will be made to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue on the proposed sweet wine regulations. This committee consisting of Messrs. De Turk, West and Shorb, is fully aware of the difficulty which the eastern sweet wine producers will have in complying with the law if it is strictly enforced according to the present rulings. It is likely that the committee will ask that Commissioner Mason make these concessions which will naturally place the eastern producers on a plane with those of California, and still in no wise imperil the revenues.

THE ASSOCIATION'S NEGLECT.

The State Protective Association has let another session of the Legislature go by without attempting to secure the adoption of the much needed change in the license laws.

For the past few months the belief that the Association would do something to settle this vexed question, has been very general among the wholesale trade the members of which bear the brunt of the expense in supporting the organization and who naturally expect some return for their money. It was asserted at one time that the Association had a measure drawn up and ready to introduce, but those in charge of the matter have allowed things to drift along until the session is about over and when a two-thirds vote is necessary for the introduction of any new bill.

We would respectfully inquire what the functions of the Association are, if not to look after the interests of the trade? The license question is beyond all others the most important one with which the California trade has to deal. Here is Oakland with its high license, and its Prohibition element clamoring for more, or preferably the closing of all drinking places; Riverside with its \$2,000 license and one saloon; and dozens of other places with almost prohibitive licenses. Plainly the only relief was in getting a State measure through, either for a graded or uniform license as deemed best. But the Association allows the opportunity to slip by without so much as introducing a bill and ascertaining the feeling on the subject. Two years must now go by before there can be any change and by that time the situation is certain to be much more strained.

The only possible excuse for the present failure is that in case the Association asked for any legislation some ambitious legislator with a desire to attract a sack to Sacramento might have brought in a fine cinch bill. We do not want to be to critical but we do not think that there is a single member in the present Legislature who has enough brains to get up a really formidable bill which would attract a sack of any dimensions. The boys have failed to do it yet and they have tried it on the gas companies, the water companies, the street railroad and cable companies, the proposed electric railway companies, the insurance compact and in a mild sort of a way against the Southern Pacific road in the shape of a Re-assessment bill. This would have been the session for work and success but the chance has been neglected.

We now ask the Association's leaders what they propose to do to get relief? Do they expect to fight every high license proposition sprung on them in every city, town and county? If they do they will be kept gloriously busy.

Fairbanks' Standard Scales, Trucks, Etc.
FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON,
316-318 MARKET STREET, - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CABERNET AS A BLEND WITH ZINFANDEL.

It is eight years ago since I was first struck by the effect of the Cabernet in blend with the Zinfandel. I had been searching for some fine wine and had met with indifferent success, through my own fault I suppose, when I received a consignment of Noirean, including one bottle marked "Zinfandel Blend," from Mr. Gillet of Nevada City. I drank the Noirean, thinking nothing of the Zinfandel blend, because I had become rather dubious about Zinfandel owing to certain disappointments I had had in connection with that name. The Noirean was very good, if not up to what I had been accustomed to in Europe though, because it was but two years old and having no more of it, and nothing better as I imagined, I essayed the blend. I was hardly ever in my life as astonished as I was then. The Zinfandel blend was altogether another thing from the Zinfandel I had been accustomed to, and enthusiastically calling to me a friend, the two of us tasted it, and sipped it, and sipped and tasted till there was nothing left of it, and the virtue of it is on our palates still. The blend was a ten per cent Cabernet Franc in a ninety per cent Zinfandel.

When Mr. Gillet hit on the idea of blending his Zinfandel with Cabernet he must have offered an extra propitiatory sacrifice to the vine-crowned God of wine, and obtained in return one of his precious secrets, for the action of Cabernet on Zinfandel is like raising earth to the sky. The excessive if clean sharpness of the Zinfandel, like ones mouth were touched with the bite of bi-artrate of potash, retires from it, and softness with fullness steals into it. That tendency which the Zinfandel has to thinness is toned up to towards fullness. The delicate lightness of the Zinfandel—that is of mountain Zinfandel—is not impaired, while its bouquet happily married to that of the Cabernet is chastened.

There was a board of wine experts sitting in San Francisco not much over a year ago, and the question was put by a member: "What am I to do with Zinfandel; now you California fellows tell me, for I am from New York, and I happen to have a lot of Zinfandel and I don't like it."

"Do you mean the vine or the wine?" said a Napa man, "If the former, root it up, and if the latter, throw it away."

I thought it was not worth the knowing what a Napa man does not know. "But hold" I cried, "I have a tip worth two of that, blend your Zinfandel with Cabernet, of course provided your Zinfandel is Franc de Pied as a Frenchman might say, and a product of the hillside." I was laughed at, when I asked in some astonishment "Has no one here tried Cabernet upon Zinfandel, if any one has not, why let him try and speak afterwards?" "I tell you," I added, "that the table wine of California and the vin ordinaire, aye vin superieure of the world is Zinfandel—mountain Zinfandel plus Cabernet." Whoever at the board was convinced I had overvaulted myself, I was not, nor am I now, nor likely to be,

The ten per cent blend of Cabernet to ninety of Zinfandel is naturally much behind that of twenty Cabernet to eighty Zinfandel, but I don't know but it is the most useful blend since you convert what is good into excellence by it at little cost, whereas if you carry the good beyond excellent and into my denomination of the fine by a twenty per cent Cabernet, look at the concomitant cost. I should say that for a vin ordinaire, by which I mean a wine unsurpassable for the strict daily use of mid-day and evening meals, the ten per cent Cabernet should not be exceeded, while for a vin superieure, by which I mean again a wine fit to be used at dessert on all except high days, and holidays, and grand entertainments, the twenty per cent Cabernet is hardly too much.

I can't see why one should go *abore* a twenty per cent Cabernet blend. Above that you begin to lose more than you gain. There is a balance in all blends and I think the balance is lost at any figure above twenty. I may come to the twenty, but

when I would surpass it, I feel my Cabernet is too precious to me and I stop.

The open arms so to speak that the Zinfandel has for the Cabernet, and the perfect enthusiasm, if I may use the word, with which it gives and accepts from the Cabernet, accepting even more than it gives, is a frequent source of wonder to me. I do not know a more unselfish wine than the Zinfandel, yet there are only two conditions in which I would put its nature on trial. I would not subject it to the Cabernet except when in the fermenting vat or within a month after the first racking from the vat.

This is my manner of procedure: Five days before I vin-tage my Zinfandels, I calculate how much of them I am likely to have; proportionate to that, say in ten or twenty per cent proportion, I pick my Cabernets and set them to ferment. The five days over, my Zinfandels are in their vats, and the Cabernets proportioned to them are in tumultuous fermentation; then I pour the Cabernets in all their tumult into the Zinfandels, stir the two well up and leave them together.

I see there are Gironde vigneron who now write to the *Feuille Vinicole* that the addition of the Cabernet while in a state of fermentation to the yet unfermenting Saint Macaire for instance, or Gros Mancin, gives to these second class vines the qualities of the first. Their theory is that every vine has its own particular micoderm, and that it is this particular micoderm which determines the particular wine, and not the cepage, though the cepage is of no account, but of course it is a help. Hence if you start up the Cabernet micoderm in the Saint Macaire, or Gros Mancin, mass, and give that the sway before a Saint Macaire or Gros Mancin micoderm can get on its feet, the Cabernet intruder won't allow a Saint Macaire or Gros Mancin native to as much as move, and what ought to have been a Saint Macaire or Gros Mancin wine, will be a Cabernet or thereabout. At any rate, not so prodigiously far from it.

Whether or not Girondists are wild in their theory I have too high an opinion of their powers for self defence to attempt to defend them, but this I do asseverate, that Cabernet grapes mixed while fermenting with Zinfandel as I have told, does give the resultant wine a Cabernet cast; and that beyond what could be expected in my opinion from the proportion of Cabernet to Zinfandel. I think it might be expected that the Zinfandel would drown the Cabernet and not that the Cabernet would impress so much of its own character on the Zinfandel.

What affords me as good, if not even better success than adding Cabernet in fermentation to Zinfandel freshly crushed into the vat, is as follows: At my first racking, which is in November, or about a month after the withdrawal of the wine from the vat, and just as soon as the Cabernet issues out of the puncheon it begins to lose its clearness, I stop the racking, and pour Zinfandel upon the residue. That is, I rack my Cabernet from any given puncheon down to the initial appearance of the lees, then I fill up the puncheon with clear Zinfandel, itself newly racked, bung, and leave things to themselves for a month or six weeks. By that time the Zinfandel has lost its objectionable sharpness, and its rather unnecessary thinness; it has become mellow or soft, taken on color and more body, and has begun to afford promise to seve. Now I rack this Zinfandel from the Cabernet lees, and after attending to it properly for a year or two, it is as good a wine at any rate as the Bordeaux merchants make out of good Roussillon and selections of Medoc, and which the not over rich but ambitious Frenchman places before his guests as "Chateau" this and "Chateau" the other. I have paid fifteen dollars a dozen, free on board at Bordeaux, for such "Chateau" and did not deem myself cheated.

The immediate pouring of a lower wine upon the lees of a higher I have learned from French practice, and take no credit for it.

John A. Stewart

Santa Cruz, Cal.

WINE AND WINE TASTING.

New York February 14, 1891.

Editor Pacific Wine and Spirit Review—DEAR SIR: Will you kindly give me some suggestions as to the proper methods of tasting wines and judging their merits.

A SEARCHER FOR TRUTH.

In reply to the above inquiry we would offer the following suggestions: Pour the wine to be tasted into a very clean and transparent crystal glass, or better into a channelled silver cup, the polished facets of which reflect to perfection the light through the liquid.

A first investigation with the nose discloses the smell and "bouquet" peculiar to each wine, or detects the presence of foreign matter; a glance with the eye indicates the degree of cleanliness and transparency. Then slowly quaff a mouthful, taking care to thoroughly moisten all parts of the tasting organs. After this some are in the habit of ejecting it, though this is rather difficult when the wine is a good one. Their reason for doing so is to save their judgment from being influenced by the powerful suggestions of their stomach. At all events the wine must be kept for a little while in your mouth, the natural heat of which disintegrates its constituent parts and releases its volatile ethers, so that each nervous agent is enabled to detect the taste it is fitted for. The upper part of the tip of the tongue will appreciate dryness or sweetness, whilst the glottis intimately connected with the smelling organs, will perceive "bouquet" and fragrance, and not allow the passage of the liquid without discovering its sourness or acidity if there are such in it.

A bad wine has a compound smell of methylated or burnt spirit; its color is uncertain and muddy, what the French call forcibly *bouche*; on the tongue it produces a repulsive impression of hard spirit or sugared vinegar; it causes the glottis to shrink back under the action of acids, as if it had been bitten by a snake.

But a good wine has always the peculiar bouquet and fragrance which God in his kindness has imparted to each species of grape. It is transparent, like crystal or ruby, its color varying from pale green to melted gold for the white, and from light rose to dark purple for the red. In the mouth it produces an unique and agreeable sensation, the white flowing away without leaving any striking traces, like a brooklet on an ice-bed, whilst the red has to leave a slight aftertaste of astringency produced by the tannin it contains.

Of course such summary indications apply to all wines at large, without any regard to the different kinds, the peculiarities of which cannot be expressed by our language, and have to be learned by comparison and experiments. Should it happen that they are beyond the reach of some people, these latter would not necessarily be deprived of the privilege of enjoying the god's beverage; for they still have the possibility of judging of wines by the effect it produces on them.

But in this case you should drink a full glass of the liquid. If, after having done so, you feel your stomach burning, your digestion impeded, your head sleepy, your mind sluggish as if burdened with an iron weight, do not use such wine, whatever might be its reputation, or the number of awards it has received at exhibitions where it had to compete only with similar products, and under too indulgent judges.

But if, on the contrary, the wine causes your digestive organs to feel an agreeable heat, the digestion to be helped, your mind to be in full possession of all its capabilities, your soul generous and kindly disposed towards your brethren, then you have got the right sort of wine! Have a bottle of it on your table at every meal, drink it yourself to restore your strength, and make certain of a sound healthy future in life; give it to your wife, who, sharing your labor and toil, has a full right to it, and will soon prefer it exclusively when she remarks that freshness and good health replace the pale cheeks and nervousness caused by the heat of our climate and the abuse of strong tea; give it also to your children, who will grow up joyous and healthy. Let your experience be known among your neighbors who will be persuaded anew of the old truth taught by history and experience, that *vinum de nostra natione are the most sober*.

FAVORABLE ENGLISH CRITICISM.

We have received the following from Chas. F. Oldham, of GOSNOLD, Oldham & Co., wine merchants, London:

11 REGENT STREET, PALL MALL, S. W.

LONDON January 20, 1891.

Editor Pacific Wine and Spirit Review—SIR: In your issue of the 15th of September last, you called attention to some unfavorable comments on California wines and brandies, made in an English paper. Under these circumstances I think it may interest you to see the enclosed which appeared in the January issue of the *Wine Trade Review*. I am, sir, Yours faithfully,

CHAS. F. OLDHAM.

[Following is the complimentary extract referred to by Mr. Oldham.—ED. REVIEW.]

"Distinct progress was made by the wines of California last year. The producers are evidently acquiring greater skill in the preparation of the wine, and a large proportion of the consignments to this market is now well suited to the English taste.

In red and white wines alike improvement is noticeable, and judging by some of the more favorable samples we have tasted, we should say the growers in California are fully justified in looking for a considerable expansion of their trade with England. A good deal of the wine made is sent to the distillery, and the brandy produced from it has some of the highest qualities well developed. At present the brandy industry is quite in its infancy, but we shall be surprised if it fails to exercise an appreciable influence upon European markets."

IMPROVEMENT IN CALIFORNIA WINES.

Within the the last eight or ten years there has been a revolution in the character of California wines. Any one familiar with the output of California vineyards of ten years ago would not recognize the wine now put on the market. Instead of a coarse, rough, fruity wine, we have now as smooth, pleasant a beverage as one would wish to drink. Most people ascribe this to the improvement that has taken place in the character of the grapes, but as a matter of fact this has very little to do with it.

The grapes of ten years ago were nearly as good as they are now, but few people knew how to treat them. When wine making first became an important industry, the owners of vineyards went to Europe for experts to superintend the manufacture of their wine. The result was disastrous failure. Each manager tried to treat wine as he had been accustomed to at home, to press it in the same manner, and to keep it in the same kind of cellars, without making any allowance whatever for difference of climate and difference of grape. A crude, rough wine was the result. The vineyard owners were greatly discouraged, and the superintendents went back to their native countries convinced that there was no future for California wine. A few remained and undertook to adapt their European experience to changed conditions. Experiments were made. Where one mode of treatment failed, another was tried, and finally the secret of handling the different kinds of California wine was discovered. To-day, not only is the home consumption large, but millions of gallons of claret are annually sent to France to be reshipped from that country with a French label, and pronounced excellent. The grapes are about the same as they were ten years ago, but improved methods of treating the juice have revolutionized the California wine industry.—*American Analyst*.

[The above remarks regarding the improvement in the quality of California wines are correct, but the statement that "millions of gallons of claret are annually shipped to France to be reshipped from that country under a French label," is the veriest rot. California wine does not need to go to France to be masked under a French label. That can be and is accomplished in New York and Chicago much to the detriment of the wine industry of the State.—ED. REVIEW.]

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TRADE CIRCULARS.

269 775 BROADWAY
New York January 28, 1891.

Dear Sir:—We beg to inform you that we have transferred our main office to Block E and G, Brooklyn Bridge Arches, New York. Entrance on William near Frankfort street. Soliciting a continuance of your favors, we remain,

Yours very truly,

LAYTIES BROTHERS.

Please address letters,

Layties Brothers,

Bridge Arches,

Between William and Rose Streets, New York.

15 BEAVER STREET,
New York January, 1891.

Sir:—As anticipated by our circular of October last, we have now to inform you of the great scarcity of really fine, dry sparkling wines in the champagne district, and the high prices continually gaining in consequence.

As other shippers have been compelled to do, the proprietors of the famous brand of "Piper Heidsieck, Sec." are at last reluctantly forced to make an advance, in order to keep up a reputation for a standard of unquestionable quality, such as has been enjoyed by them alone for over a century.

A limited stock will be received by each steamer, which we will be pleased to distribute among our customers, as far as it goes, up to the end of next March. Then our "long prices" will be increased \$1.75 per basket, and thereafter may we request you to kindly fix your jobbing rates at \$26.50 for quarts and \$28.50 for pints.

Awaiting the pleasure of your commands, which shall have our earliest attention, we remain,

Yours faithfully,

JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO.

SAN FRANCISCO February 14, 1891.

Dear Sir:—Owing to the scarcity of fine wines and the large increase in the cost thereof, Messrs Vve Pommery Fils & Co., are obliged to advance the price of their champagne. We therefore beg to inform you, that from March 1st, our prices for Pommery & Greno, "Sec." will be \$34.00 for quarts, \$36.00 for pints.

The usual trade and cash discounts will be allowed to such of our customers who will strictly adhere to above prices.

Yours very truly,

WILLIAM WOLFF & CO.,

Sole Pacific Coast Agents,

Dear Sir:—We beg to draw your attention to the fact of our being the owners and sole manufacturers of the original and genuine Prune Juice which we introduced to the trade twenty-one years ago.

The article owing to its great merit was from the first an immense success—so much so that now numerous people who know nothing as to its component parts or the process of its manufacture, try to sell all sorts of nauseous sweet stuffs, which they name as nearly like the genuine as possible, making (as is always necessary in selling imitation goods) most untruthful statements in order to effect sales. Every order given to these people is taken on the strength of the reputation of our goods. Purchasers who cannot be deceived when they buy wines and liquors, of which they can judge by the taste, often make mistakes in purchasing these so-called prune juices, they being, as a rule, nothing more than tinctures of fruit with the greater portions glucose. These articles which effect nothing more than sweetening with an immense reduction in proof, sometimes absolutely spoil the liquors in which they are used.

The original and genuine Prune Juice effectually removes the smell of new liquors, and produces a delicious flavor as it exists in the finest and oldest whiskies and brandies, while the

cost, taking difference of loss in proof into account, renders it really cheaper than common syrup.

We shall be most happy at any time to supply sample for comparison, and feel assured that on examination you will find the Genuine Prune Juice not only vastly superior, but that it will even cost less than its so-called cheap imitations.

We shall give you a special discount when you order a quantity.

Awaiting your orders which shall have our best care and attention, we are,

Yours very truly,

New York February 20, 1891.

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.

NEW YORK'S PURE WINE LAW.

The New York statute prohibiting the manufacture and sale of adulterated wine defines pure wine as the fermented juice of undried grapes, or other undried fruits; provided, however, that the addition of pure sugar to perfect the wine, or the addition of pure distilled spirits to preserve it, not to exceed eight per centum of its volume, or the using of the necessary things to clarify and fine the wine, which are not injurious to health, shall not be construed as adulterations; but such pure wine shall contain at least seventy-five per centum of pure grape or other undried fruit juice. Manufacturing for sale or selling impure and adulterated wine is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of \$200 to \$1,000, or by imprisonment from six months to a year, or both. The offender is also liable to a penalty of one dollar for each gallon manufactured, sold or offered for sale, and the wine is declared a public nuisance and forfeited to the State. Any wine containing between fifty and seventy-five per cent of pure grape or other undried fruit juices, and being otherwise pure, is to be known as "half wine," and the words "half wine" must be branded on every package. Wine containing less than fifty per cent of pure grape or other undried fruit juice, and otherwise pure, is to be known as "made wine" and so labeled. To sell any "half wine" or "made wine" without the proper label or brand, is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of \$200 to \$1,000, or imprisonment for three months to a year, or both. The law would be very beneficial if it were enforced. To enforce it is another matter.

EDITOR WASHBURN ON THE SITUATION.

The wine merchants, or rather makers have during the past year, done more to elevate the quality of wines produced in California than during any preceding period. A large part of the low grade wines have been run into brandy, so that everything offered of this year's product has been first-class and sound. The large increase in the consumption of wines has been something phenomenal. In 1888, two years ago, New York received 2,800,000 gallons, while this year the receipts at New York show 3,600,000, an increase of almost 800,000 gallons. The increased demand for California brandy in the East has also shown a very large increase. In 1888 New York received 33,600 gallons, while in the year 1890 receipts were 230,000, an increase of almost 200,000 gallons. If this increase, or anything approaching it, is kept up for the next few years to come, the wine interest of California will be the largest sectional industry in the known world.—*Annual number Louisville Bulletin.*

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

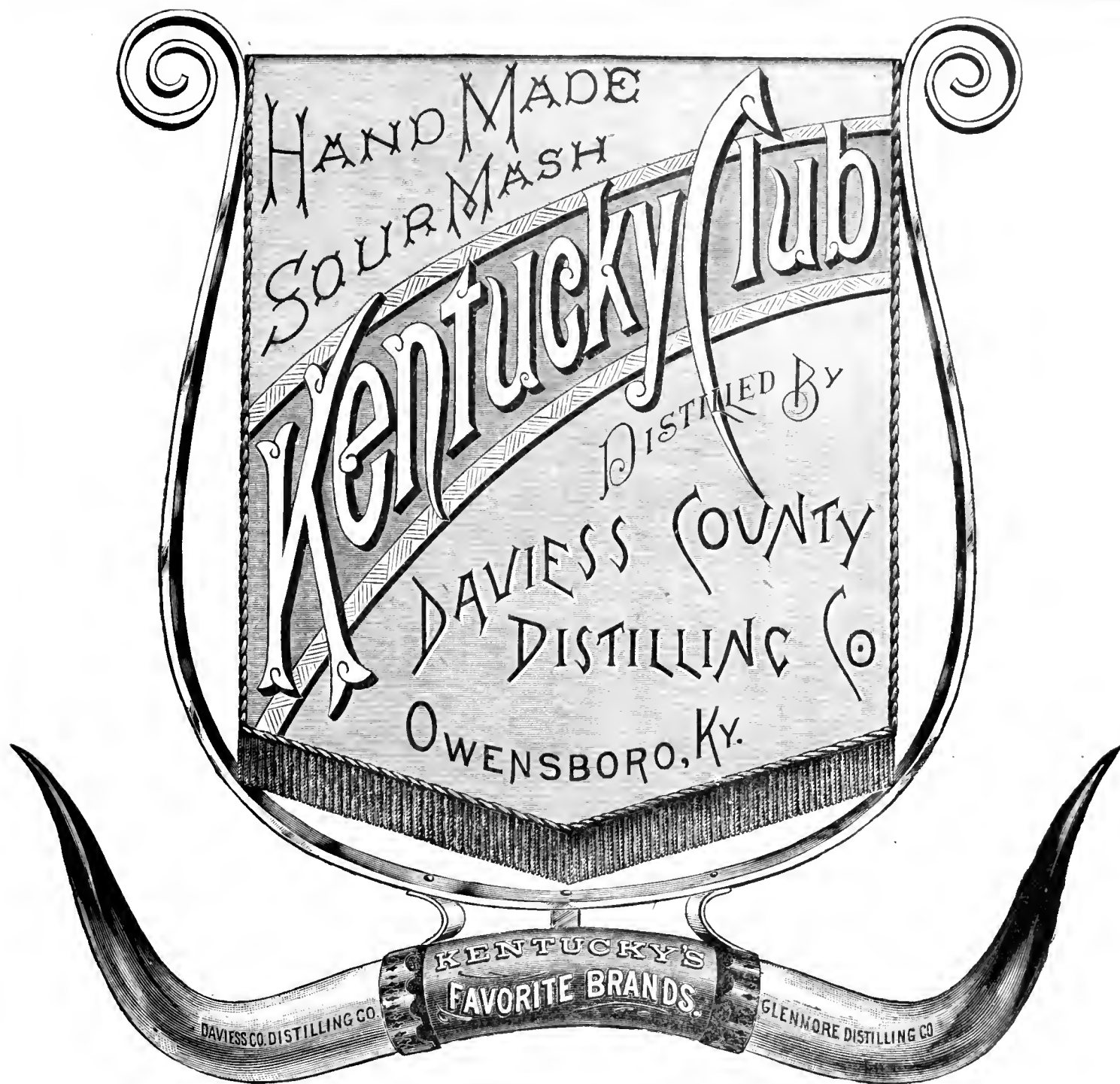
These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

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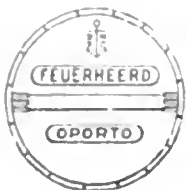
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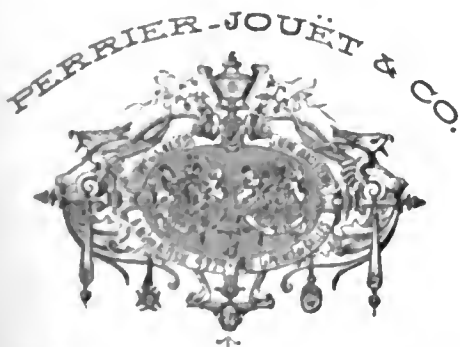
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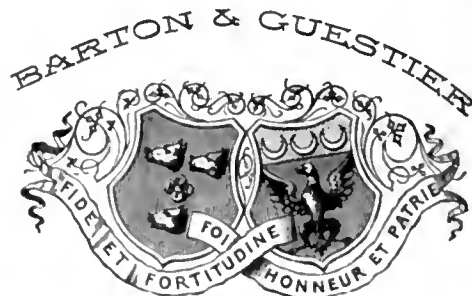


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Beaune Cote d'Or.



Bordeaux.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
AGENT AND IMPORTER,
123 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Chicago Department.

CHICAGO, February 18, 1891.

A calm always follows activity in any line of trade or business, and the wine and liquor interest is no exception to the rule. During the holidays the trade was unusually active here in Chicago especially in the line of California wines. During the run of the exposition last fall Mr. H. W. Crabb did a good lot of very profitable advertising for his business by having a fountain of pure wine playing in the sunlight and glinting 'neath the shafts of the electric arcs.

But the clouds are lightening up a little of late, and the tendency of the market is toward better feeling and more activity. Restauranters and caterers are beginning to make active provisions for the coming summer's trade, which gives promise of being the best ever known in the city, owing to the fact that the town is being filled full to the brim, and even to running over, with strangers who have been attracted hither by scheme's connected with the World's Fair. It is probable that within the next two weeks most of that stock will be ordered, as the spring now gives promise of being very forward, and they must needs keep in advance.

The retail trade has been absolutely quiet, and will remain so for the next two weeks, or, more likely, a month.

There is a growing disposition on the part of social clubs, for, which, by the way, Chicago is quite noted, to use California wines exclusively on their tables and sideboards. There are many strong advocates of such a course among their membership. This is simply the result of the fact that many of Chicago's club men are wealthy, and use their money often for purposes of traveling. In their journeyings they have not slighted the wonderland by the sun-set sea, yept California, and while there they drank of the smiling juice of her purple vintage, and lost their hearts to the blushing wine.

That any objection to California wine is more prejudice than fact was amply demonstrated not long since in one of our leading clubs. The caterer was fully satisfied that California wines were the equal, if not superior, to anything that was in the house in the way of an imported article, but could not induce some of the club members to yield the point to him. One day a party of three of the strongest opponents to California wines chanced to sit at the same table and the wiley caterer saw his opportunity.

The gentlemen ordered Pont e Canet, and the caterer very dextrously served them with some California Cabernet Sauvignon. When they had finished the wine they were asked how they liked it, and replied that it was the best Pont e Canet they had ever seen, going even so far as to assert that all others they had drunk must have been adulterated. When the caterer, midst an outburst of merriment, told them what he had done, their astonishment knew no bounds, and from that day on California wines had a trio of very strong advocates upon all occasions.

One very undesirable feature of the California wine trade in the city of Chicago, is the method pursued by some firms. They announce to the world that they are the owners of certain vineyards in California, and that the stuff they have for sale is direct from their own cellars. I have in mind a case that meets my eye almost daily, of a firm advertising its wines as being from a certain vineyard, when I happen to know that there is positively no such vineyard in existence, and never was. If there had been it would have been destroyed by the phylloxera years ago, as were all the vines within miles of the place. No good wine ever came from the sections of the State where it is claimed that most of their cellars are located, and even those said to belong to it in Napa county were seldom ever mentioned in my hearing during a residence of many years in the county and almost continual association with wine men.

L. L. PALMER.

February 18, 1891.

UNFAIR CRITICISM.

In a recent number of Belford's Magazine, Champion Bissell under the head of "The Truth About Wines" has considerable to say regarding the products of the wines of California. While some of his remarks about our wines are correct and interesting, he makes some statements regarding the qualities of our wines that probably would not have been made had Mr. Bissell been better posted on the subject he treats. He passes by the merits of our best wines with the offhand remark that "some day" "they will be called for at high-class restaurants by connoisseurs and will deserve to be". The gentleman is very kind in thus holding out a little encouragement to California wine men by telling them that their wine will be sold in first-class eating houses. It would presumably hardly be proper for a connoisseur such as Mr. Bissell, to acknowledge that our wines have these merits at the present time and that they are justly entitled to admission in the best restaurants, but that they are kept out by the silly prejudice of fishy brained Americans who see no good in anything that does not appear on its face to be foreign.

If we are to believe Mr. Bissell, we are not "in it" when it comes to the question of champagne making. In fact he has not one word of praise for the success that has been attained in this branch of the industry. We venture to suggest that Mr. Bissell is not and does not deserve to be aware of the fact that California champagne, for which he has only a sneer has heretofore successfully masqueraded among connoisseurs, such as Mr. Bissell, in the guise of the imported article, and at the same time received unstinted praise for its excellence. At least these are facts which the gentleman's position would not permit him to comment upon.

For our sweet wines Mr. Bissell has a kind word and he really "does himself proud" when he refers to the brandies of this State in the following language:

"Now comes California with a pure, sound brandy, made from distilled wine and grape pomace, as it ought to be; and we buy it at an average price by the barrel of two dollars a gallon; so that the retailer can furnish it at a dollar a bottle, and can afford to furnish it in purity. When the brandy has acquired age, we can snap our finger at the Cognac district of France and its fraudulent efforts to furnish to the world more brandy than it can honestly come by."

Mr. Bissell, judging from his foregoing remarks, is better acquainted with California brandies than with her wines. We know and he ought to have known before he attempted to instruct the public on the subject that in point of excellence the best wines of California are equal to her best brandy, and that whatever praise is due to one is also due to the other.

Taking all these facts into consideration Mr. Bissell's criticism may fairly be regarded as having been written in an unfriendly spirit.

CONCERNING DISTILLATION.

A new work on distillation entitled "Die Cognac und Wein-spirit Fabrikation," by Antonio del Piaz has just been published by A. Hartleben who has houses in Vienna, Pesth and Leipsic. The work is one of 152 pages and is profusely illustrated with thirty-seven cuts. While there is little that is new in the book it tells very well what is known of distillation and distillery apparatus up to the present time, and all the processes are faithfully described. The book is one that should be read and possessed by brandy distillers.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chace, 1041 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

Sold:Out.

f) Montevideo salinities tables - (see p. 6)

G. Monteverde, saloon, Oakes, Cal., dissolved.
 F. Kaul & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash., succeeded by Kaul & Hissard.
 A. Fienkhaugen & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., Walter Fienkhaugen admitted.
 D. Riley & Warner, restaurant, Aspen, Colo., dissolved.
 M. Demmo & Co., saloon, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved, M. Demmo continues.
 O. Baker & Co., saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., dissolved, C. A. Myer continues.
 How & McAllister, saloon, San Diego, Cal., dissolved.
 Kasse & Spunker, saloon, Cle Elum, Wash., dissolved, A. Kasse continues.
 Bernhard & Monaghan, saloon, Fresno, Cal., dissolved.

Out of Business.

L. M. Boehen, saloon, Portland, Or., attached.
 Uri Bennett, saloon, Del Mar, Cal., attached.
 P. Harder, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., attached.
 McMaons & Lester, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Hudson & Hooker, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
 Geo. Ohermahler, saloon, Stockton, Cal., in insolvency.
 John Cort, saloon, etc., Portland, Or., attached.
 H. T. Higginbotham, liquors, Fresno, Cal., in insolvency.
 Julius Blatt, saloon, San Pedro, Cal., attached \$911.
 Martinez & Minville, saloon, Fresno, Cal., in insolvency.
 J. R. Hogan, saloon, Aspen, Colo., attached.
 Jno. Haleu, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Leader & Benites, restaurant, Denver, Colo., attached.
 G. W. Plaster, saloon, Springfield, Or., attached.
 L. N. Beauchemin, saloon, Portland, Or., attached.
 Kain & Watkins, saloon, Seattle, Wash., attached.
 H. K. Malatesta & Co., restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Jos. Schwab, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.
 S. W. Craigue, saloon, San Diego, Cal., attached.

John & L.
C. A.
M. H.
F.
John
Terrell & Hennemann,
C.
John
Novell &
H. F. Meyer,
F. A. M. Donald,
C. E. Comstock
L. James,
Wash., bill of sale to G. N. Rhodes
Strozzi & Morel,
to Salegia & Del Costa
Johnson & Monroe,
Wash., to D. M. Beagan
W. H. Gass, hotel Burns, Or., to T. Glanni
W. Ruby, saloon, Albuquerque, N. M., to Bambini & Glanni
J. Davis, saloon, Red Lodge, Mont., to F. Heller
Lilly & Wall, saloon, Red Lodge, Mont.,
H. Fortman, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.,

Out of Business.

D. Quinland, saloon, Baker City, Or.
 Evans & Riddell, saloon, Baker City, Or.
 Sweetland & Orton, saloon, Bozeman,
 Mont.
 Stone & Quick, saloon, Sundance, Wyo.
 B. A. Griswold, saloon, Azusa, Cal.

Damage by Fire.

H. Hanson, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.,
damaged.
J. B. Sturla, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.,
damaged.
Morris Wolf & Co., saloon, etc., Crescent
City, Cal.
Robert Konlger, brewer, Ketchum, Idaho.
C. C. Johnson, hotel, Fort Bragg, Cal.,
damaged.
S. A. Dyson, hotel, Clayton, N. M.
E. Brown & Co., saloon, New Westmin-
ster, B. C.
J. Juilliard, winery, Sebastopol, Cal.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

Geo. W. Chesley & Co., wholesale liquors,
Sacramento, Cal.
Joseph Baumeister, saloon, Montesano,
Wash.
M W Dillon, saloon Hawlins, Wyo.
Bocca Bros., restaurant San Francisco,
Cal.
F. Mandelbaum & Sons, wholesale liquors,
San Francisco, Cal.
E. Baldwin, saloon, Truckee, Cal.

Deceased.

1. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
2. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
3. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
4. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
5. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
6. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
7. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
8. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
9. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.
10. *Chamaechaetochloa* Leadville, Colo.

Deeds and Transfers.

Dugan & Murther, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Dugan received deed \$10.
A. H. Lau, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., bill of sale \$500.
C. Richardson, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., received deed \$2500.
R. G. Howe, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale \$1.
W. P. Fine, saloon, Petaluma, Cal., conveyed realty \$5.
Kuhls, Schwärke & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., Wm. Schwärke conveyed realty \$10.
John F. Plumel, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
J. H. Schinde, saloon, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$2000.
C. A. Slack, saloon, etc., Tracy, Cal., received deed \$225.
H. D. Stevenson, saloon, Pueblo, Cal., bill of sale \$3000.
Henry Varrath, saloon, etc., San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
Lilienthal & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., E. R. Lilienthal, conveyed realty \$30,000.
S. W. Craligue, saloon, San Diego, Cal., conveyed realty \$800.
J. F. Conrad, saloon, San Jose, Cal., conveyed realty to wife.
S. He Meyer, saloon, Portland, Or., bill of sale \$375.
M. Temeham, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., gave bill of sale \$750.
N. Choate, saloon, San Bernardino, Cal., conveyed realty \$2000.
Livingston & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., A. P. Williams, conveyed realty \$10.
Franz Felder, saloon, Portland, Or., received deed \$300.
Geo. W. Morrow, hotel, Scio, Or., conveyed realty \$550.
W. W. Bowers, hotel, San Diego, Cal., conveyed realty \$8500.
John Acheson, saloon, etc., Berkeley, Cal., received deed \$10.
Watson & Mitchell, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Walter Watson received deed \$10.
B. Dreyfus & Co., wholesale wines, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.

Francisco, Cal., E. L. Goldstein con-
veyed really \$10.
C. C. Churchill, hotel, San Diego, Cal.,
bill of sale \$2925.
M. A. Aldridge, hotel, East Portland, Or.,
bill of sale \$500.
J. Mathieson, hotel, Portland, Or., con-
veyed really \$275.
Diederick Meyer, saloon, San Francisco
Cal., conveyed really \$2300.
A. & L. Carson, hotel, Kent, Wash., bill
of sale \$500.
J. B. Rath & Co., bottlers, Tacoma
Wash., bill of sale \$1150.
Lillenthal & Co., wholesale liquors, San
Francisco, Cal., J. Leo. Lillenthal
conveyed really \$10.
J. W. Carr, hotel, Rico, Colo., trust deed
\$15,054.
A. Pink & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash.
bill of sale \$1500.
J. Labat, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.,
conveyed really gift.
S. Nakaguchi, restaurant, Seattle, Wash.
bill of sale \$150.
Chas. Jurgens, saloon, etc., Oakland, Cal.,
received deed \$6250.

Realty Mortgages.

F. Zimmerman, wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., \$1375.
 J. Brunjes, hotel, Gladstone, Cal., \$1750.
 Thos. F. Holton, saloon, Olympia, Wash. \$2269.
 Watson & Mitchell, saloon, San Francisco Cal., \$1200.
 Zimmerman & Meyer, wholesale liquors, East Portland, Wash., H. Meyer \$1500.
 G. L. Mesnager, wholesale liquors, Los Angeles, Cal., \$3746.
 T. Hurley, hotel, Oakland, Cal., \$500.
 Ramona Winery, Ramona, Cal., \$1000.
 B. R. Everett, saloon, Tacoma, Wash. \$8574.
 M. Dolan, saloon, Livermore, Cal., \$112.
 Chas. Jurgens, saloon, Oakland, Cal. \$400.
 Charles Kreunkel, saloon, San Francisco Cal., \$500.

Chattel Mortgages.

J. Behnke, saloon, saloon, Portland, Or.
\$200.
R. A. Chisholm, hotel, Seattle, Wash.
\$460.
Johnson & Ranto, saloon, Seattle, Wash.
\$500.
J. C. Ryan, saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$600
A. Bouledge, saloon, Tacoma, Wash.
\$300.
C. W. Allen, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash.
\$500.
Lewis Jensen, saloon, Spokane Falls
Wash., \$200.
Lockwood & Bush, saloon, Denver, Colo.
\$239.

F. A. HABER.

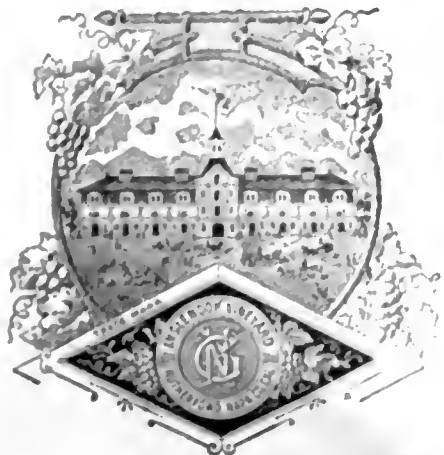
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Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest
Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines
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Correspondence Solicited from Producers as well as Dealers Throughout the Entire United States.



J. W. Figge, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1000.
P. Anderson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$450.
Harry Klein, saloon, Walsenburg, Colo., \$2370.
W. S. Kelly, hotel, San Jose, Cal., \$1500.
F. L. Crow, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., attached.
L. Ballin, saloon, Portland, Or., \$275.
J. Janner, saloon, Denver, Colo.
J. Riley, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$203.
Moore & Boone, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$875.
S. Barrett, saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$1500.
C. H. McBue, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$400.
A. P. Hanson, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$275.
J. G. Bennett, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., \$10,585.
S. M. Johns, restaurant, Albina, Or., \$500.
C. H. McGrew, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$400.
Brennen & Gillespie, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,454.
T. J. Kelly, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,000.
J. J. Weeks, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$400.
E. O. Magon, saloon, Albina, Or., \$500.
John Feurer, saloon, Portland Or., \$300.
Wilson Meade, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$—
Gus La Fontaine, saloon, Pendleton, Or., \$500.
J. J. Madigan, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$600.
J. M. Welch, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$500.
F. Hesford, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$2,667.
M. J. Miller, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$410.
Z. Heath, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., \$146.
C. Jones, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$200.
E. L. Mounifort, saloon, Rico, Colo., \$200.
G. Leon, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$5,075.
Wilson & Anderson, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$600.
Wahl & Loth, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$464.
M. C. Murphy, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$900.
J. Nessel, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$3,000.
E. P. Gillett, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,160.

Mortgages Discharged.

Henry Haltmeyer, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$4000.
Henry Bishop, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$600 and \$400.
Henry Fried, saloon, Healdsburg, Cal., \$1000.
Hartman Bros., saloon, San Jose, Cal., \$1200.
H. Habermehl, saloon, etc., Selma, Cal., \$2000.
S. S. Cohen, saloon, Oakland, Cal., \$1250.
W. P. Fine, saloon, Petaluma, Cal., \$3500.
Alex. McGuire, saloon, Spokane Falls, \$—
W. W. Bowers, hotel, San Diego, Cal., \$3,000 and \$6,300.
Anderson & Sachau, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$500.
H. Habermehl, hotel, Selma, Cal., \$1,200.
Mathe & Givanovich, liquors, San Francisco, Cal., L. Mathe \$—
B. F. Rickert, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$—
M. Mitrovich, restaurant, Petaluma, Cal., \$900.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

John Cort, saloon, etc., Portland, Or., sued \$1990.
Douan Brewing Co., brewers, Tacoma, Wash., judgment against, \$12,187.
T. O. Abbott, saloon, etc., Tacoma, Wash., lien against him \$5,000.
J. D. Morgan, hotel, Puyallup, Wash., confessed judgment \$298.
R. A. Chisholm, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., sued \$500.
J. J. Butledge, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$400.
Geo. Gardiner, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., sued \$479.
P. Harder, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., lien vs. him \$210.
U. S. Brewing Co., brewers, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$540.
L. Dumont, hotel, Los Angeles, Cal., lien

vs. him \$3,000.

E. Casey, hotel, Valona, Cal., judgment against him \$1136
R. S. Perkins, hotel, Portland, Or., lien vs. him \$375.
C. M. Wilson, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$300.
Jos. Borde, saloon, Portland, Or., sued \$257.
John Cort, saloon, etc., Portland, Or., judgment vs. him \$21,704.
Miller Bros., saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., sued \$267.
Allen & McCauley, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., chattel mortgage \$366 foreclosed.
W. Van Oorschot & Co., saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Van Oorschot sues for dissolution.
H. J. Wetmore, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$396.

Miscellaneous.

John Klement, saloon, Deception, Wash., moved to Anacortes.
Gandolfo & McIntyre, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., in hands of receiver.
Schneider & Henry, saloon, Fresno, Cal., transferred assets.
Geo. Betz, wine maker, Hamona, Cal., wife filed homestead.
J. F. Nash, saloon, Colton, Cal., wife declared sale trader.
Wm. McManus, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood, and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

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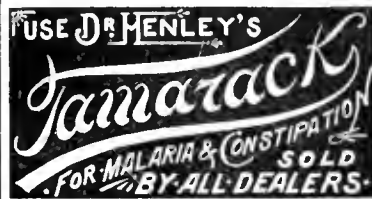


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GRAPE BRANDIES IN BOND; also for CALIFORNIA WINES, CHAMPAGNES, DRIED FRUITS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. We receive, store, pay tax, deliver or re-ship to any part of the country at reasonable rates. Direct all correspondence to

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Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

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Aggregate Assets, \$16,000,000

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THE PREMIER KENTUCKY WHISKY.

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LARGEST DISTILLERS
OF PURE BRANDY
IN THE WORLD.

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Trade



Mark.

COGNAC

DISTILLERIES:
GEYSERVILLE AND
ST. HELENA, CAL.

WALDEN.

This Brandy, made after the French formula, from selected fresh grapes, has been successfully introduced, and is now regularly sold in the principal markets of Europe, in competition with French Cognac. Official German and English chemists have pronounced it the purest Brandy which comes to their markets.

It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French, the American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

WALDEN & CO.,

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NATOMA VINEYARD CO.

TABLE GRAPES, TOKAYS, MUSCATS, ETC.

Red and White Wines and Brandies.

Vineyards, Winery and Distillery,

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Special Attention Paid to the Unbonding and Shipping of Whiskies,
and the Placing of Insurance.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

[The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscatel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	3.50
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885	5.00
Szatmarl " " " " " "	3.50
Szegszardl FeberHum Type " "	4.00
" " " " " " " "	5.00
Port, 1884.....	6.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" " " " " " " "	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mount n, 84	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y 85	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" " " " " " " "	10.00

BECK, PYHR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86...	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87...	4.50
Uptertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Saute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red " " " " " " " "	10.00
**Green " " " " " " " "	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansone St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' n Vert '85	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type " " "	6.00
Burger, Chablis type " " "	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type " " "	6.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.

Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
JAS. L. DAVIS & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" " " " " " " "	4.50	5.50
" " " " " " " "	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" " " " " " " "	4.50	5.50
" " " " " " " "	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beelan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurens.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
" " " " " " " "	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" " " " " " " "	6.00	7.00
" " " " " " " "	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
" " " " " " " "	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry " " " " " "	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
" " " " " " " "	12.00	13.00

KUILS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chauce, Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscatel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansone street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, " " " " " "	3.00
Riesling, " " " " " "	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, " " " " " "	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82	4.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co)	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885..	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" " " " " " " "	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
J. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" " " " " " " "	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (L'd)
\$39 to \$49 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums		
per case.....	31.00	
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per		
case.....	21.00	22.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special" \$32.50	\$34.50
" " " " " " " "	32.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.	

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

	QUARTS.	PINTS
Pommery Sec.....	\$32.50	\$34.50

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Carte Blanche, 31.00	33.00
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JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry

Vergenay.....\$28.00 \$30.00

" Desbordes & Fils, Pri-

ate Cuvee.....29.00 31.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" " du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" " le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Becheville, 1881.....	15.00
Ducru Beaucillon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cantenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" " Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" " Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" " Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" " Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" " Margeux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuville & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" " Becheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" " Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" " Margeux, 1881.....	32.00
" " Mouton Rothschild '80	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pomard, 1884.....	12.50
" " " " " " " "	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" " " " " " " "	25.00
Romanee, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

WHITE WINES.

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



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San Francisco.

Branch:
417 419 MONTGOMERY ST.,
San Francisco.

Wholesale Dealer
Sacramento, Cal.

Eastern Branch
42 MURRAY STREET,
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ANTOINE BOCCQUERAZ. JAMES SHEA.

Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of
Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Deuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delic. Champagne of the Age.

Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]

429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.



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Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty

504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED 1857

F. O. BOYD & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,
Sole Eastern Agent for HARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.

Advances Made on Consignments.

References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
MR. ROBERT HARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HADASZTHY, San Francisco, Cal.
MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHULFELDT, Chicago, Ill.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, ANGELICA, CLARET, SAUTERNE, SHERRY, MUSCAT,
ZINFANDEL, HOCK, PORT, TOKAY, RIESLING, GUTEDL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.

Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.

New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

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No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault, President San Gabriel Wine Co.
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK. SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

TO-KALON
(Registered Trade Mark.)

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
OAKVILLE, NAPA CO., CAL.

M. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR.

"TO-KALON" has received more Medals, Diplomas and Premiums than any other brand of Wines and Brandies in America.

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JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., Sole Agents,
308 CALIFORNIA STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

California Wine Grower's Union
PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
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LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.



WHITE LABEL, "CARTE BLANCHE," BROWN LABEL, "GRAND VIN SEC,"
A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine

See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00
C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits	
Burgundies, white and	
red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port wines	
per case.....	15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port Wines,	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 5.50
Laeave & Co., Sherries Crown	
Brand in 1/2.....	1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....	2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	5.00 to 6.00
Boord & Son, London Dock	
Sherry, per case.....	12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz	
Rhine Wines per case.....	8.50 to 28.00
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt	
o M Rhine Wines per	
case.....	11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,

210 Front street, San Francisco.

Per Gallon.

Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,

410 Front street, San Francisco.

Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN.

322 Sansome street, San Francisco.

O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Ilvahn.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.

323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.

Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1...	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old..	4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club ".....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.75

LIQUORS—In cases.

Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	Per Case \$10.00
" " " A1, ".....	7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts	8.00
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt	9.00
Union Club Bourbon, 24 pts	7.50
" " " 48 1/2 pts	8.50
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s..	8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	7.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co,

404 Front street, San Francisco.

Per Gallon.

Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " pf	4.00
B " " ".....	3.50
C " " ".....	3.00
No. 1 " " ".....	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2	
dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.

504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Native Pride, Old Bourbon,	
(per bbl) per gallon	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.

123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " " " per case.....	7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco

W. H. McBrayer, 1885..... \$2.75

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

John Gibson's Son & Co.,
Philadelphia, Bourbon
and Rye whiskies..... \$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD.

422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon \$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Boord & Son, London Finest	
Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt	
Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Connagh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Brandies.

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " " ".....	19.00
" " " " ".....	22.00
" " " VSO ".....	28.00
" " " WSOP ".....	50.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,	
Boutelleau & Co. man-	
agers Cognac in Octaves	
per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co.	
Boutelleau & Co. man-	
agers Reserve Vintages, 10.50 to 14.00	
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch	
Whisky, in 1/2 casks....	4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand	
Jamaica Rums in 1/2	
casks.....	5.25 6.50

W. B. CHAPMAN.

123 California street, San Francisco.

(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)

Fine Champagne, 1870.....	Quarts. \$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re-	
serve, 1858.....	40.00

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,

308 California Street, San Francisco.

W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac. 26.00 28.00

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco-

J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " med. "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	13.50
" " " " per cs. 4 doz	6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique	
per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case	6.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Market street, San Francisco.

(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)

Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old ".....	12.00 to 14.00
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in	
cases of 15 large black	
bottles per case.....	23.50
in cases of 15 large	
white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholt Freres	
Bavarian Highland, per	
case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.	
Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

THE HIGHEST AWARD



PARIS EXPOSITION. 1889.

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OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
VINEYARD,
1885.LIVERMORE VALLEY,
CALIFORNIA.A.G. CHAUCHE
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BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

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THOS. KINGSTON.

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CALIFORNIA

400 1/2 S. Francisco St., - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,
18 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.

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Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

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MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDL,
SHERRY, RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

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Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

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GROWERS AND DEALERS
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Wholesale and Retail.
Selected Stock of Choice Old Wines a Specialty.

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PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

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Lachman & Jacobi,

— DEALERS IN —

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BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

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EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

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Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.

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Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky



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HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

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NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

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California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at

ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

KENTUCKY BOURBONS AND RYES.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

E. G. B.—Export Gauge Bremen; N. Y.—New York; N. Y. C. H.—New York Custom House; L. P. W. H.—Louisville Public Warehouse; Lou.—Louisville; Cin.—Cincinnati; Dist'y—Distillery; C. C. H.—Cincinnati Custom House; St. L. C. H.—St. Louis Custom House.


These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

IN BOND.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....				62½	55	52½		225					Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			60	55	42½	40	37½	210				240		
Ashland.....				50	40	37½				210				
Astor.....														
Atherton.....				52½		37½		207½		225			Fall 81 275	Cin CH
Ballard & Lancaster.....						37½								
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....		75		52½		40							Spr 81 285	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....				65	50	47½								
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....				55						225		257½		
Belle of Louisville.....				50										
Belle of Marion.....		85		70		40		210		225			Spr 81 300	
Belle of Nelson.....			80	75		55		230		275				
Belmont.....										240				
Berkele, Wm.....			60	55	45	42½								
Berry, E. C.....				47½		40								
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....				55		40				205			Spr 81 275	
Blakemore.....				67½		55								
Blue Grass.....				52½	42½	40		200		220		250	Spr 81 270	
Bond & Lillard.....		97½	90	85	67½	65	60	240		250		275		
Bond, M. S.....				45	33½	30								
Boone's Knoll.....				75	62½	55		230		250				
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 300	New Ex
Bowen, J. A.....				50		37½								
Brownfield, W. W.....				65		55								
Buchanan.....				62½		52½		225					Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Callaghan.....														
Carlisle.....						55				225				
Cedar Run.....		80		65		50								
Chickencock.....		65		52½	42½	40							Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....		60	50	45	40	37½							Spr 81 285	
Cliff Falls.....				45										
Clifton.....														
Commonwealth.....		62½		55		40								
Cook, C. B.....				54	35	30							Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....				65		50								
Craig, F. G.....				47½		35								
Cornflower.....						37½								
Cream of Anderson.....		75		65		47½								
Criterion.....		65		50	37½	35								
Crystal Spring.....		75		47½		37½								
Cumberland.....				60		45							Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....				55		37½								
Dant, J. W.....		90	85	65	55	45		205	215	240				
Darling.....		65			42½	40								
Daviess County Club.....				57½		40								
Dedman, C. M.....		72½								225				
Double Spring.....						37								
Dundee.....				52½		40								
Durham.....		70		60		47½								
Early Times.....	82½	80		67½		52½								
Edge Cliff.....		85		75		60								
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....				55		42½		210		230				
Elk Run.....				40		30								
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....				45		35								
Fall City.....				35										
Fern Cliff.....						32½								
Fible & Crabb.....		75						200						
Field, J. W. M.....						40								
Franklin.....						40								
Frazier, W. J.....				75	62½	60		207½						
Freeland.....				55	45	42½								
Garland.....				50	35	35								
Gladstone.....				52½	40	37½	32½							
Glenarme.....				55	37½	37½								

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WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
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PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
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WILMERDING & CO., AGENTS.
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BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....					47½	42½								
Glen Springs.....						40							Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....				60		42½				250			Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....		80		60		45								
Hackly, S. O.....			65	60	47½	45		200		225				
Hanning, Jno.....			55	52½	40	37½							Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....				47½	45	42½		210						
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....				52½		37½		200						
Head, F. M.....						37½								
Head, W. H.....				50										
Hermitage.....			95	87½		70						275	Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....		71½	60	55		40								
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....	57½	52½			42½	37½	32½							
Hume.....				50	40	40				220			Spr 81 280	
Indian Hill.....							25							
Jessamine.....					36	35								
Jokey Club.....						42½								
Kellar, A.....			57½	52½	42½	40				225			Spr 84 250	
Kentucky Club.....				75	55	52½		220		240			June 81 350	
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....				52½	40	37½	32½							
Kentucky Cyclone.....						37½								
Kentucky Dew.....				50										
Kentucky Tip.....				55	42½	40			210		250			
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....						40								
Limestone.....		72½		52½		40		210		235				
McBrayer, J. A.....														
McBrayer, J. H.....				55		42½								
McBrayer, W. H.....				92½	70	67½		250	265			275	Fall 84 280	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....				51½		37½								
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....				52½	40	37½							Spr 84 235	
Mattingly & Moore.....			70	65	55	50				225				
Mayfield.....			65	60	47½	45							Spr 81 300	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	72½	70	57½	55	42½	40							Fall 81 265	
Mercantile Club.....		80	75	60	45	40	35							
Miles, E. L.....				52½		35								
Monarch, M. V.....				60		52½								
Monarch, R.....				72½	52½	52½		230					Spr 81 280	NYCH
Monarch, T. J.....				57½	45	45		110	E G	230		240	Fall 81 275	
Moore, D. L.....						40							Spr 81 275	Lou
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....				62½	45	42½				110	E G		Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....		80		65		50								
Nelson.....			57½	52½	40	37½		200		215		225		
New Castle.....		60												
New Hope.....				65	55	52½							Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			55	52½										
Oakwood.....		82½		70		52½		210						
O. F. C.....				75				240				285	Fall 80 400	
Old Charter.....				52½		35								
Old Crow.....			100	95		72½						300	Spr 81 400	
Old Lexington Club.....						37½				115	E G			
Old Log Cabin.....		75												
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....				82½		60		260		285			Spr 84 290	
Old Osear Pepper.....		100		75		62½		265				300	Fall 83 325	
Old Tarr.....													Spr 81 290	
Old Time (Pogues).....				50	52½	50	40							
Old Times.....					40	35	32½							
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....						30								
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....				50	45									
Peacock.....				55		42½								
Pepper, R. P.....			55	52½		45			225				Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....						60	50							
Purdy & Co.....						35								
Rich Grain.....				50		37½								
Richwood.....			60	55	42½	40	35							
Ripy, T. B.....			65	57½	47½	45		215		230		245	Spr 81 275	LCH
Rohrer, D.....		57½		45		35								
Rolling Fork.....				52½		37½								

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FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



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HARMONY SHERRIES.

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BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			65	62½		45				240	Cin.	C II	Spr 81 300	
Samuels, W. B. & Co.				55		42½							Fall 83 265	
Searcy, J. S.				57½		47½								
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)		90				47½								
Sharpe.				55										
Shawhan.						40								
Small Grain.						37½								
Smith & Smith						40								
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum)			50		37½									
Southall.									225					
Sovereign.				55										
Split Rock.					37	35								
Spring Hill.				62½		47½							Spr 81 325	
Spring Water.				65		50								
Stone, W. S. (Old)				62½	47½	45		210		225				
Sweetwood.				45	37½									
Tippecanoe.						37½								
Taylor (Old)		95	97½	72½										
Tea Kettle.			60	55	42½	40	35							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)		75	60	57½	42½	40								
Van Arsdell						40							Spr 81 300	Lou
Van Hook.				50		37½		200						
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)				57½		40								
Walker, J. M.				55										
Warwick.				55	45	42½		200		230				
Waterfill & Frazier		90	80	75	60	57½	235							
Wathen Bros		65		50		37½								
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)				62½		55								
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)				67½		60								
White Mills.		57½	55	47½	37½	35								
Willow Run.						32½								
Woodland.				57½	47½	45		200				240		
Zeno				70	57½	52½								

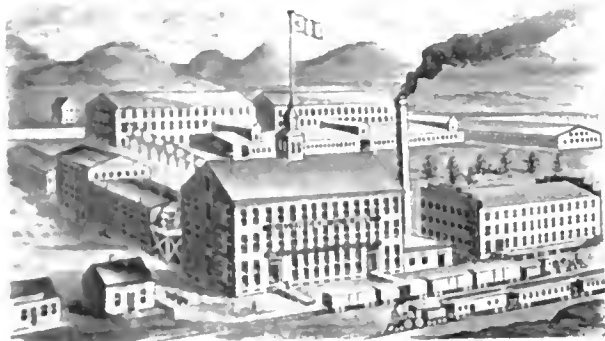
KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland				62½		42½								
Atherton.				67½		50								
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.			57½											
Belle of Nelson.				75		60					257½			
Blue Grass.			82½	77½	60	57½		215						
Clarke's.														
Criterion				52½										
Crystal Spring.														
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater													Spr 80 350	
Excelsior.														
Franklin				75		55								
Greylock.														
Greystone														
Hermitage			100	95	82½	77½						300	Spr 83 375	
Highland				70	65	55								
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)				55	50									
Lynchburg.				52½		40								
Marion Co. Distilling Co.				70										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.				52½		45								
Melwood.		80	65											
Miles, E. L.				70	47½									
Millcreek				62½	55									
Monarch, M V.					65	60				250				
Nelson.					60									
Normandy.				75	60									
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)				80		67½		260		300			Spr 84 300	
Paris Club						52½								
Peacock.						47½								
Pepper, R. P.				65		55				235				
Rolling Fork.					50				215					
Short Horn (Dougherty's)						50								
Sovereign.					55	50				240				
Sunny Side.				67½	52½	50								
Susquehanna.				65	55	52½	45							
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	60	55	50	45	40	35								
Wathen Bros.			70		55									
White Mills.				52½	42½	40								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
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ANDERSON & NELSON DIST. CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. L. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON DIST. CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenarue. Jessamine. Arlington.	ED. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	BELLE of NELSON DIST. CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.
EASTERN RYES.			
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MELLWOOD DISTY CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee. G. W. S.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
		SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c. & 1.25.	Susquehanna.

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S. Dillinger & Sons

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WM. H. SHIELDS,
WHISKY BROKER

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EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....		125		87½	80	75	67½	275						
Bridgeport.....	100	95	87½	77½	60	55	50	240	255					
Brookdale.....		85		70		55								
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....		90	80	70	60	52½								
Dougherty.....	115	110		85	75	62½	55	265	285					
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	120	105	92½	82½	62½	62½	57½							
Frontier.....				57½										
Gibson.....	130	122½	100	82½	65	60				360				
Guckenheimer.....	98½	95	82½	75	65	60	52½	245		295	310		Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			97½	85	72½	67½	57½	275	300	320	340			
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	67½	62½	55	47½	40	215						
Lippencott.....						45								
Meadville.....				70	62½	60								
Melvale.....	115	105	90	75	62½	60								
Monticello.....	110	102½	92½	82½	67½	57½	52½			265				
Montrose.....		75	67½	57½		40	35							
Moore, Tom.....					60	55	45							
Mt. Vernon.....	130	125	107½	87½	75	70	62½				350			
Orient.....	105	102½	85	70	55	47½	45							
Overholt.....		115	87½	75	65	60		265	285	310			Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....		100	85	80	65	62½	55	272½	272½					
Somerset.....	75	65	57½	50	45	42½	35							
Stewart.....				75	60	55								
Tompson, Sam.....					60	50	42½							
Vandegrift.....					60	50	45							



ABRAHAM OVERHOLT,

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Established 1810.

A. Overholt & Co.

Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

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Established 1844.

Sam Thompson

PURE RYE WHISKY.

UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY.

Thompson Distilling Co.

Office: 134 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER,
West Brownsville, Pa.

STILL MAKING BOXES AT THE OLD STAND.

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Hobbs, Wall and Co.,

The only

BOXES.

All kinds of Boxes on hand and made to order with promptness. Wine and Liquor Cases a Specialty.

Redwood Cargoes Sawed To Order.

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MISSION SAN JOSE, CAL.

Grape Cuttings

Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, Semillon, Verdot, Merlot, Beclan, Petit Syrah, Franken Riesling, Johannisberg Riesling, Mondeuse, Muscadell du Bordelaise.

OR ANY OTHER VARIETY WANTED.

First-class Cuttings of any of the above for Rootings or Grafts will be supplied at \$6.00 per thousand on board cars.

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WATSONVILLE M. & L. Co.

Have Constantly on Hand a Full Supply of the Following Sizes of

GRAPE STAKES,2x2--4 Feet Long, 2x2--5 Feet Long,
2x2--6 Feet Long.

Which will be sold at reasonable rates.

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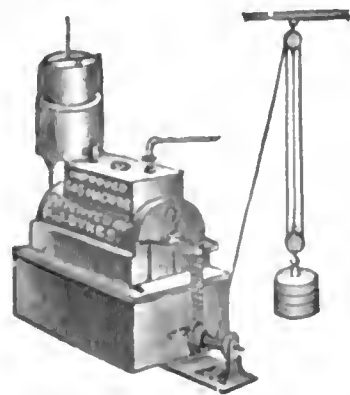
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SILVER VISTA VINEYARD—Wines and brandies. Sierra Vista Vineyard Co., Mantua, Fresno Co., Cal.

DE TURK VINEYARDS—Established 1862. Wines and brandies. L. De Turk, Santa Rosa, Cal.

INGLENOOK VINEYARD—Established 1880. Wines and brandies. Gustave Niemann, Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.

SUNSET VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Mantua, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

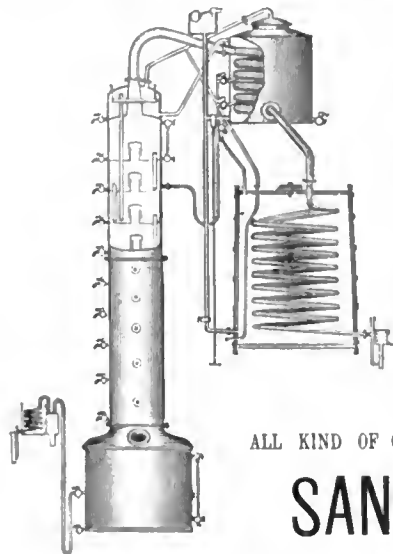
MONT ROUGE VINEYARD—Established 1885. Dry wines. A. G. Chauche, Livermore, Cal. Office 615-617 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

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This cut represents our latest Improved Continuous Still which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical, easily operated and separates the aldehyde and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and reduces the cost fully ninety per cent in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

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Manufacturer of all Descriptions of COPPER WORK, and especially of

Brandy Apparatus, and

Newest Improved Continuous Still. Leads all others.

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Refers to the Pacific Wine Co., San Jose; Ellen Vineyards, Fresno, Cal.; Eggers Vineyard, Fresno, Cal.; Fresno Vineyards, Fresno, Cal.; Hill & Marshall, Laguna, Sonoma county, Cal.; Co-Operative Distilling Co., St. Helena, Cal., and Walden & Sons, Geyserville, Sonoma county, Cal. Champagne and Soda Machines manufactured. Prices as low as any.

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EL PINAL VINEYARD,

Established 1852.

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

WINE VAULTS, EL PINAL, STOCKTON, CAL.

SONOMA WINE AND BRANDY CO., - No. 1 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

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—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

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Celebrated Belle of Bourbon.

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300 TIMES SWEETER THAN SUGAR.

An unsurpassed ingredient for wines; an excellent corrigent of any unpleasant taste; entirely innocuous.

Saccharine has very valuable anti-fermentative and antiseptic properties. An addition to an alcoholic solution of 0.005 per cent Saccharine stops the fermentation entirely, also the formation of mould and vinegar acid. Testimonials by authorities and any further information will be cheerfully furnished by applying to

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BELMONT and ASTOR are distilled from finest of grain and purest of water upon the Hand Made Sour Mash Process. Each and every barrel guaranteed to be strictly pure and free from any must.



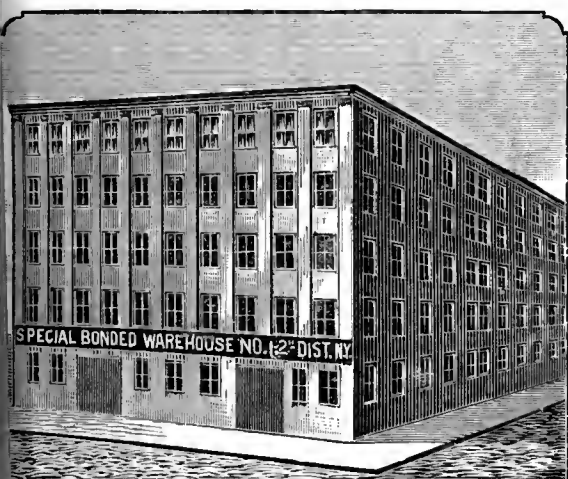
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The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

MOORE & SELLIGER.



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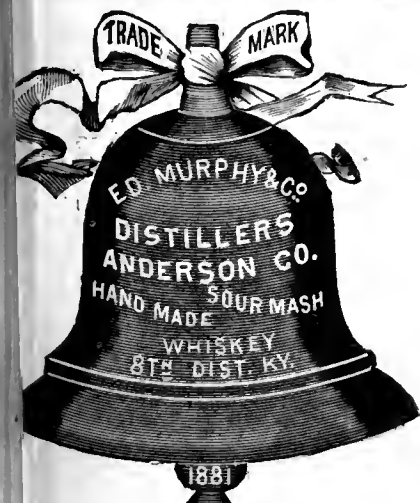
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"The Belle of Anderson County"

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Pure Fire Copper Whisky, made from the best of Grain and Cold Lime Stone Spring Water in the Old-Fashioned Way by Mashing in Small Tubs, and yeasting back pure sour mash. Whisky unbonded by us and shipped F. O. B. on boats free of charge

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JAS. E. PEPPER & CO.

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Model Mammoth Wine Cellars

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PARIS EXPOSITION, 1889

ADOLPH BECK.



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Special facilities for the Storage of Grape and Fruit Brandy. Lowest Rates of Storage and Insurance. Also Proprietors of the Greenwich Dock United States Bonded Warehouse, and the Battery Street Free Warehouses for General Storage.



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The Most Powerful and Economical Motor in the World

Always Ready. No Boiler. No Fire. No Smoke. No Ashes. No Engineer.
No License. No Danger.

Uses City Gas and Natural Gas, or will make its own Vapor, which is ignited automatically by a small dry electric battery.

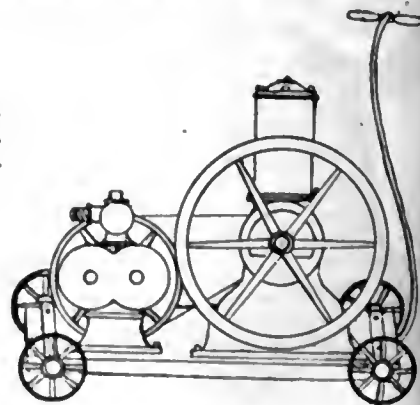
OUR WINE PLANT

Mounted on a small hand truck, with a powerful rotary bronze pump, will force from 500 to 3000 gallons per hour, and use less than one gallon of gasoline in ten hours run; gasoline costs seventeen cents per gallon.

We also build Stationary Vapor Engines from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20 horse power. Send for close estimate.

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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



SAN FRANCISCO
PUBLIC LIBRARY

VOL. XXVI, NO. 4. SAN FRANCISCO, MARCH 15, 1891. \$3.00 PER YEAR.

Issued Semi-Monthly.

R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.

WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the Importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

Subscription per year—in advance, postage paid:

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Single copies.....	20

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AGENCIES:

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R. RAPIHAEL, 190 Wylie Ave, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sole Agent for Pennsylvania and North-western New York.

CINCINNATI AND KENTUCKY AGENT,

WM. H. SHIELDS, No. 6 West Third Street, Cincinnati, O.

THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—The market is exceedingly quiet, and what trading is being done, is not at satisfactory figures. The feature of the fortnight has been the sale of about 400,000 gallons from the Bourn cellar at St. Helena, to a local house. The demand for sweet wines, while poor, is better than for dry wines.

Exports by sea during the past fortnight aggregated 210 cases and 69,618 gallons, valued at \$31,194. The rail shipments for February will be found elsewhere.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—are strong and the demand good. The last of the '90 goods are fast passing out of first hands, and it will not be long before only a few scattered lots will remain so. The demand is reported as good. '90 are quotable at forty-seven and a half and fifty cents, and '89 at fifty-five cents.

Exports by sea during the past fortnight to domestic ports, were 1060 gallons valued at \$1489 and to foreign ports 61 cases and 11,710 gallons valued at \$5158. The shipments overland by rail will be found in the usual monthly table.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—Handlers report the market as very good and with the promise of a fine year before the state, the trade is looking for correspondingly heavy orders. Merchants are watching the Eastern situation very closely and the progress of the movement to limit production inaugurated by the leading distillers, is being carefully noted.

RYES—Are not as strong as two weeks ago. The market never large, is well supplied with goods.

Exports of whisky by sea during the past fortnight were 313 cases and 424 gallons, valued at \$3,536. The receipts by rail and sea will be found in the usual tables.

THE TRUST'S STATEMENT.

The Distilling & Cattle Feeding Co., has furnished us the following statement concerning the charges against Ex-Secretary Gibson in relation to the Shufeldt Distillery:

We are holding our regular monthly meeting in Chicago instead of Peoria, for the purpose of ascertaining, as far as possible, the truth in respect to the charges against the Secretary of the company.

Such widespread publicity has been given to these charges and so many false rumors are being spread, through the press, that we deem it our duty to make a brief statement.

Since our election, as directors, we have devoted our time and best endeavors, by honorable methods, to the establishment of the business of this company upon a paying basis.

We have made such progress, in this direction, that for many months the company has been earning and paying monthly dividends of a half of one per cent., equal to six per cent. per annum on its stock and has, in addition, put aside a surplus each month.

Our business is showing continually a large increase in output for every month over the output for the corresponding month in preceding years. Outside competition has never been felt as little as during the last six months.

In the midst of such unexampled prosperity, that any one interested in the company should imperil the immense interests of its stockholders in such a scheme, as is charged, we think no sane man will believe.

In regard to Mr. Gibson we have to say that he is a gentleman of character and high standing, that he has been a faithful and efficient Secretary to this company, and that we do not credit in the least that he is guilty of the crime charged against him.

The interests of this company will, in our judgement, be in no wise affected by this charge. Mr. Gibson's resignation has been tendered and accepted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the readers of the REVIEW is called to the advertisements of the following named firms.

Pacific Copper Works (enlarged).

E. Korbell & Bros., Wine Tanks.

F. A. Haber, Inglenook Wines, (changed).

Connecticut Insurance Co., (changed).

Baker & Hamilton, Vineyard Implements, (changed).

INCREASE OF EXPORTS.

During the months of January and February, there was a most gratifying increase in the exports of California wines and brandies by sea, while the rail exports more than held their own with the exports for the corresponding months of last year. The extent of the rail business has already been given in the new tables which are especially prepared for this journal.

The most noticeable increase in the trade by sea has been in case goods, particularly to Central America. Judging from the start already made, it would not be surprising if the case goods' exports to the little republics in Central America would reach some cases for 1890, a quantity hitherto deemed all but impossible to attain.

The exports by sea in January to New York, were forty-two cases and 381,913 gallons valued at \$181,789, while in February, there were twenty-eight cases and 390,799 gallons valued at \$179,861. This includes the shipments by Panama steamers and by clipper. It is a noteworthy fact that already two clippers have sailed this year, one with 277,994 gallons and the other with 224,082 gallons. A third will get away before the end of the month with almost as much and with more brandy than has ever yet gone around the Horn on one ship. The clipper business is therefore in a very satisfactory condition and bids fair to continue so.

The Central American trade already alluded to above, while controlled to some extent by the general traders, is being singled out by two or more strictly wine houses and with satisfactory results. January reports were 368 cases and 7,899 gallons valued at \$9,997, and February exports reached 915 cases and three barrels bottled wine, and 7121 gallons valued at \$8937. This is a truly remarkable showing and one which we hope to see improved upon still more when the California wine houses take more interest in the trade and build it up upon the foundation already laid by the commission houses. We see no reason why this avenue of sale should not be largely augmented.

While the volume of the Mexican case goods business is not so large as we would like to see, trade has been fairly satisfactory. Shipments for January aggregated seventy four cases and 4584 gallons valued at \$3091. The February business was eighty cases and 4614 gallons valued at \$2633. The Mexican trade should be built up faster, and should be built up faster and would be even trade relations between this country and Mexico as satisfactory as between this country and Central America.

Little Hawaii is becoming an enormous consumer of our wines, the January shipments alone reaching fifty-nine cases and 20,758 gallons valued at \$14,800. This is equal to one-tenth of the total case goods exports and one-sixth of the bulk exports there for 1890. The February shipments were nineteen cases and 7408 gallons valued at \$5492. Hawaii is one of the best foreign markets at present open to California wines and the state of trade is very flattering.

British Columbia is looming up as a purchaser of our wines. The January business by sea reached one hundred and one cases and 2941 gallons, valued at \$2480, and the February business amounted to twenty-four cases and 1631 gallons, valued at \$878. The prospects for the present year are very good.

The demand from across the Pacific from China and Japan, is steady and increasing. Japan is by all means the better buyer of the two, the exports to China being less than one quarter of the whole. Trade to Japan is growing at a great rate and several new shippers have appeared in the field lately. The exports in January were one hundred and thirteen cases and 768 gallons, valued at \$704. February business was much better, the total being 48 cases and 9071 gallons, valued at \$2636.

The European trade is picking up slowly, but shipments to the countries over the sea are finding favor in the eyes of buyers which argues well for the future. In January we shipped eight cases and 1674 gallons to various points via Cape Horn, and in February, thirty-two cases and 4058 gallons, valued at \$1804.

The European business has been heavier in quantity and more satisfactory than the wine trade; but exporters and merchants in connection abroad, are in a hopeful state of mind.

The local trade is small and fluctuating. Shipments for the first two months of this year, were only 545 gallons, valued at \$270. The trade is wholly in the hands of a few commission houses.

The brandy exports both to domestic and foreign ports are looming up finely. To foreign countries we sent one hundred and twenty four cases and 2489 gallons, valued at \$1988 in January, and the February exports aggregated forty-three cases and 19,704 gallons, valued at \$13,944. The February exports were the largest for any months for some time, and the bulk was to England—in fact all of the goods not cased, went to that country.

To domestic ports (practically all to New York by Panama steamers or clippers,) the exports reached 39,976 gallons, valued at \$75,185 in January, and 56,368 gallons valued at \$105,302 in February. This is a truly magnificent showing, and yet it is believed by the best informed to be merely a starting to what the trade will ultimately grow.

THE CHAMPAGNE GOUGERS.

The hotel and restaurant men who have seized upon the "McKinley Bill dodge" as an excuse for charging \$4.50 and \$5.00 per bottle for imported champagne do not like the statements made in the last issue of the Review in regard to their impositions.

Joseph Hord, of Hord & Kinzler, the proprietors of the California Hotel, has sprung to the defense of the band of robbers, adept hotel keepers, with whom he is associated. He says that the fizzing fluid costs them \$2.70 to \$2.75 per bottle and thinks that is an excuse for charging \$4.50 and \$5.00. Then he claims that at least two bottles in every case are worthless which practically raises the price of each bottle to \$3.30 or thereabouts. Then, with peculiar irritation, he says that as each host has to carry a big stock no one can sell for less than \$5.00 and make anything.

This is all rubbish as any one connected with the trade knows. The fact of the matter is that Mr. Hord and his fellows thought they saw a chance to squeeze the public and they seized it quickly. There isn't a house in New York, Delmonico's included, which charges over \$4.00, and \$3.00 is the figure at the Gilsey House.

We think that the best thing the champagne men can do is to go in and stop this infamous steal practiced by the local men. Five dollars for champagne is too much and the public will not stand it. The agents, such as W. B. Chapman, Wm. Wolff & Co., Macondray & Co., A. Vignier, James De Fremery & Co., Hellman Bros. & Co., Harry Veuve, Jones, Mundy & Co., and some others are in a position to settle things and down the retailers ring inside of a day. Four dollars is sufficient, at most, for imported champagne, and the agents can compel this rate and increase their sales by doing so.

A DESERVED APPOINTMENT.

A deserved compliment was paid Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue John E. Youngberg by his appointment as Collector *ad interim* until the President selected the successor of the late William H. Sears. Few if any men in the Government service are so well acquainted with their duties as Mr. Youngberg and none excel him in zealously, a desire to fulfil all his duties, and in the possession of all those qualities which go to make a gentleman. We do not know of any man who has shown more capability for his duties. He has the good will and the confidence of the trade and all with whom he comes in contact.

SUPPRESS MR. HILGARD.

The sweet wine situation has been needlessly complicated during the past fortnight by a series of tests made at the local Internal Revenue office to decide on the best methods of determining alcohol in sweet wines. The question which is not by any means a new one, was raised by Professor Hilgard of the State University and the sole result of the inquiry has been to foster the breach already extending between him and the department.

The latest trouble arose after the last issue of the REVIEW went to press. At that time Commissioner Mason had assured us in a letter evidently intended for publication, that as far as he could do so he would aid the sweet wine producers of the state; he had promised a thorough investigation of the matter, and he has and still does treat with the utmost courtesy and attention any one who calls in person on him.

Early in the month Hilgard went to the local Internal Revenue office and wanted to test the accuracy of the spindles in use there. He was politely informed that to do so he would have to get permission from the Washington office. This was of course promptly given as a matter of courtesy and Hilgard set to work. He made his tests and officers of the Internal Revenue Department made theirs, and no material variance was found. With this avenue to pick a flaw in the office closed, Hilgard raised the old, old question of the difference between the ordinary tests and the results obtained by the use of the Salleron still. In a few days he had the local office all torn up with his useless tests to prove what was already known. The tests were made in due time and the result was what the daily papers call "an extremely lengthy and abstrusely technical" document, aimed at the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the meat of which is that the Salleron stills are usually more accurate than the saccharometer method. The experiments showed higher percentages of from one, to three and six-tenths by the Salleron. All of which is, of course, very new to Hilgard but is hardly new to others in the business.

We are at a loss to understand this latest movement on the part of the Sage of Berkeley, unless it was laid on the same lines as all of his work has been. We do not see what he had to gain by making these tests except the pleasure of seeing flaring headlines in the daily papers reading "Professor Hilgard favors the use of the Salleron." If notoriety was his aim, he has certainly gained it and in a manner not at all to the benefit of the wine men. The saccharometer method which has long been in use has given results satisfactory to the wine men and to the Department; and if the Salleron method is substituted the sweet wine men will merely have Hilgard to thank for the privilege of having less alcohol in their wines or paying for one to three per cent more in case they are assessed.

It was not to be expected of course that Professor Hilgard would let slip the opportunity to get into the papers and accordingly, on the 9th inst. the *Chronicle* and *Examiner* had a full statement of the contents of the letter which he sent to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue on the 7th.

We have not the slightest doubt but that copies of this letter were taken to the journals in question either by Hilgard or his agents. It was a gross piece of official discourtesy to give out the contents at all and when that "lengthy and abstruse" document on the virtues of the Salleron still and the saccharometer gets to Washington its contents will be stale and spent and the official to whom it is addressed will very naturally and justly give it little attention.

We think that the time has come for the suppression of the officious gentleman from across the bay. He has sufficiently endeared himself to the Internal Revenue Department already to warrant his retirement. Every California wine man who has lately been in Washington has wired back to keep Hilgard out of the papers as much as possible.

To the Commissioner of Internal Revenue we offer the

apologies of the wine men of California whose misfortune it has been to have Hilgard meddle in this matter and delay a settlement. We would beg the Commissioner to remember that Hilgard represents nobody except Hilgard, and that the sweet wine men have formed an association of their own. They are ready, through this Association and through the other Viticultural bodies as well as the State Analyst, to give him all the assistance in their power. All that we ask from the Department is fairness and right and we ask it not seeking notoriety, but in the interests of the industry we serve.

HAYNE TO THE FORE.

F. W. Hayne, the New York wine manipulator has published a circular of which the following is a part:

"I propose publishing a paper in the interests of the California vineyardists. I shall endeavor to make it dependent on subscriptions; therefore at first it will not be an extensive publication. If it has merit, I hope to make a success without either blackguarding, blackmailing or puffing in order to obtain advertisements. The circulation cutting no figure as an advertising medium it will be perfectly independent.

"P. S.—My next Trade Auction Sale will take place next September."

We are pleased to see Mr. Hayne in the field, but we are rather dubious about his success in his newly chosen work. He might learn something to his financial advantage by applying to the erstwhile proprietor of the *Whistle-Vitigraph*,—California combination of San Francisco or Mr. B. F. Clayton, of New York, with reference to their experience in publishing a paper for subscription only.

We have already paid our respects to Mr. Hayne's wine auction scheme, but would say that with a level-headed man to conduct it and \$1,000,000 to back him, it might possibly be made a success.

OUR CHICAGO EXHIBIT.

Governor Marknam has approved the bill appropriating \$300,000 for a separate State exhibit at the World's Fair. Active preparations for arranging the details and collecting the materials will therefore soon begin.

With the sum at the disposal of the State it is possible to make a splendid showing at the Fair and at the same time it is possible that most of the money may be frittered away. There will, to a certainty, be a sharp attack on the fund by the politicians and it stands to reason that some friends of this or that boss, great or small, will have to be "cared for."

But with an ordinarily great drain from this source there will still be enough left to make a creditable showing. It is expected of course that the developments of Viticulture and Horticulture will be under the control of the State bodies devoted to these pursuits of life. This is only just, proper and right. The Viticultural Commission is in a position to do more effective work in collecting a suitable and decently representative display of California wines and brandies than is any other organization in the State. The Horticultural Commission is similarly situated and it is to be hoped that to these Commissions will be assigned the duty of bringing together the materials which will go to make up the greatest attraction to visitors in the entire California exhibit.

ANOTHER OPINION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2, 1891.

Editors Pacific Wine and Spirit Review:

I am glad to see that your paper has become a first-class one. Such a paper is a credit to California and to the publishers. I hope that the trade will help you to continue to be what intelligence and energy have made the REVIEW already.

Respectfully,

CAPT. J. CH. DE ST. HUBERT.

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 1, George West of Stockton.

About a mile and a half north of Stockton, close to the railroad running from Stockton to Sacramento, is a great cluster of buildings almost like a small village, surrounded by a vineyard, orchard and all the accessories of a gentleman's country home. The place is the property of George West, the subject of this sketch, whose wines and brandies are famous wherever the California product is sold.

Mr. West is a native of Massachusetts and was born at Taunton on January 12th, 1830. He received a common school education in his native town, and when scarcely a man in years, he went to Boston and entered the lumber business. While pursuing this occupation, the news of the gold discoveries in California was received and in common with all the young and ambitious men of the period, he was seized with a desire to visit the new El Dorado. Preceded a few months by his elder brother, W. B. West, he sailed for California by way of Cape Horn late in 1849, and landed in San Francisco in the Spring of 1850, starting at once for the mines.

He first located in Tuolumne country, remaining until 1852. Like many others, he succeeded fairly well in the placers, but unlike the great majority, he held a fair share of the wealth taken from the mountains.

In 1852 he purchased the property which has since been known as the "El Pinal Vineyard." When he located there, there was nothing but the bare plain, but in a short time the vineyard was set out and improvements were constantly made. His first vines came from abroad by way of Boston, and one variety obtained in this way has never been certainly identified with any European grape. Certain it is that it is a foreign grape, but in California it is always known as "West's White Prolific."

Mr. West was at first in partnership with his brother, Mr. W. B. West. Since settling at Stockton, he has made the wine and spirit business his constant study, and neither pains nor expense have been spared in building up a reputation for his goods, now sold all over America.

The "El Pinal Vineyard," is in fact, a model establishment. It covers an area of one hundred acres, but it must not be supposed that the product of this vineyard alone goes into the wineries. In the vintage season, grapes are bought in Livermore, Santa Clara valley and other sections. The capacity of the winery is about 4000 tons of grapes annually. The cellars are spacious and admirably adapted to their purposes. The distillery is one of the most complete in the world.

The fame of "El Pinal" rests principally on the sweet wines and brandies produced. The West Ports, Sherries, Frontignan and other sweet wines are recognized everywhere as standard, while West Brandy is among the best distilled in the State.

In person, Mr. West is a tall, splendidly built man with a massive figure, quiet in his demeanor and conversation, but with a lasting fund of bright stories, which, however, are rarely heard except by his intimate friends. When at his best, no one could be more companionable than he. In his business relations, he has the confidence and respect of all, his quietness, firmness and ability combined, making him one of the pillars of strength in the industry.

Mr. West is identified with many enterprises aside from the vineyard at Stockton. Some years ago, he associated himself with the late Charles Kohler of Kohler & Frohling and T. R. Minturn, and the firm at once set out the great 680 acre vineyard at Minturn, now the property of Kohler, West & Minturn (incorporated). He also has an interest in the wholesale house of George West & Co., of Stockton, and his connection with the Sonoma Wine and Brandy Company of New York, is well known.

Mr. West is married, and has one son and one daughter. The former, F. A. West, is a partner in the vineyard, the firm being George West & Son. In all his life, no political office has ever tempted Mr. West to emerge from his busy vineyard. The only official place he has ever held, is Viticultural Commissioner for the San Joaquin District to which he was appointed in 1880 when the Board was organized, and which he still holds.

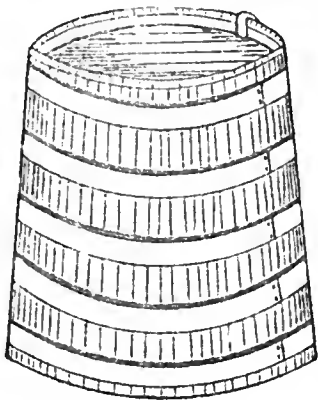
SOME MORE CORRECTIONS.

Under the caption of "A Few Corrections," our friend Minuse the New York manager for the *Louisville Wine and Spirit Bulletin*, pays his respects to us in the following terms, regarding our attitude concerning the Hayne auction plan of selling wine in New York:

To treat our contemporaries with justice and to regard them without prejudice, is one of the principles upon which we stand as a trade journal. To enter into personalities in protecting a principle or in proving a fact, is an abhorrence to us; but to stand by and uphold our convictions, is to us both a matter of right and of justice. Some time ago we learned that one of our commission merchants, Mr. F. W. Hayne proposed holding auction sales in this city, of California wines and brandies. We looked carefully into the ideas he presented to us; we attended personally the first sale he held here, and have given from time to time such particulars regarding this matter as would be of interest to our readers. Our friend, the *Review*, commenting upon this sale, and also upon the position of the wine trade here, states that there are comparatively few American buyers, especially in the East, who know what wines are. Aside from the absurdity of such a statement, we are sorry that the editor of the *Pacific Wine and Spirit Review* derived such little benefit from his recent trip East, and we beg to state for his information that there is probably more expert judges of wines and brandies in the city of New York alone, than there are in all the States west of the Mississippi river, *per se*. It requires very little argument to show that where the consumption of wine is the largest, that their knowledge regarding the subject is more apt to prevail than in sections where wine, as an article of consumption, is almost unknown. In answering another question which the *Review* puts to us we would say that fine wines, aside from those bearing French labels, are wanted in

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut.
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL,
Established 1857.
ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,
Of London, Incorporated 1720.
ROBERT DICKSON, Manager.
N. W. COR. SACRAMENTO AND MONTGOMERY STS., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

REDWOOD TANKS,



F. KORBEL & BROS.

821 BRYANT ST., S. F.

Or at NORTH FORK MILL, Humboldt County Cal.

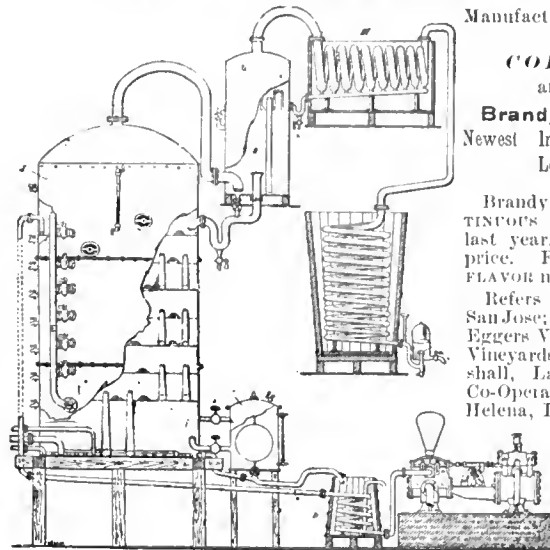
Pacific Copper Works,

L. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR, 565 MISSION ST., S. F.

Manufacturer of all Descriptions

OF
COPPER WORK,
and especially of

Brandy Apparatus, and
Newest Improved Continuous Still
Leads all others.



Brandy distilled in my CON-
TINUOUS STILL received this and
last year, the HIGHEST market
price. For PURITY AND FINE
FLAVOR none can equal it.

Refers to the Pacific Wine Co.,
San Jose; Elsen Vineyards, Fresno;
Eggers Vineyard, Fresno, Fresno
Vineyards, Fresno; Hill & Mar-
shall, Laguna, Sonoma county;
Co-Operative Distilling Co. St.
Helena, Lav, Clark & Co., Santa
Rosa; Walden & Sons,
Geyserville, Sonoma
county, Cal. Cham-
pagne & Soda Machines
manufactured.

Prices Low as Any.

This cut represents the latest improvement in continuous stills, and a glance at
the construction of it in comparison with any other still manufactured, will convince
any practical distiller of its immense superiority over all others. I claim the follow-
ing points of superiority: 1st. The amount of heat in my still is only two per cent,
thus affecting an enormous saving in steam and fuel. 2d. Distilling double amount
of any other still. 3d. Facility of handling and regulating. 4th. Simplicity of con-
struction.

Fairbanks' Standard Scales, Trucks, Etc.

FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON,

136-318 MARKET STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

this city, and are used here. We would go a little further and
say, that were it not for the very large amount of refuse stock
thrown on this market, the appreciation which the sound products
of the California wine grower deserves here would be greatly ex-
tended, and the 20,000 gallons of wine which our friend says is
offered at fifty cents f. o. b., San Francisco, could, if it showed
proper quality, find a ready sale here. The *Review* states further
that buyers in London attending auction sales purchase goods of
established merit and reputation, and how foolish is this state-
ment, when nine-tenths of the goods he refers to are sold strictly
on their merits and are of comparatively unknown brands. We
are ashamed of our contemporary for saying that Mr. I. de Turk
has dissolved his relation with Mr. Hayne, owing to his (Haynes')
auction plan, when he certainly must be in a position to know
that such is not the fact. To show our California friends that
there are some people besides ourselves who do not look with dis-
favor upon auction sales of California wines and brandies in this
market, and for the benefit of the *Review*, which calls such sales
"A rattle-brained scheme for the demoralization of a market,"
we give below a copy of a letter received from Senator Stanford
in reply to our inquiry as to whether he intended to dispose of
some of his enormous stock of brandy by auction in New York.

OFFICE OF LELAND STANFORD, U. S. S., }
1701 K Street,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 7, 1891. }

Mr. Wm. T. Minuse, Room 12, No. 45 Beaver Street, New York City:

DEAR SIR: Your letter of February 3d to Senator Stanford in
relation to sales of brandy at auction has been received.

In reply I am directed to inform you that the matter has not
been fully determined as yet, though under consideration.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN B. MCCARTHY, Private Secretary.

Casting aside the little homily, which friend Minuse indulges
in at the opening of his article, we are in a position to repeat and
do repeat that there are comparatively few Americans East of the
Rocky Mountains who are able to judge of wines on their merits.
That there are many experts in the trade in New York, and
among the importers, is not to be questioned for a moment, nor
did we question it. But the fact still remains that American buy-
ers of our wines are few when compared to the foreign buyers.
If the *Bulletin* knows what it is talking about as far as New York
is concerned, it must admit that the bulk of California wines is

consumed by the French, Germans, Italians and other foreign peo-
ple resident there. California wines in most cases are looked up-
on with disfavor in the clubs, although they are making headway
against this false prejudice. Some day it will be the fad to drink
them under their own labels exactly as it is the "proper thing" in
the East, to use California fruits. While the importers are un-
doubtedly expert judges of wine on their merits, very few of them
buy California wines, for sale under their true colors. They regard
them as of sufficient excellence to be entitled to masquerade un-
der such alluring labels as "St. Julien", "Hochheimer", "Deides-
heimer", "Liebfraumlch", etc. This is at the same time a tribute
from the importers to the merits of our wines, and a sorry re-
flection on the American wine drinkers of New York.

The idea that wine as an article of consumption is unknown
in California, is, to say the least, very amusing.

In regard to the wine auction scheme, the facts and figures
that have been purchased in connection with the first (and we
hope the last for some time) effort to sell our wines in New York,
is the best answer that can be made. The auction was a failure
and we see no reason for qualifying the statement in the least.
As to Senator Stanford's consideration of the plan to dispose of
his brandies at public sale, it seems to have been limited to "filing
away" the letter of the auction promoter, inasmuch as he has
sensibly established special agencies for the sale of his product,
in New York and Chicago and gives no evidence of dependence
on fleeting auction sales. Referring to the relations of Mr. De
Turk and Mr. Hayne, we have nothing further to say and have
no qualifications of our statement already made, to offer.

VALE LOCAL OPTION,

Oakland has beaten the local optionist clear out of sight, and
henceforth the city across the bay will be governed by license laws.
The victory is decisive; and the W. C. T. U. will have to take a
back seat in consequence. The election clearly demonstrated that
the male population of Oakland will be governed just so far by the
women, but that at local option, they draw the line.

Vale local option.

Alameda has raised the license from \$200 to \$500 annually and
the most satisfactory results are anticipated by the high license
party in that place. We are less sanguine.

Trade Notes.

F. A. West of George West & Son, Stockton, has been in the city during the past fortnight.

A. Duvall, the well-known Livermore producer is shipping considerable wine to the London market.

Samuel F. Streit, son of Samuel Streit of Samuel Streit & Co., the New York importers, is visiting the east on business.

M. V. Monarch, president of the M. V. Monarch Co., is said to be better off by several hundred thousand dollars than he was two years ago.

Charles Kohler was in Washington recently and while there had a long talk with Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mason, over the sweet wine situation.

Charles A. Wetmore has been a candidate for United States Senator to succeed the late George Hearst. One thing is certain and that is he would make a brilliant record.

Garnier, Lancel & Co. are making quite a considerable hole in the Eastern market. The firm is shipping largely, and has the advantage of being growers as well as merchants.

Luyties Bros. are rapidly perfecting the arrangements for their new cellars under the Brooklyn Bridge. When everything is complete the cellars will have no equal in New York.

Shea, Boqueraz & Co. are doing well with the "Tea Kettle." "Tea Kettle" is the sort of whisky that speaks for itself, and Mr. Shea is just the man to handle such wines as this.

J. Movins & Son have been meeting with much success in the introduction of saccharine. It is being experimented with by many of the wine merchants and handlers of the State.

Wilmerding & Co. are pushing the sale of their Peruvian Bitters in the Eastern market. The ship St. Mark took one hundred cases of these goods. There is a fine opening in the East for such goods.

Charles Jacob, of "Sunnyside" fame, is headed this way. He will receive a genuine California reception from the trade. The new distillery of the company in Pennsylvania is fast nearing completion.

We are informed by the J. G. Mattingly Co. that the total output of Mattingly during Fall '90 and Spring '91 will amount to only 5,000 barrels. This is right and the example should be emulated by more distillers.

William Wolff and Co. report a steadily growing demand for the re-imported whiskies handled by the house. The "Belmont," "Chickencock" and others which they sell, are going particularly well for the season.

Charles Meinecke & Co. are doing well with their numerous specialties. From all quarters, trade is reported as brighter than at any time since the holidays. Mr. Henry Kunz is showing remarkable business ability in his management of affairs.

Isaac De Turk is watching the Baden stock-yard and packing house enterprise very closely. He and Peter E. Her, the famous Omaha distiller are close personal friends and Mr. De Turk is almost as great an enthusiast over the enterprise as is Mr. Her.

Ludwig Wagner, the well-known still maker, has just completed one of his largest sized stills for Lay, Clark & Co., the wine makers of Santa Rosa. The still is a splendid one, and will, doubtless, do excellent work for the firm for which it was made.

Rose Rosenblatt, widow of the late S. Rosenblatt, founder of the Rosenblatt Wine Co., who was killed last summer on the

Union Pacific, has sued the Union Pacific Company to recover for her damages, due to the loss of her protector's life.

Frank Kuhn of Kuhn, Schwarke & Co., is very much pleased with the opening he has made in the German trade in consequence of his recent trip to the Fatherland. The firm is extending its connections rapidly. Good wines and business ability always win.

Hiram Sibley & Co. are doing well with their bonded warehouse business in Chicago. When the Internal Revenue Department sees fit to allow greater privileges in unbonding to the Eastern sweet wine producers, the business will extend at a still faster rate.

Among the recent callers on Commissioner Mason in regard to the Sweet Wine Law were Mr. Johnson, the son-in-law of H. W. Crabb, and F. Pohndorff. Every one who has seen the Commissioner recently is convinced that the sweet wine question will soon be settled.

Champagne still keeps on its upward march. The recent advance which was in no wise due to the "McKinley Bill" may result in a further advance on the part of our hotel and restaurant sharps. Make it six dollars gentlemen next. You have enough assurance to do it.

H. W. Crabb is planting large numbers of resistant vines this year. It is his intention to keep planting year by year, as the old vines are killed by the phylloxera, and in this manner, his large trade in the East and in San Francisco can be kept supplied with the famous "To-Kalon" Wines.

The trade and wine industry are well represented in the contest for the seat of the late Senator George Hearst. What with M. M. Estee, A. P. Williams, of Livingston & Co., G. G. Blanchard and C. A. Wetmore in the field, there is little else that the wine and liquor interest could ask.

The "Globus", a permanent exhibition Company in Berlin with extensive connections in every portion of the world, is soliciting exhibits from the leading California producers of wines and brandies. Special inducements are offered exhibitors who will give an agency to the Exposition Company.

S. A. Scott the storekeeper at the St. Helena bonded warehouse, has just shipped 729 packages of brandy from the warehouse, which will be sent to New York on the ship Alexander Gibson. The brandy belongs to a local house and the shipment is the largest ever made at one time from St. Helena.

The Napa Valley Wine Co., here are doing a fine business in their California wines, and sell largely their '88 and '89 brandies. The prices of California wines are getting more firm, which is partly accounted for by the fact that a good deal of the '90 crop is distilled into brandy.—*St. Louis Correspondence Boufforts.*

Henry Postel & Co., the wholesaler under the Flood Building are sufferers from the defalcation of their collector and salesman, Hermann Lukemann, who has vanished with \$3000, or thereabouts, of the firm's money. Lukemann made sales and pocketed the money as well as conducting operations in several other crooked ways.

George Carroll continues along in the even tenor of trade, picking up sales at a remarkable rate. "Straight goods a specialty" is a motto which is coining money for Carroll & Carroll, especially when the motto is backed up by such goods as "Old Pepper," "W. H. McBrayer" and other whiskies of like merit and reputation.

Messrs. E. Remy Martin & Co., of Rouillac, near Cognac, inform us that they have admitted as an *interesse* of their old-established firm, their friend and relative, Mr. R. Hagemann Seguin, who will devote his special attention to their business in

the United Kingdom. Hellman Bros. & Co., will continue as the Pacific Coast agent.

George H. Moore, the Louisville capitalist, banker and distiller, has purchased the Jesse Moore interest in the firm of Jesse Moore & Co. of Louisville and all other distilleries in which Jesse Moore had an interest. It is needless to say that there will be no change whatever in the San Francisco management of the famous "Jesse Moore" Whisky.

The Napa Valley Wine Co. is so pushed with orders from the East, that it is all but impossible to get out the wine fast enough. The Company is about a thousand cases behind with their orders. This speaks volumes for the active and successful management of the company's affairs, and for the quality of the goods they offer their patrons.

Julius P. Smith is now placing his wines on the English market under their own label. The first sale publicly reported was 2 cases Zinfandel at 13s; 5 cases Haut Sauterne at 13s 6d; 5 cases Malbec at 14s 6d; 5 cases Burgundy at 15s 6d and 5 cases Riesling at 17s 6d. The prices are not large it is true ranging from \$3.12 to \$4.20 per case but this cannot long be so when their merits are better known.

Madeira bids fair to become a popular wine in society once more. Ever since Ward McAllister, the leader of the New York Four Hundred, has set his seal of approval on this famous wine in his book, "Society as I Have Found It," there are indications of a general revival of Madeira drinking among the wealthiest classes. McAllister has all the old Southern fondness for this old wine and he can popularize it to no little degree if he sees fit.

We have been recently shown a sample of a sour mash whisky made by The J. G. Mattingly Co., the flavor of which is so exquisite as to be indicative of a new departure in the manufacture of this class of goods. Mr. Cunningham can well be proud of the success so far attained, and if the whisky should continue to develop with time as it has shown up for the past few months since it was made, we predict for this new grade a most brilliant future.—*Criterion*.

Mr. Norbert Becker, the popular representative of S. Lachman & Co., has recently returned from Europe and is on the war-path. Mr. Becker's pleasure trip to Europe was well earned and well deserved. He combines the enviable qualities of knowing how to work as well as how to enjoy himself. On his business trips none can excel him in zeal and hard work, and outside of business he is the soul of geniality and the life of the company. He has recently established his headquarters in Chicago.—*Mida's Criterion*.

The trade in spurious Cognac brandy has assumed such proportions that the municipality of the town of Cognac, whence the beverage derives its name, has found itself called upon to issue a public notice warning purchasers and consumers of Cognac that there are over two hundred fictitious firms who represent themselves as manufacturers of the article, and brand their cases with an address in Cognac, but who have no existence whatever in that city. The work of returning letters addressed to these imaginary houses is a serious source of trouble to the Cognac post-office.

Adolphus Busch, of St. Louis, and the San Francisco gentlemen who are associated with him in the plan to erect a new brewery here are making considerable headway with their scheme. The great difficulty thus far has been to get a suitable site. Several locations have been proposed and it is understood that the Company has about closed with several parties for the necessary land. It is a difficult matter to get all the property necessary for such a large establishment in the central portion of the city at a reasonable price and necessarily the Company does not dare to announce that it will buy in any location until all the property has been bonded.

One of the best known brands in the State is the "J. H. Cutter," owned and controlled by Messrs. C. P. Moorman & Co. The brand was first introduced to the trade by Mr. J. H. Cutter in the year 1850, Mr. C. P. Moorman becoming associated with him in '58, and in '60 purchased the brand at the death of Mr. Cutter for something like \$51,000. This was, perhaps, the highest price that was ever paid for a brand of whisky. Besides owning the above brand, the company carry a large assortment of the principal brands of the State in bond and free, always using care in selecting goods made strictly under the old-fashioned hand-made sour-mash plan. The trade of the house extends all over the country, being represented by local agents in as remote points as Boston on the one side and San Francisco on the other.—*Louisville Bulletin*.

In the following extract from an interview in the *Louisville Times*, Major D. W. Sanders pays a handsome compliment to Capt. George H. Moore, of Moore, Hunt & Co., and of Moore & Selliger and Jesse Moore & Co., of Louisville. So modest is Mr. Moore regarding his military exploits, that this little bit of history will come as a revelation even to many of his intimate friends:

"I once had a view of Sherman's entire army, and the sight was a most magnificent one, and one which I will never forget. It was at the time when Johnson's army occupied the line on Kenesaw Mountain. Stretched out to the north at the base of the mountain was one of the most beautiful and fertile valleys of the south, every inch of ground being under cultivation. Into this valley marched Sherman's entire army of 110,000 men, with their muskets, artillery, camp utensils and stores. From the top of the mountain they could be readily seen as they marched and countermarched in the valley. At that time a spirited conflict took place. Major Stores planted two batteries of artillery on top of the mountain and opened fire on Sherman's men. Capt. George H. Moore, of this city, was in command of the skirmish line, and was well down on the mountain side in Sherman's front. Capt. Moore, who was considered one of the bravest, coolest, and best of the young officers, covered himself with especial glory on that occasion. Sherman, with his characteristic decision, massed one hundred and thirty pieces of artillery, and opened a continuous fire on Major Stores' men, while he shelled Capt. Moore's skirmish line with sixty pieces of artillery. It was a sight never to be forgotten, and every move could be seen from the summit of the mountain."

It is doubtful if any other house connected with our trade has ever succeeded in doing a business of so great magnitude as that done by C. P. Moorman & Co., of Louisville, with so little stir and noise. Mr. Moorman is by nature a quiet, unobtrusive man, and so well has he handled the famous J. H. Cutter, that it has naturally fallen into his ways, and without a bit of fuss, without any contention with rivals, without any beating of drums or waving of banners, it just "gets there."

Mr. Moorman has never followed in the beaten tracks of trade, but with ideas of his own he has quietly cut out a path for himself. His plan has never been a selfish one, but based rather on the conception that to make money himself he must help others to make money. Acting on this idea, he has always worked through agents, and by protecting them in their territories, by giving them only good whisky to sell, and by inspiring them with his wonderful faculty of waiting in patience the development of appreciation on the part of the public of a superior article, he has placed more than one on the high road to fortune. Mr. Moorman is opposed to "hurry" in our business. He holds that Time is our great friend—Time, the great factor in the development of a fine whisky. The bonded period is never too long for him, and after his goods are tax-paid, he stores them away for years on his capacious floors. There he blends them after his own peculiar methods, and again stores them away to complete their maturity. Nor does this satisfy him, for in shipping to California, for instance, he does not use the fast freight lines, but rather ships in large lots by the slow-sailing vessels around Cape Horn. For six long months these consignments to the Golden State are tossed upon "old ocean blue," crossing the equator twice during the voyage, and when finally they are greeted by Messrs. A. P. Hotelling & Co., of San Francisco, they send up a fragrance that fairly rivals the scented flowers of that favored clime, and the fortunate Californians, whose palates are ever tickled with the good things of life, are always ready to admit that "it is a nectar fit for the gods." The J. H. Cutter whisky is an institution in itself.—*T. M. Gilmore in Bonfants*.

STANFORD'S EASTERN AGENTS.

Captain H. W. McIntyre, the Superintendent of the Vina Vineyard of Senator Stanford, has returned from his Eastern trip.

As a result of his visit the Stanford brandies will now be placed on the market on a larger scale than ever before.

Captain C. F. Shillaber who is manager of H. W. Crabb's Chicago agency has been appointed sole agent for the Vina brandies from the Rocky Mountains to the Alleghamies and F. O. Boyd & Co. will continue in control of the New York business.

The selection of Captain Shillaber for the Chicago agency is a particularly good one while the ability of F. O. Boyd & Co. to look after their agency properly is beyond question. Captain Shillaber during his residence in this state made a fine reputation for himself in the wine business and what he has done in Chicago for To-Kalon is well-known. He will, of course still retain his connection with the Cordelia Wine Co.

The Stanford brandy will go on the market both in bulk and bottle. The stock is considered particularly fine and with such rustlers as Captain Shillaber and F. O. Boyd & Co. behind it, it cannot fail to go in the East, while in this market a special bid for business will shortly be made.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

OWENSBORO, Ky., February 1891.

We take pleasure to inform the trade, especially our patrons, that our production for the season of 1891 will be as follows: 1,500 barrels "Hill & Hill," 200 barrels "J. T. Welch," McLean Co., 200 barrels "J. T. Welch," Daviess Co., 800 barrels "Tip Top," 200 barrels, private brands on orders, 100 barrels "Kentucky Colonel" (our new brand); total 3,000 barrels as against 7,400 barrels made 1890 and 3,600 barrels made in 1889. With many thanks for past favors, we remain yours, with highest respects,

Rock Spring Dist. Co.

39 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, February, 1891.

The position and standing of Messrs. Armand, Lalande & Co. is so well-known that to mention them in such a connection would be a useless attempt to improve an already acknowledged superlative. But our purpose is to call your particular attention to what has occurred within the past few months regarding their future shipments to this country.

Since our appointment as their agents, we have placed before them a number of facts relating to the Bordeaux wine business in this country that were at once appreciated by these gentlemen, with the result, that we are now in a position to offer the best values in both clarets and Sauternes that have ever been known in the United States, and although their brand has always been noted for fine qualities, their present standards surpass their former ones in everything that goes to constitute a perfect wine.

If you have been familiar with these wines you will know what this means, and, we feel assured, will continue to use them; and, if not, it will be time well occupied to write for samples and compare with what you are using.

Soliciting your communications, and an opportunity to submit samples for your inspection, we remain,

Very truly yours,

CLEBURT & TAYLOR, Sole Agents.

Decorative art receives in the present day perhaps as striking exemplification in the interior fittings of restaurants and better-class spirit shops, as in any other class of places "where men do congregate" indiscriminately. The multi-moulded wainscoting, the elaborate, many-branched, and mostly highly-chased chandeliers and wall-brackets, the stained glass work, and the large mirror show panels, with their ornate tracery, to be seen in many a modern "house of entertainment," are, at least, far removed in good taste and effectiveness from the flaunting, gaudy embellishments of the justly-decried "gin palace" of a few years ago.—*National Guardian, Glasgow.*

NOTES.

The Russian spirits for the year ending 1889 brought the Russian Government 275,000,000 roubles, about 10,000,000 more than the preceding year, and 33,000,000 above the average income for ten years previous.


George F. Kibbling, of Norwich, Vt., has been fined \$8,000 for selling 715 drinks. As he didn't have the money, he was sentenced to sixty-one years, seven months and twenty days hard labor. Even Editor Sheahan and the *Prohibitionist* couldn't ask for more than this.

The vintage of 1890 in South Australia was very good owing to the favorable weather. The wines show a marked improvement in point of elegance and lightness of character, qualities which will be appreciated in the English market. Victoria was also favored with a splendid crop, and the wines of 1890 will be remembered for quality and be much sought for in the future.

An ingenious invention has lately been patented for opening soda water bottles, which forms at the same time a stand for the bottle. Everyone knows the perverse way aerated waters have of freeing themselves from their corks, usually at the expense of the clothes around. But in the "indispensable," the corkscrew being firmly attached to the frame holding the bottle, the cork can only escape at the will of the opener. The only points to observe are to insert the corkscrew before removing the wire, and not to take the cork out too suddenly; moreover, if only half the contents of the bottle are required, the cork can be immediately replaced by reversing the action of the corkscrew.

The prohibition law has been in effect in North Dakota since June 30th last, but was not enforced owing to the original package controversy. Since the recent decision by the Supreme Court on this point, for the first time in the history of Bismarek the saloons have closed their doors for an indefinite period, and not a drink can be had. A crisis has now been reached in the fight for prohibition in North Dakota. The State is now about evenly divided on this question. A strong effort will be made to secure the passage of the re-submission bill. The probability is, however, that the measure will be defeated, as the latest canvass of both Houses shows a majority in favor of the present iron clad prohibition laws.

It is gratifying to note the increasing demand for California wines in the East, but this demand ought not to mislead some California wine growers to plant more vines. The quality of the wine should be improved rather than the quantity. Only a small proportion of the California wine which comes here is first-class wine. The great bulk is heavy and somewhat deficient in flavor and delicacy, which does not suit palates accustomed to the light wines of the Garonne or the better grades of Burgundies. Our wholesale dealers as a rule are good judges of a first-class wine. California must conquer the wholesale trade if she desires a permanent market for her wines here at remunerative prices. Quality is as important as quantity.—*N. Y. Wine and Spirit Gazette.*



(Registered Trade Mark.)

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
OAKVILLE, NAPA CO., CAL.
H. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR.
 "TO-KALON" has received more Medals, Diplomas and Premiums
 than any other brand of Wines and Brandies in America.
PURITY GUARANTEED.
JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., Sole Agents,
 308 CALIFORNIA STREET, - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO March 3, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.	GALLONS
B & Co.	J Gundlach & Co.	5 barrels.	236	182
R in dia'd.	"	15 bbls 2 hf-bbls.	798	379
T M, Providence.	Dresel & Co.	3 barrels.	152	80
L B.	Natoma Wine Co.	50 barrels.	2,440	1,860
D McG & Co.	Cal Wine Grow's Union	100 barrels.	4,967	1,639
K & F	Kohler & Frohling.	135 barrels.	6,814	4,088
F in dia'd.	B Dreyfus & Co.	25 barrels.	1,265	400
B D & Co.	"	20 barrels.	1,000	660
H in dia'd.	Overland Freight T Co.	10 barrels.	498	200
F in dia'd.	"	14 barrels.	707	285
N C.	A Carboni.	100 barrels.	5,000	1,500
D F, Fall River, Mass.	Lenormand Bros.	2 bbls 1 hf-bbls.	127	67
B B.	"	30 barrels.	1,531	459
I C.	A Greenebaum & Co.	6 barrels.	302	198
G D, Brooklyn.	Emile Zange.	2 bbls 5 hf-bbls.	224	125
J P.	Cal Transfer Co.	1 barrel.	52	40
H Bros.	"	1 hf-barrel.	25	20
B M, Brooklyn.	Laehman & Jacobi.	25 barrels.	1,287	399
T & R.	"	15 barrels.	770	304
H T.	"	15 barrels.	776	280
B H P.	"	10 barrels.	515	220
M C.	J M Dow.	45 packages.	2,134	853
E in ring.	"	50 barrels.	2,555	1,300
N P.	"	3 barrels.	146	36
A C Co Ltd.	"	15 packages.	2,400	600
S L & Co.	S Laehman & Co.	225 barrels.	11,156	4,000
N in dia'd.	"	50 barrels.	2,500	1,000
Total amount.			50,337	\$21,174

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, March 3, 1891.

C P, Acapulco.	J Gundlach & Co.	2 kegs 4 hf-bbls.	146	109
M G C.	"	6 kegs.	121	92
G H.	"	2 barrels.	94	61
M & A.	"	2 bbls 2 kegs.	135	122
J G, Corinto.	"	52 kegs.	260	180
A B, LaLibertad.	"	1 barrel.	47	42
E A.	"	1 barrel.	47	43
J L, San J de Guat.	"	8 cases.	48	33
"	"	2 hf barrels.	52	33
"	"	45 cases.	138	193
H W, Corinto.	E L G Steele & Co.	46 cases.	193	82
M H.	E de Sabla & Co.	3 bbls 1 keg.	138	125
J M.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	3 barrels.	134	38
B F & Co.	"	1 barrel.	51	170
B M B.	B Dreyfus & Co.	11 kegs.	169	21
F B.	F Meeks.	6 cases.	20	13
N A E.	"	2 kegs.	10	6
R d A.	"	1 keg.	500	275
B B & Co, LaLibertad	Bloom Baruch & Co.	10 barrels.	40	27
V & C.	John T Wright.	2 kegs.	40	33
M V, Champerico.	"	4 kegs.	15	7
E G, Corinto.	"	1 keg.	111	416
L R M, Champerico.	Oliver & Co.	15 cases.	500	416
R A N, San J. de Guat	Castle Bros.	25 kegs.		
Total amount Wine cases 120 and.			2,519	\$2,385

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO March 3, 1891.

J N, Mazatlan.	W Loaiza.	2 barrels.	112	60
U, Acapulco.	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels.	119	83
K & V B in dia'd, Maz'n	Ruther & Bendixen.	7 barrels.	357	156
B S	"	22 kegs.	310	200
"	I Gutte.	1 cask.	58	36
Total amount Wine.			956	535

TO CHINA & JAPAN—PER STEAMER CHINA February 27, 1891.

K S T Co, Yokohama	A Greenebaum & Co.	10 barrels.	512	\$ 129
M B & Co.	Macoundray Bros & Co.	10 cases.		100
J C & Co.	Lenormand Bros.	10 barrels.	503	163
L in dia'd Co.	Hermann & Co.	20 barrels.	1,046	264
MK in dia'd, Shanghai	Cutting Packing Co.	6 cases.		36
Total amount 16 case and.			2,061	\$ 692

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER MEXICO March 1, 1891.

W A M, St Johns, N B	A McLeod & Co.	1 case.		5
L G, Victoria.	L Ginchon.	3 barrels.	152	75
R & H, Victoria.	A Greenebaum & Co.	2 cases.	126	31
D in dia'd, Vancouver	Bach Meese & Co.	1 barrel.	48	72
L in dia'd, Vancouver	"	2 barrels.	96	48
L Z.	Beck Pyhr & Co.	1 barrel.	50	20
S S V.	"	1 case.		3
W J M.	Kobler & Van Bergen	11 barrels.	500	200
"	"	1 half-barrel.	25	20
Total amount 1 case and.			1,047	474

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER ZEALANDIA, March 10, 1891.

E H & Co.	J D Speckles & Bros.	1 case.		5
G M & Co.	F A Haber.	23 cases.		100
H in diamond B.	Hyman Bros.	2 cases.		6
L & Co.	Laelman & Jacobi.	6 cases.	497	375
P G C.	D G Camavinos.	1 barrel.	51	20
E H & Co.	Kohler & Frohling.	60 kegs.	450	270
Total amount Wine 26 cases and.			998	776

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From February 27, to March 12 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
Galilee.	M J V, Tahiti.	J Pinet.	6 bbls.	309	155
"	J L J.	"	1 hf cask.	33	17
"	J B.	P G Sabatie.	2 bbls.	103	38
H C Wright.	upu, Amapala.	Wright Bowne & Co	15 kegs.	150	45
"	"	"	12 cases.		36
Acapulco.	Bremen.	Miscellaneous.	10 barrel.	476	160
Pannonia.	A C & Co, Jaluit.	A Crawford & Co.	16 cases.		64
W S Bowne.	J M P Vladivos'k	Roth Blum & Co.	37 bbls.	1,009	750
Othello.	M T, Scotland.	Thos Westwater.	1 barrel.	51	23
"	A S S.	"	1 barrel.	62	34
"	A A C, Liverpool	"	115 bbls.	7,130	2,500
Alameda.	L F & Co in d M'e	L Feldman & Co.	6 barrels.	216	116
Walla Walla.	W J M, Vancou'r	P G Sabatie.	4 cases.		20
"	"	"	2 bbls.	103	50
Belgie.	L in dia'd Co, Yoa	Hermann & Co.	10 bbl.	484	122
"	M in dia'd.	Kohler & VanBergen	24 cases.		100
"	T K, Tokio.	Beringer Bros.	2 bbls.	100	25
C D Bryant.	E H & Co, Hon'u	Kohler & Frohling.	4 cases.	263	157
"	"	"	6 qr casks.	196	114
"	"	"	150 kegs.	1,025	615
"	"	"	5 cases.		17
Total amount 61 cases and.				11,710	5,158

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From February 27 to March 12, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
Acapulco.	J H G Corinto.	J Gundlach & Co.	2 keg.	10	22
"	E A, La Libertad	"	2 hf-bbl.	54	81
"	"	"	1 case.		12
"	Acapulco.	Urruela & Urioste	5 cases.		4
Mexico.	G C S Victoria.	Beck Pyhr & Co.	1 case.		8
Pannonia.	A Y Jaluit.	A Crawford & Co.	12 cases.		90
Belgie.	M in dia Yokoh'a	Kohler & VanBergen	2 cases.		20
Total amount, 21 cases and.				64	280

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA.

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



TRADE MARK
E.C. PRIBER MANAGER

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA

3. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1991; 265: 1111-1115.

[illegible]

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From February 27, to March 12 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SUPPLERS	CONTENTS	VALUE
Galilee	A V Tahiti	A Crawford & Co	10 cases Absinth	68
Arapulco	T K In Libertad	John T Wright	1 case Liqueurs	7
Mexico	D in dia, Vancouver	Bach Messer & Co	2 cases Liqueurs	14
"	H & G	Beck Pyhr & Co	1 pu Orange Jui	100
"	"	"	1 case Bitters	7
Pannonia	I R, Jaint	A Crawford & Co	100 cases Gin	236
"	H B Co	"	6 cs Champagne	64
"	A C & Co	"	2 " B B Brandy	8
"	"	"	2 " Bitters	23
Walla Walla	H S, Victoria	Macdonray & Co	10 " Champagne	150
Zealandia	W G F & Co, Hon	California Distilling Co	6 bbls Spirits	189
"	G W M & Co	Lilienthal & Co	10 cases Gin	20
Total amount 144 cases				885

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From February 26, to March 11, 1891.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY.		SPIRITS.		MISCELLANEOUS
	Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. Case	Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl.	
C W Craig & Co	210		240		
Jones Mundy & Co	130		318		
Lilienthal & Co			300		
Sherwood & Sherwood					5bbls141kegsGin
Belington & Co	10				
F Bode	1				
C G Mayer	1				
C Keenan	2				
L Gendotte	1	1			
T O Malcan	1				
Overland F T Co	6				
P Jurgens, Dak.	2				
A Olander	5				
W M Kent	1				
Total.	570	1	858		

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNER	BOTTLED.			BULK.		
	Cask	Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. Case	Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl.	$\frac{1}{4}$ bbl.
In Bond Coll Port.		40	121			
Sherwood & Sherwood					62	92
C A Zinkand					120	
Wm Wolff & Co.	82					
James Mundy & Co		85				
Total	82	125	120		182	92

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

to March 12, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Kohler & Frohling...	50 kegs.....	500	350
Chapman & Co.....	35 kegs.....	300	600
"	10 hf bbls...	250	500
R. Mass Lenormond Bros...	2 kegs.....	10	19
		1,060	1,480

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK PER SHIP CHARMER March 1, 1891.

IMPORTERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
J O Boyd & Co	37 packages Wine	Order (marked A H & Co)
J O Burke	3 barrels Whisky	J J Becker
"	1 "	Louis Schultz
"	5 "	Adolph Bay
"	2 hfl-bbls "	E M Baum
"	1 barrel "	W O Cahoon
Edinger Bros & Jacobi	50 barrels "	Lachman & Jacobi
Lilienthal & Co	100 pkgs "	Lilienthal & Co
W K Freeman	3 barrels "	Pedlar & Etluer
"	2 "	Rabatzki & Lohfeld
"	1 "	E A Bacon
"	1 "	Lowergau & Newman
"	1 "	F Reehman
"	2 "	L W Walker
"	2 "	J Jeffrey
"	1 "	Russ Bros
"	1 "	Hogulam Hotel Co
J Schweppe & Co	10 bbls Mineral Water	W H Campbell
Cook & Bernheimer	20 cases Liquors	Livingston & Co
Crown Distilling Co	16 packages Whisky	Lutther & Schroeder
Alvin Wood & Co	3 barrels "	Occidental Hotel

FROM PHILADELPHIA—PER SHIP ST. CHARLES, March 1, 1891.

Sutton & Co.....	112 cases Beer.....	Order.....
"	50 bbls Whisky.....	"
"	18 cases Fruit Juice.....	"

FROM LIVERPOOL—PER BR. SHIP SCOTTISH HILLS March 1, 1891.

Gustav Meyer.	2 casks Wine.	Henry Plagemann.
"	1 cask Spirits.	"
Du Temple & Co.	50 cases Stout.	W H Campbell.
"	45 cases Ale.	"
O I Van Wart & Co.	26 oct. Geneva.	Geo Stevens.
W & I Lockett.	4 cases Wine.	Dickson De Wolf & Co.
Simpson McKirdy & Co.	8 bbls Mineral Water.	H M Newhall & Co.
"	12 cases "	"
E & J Burke.	175 cases Bottled Beer.	Order (Marked S E).
J Shanks & Co.	137 "	C W Craig.
"	25 cases Mineral Water.	"
Macandrew & Co.	25 qr cases Wine.	Order (Marked H in dia'd).
Frank Bailey & Co.	50 bbls Ginger Ale.	Order (Marked E B C in s).
W A Ross & Co.	80 bbls "	Order (Marked S & S).
Wilson Meyer & Co.	21 cases Liqueurs.	Chas Melnecke & Co.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PAMAMA—PER STR. CITY OF NEW YORK, March 2, 1891.

1 barrel Whisky.....	Frank Hill.....
1 " ".....	H Klimeschmidt.....
1 " ".....	L A Stewart.....
1 " ".....	Thos Brown.....
1 " ".....	R I Buckley.....
25 cases Mineral Water...	Lebenbaum Bros.....

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Maillae & Co.....	4 cases Wine.....	L Schwabacher.....
"	3 cases Wine.....	M Welil.....

FROM HONOLULU—PER SCHOONER ROSE SPARKS, March 5, 1891.

..... 47 kegs Wine..... B Dreyfus & Co.....

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS. PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXON'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Mosca. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEI,
PAIST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC.
THEO. LAPPES GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOGS-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
Hofes 86 Belmont, '82 Chickencreek; '83 Bluegrass: '
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads,
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters.

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND,

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During February, 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Wine		Brandy		FROM	Wine		Brandy	
	Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons		Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston	11	2,939			San Francisco.....	785	176,811	40	4,278
Other New England points.....	13	130			Oakland, 16th Street.....				3
Albany.....		27			Martinez.....				7
New York.....	47	18,311		294	Livermore.....	2	66		
Buffalo.....	1	15			Pleasanton.....		50		
Other New York points.....	4	2,578			San Jose.....	40	1,332	36	232
Philadelphia.....	3	96			Warm Springs.....		154		
Pittsburg.....		11			Irvington.....		2,893		
Other Pennsylvania points.....	6	424		45	Santa Clara.....		69		25
Baltimore.....	10	491			Mountain View.....		33		44
Washington.....		5,893		76	Menlo Park.....	21			
Wheeling.....	1				Mayfield.....		22		
Other Va. and W. Va. points....	4		3		Hollister.....		26		
N. and S. Car. and Ga. points....					Gilroy.....		47		
New Orleans.....	3	141,756		48	Stockton.....	3	5,540		39
Other Louisiana points.....		3,564		54	Milton.....		29		
Mobile.....	4	2,100			Fresno.....		5,770		
Other Gulf State points.....	3	3,132			Sacramento.....	25	1,947		5
Galveston.....	9	2,670	1		St. Helena.....	8	10,463	3	9
Houston.....	2				Rutherford.....		27		
San Antonio.....	45	12,519			Oakville.....	1	25,189		127
Other Texas points.....	355	8,476	9	586	Yountville.....				46
Hot Springs.....					Napa.....		3,664		40
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points	97	1,744		140	Bello.....		23		
Memphis.....		2,000		119	Santa Rosa.....		9,558		10
Louisville.....	1	2,163		457	Glen Ellen.....		99		
Other Tenn. and Ky. points.....	21	27			Cordelia.....		96		
Cincinnati.....	127	3,033		44	Woodland.....		20		
Other Ohio points.....	3	24		41	Ione.....		109		
Indianapolis.....		100			Marysville.....		28		
Other Indiana points.....		139			Los Angeles.....	52	6,300	1	289
Chicago.....	16	17,916	2	42	Santa Barbara.....	2			
Other Illinois points.....	6	241	2	10	San Gabriel.....	8	13,726	2	701
Detroit.....		108			Winthrop.....	2	111		90
Other Michigan points.....		764		74	Anaheim.....		442		
Milwaukee.....		3,043		1,903	Santa Ana.....		148		10
Other Wisconsin points.....	7	217		43	The Palms.....		10		
St. Louis.....		13,263		98	Creamonga.....		28		
Kansas City.....		68			Pomona.....				7
Other Missouri points.....		38							
Sioux City.....		10							
Other Iowa points.....	2	184		20					
Omaha.....	10	2,928	14	24					
Other Neb. and Kans. points....	11	660	14	147					
Minneapolis.....									
St. Paul.....		142							
Other Minnesota points.....		48		93					
Dakota points.....	3	292		10					
Denver.....	102	4,278	5	844					
Pueblo.....	17	259	8	93					
Other Colorado points.....	4	5,855	24	655					
Foreign.....	3								
Total.....	950	264,830	82	5,962					

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street, - - - - - New York.

BUCHANAN'S BOOK.

Under the title of "Whisky Trade Facts", George C. Buchanan, the well-known Louisville broker, has published a little book which contains a vast deal of information to the trade. Among the facts presented are: tables showing production on Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, Tennessee and the United States for ten years; withdrawals from bond, withdrawals for export, stocks remaining in bond June 30th in the same states for the same time; and a mass of statistics well arranged, in regard to the status of old whiskies. Mr. Buchanan's well-known reliability as a compiler coupled with his soundness of views, makes the work particularly valuable.

The work of the National Protective Association in checking prohibition fanaticism, has been very effective, and a great number of our trade deserve credit for the liberal way in which they supported the organization. With the matter of prohibition well in hand, we now have time and should employ the means of letting the public know the exact position of our trade as regards temperance or good government. During the period of existence of the National Protective Association, it was taxed to its utmost to defeat prohibition in the different States and territories. We would like to see the organization continued in existence with sufficient funds at its command to distribute literature setting forth our real position regarding intemperance and our complete contempt for the lawless. We owe it to society and to ourselves.

—Wine and Spirit Bulletin.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

THE NEW COLLECTOR.

		Wine.	Brandy
February	2	31,260	2,635
	3	51,050	350
	4	27,370	5,660
	5	12,210	5,740
	6	11,690	7,130
	7	13,810	100
	9	39,530	.....
	10	29,100	1,970
	11	22,120	620
	12	36,620	2,300
	13	41,970	1,260
	14	39,820	920
	16	31,620	100
	17	34,000	.....
	18	26,150	2,400
	19	60,060	160
	20	58,530	1,240
	21	70,830	.....
	24	66,180	600
	25	28,810	350
	26	61,318	280
	27	21,160	2,580
	28	51,480	6,700
Total for February		954,318	44,795
March	2	14,930	12,130
	3	18,120	4,200
	4	27,370	120
	5	22,580	1,680
	6	65,200	100
	7	28,180	2,100
	9	25,010	.....
	10	16,300	4,090
	11	37,490	.....
	12	22,720	1,900

President Harrison it is understood, will appointe John C. Quinn as the successor of the late Collector of Internal Revenue, William H. Sears.

Mr. Quinn is a young man, but thirty-three years of age. He was born in El Dorado county, April 7, 1858, and has never been further out of the State than one hundred yards over the State line into Mexico. When he was but two years old, his parents went to North San Juan, Nevada county, where he lived and attended school until he was fifteen years old.

With one hundred dollars in his pocket, he came to San Francisco when a mere youth, and started to learn the molder's trade. When his apprenticeship was over, he had saved up two hundred dollars with which he established the Mechanic's Foundry on First street. At the close of the first year, he bought out all his partners, and managed the business alone for the next four years. At the end of this time, the business collapsed, and he was left with a debt of \$3,000 on his hands.

He looked about for some other occupation, and took up a patent oil burner with success, but after a year went back to mining, amid the first scenes of boyhood. This proved very unprofitable, and after a year and a half, he returned to San Francisco last April and applied to Postmaster Backus for a position. This was given him, and in July 1890, he entered into the duties of Deputy Postmaster.

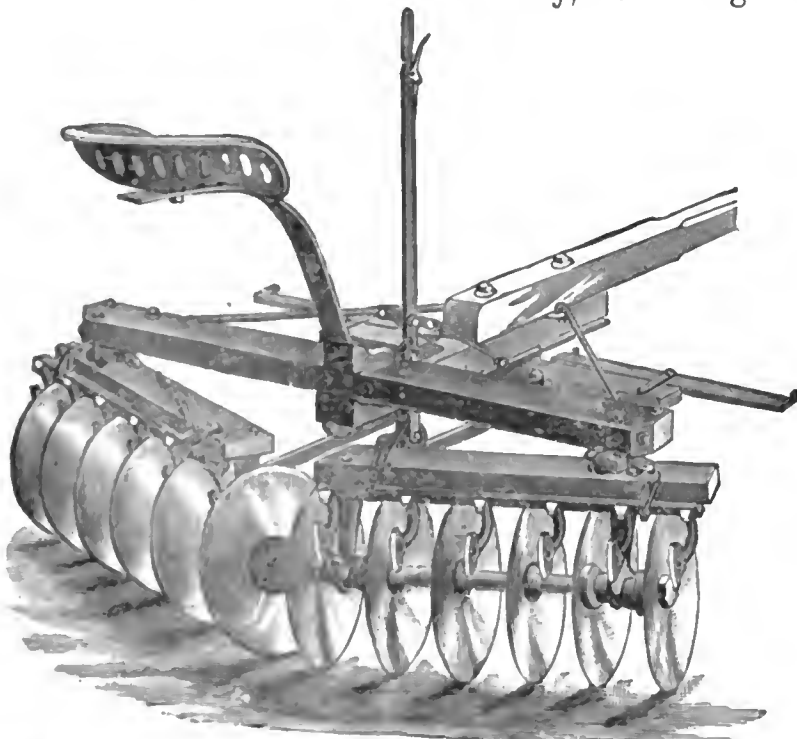
The bond required for the new office is \$500,000. Mr. Quinn will received the support of the entire delegation, consisting of Senator Stanford, Congressmen Cutting, Lond, Bowers, Morrow and McKenna.

PARTNER WANTED.

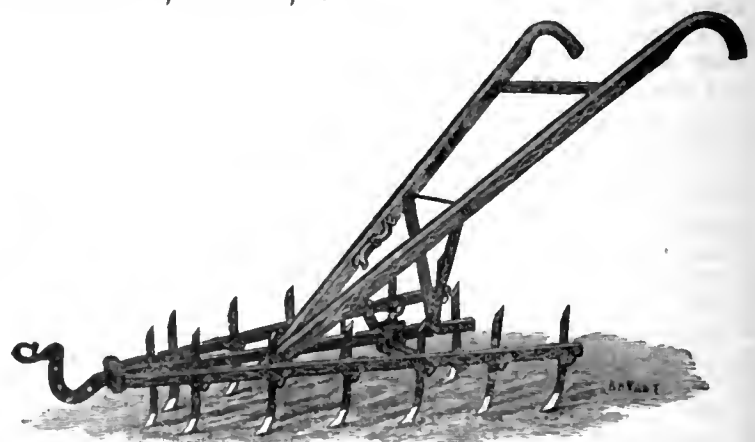
A reliable party with \$4,000 to \$5,000 capital, wanted to take an interest in a well established winery in Fresno County. For further particulars apply at this office.

Baker & Hamilton, San Francisco and Sacramento.

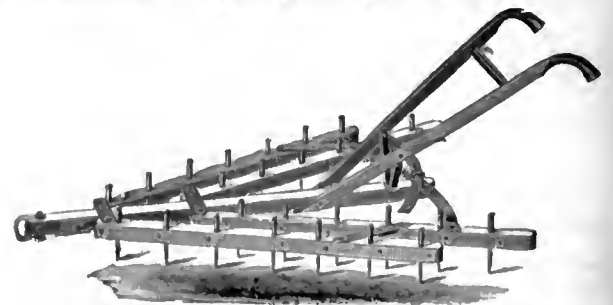
Manufactory, Benicia Agricultural Works, Benicia, Cal.



CLIMAX DISC HARROW.



Iron Age 14 Tooth Combined Harrow and Cultivator.



BENICIA WOOD & STEEL FRAME HARROWS



VINEYARD PLOWS.

We Carry The Largest Stock of VINEYARD TOOLS On This Coast.

LEADING TRADE FIRMS.

The following additional trade notices are taken from *Mida's Criterion* (Holiday Number).

The M. V. Monarch Co.

SHOW us a man of success and we will show one who possesses the requisite elements which are bound to assert themselves, and raise him above the masses. Such men, like oil on water, are bound to rise to the top, and M. V. Monarch has proved to be such a man. He seems to be endowed by nature to take a commanding position everywhere, and his physique is in perfect harmony with his mental force. He is not alone valuable as a friend, but even as an antagonist he is appreciated, being bold, open and above-board. There is neither hypocrisy nor deception about him, nor about anything he does. Such characters cannot produce anything second rate or allow themselves to be surpassed by any one. This fully explains why "M. V. Monarch," "Sovereign," and his entire cordon of brands, have always maintained so enviable a place in the realm of Kentucky whiskies. His constant and vigilant study has been to attain the best, and the approval of dealers in every section of the country, which is the true basis of actual demand, at all times testifies that he has attained this end.

In the selection of his very able corps of assistants, Mr. Monarch has also demonstrated his judgment, for no better nor more loyal and efficient co-workers can any firm boast of than Mr. Fred W. Clark as an office manager, and P. E. Payne as a representative on the road.

Barrett & Co. of New York.

AMONG other important New York concerns that have had to move into much larger premises may be mentioned the prune juice manufacturing house of Barrett & Co., now at 127 and 129 Broad street. These gentlemen found their business growing at an extraordinary rate of late, so that greatly enlarged facilities became absolutely necessary, and hence they secured the spacious five-story and basement building at 43 Front street, to which they removed about the first of December. These new premises permit of a production of 1,000,000 gallons of prune juice per annum. "Barrett's Unrivalled" prune juice is unquestionably as fine an article of its kind as can be found in any of the markets of the world, and it is on this basis of absolute superiority that the enormous demand has been built up. And not only is the home demand growing at a wonderful rate, but the company are also shipping it to Great Britain and Australia—in fact, all over the world.

The new building is admirably adapted for the conduct of such a line of business as this. The basement is used for the storage of raw material; the first floor for shipping rooms; the second for offices; the third for gauging and stamping departments, and the fourth and fifth for manufacturing purposes. As already stated, there will be a capacity for producing 1,000,000 gallons of prune juice annually.

High praise is due to Messrs. Barrett & Co. for the ability and energy and integrity they have brought to bear in the building up of their splendid business, and the future now lies brighter before them than ever.

Wiley Searcy.

ONE of the oldest, if not the oldest, distillery in Anderson county, is that of Wiley Searcy, at McBrayer Ky., whose "Old Joe" first saw the dawn of light in 1818. The same mode of distillation has been strictly adhered to ever since the inception of the brand, and at the same old place. Mr. Searcy has had an experience of over twenty years in distilling, and has witnessed many innovations during that period, but as none of these has commended itself to his judgment he has preferred the good old way and the result is the incomparable "Old Joe." He

is using a two chambered wood burr still, and the whisky is doubled in a copper still over a wood fire. No steam whatever goes into the still. He mashes one bushel at a time in small tubs. In short the whole plant is a living type of the old-fashioned hand-made sour mash whisky, which has created the demand for that justly meritorious product of the Kentucky still. Dealers throughout the country handling sour mash goods should, in their own interest, when visiting the Kentucky distilleries, not miss seeing this one, and compare the results of distillation as between the old and the new methods. Facts speak more forcibly than theories, and while some may claim that mashing in large tubs is as good as in small, and that using Hungarian yeast in place of natural yeast, and wood fire instead of steam makes no difference in the results, a visit to Mr. Searcy's distillery will, he claims, help to solve the question.

He has just finished a new and perfect warehouse in which every barrel is well aired and the utmost care and attention are bestowed upon the proper storing and maturing. The capacity of the distillery is but one hundred bushels a day, running six months to the season, hence the output can not exceed 1,500 barrels in all. No over-production need therefore be apprehended from this source at least. "Old Joe," although old in years as a brand is full of youthful vigor and is steadily gaining with each year in popularity, and the consumption is bound steadily to increase, for every gallon of "Old Joe" reaching the consumer, speaks for itself.

ARTIFICIAL WINES.

The production of artificial wines has been greatly developed. It is divided into two categories, viz: sugared wines and raisin wines. The first ones comprise natural wines, to which the growers add sugar to increase their alcoholic strength (in France we grow natural wines containing only six to seven degrees of alcohol). These sugared, or rather those alcoholized wines, the strength of which is increased three degrees by the help of refined sugar, are evidently a little less good than wines, which are naturally rich in sugar, but their quality is greatly superior to that of raisin wines, or of wines, the strength of which is increased by the addition of spirit, such as those, which were made up in Spain and which are still being made up in Italy. Wines made from mares, commonly called piquettes, are also looked upon as sugared wines, growers adding sugar to them. These mare wines form a very healthy beverage, but one of inferior quality. The crop having been a very abundant one, sugared wines have been made up in larger quantities—1,946,720 hectolitres against 1,479,122 hectolitres.

The making of raisin wine appears to be on the increase also; it would appear to have more than doubled (4,292,850 hectol. in 1890, instead of 1,826,129 hectol. last year). The law, which puts the works, where these wines are made, under a very severe control, has very much contributed to this enormous increase. In looking over the Custom House returns, we find that the consumption of raisin wine went up from 73,835 tons in 1889, to 95,306 tons in 1890, during the first ten months of the year. From this we calculate that the production of raisin wine in 1889 amounted to 3,200,000 hectol., and that it increased one-third in 1890. As to the 2,000,000 hectol. omitted in 1889, they were got secretly out of works. (It was discovered that, about a year ago, defrauding to the extent of a 700,000 francs to the Treasury was committed in one establishment alone).

On the whole, according to the official returns, France would appear to have produced this year 33,655,900 hectolitres of natural or half-natural wines.—*Revue Des Vins Et Liqueurs, Paris.*

AGENT WANTED.

We want a young, active and reliable man to represent our house in San Francisco, and are prepared to offer satisfactory inducements to the right party. Correspondence solicited.

DRYDEN & PALMER,
19 Hudson St., New York.

WHISKY TO BE CHEAPENED.

If a dispatch from Chicago is correct, the public may look for cheap whisky in the not very far distant future, or as soon as an alleged new discovery in the art of distillation is put into practical effect. Col. J. P. Hennessy, the new Secretary of the Spirit Trust in speaking of the matter, is reported as saying:

A new process of manufacture has been discovered which, in my judgment and in the judgment of our officers, will materially reduce the cost of manufacture.

This is the discovery of a Japanese chemist named Takamine, now a resident of Chicago. He came to this country some years ago, as the representative of the Government of his nation at the New Orleans Exposition, and fell in love with an American girl.

After having visited his native country, and after having reported the success of his mission here to the Mikado's Council, he returned, married the American girl, and immediately set up in business as an expert chemist.

His attention was early turned to the process of distillation from corn. He thought that the yield under the prevailing process was inadequate and rather too expensive. He set about to correct the matter. Under the old process, after the corn had reached a certain stage of fermentation, distillers had to add malted grains, such as oats, barley or rice, to bring about 'conversion.' This was the most costly feature of the process, as the malt and small grain are, of course, much dearer than the corn. Now, Takamine has discovered a process which does away with the necessity for the use of the small grains or malt. The conversion of the corn mash can be brought about without the addition of either. How this is done, is Takamine's secret. The fact that the additions need not be made, of course, reduces the cost of manufacture.

The process not only reduces the cost of production, but it increases the quantity of the spirits to be obtained from the corn—about from 10 to 15 per cent. We have entered into a contract with Takamine for the use of his process in our distilleries. The contract was made Wednesday evening, and we control the process all through the United States."

Following up the discovery of the Japanese, the Trust has organized a company known as the Takamine Ferment Co., and the capital stock has been increased \$10,000,000. The salient factor in the process, is a microbe or ferment cell of superior power, produced from a fungus growth on rice. Its use permits the completion of fermentation in forty-two hours, as against seventy-two heretofore, besides greatly cheapening it and enlarging the volume of production from a like quantity of grain.

A calculation based on the output of maltsters, brewers, distillers and others using ferments, makes the yearly value of the discovery equivalent to \$23,000,000.

AMERICAN VINES IN FRANCE.

Notwithstanding the objections urged against replanting with American stocks the process of reconstruction has made steady progress in France during the last decade, as the following official data testify:

Year.	Collective area reset.	Departments.
1881.....	8,904 hectares in	17
1882.....	17,096 " "	22
1883.....	28,012 " "	28
1884.....	52,777 " "	31
1885.....	75,292 " "	34
1886.....	110,687 " "	37
1887.....	165,517 " "	38
1888.....	214,687 " "	43
1889.....	299,801 " "	44

The departments showing the largest areas under American *cepages* in 1889 were: Herault, with 110,000 hectares; Aude with 27,000; Gard, with 24,000; Gironde, with 19,000; Pyrenees, with 30,000, and Var with 19,000.

THE FRENCH WINE INDUSTRY.

In a recent number we published the official figures of the wine production in France of 1890, showing the total quantity made to be rather more than 603,000,000 gallons. An estimate of the value of the wines has since been made, and, according to this, the year's wine crop was worth nearly 40,000,000*l*. Figures like these convey a good idea of the vast importance that the culture of the vine still holds amongst the industries of France. Further evidence of a similar kind is to be found in the annual return of imports and exports which is issued by the French Government. Last year, it seems, the value of the imports was 4,423,255,000 francs, and of the exports 3,720,121,000 francs, and towards these totals, wines, spirits and beer contributed 425,479,000 francs and 320,646,000 francs respectively. It will be of some interest to our readers, however, to have the particulars in detail.

The imports are represented by the following figures:—

	1890. Francs.	1889. Francs.
Wines.....	402,475,000	383,742,000
Spirits.....	13,411,000	12,300,000
Beer.....	9,593,000	12,336,000
Total.....	425,479,000	408,378,000

It will thus be observed that there was a slight increase last year, and the subjoined statement of the quantities imported will show that the proportions were maintained in this respect:—

	1890 Hect.	1889. Hect.
Spain.....	7,824,733	7,008,629
Italy.....	99,654	337,263
Portugal.....	202,551	875,203
Algeria.....	1,971,887	1,591,952
Tunis.....	9,962	1,972
Other countries.....	707,639	815,425
Hectol.....	10,816,426	10,630,444
Wine in bottle.....	7,656	5,531
Vins de liqueurs.....	334,328	257,986
Cider.....	7,099	8,299
Beer.....	185,481	242,685
Spirits.....	142,956	141,452
Alcohol.....	29,874	15,213
Liqueurs (litres).....	368,442	281,421

Italy, which occupied a leading position in this list prior to the lapse of the commercial treaty, fell further behind last year, and there was also an enormous diminution in the imports from Portugal. On the other hand, Spain sent a much greater quantity of wine, and considerable progress was made by Algeria, and, on a smaller scale, by Tunis. In the aggregate the imports show an increase, contrary to the experience of the previous year. As to the exports, there was a slight augmentation of value last year, but it was due entirely to spirits, wines, indeed, falling below the amount returned for 1889. The statistics are as under:—

	1890. Francs.	1889. Francs.
Wines.....	246,497,000	251,038,000
Spirits and liqueurs.....	72,355,000	67,317,000
Beer.....	1,794,000	1,925,000
Total.....	320,646,000	320,280,000

The imports in quantity were:—

	1890. Hect.	1889. Hect.
Wines in cask—		
From the Gironde.....	967,550	1,101,832
From other districts.....	1,122,263	1,117,291
Wines in bottle—		
From the Gironde.....	81,268	79,441
From other districts.....	256,284	235,858
Vins de liqueurs.....	68,568	66,520
Hectol.....	2,495,933	2,600,942
Cider and perry.....	9,105	11,824
Beer.....	47,449	57,822
Spirits.....	271,231	263,846
Alcohols.....	75,796	46,440
Liqueurs (litres).....	1,984,784	2,158,405

CARBONIC ACID IN WINE.

Speaking of the retention of carbonic acid in wines and the possibility of increasing it artificially, *Die Weinlaube*, the organ of the Research Station at Klosterneuberg, near Vienna quotes some remarks of Dr. Hermann Muller, of Thurgau, at the Wine Growers' Congress at Triers last year. Dr. Muller observed:

The researches of Delbruck, Hayduck, and others have demonstrated that in beer fermentations the carbonic acid affects yeast growth, but its influence on fermentation is inappreciable. Similar researches relating to wine fermentations, which have engaged my attention for some years past, have given analogous results. The carbonic acid has no appreciable effect on the progress of fermentation, even with an increased pressure of a half to one atmosphere at the surface of the liquid. Initial yeast formation was not materially affected by it, so that the total fermentative effect, the resultant of the numerical aggregate of yeast cells, and the activity of each individual cell, was not altered to any material extent by the evolution of carbonic acid. But my researches likewise showed that, as regards renewal of yeast growth in finished wines, and the invasion of disease germs and other affections therein, the case is entirely different. The carbonic acid contained in the wine exerts an exceedingly powerful influence, and if present in sufficient quantity, constitutes an excellent preservative. Finished wine, with some added sugar, was treated with different volumes of carbonic acid, and it was found that the multiplication of the fugitive traces of yeast was in one case rapid, in the other tardy, or wanting altogether. These results, which are somewhat at variance with the preceeding, may be explained on the ground that the wine contained alcohol enough to all but prevent further yeast growth. Under the repressive influence of carbonic acid in quantity such further growth was impossible; with a small amount of carbonic acid, it was possible to a limited extent. These points are of much importance in the wine cellar. We know that after fermentation is over new wine contains an abundance of carbonic acid, and that large quantities are lost in racking and replaced by atmospheric air. With common wines, in their youth, this loss of carbonic acid entails no risk, as it is compensated by the oxidation changes which quickly follow. It however, should not be carried too far, and with weak wines repeated racking, such as is often recommended for the improvement of the wine, appears to me to be an expedient not to be generally resorted to without careful consideration and a fuller understanding of the results in practice. With older wine, in which experience shows us the oxidation changes are less, any considerable loss of carbonic acid will involve greater risks. Not only should the empty spaces above the wine in the cask be kept filled, but every effort should be made to enable the wine to retain its carbonic acid as far as possible. Such wine will sample better, and will find in its carbonic acid a safeguard against various maladies. Not only mould and acetic ferment, but various bacteriological agencies affecting the color and soundness, have here to be kept in mind.

Although at present commercial carbonic acid is not employed as an aid in vinification, nor used for the conservation of wines, or the treatment of sickness therein, I am firmly convinced that the day is not far distant when such will be the case. For the present, it remains to recognize the importance of carbonic acid in wine, and to do all that is practicable to insure its retention, a few points need to be further touched upon. Although the separation of the carbonic acid and its replacement by atmospheric air may be good for young wine, there comes a stage—sooner or later according to the vintage and character of the wine—where loss of carbonic acid should be prevented as much as possible. Such wine should not be racked periodically according to any hard and fast rule, but only when absolutely necessary. The racking should be done with the pump, for the reasons already insisted on. In filtering, the loss of carbonic acid is especially great, as the wine is brought into contact with the solid substance

of the filter in so highly comminuted a form. Practical men know how wine suffers in this respect, and how long it is in recovering itself, particularly more aged wine. Filters should be used in which the loss of carbonic acid is least, and the filtering should be done out of the reach of the air and under pressure, the pressure being maintained not only during filtration, but some time after the wine is in cask. An excellent method of retaining acid in wine is not to defer the bottling too long. Carbonic acid introduced with the wine or subsequently formed in the bottle, not only acts as a preservative, but is a recommendation of the wine in the opinion of experienced judges. By keeping wine that has been bottled young in sound condition, it meets one of the requirements of consumers.

In the discussion that followed, Dr. Barth spoke of the application of the principle to the wines of Alsace, which are very liable to clouding and are then difficult of sale. Commerzien-Rath Wegeler, of Coblenz, called attention to a new filter employed in France for small wines, which has a supply of carbonic acid. Dr. Muller spoke of the effects of temperature in bottling—the lower the temperature, the less the loss of carbonic acid. Dr. Pulisch, of Giesenheim, cited instances of the practical value of retaining the carbonic acid in wines. The Swiss high-class wines in the Lausanne district are bottled when four months old. If kept longer they are apt to cloud. Wines of a like description in Baden are very liable to clouding. There the bottling is deferred till later, when the wine does not contain carbonic acid enough to preserve it. Dr. Pulisch's researches showed that fruit wines contain a relatively larger amount of carbonic acid than grape-wines, to which he attributes their keeping properties with a very low alcoholic percentage. Some of the carbonic acid appears to be produced by the decomposition of constituent principles other than sugar.

The *Weinlaube*, whilst acknowledging the value of the carbonic acid in wine, attaches little importance to the foregoing suggestions. The retention of much of the carbonic acid now lost in racking and fining would not compensate for the disadvantages to which wine wherein the albuminous matters have not been eliminated by aeration is liable on the slightest changes of temperature on exposure to the air. Bottled wines, too, must always form an inconsiderable part of the total consumed. The idea of retaining carbonic acid to a greater extent than at present is, therefore rejected as impracticable. The supply of carbonic acid by artificial means may be effected in three ways: 1. By decomposing lime or other mineral in a receiver with acid, and leading the gas into the volume of the wine. Experience has shown that unless mechanical means are provided for agitating the wine in contact with the gas, the amount of the latter taken up by the wine, whether it be supplied by the decomposition of mineral substance or led from fermenting must, is insufficient for any practical purpose. The addition of carbonic acid in this way is, accordingly, too complex an operation for general use. 2. By fermentation with added sugar. This method is likewise impracticable, inasmuch as the fermentation set up does not end with the production of the carbonic acid sought, but induces other undesired changes in the wine. 3. By the employment of the commercial carbonic acid now sent out in a highly compressed form in cast-iron cylinders. Whether this costly and difficult method would admit of practical application, remains to be proved. If the object be merely to increase the volume of carbonic acid in a particular wine, it is suggested that mixing with a younger wine of the same kind, containing a larger proportion of the gas, would be the simplest and most effectual method.

WANTED.

The agency for New York and vicinity of a first-class wine house who can ship all kinds of wines. The advertiser has had a very long experience in the wine business, and commands a large trade. The payment of all wines could be guaranteed. Address CALIFORNIA, care *Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular*, New York.

A CONNOISSEUR'S FANCY.

Elegant Glasses and Tankards Owned by Mr. F. A. Haber
of Inglenook Farm.

F. A. Haber, the agent for the Inglenook Wines, is an enthusiastic collector of fine glassware and tankards used in days gone by by the lovers of the juice of the grape. He has some truly magnificent specimens of Bohemian glass, procured after endless trouble and no little expense.

Of tankards he has two of which he is unusually proud, both having come from Vienna, and while they are copies, they are not by any means of recent manufacture.

Two tankards are especially esteemed by him. The larger is over twenty inches high and is a fine specimen of the vessel from which the wine-lovers of the middle ages drank. Its capacity is over a gallon. The design consists of three panels, the two upper ones portraying the parable of Dives and Lazarus. Dives is seen feasting and enjoying himself with his companions in the larger portion of the panel, while in one corner is a furnace vomiting flames, Dives in their midst and a devil feeding the fire. Abraham clasping the poor man in his bosom is seen above, while Dives' gaze rests upon them. The middle panel shows a castellated mansion, Dives in the doorway, while two of his servants in the foreground are beating Lazarus and two dogs are attacking him. On the upper and lower corners are the date 1559 and "Lazarus." The lower panel represents three figures of men—gamekeepers who have caught a poacher. A dead buck lies on the ground and the poacher, crouched over the body, is being seized by the keepers. The keepers are clothed in jerkins, with broad brimmed hats and bear bows and arrows. Dividing the three panels are decorations of lion and satyr heads. Foliage, antique decorations and scroll work complete the ornamentation.

The smaller vessel is eighteen inches high. A few inches from the top is a circular medallion having in its center the arms of the Holy Roman Empire with the double-headed eagle supported by winged griffins. Around the arms is a blue band on which, in raised white letters, is the following inscription:

"Leopoldus Dei Gratia Electus Romanorum Imperator, Senier Augustus Germanie Hungarie Bohemie Dalmatie Croatiae Slavonie Rixarchidux Austrie Dux Burgundie Stivenae Carinhie Carnionvet Wirtembergie Mestvrolis."

Surrounding the inscription are small raised plaques showing the jeweled collar of the order of the Golden Fleece. Around the top and body of the vessel are floriated and arabesque ornamentations of the mediæval type. The lower portion contains entablatures having lilies with leaves and on either side around the cup are pedestals bearing heads probably intended as portraits of the Emperor. The Emperor Leopold reigned in 1326 and the imprint of this replica bears the date 1723.

Both the tankards are of light gray faience in their body. The decorations are principally of turquoise blue, the minor details of a brownish tint, forming a very handsome contrast. The cover of this larger drinking vessel has the figure of a soldier, clothed in the style of the middle ages, steel helmet and leather coat, seated on its top. The soldier has a large round winecup in his hands and is looking into its depths and evidently regretting that the contents has disappeared.

Kentucky has the reputation of making a great deal of whisky, yet it is not generally known that fifty of the one hundred and eighteen counties in Kentucky are prohibition counties by a vote of the people in them. There is a strong sentiment in Kentucky against the excessive use of liquor. It will destroy any man's credit nowadays to be seen intoxicated on the streets, whereas thirty years ago it was not thought enough out of the way to be mentioned.

DISTILL MORE BRANDY.

In view of the present quietness of the wine market and the vintage of last year, many of the leading distillers will increase their product this season. It is a well-known fact that the brandy market is in a far better condition than the wine market. Distillers have the advantage of a better demand for their product, of an ability to borrow money on their goods and of a more widely spread demand.

Of late orders have come to many distillers from the East and Europe for large quantities of brandy, which up to the present they have been unable to fill. For instance George West & Sons, the well-known Stockton house, has an order for a large quantity for shipment to England, and the L. J. Rose Co. is reported to have another large one from the same direction. The Eastern orders are undeniably growing and it would not be surprising if the shipments in that direction would be sixty to seventy-five per cent greater this year than they were in 1890.

Altogether the outlook for brandy is promising and a movement is suggested in the Napa Valley for the distillation of say one-fourth of the crop of 1890. Such action would inevitably help all concerned and it has even been suggested to the banks in St. Helena and Napa that they back up such an enterprise for their own good and for the prosperity of the valley from which they make their earnings. The banks could well afford to see that distillation is carried on in a satisfactory manner and few investments that could be made would pay better.

Various estimates of the product of 1891 are already being made. If distillation is conducted on the scale that it should be the product will be large. We would like to see the output reach 1,500,000 to 1,800,000 gallons and with a product as large as this there would be no danger of over production as it is a well-known fact that aside from the Stanford brandy there is now practically no old brandy in first hands and the total bonded stocks do not greatly exceed one year's production.

Prices are low we admit, but the moment some relief is given the wine market, the price of brandy will go up in sympathy. The reverse is true at present, but it would not be were 1890 wine stocks reduced 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 gallons by distillation.

IMPROVED COPPER PLANT FOR DISTILLERIES.

The attention of distillers may be usefully directed to the new description of copper piping known as the Elmore copper. The specialty consists in the fact that the pipes or tubes are seamless, whilst additional advantages are found in the great purity of the copper, and its superior conductivity to heat. It may be added that the process of manufacture is extremely interesting. A mandrel of the diameter of the pipes to be made is taken and suitably coated; it is then immersed in a trough containing a saturated solution of copper sulphate, and when the whole is at a suitable temperature, a current of electricity is passed through the metallic mandrel, so that pure copper is deposited from the salt in fine particles, and these adhere to the mandrel, which meanwhile is kept slowly revolving, so that all sides get equally coated. The acid set free by this electric action gradually dissolves more of the rough copper crystals, which lie in a heap at the bottom of the trough, so that the solution is always saturated with the sulphate. The mandrel lies in a horizontal position in the trough, which can be of any length or depth, and it is moved along gradually so that the deposit of copper is regular. The pipe can be made very thin or can be equally made very thick, according to the period of exposure to the electrical action. Eventually the covered mandrel is removed from the trough, burnishers are applied to smooth off the roughness, and the mandrel is then withdrawn, leaving the hollow tube or pipe. The marks of the burnishers are plainly visible upon the pipes. For use as copper coils for heating or cooling, for worms, and for many other purposes, these seamless copper pipes will be found extremely serviceable.

POHNDORFF'S GUESS.

An Interesting Estimate of the Number of People Using Wine.

F. Pohndorff, the former Californian, has made an estimate of the number of people in the world who use wine and the quantity they consume. His figures which are of some little interest are as follows:

Percentage of population consuming wine.	Countries.	Consuming individuals.	Gallons consumed.
33	France.....	13,225,000	1,300,000,000
25	Austro-Hungary.....	9,470,000	250,000,000
25	Italy.....	9,485,000	500,000,000
23	Spain.....	4,500,000	490,000,000
25	Germany.....	11,800,000	125,000,000
25	Portugal.....	1,750,000	20,000,000
20	Switzerland.....	560,000	15,000,000
20	England.....	5,200,000	42,000,000
12	Scotland.....	470,000	
10	Ireland.....	500,000	
20	Belgium.....	1,600,000	5,500,000
16	Holland.....	700,000	4,000,000
10	Sweden and Norway.....	640,000	2,500,000
15	Denmark.....	290,000	1,000,000
25	Bulgaria.....	400,000	5,000,000
17	Servia and Rumania.....	1,200,000	5,000,000
3	Russia.....	2,620,000	12,000,000
5	European Turkey.....	225,000	2,000,000
33	Greece.....	630,000	10,000,000
	Total for Europe.....	67,065,000	2,703,000,000
	British possessions in South Africa etc.....	400,000	1,000,000
	Egypt, north and west coast of Africa.....	200,000	850,000
	British East India, Japan, Syria and Asia.....	1,500,000	3,500,000
	Australia and Oceania.....	900,000	1,650,000
20	Chili.....	450,000	38,000,000
4	Brazil.....	450,000	6,500,000
17	Argentina.....	500,000	27,000,000
16	Paraguay.....	58,000	4,000,000
17	Uruguay.....	75,000	6,500,000
10	Peru.....	370,000	7,000,000
10	Bolivia.....	230,000	1,500,000
10	Ecuador.....	65,000	1,000,000
10	Colombia.....	400,000	4,000,000
16	The Guianas.....	65,000	1,000,000
12	Venezuela.....	75,000	1,500,000
10	Guatemala, Honduras.....	173,000	2,000,000
8	Nicaragua and San Salvador.....	81,000	1,500,000
20	Cuba.....	300,000	6,000,000
10	Haiti and San Domingo.....	97,000	4,000,000
25	Jamaica and British Honduras.....	92,000	1,000,000
20	Porto Rico, etc.....	150,000	1,500,000
10	Costa Rico.....	19,000	500,000
8	Mexico.....	800,000	8,000,000
10	Canada.....	430,000	4,500,000
	Total.....	74,855,000	2,837,000,000
12½	Which would leave for the United States....	8,500,000	38,000,000
	Grand total.....	83,355,000	2,875,000,000

We think, however, that the stated number of consuming individuals in the United States is rather too high.

ANOTHER RAISE IN CHAMPAGNE.

Dispatches from Paris indicate that there is shortly to be another raise in the price of champagne. The dispatch is as follows:

"The vintners announce an advance of twelve and one-half francs per dozen on champagne. The reason given for this advance is that they apprehend considerable damage to future vintages by the ravages of the phylloxera. This, however, is considered to be only a pretext to obtain higher prices. Experiments made in various parts of France prove that the wine-growers are now able to successfully combat the phylloxera. The real reason for the advance in the price is that the growers, who have hitherto been at the mercy of the shippers, have formed a combination and raised the price of champagne. The shippers, in turn, have increased the price to consumers."

This is a pretty prospect for consumers of foreign champagnes considering the advances already made on account of the passage of the McKinley Bill and the determination of hotel men to pinch the public.

NEW METHOD OF PURIFYING LIQUORS.

We find in our esteemed contemporary, the *Brewers' and Dealers' Journal*, of Philadelphia, the following in its January issue:

A new process for the purification of distilled liquors is attracting considerable attention. Dr. Ira B. Cushing, of Brookline, Mass., made a discovery some ten years ago, the outcome of which is the "Cushing Process" for the mellowing and refining of liquors. From time to time attempts have been made to hasten results by an artificial process, but all such have proved either too expensive or were found to abstract important properties. The Cushing process, however, claims to do its work without detriment to the quality or flavor of the liquor. The company does not manufacture liquors; its sole business is to purify them. Heat and air are the factors employed in the process, the workings of which, in miniature, are exhibited in the window of the New York store, and as described by Dr. Cushing, are as follows:

"First, the air is washed and purified by Tyndall's well-known method, which destroys animal and vegetable impurities. It is then moderately heated and is forced by a steam air pump, through perforated pipes, into a large tank. It enters the liquor in minute streams, which permeate every portion and create a violent agitation. The air thoroughly oxidizes the fusel oil and at the same time volatilizes and expels into the open air the light, poisonous ethers, leaving the liquors perfectly pure and free from the aldehydes which produce headache, stupify and destroy the brain tissues."

The liquors treated by this company are obtained from the United States bonded warehouses.

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The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases.

DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above action it is recommended in all cases of Sexual Weakness and Want of Sexual Desire.

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Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

FINE OLD BRANDIES.

A London Writer's Interesting Account of Their Production and Characteristics.

Regarding the old brandies of France, the *London World* recently published the following interesting and instructive article.

Until the devastation of the vineyards by the *phylloxera*, old-fashioned family Wine Merchants, bought and held Brandies as other people do railway stock, and few investments paid better. It demanded absolutely no attention, and went on improving, and augmenting in monetary value, figuratively speaking, forever. Since the failure of the vintage, the consumption has fallen—thanks in a great measure to false rumors, to say nothing of the change of fashion, which has caused our doctors to prescribe other stimulants—to as great an extent that there could have been no fear as to the supply of genuine Cognac for years to come. Moreover, the *phylloxera* did unquestionably make short work of the vines. There is no exaggeration in the statement that from 1881 to 1888 the making of legitimate Brandy virtually ceased. Since the latter year, however, great changes have been worked, resulting in a vintage of nearly eleven million gallons of excellent quality in 1890. Thus, happily, the future is secure; although this quantity is merely an indication of revival. As regards the other counts, it is a fact that a good deal of the brandy sold at 'popular prices' is not grown in the Charente district. Much of it is none the less of very respectable character. It is made from pure grape juice, and is sometimes distilled with an admixture of real Cognac, rendering the blend truly artistic. The lighter Jerez Wines have been found suitable to this purpose, and are being used with considerable success. Of the dreadful compound labelled 'Foreign Cognac Brandy,' and retailed at three shillings and sixpence a bottle—German potato-spirit, which has made a trip to France to receive a final polish—it is impossible to speak too severely, and it is to be regretted that our Customs' arrangements do not prohibit its entry into this country under the same title as the genuine article.

As to the term *fine Champagne*. In old French, the word champagne signified a cultivated plain as contra-distinguished from land covered with timber. The original Brandy district was a champagne around Cognac. The increased demand for Brandy which arose during the present century, led to the clearing of the adjacent forest lands, and to their being planted with vines. But though this forest soil was similar, it was not found equal to that of the champagne, and deteriorated in proportion to the distance from the favored spot. Thus the Brandy *crus* were classed in order of merit *Champagne* and *bois*, these in turn being subdivided into *grande* or *fine Champagne* and *petite Champagne*; *borderies* or *premiere bois*, *fins bois*, *bons bois*, and *bois ordinaires*.

The land in these districts is almost entirely parcelled out in ten, twenty and thirty acre lots among peasant proprietors. In the good old times, these peasants grew their wine and converted it into spirit by means of a primitive little still which most of them possessed. Those who were without a still, borrowed their neighbors'. When they wanted money, they clapped on their Sunday blouse, put a cask of brandy on a truck, and went off to market to meet the brokers of the great blending Houses. But these good people were either greedy or foolish. They exhausted the land year after year, and returned nothing to it. And so when the *phylloxera* came, the vines succumbed at once. After the last good vintage in 1878, came two lean years, the result of bad weather; then, in 1881, came the insect scourge. In despair they tore out of the ground what remained of the withered roots of their vines, and bade farewell to vine-growing. But the great shippers had faith—and money. They formed a powerful syndicate, imported healthy young vines from America and engaged the most skillful viticulturists. They placed everything, new vines and the highest technical skill, virtually at the free disposition of the peas-

ant proprietors, though the cost of replanting amounts to £40 per acre. But so disheartened were the peasants, that comparatively little progress was made till 1888, when something happened to revive their hope. In one spot near Cognac, a few withered vines had been allowed to remain in the ground. In that year—the year of a splendid vintage, it will be remembered—these plants returned, as it were, unexpectedly to life. The phenomenon seemed of good augury, and since then, the replanting has proceeded satisfactorily. Nor is it likely, after their past experience, that these chess-board agriculturists will again so neglect their patches as to render their vines an easy prey to the first mischievous grub that comes strolling along.

Indeed, it would seem that after years of vicissitude, and even threatened extinction, brandy is gaining ground all along the line; for simultaneously with the revival in supply and quality which enables it to silence traducers, there has been an increase in consumption. The whirligig of time brings about strange revenges, and good old brandy, the universal medicine of our grandmothers, is at last emerging from the cloud. 'Brandy and Salt' was an elixir of life within the memory of people not particularly old—not older than gentlemen may confess to be; and a good glass of brandy-and-water was once the favorite beverage of Philistine fiction, from Mr. Pickwick to the late Lord Lytton's philosophic rogue, who said there was no earthly trouble it would not temporarily alleviate. The craze of fashion—medical fashion particularly—exalts this stimulant and depresses that, according to its whim; and the swing of the pendulum denotes that brandy is just now on the upward turn. Fortunate are they who possess that rarity, a decent cellar of it; and next to these, fortunate are those who, having confidence in their merchant, can seize the present opportunity of purchasing and laying down with confidence what will undoubtedly earn its money, and much more, during the years immediately before us."

THE THIRD STAMP SCHEME.

The Kentucky distillers who produce the fine hand made whiskies are discussing the third stamp idea but up to the present they have not agreed upon any definite plan of action. The plan is for the producers of such whiskies to adopt a third stamp for their goods so as to distinguish them from the flood of cheap early maturing whiskies which are equally entitled to the double stamp. Should this have been carried into effect there would have been three instead of two classes, the single stamp whiskies being blended or compounded, the double stamp being the quick maturing goods and the triple stamp whiskies representing the old-fashioned hand made, sweet or sour mash whiskies which are suitable for ageing.

It is a matter of regret that the distillers did not come to an agreement at their recent meeting in Louisville when the matter was discussed. The objection was that were there to be a third stamp it might guarantee that all whiskies produced in the manner specified would be of equal merit. However as the distillers are to meet monthly there may yet be a way of overcoming this objection. The third stamp would effectually prevent the sale of cheap goods as "fine Kentucky whiskies", and would do away with some of the competition to which the distillers by the old processes are subjected.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

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Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

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PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW,

The Only Wine and Liquor Trade Paper West
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SUBSCRIPTION \$3.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

RECENT TREASURY DECISIONS.

TRANSMISSION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 28, 1891.

To Officers of the Customs, New York.

In view of the continued numerous inquiries received at the Department regarding the construction to be placed on Section 6 of the Act of October 3, 1890, as to the marking of imported goods and packages, which is required on and after March 1, 1891, it is deemed proper to publish some of the conclusions reached by the Department in the premises, in addition to those contained in its Circular No. 136 of December 20, 1890, as follows, viz:

1. Packages containing beer manufactured in Germany, of German malt and Austrian hops, should be marked "Germany," as indicating the country of origin of the article, it being the opinion of the Department that the provisions of Section 6 of said Act relate to the manufactured article as a whole, and do not contemplate a consideration of the different ingredients of an article for the purpose of such marking, stamping, branding, etc.

3. All foreign manufactured articles, dutiable or free, which are "usually or ordinarily marked, stamped, branded or labeled" are required to be marked, etc., with the name of the country of origin.

4. The marking of packages of goods in this country, as the same are being discharged from the importing vessel, is inadmissible, and contrary to the spirit and intent of the said provision of law.

* * * * *

28. The law does not require the invoices of goods imported on and after March 1, 1891, shall exhibit the name of the country of origin of the goods covered thereby.

* * * * *

31. Goods which arrive in the United States on and after March 1, 1891, and appear by the bills of lading and other documents, to be merely intended for transit to Mexico or other foreign country, the same not being importations within the meaning of the statute, do not come within the scope of Section 6 as to marking, stamping, branding, etc.

32. There is no authority under the provisions of Section 6 for requiring the name of the maker or manufacturer of an article to appear thereon, in addition to the name of the country of origin.

WILLIAM WINDOM, Secretary.

BENEDICTINE AND BOTTLES CONTAINING SAME.

New York, January 14, 1891.

Before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York, January 14, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 1570 *et seq.* of Gourd & Tournade, against the rate of duty assessed by the Collector at the Port of New York on certain "Benedictine" and bottles, imported per *La Bourgogne*, September 22, 1890.

OPINION BY WILKINSON, General Appraiser.

Duty was assessed on the liqueur Benedictine, under paragraph 313, at two dollars per gallon, and on the bottles containing it at three cents each, under paragraph 310, act of March 3, 1883.

Appellants claim that the rate should be fifty per cent. ad valorem on the Benedictine as a proprietary preparation, under paragraph ninety-nine, and thirty per cent. on the bottles, under paragraph 133.

Paragraph ninety-nine provides for proprietary cordials recommended to the public as remedies for diseases, at fifty per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 313 in enumerating various beverages, provides for liquors containing spirits at two dollars per gallon.

It is notorious that liqueur Benedictine contains spirits and is commonly used and commonly known as a spirituous beverage. Therefore even if this liqueur come within the class of proprietary articles imported in paragraph ninety-nine, it would be, by vir-

tue of section 2199, Revised Statutes, subject to the higher rate of duty named in paragraph 313.

The decision of the collector is accordingly affirmed, both as to the Benedictine and bottles.

AMENDMENT OF WAREHOUSING BOND.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 19, 1891.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

In Department circular No. 53 of 1890 it was decided "that section 20 of the new law (act of June 10, 1890) permits the retention of merchandise in bonded warehouses for more than one year, and not more than three years, from date of importation, without the imposition of the additional duty of ten per centum added by section 2970, Revised Statutes, upon its withdrawal for consumption."

In accordance with the above decision, the clause "with ten per centum added upon the amount," should be stricken from the condition in the "warehousing bond" as it appears in Form 137, General Customs Catalogue No. 704, and New York Customs Catalogue No. 697.

A. B. NETTLETON, Acting Secretary.

ENTRY OF GOODS VALUED AT LESS THAN \$100.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 3, 1891.

SIR: The Department is in receipt of your letter of the 10th ultimo, transmitting the application of Messrs. S. L. Jones & Co. for a change in the practice now prevailing at your port concerning the entry of imported merchandise without consular invoices valued at less than \$100.

It appears that when satisfied that the claim is valid, and that the importation was not purposely broken up into small values to evade the requirement of the statute, you allow entry to be made by appraisement, while the applicants claim the privilege of making such entries by *pro forma* invoices in the same manner as is now customary at the port of New York and elsewhere.

Upon investigating the matter, the Department is of the opinion that while it is right that you should exercise all proper discretion under the provisions of section 4 of the act of June 10, 1890, in such matters, yet that no objection exists to allowing entry of merchandise where the value is \$100 or less on uncertified invoices, and without exacting bond for the subsequent production of consular invoices, provided that the importer complies with the conditions of such section in the manner indicated in the blank affidavit herewith inclosed.

The collector's action must, of course, be dependent upon the conditions and circumstances developed in each case.

This practice which prevails at the port of New York and elsewhere, is believed to be the safest and best course to pursue in order to insure the proper collection of the revenue on such importations. You will be governed accordingly.

Respectfully yours,

O. L. SPAULDING, Assistant Secretary.

Collector of Customs, San Francisco, Cal.

THE custom of "toasting" our favorites, appears to have had its rise in the reign of Charles II. Dr. Johnson observes that the meaning of the word at its first use was "a celebrated woman whose health is often drunk;" and the reason of her being so termed may be found in the "Tatler," which says:—"It happened that on a public day a celebrated beauty of the these times (King Charles II.) was in the Cross Bath, at Bath, and one of the crowd of her admirers took a glass of the water in which the fair one stood, and drank her health to the company. There was in the place, a gay young fellow half-fuddled, who offered to jump in, and swore, though he liked not the liquor, he would have the toast. He was opposed in his resolution, yet this whim gave foundation to the present honor which is done to the lady we mention in our liquor, who has ever since been called a 'toast.'"

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chace, 1041 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.



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HAND MADE
SOUR MASH

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OWENSBORO, KY.

SHORT

DO **HORN**

GLENMORE

DISTILLED BY
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R. MONARCH, PRES.
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Our Gooperage is our own manufacture.

OUTS AND PROOF GUARANTEED

Goods delivered F. O. B. either Boat or Cars.

We have spared neither effort nor expense to make "GLENMORE" the finest early maturing Sour-Mash Whiskey ever produced in Kentucky and the flattering recognition extended to that brand by the trade is proof enough to us that our efforts have been crowned with entire success.

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CHAS. MEINECKE & CO., IMPORTERS.

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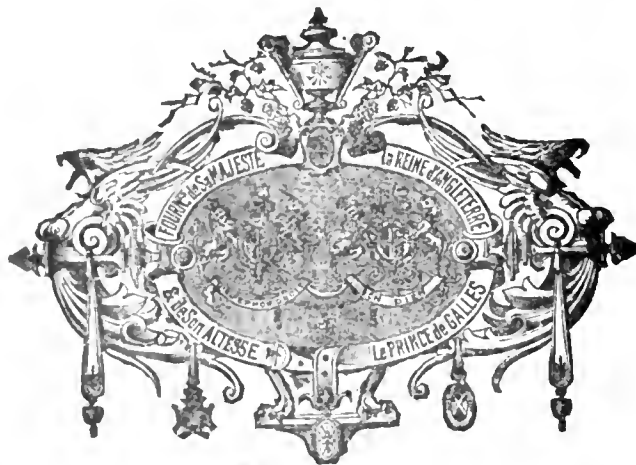


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For Sale by all First-class Wine Merchants and Grocers.

Specialty also of High-grade Clarets, Sauternes and Old Cognacs.

A DESERVED COMPLIMENT.

In a recent article regarding I. De Turk of Santa Rosa, the *Louisville Wine and Spirit Bulletin* says:

Mr. De Turk dates his experience as a grower from the feeble beginning of the production, down through the dark and profitless years of experiment, stemming the tide of prejudice and opposition, until to-day he stands on the apex of success and views with satisfactory pride the grand results of his own and confreres' years of labor.

His wines have always been sent out under true colors, labeled "California Wines," and the enviable reputation they have attained wherever introduced speaks volumes for their purity and general excellence.

California owes much to such men as Mr. De Turk, who at a sacrifice of priceless years of life and private fortunes have compelled attention and admiration from people of every clime for the golden dew and purple tears, crushed from the oldest of the world's known fruits, nurtured on the sunny hillsides of California.

Mr. De Turk is an extensive shipper of wines to this market and has established in Chicago a central depot where the wines are received from his vineyard, clarified, racked and re-shipped to his many customers throughout the East.

This depot is controlled exclusively by the well-known house of Delafield, McGovern & Co., in whose spacious cellar Mr. De Turk's wines are rested and where all the bottling is done for the trade east of the Rocky mountains. In thus placing his wines in the care of a reliable house, Mr. De Turk feels assured that his interests are ably and faithfully represented.

THE CHICAGO CAFE.

On the 5th. inst. the final meeting of the merchants and producers who are identified with the plan to establish a Viticultural Cafe in Chicago, was held at the Viticultural Commission. Nearly all of the parties who are going to have their wines on sale at Messrs Franckx & Ruhlemann's Chicago establishment were at the meeting.

The final arrangement between the wine men and Franckx & Ruhlemann were concluded. On the 6th. Mr. Franckx took a run up to St. Helena where he was entertained by Tiburcio Parrott and others, and on the 7th. he left for Chicago.

By this time Mr. Franckx has arrived in Chicago and the active work of establishing the Cafe has now begun.

Mr. Franckx should make a great hit with his place in Chicago. He is an indefatigable worker and will push the place prominently to the fore. Mr. Ruhlemann, who is not a whit less capable, will no doubt continue to make the local cafe what it is now—a first class restaurant with first class attendance and the best things for the inner man.

The Chicago trade will find Mr. Franckx's place well worth visiting once it is established.

A WINE DEALER of Odessa has conceived the idea of manufacturing champagne out of Caucasian, Bessarabian and Crimean grapes. He put himself into communication with manufacturers of that article in the Champagne district, and succeeded in interesting in his undertaking some of the wealthiest among them. A careful trial was made of the Russian grapes, and it was found that they would yield the finest qualities of champagne. Accordingly a company of French wine producers has been formed, a large factory with all the necessary machinery for producing and bottling champagne has been built in Odessa, and experts have been engaged. The whole outfit of the factory was imported from France; and even the first million of bottles were ordered from there. But if it will be found that bottles strong enough can be made in Russia, a special glass factory will be built in Odessa to supply the requirements of the new company.

Cincinnati Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

CINCINNATI, O. February 24, 1891.

Being located in the principal whisky market of the country, and having had years of experience in the trade, I desire to give the readers of your valued journal, a warning as to the situation in this city and Kentucky.

In a previous letter, I said that business was somewhat backward; this is still the condition of trade. Nevertheless prices have not receded, but on the contrary they have strengthened somewhat.

The older have almost all gone into consumption, and the time for the withdrawals of the '88s still in bond has arrived. They will all be withdrawn during the next three months, leaving the trade dependent on the '89s and '90s. As time goes along, these goods are bound to advance in price, and holders of them have every reason to be confident over the situation.

As for the '91 crop, it is only right to say that great uneasiness is felt. Buyers are not as numerous as the distillers would like to see, and it is undeniable that the crop is to a large extent left on the distillers' hands. The distillers have two obstacles confronting them; one the high price of grain, and the other the reluctance of purchasers to invest. Consequently a reduction of the crop is to be anticipated and it would not surprise me in view of the recent determination of the leading distillers to shorten their output, to see a considerable reduction from last year's quantity. Possibly this reduction of Bourbons may amount to one-half. This is the safest and most conservative plan and the foremost distillers are prompt to see it.

The prices of Eastern ryes are not so firm as they have been. Still there is a fair movement in the different brands of those goods.

The California wine trade is good. In the city of Cincinnati the demand is constantly improving.

R. Culbert of Culbert & Taylor, New York, stopped over here a few days recently. He reports a fine trade.

Nicholas Oester, distiller of the Greendale Bourbon, Lawrenceburg, Ind., was in the city recently and reports having placed several nice lots of his goods of different ages.

George C. Buchanan, the prominent Louisville broker, was one of our recent visitors. Old whiskies are his specialty, and he has placed some lots of favorite brands.

Mr. M. Mihalovitch, of Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co., fruit brandy distillers, will leave New York next Monday for Europe, and will be gone for two months.

Mr. W. S. Hume, distiller of the celebrated W. S. Hume, paid Cincinnati a short visit of one day, last week.

Mr. Lehman, representing I. De Turk of San Francisco, was here and reported sales large in his line.

Mr. Fred Lyons of Louisville, was here representing the firm of Weeks & Campbell. Fred is a hustler from wayback. Keep it up Freddie, we are with you.

Mr. Coblens was on change recently in the interest of the Phillip Hamberger Co., Pittsburg. Mr. Coblens sold some large lots of Eastern rye and bought several lots.

Mr. E. H. Taylor Jr., of the Old Taylor fame, called last week.

Mr. Charles Schubert, one of the largest wholesale dealers of Ft. Worth, Texas, was one of the visitors on change last week.

SHAW.

We have just received a copy of the first issue of the *Anti-Prohibitionist*, a monthly magazine, published at Mount Holly, N. C. The subscription is fifty cents per year. It is well put together, and of a very convenient size. It will be devoted to the interest of personal liberty and equal rights against all class legislation. The editors state that its columns will always be open to a full and honest discussion of any theory. We wish our bright little contemporary all success and prosperity.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships

J. F. Fackler & Co., N. M.
J. W. Fackler & Co., N. M.
W. A. Fackler
Miller & Sons - Sokane Falls,
Astoria, Ore. W. F. Miller con-
tinues
C. J. Fackler, Portland, Or., dis-
solved
L. L. Fackler, Caspar, Wyo.,
dissolved
L. Fackler, wholesale liquors,
New Whatcom Wash. dissolved
S. Rosenbaum and D. Wurtenberg re-
tire
Purcell & Willig, saloon, Los Angeles,
Cal. dissolved; D. Purcell continues
Corson & Corson, hotel, Kent, Or., dis-
solved
McCauley & Barker, restaurant, San Fran-
cisco, dissolved
Benton & Adams, saloon, Colfax, Wash.,
dissolved; S. B. Benton continues
Desbert & Baithel, saloon, Deming, N.
M., dissolved
Blackwood & Barnett, saloon, Roswell,
N. M., dissolved; John Blackwood
continues
Hitch & Tence, hotel, Ukiah, Cal., dis-
solved; Hitch continues
Butler & Kelley, saloon, Phoenix, Ariz.,
dissolved; B. Butler continues
Kohler & Hill, saloon, Butte, Mont., dis-
solved
McDermott & Ryan, saloon, etc., Green
River, Wyo., dissolved
Gordner & Falconer, saloon, Daggett,
Cal., dissolved; A. Falconer contin-
ues
Trustwell & Fraser, hotel, Huntingdon, B.
C., dissolved; T. F. Trustwell contin-
ues
P. Farnio & Co., saloon, etc., Trinidad,
Colo., Newman retires
Livingston & McManus, saloon, Ogden,
Utah, dissolved

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

J J Brady, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
C Hewley, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
J Izola, saloon, Plymoueth, Cal., attached.
A Christofanelli & Co., saloon, Santa Cruz Cal., attached.
H R Malatesta, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., attached in insolvency.
A Hart, saloon, Colton, Cal., in insolvency.

NAMES OF HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, SALOONS, ETC., IN
INSOLVENCY.

J. Shalt, restaurant, Tacoma, Wash., attached.

Joe Watson, saloon, Portland, Ore., attached.

Q. W. Owens, saloon, Selma, Cal., attached.

C. A. Deamer, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

F. C. Robinson & Co., saloon, Livingston, Mont., attached.

M. E. Nichols, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

J. B. Marvin, hotel, Oakland, Cal., attached.

G. W. Owens, saloon, Selma, Cal., attached.

J. McKee, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

J. Fitzgerald, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

D. Getz, saloon, Marshfield, Ore., attached.

N. W. Fitch, saloon, New Castle, Wyo., attached.

E. L. & W. E. Schooley, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

H. D. Hopkins, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., attached.

C. E. Grant, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Kahn & Watkins, saloon, Seattle, Wash., attached.

H. W. Gardiner, saloon, San Francisco, attached.

H. Ell, bottler, Denver, Colo., attached.

B. Radoyich, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Hassler Bros., restaurant, Tombstone, Ariz., assigned.

J. W. Powers, saloon, Ashland, Or., in insolvency.

Chas. Westphal, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., in insolvency.

F. Pomeroy, hotel, Lompoc, Cal., in insolvency.

F. Sprague, restaurant, Denver, Colo., attached.

Hoppe & Lahr, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

Sold Out.

B. Egan, saloon, Portland, Or.
Robert Shortell, saloon, Portland, Or.
McTear, saloon, etc., Pullman, Wash., to
C. F. McClary.
Arthur Fairbanks, restaurant, Seattle.

J. V. Lantlarks,
 Spokane Falls, Wash.,
 A. M. _____, hotel, Vancouver, B.
 _____ & Lee,
 _____ & _____, saloon, Denver, Colo.,
 _____, Seattle, Wash.,
 _____, saloon, Portland, Or.,
 A. E. _____, hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal., to
 _____, _____,
 _____, saloon, Tacoma, Wash.,
 P. _____, hotel, Temecula, Cal.,
 Laird & Hartman, saloon, Albina, Or.,
 Knipple & Hack, wholesale liquor, Port-
 land, Or., to I. Kranz & Co.,
 Ward & Co., hotel, Castle Rock, Wash.,
 to H. Boyle,
 Wm. Outcalt, saloon, Boulder, Colo.,
 J. E. Taylor, saloon, La Grande, Or.,
 P. Laput, San Francisco, Cal.,
 J. A. Ranken, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.,
 H. S. Dahl, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., to
 Mühlenbruch & Bentley,
 S. I. Taylor, saloon, Evans, Colo., to W.
 H. Bros.,
 Gus Brown, saloon, Seattle, Wash., to
 Patterson & Co.,
 E. B. Moore, saloon, Copperopolis, Cal.,
 Mrs. Sutton, hotel, Hawthorne, Nev., to
 O. W. Whiting,
 F. C. Zucetta, saloon, Bradley, Cal.,
 Marco, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal.,
 Geo. Marshall, restaurant, Seattle, Wash.,
 J. Bakke, saloon, Portland, Or.,
 Jno. O'Leary, saloon, Seattle, Wash.,
 Powers & Welsh, saloon, Seattle, Wash.,
 W. Laferty, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.,
 A. H. Davis, hotel, Puyallup, Wash., to
 M. J. & J. Gardner,
 Harry Hunt, restaurant, San Bernardino,
 Cal., to Cohn & Pasata,
 L. Lyon, saloon, Tombstone, Ariz.,
 M. B. Sheehan, restaurant, Los Angeles,
 Cal.,

Out of Business.

Walson & Sterry, restaurant, Roswell, N.
M.
L. Graimeiser, restaurant, Rohnerville,
Cal.
A. M. Jacobus, saloon, Crescent City Cal.
W. McMillan, saloon, Cloverdale, Cal.

Damage by Fire.

Joseph Bundschuk, saloon, Seattle, Wash.
J. A. Smith, saloon, Portland Or,
damaged.
Holt & Blew, saloon, Junction City, Or.
Harpole Bros., saloon, Junction City, Or.
Schraeder & Matt, saloon, Junction City
Or.
Clark & St. Clair, saloon, Denver, Colo.
Frontier House, Los Animas, Colo.
D. Mudgett, saloon, Fortuna, Cal.
Fremont House, Fortuna, Cal.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

J. Christ, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
Wilson & Hinkey, hotel, Nampa, Idaho.
John Snyder, hotel, Blue Canyon, Cal.
H. Portman, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.
W. J. Kenny, saloon, Bonner's Ferry,
Idaho.
Walker & Dean, restaurant, Oakland, Cal.
Walker & Dean, restaurant, Oakland, Cal.
F. E. McLeod, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
Geo. Westerman, restaurant, Denver, Col.
J. Doyle, saloon, Julian, Cal.
H. W. Hardier, saloon, San Francisco
Cal.
John Mills, restaurant, Albina, Or.
J. A. Agnew, saloon, Baker City, Or.

Deceased.

M. J. Reilly, hotel, Tacoma, Wash.
Wm. Miller, hotel, Napa Cal.
John C. Eddy, saloon, Darwin, Cal.
Forbes & Wilson, saloon, Linkville, Or.
J. F. Forbes deceased.
E. Clements, hotel, Lake Valley, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

Omiero & Co., saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
C. Omiero conveyed realty \$3500.

(Chas. Harding, saloon, Gallup, N. M.
\$2500).

D. H. Good & Co., saloon, Tekoa, Wash.
conveyed realty \$2643, gave bill of
sale.

C. Kohn & Co., wholesale liquors, Port-
land, Or., N. Kohn received deed
\$2750.

B. B. Dobbas, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
received deed \$10.

E. L. & H. Lockhart, hotel, Albuquerque
N. M., trust deed \$600.

L. Giese, saloon, Portland, Or., received
deed \$200.

Franz Felder, saloon, Portland, Or., con-
veyed realty \$400.

Carmelita Vineyard Co., Fresno, Cal.
received deed \$32,000

H. C. Dougherty, saloon, Vernon, Cal.
conveyed realty \$600.

G. Seaman, saloon, Gilroy, Cal., conveyed
realty \$250.

Fabian Bros., saloon, San Francisco
Cal., C. A. Fabian, received deeds
\$10, \$10 and \$10.

Botefur & Co., wholesale liquors, Port-
land, Or.; F. Botefur, received deed
\$1000.

Realty Mortgages.

G. W. Meylert, hotel, Albuquerque, N. M., \$17,500.
B. B. Dobbas, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$2050.
C. Deleval & Co., wholesale liquors, San Diego, Cal., C. Deleval \$2,000.

F. A. HABER,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE

Table Wines and Fine Brandies

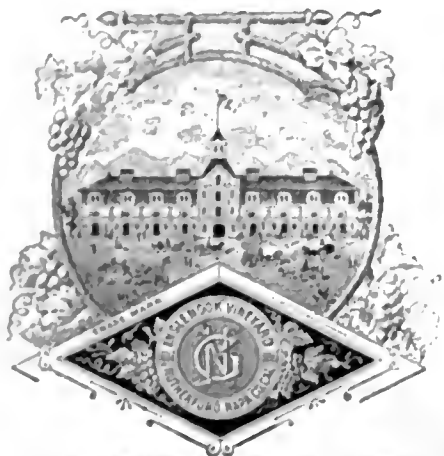
GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated

INGLENOOK VINEYARD.

OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO. CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry
and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.



C. Kohn & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., N. Kohn \$1,375.
 W. F. Cook, hotel, Canyon City, Colo., \$4,500.
 U. S. Brewing Co., Tacoma, Wash., \$1,500.
 C. Langert, wholesale liquors, Tacoma, Wash., \$14,000.
 R. Rosenthal, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$2,000.
 M. Murnane, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., \$1,000.
 E. J. Levy, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$2500.
 John O'Keefe, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$2,400.
 Geo. Stevens, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,500.

Chattel Mortgages.

Suisher & Creek, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$709.
 E. Oakley, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$1,390.
 V. Pfeffer, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$429.
 T. N. Moore, saloon, Portland, Or., \$125.
 Risdon & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$420.
 Matt. Anderson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$375.
 W. H. Bartley, hotel, Guerneville, Cal., \$600.
 G. P. Seidler, restaurant, Portland, Or., \$150.
 A. Mangin, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 E. Tiegenson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$800.
 R. Rosenthal, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,100.
 W. H. Bell, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$248.
 Hanson & Co., saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$350.
 Bielser & Co., hotel, Denver, Colo., \$1,765.
 S. S. Keffle, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$250.
 J. Wolf, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$692.
 W. O'Brien, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$457.
 Nichols & Bennett, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$300.
 Charles Herman, saloon, Portland Or., \$500.
 F. Kranz & Co., saloon, Portland, Or., \$400.
 J. Schwab, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$662.
 H. F. Jones, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,190.
 J. H. Hilderbrandt, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,500.
 Doyle & Gilbert, saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$225.
 E. P. Gillette, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,000.
 L. Gerhard, saloon, Albina, Or., \$1,000.
 Wm. Scourfield, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,350.
 L. N. Beauchemin, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1,282.
 J. W. Hartwell, saloon, Ballard, Wash., \$600.
 John McNeil, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$5,000.
 T. Hanley, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$105.
 H. D. Longaker, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$318.
 A. L. McDonald, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$186.
 Lueker & Schoen, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$172.
 F. Breher, hotel, Denver, Colo., \$2118.
 E. Hoffmeister, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$750.
 F. S. Hesse, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$500.
 A. Malstrom, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$150.
 F. Kranz, saloon, Portland, Or., \$662.
 Geo. O'Kada, restaurant, Portland, Or., \$230.
 S. B. Benton, saloon, Colfax Wash., \$800.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

D. R. Good & Co., saloon, Tekoa, Wash., sued \$2,213.
 Tweedy & Callahan, saloon, Ballard, Wash., \$119.
 Sunberg & Nyman, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$570.
 Dinkelspiel & Karr, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., chattel mortgage foreclosed \$450.
 M. & K. Gottstein, wholesale liquors, Seattle, Wash., sued \$2405.
 Kain & Watkins, saloon, etc., Seattle, Wash., sued \$590.

Mortgages Discharged.

J. J. Hanifin, saloon, Oakland, Cal., \$2,000.

Miscellaneous.

T. O. Abbott, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., leased to M. J. Reilly.
 Mrs. E. Casey, saloon, etc., Martinez, Cal., sheriff's sale.

A man who has practiced medicine for forty years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most forty years, and would say that in all my practice and experience, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours truly,

L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,
 Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give \$100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
 F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
 Sold by Druggists, 75c.

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ARIEL LATHROP, Pres. T. HOPKINS, Tres.

WM. HARNEY, Mgr. and Sec'y.

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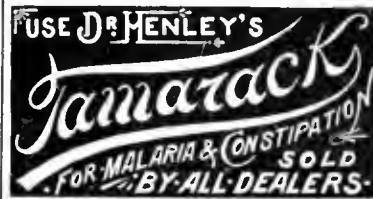
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FLANNELS.

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Try Dr. Henley's Specialties TAMARACK AND I. X. L. BITTERS.



Depot and Laboratory, 23 Montgomery Ave., S. F.

Liquor Flavors WILLIAM H. RUDKIN,

74 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

A Complete Catalogue will be forwarded by mail on receipt of business card.

Goods For Sale in California only by

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THE HIRAM SIBLEY FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSES.

STORAGE

GRAPE BRANDIES IN BOND; also for CALIFORNIA WINES, CHAMPAGNES, DRIED FRUITS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. We receive, store, pay tax, deliver or re-ship to any part of the country at reasonable rates. Direct all correspondence to

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CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY,

Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

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Office Furniture, Etc.

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GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Seeds, Trees and Plants

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

"OLD TAYLOR"

THE PREMIER KENTUCKY WHISKY.

E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, - Frankfort, Ky.

LARGEST DISTILLERS
OF PURE BRANDY
IN THE WORLD.

WALDEN

Trade



COGNAC

Mark.

DISTILLERIES:
GEYSERVILLE AND
ST. HELENA, CAL.

WALDEN.

This Brandy, made after the French formula, from selected fresh grapes, has been successfully introduced, and is now regularly sold in the principal markets of Europe, in competition with French Cognac. Official German and English chemists have pronounced it the purest Brandy which comes to their markets.

It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French, the American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

WALDEN & CO.,

Eastern Office, 41 Beaver Street, New York.

GEYSERVILLE, SONOMA COUNTY, CAL.

NATOMA VINEYARD CO.

TABLE GRAPES, TOKAYS, MUSCATS, ETC.

Red and White Wines and Brandies.

Vineyards, Winery and Distillery,

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D. HENSHAW WARD, Gen. Mgr.

MAX. M. HALLE,

Distillers' Agent and Commission Merchant,

142 W. MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Special Attention Paid to the Unbonding and Shipping of Whiskies,
and the Placing of Insurance.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices, The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

[The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.]

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 81.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.90	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00	
Port, 1886.....	4.00	
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00	
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00	
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50	
Tokay, 1881.....	8.00	
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50	
Hoek, 1885.....	3.50	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00	
Frontignan.....	9.00	
Sherry.....	9.00	
Port (old).....	12.00	
Port.....	6.00	

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscatel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 1.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00	
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00	
Hoek, 1885.....	3.50	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884	5.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00	
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885	3.50	
Szalmari.....	3.50	
Szegszarji Feherhup Type "1885....."	4.00	
Port, 1884.....	5.00	
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00	
" 1884.....	6.00	
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84	4.50	
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y'85	5.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00	
" 1885.....	10.00	

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00	
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50	
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00	
St. Helena Hoek '86.....	3.50	
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50	
Traminer, '82.....	5.50	
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00	
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00	
California Cognacs.....		
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00	
**Red ".....	10.00	
***Green ".....	12.00	

INGLENOOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50	
Zinfandel.....	4.50	
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50	
Burgundy type.....	5.50	
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85	5.50	
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885	4.50	
Hoek, Bhenish type ".....	6.00	
Burger, Chablis type ".....	5.00	
Riesling, Johannisberg type ".....	0.50	
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.		
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.		

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.		
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hoek.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hoek.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
" Cordial.....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beclan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
" ".....	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
" ".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry ".....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
" ".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chance, Livermore.

Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.		
	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hoek.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscatel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00	
Burgundy, ".....	3.00	
Riesling, ".....	3.25	
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883	5.25	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00	
Sauterne.....	4.00	
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.	6.00	
Port, 1885.....	4.00	
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00	
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82	6.00	
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co)	4.00	
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.	5.50	
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00	
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00	
Madeira and Malaga, 1885..	5.50	
Pineapple wines.....	4.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00	
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00	

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Noupareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD.
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.

Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California st, S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (L'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINEKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums		
per case.....	31.00	
Chacnet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bckt	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per		
case.....	21.00	22.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

QUARTS. PINTS		
Pommery Sec.....	\$32.50	\$34.50

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Carte Blanche.....	31.00	33.00
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JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry

Vergenay.....	\$25.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Pri-		
uate Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.


(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Quarts.	
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81..	10.50
" le Palm, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Beychevelle, 1881..	15.00
Ducru Beaucailon, 1881..	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878..	22.00
Brown Cantenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878..	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Marguix, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878..	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Maigaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Monton Rothschild '80	35.00

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CALIFORNIA
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12 MURRAY STREET.
New York.


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San Francisco.

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Shoa, Boqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of
Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
... M. J. Ponsardin & Co. Champagne of the Age.

Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

ESTABLISHED 1861
NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
30 South William Street, New York
Sole Manufacturers of the
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
N. B.—Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Excluded as Substitutes.

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Wines and Brandies

BRANDY, CLARET, ANGELICA, SAUTERNE, ZINFANDEL, SHERRY, HOCK, MUSCAT, PORT, RIESLING, TOKAY, GUTEDEL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.

Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.



Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.
THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.

Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELMAN & CO., J. DE BARTH SHORB,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault, President San Gabriel Wine Co.
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK. SAN GABRIEL, CAL.




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Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



California Wine Grower's Union
PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave, San Francisco, Cal.

LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.
WHITE LABEL, "CARTE BLANCHE," **BROWN LABEL, "GRAND VIN SEC,"**
A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine
See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.



CHARLES MEINECKE & CO. 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00
C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits Burgundies, white and red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co., Oporto, Port wines per case.....	15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co., Oporto, Port Wines, in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 5.50
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown Brand in 1/2.....	1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....	2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	5.00 to 6.00
Boord & Son, London Dock Sherry, per case.....	12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz Rhine Wines per case.....	8.50 to 28.00
Schnitz & Wagner, Frankfurt o M Rhine Wines per case.....	11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER, 210 Front street, San Francisco.	
Per Gallon.	
Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co., 410 Front street, San Francisco.	
Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite.....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN. 322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Hvain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE. 323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.	
Phenix Old Bourbon, Al... " " " Old St'k " " " Al, 90 pf " " " OK, 100pf " " " Pony, Priv St'k Club House Bourbon, Old... Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf Union Club " " Superior Whisky..... " BB Whisky.....	\$2.75 3.00 2.50 3.50 4.00 4.50 2.50 2.25 1.75 1.75

LIQUORS—In cases.	
Phenix Bourbon OK, in 5s " " " Al, " " " " Al, 24 pts " " " Al, 48 1/2 pt Union Club Bourbon, 24 pts " " " 48 1/2 pts Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s. Rum Punch Extract, in 5s.. Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	Per Case \$10.00 7.50 8.00 9.00 7.50 8.50 7.50 8.00 7.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co., 404 Front street, San Francisco.	
Per Gallon.	
Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " pf	4.00
B " " "	3.50
C " " "	3.00
No. 1 " " "	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2 dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

JOSEPH MELTZER & CO. 504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon, (per bbl) per gallon	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO. 123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater	\$ 4.00
" " per case.....	7.50
WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco	
W. H. McBrayer, 1885.....	\$2.75
CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia, Bourbon and Rye whiskies.....	\$1.90 to \$3.50
KOLB & DENHARD. 422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Nonparell Rye and Bourbon	\$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Boord & Son, London Finest Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Connagh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Brandies.

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " ** "	19.00
" " " *** "	22.00
" " VSO "	28.00
" " WSOP "	50.00


CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co., Bontellean & Co. man- agers Cognac in Octaves per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co. Bontellean & Co. man- agers Reserve Vintages.	10.50 to 14.00
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch Whisky, in 1/2 casks....	4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand Jamaica Rums in 1/2 casks.....	5.25 6.50

W. B. CHAPMAN. 123 California street, San Francisco. (H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)	
Quarts.	
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re- serve, 1858.....	40.00
JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., 308 California Street, San Francisco.	
W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac.	26.00 28.00

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)	
WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco-	
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" med. " "	10.00
Eyan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	13.50
" " per cs. 4 doz 6.00	
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromaticque per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case	6.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Market street, San Francisco. (BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)	
Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00	
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in cases of 15 large black bottles per case.....	23.50
" in cases of 15 large white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholi Freres Bavarian Highland, per case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W. Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50



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PARIS EXPOSITION.
1889.
GOLD MEDAL

OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
VINEYARD,
1885.

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CALIFORNIA.

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BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

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50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

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Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
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Under Hackmeier's Hotel,
San Francisco, Cal.

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CALIFORNIA.

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NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,

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NEW YORK, N. Y.

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Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

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TELEPHONE 87.

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A. MALPAS, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

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MUSCAT,	HOCK,
ANGELICA,	SAUTERNE,
ROYAL NECTAR,	OLD PORT,
ZINFANDEL,	GUTEDL.
SHERRY,	RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

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Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

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409 SANSOME STREET.
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Selected Stock of Choice Old Wines a Specialty.

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PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

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Eastern Agents,

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Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liqueurs.

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& Bourbon Whisky

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HIRSCHLER & CO.,

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Wine and Liquor Merchants.

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NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

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California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at


ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

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These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....				60	55	47½	.....	225	.....	225	.....	.....	Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Anderson Co. Club.....				57½										
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....				52½	40	40	37½	210				240		
Ashland.....				50	40	36½	.....	205		210				
Astor.....										225				
Atherton.....				52½		37½	.....	210				225	Fall 81 275	Cin C H
Ballard & Lancaster.....														
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....													Spr 81 285	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....				62½		45								
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....		82½	67½									257½		
Belle of Louisville.....				50										
Belle of Marion.....		85		70		40		210		225			Spr 81 300	
Belle of Nelson.....			80	77½		55								
Belmont.....				65										
Berkele, Wm.....			60	55	45	42½								
Berry, E. C.....				46										
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....				55		42½	32½						Spr 81 275	
Blakemore.....														
Blue Grass.....				52½	42½	37½				220		250	Spr 81 270	
Bond & Lillard.....		100		80	65	60		235		255		267½		
Bond, M. S.....			55	45	32	31½								
Boone's Knoll.....				75	62½	55		230		250				
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....				50		37½	32½	200						
Brownfield, W. W.....														
Buchanan.....				62½		52½		225					Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Callaghan.....														
Carlisle.....				60		55				225			Fall 80 325	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....	80	80		65		50								
Chickencock.....		65		52½	42½	40							Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....		62½	47½	43½	40	37½							Spr 81 285	
Cliff Falls.....				45										
Clifton.....										227½				
Commonwealth.....		62½		55		40								
Cook, C. B.....				45		30							Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....				67½		52½								
Craig, F. G.....				47½		35	37½							
Cornflower.....														
Cream of Anderson.....		75		65		47½								
Criterion.....				50	37½	35								
Crystal Spring.....				50		37½								
Cumberland.....				60		45							Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....				55		37½								
Dant, J. W.....				65										
Darling.....				55	40	37½								
Daviess County Club.....		72½		57½		40								
Dedman, C. M.....		75						210						
Double Spring.....				37½		37½								
Dundee.....				52½		40								
Durham.....		70		60		47½								
Early Times.....	82½	80		67½		52½								
Edge Cliff.....		85		75		60								
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....				55				210		230				
Elk Run.....				38½		30								
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....				45		35				215		235		
Fall City.....				35										
Fern Cliff.....						32½								
Fible & Crabb.....														
Field, J. W. M.....				60	37½	40								
Franklin.....						40								
Frazier, W. J.....				75	62½	60		207½						
Freeland.....				55	45	42½								
Garland.....														
Gladstone.....				52½										
Glenarme.....				50	35	32½								

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Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
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BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....					50									
Glen Springs.....													Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....				60		42½				250			Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....		77½		60		45								
Hackly, S. O.....			65	60	47½	42½				230				
Hanning, Jno.....			55	50		37½							Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....				45		40								
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....														
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....				47½										
Hermitage.....			92½	85	72½							280	Fall 81 325	
Hill & Hill.....		71		60		40								
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)	57½	52½			40	37½	32½							
Hume.....				50	42½	37½				225			Spr 82 265	
Indian Hill.....							25							
Jessamine.....														
Jockey Club.....						40								
Kellar, A.....			57½	52½	40					110	EG B			
Kentucky Club.....				67½	52½	47½				235				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....				52½		37½	32½							
Kentucky Cyclone.....						37½								
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....				55	42½	40			210		250			
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....				55		40								
Limestone.....														
McBrayer, J. A.....														
McBrayer, J. H.....				57½										
McBrayer, W. H.....				92½	72½	70		265						
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....				50		37½								
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....				48½	40	37½				215			Spr 84 235	
Mattingly & Moore.....			62½											
Mayfield.....			65	60	47½	45				235			Spr 81 300	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....		72½	57½	55	42½	40							Fall 81 275	
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....				50		37½				215				
Monarch, M. V.....				62½		52½								
Monarch, R.....				65	52½	50				225				
Monarch, T. J.....				57½		42½		110	EG			245	Spr 81 300	N Y C H
Moore, D. L.....														Lou
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....				62½	45	42½				110	E G		Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....		80		65		50								
Nelson.....			60	50	40	37½		200		215		225	Fall 81 275	
New Castle.....		60												
New Hope.....				65		50							Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			55	52½										
Oakwood.....		82½		70		52½		210						
O. F. C.....				75	65	62½		240					Spr 84 295	
Old Charter.....														
Old Crow.....			100	95		70						300	Spr 84 325	
Old Lexington Club.....						35								
Old Log Cabin.....		75												
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co.)				72½		60		260		285			Spr 84 290	
Old Oscar Pepper.....				75		62½		247½					Spr 84 325	
Old Tarr.....		100		60									Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....				52½	42½	38½								
Old Times.....					40	37½	32½							
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....				50	45									
Peacock.....				55		42½			225					
Pepper, R. P.....			52½										Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....						60	50							
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....				50		37½								
Richwood.....			60	55	42½	40	35							
Ripy, T. B.....			65	57½	46½	45		212½		225			Spr 81 300	L C H
Rohrer, D.....		60		45		35								
Rolling Fork.....				52½		37½								

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Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



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This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

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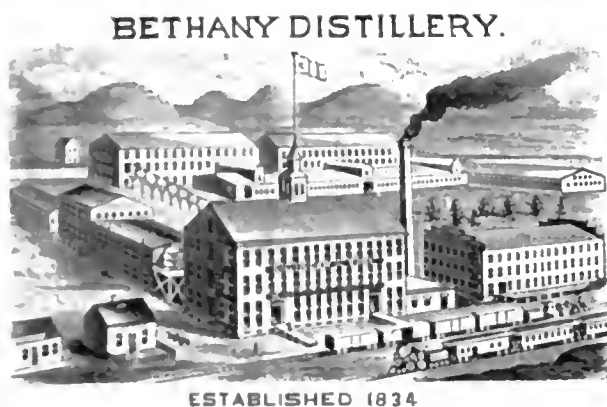
BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			62½	62½		45		217½						
Samuels, W. B. & Co.				55		42½								
Searey, J. S.		85		57½										
Searey, Wiley, (Old Joe.)		90												
Sharpe.														
Shawhan.														
Small Grain.						37½								
Smith & Smith						40								
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum).				50		37½								
Southall.									225					
Sovereign.				55		35								
Split Rock.					37	35								
Spring Hill.				62½		47½		245		255			Spr 81 325	
Spring Water.				65		50								
Stone, W. S. (Old).				60				210		220				
Sweetwood.				45	35									
Tippecanoe.						37½								
Taylor (Old)		95								275				
Tea Kettle.			60	51½	42½	38½	36½							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)		75	60	57½	42½	40								
Van Arsdell.						40							Spr 81 300	Lou
Van Hook.				47½		34								
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)						40		210						
Walker, J. M.				52½										
Warwick.				55	45	42½		200						
Waterfill & Frazier		90		70	57½	55		225						
Wathen Bros.		65		48½										
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)				62½		55								
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)				67½		60								
White Mills.			52½	45	37½	35								
Willow Run.						32½								
Woodland.				55	47½	45		210		230		240		
Zeno				70	57½	52½	47½							

KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland				62½					215					
Atherton.					50									
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.			57½											
Belle of Nelson.				75		60					252½			
Blue Grass.			82½	77½	60	57½		215						
Clarke's.														
Crétion				52½										
Crystal Spring.										230				
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater				55									Spr 80 350	
Excelsior.														
Franklin				75		55								
Greylock.														
Greystone														
Hermitage.			100	95	80					280		300	Spr 84 350	
Highland			65	60	65	55								
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.				55	50									
Lynchburg.				52½		40								
Marion Co. Distilling Co.				65	50									
Mattingly & Son, J. G.				50										
Melwood.		80	65											
Miles, E. L.				70	47½									
Millcreek				62½	55									
Monarch, M V.					65	60				250				
Nelson.					60									
Normandy.				75	60									
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)				80		67½		270		300			Spr 84 300	
Paris Club						52½								
Peacock.						47½								
Pepper, R. P.														
Rolling Fork.					50				215					
Short Horn (Dougherty's).						50								
Sovereign.					55	50					240			
Sunny Side.		75		65		53½								
Susquehanna.				65	52½	50	45							
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	60	55	50	45	40	35								
Wathen Bros.			70		55									
White Mills.				52½	42½	40								

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ANDERSON & NELSON DIST. CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
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J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	EASTERN RYES.	
MELLWOOD DISTY CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee. G. W. S.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
		THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
		SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.



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Braddock.....		125		87½	80	75	67½		275					
Bridgeport.....				77½	60	55	50		240	255				
Brookdale.....		85		70		55								
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....		95	85	75	65	55	50	47½						
Dougherty.....	120	107½		85	75	62½	55		265					
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	120	105	92½	82½	67½	62½	57½	260						
Frontier.....				57½										
Gibson.....	127½	122½		82½	65	60								
Guckenheimer.....	98½	95	82½	75	62½	57½	52½		242½		295	310	Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			97½	85	75	67½	60			300				
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	67½	62½	55	47½	40							
Lippencott.....							45							
Meadville.....				67½	62½	60								
Melvale.....	115	105	90	75	62½	60								
Monticello.....	107½	105				57½								
Montrose.....		75	65			40	37½							
Moore, Tom.....					75									
Mt. Vernon.....			105	6...	55	70	57½			340	350	400		
Orient.....			82½	7½	65	47½	45							
Overholt.....		115	87½	75	65	60			265	285	310		Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....		100	85	80	45	62½	55		267½	272½				
Somerset.....	75	65	57½	50		42½								
Stewart.....				75	60		55	35						
Tompson, Sam.....						50	47½							
Vandegrift.....					60	50	45							



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Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, Semillon, Verdot, Merlot, Beclan, Petit Syrah, Franken Riesling, Johannisberg Riesling, Mondense, Muscadell du Bordelaise,

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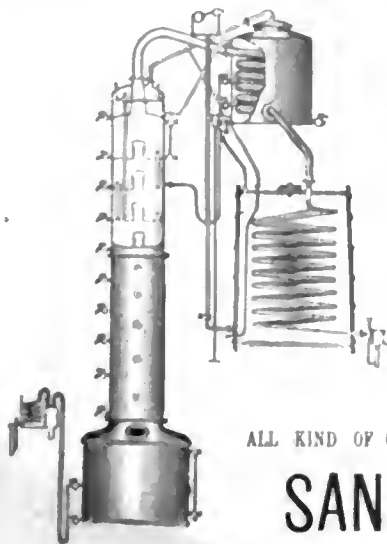
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This cut represents our latest Improved Continuous Still which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical; easily operated and separates the alcohol and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and reduces the cost fully ninety per cent in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

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If you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

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Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

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Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continuous supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO RUILEMANN,Viticulural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

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ESTABLISHED 1852.

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JESSE MOORE WHISKIES,

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*to have fully established the reputation of these whiskies on the Pacific Coast, and we guarantee them as represented***STRICTLY PURE.**

—When given a trial they speak for themselves. For sale in quantities to suit at—

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The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

MOORE & SELLIGER.



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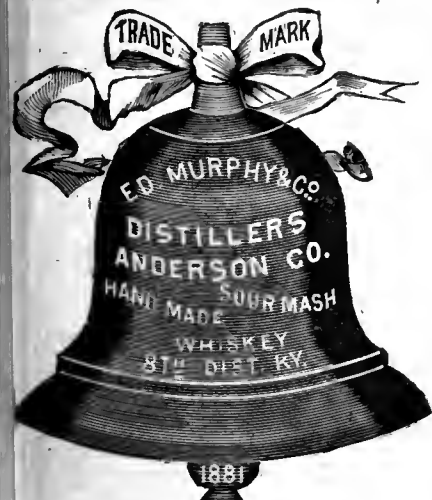
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Pure Fire Copper Whisky, made from the best of Grain and Cold Lime Stone Spring Water in the Old-Fashioned Way by Mashing in Small Tubs, and yeasting back pure sour mash. Whisky unbonded by us and shipped F. O. B. on boats free of charge

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Luyties Brothers,

Model Mammoth Wine Cellars

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ENTRANCES WILLIAM AND ROSE STREETS.

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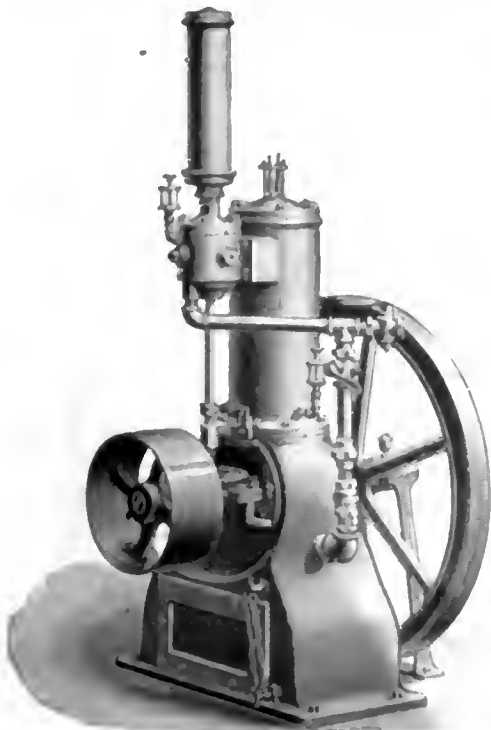
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June 12, '90

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Special facilities for the Storage of Grape and Fruit Brandy. Lowest Rates of Storage and Insurance. Also Proprietors of the Greenwich Dock United States Bonded Warehouses, and the Battery Street Free Warehouses for General Storage.



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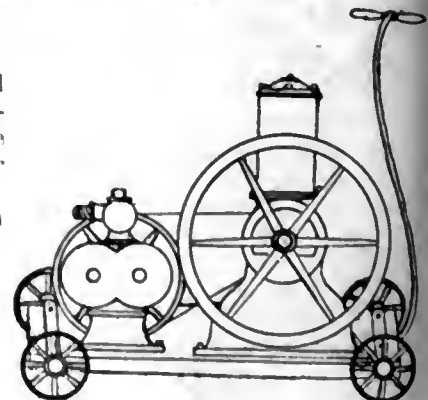
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We also build Stationary Vapor Engines from 1 to 20 horse power. Send for close estimate.

Electric Vapor Engine Co.,

Office, 218 California St., San Francisco.
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 5.

SAN FRANCISCO, MARCH 30, 1891.

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R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.

WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

Subscription per year—in advance, postage paid:

For the United States, Mexico and Canada.....	\$3 00
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Sole Agent for Pennsylvania and North-western New York.

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THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—There is little change in the trade situation, the spring business having only fairly opened. Transactions between the merchants in the city, and the producers are many, and the prices which have been realized, while hardly up to the ideas of the sellers, are better than was expected some time ago. Sweet wines are in fair demand. There is a scarcity of Angelicas and Sherries, while Ports are in full supply and are somewhat weaker under a poor demand.

Exports during the past fortnight were 88,927 gallons and 153 cases, of which 69,843 gallons and 10 cases went to New York. Receipts from the interior during February aggregated 954,318 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—The brandy situation continues to be satisfactory to holders of goods. There have been rumors afloat recently of the possibility of a combination among the principal holders for the purpose of putting up prices, but the latter seems to be all talk at the present writing. It is not believed that any combination is possible. Prices range from forty-seven and a half to fifty cents for '90 brandies. Exports during the past fortnight have been very small. Receipts from the interior during February were 44,795 gallons.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—The spring trade is opening up very favorably for the best brands. The dealers are all awaiting the result of the movement of the distillers to decrease production, with considerable interest. Every one looks forward to a fine year's business.

Exports of whisky during the past fortnight amounted to 77 cases and 590 gallons, valued at \$1389. Receipts of whisky in the same period, by rail, were 729 barrels, and the receipts of spirits in the same were 1,350 barrels.

YES.—There is little of interest to note in the market. The demand, as with the bourbons, is picking up. The coming of several representatives of the best distilleries to introduce in a more satisfactory manner their brands is the only event worthy of note.

OUR SECOND BIRTHDAY.

The REVIEW has now been under its present management two years, having been purchased in March 1889.

Since that time it has made such a remarkable and in fact unprecedented growth in circulation, size and position that the facts concerning its development may well be referred to on this the second anniversary of its real existence.

In March, 1889, the journal was one of sixteen pages, with little or no original reading matter and printed in the cheapest possible manner. One year later it was greatly improved in appearance, and had had a healthy growth of eight pages, being then a paper of twenty-four pages.

To-day we take pleasure in calling attention to its forty-six pages of matter, interesting to the trade and producers; its varied departments; its correspondence; its statistical tables, which are the most complete of any class journal in America; and not the least, the latest feature of giving illustrations which has never yet been attempted by any trade paper with such care and artistic attention to details.

The future of the REVIEW is plainer and more definite now than it was in March, 1889, when it languished as the *San Francisco Merchant*. The outlook for the wine industry is brighter than it was then, the liquor trade is in a better situation and general business is in a more satisfactory condition. The growth of the REVIEW in the future can best be predicted by what it has been in the past.

The wholesale liquor dealers of the State of Minnesota are actively engaged in working up public sentiment in favor of a modification of the high license law which was passed in 1887. The present effort is to be especially directed towards the repeal of the part of the law relating to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or over. This would reduce the license fee in Minneapolis and St. Paul from \$1,000 to \$500, and put these two cities on the same plane as other Minnesota cities. It is understood that the members of the Alliance party are not pledged to high license, but favor the submission to the people of a prohibitory constitutional amendment. The forty-two Democrats would doubtless favor the repeal, and if enough Alliance men can be secured a bill will be introduced in the Legislature.

Mr. B. R. Kitteredge, of the Sanoma Wine and Brandy Co., of New York, is on the Coast on his annual visit. He reports that business prospects are excellent, and that the West wines and brandies are going better than ever.

HERE'S A PRETTY FIX.

We have received the subjoined communications from Dr. C. A. Crampton, the United States Government Chemist at Washington, D. C., accompanied by a request that we give the matter publication. While the views which he expresses are not in accord with our own in one or two particulars, we publish the letter in order that all sides may have a fair showing in this Sweet Wine controversy. The letter is as follows:

Messrs. R. M. Wood and Co., Pacific Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco, Cal.

SIR:—My attention has been drawn to a copy of your publication in which appears an article concerning Prof. Hilgard and myself, which contains statements that are entirely incorrect, and which I should be glad to have you rectify, in justice to both Prof. Hilgard and myself. I have had no dispute with the gentleman named, and have held no direct communication with him on any subject whatsoever. The only ground for the exaggerated statements in your paper, consists in the facts that Prof. Hilgard was rather too hasty in printing an attack upon the accuracy of a table in the regulations for the enforcement of the sweet wine provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, which table I devised and calculated. He has since written to Commissioner Mason and apologized for this, admitting that the table is correct.

Though somewhat hurt and annoyed at the action of Prof. Hilgard in attacking me in a letter he wrote to the Commissioner and also in a communication to the Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, yet I have had too much regard for his position and reputation as a scientific man to make any controversial reply. The "dispute" has been entirely on one side.

Prof. Hilgard has rendered efficient and distinguished services to the wine growers of California and it seems to me that what was merely an error of judgment upon his part should not subject him to the disrespectful treatment he has received, in the article in question.

Yours Very Truly,

C. A. CRAMPTON, Chemist.

Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., March 13, 1891.

Dr. Crampton has had no open and public oratorical set-to with Prof. Hilgard, it is true. Still, Prof. Hilgard has done any amount of indirect fighting at the gentleman and Dr. Crampton has repeatedly shown his ability to look after his own interests in that sort of battle.

And now comes the funny part of the whole performance. Hilgard angrily denies that he apologized, and here is our letter from Dr. Crampton to the effect that he did. Hilgard has further backed up his proposition with a communication to the *Chronicle* which we reprint for the bearing it has on the case.

To the Editor of the *Chronicle*—SIR:—In correction of the mis-statements made in the telegrams sent from Washington concerning the results of the investigation on the alcohol determination in sweet wines, I state that so far as the practical outcome for the winemaker is concerned the case stands precisely as at first stated, the discrepancies arising from the Government method, as shown in the public record, being so great as to render the results utterly untrustworthy and mischievous. The only change resulting from the tests is the shifting of the responsibility from the Government tables upon the method itself, and this is the only retraction made in my letter to the commissioner. It is difficult to conceive on what tenable ground the chemical experts of the department could recommend so grossly inaccurate a process for the estimation of so highly taxed a substance as spirits, for every gallon of which the Government exacts an account from the distiller. How the latter could possibly square his accounts under the showing made by the saccharometer method, involving differences ranging from nothing to one-fifth of the whole, is not stated in the telegrams, but the Commissioner's expressed intention of discarding it for the one recommended by me proves that a comprehension of the question has dawned upon the powers that be.

E. W. HILGARD.

Up to the present time Dr. Crampton has decidedly the better of the situation and we do not blame him for being annoyed and hurt at Hilgard's action—it was only natural that he should be, not knowing Hilgard's as well as he is known here. In Cali-

forma where Hilgard's position and reputation as a scientific man are better understood, it is generally the custom to ignore the Sage of Berkeley altogether. This is the policy which has been found most desirable by the State Board of Horticulture, the Board of State Viticultural Commissioners and other bodies whose standing is above question.

We fail to see how Prof. Hilgard has "rendered efficient and distinguished services to the wine growers of California." If Dr. Crampton intended that as a balm to soothe the distinguished Professor's feelings, he will learn better next time. Hilgard is not the kind whose hurts are assuaged in that manner. We in California, are more qualified to speak of Hilgard's services and results. He has succeeded in involving the producers in a useless row with the Department and has fostered the idea in Washington that he represents somebody, when as a matter of fact no man is more cordially disliked and ignored by the best wine makers of the State. Otherwise his sole achievement during the past few years has been to advocate the *Pasteurization* of all wines before shipment. We all know what this is worth, if Dr. Crampton does not.

As to Dr. Crampton's remarks concerning disrespectful treatment of Hilgard, we have only to say that Hilgard brought it on himself. His passion for public notoriety—for newspaper notoriety—surpasses belief to those who do not know him. He will go entirely out of his way and out of his province at any time and place, to get a paragraph or two in the papers exalting himself. He hindered and delayed the settlement of the sweet wine question, and needlessly exasperated the Internal Revenue Department until we concluded that the time had come to give him notoriety of a kind he did not crave. We have assurances of the hearty support of our present course from the principal sweet wine makers of the State and while we appreciate the magnanimous spirit of Dr. Crampton toward one whom he has so completely used up, we feel compelled to say that the thorough beating which Hilgard has received was richly earned.—ED. REVIEW.

OUR PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

In republishing one of our recent articles on the State Protective Association, *Mida's Criterion* says:

It appears they have a State Protective Association in California which, according to the *PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW*, seems to be so named because it does not "protect." If so, it appears to be like its prototype, the National Protective Association, which seems to be in a comatose condition, and allowed to die out of sheer lack of energy.

We do not know so much about the National Protective Association as does our friend of the *Criterion*, but if it is anything like our State Association it needs galvanizing into life. The California Association permitted the present Legislature to slip by without so much as turning a hand to settle the trouble over the license and local option issues. This was pre-eminently the Legislature to get such a measure through; it could have been passed had one active man gone to the Capital and done his duty.

We must confess we do not see what the Association leaders have been thinking of to have allowed the matter to lapse through inaction; probably it was because everybody's business is nobody's business.

SEE MR. HAYNE.

We take pleasure in re-publishing the following "ad" which recently appeared in *Bonforts*:

WANTED.

White or red wines cheap enough for vinegar making. GENESEE FRUIT COMPANY, 118 Warren Street, New York.

Why not see Mr. Hayne? He will sell at "auction" cheap enough for the purpose.

Cincinnati Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE]

Various causes have arisen of late which produced a rather dull market. The stringency of the money market, the general dullness of business throughout the country together with unfavorable spring weather, causing bad roads, and the unchecked production of '91s are no doubt the causes of the present dullness.

Nineties have gone somewhat backward in value; '89s are not as firm as they were and '88s are at a stand-still. However we must expect at this season of the year, just at the beginning of Spring, a retrograde movement, and when Spring is fairly upon us, we have no doubt the uneasiness of values will have passed away and better prices will be maintained, especially for older goods.

The trade has been complaining of slow collections in this section and business is not as brisk as they anticipated, which naturally produces an inactivity in the market.

In what we have said as to the cause of this drop in the value of whiskies, we have spoken plainly and put the responsibility where it belongs—on the distillers who are running when they should not run, thereby depreciating the values of goods made previous to this time.

The united action of the distillers of Kentucky and Pennsylvania, as well as the trade, should be taken towards making but a half crop of goods, in place of making an unlimited quantity as they are doing at present.

Mr. George Dieterly, Secretary of the Union Distilling Co., has bought Mr. H. H. Lipelman's interest in the firm.

Mr. Charles Kobert, of "Rolling Fork" fame, called on the trade this last week.

Mr. H. Hahn, of L. Sonenschem & Co., wholesale dealers of Chicago was introduced on change the last fortnight.

Mr. Victor E. Tagliaferro, who represents the American Champagne Company of California and New York, was seen at the Gibson House and said he succeeded in placing in one wholesale house in this city three hundred cases of his brand, "Reihlen Extra Dry."

Mr. Culbert, of Culbert & Taylor, importers, New York, spent a week with us. So from the stay he made, Cincinnati business must have been good.

J. T. Megibben Jr., of the T. J. Megibben Co., called. He tells the trade his firm will only make a small crop of '91s and has placed nearly all of it.

Mr. Joseph Wolf, broker, of Chicago, was on change this week and was very successful in placing several lots of whiskies.

Mr. Harry Traub, known on the road as "The Adonis," and Eastern representative of J. & A. Freiberg, returned home after an absence of six weeks. He says trade is not very brisk but he got his share of business.

Mr. John Horn has charge of the Cincinnati office of the Louisville *Bulletin* and will welcome all callers.

Mr. Bullitt, of Bullitt & Gilmore, brokers, Louisville, was with us last week.

Duke (George) Washburn, of the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin*, has opened an office at 113 Sycamore street. So far nothing but hydrant water is the beverage offered to callers.

Mr. Louis Pooch has been confined to his home with La Grippe, but Lou has not lost his grip on the trade and has sold several good sized lots of "Mattingly" and "Honeymoon."

SHAW.

Cincinnati, March 21, 1891.

PARTNER WANTED.

A reliable party with \$4,000 to \$5,000 capital, wanted to take an interest in a well established winery in Fresno County. For further particulars apply at this office.

A CHANCE FOR "OLD RYE."

The announcement that Messrs. H. H. Livingston, of the Thompson Distillery Company, Clarence Hoffheimer, of Hoffheimer Bros., and Charles Jacobs, of the Sunnyside Company, are all on the way to this Coast in the interest of the brands of rye whisky which they handle, is one which promises very satisfactory results for the future of the trade in ryes.

Up to the present time the Pacific Coast has not borne a very high reputation as a market for ryes. The first whiskies which were sold here were the compounded bourbons. An evolution is going on in the trade which is resulting in the displacement of these goods by blended whiskies, and straight whiskies are daily finding new friends.

The leading merchants such as A. P. Hotaling & Co., Moore, Hunt & Co., Naber, Alfs & Brune, Siebe Bros. & Plagemann, Carroll & Carroll and others have had fine success with the best class of goods, the last named firm however, inclining to straight whiskies more than the others. It is believed by many of the merchants that were the best ryes properly introduced and pushed, they would make their own friends exactly as the best bourbons have done.

The fact of the matter is that consumers in this western half of the continent have not had nearly the chance to learn to like and call for a fine rye, as have the eastern consumers. The standard bourbon brands are known but the consumer does not know the ryes.

This is a state of affairs which the rye distillers propose to revolutionize. They understand full well that from Denver to San Francisco and from Seattle to San Diego, there is a splendid field for these goods, now scarcely occupied at all. It is safe to say that in all that vast expanse of territory—and it is a territory which is fully capable of absorbing in a ratio greatly in excess of the per capita consumption of the United States—not to exceed one barrel out of every forty sold, is rye whisky. Compare that with the records of Pennsylvania, Maryland and all the older States, and the rye distillers will see what enormous possibilities are before them.

HIGH LICENCE BEATEN.

High license has been smashed in San Jose by a vote of five to three in the City Council. The fight will have to be made all over again as the license people announce that they will make license an issue at the next election.

We are not a little amused at the declaration of the San Jose *Herald* to the effect that the people of San Jose will rise in their might and "wipe the liquor traffic out of existence" unless its own particular cure-all is applied in the place. The idea of Prohibition, which don't prohibit—in a city in Northern California—is in itself a jest. It will not do, even if our friend of the *Herald* thinks that it will. The people of San Jose are not of the hide-bound sort—not at all.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

CINCINNATI, March, 1891.

The high standard of excellence that our goods have attained is due entirely to the patient, assiduous and unremitting care of the constant perfecting of our line exclusively for the wholesale trade, together with the most scrupulous attention to the endless details connected with the manufacture of high grade liquors. None but the most skillful and careful scientific people are employed, the result being that each and every article we manufacture, when completed, will bear the critical test of the most exacting.

All business in the territory of Illinois, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, our Mr. I. Altman, 12 and 14 North Clark St., Chicago, will personally superintend, and will esteem it a pleasure to call upon you. Respectfully,

MHALOVITCH, FLETCHER & Co.

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 2, Isaac De Turk of Santa Rosa.

Few, if any men among the California wine producers or merchants, are better known to the trade east and west, than Isaac De Turk, the subject of this sketch.

Mr. De Turk has achieved in the few years that he has been placing his wines on the market, under his own name, a most enviable name, and has established a reputation second to none for the excellence of his goods.

Mr. De Turk is a Pennsylvanian by birth but is descended from an old French family. He was born in Berks County in 1834 and when a mere boy his parents moved to Morgan County Indiana, locating about thirty miles east of Indianapolis. From the time he was five years old, until attaining years of manhood he spent his life as did all of the boys of the period, attending the district school in the day time and doing the farm boy drudgery mornings and evenings.

He started for California in 1858 and arrived in the state October 16th of that year. The first year of his residence was spent in traveling from one section to another looking for a desirable place to locate. Finally in 1859 he decided upon Sonoma county as his place of residence and bought a ranch near Santa Rosa. In 1862 he set out twenty acres of vineyard which was subsequently increased to thirty acres and then to fifty. His first vintage aggregated only 10,000 or 15,000 gallons, but he soon entered the business more extensively and began buying grapes from his neighbors.

Year by year his business under careful management, gradually assumed larger proportions. His sole aim in these years of experiment and hardest work was to produce a better wine than his neighbors, for at that time he had not branched out as extensively as now. In 1878 the growing demands of his trade made it imperative for him to supplant his winery in the country with a larger one in Santa Rosa and a few years afterward another one was built at Cloverdale. It was not found wise however to

scatter the business over too much territory and after a few years trial the Cloverdale winery was sold and the plant at Santa Rosa was enlarged.

Other changes came later when the vineyard interest was at its height four years ago. The original vineyard in Bennett Valley, which was set out in 1862, was sold and a still larger one in Los Guillicos Valley was purchased.

Mr. De Turk's position in the wine industry is founded on the rock of solid merit. His establishment is one which leaves nothing to be desired. Aside from the vineyard in the Los Guillicos Valley which alone contains one hundred acres, he has one of the most complete wineries in the state at Santa Rosa, where the product of his own vineyard is made up as well as a large proportion of the grapes from the vineyards of the district. The annual production of wine is not short of 300,000 gallons. There is cooorage for about 600,000 gallons while the total capacity of the vaults, were all the room utilized, would be 1,000,000 gallons.

Mr. De Turk is one of the firmest believers in the policy of placing wines on the market in glass. He believes that the very key note of success in the industry for all time to come is in the cased goods and repeatedly states that were he in a position to do so, not one drop of his best wine would go out in bulk. His motto for five years past, for which time he has been extensively in the cased goods trade, has been the single word "Bottle."

His business connections are extensive and "De Turk's Wine" in Chicago and New York is a synonym for excellence and merit. He has an establishment at 212 Sacramento street in this city which is ably managed by Mr. C. M. Mann. In Chicago his agents are Delafield, McGovern & Co.; in New Orleans he is represented by Graham & Boswew and his New York agency is ably handled. His wines are known and esteemed wherever the California product is sold in America.

Personally Mr. De Turk is a rather quiet, reserved man but who is at the same time forcible and decisive in his speech and action. Integrity and honesty are his cardinal virtues. To those who have not the privilege of knowing him personally the merits of his wines into which he throws all his abilities, are the best indications of his character. In his quiet circle at Santa Rosa no man stands higher and none could stand higher in public esteem.

Mr. De Turk has never married. Like most men who have been successful in life, and still remain in business, he has his outside hobby and with him it is horses. On the trotting circuit in California he has achieved a remarkably good reputation and last season his winnings were very large. He is the owner of the trotting stallion Silas Skinner, 2:19, and others of less note. His stable at Santa Rosa near his winery is the wonder of the county, not only for the fine stock which it contains, but for its convenience and adaptability for its purpose. Altogether there are about fifty high bred horses in his stables, many of them being by the famous trotting stallion Anteco, 2:16½, which recently sold at auction for \$55,000 and later at private sale for \$60,000; and indeed up to a short time ago Mr. De Turk was one of the owners of that famous animal. Business can never be too pressing for him to refrain from talking "horse" or condemning the poor California roads which forbid fast driving to the owners of fine horses.

Mr. De Turk has never held but one public office—that of Viticultural Commissioner for the Sonoma District. Nominations to various positions have been offered him, but always in vain. In 1887 when Mr. Arpad Haraszthy retired from the Viticultural Commission and the Presidency of the body at the same time, Mr. De Turk was made Vice-President of the Commission, to succeed Mr. Charles A. Wetmore who had been elected President. In 1890, when Mr. Wetmore retired, Mr. De Turk succeeded to the Presidency and still holds the office.

Subscribe for the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, the only wine and liquor trade paper west of Chicago.

H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR

Gebruder Eckel, - - - Deidesheim, - Rhine, Moselle and Pfalzer Wines	
H. Eckel & Co., - - - Champagne	J. Dupont & Co., - - - Cognac
Riuz, Mata & Co., - - - Sherries	Chr. Motz & Co., Bordeaux, Clarets & Sauternes
Blankenheym & Nolet (Centaur) - Gin	Archambeaud Freres, Bordeaux - Cordials

ALSO IMPORTERS OF

RAMSAY SCOTCH WHISKY; OTARD, DUPUY & CO., BRANDY; OPORTO AND TARRAGONA PORTS AND BURGUNDY WINES.

ORDERS FOR DIRECT IMPORTATION SOLICITED.

PACIFIC COAST BRANCH 414 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

S. GLASER. Manager.

A WORTHY MOVEMENT.

A Step Which Will Benefit Importers and Domestic Wine Producers.

The local importers, and to a less degree the California wine men are taking considerable interest in the movement to have the Internal Revenue Department assume the responsibility of protecting consumers from the numerous frauds which are now perpetrated upon them, in the way of selling goods under false foreign labels. The matter was first agitated by the New York Wine and Spirit Traders Society and protection was asked against the successful counterfeits of many brands of champagne. Commissioner Mason in reply notified the society that the persons who use the words "From France," "From Germany," etc., etc., on any domestic article, champagne or what not, could and would be proceeded against under Section 3449, R. S., which reads:

"Whenever any person ships, transports, or removes any spirituous or fermented liquors or wines, under any other than the proper name or brand known to the trade as designating the kind and quality of the contents of the casks or packages containing the same, or causes such act to be done, he shall forfeit said liquors or wines and casks or packages, and be subject to pay a fine of five hundred dollars.

It is a satisfaction to know that the society in question proposes to follow up the fraudulent dealers. The importers of San Francisco are large contributors to the revenue of the Government and it is equally to their interest to see that their brands are protected. Should the Commissioner of Internal Revenue be unable to proceed to the necessary lengths under the law now in force, new legislation should be secured which will cover all possible cases. This is a duty which the importers owe to themselves and to the public.

The extent to which this fraudulent traffic under false labels is carried on in this country is beyond belief. Take the case of wines alone. Many houses in New York offer to sell bottled wines without labels for \$2.25 per dozen and the goods, once in the hands of jobbers are labeled to suit. In every large city are establishments where "skeletons" can be had. For instance we select at random the catalogue of the "Chicago Specialty Box Company" 226 and 228 East Kinzie street, Chicago, and among the offerings we find are those of "skeletons." Under the title of "Brandy Skeletons" the following information is given, which we give free of cost to the Company.

"Brandy Skeletons—Contain Twelve Imported French Cognac Bottles, Branded Corks, Stamped Caps, Imported Labels, Tissue Paper, Straw Covers. Boxes neatly-printed or branded. We carry every imaginable brand in this line. If desired we furnish Bottle Wires at a small additional cost, and also put up this skeleton in pints!"

Accompanying the announcement is a cut of a sample case

bearing the brand "Latour et fils, Cognac."

Admirable plan!

Under the Caption "Claret Skeletons" is this inscription—"Contain Twelve Imported French Claret Bottles, Fine Imported Caps and Labels, Corks, Tissue Paper, Straw Covers, and Boxes neatly-printed or branded, and if desired, chestnut straps are furnished free of any extra charge." The case accompanying bears the stock inscription "Pontet Canet" and the name of Jules Hegis & Co., Bordeaux.

Under the caption of "Rhine Wine Skeletons" is a full description of a similar outfit and a case bearing the inscription of "Niersteimer."

Now does any one doubt for one instant what these "skeletons" are used for. We admit that some imported wines are brought to this country in bulk, but the relative quantity is small considering that *only one gallon in ten drunk in the United States is imported wine*. There cannot be the slightest question but that these skeletons have their greatest use in concealing the identity of California wines. This is not a new story, either. In fact it is a very, very old one.

The counterfeiting of labels and the sale of wine under false labels is not by any means a rarity even in this blessed State. It is only recently that the defunct firm of Bamberger & Kaempfer was worsted for counterfeiting the Martell Brandy label. Only a week ago the writer saw another clever imitation of the Martell label displayed in the window of a small house. The label bore the name of a fictitious house in "Cognac" and stupidly enough had a small imprint of a local printing establishment attached. Time and again we see bungling imitations. In the window of one of the most prominent restaurants over in Oakland there are displayed various bottles of wine. Among the others are several *quart and pint Rhine wine bottles bearing glaring labels "Haut Sauterne, Bordeaux!"* Just imagine offending a Frenchman's taste and sense of national honor by professing to have a Sauterne in a Rhine wine bottle. Labels such as "Pontet Canet," "St. Julien," "St. Estephe," "Chateau La Tour," etc., etc., are numerous, all being on cheap American bottles.

It is to be hoped that the Internal Revenue Department will take hold of this matter in earnest. The importers will gain immensely in their business if this is done and the interests of the California wine and brandy men will at the same time be greatly aided.

A man who has practiced medicine for forty years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been in the general practice of medicine for most forty years, and would say that in all my practice and experience, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours truly,

L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,

Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give \$100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Trade Notes.

E. H. Taylor Jr. and J. Swigert Taylor, of E. H. Taylor Jr. & Sons, have gone to Florida to recuperate.

Clarence Hoffheimer, of Hoffheimer Bros., is among the visitors expected in the course of a few weeks.

H. H. Livingston, of the Thompson Distilling Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa. will soon be here in the interest of "Sam Thompson Rye."

Arpad Haraszthy & Co. have received their silver medal which was awarded to them at the Paris Exposition as well as a handsome diploma.

Charley Roth, of Moore & Selliger, is on the Coast on his annual trip. He is doing well with "Astor," "Belmont" and "Nutwood." Such whiskies deserve ready recognition and sale.

Overheard at a well-known wine vault:—"Here's some fine old Madeira—1790 vintage." "Young man, I may look plain, but yer needn't try no second-hand drink on me. Gimme 1890, an' a clean bottle, or gimme nuthin'."

Moore, Hunt & Co. received an unusually large quantity of "Jesse Moore" whisky in February. The ship Cyrus Wakefield brought in 159 barrels and the rail imports were sixty barrels. Still the supply does not equal the demand for these fine old goods.

Winfield Scott, Secretary of the State Viticultural Commissioners, has received from Secretary of State Blaine, a prize facsimile of the Gold Medal awarded the Commission at the Paris Exposition, for brandies. A handsome diploma came with the medal.

C. M. Mann, the active local manager of L. De Turk, is doing well with the Eastern trade. Recent shipments included 259 barrels and many cases of wine. Mr. Mann is a rustler and were he to go east he would surprise some of the members of the trade there.

The difficulties into which the firm of F. Mandlebaum & Co., were plunged by the extravagance of "Dick" Mandlebaum have been settled. The firm has dissolved and hereafter the business will be conducted by F. Mandlebaum who has the best wishes of this trade.

Lachman & Jacobi have bought over 1,500,000 gallons of wine from interior cellars during the past six weeks, paying good prices. The largest single purchase was the 400,000 gallon lot secured from the Bourn cellar of St. Helena. Fred Jacobi reports that business is prospering.

About 700 barrels of California wines in warehouse at No. 94 North Moore street, belonging to Bamberger & Kaempfer, of San Francisco, were sold by the sheriff on the 7th inst., by virtue of several attachments granted by Judge Ingraham, of the Supreme Court.—*Wine and Spirit Gazette*.

Mr. H. W. Crabb, of To-Kalon fame, although established in Chicago but a comparatively short time, has already obtained a reputation second to none in his specialty of California wines, and with the present prospects he bids fair to make a great success of it in this city.—*Mida's Criterion*.

Messrs. Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co., of Cincinnati, have acquired the sole control for the United States, except Pennsylvania and Baltimore, of the celebrated "Belle of Nelson" (in cases), which is guaranteed to be ten years old, bottled at, shipped and billed direct from the distillery to buyers.

C. Holtum & Co., have sold out their old stand on Sansome street and has moved all their business to the new and handsome quarters at First and Mission streets. Business pressed them so

that the concentration of their cellars was deemed best. They have been making a great bid for public favor lately and are doing well.

We have received notification from Messrs. Sanderson & Co., of Chicago, that their senior partner Alfred Sanderson has been very ill. The February numbers of our valued contemporary, the *Western Broker* were in consequence omitted. We are sorry to hear of Mr. Sanderson's illness and trust that it will not be of long continuance.

Kolb & Denhard are having remarkable success in introducing the "Nonpareil" whisky. It is making headway against the best established of the older brands. The demand for the whisky is not only due to the fact that it is produced by one of the best distilleries of Kentucky, but equally as well to the energy with which it is pushed by the young men of the firm.

"Davy Crockett"—frontiersman and judge of good whisky. That was long ago; now it is "Davy Crockett"—fine old whisky. The well-known firm of Hey, Grauerholz & Co. which handles this well-known brand, is having a fine spring trade. The whisky comes direct from the old Blue Grass region, and Messrs. Hey, Grauerholz & Co. are meeting with a fine demand for it.

Mr. H. W. McIntyre, of Vina, Cal., on his way from the East made a visit of a couple of days in this city, establishing business connections which we have no doubt will prove remunerative and will tend largely to popularize the excellent class of goods which his house offers, and at the same time extend the reputation of California's best products.—*Mida's Criterion*.

The Southern Pacific Company has reduced the carload rate on wine from St. Helena to San Francisco from \$26.00 to \$23.50 per carload. This was done on account of a disparity of rate from St. Helena and from Bello. But the rates from St. Helena, Bello and Rutherford are still unequal when distance is considered and another attempt is to be made to secure an equalization.

The receipts of brandy from the interior have lately been very heavy and the bonded warehouse men are consequently in good humor. Messrs. Bode & Haslett are doing particularly well. Their facilities for storage are appreciated by the leading producers; their rates are low and the brandy which leaves their warehouse can be relied upon as having been stored to the best advantage for improvement. The firm is deservedly successful and popular.

H. Brunhild & Co. are making a big hole in the Pacific Coast trade with their line of imported goods. The local agent of this well-known New York house, is S. Glaser who has an office at 414 Front street. The firm is agent for Gebruder Eckel, Deidesheim Rhine wines; H. Eckel & Co., champagne; J. Dupont & Co., Cognac; Rinz, Mata & Co., sherries; Blankenheym & Nolet's gins; Chr. Motz & Co., clarets and Sauternes; Archambeaud Frères, cordials; and also import Ramsay Scotch whisky, Otard, Dupny & Co's. brandy, and a full line of port, sherries and other wines.

Through the kindness of Messrs. Grierson, Oldham & Co., of London, Mr. George Carroll, of Carroll & Carroll, has been enabled to send the Viticultural Commissioners a case of the best Port for examination and tasting. It will be remembered that when Mr. Oldham was in California he criticized our Ports, Sherries and other fortified wines very freely indeed and said that he would take occasion to send out a case of Port which might be considered a sample of what sort of wine suited the English taste. The wine is exceedingly dry and in all respects a remarkable one.

Mr. Moe Edinger, of Edinger Bros. & Jacobi, New York, has made a very successful trip to the West during the current season, and has wended his way homeward in his usual happy frame of mind. The figures recently published in the *Criterion*, of the large shipments of Lachman & Jacobi, of San Francisco, the firm with which Edinger Bros. and Jacobi are affiliated, re-

fleet the highest credit upon both firms. And such a record could be accomplished only after years of unremitting attention to business, giving their customer's entire and perfect satisfaction. —*Mida's Criterion.*

The most famous Madeira ever known was the "1814 pipe." It was fished up from the bottom of the Scheldt, a short distance above Flushing, in 1814, having remained there since 1778 in a ship which had been wrecked at the mouth of the river in that year. It was sold by auction at Antwerp, the greatest portion of it having been secured for Louis XVIII., who despatched an agent with instructions to secure it regardless of expense. Several dozen were presented to the French Consul at Antwerp, which he sold to the Duc de Raguse. In 1858 after the death of the Duchess de Raguse, four dozen remained in her cellars, and they were sold for something over their weight in gold to Baron Rothschild.

Mr. Swigert Taylor, the junior of the Old Taylor Jr., has recently paid a flying visit to Chicago, and put in solid work where it would do most good. Of Swigert it may truly be said that he is a hustler from away back, and he can do more work and see more parties in one single day in Chicago than the great majority of his seniors could do in a week. He was accompanied on his tour by Mr. John Meagher, of Frankfort, who, although not universally known as a dealer, has been handling whiskies almost from boyhood, and is thoroughly conversant with all the minute phases in that line. —*Mida's Criterion.*

The following extract from a letter received during his recent Western trip, by Mr. Barrett, of Barrett & Co., New York, the well-known prune juice firm, from the home office, on February 28th, speaks more eloquently of the steady increase of their trade than any words that we can use: "With all our modern improvements we have difficulty in keeping up with orders. We have shipped this month more than double the amount in February, 1890, and exactly five times as much as in February, 1889, and we have orders on our books for as much as we shipped in February, 1890, waiting for the opening of navigation.

Among the firms devoted to the interest of pure California wines, the Napa Valley Company stands first among the leaders for the fine grades of goods they carry in stock. This firm originated in St. Louis, and gradually grew to such proportions that they found it indispensable for their Eastern trade to start also a branch house in California, whence they can readily distribute their product. The company handles wine in cases and in bulk. Devoting, however, their attention mainly to fine grades of goods they make a specialty of case goods. Such firms as the Napa Valley Wine Company are doing a grand work for the popularization of California wines among the masses, for each case, as it reaches the consumer or the medical faculty, carries with it the conviction that for wholesomeness one need seek no further, but should seek only the right firm to get it from. For the best and most wholesome wine that may be required for a beverage or stimulant we can confidently recommend the Napa Valley Wine Company of San Francisco and St. Louis, to the entire trade. —*Mida's Criterion.*

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, KY., February 28, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade:—With this issue we present tables showing the status of whisky in Kentucky on January 31st ultimo, viz: The bonded stocks of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90, the production of the '91 crop, as compared with that for the same period last season, and the bonded stocks of the said '91 manufacture.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Dec. 31, '90.....	2,162,233	16,439,942	31,638,451	50,240,626 gals.
Unbonded in Jan., 2nd Dist.	3,286	53,187	32,300	88,773 "
5th "	54,175	166,328	310,006	530,509 "
6th "	32,972	58,738	121,347	213,057 "
7th "	77,203	53,478	21,700	152,381 "
8th "	12,980	72,565	10,300	95,843 "
Total.....	180,616	404,204	495,743	1,080,653 gals.
Leaving in bond Jan. 31, '91.....	1,981,617	16,035,648	31,142,708	49,159,973 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

On December 31st the production had assumed the proportion of.....8,596,860 gals. to which we add the production for January:

2nd District.....	458,804 gals.
5th "	2,146,891 "
6th "	664,015 "
7th "	646,813 "
8th "	837,734 " 4,754,257 "

Making total production to Jan. 31st of '91 crop 13,351,117 " For the same period of the '90 crop the production was

In July, '89	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 "
In December, '89.....	3,937,850 "
In January, '90.....	4,488,555 " 13,017,134 "

or an increase in '91 crop for first seven months..... 333,983 "

BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on December 31st.....7,613,379 gals. to which we add the production for January above shown.....4,754,257 "

12,367,636 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for January, viz:

2nd District.....	45,098 gals.
5th "	120,008 "
6th "	58,735 "
7th "	11,428 "
8th "	1,430 " 236,699 gals.

leaving in bond on January 31, '91.....12,130,937 gals.

Without any intention to enlarge on the statistical situation shown in the foregoing tables, we beg to direct the especial attention of the trade to the fact that, notwithstanding the unprecedented proportion of the crop of '89-'90, the output for the present season, to January 31st ultimo, as compared with the former, shows an increase of some three hundred and odd thousand gallons.

This increased production is in the face of the extreme high price of grain, which high price, it was argued at the beginning of the season, would have the tendency to keep manufacture within reasonable bounds, combative to which we took, in our Circular of August last, the following position, which the time seems to have verified:

"One optimist says: 'But the corn crop will prevent excesses.' We think the indications are that the probable price of corn will figure little in the present crop. The crop of corn, with an ordinarily favorable future, will be a good one—not the redundant one of last year, but a good one. In Kentucky it is an unusually good crop. The cry of short crop is as yet premature.

"The smaller crop will have more value, and will, for that reason, be better cared for, and will go farther. The 'Wichita Eagle' takes in and humorously illustrates our idea when it says: "It took five bushels of corn to get into a circus in Kansas last summer. This summer you can get into the main tent, stay to the concert, go to the side show and get a picture of the Circassian beauty all for one bushel."

With this attractive purchasing power, no corn will be burned in Kansas.

We have distillers in Kentucky and elsewhere, who will manufacture at any price, and take any chances whatever, and the encouragement extended them by the dealer, the past season, measurably justifies them.

To-day grain is yet higher than was then anticipated, and is daily advancing, and still overproduction continues unabated.

Your obedient servants,

E. H. TAYLOR JR., & SONS,

Frankfort, Ky.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK March 13, 1891.

MARK.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
N L	F. Berres	25 barrels	1,250	18
F in ring	J M Dow	75 barrels	3,750	100
J T	A Greenebaum & Co.	9 bbls 1 hf-barrel	465	24
M I	"	11 bbls 3 hf bbls	675	40
O H O M	Napa Valley Wine Co.	2 barrels	100	208
G	J Gundlach & Co.	241 barrels	12,050	4,526
"	"	3 hf bbls	150	40
"	"	10 cases	500	10
K & F	Kohler & Frohling	120 barrels	6,000	1,550
S L & Co	S Lachman & Co.	100 barrels	5,000	2,000
D McG & Co	Cal Wine Grow's Union	100 barrels	5,000	1,641
S H	Dressel & Co.	5 barrels	250	40
R, Pittsburg	"	10 hf-barrel	500	281
T M Providence	"	3 barrels	150	80
C in dia	Kohler & Van Bergen	106 barrels	5,300	3,100
A J Co	M Lille	9 barrels	450	152
O A R & Co	Berlinger Bros	7 barrels	350	160
P Bros, Hoboken	G Migliavacca	50 barrels	2,500	850
J P	Ganier Lancel & Co.	50 barrels	2,500	925
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	150 barrels	7,500	1,700
F B	"	65 barrels	3,250	1,201
A in dia	Lachman & Jacold	20 barrels	1,000	357
R P	"	15 barrels	750	280
S in dia	"	25 barrels	1,250	400
E & B India	"	40 barrels	2,000	713
F A	"	25 barrels	1,250	400
H S, West Hoboken	"	25 barrels	1,250	400
G F	"	16 barrels	800	319
E H	"	12 barrels	600	271
P R & Son	Berges & Domeniconi	15 barrels	750	242
"	Miscellaneous	60 barrels	3,000	800

Total amount 10 case and... 69,843 27,833

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK March 13, 1891.

M O, Panama	Speria & Co.	1 barrel	50	30
R J S, La Libertad	P Meeks	2 kegs	30	24
C E	J Gundlach & Co.	8 hf-barrels 3 kegs	265	206
N D	"	3 hf-bbls 10 kegs	181	139
J D	"	20 kegs	200	135
F M & Co	"	25 kegs	250	181
B H & Co	"	1 hf barrel	27	24
J H C C	"	8 hf-barrels	212	154
R M & Co	"	6 cases	300	24
R H & Co	"	14 barrels	650	412
R J W, San J de Guat.	"	50 cases	1,250	127
R H M	Beck Pyhr & Co.	4 cases	200	20
R M Amapala	John T Wright	8 kegs	90	77
M P, Puntas Arenas	B Dreyfus & Co.	27 hf-barrels	1,350	460
"	"	30 kegs	1,028	960

Total amount Wine cases 60 and... 3,022 2,515

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, March 13, 1891.

L G & Co, Tonalá	J Gundlach & Co.	4 barrels	200	208
G M	"	12 barrels	600	99
A & G	"	2 kegs	40	28
G A, San Blas	"	10 kegs	100	105
H O	"	5 kegs	50	55
T P, Manzanillo	Dreckman & Co.	8 cases	400	20
K & V B in dia Maz'n	Ruther & Bendixen	2 barrels	100	50
"	"	10 kegs	100	73
K & V B in d Sa'a Crz	Kohler & Van Bergen	10 kegs	100	80
"	"	21 cases	1,050	130
T H, San Blas	W Loalza	8 cases	400	34
S H, Tonalá	"	4 barrels	200	138

Total amount 45 case and... 1,967 1,110

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA March, 24, 1891.

H C A	Apal Haraszthy & Co.	3 barrels	150	99
"	"	75 kegs	500	382
"	"	50 cases	2,500	177
S L	S Lachman & Co.	20 barrels	1,000	750
C	Carp & Co.	3 hf barrels	150	49
M	Mischanous	200 kegs	2,100	1,700
"	"	2 cases	100	90
"	"	12 cases	600	52
"	D W Gedge	138 kegs	1,380	890
"	"	1 barrel	50	20
"	"	30 cases	1,500	6
D G	D G Camarinos	3 cases	150	30
A H	J D Speckels & Bros	2 barrels	100	23
"	"	6 cases	300	28

Total amount 101 cases and... 5,092 4,248

TO HONOLULU—PER BARKENTINE S. W. CASTLE, March 21, 1891.

G W M A Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen	280 kegs	1,925	1,190
"	"	4 cases	133	70
W C P	B Dreyfus & Co.	15 hf barrels	3,526	2,600
"	"	2 barrels	100	20
"	"	430 kegs	2,600	23

Total amount... 5,584 3,860

TO CHINA & JAPAN—PER STEAMER CITY OF PEKING March 21, 1891.

L in dia'd, Yokohama	Langteldt & Co Ltd.	20 barrels	1,012	360
"	"	10 barrels	514	129
R & Co	J Gundlach & Co.	20 barrels	986	379
L F Shanghai	Dunham Carrigan & H.	1 barrel	50	25
"	"	12 cases	600	55

Total amount Wine 12 cases and... 2,562 957

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From March 12 to March 20, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Umatilla	W C, Victoria	I De Turk	10 cases	500	\$ 35
"	CGS & Co	"	3 bbls	114	90
"	HBCo	J Gundlach & Co.	2 bbls	95	38
Empire	MeD & H New York	Cal Wine Grs Union	8 bbls	400	200
"	E N, Nanaimo	N Cerisola	1 barrel	46	11
Mexico	P & M, Vancouver	F A Haber	2 bbls	100	30
"	H B Co, Victoria	A Greenebaum & Co	10 cases	500	40
H W Almy	W, Apia	Wilkins & Co.	3 bbls	150	98
Walla Walla	D H R & Co Victoria	J Gundlach & Co.	2 bbls	98	24
"	H B Co	F Korbel & Bros.	2 bbls	100	65
"	L D Vancouver	Cal Wine Grs Union	2 hf-bbls	54	22

Total amount 20 cases... 1,157 \$ 648

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From March 12, to March 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
City of N Y	J T C New York	AGreenebaum & Co	1 hf-barrel	22	\$ 55
"	M I	"	1 hf-barrel	22	55
"	S L & Co	S Lachman & Co.	25 kegs	250	500
"	J P	Ganier Lancel & Co	3 bbls	143	308

Total amount... 437 \$ 918

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From March 13, to March 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
City of N Y	G A San Blas	J Gundlach & Co.	1 hf-barrel	25	\$ 25
G H Douglass	R in di'd Butarit	Wightman Bros	20 cases	1,000	50

Total amount 20 cases and... 25 \$ 75

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA.

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOGG,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO,
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From March 12, to March 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
Empire.....	McD&H Nainimo	L S Haas.....	1 puncheon.	129	\$ 130
City of N Y.....	C & Co Tonalá	Cabrera Roma & Co	1 case.		9
"	B & G La Libertad	L S Haas.....	2 bbls	82	122
City of Pekin.....	L & Co Ltd Yokohama	"	5 bbls	215	140
"	M B & Co	A P Hotelling & Co.	24 cases		192
"	M & Co Shanghai	S Foster & Co.	10 cases		100
Australia.....	J D Honolulu	Spruce, Stanley & Co	2 bbls	88	246
"	G W M & Co	Lilienthal & Co.	20 cases		200
"	W S L	Wilmerding & Co.	2 bbls	74	127
"	G in diam'd	D W Gedge	17 cases		106
"	"	Sherwood & Sherw'd	5 cases		12
"	A H	J D Spreckels & Bros	1 package	2	5
Total amount, 77 cases and.....				590	\$1,389

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From March 12 to March 26, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
Umatilla.....	Add, Victoria.....	Wm Wolf & Co.....	20 es Champagne	\$ 500
City of N Y.....	A V, San Blas	Thannhauser & Co.....	10 es Vermouth.	30
"	R H, San Benito.	"	8 bbls Ginger Ale	116
"	J A C, La Libertad	John T Wright.....	2 bbls Ginger Ale	31
"	M C O, San Blas.	Redington & Co.....	2 cases Bitters..	16
Geo H Douglass	R in d'd Butarita	Wightman Bros.	10 cases Bitters.	78
"	"	"	10 es Kummel ..	31
"	"	"	50 cases Gin.....	92
Planter.....	Honolulu.....	Lilienthal & Co.....	15 bbls Alcohol.	375
"	H H Co, Honolulu.	Williams Dimond & Co	49 es Champagne	602
Australia.....	G M & Co in sq	Jones Mundy & Co.....	18 es Champagne	175
"	Honolulu.....	Sherwood & Sherwood	15 cases Gin.....	12
"	A H, Honolulu.....	J D Spreckels & Bros.	1 case Liqueurs..	8
Total amount 176 cases.....				\$2,066

NATIONAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

IMPORTS.	January, 1890.		January, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-Imported spirits, proof gallons.....	165,933	\$174,363	51,584	\$55,759
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons.....	74,830	70,295	70,671	57,157
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons.....	205,313	75,614	143,962	45,336
Brandy, proof gallons.....	26,391	62,970	38,247	100,002
All other spirits, proof gallons.....	81,144	71,840	81,546	85,698
Champagne, dozen.....	14,819	237,755	22,127	234,043
Still wines, casks, gallons.....	134,661	90,526	188,746	122,980
Still wines, bottled, dozen.....	13,872	60,586	16,157	78,769

EXPORTS.	January, 1890.		January, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Malt liquors, bottled, dozen.....	29,601	\$ 41,976	24,005	\$38,913
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons.....	11,351	3,285	19,166	5,138
Alcohol, etc, proof gallons.....	1,051	571	5,647	2,270
Brandy, proof gallons.....	4,440	5,169	(A)	(A)
Rum, proof gallons.....	88,034	102,390	37,752	36,211
Bourbon whisky, proof gallons.....	31,458	32,854	13,493	17,096
Rye whisky, proof gallons.....	1,928	4,297	4,343	4,892
All other spirits, proof gallons.....	3,915	2,551	2,800	2,617
Wine, bottled, dozen.....	991	4,315	425	1,831
Wine, bulk, gallons.....	58,732	33,609	32,441	20,072
(A) included in "all other spirits."				

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS.	January, 1890.		January, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-Imported spirits exported, proof gallons..	199	232		
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons.....	747	777	270	133
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons.....				
Brandy, proof gallons.....	2,395	1,980	1,390	4,431
All other spirits, proof gallons.....	5,578	2,451	3,369	2,294
Champagne, dozen.....	273	3,709	189	2,314
Still wines, casks, gallons.....	1,791	830	9,848	6,187
Still wines, bottled, dozen.....	594	1,614	292	999

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PAMAMA—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS March 2, 1891

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
	1 bbls Prune Juice.....	Loewe Bros.....
	2 bbl Whisky.....	John Gillespie.....
	25 cases Mineral Water.....	Lebenbaum Bros.....
	2 bbls Whisky.....	Mejers & King.....

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

S V Fornaris & Co.....	600 cases Champagne.....	Macdonay & Co.....
"	375 cases Champagne.....	Sherwood & Sherwood.....
Southern Pacific Co.....	600 cases Champagne.....	Wm. Wolff & Co.....
Texas Pacific R R Co.....	15 cases Cordials.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
"	51 cases Champagne.....	A. Vignier.....
Southern Pacific Co.....	50 cases Gin (old Tom).....	Sherwood & Sherwood.....
S V Fornaris & Co.....	3 cases Cognac.....	A. Vignier.....
"	200 cases Absinthe.....	J. De Fremery & Co.....
"	50 cases Cordials.....	A. Vignier.....
"	25 cases Cordials.....	A. Vignier.....
"	37 cases Wine.....	J. De Fremery & Co.....
"	32 cases Wine.....	W. B. Chapman.....
"	11 cases Wine.....	A. L. Tubbs.....
"	10 cases Beer.....	Mrs. Chris. Brunnig.....
Southern Pacific Co.....	25 cases Gin.....	Goldberg, Bowen & Co.....
S V Fornaris & Co.....	10 cases Cognac.....	Tillman & Bendel.....
"	45 cases Wine.....	J. F. Plumel.....
"	72 cases Champagne.....	"
"	5 oct. Brandy.....	Chas. Melnecke & Co.....
"	10 cases Cordials.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
"	15 cases Cordials.....	"

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

From March 11, to March 26, 1891.

CONSIGNEES.	WHISKY.			SPIRITS.		
	Barrels	1/2 bbl.	Case	Barrels	1/2 bbl	MISCELLANEOUS
Jones Mundy & Co.....	69			512		
Lilienthal & Co.....				364		
C W Craig & Co.....	65			474		
Overland F T Co.....	50	13				
Livingston & Co.....	63					
Moore, Hunt & Co.....	69					
E Martin & Co.....	75					
Lowe Bros.....	70					
F Chevalier.....	69					
M Greenberg & Co.....	69					
Meyerfield, Mitchell & S	53	55	3			
Henken & Schroder.....	49					
E Van Bergen.....	5					
H Swords.....	2					
C H Gillman.....	2					
A F Rolls.....	1					
Heathcotte Dexter & Co	10					
J L Nickel.....	5	1				
J Baker.....	1	1				
F S Kelly.....	1					
Edwards & Holland.....	1	1				
Total.....	693	71	3	1350		

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES.	BOTTLED.			BULK.		
	Cask	Barrels	Case	1/2 bbl	Barrels	1/2 bbl 1/4 bbl
Wm Wolf & Co.....					25	230
C A Zinkand.....					100	60
Sherwood & Sherwood		215			124	184
Jones Mundy & Co.....		195				
J T Cutting.....	100					
Thannhauser & Co.....			125			
W Watson & Co.....	95					
W Loaiza.....		130				
Total.....	192	540	125		249	444

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS. PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXON'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Clarets and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Messrs. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPE'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
'86 Belmont '86 T J Monarch '83 Bluegrass: '85 Ripy, '86 T J Aberton and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE in Hogshead's,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO, IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies—

BRANDY PRODUCT

FOURTH DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA.

[OFFICIAL. NOT RE-]

JANUARY, 1891.

Bonded	44,796 tax gallons
Transferred from distilleries to warehouses in First District, California	17,270 "
" " warehouse to warehouse in First District, California	375 "
" " " " " other districts	526 "
Exported	"
Tax-paid	9,189 "
Remaining in warehouse at end of month	658,971 "

FEBRUARY.

							38,532	tax gallons
Bonded.....							5,175	"
Transferred from distilleries to warehouse in	First District, California.....						1,996	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	eastern districts.....	10,821	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	First District, California.....	28,935	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	eastern districts.....		"
Exported.....							10,106	"
Tax-paid.....							630,559	"
Remaining in warehouse at the end of month.....								

FIRST DISTRICT FOR FEBRUARY '91.

Bonded.....	16,639	Gallons
Received from distilleries in other districts.....	16,910	"
Received from warehouses in other districts.....	7,333	"
Withdrawn for Export.....	9,760	"
Transferred to other District.....	21,109	"
Withdrawn Tax Paid.....	17,431	"
Remaining in bond January 31, '91.....	794,006	"
" " February 28, '91.....	786,590	"
Decrease in stock.....	7,416	"

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

		Wine.	Brandy.
Total for February.....		954,318	44,795
March 2.....		14,930	12,130
" 3.....		18,124	4,200
" 4.....		27,370	120
" 5.....		22,580	1,680
" 6.....		65,200	100
" 7.....		28,180	2,100
" 9.....		25,010	.....
" 10.....		16,300	4,090
" 11.....		37,490	.....
" 12.....		22,720	1,900
" 13.....		47,990	100
" 14.....		75,000	2100
" 16.....		20,950	.....
" 17.....		62,140	.....
" 18.....		42,680	.....
" 19.....		38,016	100
" 20.....		54,240	4,350
" 21.....		59,185	625
" 23.....		41,210	1,880
" 24.....		40,380	1,430
" 25.....		46,200	1,900
" 26.....		31,290	380

|SWEET WINE MAKERS.

The Sweet Wine Makers met on the 18th inst. to discuss the situation. Among those present were Charles Kohler, Frank A. West, C. K. Kirby, H. W. Crabb, L. P. Drexler, P. C. Rossi, Herman C. Eggers, F. Korbel and others.

The action of Professor Hilgard in precipitating the discussion with the Internal Revenue Department over the merits of the Salleron still and the saccharometer, was very freely commented upon, and the latest aspects of the situation were stated by Charles Kohler who has just returned from his Eastern trip.

No definite action was taken in regard to the proposition to send a man to Washington. It is generally understood that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has been shown that his position establishing a maximum of twenty-six and one-half per cent. of sugar as what musts can legitimately contain, is untenable. The common opinion was that the Commissioner must see the injustice of establishing such a limit or any limit at all, in fact, in view of the variations in sugar percentages which are obtained from year to year.

BAMBERGER & KAEMPFER
FAILURE.

The creditors of the defunct firm of Bamberger & Kaempfer are managing to make things pretty lively for those worthies. During the past fortnight, both partners were convicted on one misdemeanor charge, and were fined \$500 apiece which was promptly paid. This shows that they are not without funds, however much is said to the contrary. Another misdemeanor charge, the evidence being the same as the one on which they were convicted, is hanging over them and will be vigorously pushed. The creditors regret that they could not make the charge of grand larceny hold, but on this count, the men have been acquitted.

Receiver Simonson has been advised from New York of the sale of the firm's wines there, amounting to about 700 barrels. Of course this wine was simply slaughtered.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street.

New York

THE SAN FRANCISCO CAFE.

A Handsome Establishment Where Epicures Congregate.—The New Chicago Cafe.

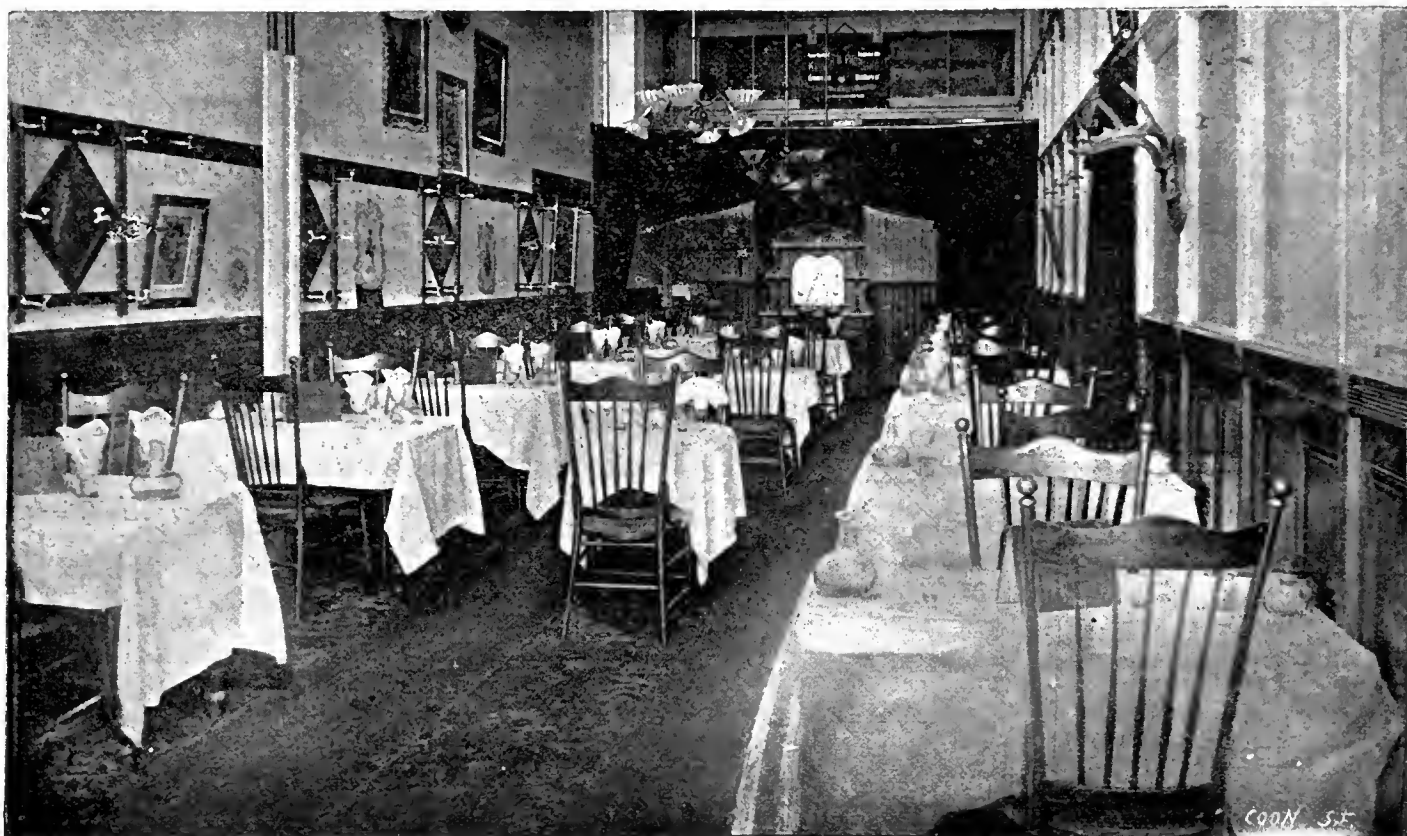
The accompanying illustration is a faithful reproduction of the interior of the Viticultural Cafe on Pine street which is already well-known to San Francisco lovers of good living as one of the most famous places in the city. The establishment needs no description to the San Francisco trade, but its reputation has not extended east, yet, on account of the short time which it has been in existence. It is comfortable, cosy and everything that the epicure demands can be had on application. As the sole restaurant in San Francisco where California wines bottled by

Cafe" has been shortened by the short speaking San Franciscans into "The Viticultural." As such it is known and visited by lovers of the best living and who have pride enough to drink the native wines.

The latest news from Mr. Franckx, who is now in Chicago, is that he has leased commodious quarters at 294 Wabash avenue just a few doors from the Auditorium, in the heart of the business portion of the city, and in close proximity to leading hotels. The location is only a few blocks removed from the wealthy residence portion of Michigan avenue.

Mr. Franckx expects to open the establishment about the 1st of May and in all respects it will be equal to any restaurant in the city.

The National Hotel Reporter of Chicago says the following about Mr. Franckx's plans: Mr. Franckx and Ruhlemann, pro-



California Viticultural Restaurant and Cafe, San Francisco, Cal.

the producers and the best merchants can be obtained, it has already achieved a wide local reputation.

The restaurant is owned by Messrs. Albert Franckx and Otto Ruhlemann, who are two of the most capable caterers in the West. Mr. Ruhlemann now has entire charge since Mr. Franckx went East a few weeks ago to establish a similar cafe in Chicago.

The new place in Chicago will soon be running but it is doubtful if, with all Mr. Franckx's love for the best features of the high class restaurant, it will be any cosier or more popular than the little room on Pine street where daily the best that the market affords the best wines that the State produces are dispensed.

The Viticultural Cafe is a feature of San Francisco life. The cumbersome title of "California Viticultural Restaurant and

prietors of the California Viticultural Restaurant and Cafe, in San Francisco, have leased the second floor of the building Nos. 294, and 296 Wabash avenue, Chicago, and will fit it up in a manner similar to their California establishment, and open for business about May 15th. Mr. Albert Franckx, of the firm, is now in Chicago making the necessary arrangements. The restaurant will accommodate about one hundred and fifty persons. It will be elaborately decorated and appointed in first class manner. The wines served will be all of California growth, bottled at the vineyards under the supervision of Messrs. Franckx & Ruhlemann, and be of the choicest quality. The restaurant will be kept open from 8 a. m. to 1 a. m. The building in which it is to be located will be enlarged next year by the addition of three stories, all of which are to be devoted to the catering business.

The largest whisky blending operation that has ever taken place in England was witnessed in Glasgow. The vat used is said to be the largest of the kind in Great Britain, and is capable of containing no fewer than twelve thousand gallons. In connection with the present blend it was filled to its utmost capacity, the contents being made up of twenty-five different whiskies, all of a first-class quality. In order to give some idea of the enormous quantity of liquor contained in the vat, it may be stated that in weight it represented about sixty tons. The blend is said to have been a very fair specimen of what a Scotch whisky ought to be.

The *per capita* consumption of spirits in this country is 1.37 gallons per annum. This is only seven drinks apiece every four weeks, or supposing that one-half of the inhabitants never consume any spirits, there will be left an average of three drinks and a half a week apiece for the rest; that is, one every other day. This seems pretty light for our climate. Our wine consumption is about one quart *per capita* per annum, or about one-half of the diurnal consumption of the Herault. In other words, our average wine drinking capacity is only 1-730 of that of the dwellers in that happy land.

THE CENSUS BULLETIN.

Major Gardner's Remarks Concerning the Viticulture of the Pacific States.

The long promised census bulletin on viticulture has been published. The portion referring to California and Arizona is as follows: The remainder of the bulletin will be published in the next issue of the REVIEW.

PACIFIC DIVISION. This division embraces Arizona, New Mexico and California. Viticulture in Arizona and New Mexico is comparatively new, but is thought to have a prosperous future. Not only do the native varieties of grapes grow in these territories, but the European, or *vinifera*, also flourishes here. The Muscat varieties, grown so successfully in California for raisins, grow equally well in these territories; also varieties that produce a fine sherry wine. This is one of the most prominent features of viticulture in Arizona. Mr. J. De Barth Shorb, a prominent wine grower and wine maker of southern California, after experimenting in Arizona, reports that the sherries produced there have the true sherry flavor and are made by the natural process; that is, without it being necessary to "bake" them. They not only have the flavor of the Spanish sherries, but also the same excellent qualities. So far, the fine sherries produced in this country have come from that territory. The same authority states that Arizona will be to the United States what Spain is now to Europe. There were in 1889 in Arizona 1,000 acres of bearing vines and 1,500 acres of new vineyards. The product was 2,850 tons or 5,700,000 pounds of table grapes, of which 150 tons or 300,000 pounds were sold to wineries.

In New Mexico in 1889 there were 1,186 acres of bearing vines and 9,000 acres of new vineyards, which produced 296,500 gallons of wine and 1,779 tons or 3,558,000 pounds of table grapes. The information received from New Mexico by the Census Office shows a great advance in viticulture since irrigation has proved practicable. Two companies are building immense canals 45 feet wide at the bottom, capable of carrying 7 feet of water. These canals will irrigate 400,000 acres of as rich land as can be found in the world adapted to the growth of fruit and grapes. Mr. E. G. Shields, a leading horticultural authority, says: "I have tested thoroughly peaches, apricots, apples, nectarines and French and German prunes, and am much pleased with their success. I have also planted olives. This is their third year. Reference is here made to the Pecos Valley, New Mexico, which for cultivation is yet in its infancy. La Mesilla Valley is next in importance. It has about 19,000 acres of vines of new plantings. The Mission variety is grown almost exclusively in this locality, although the Muscat of Alexandria and Muscatel are grown by some. The varieties that grow successfully in New Mexico for raisins are the Muscat of Alexandria, Muscatel de Gordo Blanco and Sultana, and for wine the Zinfandel, Mataro, Cabernet Franc, Mission, Petite Pino and Chasselas Fontainebleau. I feel assured that in two years there will be 100,000 acres of grapes in the Pecos Valley. I have now about 20,000 vines (33 acres) in fine condition, and will add 100 acres."

The industry in New Mexico and Arizona is as yet too young to speak of as to its possibilities, but the start already made seems to justify all that the pioneers are claiming for it.

CALIFORNIA.—There are fifty-three counties in California, nearly all producing grapes in a greater or less degree, the larger proportion of them producing wine for home consumption or export. There is an established demand for this wine to the amount of 1,000,000 gallons per month from this country alone, making 12,000,000 gallons annually, and an exportation to foreign countries of 311,921 gallons in 1889, valued at \$217,093.

California may be divided into three grape-growing districts: The Coast, which includes Sonoma, Lake, Napa, Alameda, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz counties; the Sierra Nevada Foothills and Sacramento Valley district, which includes Placer, El Dorado,

Colusa, Colusa, Yuba, Yolo, Butte, Sacramento and Tehama counties; and the Southern district, which includes San Joaquin, Merced, Fresno, Tulare, Kern, Ventura, Santa Barbara, San Bernardino, Los Angeles and San Diego counties.

In the first district the finer grades of white and red dry wines are made. The choice varieties of the French and German types seem to come nearer to reproducing themselves here than elsewhere. In this district are successfully grown the finest varieties of French champagne grapes, which yield a handsome profit to the purchasers. There is one cellar in this district with a capacity of 800,000 bottles, producing champagne by natural fermentation in the bottle. The champagne industry in California is a growing one, and its future is bright with promise. While wine is the leading viticultural product, fine table grapes are also produced in this district.

Some good, wholesome dry wines are produced in the second district, but they are of a different character from the German types. Grapes for table use and raisins are extensively grown, a large portion of the new plantings being for raisins.

In the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys, and in the southern district, some excellent dry wines are produced, but these valleys excel in their Port, Muscatel, Angelica and other heavy sweet wines.

For the purpose of this bulletin it is only necessary to treat of the principal counties in each district where the heaviest viticultural products are found.

In Napa county, in the first district, there are 20,763 acres. Phylloxera has destroyed many acres of vines in this county, but the acreage has been kept up to about the same point by replanting on resistant stock and the planting of new vineyards farther up on the foothills, where a choice variety of grapes is grown and phylloxera is not such a scourge. There are 142 wine cellars in Napa, many of them of modern construction, containing all the appliances for the manufacture and handling of wines. There were 3,000,000 gallons of wine made in this county in the census year 1889.

Sonoma county, in this district, in 1889 had 21,683 acres of bearing vineyards. The same conditions exist here relative to the quality of grapes and wines produced as in Napa. The ravages of phylloxera were felt in Sonoma at an earlier day than in Napa, appearing about 1874, and a great many vineyards were destroyed. It is now generally believed that the destruction caused by the phylloxera can be stayed by growing the native resistant stock and grafting upon that the foreign *vinifera*.

In Sonoma county in 1889 there were produced about 1,756,300 gallons of wine and 250,000 gallons of brandy. The quality of the dry white wines was marked.

Santa Clara county, in this district, contains some 12,500 acres of bearing vineyards, and should enjoy a reputation for fine white and red wines equal to Sonoma and Napa. This and Santa Cruz county in 1889 produced 2,544,000 gallons of wine. As yet the phylloxera has troubled the vineyards but little in comparison with the counties before mentioned. There is said to be a deep gravelly bed underlying this whole surface, in which the growers say the phylloxera does not work with success.

Alameda county, in the first district, has 6,500 acres of bearing vines, and produces a type of wine resembling the white and red wines of France, and in this part of the district, known as the "Livermore district," a high grade of Saunterne and claret is produced. The geological formation of the valleys and slopes of the Mount Diablo range more nearly reproduce the soil conditions that characterize the department of the Gironde in France than any other section on the Coast. In this district there were produced in 1889 some 600,000 gallons of wine, noted more for the quality than for the quantity which it produces. This is comparatively a new wine district, and has grown up within the last decade. The first systematic planting of high grade grapes began in 1882.

There is in the second district a great viticultural interest, embracing table grapes, raisins, sweet and dry wines, and brandies, excelling in the latter. Sacramento, Placer, El Dorado, Tehama, Yuba, Butte and Yolo counties produce large quantities of table grapes, and quite a quantity of raisins is shipped from some of these counties. Tehama has the largest vineyard in the world, 3,800 acres, to which the manager says 1,000 acres of new

vines are to be added within a year. There was in the distillery on this vineyard in April, 1890, when visited by the special agent of the Census office, 300,000 gallons of brandy and 1,000,000 gallons of wine. Another large vineyard, the second largest in the State, contains 1,500 acres, and is situated at Folsom, Sacramento county. The winery belonging to the vineyard has a capacity of 600,000 gallons. Many table grapes are shipped from this vineyard to the eastern markets. The sales in this direction have largely increased during the past two seasons.

The third district is composed of San Joaquin, Merced, Fresno, Tulare, Kern, Ventura, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange and San Diego counties. Near Stockton, in San Joaquin county, is located one of the largest vineyards and wineries. Fine brandies are made in this district; also sherries, ports and some excellent clarets. Fresno county contains at this time some 25,000 acres of bearing vines and 15,000 acres of new plantings, the larger portion of which is grown for raisins. There are, however, a great many gallons of wine and brandy made in this county. The wines are mostly sweet, and of excellent quality. The raisin pack in 1889 was 626,595 boxes; the wine produced, 1,200,000 gallons. The California "Wines and Vines," speaking of the Muscatel de Gordo Blanco, the true raisin grape, says: "The soil seems to impart a vigor to the vines that is unknown elsewhere in the world. The second crop is often very nearly equal to the first, and the third comes before the leaves fall off." More than half the raisin grapes grown in California are produced in Fresno county.

San Bernardino county, in this district, is also principally devoted to the growing of raisin grapes. There are 9,562 acres of bearing and 4,125 acres of non-bearing vines, and the raisin pack for 1889 amounted to 375,000 boxes. Two wineries in San Bernardino county produced 279,000 gallons of wine in 1889. There were also shipped from this district 1,700 tons of table grapes.

Los Angeles county has 18,120 acres of bearing vines. A new and mysterious disease attacked the vines of the southern portion of this district about 1885, and ruined more than one-half of the acreage. Every effort has been made to discover the cause and remedy the evil. The most expert scientists have been consulted by the State Board of Viticulture in California, and the Department of Agriculture appointed an expert to investigate and report upon the matter. There were produced in 1889 in Los Angeles county 25,820 tons or 51,640,000 pounds of grapes for wine, and 1,000 tons or 2,000,000 pounds of grapes for table purposes. The wines in this county are justly celebrated, and were the first shipped from California to eastern markets. This county excels in its sherries, ports and brandies. There were 20,000 boxes of raisins packed in 1889, the new disease having reduced the product about one-half. The product of Orange, a county lately formed from portions of Los Angeles county, is included in the above figures.

In San Diego county there is an acreage of 6,000 bearing and 7,500 non-bearing vines. Of the latter, 6,000 were just coming into bearing in 1889, and did not add much to the product. While this shows a fair increase in the growth of the industry during the last four years, the increase is accounted for by the fact that the new disease that was so injurious in Los Angeles, did not affect San Diego county. It is in the El Cajon valley of San Diego county that the most progress has been made in viticulture. There are 27,000 acres adapted to fruit growing, and 3,090 of bearing raisin vineyards in El Cajon. The raisins from this valley are among the finest produced in California. The product of the El Cajon valley in 1889 was 75,000 boxes; in the balance of San Diego county, the pack was 75,000 boxes; in all, 150,000 boxes. Another successful branch of viticulture in this district, is the shipment of table grapes to the eastern market. Many of the elevated localities are so free from frost, that grapes can be left on the vines until January.

As it has been noted in this bulletin that California has the largest vineyard in the world, it may be well to state that she has also the smallest. It is a vineyard consisting of a single vine, in Santa Barbara county. It was planted by a Mexican woman about sixty-eight years ago, and has a diameter one foot from the ground, of twelve inches, its branches covering an area of 12,000 feet, and produces annually from 10,000 to 12,000 pounds of grapes of the Mission variety (many bunches weighing six and seven pounds), the crop being generally made into wine. The old lady who planted this one-vine vineyard died in 1865 at the age of 107.

Viticulture, already a great industry in the Pacific division, promises to become still greater in the near future.

ESTABLISH MORE BRANDS.

The tendency of the principal producers and merchants during the past three or four years has been toward the establishment of distinct brands. We have encouraged it by every possible means, believing that the future of the industry does not rest so much in producing wines for bulk sale only, as in the cased goods business.

It is a pleasure to note that the journals of the principal wine producing valleys of the State are waking to the necessities of the situation. In a recent article Editor Bartlett of the Livermore *Herald* has the following to say on this point:

"Before Livermore wine makers began to bottle their products, the only opportunity we had to determine its quality was in the competitive exhibitions at the annual conventions of wine-makers. The public had no opportunity to judge of their quality, because they were never sold under the Livermore Valley name. Bought by wholesale dealers in bulk they were either used in blending, or sold under general labels. We have been bottling but two or three years, yet our four or five brands are known quite well in this State and in many localities in the East, and several foreign countries. Within a fortnight, we heard a number of professional gentlemen in Oakland discussing the merits of 'Wetmore's Claret, and Chauche's and Smith's Sauternes,' with an earnestness and directness of favorable comment that showed that the vintage had in the opinion of these connoisseurs, stepped into the front rank of California wines. These wines are selling freely at many times the price of bulk wines. True, they are of good quality, some being from high type grapes, and of sufficient age. But the valley could soon put on the market twenty other brands, nearly, if not quite as good. This is the only way in which we shall ever secure a great reputation, and high price for our wines. Bulk goods will probably increase in value, to a considerable extent, but the reputation of local districts is never made by their production. And reputation only can make the vintage bring extra prices."

Right and true every word of it. The fact of the matter is that the truth is being recognized by the wholesale houses of San Francisco as well as the producers. The cased goods houses and those which sell solely in bulk are having their interests divided more than ever before. Such houses as the Napa Valley Wine Co., J. Gundlach & Co., Arpad Haraszthy & Co., F. A. Haber and Beck, Pyhr & Co., as well as others understand the value of a brand just as fully as do such gentlemen as the *Herald* names. We like to see it too.

There is another gratifying feature of the cased goods trade which we are pleased to note, though some of the pioneers do not like it. Some man, Mr. A. for instance, goes figuring around with a small lot of fine wine which he has nursed and cared for like a baby. He thinks it ought to have a name and he casts about for a price remunerative to him. Almost before his new brand is launched, the other men who have a nice little lot are after the same trick. In this way a healthy rivalry for the name of having fine wines starts up and before any one understands just how or why it is done some one steps to the front and buys in a nice lot of really good wine from a producer unable to hold it, and pays a price which seems fabulous in these latter days.

The establishment of brands is *par excellence* the encouraging feature of the wine trade. It is the beginning of that better time when all the fair to fine wine will not be dumped into the same cask with the poorest wine in the State.

Ten years ago no one knew much about the wine of this or that valley let alone of the separate vineyards. Now we hear the leading men discussing the merits of "Inglenook," "Napa Valley Private Stock," "Rhinefarm," "Chauche," "Schramsberger," "Cresta Blanca," "Haraszthy's Wines," "Olivina," "De Turk," "To-Kalon," "St. Hubert," "La Loma," "St. George," "Beck's brands," etc., etc. It is a recognized fact that this, that or the other vineyard produces distinctive wines and deserves distinctive brands.

This is but the beginning. The end will be worked out with time and will be greatly hastened by the establishment of other cafes where wines are sold, similar to that in San Francisco and the one soon to be established in Chicago.

SUGAR IN MUSTS.

Another Able and Intelligent Letter on the Subject from Mr.
Charles A. Wetmore.

Last month, Mr. C. A. Crampton, the chemist of the Internal Revenue Department at Washington, D. C., sent a letter to Winfield Scott, the Secretary of the Viticultural Commission, asking for information regarding the saccharine contents of musts.

The letter was referred to Mr. Charles A. Wetmore, the Chief Viticultural Officer, for report, and the letter which he sent to Mr. Scott was forwarded to Washington with the following letter from Mr. Scott:

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. March 20, 1891.

C. A. Crampton, Esq., Lab. of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: I have referred your letter of the 24th of February to Mr. Charles A. Wetmore for consideration and report, and his letter which is enclosed, is commended to your attention. I can only say that I heartily concur in all his statements.

The samples of wine which he mentions will be sent to you as soon as they are ready. I will also send you a statement of how samples already forwarded to you were obtained.

We are bottling the rest of the samples for analysis, which were collected for you last year, and the same will be sent to you as soon as they are ready, by freight.

Very Truly Yours,

Winfield Scott, Secretary State Viticultural Commissioners.

Mr. Wetmore's letter is as follows:

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20th, 1891.

Winfield Scott, Esq., Secretary Board of Viticultural Commissioners, San Francisco, Cal.

DEAR SIR:—I have read the letter from Mr. C. A. Crampton which you have submitted to me, and which refers to the special question of how high a degree of sugar may be obtained in a natural must extracted from the grape without any artificial means or assistance, other than that of the pressure in crushing.

I am sorry to say that I have never heard of any line of experiments that would enable me to answer this question fully.

I know that I have seen grapes picked from the vines in a condition of partial desiccation which would yield a must of at least fifty per cent.—if not more—of sugar. I have frequently seen grapes in an apparently fresh and unshriveled condition, showing as high as thirty-five per cent. In my own practice of making certain grades of Sauternes, some of the grapes not being up to the required standard, I have had them laid out on paper for a few days, with the result of obtaining a must of thirty-seven per cent, which flows very easily from the press. It has never been my interest to ascertain in any way how high a degree of sugar might be obtained, having been satisfied with what has been accomplished, and not desiring in my own experiments more than thirty-five to thirty-seven per cent.

I have intended, however, to attempt a reform in ordinary methods of sweet wine making, and have partially succeeded in winning over to my side some who will hereafter partially desiccate their grapes, intended for sweet wines, in order to improve the general quality, and avoid the large degree of distilled spirits, usually required for fortification. The only reason why such a method is not more generally adopted, is because there has been no encouragement, either on the part of the Government or the trade, for the improvement of sweet wines. Competition has favored the cheapest of all methods: the saving of hand labor, and the use of inferior spirits.

The provisions of the Sweet Wine law, however, have a tendency to improve the sweet wines, and as soon as the art of sweet wine making is as well understood by the officers of the Government as it is now by the best informed producers, we hope to see a radical change in our markets.

As an instance of the comparatively high degree of musts pro-

duced by the partial desiccation of the berries before crushing, am fortunate enough to be able to refer you to a couple of barrels preserved for experimental purposes by Mr. Henry B. Wagoner of Livermore. He has promised to give me, under oath, the history of this experiment, and to furnish a sample for the examination of the Department. This, I will furnish to you as soon as I can. In this case, the strength of the must has a particular significance, and illustrates one of the necessities of the wine makers which should not be overlooked by the Department. We had, during the last season, a long spell of dry weather during the vintage time, which enabled the late ripening grapes to become fully matured; and even what is generally known as the "second crop" which appears usually only on certain varieties of vines such as the Zinfandel and a few others. This second crop springs from laterals growing from the main shoots, and is usually when picked fit only for distillation, because it does not thoroughly ripen. In some localities where dry weather prevails in the fall, the second crop, as in Livermore last year, runs high in sugar, but it comes at a time when coöperation in fermentation time, is generally occupied, and these late grapes are often lost or left for pigs to gather.

Now, as it happened in Mr. Wagoner's case, he had a few loads of second crop Zinfandel come to his winery, and being unprepared to ferment them, he laid them out on paper to dry. Being so late, however, it was impossible to dry them sufficiently for grocery uses as dried grapes; so, as soon as he was able to provide the facilities, he took them up. The grapes, then shriveled in appearance, were stemmed and crushed as usual, and Mr. Wagoner found that he had a must containing forty-two per cent. of sugar according to the saccharometer. Now he might have used this pure sweet must with great advantage by adding to any lot of sweet wine which he might have been making, and which might have contained too low a degree of sugar. Such a practice is the one which I have been trying, and still am trying to have adopted throughout the state, in order to perfect our methods of making this class of wines. But in this particular case, Mr. Wagoner preferred to make an experiment in preserving the must in the unfermented form, in order to ascertain whether it could be done should he desire to make unfermented wine for communion purposes or otherwise, with these late grapes. His process of preservation was the simple and legitimate one known as *mutage*, which is accomplished by burning sulphur in the barrel, then filling half full of the must to be preserved, and rolling the barrels, until by this and repeated processes of the same kind, the living fermentation germs are destroyed. I only mention this to explain how it happens that at this time, this small lot of must is to be found. At the same time that I last saw it, at Mr. Wagoner's winery, slight fermentation had taken place, which had reduced the saccharine strength to about thirty-eight per cent. This will serve, however, to inform Mr. Crampton as to the practicability of obtaining perfectly limpid musts with the degree of sugar as high as forty per cent. In many districts, with certain kinds of grapes, I am satisfied that a perfectly limpid must could be expressed with sugar as high as fifty per cent.

I know of no other practical illustration at present, that would be of any use to the Department, except in the case of some pure juice of Sauterne grapes, which I have myself preserved with the aid of sulphuring. I will furnish you a sample containing about thirty-one per cent. of sugar, and you will be able to see how entirely limpid a fluid it is. If required, I could just as easily have had forty per cent. I should say therefore, in reply to Mr. Crampton's inquiry, that a must may naturally have as high a degree of sugar as fifty per cent., and at the same time the juice may be easily expressed from the skin and pulp. I am inclined to think that the expression of the juice could be carried on in the ordinary manner were the musts to show a still higher saccharine content.

If by way of experiment, sugar is added to the natural musts which I will send, the strength can be increased to any desired

amount, and it will be possible to ascertain at what point the fluid conditions necessary for expressing would become checked.

With respect to what shall be considered the maximum amount of sugar for *fresh* grapes, as plucked from the vines without desiccation, my previous remarks ought to show that it is wholly a question of season and locality, and is also dependent on the variety of vines cultivated and other conditions. For instance, it was the practice at the vineyard of Mr. F. T. Eisen at Fresno, for several years, to permit the Muscat grapes to remain on the vines until they were ready to pack as raisins. Now it can be readily seen that Mr. Eisen could have chosen any time he pleased between the ordinary condition of maturity, and complete desiccation, for picking these grapes for wine making, and of course he alone should be the sole judge of when they were ripe enough for wine making purposes, in case he wanted them for that. I have already stated that I have repeatedly seen grapes picked at thirty-five per cent. and still looking fresh and unshriveled. The only reason why we have not more record as to what is possible in this line, is because it has been more to the interest of the producer to get a large quantity of the juice rather than a smaller quantity with a higher degree of sugar. Where men sell grapes to wineries, there is always a conflict between the wine maker and the grape grower, in case either brandy or sweet wine is desired, the grower desiring to pick his grapes as early as possible with the greatest weight, and the wine maker desiring more maturity and less weight.

These remarks, I think, answer fully the inquiries contained in the letter of the Chemist of the Department. I do not think that the establishment of any limit of the saccharine content of musts is possible, because of the different conditions which prevail from year to year, and the changes which are made in the practice, as demanded. As I said in a letter to Hon. I. De Turk, the President of this Commission, some time ago, I think that the establishment of any artificial limit is not in the best interest of the producer, the consumer or the Government, so long as the conditions imposed by the Sweet Wine law are met.

Respectfully,

CHAS. A. WETMORE, Chief Executive Viticultural Officer.

MR. HILGARD SUPPRESSED.

Professor Hilgard has retired from his struggle with the Internal Revenue Department utterly worsted. He has confessed that all the trouble he raised over the alleged inaccuracy of the Sweet Wine tables was unwarranted and premature, and very properly he has left the field. Let us hope that he will remain in retirement until the Sweet Wine troubles are settled, at least.

Professor Hilgard presents the sorry spectacle of a scientific man who set a trap and then walked into it. He has "dugged his own pit" and stumbled into it. Will he please remain caged? His advice and interference are not wanted or relished by the Sweet Wine makers.

In the absolute defeat which has overtaken him, he strives to explain matters by attributing his mistakes to an "assistant in whom he had every confidence." We do not like to have to expose Professor Hilgard to further ignominy, but we are in a position to assert and we do most emphatically assert *that he was not misled by any "assistant" at all.* The gentleman to whom he submitted his tables is a member of the faculty of the University and is not connected in any manner with the Hilgard outfit. Had Hilgard beaten the Internal Revenue Department he would have claimed all the credit—now that he has been beaten, the other gentleman very promptly and decidedly refuses to be dragged into the same ditch.

Vale Hilgard.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chase, 1041 Market Street, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gitt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

DR. MANLOVE DEAD.

Dr. W. S. Manlove, one of the oldest, best-known and most highly respected citizens of Sacramento county, died at his residence near Brighton at six o'clock on the morning of the 17th inst. Four week ago he was attacked with pneumonia, which was developed from a malignant form of la grippe.

He was a native of Virginia, aged 67 years. He was one of the first in this section to engage in grape culture, and about one hundred acres of his vineyard were devoted to the finest varieties. He also had one hundred acres in small fruit. He was an authority on all subjects relating to fruit culture, and in 1887 was appointed a member of the State Board of Viticulture, a position which he filled with ability and credit. Sixteen years ago he was chairman of what was known as the Farmers' Aid Association, which organization was merged into the "Patrons" or "Grangers" movement, Dr. Manlove being first master of the new organization. He was elected president of the Sacramento County Farmers' Alliance at a meeting held at Elk Grove on the 3d of the present month.

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A thriving and paying business in Napa County near railroad depot, consisting of a large and complete winery and distillery, including 30,000 gallons of good cooperage and cellar implements. Also dwelling house, barn, stable and three acres of land, (orchard and vines) at the very low price of \$6,300. Terms \$4300 cash; remainder secured by mortgage. Address "BARGAIN" this office.

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When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

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Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continuous supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

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N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission



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[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

"One word will tell you all about the liquor market in Chicago at the present time," said a prominent dealer yesterday to me: "and that word is 'dull.'" His statement was reiterated by others and there can be no doubt of its truth.

"It is the time of the year," remarked another wholesaler, "when we expect matters to be slack in our line. The winter trade is all out of the way now and the spring trade has not opened yet nor will it for a few weeks yet."

"The fact that the time is near at hand when the retailer will have to pay his annual licenses," said a third wholesale dealer, "makes business quiet at this time. They are not spending any more money for stock than they are obliged to until they have met that very necessary evil. There is but little doing in the way of buying for future delivery."

Another gentleman who evidently knew whereof he was talking had this to say: "The fact is that over production is the worst feature of our business to-day. A few years ago there could be no better investment than new whiskies and allow them to age. The price doubled right up and made the investor rich. But that is all passed now, and over stocking has done it."

In regard to the business outlook for the year, the dealers are very hopeful, and say that there can be no reason except some financial crisis which shall affect the whole country, why the trade for the year should not be better than it was last. One firm stated that the trade of their house for the month of February, and so far into March had been much better than it was during the corresponding period of last year. "That gives us great hope for the whole year," he continued, "and we are shaping our course that way."

"Another satisfactory and encouraging feature at this time," said one gentleman, "is that money in Chicago is very easy, and as a consequence collections are good. The Bradstreet circulars have stated of late that collections were very slow in some of the western, southern and northern cities, but Chicago has always had a good rating by them, and well she deserves it, too. Money is plenty and easy at five and six per cent."

I am glad to be able to state, and truly too, that California wines and brandies are gaining ground here very fast, and it will be only a matter of a comparatively short time when the latter will have won the day completely. Of the several places I visited during the week where California goods were handled, not one gave me a discouraging report. They all say that the call for wine is increasing rapidly, both for bar and family use. Both features are certainly encouraging, and one augments the other to a certain extent. The call over the bar is almost exclusively for white wine now, which goes to show that Chicagoans are becoming educated up to a full understanding of wine as a beverage. When they were first introduced everybody who was not familiar with wine naturally called for Port, Sherry or Angelica, because they were sweet and more pleasant to the taste. I am told that '87 brandy stands at the head of the list now, both in demand and price.

Captain H. W. McIntyre, manager of Senator Stanford's Vina vineyard was here last week, and made the To-Kalon Wine Company the Chicago agent for the Vina brandy. The brandy could not have been put into better hands, and with the excellent reputation which it sustains at the introduction, it will doubtless meet with a good and ready sale.

The San Gabriel Vineyard Company and Messrs. Kohler & Frohling, each have a very creditable display of their wines at the Rialto building, in this city, where the four southern counties of California have maintained an exhibit of products since October last, under the supervision of Major Ben. C. Truman. The samples of wine are very neatly bottled and labeled, and are naturally attracting a great deal of attention.

H. L. Holden, manager of the California Company, is at present in California making arrangements for the year's business. That company carries a large stock of goods, and is doing a good business.

The announcement that Messrs. Franckx & Ruhlemann were soon to open a viticultural restaurant and cafe in Chicago, similar to that now so successfully conducted by them in San Francisco, was the subject of much favorable comment among the members of the California colony here, when it was read in the current number of the Review. That it will do a great deal toward introducing the California products to the eastern public and familiarizing and consequently popularizing them, goes without saying. It is well that they are coming in good season so as to become well established and popular before the opening of the World's Fair.

There are no new developments in the case of Secretary Gibson, of the "whisky trust." Despite the fact that it was alleged that he had entered into a contract with a government detective to destroy a strong rival institution, and that at the time of his arrest there was found in his valise a bottle of "sure 'nuff fire-water," a liquid that was just aching to burn every moment of its existence, the trust has published the following in all the papers of the city: "In regard to Mr. Gibson, we have to say that he is a gentleman of character and high standing, that he has been a faithful and efficient Secretary of this company, and that we do not credit in the least that he is guilty of the crime charged against him. The interests of this company will, in our judgment, be in no wise affected by this charge. Mr. Gibson's resignation has been tendered and accepted."

Chicago, March 16, 1891.

L. L. PALMER.

Pittsburg Department.

Hoffheimer Bros' goods are never questioned by the trade. It is enough for a dealer to know that the goods are made by Hoffheimer Bros. Their reputation is unassailable, and therefore such a great success on the "White Mills" bourbon and rye and "W. B. Samuel's" sour mash whiskies, is well deserved.

H. H. Livingston of the Dillinger Co., reports trade good with holders of his '88 goods. He soon intends going to the Pacific Coast for trade. The Coast dealers should try and encourage him. It will pay them to do so. His goods are first-class.

Adler Roedelheimer & Co. are heavy carriers of Pennsylvania ryes and do a good trade. Business is reported as excellent by them.

Wm. J. Friday reports trade fair.

A. J. Sunstein of the Thompson Distilling Co., is very well satisfied with the results thus far attained, and the shape in which the Company's products have been placed.

W. A. Mauk is in the push, and always pushing something new for trade. The firm and Mauk are rushers and deserve the respect of the trade.

Tom Moore's pure rye is in demand, and is among the leaders in the race.

Weiler Bros. are the people. They made it so by their able and judicious handling of their goods.

R. Raphael has just returned from the East in the interest of his firm, pushing the well and favorably known brands, "W. B. Samuels" and "White Mills" bourbon and rye. He reports a successful trip.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is greatly admired by both advertisers and subscribers in this section of the country. It is a neat, clean, newsy paper, with well produced articles on wine, etc., and is doing the California growers and distillers a great deal of good; more than they appreciate.

W. O. Hoppe called on his customers here recently.

J. Barrett of Barrett & Co., New York, prune juice manufacturers, was with us last week. His goods are in demand in this section.

Clarence Hoffheimer is going to San Francisco for Hoffheimer Bros. of Cincinnati. Clarence is a hustler and always gets there by a good majority.

BORAX.

Louisville Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

LOUISVILLE, March 20th 1891.

A meeting of distillers was held at the Galt House on the 3rd inst. Among those present were: Thos. H. Sherley, Jno. M. Atherton, J. B. Wathen, Edward Rabbit, representing the American Distilling Company; James S. Cunningham, representing the Mattingly Distillery; George T. Stagg, of the O. F. C. Distillery; R. W. Slack, of the M. V. Monarch Company; Charles Lemmon, of the Old Times Distillery; Julius Wanner and Thos. S. Jones, of the Nelson County Distilling Company; Tom Moore, of the Tom Moore Distillery; Charles Graves, of Jno. G. Roach & Co.; T. M. Gilmore and Max Halle, of *Mida's Criterion*.

As soon as the meeting was called to order Col. T. H. Sherley was chosen as temporary Chairman, and Mr. Thomas M. Gilmore as Secretary. Mr. Gilmore arose and recited the object in view in the meeting, which was called by a circular signed by E. L. Miles & Co., J. G. Mattingly & Co., Belle of Nelson Company, J. M. Atherton, Old Times Distillery, Nelson County Distillery and H. McKenna.

A motion was put and carried to appoint a committee of seven to call a meeting in which all of Kentucky's five whisky districts will be represented. The committee will draft a plan of organization for the Distillers' Association of Kentucky. The committee was chosen as follows: Thomas H. Sherley, Chairman; T. M. Gilmore, Secretary; R. Monarch, Owensboro; R. N. Wathen, Lebanon; Richard Stoll, Lexington; T. B. Ripy, Lawrenceburg; James Levy, Cincinnati.

THE AFFAIRS OF THE TRUST.

The Distilling & Cattle Feeding Company has advanced the price of spirits two cents per gallon, presumably on account of the higher price of corn.

A most serious blow has been aimed at the rebate system now enforced by the Trust, in the form of an act just introduced into the New York Legislature. Section 1, of the act, provides that all individuals, firms, companies and corporations doing business in the state, which issue rebate vouchers or certificates shall deposit the same in banks or trust companies designated by the State Comptroller, or else that such rebate vouchers shall not be legal.

Section 2 provides that the vouchers shall be a lien against the property of those issuing it, and when properly endorsed shall be transferrable and negotiable the same as notes.

Section 3, of the act, makes it imperative to those issuing the vouchers to make a monthly statement to the State Comptroller and requires a deposit of such sums as may be necessary in some reliable bank to secure the payment of the vouchers.

Section 4 provides for the payment of interest on the money tied up by the system; and Section 5 provides penalties of a fine of from \$1,000 to \$5,000 and imprisonment of from one to two years for violation of the act. This section also makes the same penalty for entering into contracts with corporations which have not complied with the law.

The Trust will of course oppose the law with all its influence. It is said that similar bills will be introduced in the Legislatures of other states.


ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street - - - - - New York



THE HIGHEST AWARD
PARIS EXPOSITION.
1889.
GOLD MEDAL
OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
VINEYARD,
1885.
LIVERMORE VALLEY,
CALIFORNIA.
A.G. CHAUCHE
PROPRIETOR,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.

Office and Salesrooms
618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,
California Wines and Brandies
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
GROWERS, DISTILLERS.
Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

H. H. HARRIS.

M. L. REYNOLDS.

THOS. KINGSTON.


Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,

WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND
Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES



VINEYARDS & CELLARS:
Rutherford,
Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
123-127 Eddy St.
Under Hackmeier's Hotel,
San Francisco, Cal.



TRADE MARK

Damiana Bitters.

The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases. DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above action it is recommended in all cases of Sexual Weakness and Want of Sexual Desire.

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,
Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

F. O. BOYD & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.

Advances Made on Consignments.

References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
MR. ROBERT BARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HARSZATHY, San Francisco, Cal.
MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHUFFELDT, Chicago, Ill.

Treasury Regulations.

The Treasury Department has just decided a most important point affecting the holders of imported whiskies. The point raised is, as to whether the tax should be assessed on contents as gauged on arrival or at the time of their actual withdrawal from custom warehouse. The contention is based upon the McKinley bill, which provides that all goods on which duty is assessed by weight shall be weighed on withdrawal and duty assessed accordingly. The claim has been disallowed by the appraisers, whose decision is given below. The Louisville Public Warehouse Co., not satisfied with the equity of the decision, has concluded to appeal the case to the United States Courts and fight it out to a finish. The decision of the appraisers reads as follows:

FORM 21 AFFIRMANCE OF COLLECTOR'S DECISION.

Classification. In replying refer to 2420 B.

Office of the Board of U. States General Appraisers, 531 Canal street

New York, March 5, 1891.

Surveyor of Customs, Louisville, Ky:

SIR: Your decision as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain whisky withdrawn from warehouse and assessed with duty upon the gauge ascertained at the time of importation and W. H. being in accordance with the decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers, dated February 4, 1891, No. 300 G. A., is hereby affirmed on the protest described below, and which was received with your letter of December 1, 1890.

Respectfully yours,

GEO. C. TICHENOR,

THAD. S. SHAFERKETS,

J. B. WILKINSON, JR.,

Board of U. S. General Appraisers.

Impd., Jan. 7, '90.

2420 B. 1
Bond 325 1 Louisville Public Warehouse Co.

By a decision recently made by the Board of General Appraisers all natural mineral waters imported from foreign countries will be admitted into this country free of all duty. The decision was made on an appeal taken by an importer from the decision of the New York Collector of Customs. The Board of Appraisers state that while it would appear that every description of mineral water, natural and artificial alike, comes under paragraph 341, specifying "all mineral waters and all imitations of natural mineral waters and all artificial mineral waters," nevertheless the words "not specially provided for," immediately following, exempt natural mineral water from duty, since it is specially declared to be free by paragraph 650 of the free list.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Nettleton has issued the following circular announcing a change in the form of the special-tax stamp for retail liquor dealers:

"Letters are frequently received stating that in many parts of the country the retail liquor dealers claim to hold permits or licenses from the United States for carrying on their business; that in many places where the local law prohibits public drinking places, the law is openly violated by persons who claim to do business under at least the moral sanction of a Federal license and that this fact greatly retards the enforcement of wholesome restrictive laws and promotes disorder.

"It should be necessary to state that the United States Government does not issue licenses or permits to any person in any State to carry on the business of a retail liquor dealer. Congress having levied a revenue stamp of twenty-five dollars per annum on the business of retail liquor dealers, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue endeavors to collect this tax wherever and by whomsoever business is carried on, but no semblance of permission is given by the United States to begin such a business in

any place contrary to local legislation. A change has been made in the form of the United States stamp issued to retail liquor dealers to evidence that they have paid such tax.

The new form, which goes into effect July 1st next, reads: "The United States stamp for special tax, internal revenue. Received from _____ sum of _____ dollars for special tax on the business of retail liquor dealer at _____ for the period represented by the coupon or coupons herewith attached." And across the face of the stamp is inscribed the substance of Section 3423 of the Revised Statutes.

"This stamp is simply a receipt for tax paid to the Government, and does not exempt the holder from any penalty or punishment provided for by the laws of any State for carrying on said business within such State and does not authorize the commencement or continuance of such business contrary to the laws of such State or in places prohibited by the municipal laws.

"It is believed that this action will leave no ground for further misapprehension."

TREASURY DEPT. OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C. February 12, 1891. }

All persons liable to internal revenue special taxes are notified that by the provisions of Section 53 of the Act of October 1, 1890, all such taxes for the full year will hereafter become due on the 1st day of July of each year, instead of the 1st day of May, as heretofore. Persons liable, who have paid special tax for the period ending April 30, 1891 can have their stamps extended for May and June, 1891, by the payment of one-sixth of the rate for the year.

For this purpose the person liable should make a return on Form 11 to the Collector or Deputy Collector, and procure an "Extension Certificate."

A similar return should also be made, and a proper special tax stamp procured for the year beginning July 1, 1891.

Persons commencing business in May or June, 1891, must make a return on Form 11 and procure a stamp for the period ending June 30, 1891.

These returns must, in every case, be rendered in ample time to enable the officer to receive them not later than the last day of the month in which the liability begins. For failure to make the return as above stated, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is required by law to assess a penalty of fifty per cent. of the amount of the tax. The failure to procure a special tax stamp also renders the delinquent liable to criminal prosecution.

The following are the special taxes imposed by law on and after May 1, 1891, viz:

Rectifiers of less than 500 barrels.....	\$100 00
Rectifiers of 500 barrels or more.....	200 00
Dealers, retail liquor.....	25 00
Dealers, wholesal liquor.....	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale.....	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail.....	20 00
Manufacturers of stills.....	50 00
And for each still manufactured.....	20 00
And for each worm manufactured.....	20 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels.....	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more.....	100 00

All special taxes heretofore required from dealers in, and manufacturers of, tobacco and cigars are repealed on and after May 1, 1891.

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.



Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
OAKVILLE, NAPA CO., CAL.

M. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR.

"TO-KALON" has received more Medals, Diplomas and Premiums
than any other brand of Wines and Brandy in America.

PURITY GUARANTEED.

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., Sole Agents,

308 CALIFORNIA STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.

— PRODUCERS OF —

CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE,

— AND DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Proprietors of

ORLEANS VINEYARD.

530 Washington Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

LARGEST SHERRY PRODUCERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO:
453-465 Brannan Street.



NEW YORK:
22, 24, 26 Elm Street.

C. BUNDSCHU.

J. GUNDLACH.

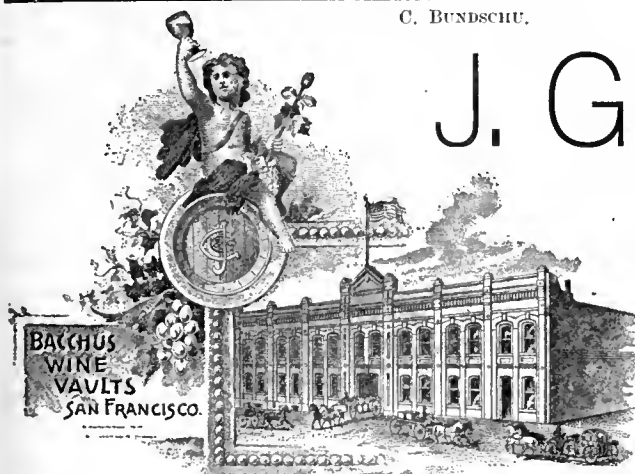
J. GUNDLACH & CO.

Vineyard Proprietors and Shippers of

California Wines and Brandies,

PROPRIETORS RHINE FARM, SONOMA, CAL.

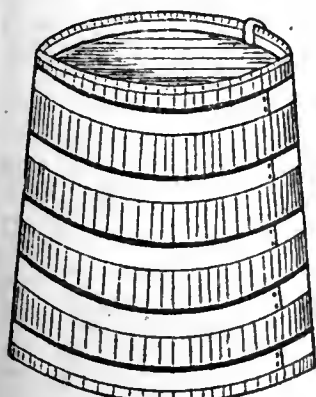
And BACCHUS WINE VAULTS, 438-442 Bryant St., S. F.



J. GUNDLACH & CO. —
SAN FRANCISCO.

NEW YORK. S. E. COR. MARKET & SECOND STS.

New York Branch,
52 WARREN STREET.



REDWOOD TANKS,

F. Korbel & Bros

821 BRYANT ST., S. F.

Or at NORTH FORK MILL,

HUMBOLDT CO. CAL.

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut.
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL,
Established 1857.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,
Of London, Incorporated 1720.

ROBERT DICKSON, Manager.

N. W. COR. SACRAMENTO AND MONTGOMERY STS., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ARIEL LATHROP, Pres. WM. HARNEY, Mgr. and Sec'y. T. HOPKINS, Treas.

Golden Gate Woolen Manufacturing Co.

— MANUFACTURE —

BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, FLANNELS
535 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

WELL-KNOWN BEVERAGES.

Kindly Words for the Specialties of Some of the Leading San Francisco Houses.

In the course of our article on Beverages, the *Times* had the following to say regarding some of the best known San Francisco Houses:

Jesse Moore Whiskies.

THESE are few people who drink whisky at all, whether medicinally or otherwise, who are not familiar with the name of Jesse Moore. The whiskies put up under this brand are celebrated from the Atlantic to the Pacific for their absolute purity and uniformity of character, and for many years past they have received the unqualified indorsement of the medical profession.

Messrs. Moore, Hunt & Co. of 404 Front street are the sole agents on this Coast for these decidedly wholesome beverages, and it is no small matter to be assured that in no way are the whiskies adulterated. A word or two as to their preparation for local distribution will be of interest. Nearly all shipments come "round the Horn," which helps the age considerably, and when received here they are sold, whether in bottle or in bulk, absolutely "straight." Another important feature is the fact that Mr. Moore of this firm is a partner in the distilling house of Jesse Moore & Co., which secures more certainly to the consumer absolute purity.

Under these conditions it is not surprising to find the whisky so popular. It is maintaining its good name, too, strictly on its merits.

Advertise an inferior article as extensive as you will, it may create a momentary demand, but sooner or later it is bound to collapse. For fifteen years Moore, Hunt, & Co. have been placing their whiskies on the market with practically no advertisement, yet the volume of trade increases steadily and regularly, and what must be still more satisfactory to the firm, the moment they make a customer they have made a friend, and a permanent one. We may defy any one to produce a better credential than this.

When interviewed, both Mr. Hunt and Mr. Kirkpatrick, members of the firm, allowed the reporter every facility to learn the truth as to their business, and well might they, for there is nothing in their whole affairs which does not entirely justify the high estimation in which it is invariably held. One final word about their whiskies. There are three brands, the A. A., B. and C., besides the "Pony" whisky, differing only from each other in age, and each is pronounced to be sound, wholesome, mellow and pure by every one who can lay any claim to being a judge.

J. H. Cutter Whisky.

WITHOUT doubt we are a nation of whisky drinkers, and of all the brands manufactured in this country, none is more popular than the familiar Cutter. The reason is plain; "Cutter" is well-known to be uniform in character, and absolutely pure. At the distilleries in Kentucky, nothing but carefully selected grain of the highest grade is used, and the blending is done with infinite care, which accounts for the well established fact that the Cutter whisky of to-day is precisely the same in character as that produced twenty-five years ago.

The O. K. No. 1 is a sound and pure whisky twelve years old, of a delicious mellow flavor and rich color. Taken as a beverage or medicinally, it gives unqualified satisfaction, and like all other Cutter whisky sold, is fully guaranteed. To insure uniformity, there is a stock of from 12,000 to 15,000 barrels carried at the distilleries, from where it is shipped round "the Horn" to Messrs. A. P. Hotelling & Co. of 429-437 Jackson street, who for thirty or more years have been the sole agents on the Pacific slope. Here it is bottled and distributed. One should be particularly careful to see that he gets genuine Cutter when he asks for it, for Cutter whisky has been subjected to almost every form of piracy. The genuine has the name of the firm, A. P. Hotelling & Co., both on the cork and on the label over the cork. The imitations of the Cutter whiskies are never anywhere near as pure, wholesome or as pleasant as is the genuine.

The medical profession are loudest in praise of these whiskies and there is but one consensus of opinion in all the analyses that have been made of Cutter from 1857 right down to to-day, "A pure and unadulterated liquor, eminently adapted for medical use."

Take up then! There can be no doubt as to the wholesomeness of these whiskies as beverages; their purity is unquestioned and their excellent flavor beyond all doubt.

Mr. A. P. Hotelling of Messrs. A. P. Hotelling & Co. courteously conducted the reporter through their immense establishment the whole of which is splendidly arranged. Certainly the agency for Cutter whisky could not be in better or more capable hands.

Inglenook Vineyard and Its Products.

CALIFORNIA wines are particularly wholesome when sufficient care has been bestowed on their preparation. In Inglenook we have a particularly happy instance of what can be accomplished by a man who has his whole heart and soul in his work.

Captain Niebaum, the proprietor of this lovely vineyard, determined to produce as nearly as possible perfect wines in California, and how well he has succeeded most of us know.

The great feature of the Inglenook wines is that they are guaranteed to be the expressed juice of fresh ripe grapes, and that alone. No expense is spared to improve the character of the vines, and no trouble is too great to perfect the maturing process.

These wines are never sold except in glass bottles, be it hock, sauterne, claret, sherry, port or what not, and every bottle sold is sold with the "pure wine law" label.

The table wines, as well as being pure, are exceptionally well blended, and their sherries and ports are manufactured and ripened by the best European methods.

The brandy produced by Inglenook compares very favorably indeed with imported cognacs, and is made from true cognac grapes, especial types having been imported for that purpose. It has the distinct flavor of the old-style cognacs, and is undoubtedly medicinally pure. Some idea as to the character of the Inglenook products may be gathered from the fact that, whilst only from four to four and a half gallons of wine is generally used to make a gallon of brandy, Capt. Niebaum invariably expends seven or eight gallons of wine, especially grown for the purpose, to accomplish the same result.

The watchword throughout the whole of the establishment is "quality." "Quantity is not necessary, but quality and purity we must have."

F. A. Haber of 122 Sansome street is the sole agent for the sale of Inglenook's products, and he is quite an enthusiast on the subject of pure beverages. Mr. Haber has a right to feel proud of the fact that he is the blender of these wines, and he was the first to place California wines in glass on the Eastern and foreign markets. We think he has still greater right to be proud of the excellent products of Inglenook.

California is proud of the wine industry, and in the very front rank of the producers of good wholesome beverages stands Capt. Niebaum of Inglenook vineyard.

Peruvian Bitters.

IT is not proposed to discuss the merits of any beverage which cannot lay claim to wholesomeness and purity. Bitters, if composed of sound and pure ingredients, may be said to be the most useful, if not the most palatable, of our beverages.

Peruvian Bitters—probably the best preparation of its nature on the market—is compounded with great care, its principal ingredient being Peruvian Bark, which has for about three hundred years been celebrated as a splendid tonic, especially in cases of disorder of the stomach, or when there are symptoms of malaria. Speaking generally, Peruvian Bark has a tendency to invigorate as well as to give tone to the system. In the East, as well as here, they are found in all the principal hotels, clubs, etc., and of course every drugstore keeps them.

Messrs. Wilmerding & Co. of 216 California street are the proprietors of this excellent stomachic, and, as an appetizer as well as a splendid, though by no means distasteful tonic, Peruvian Bitters cannot be excelled.





CHAS. MEINECKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

314 Sacramento Street,

San Francisco, Cal

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST FOR

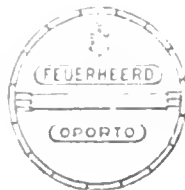
Importers of
Duff Gordon Sherry
Cognac, Brandy, Champagne, etc.
Bordeaux, France
J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg
Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool
Prune Juice Extract
St. Croix Rum,
Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.

Duff Gordon & Co., London
J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg
Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool
Prune Juice Extract
St. Croix Rum,
Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.

Genoveva, Natural Sparkling Mineral Water.
Royal Prussian Springs, Selters Water.
Bakoezy Bitter Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water.
Moore & Smitt, Philadelphia, Whiskies.
A. Chevallier-Apert, Paris Wine Finings.
A. Bouke Roberts & Co., London, Wine Finings.
J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg, Cherry Cordial.
Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool, Ginger Ale.
Prune Juice Extract.
St. Croix Rum,
Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.



SWAN GIN.



Boord's Old Tom Gin.

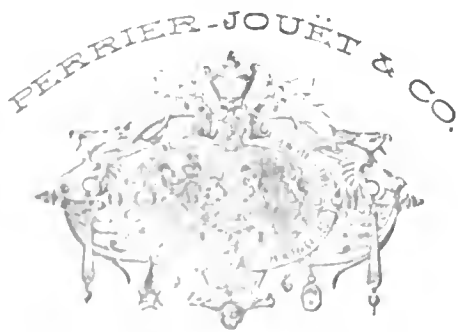


TRIPLE FLAVOR GIN.

SANDEMAN, BUCK & CO.
JEREZ.

H. CUVILLIER & FRÈRE

SANDEMAN & CO.
OPORTO.



Epernay, Champagne



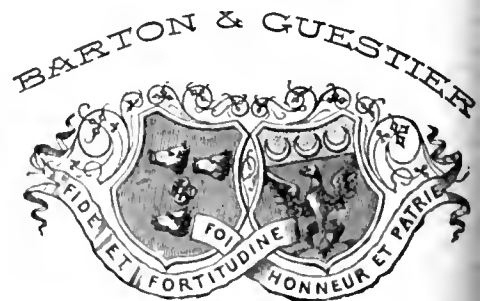
DE RUSSIE

BORDEAUX

BOUCHARD PÈRE & FILS.



Beaune Cote d'Or.



Bordeaux.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
AGENT AND IMPORTER,
123 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

MELLWOOD DISTILLERY CO.

A Interesting Description of its Magnificently Appointed Establishment.

The holiday number of *Mida's Criterion* contains a finely illustrated description of the magnificent establishment of the Mellwood Distillery Co., of Louisville. There were in all six illustrated pages by the photographer showing the principal features. The description of the distillery is as follows:

The development of a great manufacturing establishment on a grand scale, incorporating within itself the latest improvements and innovations in every department, offers an interesting study to every one in any way connected with the line it represents. It crystallizes all the highest experiences of the past, and much of that, which to a casual observer may appear of little moment, has taken in many cases a full generation to bring to perfection.

The reflections suggest themselves to our mind after a visit of inspection to the Mellwood Distillery plant. On approaching the establishment a full view suddenly presents itself, and the imposing structures, spread over an area of twelve acres, fill one with amazement, creating the impression of solidity and grandeur. Almost involuntarily the exclamation rises to the lips: "I had no idea the establishment was on so extensive a scale."

This first impression becomes continually strengthened as the spectator progresses in his tour. He is of course first received in the office, which he finds to be the equal in its appointments of any banking office he may have ever seen. Highest elegance, with the refinement of simplicity, unite to create the impression that the guiding spirit combines the practical and the esthetic. The abundant supply of light and air has evidently been the first study of the designer. The private office adjoining the general office, from whence Mr. Rudolph Balke, the president of the company, gives his orders for the conduct of the whole business, is fitted up both with comfort and elegance.

After having expressed our admiration of the office, we start out to go the rounds and are conducted through the different departments comprising the distillery proper. The scrupulous cleanliness of every department becomes at once strikingly apparent, and to those accustomed to see the general slovenliness prevalent in the average distillery the contrast is refreshing.

The mill room where the grain is being assorted, cleaned and ground, is finished in hard wood, which shows the pride and care the proprietors take in their establishment. The mills are of the latest and most approved pattern, and are equipped with patent rollers for mashing the grain.

On entering the distillery proper, both floors can be taken in at a glance. Everything connected with this department is of copper, the still, mash coolers and doublers are all of that metal, the last named being operated under an open fire. And here again we find that no expense has been spared to secure the best appurtenances. The floor is cemented and overlaid with asphalt, and is as clean as many a parlor. It has evidently been laid for futurity and the large expense was a matter of secondary consideration.

The mashing tubs (19 in number), stand in a line like silent giants, and their capacity both for receiving and discharging, gives one a vivid idea of the immensity of the establishment.

The visitor passes in rapid review the boiler houses, barrel rooms, and receiving cistern building. It would be a mere repetition to go into details as to each of these departments, for they are all in harmony with the thoroughness and completeness prevalent over the entire establishment.

In order to have sufficient pure limestone water, the Mellwood Distillery Co. has opened its own artesian well, affording at all times an inexhaustible supply. The pumping station is well worthy of a visit. Here again we find copper pipes connecting it with the distillery. The advantages of water, which plays so

important a part in distillation, are here at their very best.

Our next visit was, of course, in the direction of the immense warehouses, six in number, five of which are devoted to whiskies in bond, and the remaining one to free goods. The array of barrels in one single warehouse, with a capacity of 36,000 barrels, is quite sufficient to sustain the impression of the immensity of the plant. Few can realize what 36,000 barrels under a single roof mean, and that of straight Kentucky whisky; to form an adequate conception, one must make a pilgrimage to the Mellwood shrine to see it for one's-self.

The warehouses are built on a rock foundation, hence are absolutely dry; light and air, being the principal essentials for the proper development of whiskies, are receiving the most careful consideration. In order to give whiskies stored in winter season the advantages of heat, the warehouses are warmed by steam pipes, and the samples of the different ages of Mellwood drawn out of barrels convince the visitor that no Kentucky whisky can claim better advantages of storage and maturing than is the case with Mellwood.

The cattle pens, which have been of late thoroughly remodeled are also exemplars in their line, light and ventilation having been abundantly supplied. No wonder cattle feeders are vying with each other for the privilege of having their stock fed in this model distillery. Large copper pipes convey the slop to the pens.

"Mellwood" has attained a national reputation for the uniform superiority of its quality, which is well earned and well deserved. To attain such a standing just such a combination of capital, skill and lengthened experience was required.

The "G. W. S." Sour Mash is being mashed in small tubs, and is also justly recognized as the finest that Kentucky is able to produce.

"Dundee," the brother of "Mellwood," which has but recently been introduced to the trade, is paving its way to the forefront at a rapid rate, and keeps step with "Mellwood" itself.

"Normandy" pure rye, also of recent creation, crystallizes the best efforts of the managers in that direction. The desire to produce the very finest in this country, entirely irrespective of expense, has certainly been attained. Only the very finest rye and rye malt, with not a particle of corn, is used in the manufacture of "Normandy." This is best attested by the fact that whoever secures a sample lot keeps it permanently in stock as one of his standard brands, and the demand therefore is steadily and constantly increasing.

The location of the distillery is so favorable that it affords easy transportation by several lines of railroad to every section of the country. It has ever been a rule of the firm to educate and retain in their services a trusted corps of employees, each of them thus acquiring the highest proficiency in their special department. In order to wed them to the establishment and create a personal interest of solidarity, the company has erected a large number of comfortable cottages, and the result of such wise and liberal policy is that all work harmoniously, and remind one of a happy family.

Mr. Rudolph Balke, the president, although young in years, has, by his success, proved to possess ability and adaptability for this business, unsurpassed by any one. His whole ambition and life's dream are concentrated upon the Mellwood distillery plant and the judicious distribution of its product. Speculators are kept sedulously at bay.

Mr. Geo. W. Swearingen, the vice-president, the founder of the distillery and at present the president of the Union National Bank, of Louisville, is so well known to the trade, that the mere mention of his name in connection with this great interest will be sufficient to give it the highest business standing.

Mr. Edmund O. Luthy, the superintendent, is universally recognized as most efficient in his department, and as a most skilled chemist and scientific distiller.

Mr. W. H. Jacobs, the secretary, has been connected with the management of the office from the very inception of the house, over a quarter of a century ago, and the mention of this fact is the highest endorsement.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships.

Hertz & Haysen, saloon, Great Falls, Mont., dissolved. J. H. Haysen continues.

W. H. Dams, saloon, San Mateo, Cal., M. C. P. Taylor admitted.

Hiel & Luchan, saloon, Ogden, Utah, dissolved.

F. C. Keltner, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., H. Pittling admitted.

McMaroney & Mackel, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., dissolved. J. McMaroney continues.

Sandee & Calley, restaurant, Eureka, Cal., dissolved. H. C. Calley continues.

F. Mandelbaum & Sons, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved. F. Mandelbaum continues.

Woertz & Webber, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved.

Albertson & Johnson, saloon, New Whatcom, Wash., dissolved. Albertson & Schisler, continue and moved to Anacortes.

Tanguay & Carrier, saloon, Seattle, Wash., Carrier retires. J. Charliou admitted.

Hall & Tazewell, saloon, Portland, Or., dissolved.

Manning & Sinclair, saloon, Portland, Or., dissolved.

Altken & Borham, saloon, Kingman, Ariz., dissolved. Altken continues.

Martin & Palmer, saloon, Pioche, Nev., dissolved. R. Martin continues.

Hall & Tazewell, saloon, Portland, Or., dissolved. W. Tazewell continues.

Munn & Cottingham, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., dissolved. M. P. Cottingham continues.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

Kapp & Kirschner, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Hoppe & Lohr, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

Kate F. Warfield, vineyard, Glen Ellen, Cal., attached.

B. C. Gardner, saloon, Corvallis, Or., assigned.

John Dirks, restaurant, Denver, Colo., attached.

C. T. H. Smith, restaurant, Chino, Cal., in insolvency.

Schow & Johnson, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

G. A. Rogers, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

P. J. Madigan, saloon, Ballard, Wash., attached.

Russel & Vandever, saloon, Seattle, Wash., attached.

N. Christian, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

G. T. Dorland, hotel, Pueblo, Colo., attached.

F. Collins, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

J. J. Ciello, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Elkuck & Wilson, saloon, Portland, Or., attached.

W. J. Berry, saloon, Fresno, Cal., attached.

I. I. Hall, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

I. E. Heller, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

Henry Maultzsch, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

Paul Ritter, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

F. Salter, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

D. Monaghan, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.

W. F. Clark, saloon, Trinidad, Colo., attached.

Nell & Gaylin, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

E. Helber, saloon, Redondo, Cal., attached.

Max Duenow, saloon, San Luis Obispo, Cal., attached.

Louis F. Cook & Co., saloon, etc., Baker City, Or., attached.

Sold Out.

G. O. Carnall, saloon, Mayfield, Cal.

C. C. Ragsdale, hotel, McLeod, Or., to Forbes & Cogan.

Harry Walker, saloon, Denver, Colo.

J. W. Burchfield, restaurant, Palouse, Wash.

Hemington Bros., hotel, Alvarado, Cal.

C. Carson, saloon, Rivera, Cal.

F. S. Brommelt, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., to Heron & Spelman.

Landes & Ellis, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., to A. Aiken.

Henry Rohit, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., to Wm. Robinson.

R. Gilbride, saloon, Healdsburg, Cal.

L. P. Nellis, saloon, Williams, Ariz., to Capt. P. Smith.

J. Lawrence, hotel, Portland, Or.

T. Murphy, hotel, Nicasio, Cal., to T. Tomforan.

W. H. Woodruff, saloon, La Veta, Colo.

J. W. Vaughn, restaurant, Billings, Mont.

O. Olsen, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash.

G. Mirsch, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.

Out of Business.

W. White, hotel, Alameda, Cal.

T. H. Blewett, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal.

J. Deerlin, saloon, Benicia, Cal.

A. S. Alexander, restaurant, etc., Cheyenne, Wy.

F. M. Darling, hotel, Cheyenne, Wy.

J. J. & C. A. Welch, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash.

Currin & Graham, saloon, Louisville, Colo.

Crimmins & Evans, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.

Damage by Fire.

J. L. Stout, hotel, Sea View, Wash.

Geo. Mender, saloon, Winlock, Wash.

Deceased.

C. A. Wacey, restaurant, Carson, City, Nev.

Thos. Tracy, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.

M. L. Cook, hotel, Denver, Colo.

Leitz & Had, flower, Griggs Valley, Cal.; Leitz deceased.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

Frank S. Hesse, saloon, Salida, Colo.

W. H. Spencer, saloon, San Pedro, N. M.

James Capell, saloon, Laytonville, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

Peters & Co., saloon, Ballard, Wash., bill of sale \$50.

S. Kono, hotel, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$200.

J. Saenz, saloon, Ballona, Cal., received deed \$110.

J. Butler, saloon, Madera, Cal., received deed \$100.

Paterson & Holloway, saloon, San Jose, Cal., J. H. Patterson, conveyed realty \$10.

Oscar Baker, wholesale liquors, Spokane Falls, Wash., bill of sale \$250.

Allen & Folsom, saloon, Arbuckle, Cal., F. V. Allen received deed \$250.

A. Mettler, hotel, Lockford, Cal., conveyed realty \$3700.

James J. Martin, saloon, Niles, Cal., received deed \$900.

G. Henriouille, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.

R. Wienecke, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty gltt.

H. Bertram, saloon, Selma, Cal., received deed \$1200.

C. O. Cigglin, saloon, Portland, Or., received deed \$275.

R. C. Hired, saloon, Hanford, Cal., received deed \$40.

W. J. Carlisle, saloon, Tulare, Cal., conveyed realty \$20.

W. J. Clendennin, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty.

Geo. Stevens, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$2324.

G. De Giorgi, saloon, Hanford, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.

J. H. Fiege, saloon, Oakland, Cal., received deed \$10.

Chas. Nester, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.

Henry Pileter, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$675.

P. F. Brun, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., bill of sale \$500.

John O'Leary, saloon, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$700.

W. F. Obermeyer, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., bill of sale \$10.

E. Heiber, saloon, Redondo, Cal., received deed \$800.

K. Keating, saloon, Leadville, Colo., trust deed.

J. K. Robinson, hotel, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$650.

John W. Hood, saloon, Orland, Cal., conveyed realty \$1.

P. C. Remondino, hotel, San Diego, Cal., conveyed realty \$37,200.

E. Gambert & Co., saloon, San Rafael, Cal., transferred assets to M. Lucas.

C. C. Dempsey, restaurant, Spokane Falls, Wash., to J. W. Censer \$200.

M. C. Gorham, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$460.

H. Gruber, saloon, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$1275.

H. B. Parker, hotel, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$40.

Charles Burke, restaurant, Portland, Or., bill of sale \$1500.

M. M. Dee, saloon, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$1050.

Thos. Annudson, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., bill of sale \$25.

Dempsey & Wisdom, restaurant, Spokane Falls, Wash., bill of sale \$200.

L. Jensen, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., conveyed realty \$200.

Johnson & Abrahamis, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., Abrahamis gave bill of sale \$250.

J. Klerman, restaurant, Alameda, Cal., conveyed realty \$1750.

F. J. May, wine broker, Fresno, Cal., received deed \$10.

G. A. Rhodes, restaurant, Spokane Falls, Wash., bill of sale \$200.

J. Mueller, saloon, San Diego, Cal., conveyed realty \$3000.

M. Boyce, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., bill of sale to E. N. Foster.

Realty Mortgages.

Voerz & Webber, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., G. H. Woerz \$6,000.

Fuller & Koehler, brewers, Spokane Falls, Wash., Muller, \$3,100.

Wm. Graesslin, saloon, Decoto, Cal., \$1,000.

M. Morchio, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., \$4,700.

Wm. Wolff, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., \$35,000.

Phillips & Campbell, saloon, Portland, Or., A. R. Phillips \$118.

Columbus Brewing Co., Sacramento, Cal., \$17,000.

Henry Pilser, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$540.

Geo. Hill, saloon, Astoria, Or., \$5,000.

John O'Rourke, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$503.

Chas. Bauer, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., \$3,000.

L. Alarce, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,300.

Rudolph Gorkaw, brewer, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$200.

D. Husing, saloon, Oakland, Cal., \$1,000.

Feldschau & Hagar, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal., A. H. Hagar, \$5,500.

G. W. Owen, saloon, Selma, Cal., \$500.

Chattel Mortgages.

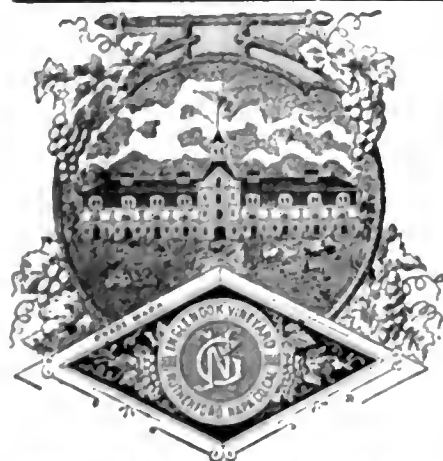
Muhlenbruch & Bently, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$539.

M. J. Lichtenhal, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.

D. Hickey, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$234.

M. Robertson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,635.

T. H. Thompson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.



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J. M. Kellerman, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$365.
 W. D. Rippey, hotel, Pueblo, Colo., \$423.
 Wm. T. Vail, saloon, Portland, Or., \$200.
 F. Kranz, saloon, Portland, Or., \$622.
 Cahill & Fitzpatrick, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$590.
 Slack Bros., saloon, Denver, Colo., \$394.
 J. P. Anderson, saloon, etc., Denver, Colo., \$1,033.
 J. Venes, saloon, Portland, Or., \$800.
 J. J. Wright, saloon, Portland, Or., \$325.
 Patterson & Co., saloon, etc., Seattle, Wash., \$1,803.
 Neil Jones, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$400.
 H. C. Webb, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$102.
 McLaffin & Spotts, restaurant, Tacoma, Wash., \$200.
 F. S. Hickok, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$4,642.
 M. Madsen, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$800.
 R. A. Chisholm, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$1,800.
 J. M. DeCamp, saloon, Butte, Mont., \$1,000.
 M. J. & J. Gardner, hotel, Puyallup, Wash., \$1,093.
 F. Bireher, hotel, Denver, Colo., \$6,000.
 C. York, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$200.
 H. Harriet, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$4,200.
 P. W. Kokott, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,030.
 E. P. Waring, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$530.
 John Fay, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$7,000.
 J. S. Hartman, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$990.
 Abrams & Johnson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,603.
 W. Walbrecht, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$2,500.
 A. Mangini, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 Creighton & Purcell, saloon, Butte, Mont., \$2,030.
 T. J. Power, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$150.
 Todd Bros., saloon, Roseburg, Or., \$75.
 W. H. Gattrell, saloon, Lake City, Wash., \$1,232.
 Ed. Vandervan, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,200.
 W. H. Cain, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$500.
 M. A. Drum, saloon, Portland, Or., \$5,000.
 R. J. Wiley, hotel, Kirkland, Wash., \$100.
 M. A. Needham, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$250.
 Duffy Bros., saloon, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 I. M. Delphi, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$300.
 J. M. De Camp, saloon, Butte, Mont., \$1000.
 Redmond & Long, restaurant, Tacoma, Wash., \$75.
 P. & J. J. Gobbi, winery, Healdsburg, Cal., \$580.
 K. Keating, saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$140.
 K. L. & H. D. Williams, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$344.
 R. Haefliger, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$803.
 C. Jardenblom, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1617.
 G. Evans, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 J. Altenburger, saloon, Portland, Or., \$350.
 John R. Mooney, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1300.
 J. N. Bailhache, winery, Healdsburg, Cal., \$7722.
 G. R. Moore, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$581.
 N. M. Bern, saloon, Portland, Or., \$500.
 Heron & Spilman, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., \$150.
 T. A. Gray & Co., saloon, Eddy, N. M., \$900.
 S. P. Howell, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$475.
 O'Brien & Hammon, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$2207.
 H. Barthel, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$389.
 R. J. Baird, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1300.
 W. Partridge, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1200.
 H. J. Livermore, hotel, Oregon City, Or., \$350.
 O. E. Taylor, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.
 P. Knutzen, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$630.
 M. McInerney, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$635.
 J. Fradette, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$170.
 W. O'Brien, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$125.
 Ang. Gullannand, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$550.

F. E. McGuire, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., \$100.
 H. K. Stewart, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., \$63.
 W. Palmer, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$400.
 A. Craig, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$1,500.
 Groom & Stubblefield, saloon, Milton, Or., \$315.

Mortgages Discharged.

A. Mettler, hotel, Lockford, Cal., \$400.
 W. Graesslin, saloon, Decoto, Cal., \$1,030.
 Feller, Son & Co., wholesale liquors, Sacramento, Cal., \$—
 Numa Grange, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., \$700.
 Geo. Manning, saloon, Portland, Or., \$246.
 C. Crowley, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,500.
 Peter Sengstacken, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$—
 Wm. Akins, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$275.
 Columbus Brewing Co., Sacramento, Cal., \$50,000.
 David Parter, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., \$42,000.
 Holm & Saxtorphi, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., Henry Saxtorphi, \$3,000.
 Kolb & Denhard, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., E. A. Kolb, \$3,000.
 D. P. Greenfield, saloon, San Jose, Cal., \$1,600.
 O. E. Lefner, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$—
 C. N. Carrington, saloon, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$1,000.
 R. A. Chisholm, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$2,207.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

R. S. Perkins, hotel, Portland Or., sued \$412.
 Wm. Moore, saloon, Snoqualmie, Wash., sued \$414.
 John Cort, saloon, Seattle, Wash., execution \$21,704.
 Schafer & Stein, brewers, Pioche, Nev., Schafer sues to dissolve.
 W. J. Coffman & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$122.
 J. C. Clayburn, saloon, Le Grande, Or., judgment vs. him \$90.
 D. P. Callaghan, saloon, Ballard, Wash., sued \$300.
 M. Stewart, saloon, West Seattle, Wash., judgment against him \$820.
 J. Watson, saloon, Portland, Or., execution.
 A. A. Brown & Co., saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., judgment against him \$323.
 F. X. Becker, hotel, Howland Flat, Cal., sued \$—
 J. Ladagnous, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., sued for accounting.
 L. N. Beauchemin, saloon, Portland, Or., mortgage foreclosed.
 Louis Jensen, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., sued \$418.
 L. Garrison & Hacklman, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., J. L. Hacklman sued \$205.
 M. J. Birdsall, hotel, San Diego, Cal., sued \$372.
 S. Warren, hotel, Roy, Wash., sued \$506.

Miscellaneous.

E. B. Moore, saloon, San Andreas, Cal., leased to M. B. Yocum.
 C. French, saloon, Colfax, Wash., to P. Le Francis.
 F. E. Doran, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.
 Jno. Doyle, saloon, Julian, Cal., filed homestead.
 M. Maier, saloon, etc., Prescott, Ariz., damaged by floods.
 C. L. Davis, saloon, Downey, Cal., moved to Redondo.
 T. Hayes & Son, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., business for sale.
 P. L. Levy, saloon, Pleasanton, Cal., moved to Livermore.
 B. T. Reilly, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., wife filed homestead.

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It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French, the American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

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Riesling.....	6.00 7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00 7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00 6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.
Traminer, 82.....\$ 5.00 \$ 6.0.
Gutedel, 82.....6.00 7.0.
Burgundy, 84.....6.00 7.0.
Zinfandel, 83.....5.00 6.0

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
Port, 1884.....\$ 6.0
Port, 1886.....4.0
Dry Sherry, 1884.....6.0
Dry Sherry, 1886.....4.0
Angelica, 1884.....4.50
Tokay, 1884.....8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....3.50
Burgundy, 84.....4.00
Riesling, 1885.....4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....4.50
Hoek, 1885.....5.50
Brandy, 1882.....12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.
Brandy, 1879.....\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....15.00
Brandy, 1885.....15.00
Frontignan.....9.00
Sherry.....9.00
Port (old).....12.00
Port.....6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.
Riesling.....\$ 4.75 \$5.75
Gutedel.....4.75 5.75
Port.....5.50
Angelica.....5.50
Muscatel.....5.50
Sherry.....6.00
Brandy, 1882.....12.00

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.
Zinfandel.....\$ 3.50 \$4.50
Sauterne.....4.00 5.00
Brandy.....9.00
Port.....5.00 6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....5.00 6.00
Grape Cordial.....6.50 7.50

JOSEPH MELCER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.
Claret, 1886.....\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....4.00
Hoek, 1885.....3.50
Riesling, 1885.....4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....3.50
Szatmari.....4.00
Szezsardi Fehérhűn Type ".....5.00
Port, 1884.....6.00
Sherry, 1885.....5.00
" 1884.....6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84.....4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y 85.....5.00
Brandy, 1883.....12.00
" 1885.....10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.
Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....6.00
St. Helena Hoek '86.....3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....4.50
Traminer, '82.....5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....6.00
Hante Sauterne (gold leaf).....7.00
California Cognacs,
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....8.00
**Red ".....10.00
***Green ".....12.00

INGLENOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.
Table Claret blended from
choice foreign grapes,
vintage 1885.....\$3.50
Zinfandel.....4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc
type red label, 1885.....5.50
Burgundy type.....5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85.....5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....4.50
Hoek, Rhenish type ".....6.00
Burger, Chablis type ".....5.00
Riesling, Johannisberger type ".....0.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.
None genuine except bearing seal or cork
brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears
the legal pure wine stamp.

CAL. WINE-GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.

Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.

511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco		
La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.

11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.		
Hoek.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	5.50
Angelica.....	4.50	5.50
Sherry.....	4.50	5.50
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	16.00
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	9.00
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	16.00
Private Stock Hoek.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberger.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beelan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	7.00
Old Sherry.....	6.00	7.00

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chance, Livermore.
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.
Quarts. Pints.
Sauterne.....\$6.00 \$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....7.00 8.00
Claret, Table.....4.00 5.00
A Claret, F.....9.00
Retour d'Europe.....
AA Claret, V.....9.00
Retour d'Europe.....
Zinfandel.....3.00 4.00
Burgundy.....9.00 10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING.
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hoek.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	11.00
Sherry.....	7.50	8.50
Angelica.....	6.00	7.00
Muscatel.....	6.00	7.00
Madeira.....	6.00	7.00
Malaga.....	6.00	7.00
Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	9.00
Malaga.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.
Eclipse.....\$14.50 \$17.00

A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD.
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (Lt'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.
Reihlen.....15.00 17.00

A. WERNER & Co.
52 Warren street, New York.
Extra Dry.....\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00

Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums.....	31.00	32.50
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.
Louis Roederer Carte Blanche.....31.00 33.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

QUARTS. PINTS	
Pommery Sec.....	\$32.50 \$34.50

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special".....	\$40 in cases of 4 doz.	

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

308 California St., San Francisco

NER Desbordes & Fils, Dry		
Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY,
De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.

Briton Sec.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00	32.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Quarts.	
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacrolle.....	10.00
" du Gollan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Beycheville, 1881.....	15.00
Dueru Beaucailon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cantenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvelier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Monton Rothschild '80.....	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romance, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

WHITE WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	9.25
Vin de Graves, 1878.....	10.50
Barsac, 1878.....	11.00
Haut Sauternes, 1874.....	17.50
Chateau Yquem, 1874.....	30.50

(H. Cuvelier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	11.50
Chateau Giraud, 1884.....	27.50
" La Tour Blanche '84.....	27.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune, Cote D'Or.)

Chablis, 1884.....	11.50
Montrachet Bouchard, 1884.....	20.50

SHERRIES.

(Sandeman, Buck & Co., Jerez.)		
Pemartin Brut.....	19.00	
" Umbrella.....	20.00	

(Sandeman & Co., Oporto.)

oo.....	16.00
oooo.....	19.00
ooVoo.....	21.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

(Dubos freres, Bordeaux.)

Chateau de l'Yle, in casks.....	\$95.00
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(Journu freres, Bordeaux.)

Clarets and Sauternes, per case from.....	\$7.50 to \$30.00
Mignotte-Picard & Co., Chassagne, Cote D'Or wines.....	\$12.00 to 25.00

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



Wine and Distillers
Sacramento, Cal.

Branch:
12 MURRAY STREET,
New York.

661 to 671 Third St.
San Francisco.

ANTOINE BOCCQUERAZ. JAMES FIDEL.


Shoa, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of
Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Deuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of France.

Yellow Label, Dry. White Label, Rich.



A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

ESTABLISHED 1850
NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
30 South William Street, New York.
Sole Manufacturers of the
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
N. B. - Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless
as Substitutes.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies




BRANDY, CLARET,
ANGELICA, SAUTERNE,
ZINFANDEL, SHERRY,
HOCK, MUSCAT,
PORT, RIESLING,
TOKAY, GUTEDEL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.
Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLEMAN & CO., J. DE BARTH SHORB,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault, President San Gabriel Wine Co.
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK. SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

JOS. MELOZER & CO.
Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.
NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.
(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)
Hock wines from.....\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)
Ports and Sherries in wood,
per gallon.....\$1.75 to \$4.50
Port and Sherries in cases,
per case.....\$8.00 to \$15.00
(Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)
Ports and Sherries in wood
from.....\$1.75 to \$4.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux
Clarets, per case.....\$8.00 to \$23.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux
Sauternes, per case.....12.00 to 26.00
C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits
Burgundies, white and
red, per case.....15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co.,
Oporto, Port wines
per case.....15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Feuerherd, Jr., & Co.,
Oporto, Port Wines,
in wood per gal.....2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries
in wood per gal.....2.00 to 5.50
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown
Brand in 1/2.....1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....5.00 to 6.00
Bdord & Son, London Dock
Sherry, per case.....12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz
Rhine Wines per case.....8.50 to 28.00
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt
O Rhine Wines per
case.....11.00 to 14.00

H. BRUNHILD & Co.,
323 Pearl St., New York.
Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.
RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.
Chr. Motz & Co.,
POCKWITZ & KRIEGK, Successors, Bordeaux
Cases,
Medoc.....\$6.00
St. Julien.....6.75
Margaux.....7.00
Pontet Canet.....8.00
Ch. Latour.....13.50
Ch. Lafite.....14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.
Per Cask.
St. Julien.....\$73.00
Montferand.....85.00
St. Estephe.....115.00
Pontet Canet.....145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.
Gebruder, Eckel, Deldesheim.
1883 Laubenheimer.....\$7.30
1884 Niersteimer.....7.55
1884 Forster.....7.85
1883 Deldesheimer Kappellen-
berg.....10.00
1883 Rudesheimer.....10.50
1881 Liebfraumilch.....10.00
1881 Assmannshausen (Red).
1883 Deldesheimer Kieselberg
Zeltinger.....9.00
Schärzhofberger.....15.00
Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.

SHERRY WINES.
RIUZ MATA & CO., Jerez de la Frontera.
In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.
Bunch Grape, Good.....\$1.25
Three Diamonds, Good, full
bodied.....1.40
Four Diamonds, rich.....1.75
Manzanilla, dry and rich.....2.25
Palido, dry and aromatic.....2.50
Amontillado, pale and fine.....3.50
FULL.
Oloroso.....2.85
Oloroso.....3.60
Imperial.....4.60
Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,
Cadiz executed on favorable terms.

PORT WINES.
R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.
1/2 and 1/4 Casks.
Pure Port.....Per Gal.
Pure diamond brand Port.....\$1.20
Three Bunches Grape.....1.40
Teneriffe.....1.70
2.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,
210 Front street, San Francisco.
Per Gallon.
Our Favorite O K.....\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....2.00
Old Crown.....1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,
410 Front street, San Francisco.
Kentucky Favorite.....\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite.....3.50
O. P. T.....2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases
H. O. B. jugs.....8.50
O. F. C jugs.....9.00
African Stomach Bitters, cs.
10.50
11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,
404 Front street, San Francisco.
Per Gallon.
Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls \$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " pf 4.00
B " " " 3.50
C " " " 3.00
No. 1 " " " 2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from 3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2
dozen to case.....12.00
C in cases.....8.50
C in 5 case lots.....8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....8.00

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.
O K Goldwater.....\$ 4.00
" " per case.....7.50
WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco
W. H. McBrayer, 1885.....\$2.75

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN,
322 Sansome street, San Francisco.
O K Extra.....\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....2.50 to 3.00
Hvaln.....2.75
Golden Pearl.....2.25
Marshall.....2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....1.75
Old Bourbon.....1.50

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,
323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.
Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1.....\$2.75
" " " Old St'k 3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf 2.50
" " " OK, 100pf 3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k 4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old.. 4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf 2.50
Union Club ".....2.25
Superior Whisky.....1.75
" BB Whisky.....1.75

Liquors-In cases.
Per Case.
Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s \$10.00
" " " A1, " 7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts 8.00
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt 9.00
Union Club Bourbon, 24 pts 7.50
" " " 48 1/2 pts 8.50
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s. 7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s.. 8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s... 7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.
Native Pride, Old Bourbon,
(per bbl) per gallon.....\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
John Gibson's Son & Co.,
Philadelphia, Bourbon
and Rye whiskies.....\$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD,
422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.
Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon \$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Brandies.

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.
Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
(J. DUPONT & CO.)
Cognac 1/2 and 1/4 casks, 1887, Per gal.
" " " 1883, \$5.25
" " " 1880, 5.90
" " " 1878, 6.50
" " " 1875, 7.10
" " " 1870, 7.80
" " " 1875, 8.40
" " " 1878, 9.10
" " " 1865, 10.30
" " " 1860, 11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.
Martell's Brandy, * per case \$17.00
" " " " 19.00
" " " " 22.00
" " " VSO " 28.00
" " " WSOP " 50.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,
Boutelleau & Co. man-
agers Cognac In Octaves
per gal.....\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co.
Boutelleau & Co. man-
agers Reserve Vintages, 10.50 to 14.00
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks. 3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch
Whisky, in 1/2 casks.... 4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand
Jamaica Rums in 1/2
casks.....5.25 6.50

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.
(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)
Fine Champagne, 1870.....Quarts.
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860 \$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re-
serve, 1858.....36.00
40.00

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
308 California Street, San Francisco.
W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac, 26.00 28.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
Boord & Son, London Finest
Irish Malt Whiskey.... \$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky. 12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt
Scotch Whisky.....13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.
Lone Highland.....per case \$11.50
Connagh, Irish.....11.50
Wm. Jamesson & Co.....11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)
WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco-
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot \$18.50
" " med. " 10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel 13.50
" " per cs. 4 doz 6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique
per case.....13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case 6.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Market street, San Francisco.
(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)
Old Tom Gin, per case.....11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case 11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur " 12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00
IAIN Roval Batavia Gin in
cases of 15 large black
bottles per case.....23.50
in cases of 15 large
white bottles per case 24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholl Freres
Bavarian Highland, per
case.....19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.
Peters' per case.....12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case 13.50

California Wine Grower's Union
PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave, San Francisco, Cal.

LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.
WHITE LABEL, **BROWN LABEL.**
"CARTE BLANCHE," "GRAND VIN SEC."
A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine
See that every Bottle bears the private label of
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Spruance, Stanley & Co.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
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C. JOST, SR. C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
-Distillers and Rectifiers of-
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.

C. CARPY & CO.,

Proprietors

Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM

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NAPA, CAL.CARPY & MAUBEC,
15 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.**RONALD G. McMILLAN,**

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*Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts***Pure Sugar Coloring**

A SPECIALTY.

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TELEPHONE 27.

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San Francisco.

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WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT,	HOCK,
ANGELICA,	SAUTERNE,
ROYAL NECTAR,	OLD PORT,
ZINFANDEL,	GUTEDL.
SHERRY,	RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

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Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

V. MAIFAN, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

C. HOLTUM & CO.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
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WINES & BRANDIES
409 SANSOME STREET.
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Branch and Vaults, 100 & 102 First Street.
Wholesale and Retail.
Selected Stock of Choice Old Wines a Specialty.

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PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

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Merced County and Fresno County.Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
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New York.**Lachman & Jacobi,**

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Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,California Champagne,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky

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HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

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Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

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California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at

ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

KENTUCKY BOURBONS AND RYES.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

E. G. B.—Export Gauge Bremen; N. Y.—New York; N. Y. C. H.—New York Custom House; L. P. W. H.—Louisville Public Warehouse; Lou.—Louisville; Cin.—Cincinnati; Dist'y—Distillery; C. C. H.—Cincinnati Custom House; St. L. C. H.—St. Louis Custom House.


These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

IN BOND.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....				60	55	52½				230			Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Anderson Co. Club.....				57½										
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....				52½	40	37½						240		
Ashland.....				50		37½								
Astor.....										225				
Atherton.....				51½		36½		207½					Fall 81 275	Cin C H
Ballard & Lancaster.....						37½		210						
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....				57½									Spr 81 285	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....				60		45								
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....		82½	67½	60								250		
Belle of Louisville.....				50										
Belle of Marion.....		85		70		40				225			Spr 81 300	
Belle of Nelson.....			80	77½		54				250				
Belmont.....				65	57½								Fall 81 260	
Berkele, Wm.....			60	55	45	42½								
Berry, E. C.....				45										
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.)..				55		42½	32½						Spr 81 275	
Blakemore.....														
Blue Grass.....			60	51½	42½	37½								
Bond & Lillard.....		97½	82½	80	65	60		235		255		267½		
Bond, M. S.....				42½	32½	31½								
Boone's Knoll.....				75	62½	57½								
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....				50		37½	32½							
Brownfield, W. W.....								200						
Buchanan.....				62½		52½							Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Callaghan.....								225						
Carlisle.....				60		52½				225			Fall 80 325	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....	80	80		65		50								
Chickencock.....		65		50	42½	40							Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....		62½	47½	45									Spr 81 285	
Cliff Falls.....				45										
Clifton.....										227½				
Commonwealth.....		62½		55		40								
Cook, C. B.....				45		30							Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....				67½		52½	45							
Craig, F. G.....				50										
Cornflower.....							37½							
Cream of Anderson.....		75		65		47½								
Criterion.....				50	37½	35								
Crystal Spring.....		80		47½		37½								
Cumberland.....				60		45							Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....				55		37½								
Dant, J. W.....				65						250				
Darling.....				55	40	35								
Daviess County Club.....		72½		62½		40								
Dedman, C. M.....								210		220				
Double Spring.....						37½								
Dundee.....				52½		40								
Durham.....		70		60		47½								
Early Times.....			70	67½		52½								
Edge Cliff.....		85		75		60							Spr 80 285	
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....				55		42½		215						
Elk Run.....				38½		30								
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....				45		35				215		237½		
Fall City.....				35										
Fern Cliff.....						35	30							
Fible & Crabb.....		77½												
Field, J. W. M.....				60	38	40		215		140	E G			
Franklin.....						40								
Frazier, W. J.....				75	62½	60								
Freeland.....				55	45	42½								
Garland.....														
Gladstone.....				52½		35								
Glenarme.....				50	35	32½								

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
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PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 323-325 Market St., S. F.



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Hencken & Schroder,
 —SUCCESSORS TO—
HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors.
Sole Agents for Dr. Schröder's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.
 Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

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WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.
 Manufacturers and
 Proprietors of
Dr. Foerster's ALPINE
Stomach Bitters.
 318-320 Clay St.
 Bet. Front & Battery,
 San Francisco.



D. V. B. HENABIE.
E. MARTIN & CO.,
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LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
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THE CELEBRATED
PERUVIAN BITTERS.
 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
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 Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne.

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WINES & LIQUORS
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DAVY CROCKETT WHISKY,
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 215 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies
Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
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 Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors.
 433 BATTERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Kuhls, Schwarke & Co.
 Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.
California Wines and Brandies.
 —SOLE AGENTS FOR—
O.K. Goldwater Bourbon & Rye Whiskies.
 123-129 Sutter St., Cor. Kearny, - - San Francisco, Cal.

B. FRITSCH. C. CELLARIUS.
Thomas Taylor & Co.
 —DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN—
WINES AND LIQUORS
 —Sole Agents for—
 Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

A. Werner & Co.,
NEW YORK.

SPARKLING WINE ONLY.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
encoe.....													Spr 81 285	
enmore.....					50	40	37½							
en Springs.....													Spr 81 300	
eenbrier.....				65		40							Spr 81 300	
eylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
eystone.....														
W. S.....		77½		60		45		210						
ackly, S. O.....			65	60	47½	42½				235				
unning, Jno.....			55	50									Spr 80 300	
arris, N.....				47½		40		210		235				
awkins.....														
ayden, R. B. & Co.....		80		50										
ead, F. M.....														
ead, W. H.....				50										
ermitage.....			92½	84	72½	61½				270		280	Fall 81 325	
ll & Hill.....		71½		60		36								
orseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)	57½	52½			40	37½	32½							
me.....				50	40	40							Spr 82 265	
lian Hill.....							25							
ssamine.....														
ckey Club.....						40								
llar, A.....			57½	52½		38½								
entucky Club.....				65	52½	50		215		235				
entucky Comfort (Paine's).....				52½		35								
entucky Cyclone.....						37½								
entucky Dew.....														
entucky Tip.....				55	42½	40			210		250			
ncaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
ncaster, S. P.....				53½		40								
nestone.....				52½										
Brayer, J. A.....								222½						
Brayer, J. H.....				57½		67½								
Brayer, W. H.....				92½	70	70		275		290			Spr 82 235	D W
Kenna.....														
arion Co. Distilling Co.....				52½	40	37½		207		225			Spr 81 275	
attingly & Son, J. G.....				52½	40	37½				215			Spr 84 235	
attingly & Moore.....														
ayfield.....				60	47½	45		215					Spr 81 300	
edallion.....														
ellwood.....		70	57½	55	42½	38		207½					Fall 81 275	
ercentile Club.....														
les, E. L.....				50		37½				215				
onarch, M. V.....				59		52½								
onarch, R.....				64	52½	50				225				N Y C H
onarch, T. J.....				57½		45		265		235		245	Spr 81 300	
ore, D. L.....						38½								
ore & Grigsby.....														
urphy, Barber & Co.....				60	45	42½				115	E G		Spr 81 285	Lou C H
ll, A. G.....														
lson.....			60	50	40	35		207½		215		225	Fall 81 275	
w Castle.....		63½												
w Hope.....				65		50							Spr 82 275	
atwood.....			55	52½										
kwood.....		82½		70		52½		210						
F. C.....				75	65	57½		240					Spr 84 295	
l Charter.....				50		32½								
l Crow.....			99	95		66½		275		262½		300	Spr 84 325	
l Lexington Club.....						40	35							
l Log Cabin.....														
l Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....				70		60							Spr 84 290	
l Oscar Pepper.....				75		62½		245					Spr 84 325	
l Tarr.....				60				205					Spr 82 325	
l Time (Pogues).....				50										
l Times.....					47½	37½	32½						Spr 80 305	
rkland.....														
rkhill.....														
tterson.....														
yne, P. E.....				50	42½									
acock.....				55		42½			225					
pper, R. P.....			52½										Fall 81 275	
grimage.....						60	50							
rdy & Co.....														
h Grain.....				50	35	38½								
hwood.....			60	55	42½	40	35							
py, T. B.....			65	57	45	42½		215		225			Spr 81 300	L C H
hrer, D.....		60				32½		200						
lling Fork.....				55		37½								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



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FRUIT BRANDIES.

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EGG ALBUMEN.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE,

—FOR—

CLARIFYING WINES.

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

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"BELLE OF BOURBON"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
(40 per cent Small Grain.)

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

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The undersigned beg to call the attention of Wine Makers, Dealers, etc., to
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"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

—AND—

"PULVERINE"

FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES

—And to—

A. BOAKE ROBERTS & CO'S

LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines

Directions for use on application.

For Sale by Charles Meinecke & Co., Sole Agents

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1864

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium

CHAMPAGNES

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OFFICE:

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Telephone 5024.



GOLD SEAL,
CARTE BLANCHE,
IMPERIAL

First Premium for C
Seal Best California Ch
pagnes awarded by the S
Fair, 1890, and wherever
hibited.

E. L. G. STEELE & CO.

Successors to C. ADOLPH LOW & Co.

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

HARMONY SHERRIES.

Shipping and Commission Merchants

208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
ell, W. B.														
uels, T. W.			62½	62½		45								
uels, W. B. & Co.				57½		42½								
ey, J. S.		85		55										
ey, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
pe.														
whan.														
ll Grain.						37½								
th & Smith						37½								
ler (Freiberg & Workum)				50		37½								
hall.														
oreign.				55										
t Rock.					37½	35								
ng Hill.				62½		47½		235		260			Spr 81	350
ng Water.				65		50								
re, W. S. (Old).				60				210		220				
etwood.				45		35	27							
ecanoe.						37½								
lor (Old)		92½		67½	55					275				
Kettle.			60	50	42½	36½	35							
broeck														
Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)		75	60	57½	42½	40								
Arsdell													Spr 81	300 Lou
Hook.				50		35								
ker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson).				65		40		212½						
ker, J. M.				52½										
ewick.				55				215						
erfill & Frazier		87½		70		55		235						
hen Bros		65		48½		37½								
sh, J. T. (Davies Co.)				62½		55								
sh, J. T. (McLean Co)				67½		60								
ite Mills.				47½		35								
low Run.						32½								
odland.				52½	47½			225		230		245		
				70	57½	52½	47½							

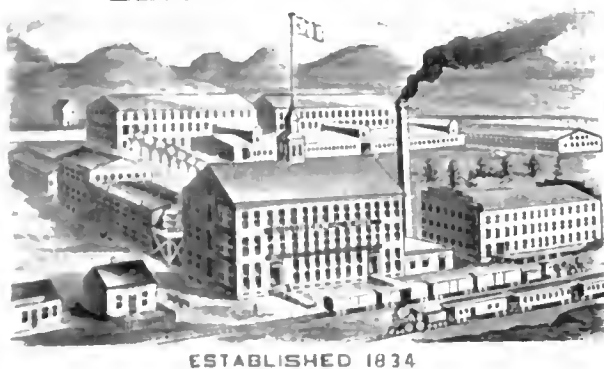
KENTUCKY RYES.

land				62½										
erton					50									
e of Anderson														
e of Louisville			57½											
e of Nelson											252½			
e Grass			85	80	62½	57½								
ke's														
erion				52½										
stal Spring														
ey, J. E.														
ewater				55									Spr 80	350
elsior														
uklin				75		55								
ylock														
ystone														
mitage			100		80					280				
land			62½											
se Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)				55	50									
chburg				50		40								
ion Co. Distilling Co.				65	50									
ingly & Son, J. G.				50		34								
wood		80	65											
s, E. L.				70	47½									
creek				62½	55									
arch, M V.					65	60				250				
on					60									
nandy				75	60									
Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)				80		67½		270		300			Spr 84	300
s Club						52½								
lock						47½								
per, R. P.														
ng Fork					55									
et Horn (Dougherty's)						50								
reign					55	50				240				
y Side		75		60										
uehanna				65	52½	50	45							
lm Grove (Fleishmann's)	60	55	50	45	40	35								
en Bros			70		55									
le Mills				52½	42½	40								

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ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.		JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
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M. P. MATTINGLY. Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.		RYES.	
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	Old W. S. Stone. J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MELLWOOD DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
OLD TIMES DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	THOMPSON DIST'Y CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
BELLE OF NELSON DIST'Y CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'Y CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
		NORMANDY DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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ESTABLISHED 1834

S. Dillinger & Sons

PURE RYE & MALT WHISKIES

RUFF'S DALE, WESTMORELAND CO. PA.

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WM. H. SHIELDS,

WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

Cincinnati, O.

EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....		115		87½	80	75	67½							
Bridgeport.....				77½	60	52½	47½			245				
Brookdale.....		85		70		55								
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....		95	85	75	65	55	50	47½						
Dougherty.....		110		85	75	62½	57½							
Finch's Golden Wedding.....		105	92½	82½	67½	62½	60	57½	267½					
Frontier.....				57½										
Gibson.....		122½		82½	64	60								
Guckenheimer.....		93½	82½	75	62½	55½	51½		242½		295	310	Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			97½	85	75	67½	60		285	305	330	350		
Jones, G. W.....		75	67½	62½	55	47½	40							
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....				65	62½	52½								
Melvale.....														
Monticello.....		102½		82½		57½								
Montrose.....		75	65	57½		40	37½							
Moore, Tom.....					55	47½								
Mt. Vernon.....		125	105		75	70	60		295	315	345	360		
Orient.....			82½	67½	65	47½	45							
Overholt.....		115	90	75	65	57½			265	285	310		Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....		100	85	77½	62½	61½	51							
Somerset.....	75	65	57½	50	45	42½	35							
Stewart.....					60	55	50							
Tompson, Sam.....					62½	52½	45							
Vandegrift.....					60	50	45							



Established 1810.

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Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, Semillon, Verdot, Merlot, Beban, Petit Syrah, Franken Riesling, Johannisberg Riesling, Mondense, Muscadet du Bordelaise,

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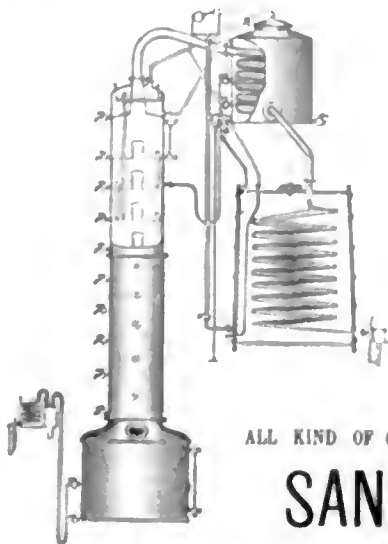
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GRAPE STAKES,2x2--4 Feet Long, 2x2--5 Feet Long,
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Which will be sold at reasonable rates.**LOMA PRIETA LUMBER CO.**

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LA DE TURK VINEYARDS—Established 1862. Wines and brandies. L. De Turk, Santa Rosa, Cal.

INGLENOOK VINEYARD—Established 1880. Wines and brandies. Gustave Niebaum, Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.

SUNSET VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Minter, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

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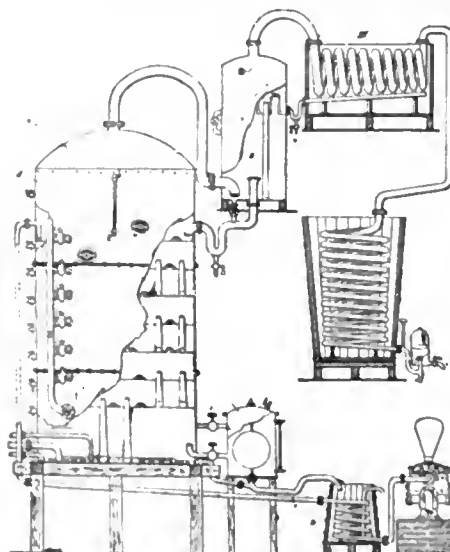
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L. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR, 565 MISSION ST., S. F.



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Newest Improved Continuous Still
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Brandy distilled in my CONTINUOUS STILL received this and last year, the HIGHEST market price. FOR PURITY AND FINE FLAVOR none can equal it.

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300 TIMES SWEETER THAN SUGAR.

An unsurpassed ingredient for wines; an excellent corrigent of any unpleasant taste, entirely innocuous.

Saccharine has very valuable anti-fermentative and antiseptic properties. An addition to an alcoholic solution of 0.005 per cent Saccharine stops the fermentation entirely, also the formation of mould and vinegar acid. Testimonials by authorities and any further information will be cheerfully furnished by applying to

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JESSE MOORE WHISKIES,

.....DIRECT FROM.....

LOUISVILLE, KY.

*We have fully established the reputation of these whiskies on the Pacific Coast, and we guarantee them as represented***STRICTLY PURE.**

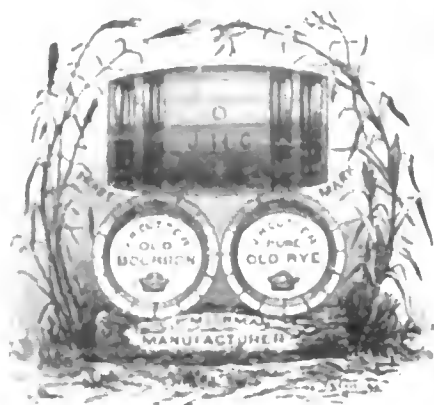
—When given a trial they speak for themselves. For sale in quantities to suit at—

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BELMONT and ASTOR are distilled from finest of grain and purest of water upon the Hand Made Sour Mash Process. Each and every barrel guaranteed to be strictly pure and free from any must.



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The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

MOORE & SELLIGER.



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PARIS EXPOSITION, 1889.

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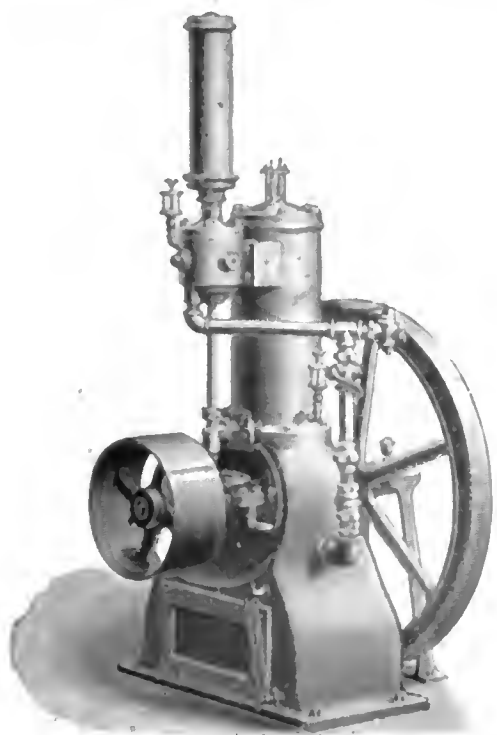
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June 12, '90.

Special Bonded Warehouse, No. 1, First District.

Special facilities for the Storage of Grape and Fruit Brandy. Lowest Rates of Storage and Insurance. Also Proprietors of the Greenwich Dock United States Bonded Warehouses, and the Battery Street Free Warehouses for General Storage.



The Perfected "Safety" ELECTRIC VAPOR ENGINE,

The Most Powerful and Economical Motor in the World

Always Ready. No Boiler. No Fire. No Smoke. No Ashes. No Engineer.
No License. No Danger.

Uses City Gas and Natural Gas, or will make its own Vapor, which is ignited automatically by a small dry electric battery.

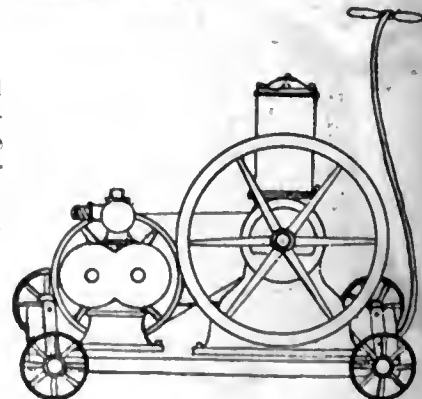
OUR WINE PLANT

Mounted on a small hand truck, with a powerful rotary bronze pump, will force from 500 to 3000 gallons per hour, and use less than one gallon of gasoline in ten hours run; gasoline costs seventeen cents per gallon.

We also build Stationary Vapor Engines from 1 to 20 horse power. Send for close estimate.

Electric Vapor Engine Co.,

Office, 218 California St., San Francisco.
Works, 211 and 213 Main Street.



PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 6.

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 18, 1891.

\$3.00 PER YEAR

Issued Semi-Monthly.

R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.

WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

Subscription per year—in advance, postage paid:

For the United States, Mexico and Canada.....	\$3 00
For European countries.....	4 00
Single copies.....	20

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PITTSBURGH AGENT,

R. RAPHAEL, 190 Wylie Ave, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sole Agent for Pennsylvania and North-western New York.

CINCINNATI AND KENTUCKY AGENT,

WM. H. SHIELDS, No. 6 West Third Street, Cincinnati, O.

THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—The market is generally dull. Much more buying is going on than is commonly supposed and several houses have established the long desired and excellent rule of reserving the right to pick what wines they want in the producers cellars. This is an improvement on the old manner of buying everything—good, bad and indifferent at the same price. The result will be that the average of all wines offered to the public will be gradually raised and more bad wine will be sent to the still.

There has been no dearth of topics for discussion by the trade. The movement of the Santa Clara producers looking toward organization, the organization of a new Champagne Company at Cloverdale, the Gallegos seizure and other matters giving plenty of room for talk. Sweet wines are steady. Receipts of wine during the month of March were 997,085 gallons. Exports by rail overland were 111 cases and 34,063 gallons. Exports by sea during the past fortnight amounted to 611 cases and 427,689 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDY—The market is very firm and prices are well sustained. Exports during the past fortnight were 32,213 gallons to New York by sea, and 4 cases and 346 gallons to foreign ports. Exports by rail in March were 4,124 cases and 615,509 gallons. Receipts from the interior in March were 47,055 gallons.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—The local trade is very good and the volume is considerably larger than it was at this time last year. The dealers are watching the situation in the East very closely. The weakness of the market there will be taken due advantage of by buyers in proper season.

RYES—In sympathy with the general trade the demand for ryes continues excellent.

In response to our inquiry Messrs. A. Overholt & Co. distillers of the "Overholt" rye have favored us with the following views on the present and future of the market for ryes.

PITTSBURGH, PA., April 4, 1891.

Messrs. R. M. Wood & Co., San Francisco, Cal.—GENTLEMEN: There has been the cry of over-production in Eastern Ryes and it may be correct, but we are of the opinion that if the goods of each season of '90 and '91 have been properly distributed there should be no cause for alarm. The amount of 88s remaining in bond are not sufficient to interfere with the market and prices on this age are being held with firmness. 89s are being withdrawn to supply the demand that necessarily follows the shortage of 88s and as they are being unbonded very rapidly there should be no uncertainty or uneasiness with the holders of 90s. As to 91s. We fully expect to see them ruling higher, and a gradual increase in their values, although in the meantime there may be a little sluggishness, they will show themselves as a good investment.

As to our production. We have not increased the same. In fact, we will produce less this year than last, and feel confident that our buyers will appreciate our interest in their behalf, to produce no more than the actual market requirements. Our distribution each year has been perfect and our crops of Fall '90 and Spring '91 was sold to eighty-four houses throughout the United States. It shall be our aim at all times to cater to the wants of our customers as to production and distribution.

Very Truly Yours,

A. OVERHOLT & Co.

The receipts of whisky by rail during the past fortnight were 1 case and 628 barrels. Imports of spirits aggregated 600 barrels. The exports of whisky by sea were 333 cases and 785 gallons.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of Mr. John C. Quinn as Internal Revenue Collector, to succeed the late William H. Sears, was a foregone conclusion some weeks ago. When it was stated that Mr. Quinn was sure of the position, a sketch of his life was published in the REVIEW and he needs no further introduction at this time. Mr. Quinn, judging from his past official record, will make an efficient and worthy official and the wine and liquor trade and wine producers are to be congratulated on having him in the position.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of our readers is drawn to the following new advertisements:

George West & Son, distillers, (enlarged).

Julius P. Smith, wine grower.

Carroll & Carroll, liquor merchants.

Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

W. J. Callingham, Insurance.

THE "EXAMINER'S" ERROR.

Some months ago Mr. Duncan Bankhardt who is a buyer for the house of Coudere & Yvon of Cotee France, opened negotiations with the firm of C. Carpy & Co. for the purchase of 1000 hectolitres of wine. The sale was at one time considered consummated and was so announced in the REVIEW, though for obvious reasons the names of the purchasing parties were withheld at Mr. Carpy's requests. The sale fell through and the cooperage which had been ordered was left on the buyer's hands.

Now Mr. Bankhardt attributes the failure of his house to buy the wine, to the passage of the McKinley Bill. He says (which is very gratifying) that not one gallon of the 5,000,000 hectolitres produced in Gard and Herault is equal to our ordinary clarets. He expected to be able to lay our wines down in France at a price to compete with the wines of Spain which go in at forty francs per hectolitre or say about twenty-six cents per gallon. Since the McKinley Bill has angered the French Government into raising the duties in retaliation, Mr. Bankhardt states that he cannot lay our wines down in France for less than 47 cents per hectolitre or about 31 cents per gallon, at which figure he says that they cannot compete with the Spanish wines.

The *Examiner*, the free trade organ, immediately seizes upon the statements as a basis for a long free trade article, in which the wine makers are roundly abused for being protectionists. No doubt the wine market might have been slightly relieved by the sale mentioned above, but the wine makers of this state do not want to remain permanently in any business which promises no better result than 26 cents or even 31 per gallon for wine delivered in Cotee, cooperage included. It is rubbish to talk of fighting for that sort of market. There is no money in it as a permanent thing, though we must confess we would like to see 5,000,000 gallons removed from this State at any price for the good it would do the producers.

Had the *Examiner* cared to investigate this question at all before indulging in the editorial remarks it did, several questions might have occurred to the editor. Let us ask the *Examiner*:

1st. Was it not this McKinley Bill which secured the wine producers their privilege under the Sweet Wine law?

2d. Did not the late Senator Hearst and the *Examiner's* free trade friends in Congress vote against this Sweet Wine law?

3d. Did not the McKinley Bill secure the right to wine producers and merchants to fortify dry wine for export without payment of the internal tax on brandy so used?

4th. Did not the McKinley Bill retain the duty of 50 cents a gallon on foreign wines, which keeps all the low grade French and German wines out of the country and secures the wine producers a fair market?

5th. Did not the McKinley Bill raise the duty on French brandy from \$1 to \$2.50 a gallon and is this no advantage to the distillers of this State who have the American market well in hand?

6th. Does our esteemed contemporary, the *Examiner*, think that the wine producers of this State are going to be forever satisfied with a business which promises no better returns than 26 cents a gallon for dry wines in Cotee? If so, the *Examiner* mistakes the men in the industry.

As stated above, we regret exceedingly that Mr. Carpy did not make his sale. We regret that some way has not yet been devised to get rid of about 5,000,000 gallons of wine in the State, but if the wine growers of California thought they had no better future than wines sold on a basis of 26 cents in Cotee, they would retire from the industry.

HIGH LICENSE.

The San Francisco High License Association continues to hold meetings and to agitate the cause, a mass meeting having been held during the past fortnight. The association includes many of the best known citizens. Among others, we believe, is Editor Sheahan of the *Prohibitionist*. He should be called to account instantly by the *Prohibitionist* Company. He cannot afford to countenance license, which, to his followers, is worse than "free rum."

In a general way the liquor market of Chicago may be reported as being quiet. This is specially true of whisky. Brandies are stronger and wines and champagnes are ruling at good figures. As for sales made by wholesalers during the month of March, I am informed by good houses that their business has been far in excess of the corresponding period last year. One house reports that this excess of business runs well up into the thousands of dollars, and all seem full of hope for the whole year. Others are a little more conservative, and are anxiously waiting to see what time will develop in the market.

"Whisky is very quiet now, and has been so for the last six months or more," remarked one wholesaler to-day. "The reason that whisky has not advanced a single point in price for the past six months despite the fact that it is that much older, is that the whole market is glutted through over-production; and the worst of it is there seems to be no hopeful outcome in the matter for some time. The Kentucky distillers have contracts with cattle men to supply slops for their stock, and these contracts run till June. Nelson Morris, the Chicago cattle king, has 20,000 head in that State alone, and there are many more, of course. The distillers, realizing that their business was going to ruin under the present rate of production, endeavored to call a halt. They went to Mr. Morris and asked him what he would take to give them a release from the feeding contract. His answer was twenty dollars a head. So the whisky producers find themselves between two very hot fires and of the two evils, they have probably chosen the one which they consider the least dangerous."

Another wholesaler said that so far as he could see ahead, the outlook for the year was not at all bright. "Money is scarce and times are hard in much of the country where we are in the habit of doing a great deal of business. Take Nebraska for instance; this year there has been such a general failure of crops there that they are glad to keep the wolf from the door, let alone indulging in the luxury of liquors of any kind. That has always been a good market for us, and we feel its loss to our trade very much."

Brandies of all kinds are stiff, and such goods as Hennessy's have gone to that point where there is nothing in handling them. They are selling at \$18.75 cents a case, and that does not leave a margin of more than five per cent. for the jobber and he cannot afford to keep his capital tied up and to run all the risk incumbent upon the business on any such a margin as that. On an average there are about fifteen drinks of brandy to the bottle, and at ten cents a glass the retailer is looser by a "big majority." The result of this is that the jobber is pushing this grade of goods out of his hands just as fast as possible, and does not intend to load up with it again till there is more in it for him than at present.

California brandy with any age on it at all, commands a ready market and at good figures. A price list before me quotes '86 at \$3.25; '87 Spring, \$2.75; Fall, \$2.50; '88 Spring, \$2.25; Fall, \$2.15; '89 Spring, \$2.10; Fall, \$2.05; '90 Spring, \$2.00; Fall, \$1.90; '91, \$1.80, f. o. b. Chicago, in 25 barrel lots, tax paid. From these figures it will be seen that California goods are coming to the front very well, and it is evident that it is only a matter of time when they will rank with the best in the market. "California brandy is being better made all the time now," said a dealer to-day, "and it only remains for age to develop the flavor and smoothness that characterizes the more popular grades and then California can compete with the world."

Coming now to California wine, I find that there is a better feeling in the market as a whole, and that some seven car-loads have arrived in Chicago since my last letter. The To-Kalon Wine Company have received two car-loads of sweet wine from Stanford's Vina vineyard, and J. E. Nolan has placed five car-loads of Port for Steinacher & Bruner, of Los Angeles. Four car-loads of this lot is already here and the other will follow shortly. The sale comprises 12,000 gallons, and the prices are private and so are the takers.

One wholesale firm told me that the reason California wine did not command higher prices was an oversupply in the local market. He stated that there was still considerable of the stock on hand that was shipped here a couple of years ago when freight rates took such a tumble. But the fact that the past two weeks has seen seven car-loads of sweet wine placed on this market would indicate that there is more room for wine here than there was a few years ago. Ten years ago, that much wine of any grade would have supplied all the houses in the city for a year and now we see two firms taking this amount and thinking nothing of it.

ing of it at all. The chances are that they may order more before the season is over.

Speaking of the wine trade from all standpoints, one of the most extensive merchants in the city says that it is growing all the time, and that the next five years will see it so well established that there will be a fine outlet for California wines afforded. The family trade is on the increase, and since the "grip" developed so strongly, there has been a greater demand than ever. All this helps as it gets people familiar with it, and that is all that is required to make it popular.

The To-Kalon Wine Company has secured the services of T. D. Cone to represent them in the territory east of Chicago, and J. S. Schwab for the territory west of this city. The selection will prove very satisfactory to the company and to the trade, for they are two very active and courteous gentlemen, and both of them understand their business thoroughly. Capt. Shillaber will look after the city and he is able to do it in good shape. This Company has just received four car-loads of brandy from Senator Stanford's Vina distillery, and are inaugurating a very active campaign for the summer with a view of disposing of it and as much more as possible.

Mr. Franckx is very busy at work with the preliminaries of opening his California restaurant. By coming as early as he did, he has had ample time to take advantage of every circumstance, and has thereby made a saving of several thousand dollars. The contracts for all the work are let, and on the day he gets possession of his rooms there will be a full force of men put on.

The entire room is 150 by 30 feet, and it will be divided as follows: Ladies' restaurant, at the front, 23 by 32; restaurant and cafe, 100 by 20; kitchen, 30 by 30. Off from the ladies' restaurant there will be an office and wine closet, and off the cafe there will be ten private rooms, six of them nine feet square, and four of them 8 by 9. Four of them will be so arranged that they can be thrown into one room for private banquet purposes. There will be 52 tables in use and 160 persons can be seated at one time. There is a fine, cool basement for storage purposes, a very important factor in Chicago. Altogether no better or more desirable location for the cafe could have been secured. It is on the street along which the tide of better business is turning very rapidly. A lease for five years has been secured, and long before that time the wisdom of the choice of location will have been amply demonstrated.

Speaking of the cafe to a large wholesale dealer to-day, he said: "That is the best move California wine men have made yet. It will have the effect of thoroughly introducing their wines during the World's Fair, and will open up markets that could not have been reached in any other way. It will also help the trade very materially right here in Chicago, for there certainly does exist a sort of blind prejudice against the California product, which can be overcome only by bringing the people into contact with the wine by degrees, as it were, and thus educating them up to it. This will be best accomplished in this way. If an excellent dinner is served, and with it fine and excellent grades of California wines, it will not be long until they become very popular, and all the other restaurants in the city will be compelled to keep a full stock on hand. Another good effect it will have, will be to educate the taste of wine users up to a recognition of pure California wine, and then the base adulterations which some irresponsible firms are now foisting on the public as California wines will be driven out of the market except for use in the cheaper saloons."

J. B. Greenhut, son of the Whisky Trust President, concerning the Gibson-Shufeldt case, says: "There are no new developments or discoveries in the case that I know of. The trust people are working on it to be in readiness for the trial. The trust members will be morally on trial with Mr. Gibson, and they will defend him so far as the evidence affects his connection with the trust as Secretary. Mr. Gibson is at his home in Peoria, attending to his private business."

J. G. McClure, representing the Roscoe vineyard in Los Angeles, arrived in Chicago yesterday. He placed a good order in Omaha as he came through, and expects to do a good business all through his trip.

A mysterious meeting of whisky men was held recently. Several directors of the Mutual Distilling Association, of Philadelphia, held a consultation with H. H. Shufeldt & Co. There seemed to be a strong feeling that the charge against Secretary Gibson, of the Distilling Trust should be thoroughly investigated, as they feared the Trust might resort to some bold tactics, most of their distilleries being in Kentucky. It was resolved that if necessary, they would furnish means to carry the prosecution to

the end.

It is reported that a company of capitalists are in Peoria, Ill., looking over the ground with a view to establishing a large dry kiln for converting the slop from the distilleries into dry feed. This move is worthy the commendation and support of every distiller in the United States. If there can be some plan arrived at, or process discovered, whereby the slop from the distilleries can be reduced at a profit to dry feed, it would be a Godsend not only to the distillers, but to the trade at large. It is a known fact that cattle-slop contracts, as written at the present time, do more to cause an over-production of whisky in Kentucky than any other thing.

L. L. PALMER.

Pittsburg Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

PITTSBURG, April 9, 1891.

The statement of Moore's Distillery, Twenty-Third District, of Pennsylvania, made in bond and tax-paid was as follows:

Year.	IN BOND AND TAX PAID.		
	Made.	In bond.	Tax paid.
1888.....	1,312	162	1,150
1889.....	2,898	3,444	1,454
1890.....	6,843	6,650	193
1891.....	998	995	3

This is a very good showing for the holders of this celebrated brand. Weiler Bros. here deserve great credit for placing this brand so prominently before the trade of the country.

Mr. M. Goldsmith of Messrs. Rheinstrom Bros., the favorite Blackberry House, was with us recently. He is a strictly reliable man and does a big trade here.

Mr. H. Livingstone of the S. Dillinger & Son's Distillery, (not as stated in the last issue, of the Thompson) will call on the trade on the Pacific Coast in the interest of the Dillinger Co. soon. You will find him an excellent gentleman and a man who will gain friends in the solid trade.

Mr. W. Elliot of the Overholt Distilling Co., speaks with confidence on the ease he will have in placing next year's crop. He is all right on this matter. If he cannot get a good market, who will?

R. Raphael says that the crop of Spring and Fall '90's White Mills bourbons and ryes are sold out. This speaks volumes for this brand. Hoffheimer Bros. are sky high in this market, and have an immense trade with the best dealers.

Adler Roedelheim & Co. have now got a great call on Pennsylvania ryes in this market.

S. Klemordlinger & Co. speak very highly of the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW. They say it will pay any man to read the paper for it posts them on the different wine people. They would not be without it.

E. T. Cooper & Co. are doing a good trade.

W. J. Friday is a first class dealer, full of vigor, push and enterprise, a great advocate of good California wines.

BORAX.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chace, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

W. H. HARRIS.	M. L. REYNOLDS.	THOS. KINGSTON.
<h1>Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,</h1> <p>WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES</p>		
		
<p>VINEYARDS & CELLARS: Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.</p>	<p>VAULTS: 123-127 Eddy St. Under Haackmeyer's Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.</p>	

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 3. Samuel Lachman of San Francisco.

Synonymous with the growth and advancement of the California wine business, no name can be more prominently mentioned in connection with the industry and its success than that of Samuel Lachman, head and founder of the well-known and long-established house of S. Lachman & Co.

To his indomitable will and energy, together with surprising foresight and judgement, considerable of the success that the wine business has attained is due, and by following in his footsteps many of the existing houses found their establishment and success.

The subject of our sketch was born in Germany and emigrated to this country at an early age, arriving in this State in the early 50s. In common with the general trend of the hardy pioneers of those days, he at once struck out for the mines, locating in El Dorado county. After a short experience in mining he concluded to strike out for new fields, and in 1854 left for Trinity county, "hoofing it" from Marysville to Weaverville, where he opened a general merchandise store and continued in business there until 1864. In that year he "cleaned up his shuice-boxes"—as he terms it, and left for San Francisco, where he began casting about for some safe and suitable investment. At that time the wine business was in its merest infancy and comparatively unknown, but he immediately foresaw the possibilities that this industry would achieve and finally concluded to form a co-partnership with Adolph Eberhardt and under the firm name of Eberhardt & Lachman. At that time the business was carried on in a small basement at the corner of First and Market streets, where the Sheldon Block now stands, but the rapidly increasing business soon necessitated the removal to other and more suitable quarters, subsequently found in the purchase of the large brick warehouse on the corner of Market and Fremont streets, then known and still remembered by all old Californians as the Treadwell building. Mr. Lachman then decided to embark alone in the business and bought out his partner. The business continued to increase with surprising rapidity and the proprietor was forced to enlarge the storage capacity by substituting immense oval casks for the small packages formerly used, thus being the first to use the familiar casks now seen in all wine vaults.

The rapid strides that the business was taking and the increasing production of California wines made it again necessary to seek still larger quarters and better facilities for handling the stock, which was removed in 1885 to the present quarters on Brannan street near Fourth, in a massive brick and stone building occupying two 50-varns with a similar area occupied by

cooler shops, stables and platforms for receiving and shipping wines. The capacity of the vaults is 2,500,000 gallons, and they have every modern appliance for the practical handling and making of wines. All vaults subsequently built have been laid out on the same lines and the same ideas carried out making the vault an institution of which the city and State may well be proud to number amongst its attractions. Considerable of the success of the principal wine growers may be traced to the judgment and advice of Mr. Lachman, whose knowledge and sagacity enabled him to always speak knowingly on the subject.

Personally Mr. Lachman is rather stout and below the medium height; yet nature has dealt kindly with him and although approaching the allotted three-score-and-ten, he looks forward to many years of life with the hope of realizing the aim of his ambition—the rapid and certain attainment of perfection of the wines of California and to supply the world with the noblest of her productions. He is business all through, yet of a very jovial disposition, and many delight to hear him relate some of the old-time incidents with which his interesting career is well-fraught. There is no doubting the fact that he is among the foremost in the wine business and an acknowledged leader in many ways, of the methods that have been devised for the advancement and improvement of the wine industry at large.

The firm makes a specialty of old wines and brandies, but give especial attention to Sherries and is the acknowledged Sherry house of the United States. Owing to the increased demand for California wines, a branch house was opened in New York City at 22 to 26 Elm street and is under the personal supervision of management and Mr. Albert Lachman, eldest son of S. Lachman; therefore making the branch a part of the parent house and under the immediate control of the firm.

In all his business career Mr. Lachman has aimed at offering a high standard of wines and brandies, and the result is that his house is known all over the country as first-class and strictly reliable. Of late years Mr. Lachman has entrusted the management of affairs to the younger members of the firm but still exercises general supervision of matters pertaining to the business.

Few men can point with more pardonable pride to the fortunes carved out by their own efforts than that of the man whom we have the honor to number amongst our prominent wine men and whose faithful likeness adorns the pages of this Journal.

COL. TAYLOR WINS.

The Litigation Between Him and George T. Stagg Approaching
An End.

We have received the following telegram from Messrs. E. H. Taylor, Jr. & Sons, the distillers of the "Old Taylor" whisky:

FRANKFORT, KY., April 9th.

R. M. Wood & Co., San Francisco—The Court has rendered a decision in our suit against Stagg, granting every prayer in our petition.

[SIGNED.]

E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SON.

This decision comes at the close of protracted litigation in the Kentucky Courts over the right to use the well-known signature of Col. E. H. Taylor, Jr., and other matters.

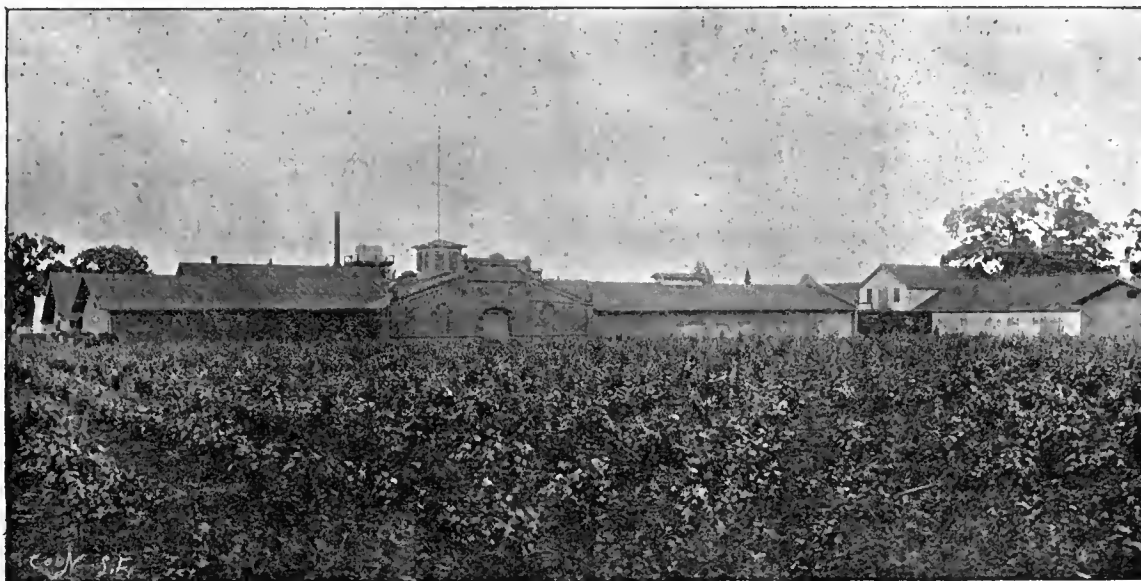
Some years ago Col. Taylor, Mr. George T. Stagg and others were associated under the name of the E. H. Taylor Jr., Co., and manufactured among other brands the "O. F. C." and "Carlisle," which are now among the best known to the trade. Colonel Taylor withdrew from the partnership and established the house of E. H. Taylor, Jr. & Sons, associating with him his sons J. Swigert Taylor and Kenner Taylor. Mr. Stagg organized the George T. Stagg Co. to operate the business of the old house of E. H. Taylor, Jr. Co., and continued to use the name of Taylor, the barrel heads either bearing the name of "E. H. Taylor, Jr. Distiller" or "E. H. Taylor, Jr. Co. Distillers."

This was at once objected to by Col. Taylor and the suit which has just been decided resulted. E. H. Taylor, Jr. & Sons claimed an accounting for all the damage that had been done them through the Stagg Company retaining Colonel Taylor's name, for loss of trade resulting, and also prayed for a perpetual injunction.

All of these prayers, as will be seen in our telegram, have been granted.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.



Wine Vaults and Fermenting House.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.
Sonoma Wine and Brandy Co., No. 1 and 3 Front St., New York.

CARROLL & CARROLL, Wholesale Liquor Merchants,

— SOLE AGENTS FOR —

OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE,

W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.

Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.

306 MARKET STREET - - - SAN FRANCISCO.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.

The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
Livermore Valley.

DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
A SPECIALTY.

SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER.

JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.

PARTNER WANTED.

A reliable party with \$4,000 to \$5,000 capital, wanted to take an interest in a well established winery in Fresno County. For further particulars apply at this office.

1850

PACIFIC DEPARTMENT

1891

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JOHN LANDERS, General Agent.

240 MONTGOMERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

This Company offers to the Public all desirable forms of Insurance consistent with safety—Protection and Investment. Examine the advantages of its new Survivorship Dividend Plans. No restrictions on residence, trade or occupation. Claims paid immediately on satisfactory proof of Death. Reliable Agents desiring to represent this old and substantial company call or address,

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TELEPHONE 1466.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC STATES AND TERRITORIES

— OF THE —

Scottish Union and National INSURANCE CO. OF GREAT BRITAIN. ORGANIZED 1824.

Capital	- - - -	\$ 300,000.00.
Assets in the United States	- - - -	1,673,758.80.
Surplus in the United States	- - - -	1,264,223.32.

The City of London

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital	- - - -	\$10,000,000.
Cash Assets in United States	- - - -	714,702.11.

W. J. CALLINGHAM, General Agent,

CALVERT MEADE, Special Agent and Adjuster.

E. J. JOLLY

410 CALIFORNIA ST. - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
BANKERS, LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK, LTD.

A RARE CHANCE.

A thriving and paying business in Napa County near railroad depot, consisting of a large and complete winery and distillery, including 30,000 gallons of good cooperage and cellar implements. Also dwelling house, barn, stable and three acres of land, (orchard and vine) at the very low price of \$6,300 Terms \$4300 cash; remainder secured by mortgage. Address "BARGAIN" this office.

Trade Notes.

H. H. Sterwood has returned from a business trip to New York.

I. De Turk has discontinued his account with Fred. W. Hayne.

Henry Epstein, of Arpad Haraszthy & Co., has returned from an extended trip abroad.

George West & Son contemplate erecting a sherry house next season, with a capacity of 200,000 gallons.

Carlo Scdmamini, the well-known dealer and wine maker who did a thriving trade in the Italian quarter is dead.

A. Werner Jr. is traveling in the Southern States in the interest of Werner's Extra Dry. He has been having great success with his meritorious goods.

William Wolf & Co. received another consignment of 1250 cases of Pommery during the past fortnight. This speaks well for the condition of trade.

Mellwood is taking well with the Coast trade. Mellwood is the sort of whisky which needs no special words of praise. A trial of it will convince any one of its merits and virtues.

The Napa Valley Wine Company, have distributed, through their Cincinnati agents, Messrs. Shields & Co., six car loads of wine during the past fortnight, four car loads being for Cincinnati and the other two for other Ohio points.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., are having a fine run of spring business. J. H. Cutter whisky makes new friends constantly, and its success is a criterion of what may be expected when the best goods are offered to the consumers who are able to recognize a really good article.

The latest telegraphic advices from Chicago are that the investigation of the charges against ex-Secretary Gibson of the Whisky Trust has begun before the Chicago Grand Jury. Government officials assert that the trust is using money in the contest to clear Gibson.

The Natoma Wine Co. is shipping large quantities of wine to New York and other eastern points, and the products of the well known vineyard are meeting with a ready sale. The arrangements to market the wines of this Company are now complete in every principal wine distributing centre.

A. G. Chauche has received from the Secretary of State, the Gold Medal which was awarded to him for his display of wines at the Paris Exposition. Mr. Chauche is justly proud of the medal and of the handsome diploma which accompanied it, and both will be placed in a prominent position in his establishment on Front street.

In the last issue of the REVIEW an error was made saying that Mr. H. H. Livingston, the Pennsylvania rye distiller, who is soon to visit the Coast was connected with the Thompson Distillery Company. Mr. Livingston is connected with the old established house of S. Dillinger & Sons. He expects to visit the Coast very shortly and will be welcomed by the trade.

One of the houses of the city which is making a specialty of the best straight whiskies and is having a fine inquiry for them, is that of Carroll & Carroll. This well established house has made a feature of dealing in the highest class of straights for some time, and in the words of Mr. George Carroll has succeeded beyond all anticipations. The firm is agents for the famous "Pepper" whisky, and other brands, such as "W. H. McBrayer" etc. The house is one of the foremost in the Coast trade and justly so.

Hugh McCrum, of Sroufe & McCrum, met with a serious accident while driving in Golden Gate Park on the 29th ult. While at a top rate of speed the wagon struck a projection on the side of the road, the jolt throwing Mr. McCrum head-foremost out of the wagon into the road, by which he sustained an ugly cut on the side of the head, beside a bruised shoulder. He did not lose consciousness by the fall, and was assisted to a conveyance by a park policeman and taken to his home, 512 Golden

Gate avenue, where he was attended to by his own physician. The horse was found to have severed a tendon of one of his legs, and will be incapacitated from further service. He will probably be shot. He was a magnificent animal, and was purchased by Mr. McCrum but a short time ago from Lucky Baldwin for the sum of \$750.

Mr. Julius P. Smith, the well-known wine producer and bottler of Livermore, is achieving a success with his Olivina wines almost unparalleled in the recent history of the industry. Mr. Smith's vineyard the "Olivina" is situated about four miles south of Livermore, right in the foothills of the Coast Range. Here there is a happy combination of soil, climate and all other natural advantages which have contributed to making the Livermore district famous the country over. The Olivina vineyard embraces over 650 acres of the finest varieties of wines and his wineries and cellars are complete in every detail. Mr. Smith's specialty is dry wines but all sorts of sweet wines and brandies are made. His business connections among connoisseurs range from England to the trans-Pacific countries, and wherever his wines are drunk they deservedly stand among the foremost in the State.

The trade of Marysville are gloating over what they regard as a great joke on a well known San Franciscan. The story is considered so good that the Marysville Democrat devotes a half column of space to relating it. It seems that a few days ago "a distinguished looking gentleman wearing a plug hat bought a ticket for San Francisco" and boarded the three o'clock a. m. train bound in the direction of Shasta. In this fact the jesters of Marysville discovered that the gentleman had "got on the wrong train and was carried to Gridley, where he took the down train and tried a fresh start for Frisco." The distinguished looking individual referred to was one of the most prominent and popular members of the San Francisco trade and he is also a great joker.

He did announce that he was going to San Francisco and he bought a ticket for this city, but he quietly boarded the Oregon Express and went to Biggs where his house has a customer; and returned a few hours later with a healthy order in his inside pocket. He says the joke is on the Marysville crowd and that he will drink champagne at their expense on his next visit there. The fellow who laughs last is generally "the people."

Cincinnati Department.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, April 7, 1891.

Nothing important has transpired since my last letter to you, but, no doubt a few words from this section will be of interest to the readers of your valued journal.

I note there have not been many large lots sold during the last month, but nevertheless the market is in a healthy state.

While prices are not as firm as they were, and goods not sought after as they have been heretofore, good reason exists for this inactivity at this particular time. The money market has been exceedingly close in the last thirty days. Rain, snow and storms throughout the country have had a depressing effect on trade in general; however, as soon as Spring opens, I am warranted in saying that we will have a fair and prosperous season.

Goods will not advance to a speculative value, but will bring a fair profit to the holders. '89s I believe, will be stronger than they are to-day. The '88s are almost all tax-paid and housed, and already thousands of quick aging '90s have been tax-paid for consumption. The price of spirits have so materially advanced as to stiffen the price of quick maturing '90s and '91s.

Eastern ryes are not in demand as they were, and the dullness that affected the bourbons, has, likewise, affected the eastern ryes.

The California wine market is quite brisk, and we note a great many car-load sales for future delivery.

If the "Koch Lymph" had been the euro of consumption as we were led to believe at one time, it might have been injected into the spirit market and revived the briskness of last Spring when everybody was ready to buy regardless of price. But we will have to be satisfied with the present condition of affairs, and enlist our sympathies with Professor Koch.

My advice is "Keep your goods; age will add quality and

value to them, and you can reap a profit on your investment."

J. B. Wathen distiller of the famous whiskies "Criterion" "Wathen" Bourbons and "Lackawanna", rye graced the floor of the Chamber of Commerce last week. He did not leave without an order either. He will reduce the crop of '91s, one-half.

Mr. Durner has returned from his southern trip looking well. Now look out for some sales as Mr. Durner has of late made several nice ones.

Pretty Fred Lyons can't keep away from Cincinnati. He paid us another call and made some sales, for Weeks & Campbell.

Harry Traverser called on the trade last week. Harry did not forget to bring his little looking glass. Now, he is very often taken for Joe Emmitt.

Mr. R. Monarch called during the past fortnight.

C. A. Bennett of the Minneapolis Distilling Co. called during the fortnight.

Mr. P. E. Payne of the Sour Mash Distilling Co., paid Cincinnati a visit recently.

The Union Distilling Company has been re-organized, Mr. George Deterly having purchased the interest formerly held by H. H. Sippelman. The firm now consists of Mr. Deterly and Mr. George Gerhe, the President.

Messrs. J. B. Wathen Bros. & Co. state to the trade that they will not make over 4,000 barrel of "Wathen" and 3,000 barrels of "Criterion" this season. This is fully fifty per cent. less than they made during the season of '90. Mr. Wathen says that they have no spring '89s or '90s on hand. That these goods are distributed among a large number of customers who buy in lots of fifty and one hundred barrels. They have also sold under contract a considerable portion of this season's run of both brands.

Messrs. Jas. E. Pepper & Co., have just completed the erection of a new iron-clad warehouse at their distillery in Lexington. It is said to be one of the most complete in Kentucky. This company a few years ago commenced bottling goods for a few of their customers, and found that the goods in that form took so well with the trade that they continued to push this branch of their business, until at the present time it has grown to enormous proportions.

SHAW.

ORGANIZATION IN SANTA CLARA.

The grape growers of Santa Clara Valley have organized under the name of the California Grape Growers Protective Association of Santa Clara Valley, West Side. None but grape growers, wine makers and vineyard owners are eligible to membership, and the entrance fee is five dollars. There is an advisory board of eleven members and a committee on membership has been appointed to organize similar associations in other sections of the State. Thirty members signed the roll. The officers are: President, Capt. J. P. Crossley; Vice President, A. H. Wood; Secretary, J. B. Kerwin; Treasurer, E. G. Hall; Advisory Committee—J. P. Crossley, C. P. Howes, W. C. Miller, A. Malpas, J. C. Cottle, A. H. Wood, N. Hall, T. Kerwin, E. G. Hall, D. Gartleman, B. Radovich and J. B. Kerwin.

The Association will devise methods of disposing of the products of the vineyard of the valley about 1,400 acres of which are represented at the outset. It is proposed to lay tracks from Murphys to Saratoga if a free right of way can be had. It was agreed that from eighteen to twenty dollars per ton is a fair price for grapes and some plan will be devised to work up in other manners all that can not be sold to the wineries at this figure.

Mr. Bozo Radovich who is one of the two State organizers of the association, says that if possible, similar associations will be organized everywhere.

In Santa Clara a new wine vault is to be erected with a capacity of 250,000 gallons and the grape men will try to market their own product.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

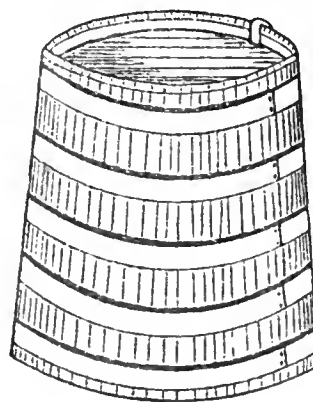
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for February.....	954,318	44,795
March 2.....	14,930	12,130
" 3.....	18,120	4,200
" 4.....	27,370	120
" 5.....	22,580	1,680
" 6.....	65,200	100
" 7.....	28,180	2,100
" 9.....	25,010	.....
" 10.....	16,300	4,090
" 11.....	37,490	.....
" 12.....	22,720	1,900
" 13.....	47,990	100
" 14.....	75,000	2100
" 16.....	20,950	.....
" 17.....	62,140	.....
" 18.....	42,680	.....
" 19.....	38,016	100
" 20.....	54,240	4,350
" 21.....	59,185	625
" 23.....	41,210	1,880
" 24.....	40,380	1,430
" 25.....	46,200	1,900
" 26.....	31,290	380
" 27.....	11,080	1,160
" 28.....	45,430	.....
" 30.....	57,440	4,250
" 31.....	45,960	2,460
Total for March.....	997,085	47,055
April 1.....	25,840	2,570
" 2.....	48,000	1,240
" 3.....	49,610	2,100
" 4.....	91,010	820
" 6.....	60,380	2,400
" 7.....	50,000	4,800
" 8.....	39,670	440
" 9.....	24,670	960
" 10.....	36,080	290
" 11.....	67,780	3,660
" 13.....	46,820	2,060
" 14.....	35,120	2,000
" 15.....	25,970	100
" 16.....	62,870	8,080
" 17.....	32,590	800

Subscribe for the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, the only wine and liquor trade paper west of Chicago.



REDWOOD TANKS,

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821 BRYANT ST., S. F.

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CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Hartford, Connecticut.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL,
Established 1857.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,
Of London, Incorporated 1720.

ROBERT DICKSON, Manager.

N. W. COR. SACRAMENTO AND MONTGOMERY STS., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

TO NEW YORK PER STEAMER SAN BLAS, March 27, 1891.

MARKS	RECEIPTS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
D. S.	J. M. Dow	24 bbls. 2 hf. bbls.	150	10
I. G. C.	"	6 barrels	75	120
A. V. C.	"	1 puncheon	162	60
J. K. B. & Co.	A. L. F.	25 barrels	1,274	22
E. D.	"	2 cases	20	7
R. in dia. H. & Co.	J. G. M. & Co.	7 barrels	345	144
G.	"	25 cases	20	150
P. in dia.	Overland Freight T. Co.	12 barrels	607	7
R. W.	"	137 barrels	6,840	41
S. in dia.	Cal Transfer Co.	50 barrels	2,500	3
N.	Napa Valley Wine Co.	160 barrels	8,000	10
E. F.	P. G. Sabatier	2 barrels	100	5
H. B. & Son	G. Magliavacca	50 barrels	2,500	10
S. Rose	Dressel & Co.	25 barrels	1,250	10
H. L. Van Buren Mc	Lenormand Bros.	6 barrels	289	12
C. H. B. & Co.	Berger Bros.	4 barrels	190	23
M. C.	M. Cuneo	12 barrels	2,004	9
J. P.	Berger & Domeniconi	50 barrels	2,500	18
S. L. & Co.	S. Lachman & Co.	200 barrels	9,004	43
P. S. in dia.	Wm. Hoelscher & Co.	1 barrel	192	10
L. L. B.	A. G. Chaudhry	5 barrels	250	47
K. Bros.	Riewerts & Helmke	31 cases	20	5
"	"	2 barrels	100	19
"	"	1 half-barrel	25	12
"	"	1 keg	10	5
H. B. & Co.	Hirschler & Co.	21 barrels	988	300
K. & F.	Kohler & Frohling	55 barrels	2,743	1,045
K. in dia.	Lachman & Jacobl	8 barrels	414	175
E. B. & J.	"	50 barrels	2,500	630
D. M. & Co.	Jas. Mathews	50 barrels	2,500	1,533
"	Miscellaneous	115 barrels	5,588	2,400
"	"	100 barrels	5,019	1,500
Total amount 64 cases and			59,074	21,083

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER NEWBERN, March, 25, 1891.

D. B. Guaymas	Cabrera Roma & Co.	22 cases	90	10
S. M.	"	4 kegs	88	47
B. in ring, Santa Rosa	W. Loalza	2 cases	110	36
J. C. San J. del Cabo	A. Carpenter	20 barrels	967	281
J. Z. Guaymas	J. Ivanovich & Co.	1 barrel	50	5
M. B. S. Mazatlan	J. Gundlach & Co.	7 kegs	139	80
"	"	1 barrel	201	101
"	"	1 keg	20	13
A. M. Herinaillo	F. Chevallier & Co.	2 kegs	20	13
D. B. B. Guaymas	"	2 kegs	20	13
J. H. S.	B. F. Rountree	5 kegs	143	57
W. L. & Co.	Henry Lund & Co.	1 cask	59	45
T.	J. F. Schleiden	1 hf-barrel	27	20
G. W.	W. Loalza	1 cask	17	12
T. C. L.	"	1 barrel	50	30
P. T.	"	2 kegs	20	17
P. A. A. S.	"	20 kegs	200	115
C. O. & Co.	"	10 cases	35	35
K. & V. B. Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	8 barrels	403	232
C. del P. La Paz	"	12 kegs	180	123
A. P. Mazatlan	Thannhauser & Co.	1 hf-barrel	27	24
"	"	1 barrel	49	5
Total amount 32 cases and			2,760	\$ 1,334

TO CHINA AND JAPAN PER STEAMER OCEANIC, April 2, 1891.

C. J. T. Co. Nagasaki	Williams Diamond & Co.	5 barrels	250	110
T. B. C. Canton	Arpad Harnaszy & Co.	3 cases	193	165
"	"	12 cases	70	70
Lindl'd Co. Yokohama	Langfeldt & Co. (Ltd.)	10 barrels	483	122
C. W. Co. Yokohama	Cal Transfer Co.	100 barrels	5,000	2,000
F. A. Poochow	R. H. Delafiel	3 hf-barrels	78	58
Total amount 12 cases			6,044	\$2,525

TO CENTRAL AMERICA PER STEAMER SAN BLAS, March 26, 1891.

L. F. S. & Co. P. M. J. T. McGovern & Co.	1 case	10
J. R. V. & Co. P. M. J. T. McGovern & Co.	5 hf-barrels	136
J. H. V. & Co. P. M. J. T. McGovern & Co.	3 barrels	150
S. A. V. & Co. P. M. J. T. McGovern & Co.	10 cases	22
"	2 kegs	20
"	50 cases	144
"	20 kegs	200
"	1 barrel	10
"	3 hf-barrels	78
"	1 keg	10
"	2 cases	10
"	3 hf-barrels	78
"	1 keg	10
"	2 cases	10
"	2 cases	8
Total amount 67 cases and		692

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, April 13, 1891.

R. & V. B. in dia. Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	32 cases	129
A. M. H. Manzanillo	Langley & Michaels	1 keg	16
B. F. & Co. San Blas	Thos. Bell & Co.	4 casks	196
J. R. San Benito	Jos. Thibault	20 cases	90
O. T. Guadalajara	Napa Valley Wine Co.	4 kegs	40
R. H. & Co. San Benito	Parrott & Co.	2 cases	10
T. P.	E. de Sabla & Co.	40 cases	172
"	"	7 kegs	50
T. G. Mazatlan	Thannhauser & Co.	3 cases	12
A. O. & Co.	"	2 kegs	32
R. H. San Benito	"	10 half-barrels	23
"	"	20 kegs	635
"	"	4 cases	18
C. in dia'd Acapulco	I. Gutte	2 barrels	97
L. G. & Co. Tonalá	Cabrera Roma & Co.	1 keg 3 packages	78
"	"	2 cases	9
"	"	1 keg	10
"	"	4 cases	5
"	"	1 keg 3 packages	19
T. W. Salina Cruz	"	2 cases	78
"	"	2 cases	9
E. M. O. San Blas	W. Loalza	1 cask	62
"	"	5 cases	31
Total amount 114 cases and		1,314	\$1,441

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER COLIMA, April 3, 1891.

D C	J M Dow	1 barrel	39	10
L C	"	1 half-barrel	28	10
G R	"	5 barrels	253	80
M D T Co	Wm Hoelscher & Co	3 half-barrels	79	56
"	"	1 barrel	48	35
"	"	5 cases	25	25
"	"	10 kegs	10	10
N in diamond	Napa Valley Wine Co	100 cases	450	450
H E L Lancaster Pa	"	2 barrels	101	61
E S	E Schell	55 barrels	3,029	610
W & D	"	27 barrels	1,262	252
S S & Co	"	15 barrels	699	180
L T	Laelman & Jacobi	15 barrels	767	278
F A	"	25 barrels	1,272	369
A R	"	25 barrels	1,270	543
A V	"	15 barrels	770	333
E B & J	"	50 barrels	2,510	827
S L & Co	S Lachman & Co	200 barrels	9,869	2,500
B F E Fall River Mass	Kohler & Van Bergen	2 casks	66	60
E W	Overland F T Co	104 barrels	4,992	1,966
J P	Berger & Domeniconi	50 barrels	2,387	596
L M	A Greenebaum & Co	25 barrels	1,214	303
L & Co Phila	Jos Melezer & Co	12 barrels	569	320
J C New Orleans La	Lenormand Bros	15 barrels	764	315
K & F	Kobler & Frohling	299 barrels	14,966	8,247
S in triangle	"	124 barrels	6,218	2,487
G	J Gundlach & Co	24 puncheons	6,610	2,307
"	"	52 barrels	1,262	504
H in dia'd Brooklyn	"	25 barrels	1,262	504

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER COLIMA, April 3, 1891.

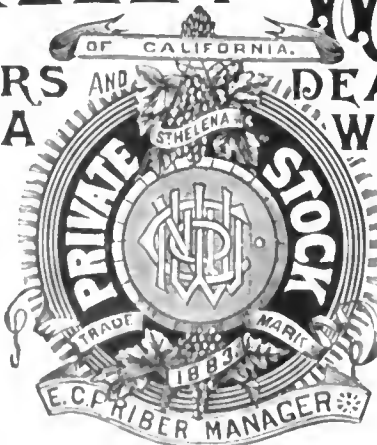
P. D. & Co Acapulco.....	Uribe & Urioste.....	2 barrels.....	119	48
J. M. Mazatlan.....	W. Loalza & Co.....	1 cask.....	62	32
Total amount.....			181	80

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN
PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER COLIMA, April 3, 1891.

J L Ocos.....	Urucela & Urioste.....	8 cases.....	30	
NS Acajutla.....	"	2 kegs.....	40	44
FS ".....	"	1 keg.....	20	20
F E G La Libertad...	"	3 barrels.....	50	45
GS ".....	"	5 kegs.....	50	45
M A Champerico.....	Cabrera Roma & Co.....	3 hf-punchoon.....	294	310
"	B Dreyfus & Co.....	1 barrel.....	237	225
A S & Co Corinto.....	"	15 kegs.....	400	200
B B & Co La Libertad	Bloom Baruch & Co.....	8 barrels.....	54	
M & R Champerico...	Oliver & Co.....	2 casks.....	160	141
M A ".....	"	1 keg.....	20	12
H F P Ocos.....	"	1 barrel.....	51	35
T H in dia'd Acajutla	Dieckman & Co.....	10 cases.....	54	86
A L & Co.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	3 kegs.....	67	56
J I La Libertad.....	"	1 barrel 1 keg.....	118	101
M P ".....	"	3 hf-barrels 2 kegs.....	48	
J L ".....	"	8 cases.....	50	33
R S H Corinto.....	"	3 kegs.....	72	39
H I ".....	"	5 kegs 1 hf-barrel..	240	182
A F ".....	"	4 barrels 2 hf-bbils.		
Total amount 30 cases and.....			1,923	\$1,736

TO EUROPE—PER STEAMER COLIMA, April 3, 1891.

L K Hamburg.....	O Kaiser.....	2 kegs.....	42	25
Bremen.....	Miscellaneous.....	25 barrels.....	1,180	600
Total amount.....			1,222	625

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, April 13, 1891.

P B.....	A Greenbaum & Co.....	10 barrels.....	498	176
M & B.....	"	25 barrels.....	1,272	314
M J P & Co.....	"	4 barrels.....	201	142
J P.....	Berges & Domeniconi..	50 barrels.....	2,407	602
H in diamond.....	Kohler & Van Bergen..	50 barrels.....	2,517	600
O A B & Co.....	Beringer Bros.....	15 barrels.....	750	395
C V Co.....	G Migliavacca.....	50 barrels.....	2,510	620
H in diamond.....	Overland F T Co.....	24 barrels.....	1,200	480
N in diamond.....	Napa Valley Wine Co.....	75 cases.....	375	
S in diamond.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	25 barrels.....	1,287	464
F A.....	"	25 barrels.....	1,290	396
H S West Hoboken...	"	25 barrels.....	1,284	395
A in diamond.....	"	20 barrels.....	1,031	359
E & B in diamond....	"	35 barrels.....	1,796	609
E H.....	"	25 barrels.....	1,284	504
S in diamond.....	"	25 barrels.....	1,286	399
P in diamond.....	B Frapolli.....	25 barrels.....	1,208	495
K & F.....	Kohler & Frohling.....	315 barrels.....	15,860	8,723
B in diamond.....	Weil Bros & Sons.....	2 half-barrels.....	53	37
S V.....	J M Dow.....	5 packages.....	190	200
G in diamond.....	Garnier Lancel & Co.....	160 barrels.....	4,986	1,112
Various.....	Miscellaneous.....	270 barrels.....	13,563	3,680
Total amount 75 cases and.....			57,473	\$21,077

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA, April 6, 1891.

L R Victoria.....	C P Howes.....	20 barrels.....	985	200
"	"	1 half-barrel.....	47	23
B & C Victoria.....	E O Lyons & Co.....	1 barrel.....	48	38
B G in dia'd V Victoria	"	1 barrel.....	50	20
J D North Wellington	L Carboni.....	33 cases.....		100
J C D Vancouver.....	Beck Pyhrr & Co.....		1,130	381
Total amount 33 cases and.....				

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER ZEALANDIA, April 7, 1891.

P G C.....	D G Camarinos.....	1 barrel.....	47	18
W S L.....	S Lachman & Co.....	10 barrels.....	507	380
A V.....	Hyman Bros.....	1 cask.....	59	24
"	Miscellaneous.....	320 kegs.....	2,200	1,790
"	"	10 octaves.....	268	210
U S S I.....	Goldberg Bowen & Co.....	5 cases.....	40	
G M & Co.....	F A Haber.....	25 cases.....	103	
Total amount 30 cases and.....			3,081	2,562

TO SOUTH AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, April 13, 1891.

M J T Buena Ventura	J Gundlach & Co.....	34 kegs.....	340	235
"	"	13 cases.....	50	
E G S Tumaco.....	E de Sabla & Co.....	10 kegs.....	100	62
Total amount.....			440	\$ 287

TO VICTORIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLO, April 15, 1891.

S in diamond Victoria	J Gundlach & Co.....	4 barrels.....	198	132
E S Vanconver.....	"	3 half-barrels.....	79	99
A S ".....	"	2 half-barrels.....	52	58
H B Co ".....	"	10 cases.....	35	
"	"	2 half-barrels.....	53	58
R in dia'd N Westmin's	"	2 barrels.....	94	142
J M B ".....	"	10 cases.....	35	
Total amount 20 cases and.....			476	557

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, April 13, 1891.

R S Amapala.....	Monteleagre & Co.....	12 kegs.....	144	179
A D.....	E de Sabla & Co.....	12 kegs.....	120	104
E & C Puntas Arenas.	B Dreyfus & Co.....	45 half-barrels.....	1,513	1,485
"	"	30 kegs.....	437	420
E H ".....	"	22 kegs.....	20	
"	"	3 cases.....	820	675
S & E ".....	"	16 barrels.....	196	150
F G Z ".....	"	10 kegs.....	255	225
O & C ".....	"	5 barrels.....	579	525
P & T ".....	"	5 barrels.....	191	195
"	"	12 half-barrels.....	107	70
F X in dia'd ".....	"	4 half-barrels.....	351	350
"	"	13 half-barrels.....	120	77
M A S C ".....	Cabrera Roma & Co.....	12 kegs.....	96	80
F P ".....	Bray Sons & Co.....	24 cases.....	20	18
M A Champerico.....	John T Wright.....	8 kegs.....	10	15
J B San J de Guat....	"	2 kegs.....	96	78
R M Amapala.....	"	1 keg.....	67	51
A M ".....	"	5 kegs.....		
V & Co La Libertad..	"	4 kegs.....		
E E Amapala.....	W Loaliza.....			
M V ".....				
Total amount 27 cases and.....			5,075	\$ 4,494

TO TAHITI—PER BREKENTINE TROPIC BIRD, March 30, 1891.

A C & Co.....	A Crawford & Co.....	6 barrels.....	311	93
"	"	2 hf-barrels.....	56	22
P S.....	Wilkins & Co.....	1 barrel.....	60	30
H M.....	P G Sabatie & Co.....	4 casks.....	180	54
Total amount.....			607	199

TO NEW YORK—PER SHIP ALEX GIBSON, March 31, 1891.

J P B.....	Wilkins & Co.....	12 cases.....		48
A & Co.....	Marshall Spellman & Co	50 barrels.....	12,265	6,132
M in dia.....	"	200 barrels.....	2,460	1,230
B & Co.....	Lay Clark & Co.....	50 barrels.....	50	25
W F & Co.....	Whittier Fuller & Co.....	3 packages.....	2,481	1,241
B B.....	Garnier Lancel & Co.....	50 barrels.....	5,000	2,500
E W.....	Natoma Vineyard Co.....	100 barrels.....	13,580	6,790
E in dia.....	Kohler & Van Bergen..	275 barrels.....	6,250	3,125
P Bros Hoboken.....	J G Migliavacca.....	125 barrels.....	34,314	17,157
C in dia.....	C Carpy & Co.....	700 barrels.....	2,475	1,237
L.....	Marshall Spellman & Co	50 barrels.....	39,633	19,817
B D & Co.....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	807 barrels.....	40,460	20,230
K & F.....	Kohler & Frohling.....	805 barrels.....	2,796	1,386
E in ring.....	Eisen Vineyard Co.....	60 barrels.....	666 barrels.....	39,047
E B & J.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	100 puncheons.....	7,205	3,603
"	"	100 barrels.....	4,836	2,418
S in star.....	Chas Stern & Son.....	48 puncheons.....	9,909	4,954
J P.....	Berges & Domeniconi..	100 barrels.....		
S L & Co.....	S Lachman & Co.....	200 barrels.....		
Total amount.....			212,761	111,416

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SAE.

From March 26 to April 15, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Newbern.....	J Z, Guaymas.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	1 hf-bbl.....	26	\$ 39
Colima.....	BB&Co LaLibe'd	Hirschler & Co.....	6 bbl.....	272	163
"	"	Bloom Baruch & Co	6 bbls.....	300	225
Zealandia.....	" Honolulu	Miscellaneous.....	5 bbls.....	225	220
City of Sydney	WJT Buenavent'a	J Gundlach & Co.....	4 cases.....		23
"	E E, Amapala.....	John T Wright.....	2 kegs.....	20	60
City of Pueblo	JK&CoVancouver	J Gundlach & Co.....	1 qr cask.....	103	232
Total amount 4 cases and.....				846	\$ 962

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street, - - - - - San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS., PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXONS' DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Clarets and Sauternes,
HOOK WINES, from Messrs. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPE'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies—'86 Belmont; '86 T J Monarch; '83 Bluegrass; '85 Ripy; '86 T J Atherlon and other staple brands;
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

1. *Ann. Math. (2)* **51**: 101-116, 1969

EXPORT	DESTINATION	SUPPLIES	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Sao Paulo	Camaldulio	Co Wagon	40 barrels	1,924	30
Albuquerque	J.M. Peterson &	Hutchinson & Co	20 cases		12
Sao Francisco	Henry L. L. &	A. Carpenter	20 barrels	1,016	16
Alaska	A.H. Kalund	J.B. Stock & Bros	2 qt casks	65	6
			5 kegs	50	2
Calif. Fresno	H.B. Victoria	J. Gundlach & Co	2 pkbs		
			114 barrels	543	10
Canada	T.A. Vail's	London	6 kegs	62	4
	D.M.A.	W. Louisa	1 cask	10	2
			1 keg	10	1
Empire	M. D.H. Noyes	Wine Grow Union	20 barrels	956	16
			114 barrels	57	1
W. & Brown	W.C.P. Honolulu	B. Dreyfus & Co	5 qt bbls		
			110 kegs	734	35
Mariposa	G.C. & Medbourne	J.F. McGovern & Co	1 cask		
	H.K.	F.T. Anthony	1 package		1
	L.H. Leuka	Lenormond Bros	4 barrels	244	4
Forest Queen	Honolulu	Miscellaneous	320 kegs	2,500	1,700
			100 cases	264	20
Matilla	A.C. Vancouver	G. Caloni	1 barrel	45	1
	C.M. Victoria	Lenormond Bros	1 barrel	50	1
Harvester	M.E.D. Hilo	J.D. Spreckel & Bros	2 cases		
City of Sydney	G.E. St. Borden	A.G. Chabbe	3 kegs	50	1
Andrew Welsh	F.H. & Co Honolulu	Koller & Frohling	3 casks	199	9
"			3 qr casks	102	5
"			80 kegs	550	12
Col. Rafael	Ac. Sindi & Higo	Williams & Diamond	4 barrels	207	12
	Lind & Co Yokohama	Langfeldt & Co	55 barrels	1,819	22
Total amount 50 cases and				12,419	5,435

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From March 26, to April 15, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	SHIPPER.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Sad Blas	R B C La Libertad	L. S. Haas	2 bbls	83	73
"	E C Punt's Aren's	Castle Bros	11 cases		99
Vanderbilt	El Din's Karatunga	A Crawford & Co	1 case		13
Collina	E R San J de Guat	Hellman Bros & Co	24 cases		259
"	E C P Puntas Aren's	Montenlegr & Co	20 cases		185
"	J L Ocos	Friela & Prioste	5 cases		59
"	F E G La Libertad	"	1 keg	5	15
"	A L & Co Acanjula	J Gundlach & Co	20 cases		160
"	J L La Libertad	"	1 keg	15	60
Zenlandia	G W M & Co Hon Lu	Spruce, Stanley & Co	60 cases		491
"	G W M & Co	Lillenthal & Co	70 cases		545
Forest Queen	H W C	Wilmerding & Co	5 bbls	199	348
Finatilla	H B Co, Victoria	J G Walker & Co	20 cases		165
"	B & Co	"	L S Haas	1 bbl	194
Harvester	C E R Hilo	Hawley Bros & Co	1 case		14
City of Sydney	E B Puntas Arenas	Wilmerding & Co	2 barrels	70	280
"	J L, San J de Guat	"	2 barrels	77	194
"	S S & Co	Schwartz Bros	60 cases		508
"	J H India d P Arc's	Stockton Milling Co	5 cases		57
"	J L San J de Guat	Lillenthal & Co	10 cases		92
"	G Intrig Panama	Castle Bros	20 cases		118
"	Z, San Blas	Thaunhauser & Co	1 case		7
"	E L, Amapaia	J T Wright	2 cases		40
Coffide J delro	ASC W Hongkong	L S Haas	5 barrels	24	276
Total amount, 333 cases and				78	4,275

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From March 26 to April 15, 1891.

ORIGIN.	DISTINCTION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
Alex Gibson	K & F, New York	Kohler & Frohling	200 pkgs...	6,333	12,786
"	Findel Bros	P Bieber	50 "	1,854	3,708
"	B D & Co	W B Bourne	723 "	20,574	41,148
"	S L & Co	J Bowdell	100 "	1,000	2,000
San Blas	E B & J	Lachman & Jacob	10 bbls...	638	819
Columbia	S L & Co	S Lachman & Co.	25 kegs...	250	500
City of Sydney	S L & Co	"	30 bbls...	1,470	2,940
"	B D & Co	B Dreyfus & Co	10 ht bbls...	331	500
Total amount				32,215	61,061

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY		SPIRITS,			
	Cases	Barrels	Reg	Barrels	1/2-bbl	MISCELLANEOUS
Livingston & Co		50	21			
A Greenbush & Co.		97	19			
J A Walker & Co		55				
Jno S Bowman & Co.		65				
Meyerfield M & S.	1	55	55			
Lilienthal & Co.		62		800		
C W Craig		135		480		
Jones Mundy & Co.		60		316		
W H Jenkins, Oakland			2			
J H Mitchell, Oakland		1				
F D Block, Oakland		1				
E J Baldwin		1				
O P T Co.		14				
J L Nickel		1				
Peter Dunworth		2				
Goldberg Bowen & Co.						
Total	1	585	87	1600		

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

No. of	Cask	BOTTLED.			HULK.		
		Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl	Case	Barrels	$\frac{1}{2}$ bbl	$\frac{1}{4}$ bbl
Sh. W. & A. Sherwood	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	92
W. W. & A. Co.	262	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	132
W. & L. Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	69	72
C. & J. & A. Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210	80
J. & M. & A. Co.	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	262	180	.....	.....	.....	391	396

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From March 26 to April 15, 1891.

ORIGIN.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
San Blas.	J L San J de Guat	Castle Bros.	1 bbl Ginger Ale	16
"	P B La Union.	E de Sabla & Co.	2 cases Bitters...	15
"	E C C La Union.	John T Wright.	1 bbl Ginger Ale	15
Alexander.	Bin erel S Rosalia	A Carpenter	5 cases Alcohol.	23
Newbern.	C del P La Paz.	Thos Bell & Co.	1 package "	12
"	A M San J del Tabo	W Loalza.	2 bbls Ginger Ale	19
Tropic Bird.	C O Marguesas.	A Crawford & Co.	10 cases Absolutie	53
Oceanic.	Yokohama.	O & O S S Co.	20 es Champagne	292
Mariposa.	A H Sydney	J D Spreckels & Bros.	1 case Bitters...	10
Walla Walla.	C & F Victoria.	E G Lyons & Co.	10 es Vermouth.	29
"	B & C "	"	5 cases Cordials.	49
"	B Gind' d V "	"	1 bbl BB Cordial	48
"	" "	"	6 cases Cordial...	39
Zealandia.	U S S I Honolulu	Goldberg Bowen & Co	1 keg Liqueurs...	20
"	W C P "	Macondray Bros & Co	15 es Champagne	220
"	" "	Sherwood & Sherwood	5 cases Gin....	11
"	G W M & Co "	Lilienthal & Co	3 cases Curacao.	17
"	" "	Goldberg Bowen & Co	20 es Champagne	32
"	G W M & Co "	Jones Mundy & Co.	2 es Champagne	230
City of Sydney.	D & C S J de Guat	Wilmerding & Co	1 octave Gin....	6
"	J L "	Lilienthal & Co.	5 cases Gin....	15
"	R H San Benito.	Thannhauser & Co.	8 bbls Ginger Ale	116
City of Pueblo.	S India d Victoria	J Gundlach & Co.	2 es Champagne	21
"	H S "	Macondray & Co.	10 es Champagne	150
Total amount 121 cases, etc.				1,457

IMPORTS OF WIES AD LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK — PER STEAMER COLIMA, March 24, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
H. J. Bullay Supl.....	1 barrel Whisky.....	Mrs. Fehlenreleher.....
"	1 barrell Whisky.....	F. K. Vall.....

FROM HARVE.

F. Schmitz & Son..... | 2 packages Cognac..... | Geo. Smith & Co.....

FROM LONDON.

Bisquit Dubouché & Co.	20 quarter casks Brandy . . .	J. M. Dow (for Victoria B D)
"	10 octaves Brandy	"

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Jas Hennessy & Co.....	50 cases Brandy.....	J M Dow (for Victoria B C)
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FROM LIVERPOOL—PER SHIP DAWPOOL, March 28, 1891.

T B Hall & Co.	101 cases bottled Stout.	Lilienthal & Co.
E & J Burke.	380 cases Stout.	H H Sherwood.
"	50 cases Gin.	"
Garvey & Co.	10 quarter casks Wine.	Hellman Bros & Co.
"	25 octaves Wine.	"
Wilson, Meyer & Co.	50 octaves Wine.	Chas Melnecke & Co.
"	32 quarter casks Wine.	"
"	95 octaves Wine.	"
Jas Moss & Co.	36 pkgs Wine and Brandy.	A Roos.
Afley Forester & Co.	10 octaves Wine.	Hellman Bros & Co.
W A Ross & Co.	60 barrels Ginger Ale.	H H Sherwood.
"	20 half casks Ginger Ale.	"
F Bailey & Co.	50 barrels Ginger Ale.	Wm Wolff & Co.
T B Hall & Co.	200 cases bottled Stout.	Order.
Jules Robin & Co.	20 octaves Brandy.	A Vignier.
Curlier Freres.	30 octaves Brandy.	Lilienthal & Co.
"	60 cases Brandy.	"
Alex Bonnit & Co.	20 octaves Brandy.	Eug. Thomas & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL—PER BR. SHIP LORD CAIRNS, March 28, 1891.

Ailey Forester.....	12 quarter cases Wine.....	Hellman Bros & Co.....
".....	30 octaves Wine.....	".....
Du Temple & Co.....	50 cases Stout.....	W H Campbell.....
".....	35 cases Ale.....	".....
E & J Burke.....	130 cases bottled Stout.....	Order.....

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP ST. FRANCIS, April 7, 1891.

Rheinstrom Bros.	35 barrels Whisky.	G Kordmeyer.
Lilienthal & Co.	60 packages "	Lilienthal & Co.
H Webster & Co.	10 barrels "	Order (H W & Co.).
Carroll & Carroll.	11 barrels "	ER Knippenberg.
J A Burke.	1 barrel "	Geo Thaxter.
"	1 barrel "	G W Haine.
"	1 barrel "	Spears & Welle.
"	1 barrel "	G McSanford.
"	1 barrel "	J Clark.
"	2 barrels "	H A Kirke.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER OF CITY SYDNEY April 2, 1891.

1 barrel Whisky.....	S Pedrazzi.....
1 barrel Whisky.....	T P Collins.....
2 barrels Whisky.....	F J Crank.....
2 barrels Whisky.....	H White.....
5 barrels Prune Juice.....	S Glaeser.....

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP HENRY B. HYDE, April 6, 1891.

Cook & Bernheimer.....	5 barrels Whisky.....	Livingston & Co.....
Duffy Malt Whisky Co.....	60 cases Whisky.....	Order (marked M in dia'd)
Lillenthal & Co.....	60 packages Whisky.....	Lillenthal & Co.....
"	50 barrels ".....	"
J A Burke.....	2 packages ".....	Gnidicelle & Co.....
"	3 barrels ".....	J S Weiner.....
"	2 barrels ".....	W O H Martin.....
"	1 barrel ".....	A Baker.....
"	1 barrel ".....	O Fraser.....
"	1 barrel ".....	Billy Jordan.....
"	1 barrel ".....	J Champagne.....
W K Freeman.....	2 packages ".....	J Pinkens.....
"	5 barrels ".....	J A Hess.....
"	3 barrels ".....	Daniel Casey.....
"	2 barrels ".....	W A Press.....
"	1 barrel ".....	Michael Wall.....
"	1 barrel ".....	J P Casey.....
"	2 barrels ".....	O Walker.....
"	2 barrels ".....	Lander & Ellis.....
"	2 barrels ".....	Wm Colson.....

FROM EUROPE—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, April 2, 1891.

M F Meine.....	3 packages Brandy.....	Huefer Bros & Co.....
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FROM ANTWERP—PER BRITISH SHIP LUCIPARA, April 5, 1891.

Apollinaus Co.....	1100 cases Mineral Water.....	Jones Mundy & Co.....
G Preller & Co.....	200 cases Wine.....	Eug Thomas & Co.....
G Dubedat.....	50 cases Bitters.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
I A I Nolet.....	30 octaves Geneva.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
Blaaw & Co.....	50 barrels ".....	Jas DeFremery.....
"	50 cases ".....	"
Meyer & Co.....	10 octaves Pipes Geneva.....	Order (marked L & C).....
"	5 sixteenth ".....	"
Grisar & Marsily.....	20 cases Liqueurs.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
John P Best & Co.....	50 cases Bitters.....	Mienecke & Co.....
"	20 qr. casks Prune Juice.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
"	50 cases Wine.....	"
Ad Yaeggi.....	100 cases Absinthe.....	A Vignier.....
"	15 cases Kirsch.....	"
"	95 cases Liqueurs.....	"
"	25 cases Cognac.....	"
Cruise & fils freres.....	105 cases Wine.....	"

FROM HAMBURG—PER BRITISH SHIP ARBIS, April 6, 1891.

Hugo Rheinhold & Co.....	25 cases Sweetened Spirits.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	50 cases Mineral Water.....	Order (marked M).....
"	50 cases Beer.....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
Conrad Loose.....	30 bbls Whisky (Atherton).....	"
Wm Foerster & Co.....	65 bbls " (New Hope).....	"
"	30 bbls " (Chickencock).....	"
"	30 bbls " (Allen & Bradley).....	"
Uhleman & Co.....	130 cases Mineral Water.....	Order.....

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP E. B. SUTTON, April 7, 1891.

Duffy Malt Whisky Co.....	62 cases Whisky.....	Order (marked G in dia).....
R Simonson.....	100 barrels ".....	Order (marked R in ring).....
J A Burke.....	1 barrel ".....	Jno Erlenwein.....
"	1 hf-barrel ".....	Thos Ryan.....
"	1 barrel ".....	V Laguerre.....
J Schweppe & Co.....	15 barrels Mineral Water.....	W H Campbell.....
A P Ordway & Co.....	130 cases Bitters.....	W T Kibbler.....
W K Freeman.....	4 barrels Whisky.....	L D Demorest.....
"	5 barrels ".....	S D Evans.....
"	1 barrel ".....	Jno Hodder.....
"	2 barrels ".....	H F Lewis.....
"	1 barrel ".....	B Straub.....
"	3 packages ".....	Jos Fell.....

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE
Roosevelt & Schuyver.....	25 cases Champagne.....	Carroll & Carroll.....
Tex & Pae R R Co.....	1250 cases ".....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	303 cases ".....	H H Veuve.....
Morgan S & T Co.....	20 cases Wine.....	S P Co Transit to Tahiti.....
"	1 cask Cognac.....	"
S V Fonaris & Co.....	6 cases Cordials.....	W B Chapman.....
"	2 qr. casks Gin.....	Hellman Bros & Co.....
"	18 octaves Gin.....	"
"	1 case Cordials.....	"
Tex & Pae R R Co.....	314 cases Champagne.....	H H Veuve.....
"	1000 cases ".....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	400 cases ".....	Jones Mundy & Co.....
"	425 cases ".....	Macondray & Co.....
Southern Pacific Co.....	31 cases Wine.....	P G Sabatie.....

BRANDY PRODUCT

FOURTH DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA.

[OFFICIAL FIGURES.]

MARCH, 1891.

Produced and bonded.....	70,625 tax gallons
Transferred from distilleries to warehouses in First District, California.....	16,635 "
" " warehouse to warehouse in First District, California.....	4,158 "
" " " " eastern districts.....	5,718 "
" " distilleries " " " " ".....	1,330 "
Exported.....	"
Tax-paid.....	16,913 "
Brandy used in fortification sweet wines.....	7,544 "
Remaining in special bonded warehouses March 31, '91.....	658,351 "
" " " " " February 28, '91.....	630,559 "
Increase.....	27,792 "

FIRST DISTRICT FOR MARCH '91.

Bonded.....	16,125 Gallons
Used for sweet wine.....	no report
Received from distilleries in other California districts.....	12,794 "
Received from warehouses in other California districts.....	7,646 "
Transferred from warehouse to warehouse in Eastern District.....	9,191 "
Withdrawn Tax Paid.....	27,380 "
Withdrawn for Export.....	7,146 "
Remaining in bond March 31, '91.....	779,609 "
" " February 28, '91.....	786,590 "
Decrease in March.....	6,981 "

CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

If you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit
IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and sneezes in business must eat,
and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with
such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of
happiness and renewed. If not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to
not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking
a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course
lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for
75 cents

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is
most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs
with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual
supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respect-
fully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO RUHLEMANN,
Viticultral Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are
durchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND,

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During March, 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Brandy		Wine		FROM	Wine		Brandy	
	Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons		Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston		50	18		San Francisco	76	11,570	3,001	430,892
Providence	1		5	51	Oakland, 16th Street				
Other New England points	2		31	281	Martinez			102	2,829
Albany			3		Livermore		10	242	1,078
Buffalo	2			10	San Jose	16	406	189	5,398
New York		9,742	868	96,442	Warm Springs			3	
Rochester			8		Irvington				2,723
Other New York points	2		13	177	Santa Clara			1	333
Philadelphia		410	244	6,310	Mountain View			2	46
Pittsburg				2,096	Redwood City				70
Other Pennsylvania points		20	25	1,072	Los Gatos			12	76
Baltimore			171	1,252	Santa Cruz			13	55
Washington		83	5	2,503	Stockton		122		69,264
Wheeling		10		10	Oakdale				27
Other Va. and Md. points			6	64	Fresno			3	10,269
N. and S. Car. and Ga. points	1				Sacramento		5	46	
New Orleans		141	45	240,539	South Vallejo			2	
Other Louisiana points				498	Cordelia				29
Birmingham, Ala.				2,420	Napa		10	5	3,264
Other Gulf State points				173	Oakville		50		29,930
Galveston		262	302	17,632	Krug				50
Waco				2,167	Rutherford				168
San Antonio		194	17	5,234	Yountville				54
Dallas			313	3,947	St. Helena	1	184	13	6,700
Other Texas points	12	221	214	3,567	Shellyville		210		2,817
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points				106	Glen Ellen			3	
Memphis		110		2,821	Santa Rosa	2	5,055	3	15,413
Louisville		106		612	Woodland				20
Other Tenn. and Ky. points	5		10	108	Ione				157
Cincinnati		529	51	16,091	Shingle Springs		50		
Columbus		48	25	2,123	Diamond		287		1,712
Cleveland				52	Marysville			11	
Toledo				131	Oroville				228
Other Ohio points	4	20	13	923	Vina	5	4,420		141
Indianapolis			3	2,104	Los Angeles	9	8,161	414	11,804
Fort Wayne				60	San Gabriel		3,391	54	11,730
Other Indiana points		33	7	139	Alhambra	2		2	
Chicago	6	14,066	802	102,044	Pomona				4,110
Other Illinois points			7	922	Burbank				103
Detroit		50		2,617	Santa Barbara				47
Other Michigan points		52	9	682	Winthrop			2	141
Milwaukee		381	6	5,435	Downey				3,025
Other Wisconsin points	2	92	2	654	Anaheim		97	1	702
St. Louis	5	720	130	46,225	Santa Ana		35		104
Kansas City		774	52	13,942					
St. Joseph		1,357	70	6,486					
Other Missouri points				159					
Dubuque		745		2,247					
Other Iowa points		44	4	255					
St. Paul		654		5,085					
Minneapolis		10	4	2,754					
Other Minnesota points				511					
Omaha	4	400	201	4,958					
Topeka				10					
Other Neb. and Kans. points	10	158	98	893					
Dakota points		20	4	721					
Denver	19	1,416	223	3,172					
Pueblo	19	84	104	315					
Other Colorado points	17	1,079	3	3,677					
Foreign			5						
Total	111	34,063	4,124	615,509					

"The regular champagne glass," said a man about town to a Chicago Tribune reporter, "is the straight-up, thin glass with a five-pointed star ground in the bottom of it. Men who drink nothing but champagne won't take it out of any other sort of glass. My attention was called to this by an old wine man. I asked him what this star had to do with the wine, if anything, and he told me it was for the purpose of testing the wine. He said if the wine was the pure article it would sparkle from that star in the bottom of the glass as long as there was a drop of wine in the glass, but if the wine was bad it would become flat the minute it was poured into the glass. I asked him if good wine wouldn't sparkle any way, unless it is a still wine, and he said yes, that is so, but all the same, he insisted that no wine drinker would take his vintage out of a glass that hadn't the star ground in the bottom of it."

A French contemporary recommends for wine turned (sour) in cask, the insertion of a bag full of wheat roasted brown and used while hot. After some minutes' free agitation and a few hours' rest, the bag is withdrawn and the wine is found to be cured, all the objectionable acid having been absorbed by the grain. An English journal recommends in variation of this process that the roasted corn be nearly cold before use; it will then have absorbed more oxygen, and have greater purifying power.

CELLAR TO LET.

The basement under the Commercial Hotel, Montgomery Ave. and Kearny street, formerly occupied by J. Gundlach & Co., as one of their wine cellars, is now for rent. The cellar has a sixteen foot ceiling, is dry and well ventilated, has elevator full width of the sidewalk. Anyone in need of a good cellar in a first class location is invited to call at the Commercial Hotel and inspect the above.

VITICULTURAL CENSUS.

Detailed Statement of the Vineyards of the Country and their Production.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., February, 27, 1891.

For the first time the Census Office has made a special investigation for the purpose of ascertaining the extent and value of the grape, raisin, and wine industries of the United States. The results of this inquiry, while not all that could be desired, have certainly cleared the way for future reports. An industry representing a total value in land, improvements, machinery and appurtenances of \$155,661,150, and furnishing employment to 200,780 persons, deserves a special place in the decennial inventory of the nation's wealth and resources. Unfortunately there are no reliable data by which a comparison of the growth of this important branch of agriculture can be made. Unless retarded by the ravages of those destroying insects and the fungoid diseases that have played such havoc with vineyards in some sections of the country, a still more remarkable development of viticulture may be expected, especially in what are termed established districts.

The accompanying bulletin, relating to the culture of the vine in the United States for the production of table grapes, raisins, and wine, has been prepared by Mr. H. Gardner, special agent, under the supervision of Mr. Mortimer Whitehead, special agent in charge of the Division of Agriculture "B." It shows the location of the several grape-growing districts in the United States, with a total of 401,261 acres in 1889, of which 307,575 acres were in bearing, producing 572,139 tons, of which 267,271 tons were table grapes and 240,450 tons were used for producing wine, making 24,306,905 gallons, 41,166 tons for raisins, making 1,372,195 boxes (20 pounds each), and 23,252 tons for dried grapes and purposes other than table fruit. The material from which these exhibits have been compiled was obtained direct by the Census Office from the producers and by traveling special agents, and is regarded as trustworthy in every particular.

ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of Census.

VITICULTURE.

STATISTICS OF GRAPE GROWING AND WINE PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

BY H. GARDNER.

Viticulture as an industry is comparatively in its infancy in this country. For more than one hundred years efforts were made to grow the European varieties of grapes in the open air, always, however, resulting in failure, except in California. Pomologists then turned their attention to the improvement of native vines, and the result is the development of many choice and valuable varieties. It is only since these improved varieties of native grapes have been planted and cultivated that the industry has become profitable and has grown to its great proportions in various parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains. While in California the foreign varieties have found a most congenial home and are grown to perfection. Viticulture was introduced in California by the Franciscan fathers before it came into the possession of the United States.

In New York State, in what is known as the Lake Keuka district, a grower of grapes shipped his first crop, amounting to fifty pounds, to the New York market about 1845 by way of the New York and Erie canal. The grapes were delivered in good condition, and the commission houses handling them wrote encouragingly to the shipper, advising further shipments. The next year the grower was able to ship some 200 or 300 pounds. He verdid the matter, however, and the New York market on grapes broke under the pressure. It is estimated that during his last season (1890) there have been shipped from this same

district and carried by the different railroad and express companies to New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other distributing markets, about 20,000 tons or 40,000,000 pounds of grapes, and probably one-quarter of this amount was, in addition, sold to wine manufacturers.

The Hudson River district, in the same State, is estimated to have shipped to the New York and other markets during the same time between 13,000 and 15,000 tons or 28,000,000 pounds of grapes, while the Chautauqua district of New York, where the industry has been growing and prospering only through the past decade, furnished as its 1890 crop for the different markets of the country, probably about 1,200 car loads or 30,000,000 pounds of table grapes, making a grand total of 98,000,000 pounds as the product of what is known as the New York State district. This does not include the large amount of grapes used in the district for wine, the figures and report upon which will be found elsewhere in this bulletin.

As a further instance of the proportions to which the industry has grown in the United States, as will be seen by the accompanying tables, the product of California for the season of 1889 was 14,626,000 gallons of wines and 1,372,195 boxes of raisins. The product of 1890 is estimated, by schedules sent directly to the Census Office, at 16,500,000 gallons of wine and 2,197,463 boxes of raisins, with young raisin vineyards enough to increase the yield of raisins within the next five years to 8,000,000 or 10,000,000 boxes.

The area in which the industry may be found has been separated into five divisions, some of which are again subdivided into districts. These divisions are as follows:

First. The Eastern division, comprising about 51,000 acres in cultivation in the States of New York and Pennsylvania, includes the Keuka district, Canandaigua district, Ontario and Wayne district, Seneca district, Chautauqua County (New York) and Erie County (Pennsylvania) district, and the Hudson River district.

Second. The Middle division, with 42,633 acres in the States of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, the latter including the Islands district and the Euclid district.

Third. The Western division, with 17,306 acres in the States of Kansas and Missouri.

Fourth. The Southern division, with 17,092 acres in Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia.

Fifth. The Pacific division, with 213,230 acres in California, including its several districts, and Arizona and New Mexico.

Outside of these five divisions all other States and Territories show upward of 60,000 acres in cultivation.

For the purposes of this investigation, the products of viticulture have been classed under three district heads, namely, grapes for table use, grapes for raisins and grapes for wine.

The following table shows the area and production of vineyards, capital invested in land, buildings, etc., and labor employed in the United States by States:

EASTERN DIVISION.—Viticulture in the Eastern division is mainly confined to a few counties in New Jersey; the Hudson river district of New York state, comprising about 13,000 acres, situated in the counties of Orange, Ulster, Rockland, Putnam and Westchester; the Keuka district, of 14,500 acres, on Lake Keuka, including Yates and Steuben counties; the Canandaigua district of 3,200 acres, comprising parts of Ontario and Yates counties bordering on Canandaigua lake; the Ontario and Wayne district, of 1,200 acres, including portions of counties of the same names; the Seneca district, with 5,000 acres, found in portions of Seneca and Schuyler counties; the Chautauqua district of 10,800 acres, near the shores of Lake Erie, in Chautauqua county, New York, and Erie county, Pennsylvania; in addition to which Niagara and other counties of New York have vineyards aggregating 13,300 acres.

Four-fifths of the grapes grown in the Eastern division are used for table purposes, the crop of 1890 amounting in round num-

bers to 28,000,000 pounds or 12,000 tons, and requiring nearly 5,000 cars for its transportation to market. The varieties most largely grown and generally in favor are the Concord, Catawba, and Delaware, while other market varieties are Moore's Early, Niagara, Diana, Worden, Isabella, Wyoming and Brighton.

This division supplies the eastern markets with table grapes from early in September until the following March or April. The favorite packages are five and ten pound baskets, those put up in the most attractive manner returning the best prices. Sales are mainly made through commission merchants, although some localities have of late organized "exchanges," through which they make their own shipments and sell in a more direct manner, effecting a saving in the expense of handling and transportation. In this division, as well as in all others east of the Rocky mountains, the fungoid diseases have of late years worked great injury to the industry, and the year 1889 was a particularly disastrous one. Not only did these diseases retard the work and discourage many of the growers, but frost destroyed the buds generally (in the month of May). It was also an unusually rainy season, developing mildew and the black, brown, and gray rot, and causing a loss of at least fifty per cent.

There are in the Eastern division (in the Kenka district, in New York state), eight wine cellars, each with a capacity of from 20,000 to 300,000 gallons. Two of these carry a stock of 300,000 bottles of champagne each. There are other wine cellars in this

division which have produced 1,561 tons for table grapes, and the balance of their product for wine.

As an item of interest, it may be mentioned that in this division there is a monster wine cask containing 36,000 gallons, or one of the largest in the world. This cask is made of Ohio oak, and is of the finest cooperage. The winery where this cask was shown has a capacity of 850,000 gallons. There are a number of large cellars on the islands and peninsular, at Kelly's island, Middle Bass, Marblehead, Toledo, and Sandusky. A small amount of champagne is made in this locality.

In the states of Illinois and Indiana, with 4,740 and 4,850 acres respectively, and in counties of Ohio not before mentioned with 22,815 acres, viticulture has hardly held its own during the last decade. Fungoid diseases have found the vines an easy prey in these states, and the vineyards in many localities have been practically abandoned. There are some vineyards in the Mississippi valley and in favored localities where both wine and table grapes are grown for local markets. As growers become familiar with the use of spraying apparatus and fungicides, their hopes and interests are being renewed, and brighter days seem to be dawning in this direction.

WESTERN DIVISION.—This division, consisting of Missouri and Kansas, has made but little progress during the past ten years. The vineyards in Missouri, except in a few localities, have been devastated or ruined. Mr. Herman Jaegers, government exper-

TOTAL AREA AND PRODUCTION OF VINEYARDS AND CAPITAL INVESTED IN THE UNITED STATES BY STATES.

STATES.	Area in bearing vines	Area in non-bearing vines	Average yield of grapes per acre ^a	Market value of grapes per ton	Grapes sold for table use.	Grapes sold to wineries.	Wine made.	Market value of wine per gallon.	Raisins produced (20 pounds to box).	Market value of raisins per box	Total value of plant, including land.	Total laborer employed (all kinds)
	Acres.	Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.	Tons.	Tons.	Gallons.	Dollars.	Boxes.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Number
Total	307,575	93,686			267,271	304,868	24,306,905		1,372,195		155,661,150	2,200,700
Arizona	1,000	1,500	3.00	16.50	2,850	150	25,000	1.00			75,000	1,200
California	155,273	45,272	1.77	17.60	38,785	623,525	14,626,000	0.19	1,372,195	1.60	86,640,350	100,400
Georgia	1,938	2,154	1.33	96.00	1,938	646	107,666	1.15			1,227,600	2,000
Illinois	3,750	990	2.00	54.00	6,000	1,500	250,000	1.00			1,422,000	2,300
Indiana	3,850	1,000	1.75	67.00	5,390	1,347	224,500	1.00			1,455,000	2,400
Kansas	4,512	1,000	2.00	58.00	8,294	790	130,990	0.80			1,662,600	2,700
Missouri	10,000	1,764	3.00	50.00	22,500	7,500	1,250,000	0.56			4,605,600	5,800
New Mexico	1,186	9,000	3.00	45.00	1,779	1,779	296,500	0.86			3,055,800	5,000
New York (c)	42,350	7,650	1.75	70.00	60,687	15,172	2,528,250	0.50			20,400,000	25,500
North Carolina	4,000	1,200	1.75	60.00	4,667	2,333	388,833	1.03			1,560,000	2,600
Ohio	28,087	4,956	1.80	57.00	38,947	11,609	1,934,833	0.56			13,217,200	16,500
Tennessee	1,500	600	2.50	89.00	2,500	1,250	208,333	1.00			690,000	1,000
Virginia	4,100	1,600	2.00	60.00	5,434	2,766	461,000	1.00			1,710,000	2,800
Other States and Territories	15,000	15,000	2.00	60.00	67,005	22,500	1,875,000	1.00			18,000,000	30,000

^a It should be noted that while the average number of laborers employed in viticulture is shown to be one person to two acres, the average for those directly employed in growing the grapes is but one person to three acres, the others being engaged in the curing of raisins, manufacture of wine, transportation of products, etc.

^b This includes for California 41,169 tons made into raisins and 23,252 tons used for dried grapes and purposes other than table fruit.

^c Includes 1000 acres in Erie county, Pennsylvania, known as part of the Chautauqua district of New York.

locality making champagne in a smaller way by fermentation in the bottle.

MIDDLE DIVISION.—This division comprises the states of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. In Ohio the industry is mainly found on the Lake Erie islands and in the northern tier of counties bordering on the lake. To some extent, however, it exists in almost every portion of the state. The Lake Erie islands and the lake counties were personally visited in the month of September last. There are in this district, in all, 10,228 acres. The islands furnish to the markets about one-half of their product for table grapes, the remainder being sent to the wine cellars. Erie county furnishes four-fifths of its product for table grapes and one-fifth for wine. In Cuyahoga county, embracing what is known as the Euclid district, nearly all the product is shipped to various western markets, and while this investigation was being made (about October 1, 1890) at Euclid, Cuyahoga county, the special agent saw nine car loads of grapes started on their way to Denver, Colorado, in one shipment. There were shipped from Euclid in all, the same season, 600 tons or 1,200,000 pounds; from Dover, Cuyahoga county, 900 tons of table grapes or 1,800,000 pounds; from Nottingham, 106 tons or 212,000 pounds. There were also shipped from Vermillion, Erie county, 95 tons mostly for wine, and from Ceylon station, Erie county, 55 tons for wine and about 25 tons of table grapes, while the lake Erie islands fur-

mental agent for the state of Missouri, says: "In Newton county there are but 20 acres left, but this does not apply to grapes grown in gardens on most farms. From 1866 to 1875 there were several hundred acres of vineyards in Newton and adjoining counties. Most of these were grubbed up and abandoned, owing to the prevalence of black rot. Now that we are certain that we can prevent black rot and mildew with spraying, replanting has commenced, and will probably become general in a year or two more. As far as I know, the situation is similar to this all over southwestern Missouri."

For the purpose of this investigation, Hermann, in Gasconade county, Missouri, was visited, but no devastation was seen in the vineyards. One of the largest and best vineyards in the state is located here, and contains 80 acres, apparently nearly all wine grapes.

Mr. Miessner, of Bushburg, Jefferson county, Missouri, a well-known and reliable authority, reports to this office that the ravages of the black rot did not become ruinous until 1875, when the disease developed over a large portion of the southern half of the state and resulted in the greatest damage to the grape crop of that section. Since that year, black rot has been of annual recurrence, marked by more or less disastrous consequences to the grape crop. In some years the loss would be no less than half the crop, or even more, while in other seasons it would be but a

small percentage, confined chiefly to varieties most subject to the disease. Mr. Miessner further says: "The growth of viticulture in many sections of our state has received a check. A large number of the vineyards have been abandoned. The planting of new vineyards has been reduced in some localities. Spraying the

well-founded hope that by the intelligent and persistent use of the copper salt remedies, we shall conquer the black rot, as well as the mildew, perenopora, and other fungoid diseases.

In Kansas in this division, there have been small plantings of vines in various parts of the state, aggregating some 5,542 acres of

AREA AND PRODUCTION OF VINEYARDS AND CAPITAL INVESTED IN THE UNITED STATES BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS.

DIVISIONS AND STATES.	Area in bearing vines.	Area in non-bearing vines.	Average yield of grapes per acre.	Market value of grapes per ton.	Grapes sold for table use.	Grapes sold to wineries.	Wine made.	Market value of wine per gallon.	Raisins produced (30 pounds to box.)	Market value of raisins per box.	Total value of plant including land.	Total laborers employed (all kinds)
	Acres.	Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.	Tons.	Tons.	Gallons.	Dollars.	Boxes.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Number.
Grand Total.....	307,575	93,686	.....	.....	267,271	240,450	24,306,905	.....	1,372,195	.....	155,661,150	200,780
EASTERN DIVISION.....	43,350	7,650	.....	.....	63,637	15,172	2,528,250	.....	.....	.....	20,400,000	25,500
New York and Pennsylvania:												
Kenka district.....	12,325	2,175	1.75	70.00	17,254	4,313	718,833	0.50	.....	.....	5,800,000	7,250
Canandaigua district.....	2,720	480	1.75	70.00	3,810	954	150,000	0.50	.....	.....	1,280,000	1,600
Ontario and Wayne district.....	1,020	180	1.75	70.00	1,428	357	59,500	0.50	.....	.....	480,000	600
Seneca district.....	4,250	750	1.75	70.00	5,940	1,487	247,834	0.50	.....	.....	2,000,000	2,500
Chautauqua County (New York) and Erie County (Pennsylvania) district.....	9,180	1,620	1.75	70.00	12,852	3,213	535,000	0.50	.....	.....	4,320,000	5,400
Hudson River district.....	11,050	1,950	1.75	70.00	15,469	3,867	644,500	0.50	.....	.....	5,200,000	6,200
Other counties.....	2,805	495	1.75	70.00	3,925	981	163,583	0.50	.....	.....	1,390,000	1,650
MIDDLE DIVISION.....	35,657	6,946	.....	.....	50,337	14,156	2,409,333	.....	.....	.....	16,094,200	21,316
Illinois.....	3,750	990	2.00	54.00	6,000	1,500	250,000	1.00	.....	.....	1,422,000	2,370
Indiana.....	3,850	1,000	1.75	67.00	5,390	1,347	224,500	1.00	.....	.....	1,455,000	2,425
Ohio:												
Lake Erie Islands.....	3,160	559	1.80	57.00	4,564	1,140	190,000	0.56	.....	.....	1,491,200	1,864
Erie county.....	1,275	225	1.80	57.00	1,836	459	76,500	0.56	.....	.....	630,000	750
Cuyahoga county.....	4,250	750	1.80	57.00	5,850	1,800	300,000	0.56	.....	.....	2,000,000	2,500
Other counties.....	19,393	3,422	1.80	57.00	26,697	8,210	1,368,333	0.56	.....	.....	9,126,000	11,407
WESTERN DIVISION.....	14,542	2,764	.....	.....	30,794	8,290	1,380,900	.....	.....	.....	6,268,200	8,653
Kansas.....	4,542	1,000	2.00	58.00	8,294	790	130,900	0.80	.....	.....	1,662,630	2,771
Missouri.....	10,000	1,764	3.00	50.00	22,500	7,500	1,250,000	0.56	.....	.....	4,605,600	5,882
SOUTHERN DIVISION.....	11,538	5,554	.....	.....	14,539	6,995	1,165,832	.....	.....	.....	5,127,600	8,546
Georgia.....	1,938	2,154	1.33	96.00	1,938	646	107,666	1.15	.....	.....	1,227,600	2,046
North Carolina.....	4,000	1,200	1.75	60.00	4,667	2,333	388,833	1.00	.....	.....	1,560,000	2,600
Tennessee.....	1,500	630	2.50	89.00	2,500	1,250	208,333	1.00	.....	.....	630,000	1,050
Virginia.....	4,100	2,600	2.00	60.00	5,434	2,763	461,000	1.00	.....	.....	1,710,000	2,850
PACIFIC DIVISION.....	157,458	55,772	.....	.....	43,414	217,037	14,947,500	.....	1,372,195	.....	89,771,150	106,763
Arizona.....	1,000	1,500	3.00	16.50	2,850	150	25,000	1.00	.....	.....	75,000	1,250
California:												
Alameda county.....	6,500	1,625	1.50	17.66	600	9,150	1,000,000	0.19	.....	.....	4,032,500	4,000
Amador county.....	1,000	250	1.50	17.66	100	1,400	80,000	0.19	.....	.....	500,000	640
Butte county.....	800	100	1.94	17.66	1,000	200	32,000	0.19	11,800	1.60	360,000	450
Calaveras county.....	1,440	360	1.51	17.66	409	1,760	115,200	0.19	800	1.60	720,000	900
Colusa county.....	506	126	2.13	17.66	1,063	42	40,500	0.19	.....	.....	221,200	300
Contra Costa county.....	4,000	1,000	1.50	17.66	709	5,300	320,000	0.19	.....	.....	2,030,000	2,500
El Dorado county.....	1,630	400	1.50	17.66	600	1,800	123,000	0.19	.....	.....	700,000	1,000
Fresno county.....	16,000	3,750	1.75	17.66	360	9,000	1,200,000	0.19	626,595	1.60	7,900,000	9,900
Inyo county.....	95	24	1.44	17.66	30	107	7,600	0.19	.....	.....	41,650	60
Kern county.....	750	187	1.50	17.66	150	975	60,000	0.19	.....	.....	237,950	470
Lake county.....	1,185	246	1.50	17.66	900	877	78,800	0.19	.....	.....	500,850	700
Los Angeles county.....	18,120	4,530	1.51	17.66	1,000	25,820	1,342,800	0.19	20,000	1.60	11,525,000	11,500
Marin county.....	520	130	1.50	17.66	100	680	41,600	0.19	.....	.....	227,500	300
Mariposa county.....	509	125	1.50	17.66	100	650	40,000	0.19	.....	.....	218,750	300
Mendocino county.....	208	24	1.50	17.66	.....	312	8,700	0.19	.....	.....	82,250	150
Merced county.....	2,014	128	2.36	17.66	403	2,621	41,200	0.19	58,400	1.60	856,800	1,100
Monterey county.....	500	50	2.00	17.66	1,000	.....	16,000	0.19	.....	.....	191,500	300
Napa county.....	16,611	4,152	1.50	17.66	530	24,386	3,000,000	0.19	.....	.....	10,381,500	10,300
Nevada county.....	235	59	1.50	17.66	40	312	18,800	0.19	.....	.....	102,900	150
Placer county.....	2,621	555	1.72	17.66	3,620	311	177,700	0.19	19,400	1.60	1,270,000	1,600
Sacramento county.....	6,465	1,616	1.54	17.66	3,050	6,647	872,850	0.19	9,000	1.60	3,232,400	4,050
San Benito.....	110	27	1.50	17.66	35	130	8,800	0.19	.....	.....	47,950	70
San Bernardino county.....	9,562	4,125	1.93	17.66	1,700	6,000	279,000	0.19	375,000	1.60	4,790,450	6,850
San Diego county.....	6,000	7,500	1.50	17.66	1,220	3,280	30,000	0.19	150,000	1.60	4,725,500	6,750
San Joaquin county.....	2,030	500	1.75	17.66	1,840	1,160	160,000	0.19	17,200	1.60	1,000,000	1,250
San Luis Obispo county.....	632	138	1.50	17.66	1,030	38	5,000	0.19	.....	.....	276,500	400
San Mateo county.....	750	187	1.63	17.66	160	1,065	60,000	0.19	.....	.....	327,950	470
Santa Barbara county.....	1,125	281	1.82	17.66	2,000	56	7,500	0.19	.....	.....	492,100	700
Santa Clara county.....	19,000	2,500	1.50	17.66	1,500	13,500	2,260,000	0.19	.....	.....	6,250,000	6,250
Santa Cruz county.....	1,500	375	1.50	17.66	640	1,610	281,000	0.19	.....	.....	656,250	950
Shasta county.....	500	125	1.84	17.66	260	550	25,000	0.19	5,800	1.60	218,750	300
Sierra county.....	250	62	1.50	17.66	.....	375	12,500	0.19	.....	.....	105,000	150
Siskiyou county.....	4	1	.....	17.66	.....	.....	200	0.19	.....	.....	800	2
Solano county.....	3,500	875	1.50	17.66	700	4,550	280,000	0.19	.....	.....	1,750,000	2,200
Sonoma county.....	21,633	5,421	1.50	17.66	2,150	30,374	1,736,300	0.19	.....	.....	13,552,000	13,550
Stanislaus county.....	493	124	1.50	17.66	.....	747	39,900	0.19	.....	.....	217,700	300
Sutter county.....	430	237	2.90	17.66	190	455	35,400	0.19	20,200	1.60	222,950	350
Tehama county.....	4,972	1,243	1.50	17.66	850	6,608	397,800	0.19	.....	.....	2,486,000	3,100
Trinity county.....	220	5	1.82	17.66	400	2	250	0.19	.....	.....	78,750	110
Tulare county.....	4,500	875	2.00	17.66	6,700	2,000	15,000	0.19	10,000	1.60	1,881,250	2,700
Tuolumne county.....	890	222	1.50	17.66	.....	1,335	71,200	0.19	.....	.....	288,200	550
Ventura county.....	800	200	1.50	17.66	160	1,040	8,000	0.19	.....	.....	350,000	500
Yolo county.....	3,431	798	1.91	17.66	1,600	3,636	255,200	0.19	48,000	1.60	1,720,000	2,150
Yuba county.....	165	41	1.50	17.66	.....	247	13,200	0.19	.....	.....	70,000	160
New Mexico.....	1,186	9,000	3.00	45.00	1,779	1,779	296,500	0.86	.....	.....	3,055,800	5,036
Other states and territories.....	45,000	15,000	2.00	60.00	67,500	22,500	1,875,000	1.00	.....	.....	18,000,000	30,000

* This does not include for California 41,166 tons made into raisins and 23,252 tons used for dried grapes and purposes other than table grapes.

vines, as recommended by the Department of Agriculture, with the Bordeaux mixture and Eau Celeste has been experimented with by many growers, and when applied early, thoroughly and often enough, has given encouraging results. There is now a

young and old vines, raising some table grapes and making some wine for its home market. The prospects for grape growing in the western division are improving.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.—This division includes the states of

Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, of which Georgia has 1,000 acres of bearing vines and 2,154 acres of new vineyards; North Carolina 4,000 acres of bearing vines and 1,200 acres of new vineyards; Tennessee 1,500 acres of bearing vines and 1,000 acres of new vineyards, and Virginia 4,100 acres of bearing vines and 1,600 acres of new vineyards. Georgia in 1889 produced 1,107,666 gallons of wine and 3,876,000 pounds of table grapes. The latter ripen early, reaching the northern markets a month earlier than the average in Ohio or New York, and consequently bring higher prices than the northern and western grapes. A variety that is meeting with much success in the southern states is the Niagara, a white grape, very hardy, ripening early, and doing well in Georgia. One of the evidences that viticulture is prospering in that state is shown in the extent of the new plantings, the reports to the Census Office showing that 2,154 acres were planted within the last two years.

North Carolina's 4,000 acres of bearing vines in 1889 produced 388,831 gallons of wine and 9,331,000 pounds of table grapes. Tennessee, with 1,500 acres produced 208,333 gallons of wine and furnished 5,011,000 pounds of table grapes. Virginia had 4,100 acres of bearing vines, which produced 161,000 gallons of wine and 10,868,000 pounds of table grapes.

Virginia during the past decade has held her own, although growers have had to fight the various enemies, such as mildew and black rot, but are thoroughly awake to the importance of using the remedies recommended by the Department of Agriculture.

This investigation has shown an extension of vineyards during the past two or three years in the state of Florida. The Elvira and Niagara have been planted somewhat extensively, and part of the Niagara product reaches the northern markets as early as the latter part of July or the first of August, bringing higher prices in consequence, selling from twenty-five to thirty cents per pound. The varieties mentioned are white grapes, very hardy, and may succeed.

There are in this division, 11,538 acres of bearing vines and 5,554 acres of new vineyards, which produced 1,165,832 gallons of wine and 29,078,000 pounds of table grapes in 1889. The outlook for successful viticulture in the southern division for wine, and particularly for the finer varieties of table grapes grown for the early northern and western markets, is full of encouragement to the careful and earnest cultivator.

The census investigation of viticulture shows that outside of the regular districts already mentioned, there are probably 45,000 acres of bearing and 15,000 acres of non-bearing vines, an aggregate of small vineyards from one-fourth of an acre upward, grown to supply a home demand for this healthy and delicious fruit, and a like demand for wine. This class of vineyards is to be found in every state and territory of the Union, producing, in 1889, 67,500 tons of table grapes, and 22,500 tons of wine grapes, or 1,875,000 gallons of wine. These small plantings are more or less experimental, and, when proven a success in a small way, will doubtless lead to larger enterprises. In localities where the industry has thrived in past years, and has been abandoned on account of mildew and black rot, now that the United States government, through its Department of Agriculture, is so successfully experimenting in regard to the causes of the diseases and the remedies to be applied to save the vines, and the favorable results are being known, a new interest is being manifested, and no doubt, when another decade has passed, the grape industry will be again successful and greatly increased in many of the now comparatively small grape-growing sections.

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19 Hudson Street,

New York.

Pacific Wine and Spirit Review—Sir: In a February issue of your journal you do me the honor to mention and quote from an article entitled "The Truth about Wines" contributed by me to Belford's Magazine of November 1890. You close with the assertion that the writer (Mr. Bissell) manifests "an unfriendly spirit" to California wines.

This raises an issue to which, in justice to myself, I must become a defendant. I have no pecuniary interests to serve, am not a wine dealer, and I have no connection with any wine dealers. But having devoted a good deal of attention to wines during the past twenty years, Mr. Belford was disposed to believe that he could safely trust me to tell the numerous readers of his magazine the "Truth about Wines," so far as this could be done in an essay of eight thousand words.

If I had said that the California wine growers, having obtained the stocks of the most renowned vines of the world, and having employed skilled labor imported from Europe, had since 1860 produced the best wines, or wines equal to the best wines on the planet, I should not have stated the truth, and Mr. Belford would have rejected the manuscript. The great mass of consumers have decided that, as yet, California wines are not equal in quality to the choicer products of Europe, and in all matters of taste, consumers are a jury from whose verdict there is no appeal.

Permit me to repeat a few statements which I made in the article referred to. "California has an immense area kindly to the vine. There are whole counties, in almost any part of which the vine produces a choice grape, among which are Santa Clara, Napa, Sonoma, etc. Her vineyard possibilities are as great as France would have if she were all vineyard" page 842. "California produces excellent red and white wines;" page 843. "California, as yet, has furnished to the gayety of nations no red wine equal to the fine classed growth of the Gironde, or of Bourgogne; no white wines equal to the high grade Sauternes and the white high grade Burgundies. But California is young yet. Somewhere in this vast extent of territory, the juice of its grapes may have the aroma and flavor of the superb wines of France." "In sparkling wine, generally known as Champagne, California is as yet deficient" page 844. "Still it is neither the possibilities, and Californians say neither the probabilities, that there will yet be discovered in that noble state, districts in which the grapes now cultivated on the Marne will produce a sparkling wine equally good with that of the renowned vineyards of Eastern France;" page 845-6. Now as to matters of fact, these assertions are true, and as to matters of opinion, they are friendly. If they are unfriendly, they were at least intended to be friendly.

This City especially abounds in cultivated men who know what good wine is, and they would not keep on, year after year, paying thirty or forty dollars a dozen for Lafites, Latours, Mont-rachets and Yquem, if California would furnish them with equally good wines at less money. Even the richest men look carefully after their expenses; they want the best wines and are obliged to pay the market prices; but they will buy of the people who break these prices and furnish equally good commodities. Consider for a moment the accumulated advantages of France as to light wines, and of Spain and Madeira as to heavy wines. These countries have been making wine during many centuries; traditions are solidified and converted into inestimably valuable methods; the right soils have been located experimentally; the products here and there attain almost absolute perfection. How can California compete with them as to *quality* at the outset of her career as a wine producer. Let us be candid and admit that she has just begun the endeavor, and let us hope that she will succeed.

Meantime for daily use on our dinner tables, California clarets are good enough, when fairly ripened and properly bottled. We don't want Chateau wines at dinner every day. No con-

stitution can stand them. They are to be reserved for grand occasions and festivities, and we must buy them from Europe. For our daily tables we look to California, and it is for the best interests of California to send us nothing but sound, well matured, wine.

Respectfully,

CHAMPION BISSELL.

MR. DE TURK'S COMMENTS.

There seems to be much truth in what Mr. Bissell says about the bulk of our wines. At the same time I think that he is laboring under some misapprehensions.

It is not to be denied that there is much poor wine produced in California—to contend the contrary would be untrue and unwise. I do not know, of course, *what* wines from this State Mr. Bissell has tasted, but from what he writes, I would conclude that he has seen only those that are offered in the general market as "California Wines." In other words Mr. Bissell seeks to compare our *vin ordinaire* (or what is offered as such) with the grand wines of France. This, he must admit is manifestly unjust to us.

I believe that the great mass of our 17,000,000 gallons of wine which is produced annually, will compare very favorably with the bulk of the 750,000,000 gallons produced in France, as to quality. Connoisseurs like Mr. Bissell do not see or taste the poor or ordinary wines of France, all of which are consumed at home.

It is commonly understood that out of an annual production of 750,000,000 gallons of wine, France produces from 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 gallons of the finest quality. Assuming this to be true, the ratio is one gallon of fine wine to seventy-five gallons of other quality. At the same ratio, we in California should produce, say 225,000 gallons of fine wine annually. I think that we do produce at least this quality of really excellent wines, which will compare favorably with the best wines from abroad.

Nearly every producer in California who takes a pride in his work, has some wines of excellent quality, with which he is experimenting. These wines do not get into the general market. Some are consumed by the producers themselves, more is held for ageing and a little works its way to San Francisco, where it is sold at high prices to those who know a good article when they see it, regardless of the country of production, or of price.


Though I have not the pleasure of Mr. Bissell's acquaintance, I should judge him to be one of the class which will have the best no matter where it comes from. It will not do to proclaim to this class that all our wines are the best on earth. They are not, and no one knows it better than the producers of this State. Bluster never convinced a connoisseur. We should aim to convince this class of wine drinkers that we *have* begun to make fine wines, in a small way, it is true, but with a future full of promise; that as has been happily said by Mr. Arpad Haraszthy in one of his contributions to the REVIEW, there are scores of men who are working at the problem of producing fine wines in a modest way, unknown to the outside world; that they may not gain the reputation in their lives, but that their children will; and that all we ask from the drinking classes whose opinion is worth having, is that they judge our wines by the best, and not by the *vin ordinaire*, exactly as they judge the wines of France or any other country.

We in California believe that we have all the requisites to produce as fine a wine as France or any other country. We think that we have the soil, the climate and the grapes. We are constantly learning more about the adaptability of various grapes to the different soils of the State. Our wine makers yearly gain in experience, improve their methods, and make a better average wine. As far as quality goes, the bulk of our products is vastly better than it was ten years ago, and a still greater improvement has been made in the higher classes of wine.

Mr. Bissell, I am glad to see, says that the future is a bright one. I know that the wine makers try to think so, burdened and discouraged as they are. Our greatest troubles are that he, in common with others, does not know or comprehend what advances have been made on a limited scale, in the way of producing wines which will compare with any.

A. De Turk

THE HIGHEST AWARD



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CALIFORNIA BRANDY.

The question "Can California produce a good Brandy?" has of late become one of considerable interest to the vine-growers of that State.

Answered in the affirmative it opens a channel for the product of their vineyards promising profit, which otherwise would be fruitless and cold.

The first point to be met in the solution of the problem, is, "What is good Brandy?" and this must be understood thoroughly before we are competent to form an opinion. Unfortunately so little of this article is seen here in this country, so little is it used by the general public, that it is scarcely more than a tradition—a memory among the older people. The excessive prices caused by our war tariff, coupled with the disease of the vine in France, put it beyond the reach of any but people of means. The American changed his beverage quite as much at first from necessity, as choice, until whisky became at length the staple spirit consumed in this country. The brandy drinkers, if wealthy, and knowing where to go for it, could obtain the real "Cognac," but most of them were consumers of adulterated and even imitations of French Brandy. Even then, those who still clung to brandy were so few that in the whole community it has become very hard to find people competent to give an intelligent criticism, and be able to distinguish the good from the bad article.

It might then be argued, if it is so difficult to distinguish, the difference in quality can be of very little importance, since without this knowledge the bad would please equally with the good. This is a great mistake. A poor article may deceive for the moment but no permanent business was ever yet built up on any other foundation than that of real merit, and those who base operations otherwise are sure to come to grief.

The question as to what constitutes good brandy may be briefly answered as follows:

It is the "spirit of the grape" carefully distilled so as to separate it from the impure and deleterious parts of the wine. It must retain the fine qualities and the pleasing flavors which result from the perfect fermentation of sound grapes. In other words it is a pure spirit containing those alcohols and ethers which render true brandy so superior in its medicinal virtues to all other spirits, and at the same time being an agreeable and palatable beverage. But this is not all, as the variety of grape and quality of soil and climate have also to be considered. So then the question changes to, "Can California produce good Brandy?"

To arrive at our conclusion we must first know what is needed to attain this result, and then can its conditions be fulfilled?

Experience is always the best teacher; therefore, let us look to the country where brandy is a success and study the methods of operation and be guided by the knowledge evolved from the experience of many generations.

France, though but one of the numerous wine growing countries of Europe, is yet the only one in which brandy is successfully produced. Following it up still closer we find that brandy-making is confined to a very few districts of that country, which in area could be covered by a few counties of California. In a very small portion of even this circumscribed territory is a fine brandy produced (the Charente District). Other countries whose yield runs annually into hundreds of millions of gallons of wine have utterly failed to produce brandy of a satisfactory character. Notwithstanding the stimulus given by the destruction of the vines in the French Brandy District in recent years by the phylloxera, the only success attained out of France has been in Algiers and Spain, and that only in so slight a degree as to prove rather than contest France's claim to being the only brandy producing country of the world. All wine producing countries however, make a grape spirit with which they fortify wines and for other purposes, and in many cases for a cheap beverage for

the poorer classes; but they make no pretensions to put it in the World's market as brandy.

It is therefore demonstrated by European experience that good brandy can only be produced in a very limited area, and that certain varieties of grapes are alone fitted for the purpose. With these conditions and in addition, let the utmost care and attention be exercised, which experience has demonstrated is necessary, from the picking of the grape, through its fermentation and treatment as wine to its distillation and perfection as brandy. Let inferior grapes be thrown out, imperfectly fermented wine put aside, and the greatest care exercised that only the best materials go into brandy.

Notwithstanding European experience, outside of France, which is so unpromising for us, it has been clearly demonstrated that California can and does produce (though it is true as yet in very limited quantities) a really good brandy, probably superior to any but the finest product of the Charente. This is subject to the same conditions as in France, i. e. locality, variety of grape, and care in the manufacture.

It would seem therefore, the part of wisdom that, possessing this rare ability to produce good brandy, California viticulturists would be extremely anxious to learn all the facts which bear upon it—what localities of the State are best adapted to the growth of the brandy grape, and which varieties are best.

It is manifestly impossible that this brandy producing area should extend from the semi-tropical portions of the extreme south to the mountainous north: that all varieties of grape are equally good; and that any process that best serves the convenience of the producer in the manufacture is just as efficacious. Such a position is absurd on the very face of it, and as yet no general effort is made to learn these cardinal points. So called brandy is made every season in all parts of the State, and all sorts of materials are used. The great mass of it is merely the distillation of imperfectly fermented or spoiled wines, or pomace washings which otherwise would have no value. "You cannot make a silk purse from a sow's ear," is an old adage, and to make good brandy from bad wine is equally impossible. As the concentration of say five gallons of wine into one gallon of brandy is in quantity, so is the fault in the wine magnified when put into brandy. The older such brandy becomes the more prominent does its bad qualities appear. Again, while the French distiller deems but one kind of still proper to use, stills of various principles and constructions are used in California, where the question of economy rather than quality of the product is paramount.

Can it be wondered at, then, that brandy-making in California has not been a success? As a mere business matter turning spoiled wine and waste material of a winery (which otherwise would have no value) into a bad spirit that finds a market at a very low price may be a success, but the product is far from being brandy, and would never find a market outside of limits protected from competition by high tariffs.

We have a State Viticultural Commission whose labors could be employed in no better field than to learn the capacities of the different portions of the State in growing brandy grapes. While each locality in the old wine producing countries has its specialty, California with a charming disregard of the conditions pertaining to the effete countries of the Old World, claims throughout its entire length and breadth to produce anything and everything equal to the most favored localities elsewhere. This is the worst feature of the matter, for acting on the assumption that we have achieved the highest, we have nothing to learn, and go on season after season repeating blunders, which less self-confidence would have enabled us to recognize as such.

The time will come no doubt, when wine and brandy will be produced in California according to the best capacities of each locality, but we have much to learn before we attain that position and the first great step in that direction is to unlearn a large part of our present superficial knowledge and build again from the foundation up, in a spirit which enables us to profit by the experience of others, rather than evolve systems and results from our own opinions and inclinations.

Edward Willden Jr.

Philadelphia March 18, 1891.

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Treasury Regulations.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

February 16, 1891.

Sir: Referring to the 16th and 22d ultimo, relative to the stamping of the provisions of section 11 of the act of March 3, 1883, (page 11,) of imported packages containing liquors actually or presumably produced in the United States, I have to state that, in the opinion of the Department, the stamping of such packages with the same stamp as used for other imported liquors is not illegal, and consequently that certain packages of returned liquors, bearing such stamps instead of the modified stamps prescribed in decision Synopsis 5029, of October 19, 1881, can not be treated as packages "not having thereon a stamp required by law." Revised Statutes, section 3289.

In view, however, of the representations made by Internal Revenue Officers that re-imported American liquors, if stamped exactly as foreign liquors, will be sold by dishonest dealers to customers who want foreign goods, your recommendation that the import stamps for liquors of American production exported and returned should be distinguished from those used for foreign liquors by being printed in a different ink is approved by the Department, and stamps prepared in accordance therewith will be furnished as soon as practicable.

Meanwhile you will please continue the practice established under the above-cited decision.

As indicated in the Department's telegram of the 24th ultimo, relative to certain liquors, presumably domestic, but entered at a duty applicable to foreign liquors, no other stamps than those used for the foreign goods should be applied to packages which for want of identification are not admitted to entry at a duty equal to the Internal Revenue tax, under section 2500, Revised Statutes, or section 22 of the act of October 1, 1890.

Respectfully Yours,

O. L. SPALDING, Assistant Secretary.

Collector of Customs, New York.

(10731.—G. A. 287.)

SPIRITUOUS BEVERAGES (ACT 1883)—STRASSBURGER BITTERS.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, February 4, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 2000 a, of Venable & Heyman, against the decision of the collector of customs at the port of New York as to the rate and amount of duty chargeable on certain Strassburger bitters, imported per St. Regulas, October, 6, 1890.

OPINION BY WILKINSON, General Appraiser.

Duty was assessed on the bitters at two dollars per gallon, under T. L. 313 act March 3, 1883, as a spirituous beverage, while appellants claim that the merchandise should be rated at fifty per cent., under T. L. 98, as a proprietary preparation.

The label states that the bitters is made of wine and brandy flavored with herbs and roots, but unmixed with any other compound, and recommends it as a wholesome beverage, especially beneficial after indulgence in wine or beer. It is not recommended or known as a remedy for disease, but is sold and commonly used as a beverage.

The decision of the collector is, therefore, affirmed.

(10741.—G. A. 291.)

GRAPES IN HALF BARRELS.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York February 4, 1891.

In the matter of the protests, 2028 b, of Dix & Wilkins, against the decision of the collector of customs at Baltimore, Md., as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain grapes in half barrels, imported per Alexander Elder, October 20, 1890.

OPINION BY WILKINSON, General Appraiser.

The importation consists of forty-seven half barrels of grapes, and was assessed for duty at sixty cents per package, under paragraph 299, act October 1, 1890, which reads: "Grapes sixty cents per barrel of three cubic feet capacity or fractional part thereof."

Appellants claim either free entry under paragraph 580 or

that the rate should be thirty cents per half barrel.

The Board is of the opinion that the term "barrel," as used in the act, does not apply to the form of the package but to the standard measurement. Otherwise there would be no provision for grapes imported in boxes. Duty is to be assessed upon the merchandise. If the grapes were in bulk, it would clearly be the proper course to find the number of cubic feet in the importation and divide the total by three, thus ascertaining the number of barrels and counting any fraction in excess as a barrel.

We consider, therefore, that in the present case the correct method of assessing duty would be on the number of barrels of three feet cubic capacity, and the fractional part of a barrel remaining, contained in the total cubic contents of the forty-seven half barrels. The claim of the importers is therefore sustained to that extent.

THE GALLEGOS SEIZURE.

As is no doubt already known to most of the readers of the Review the immense plant of the Gallegos Wine Company at Irvington is in the hands of the Internal Revenue Department for an alleged violation of the Revenue laws.

The charge against the company is the familiar one of using brandy for fortification of sweet wines (before the Sweet Wine Law went into effect) without payment of the tax of ninety cents a gallon, and to this is added the charge of evading the tax on brandy placed on the market as such the seizure was made for alleged infractions running back as far as 1889.

The case for the Gallegos Company is in the hands of attorneys who will decide what course of action will be pursued—whether to compromise or fight.

The seizure is a large one. The total value of the plant is estimated at something like \$200,000. All of the wine is detained, amounting to several hundred thousand gallons as well as the brandy in warehouses etc.

Mr. Gallegos will have plenty of backing in the litigation by those who cannot afford to see the Company worsted. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Gallegos and hopes are expressed by the wine makers that he will come out of the present difficulty without loss.

WANTED—AN EXPLANATION.

Here is a dispatch which was recently received from Tiffin, Ohio:

Temperance crusaders attacked William Miller's saloon at Bloomfield last night and created sad havoc with the proprietor's cigars and whisky, after which the doors and windows of the building were demolished. Great excitement prevails and Miller has had to flee for safety.

We would be pleased to hear from editor Sheahan, of the *Prohibitionist*, on this question. We have always been taught by that remarkable journal, the *Prohibitionist*, that every one connected with the liquor traffic is *per se* a law-breaker, and that the good and holy people who compose that paper's supporters, would never, no never, resort to violence.

Come now, friend Sheahan, no dodging. You are too fair a man personally to countenance this wanton destruction of a man's property; this dastardly violation of a man's right; this fanatical outbreak, more worthy of the Dark Ages than of our time. What do you say to these proceedings of your allies?

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

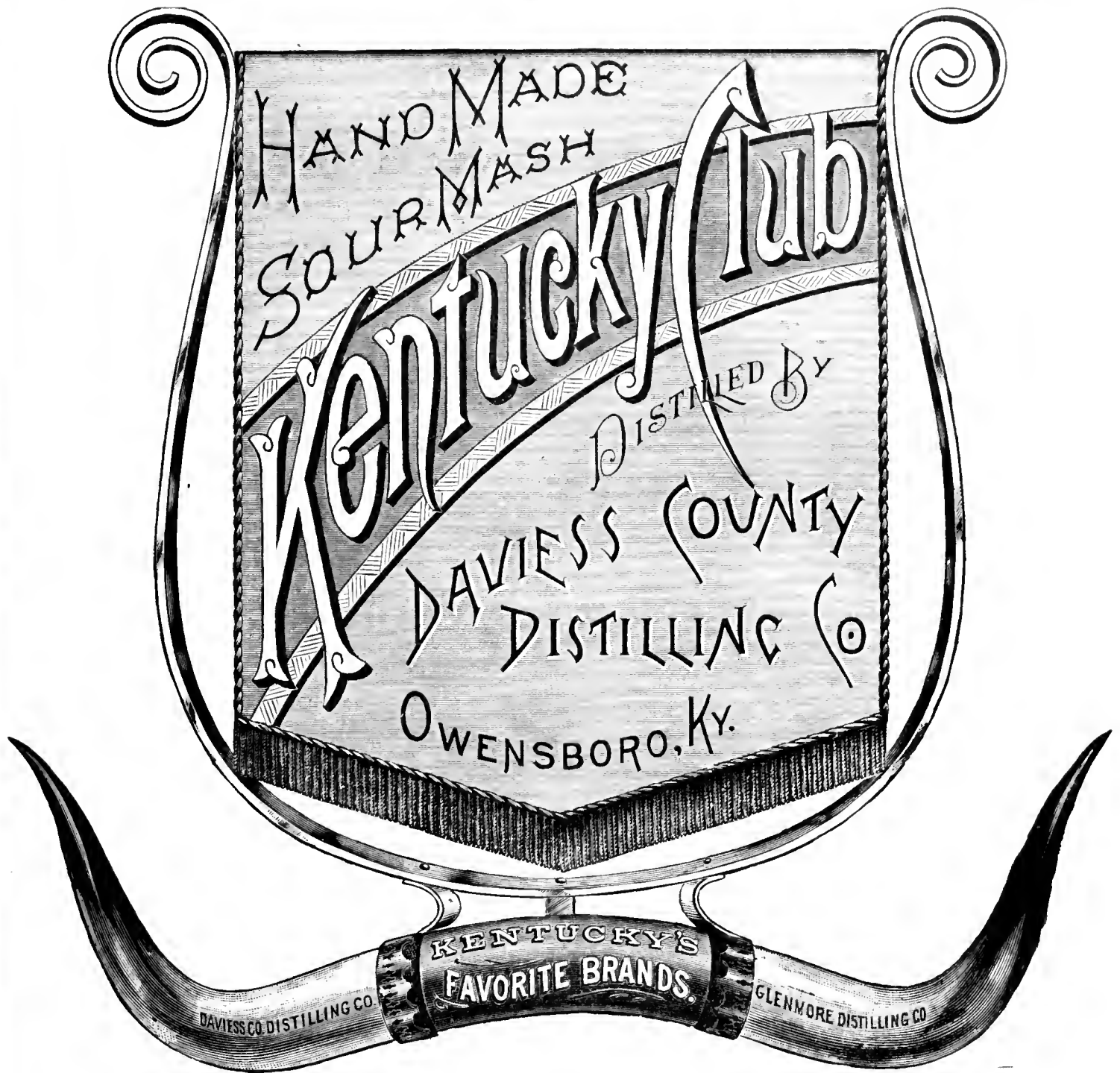
These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street

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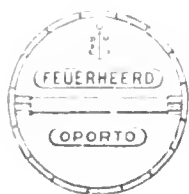
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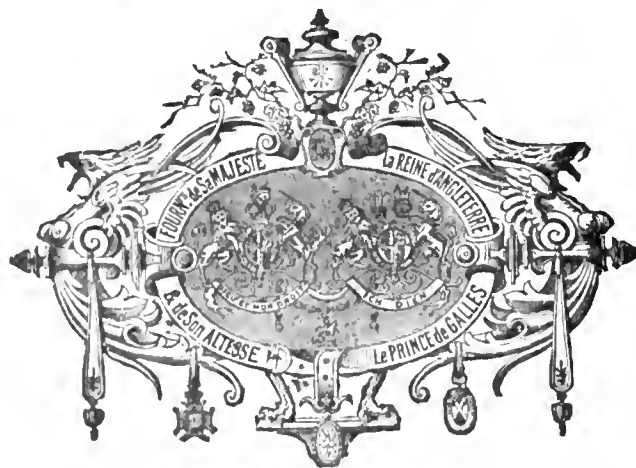


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Specialty also of High-grade Clarets, Sauternes and Old Cognacs.

CLOS DE VOUGEOT.

When, in 1889, the celebrated Clos de Vougeot was divided and sold in separate lots to several firms, it was foreseen that difficulties would probably arise amongst the new proprietors. An estate, which in England would constitute only a very small farm, has been cut up into eleven parts, and each owner, having paid a price in which the reputation of the Clos de Vougeot was taken into account, naturally desires to benefit by that reputation. On January 14, the applications advertised in the *Trade Marks Journal* of January 22, 1890, Nos. 91,855 and 91,859, by Mr. Leonce Bocquet, of Savigny-les-Beaune, to register as trade marks a label bearing the words "Chateau du Clos de Vougeot—Grand Vin—Leonce Boequet, Seul Proprietaire," and another bearing the words "Chateau du Clos de Vougeot," came before the Registrar, Mr. Griffin, for hearing, on the opposition of Messrs. Cte. Liger-Belair and Paul Laboure, who opposed registration on the ground that they are part proprietors of the estate Clos de Vougeot, and that the description adopted by Leonce Bocquet would lead to confusion and act to their prejudice. After arguments, the Registrar refused Mr. Bocquet's application, and declined to allow him to register the label and mark in question. Mr. Bocquet informed us that the matter was to come before the Registrar, and, if it had been possible, we would have published a full report of the proceedings, which would, doubtless, have possessed much interest for the trade; but all applications in regard to trade marks are heard in private, and in this case we are only able to give the result. The subjoined statement is of some value, as showing the division of the Clos de Vougeot at the beginning of the year. The hectare, it should be explained, is equal to two acres, one rood, thirty-five perches; there are to 119.6046 square yards, and the centiare to 1.1960 square yards:

	Hectares.	Ares.	Centiares.
Mr. Leonce Bocquet (including the chateau and building).....	14	56	61
Mr. Jules Millon.....	10	91	35
Mr. Duvergey-Taboureaux.....	4	50	29
Mr. Rebourseau Phillippon.....	4	41	92
Cte. Liger-Belair.....	4	28	0
Mr. S. Lhoste.....	2	76	66
Mr. Albert Guichard.....	2	56	80
Mr. Jules Senard and Mr. Champy....	2	25	4
Mr. Charles Pollack.....	1	90	88
Messrs. Laboure Gontard and Hubert Laboure.....	1	39	50
Mdmes. les Files Laligand-Chameroy	1	28	40
	50	85	45

—*Wine Trade Review.*

BRANDY.

This spirit is obtained as a distillate from certain kinds of wines, the operation of distilling being the only process necessary to convert the wine into brandy. The trade of brandy distilling is carried on extensively in the South of Europe, that of Cognac and Armagnac being the most noted. Cognac brandy is esteemed from the absence of a certain fiery flavour found in other varieties. The brandies distilled in Bordeaux, Barcelona, Rochelle, Orleans, Languedoc, Saintonge, Naples, etc., contain some well-known samples. Genuine brandy possesses a peculiar agreeable aromatic vinous odor, containing the characteristic aroma of the wine from which it has been distilled. A chemical analysis of brandy shows it to contain alcohol, water, volatile oil, a trace of acetic acid and acetic ether, senanthic ether coloring matter—which may be either derived from the wood cask or added to the spirit in the shape of caramel. Tannic acid is also present, and is partly or chiefly derived from the wood. Infusion of tea is said to be sometimes added to impart the color and astringency derived from the wood by old brandy. The richer the wine in spirit, the greater will be the yield of brandy, but wines for brandy

distilling are not selected on this account merely. The white wines yield a better quality than the red, owing to the former containing more of the essential oil of the grapes.

The high-colored white or pale-red wines of the South of Europe are selected for distilling the best brands. Inferior brands are distilled from refuse wine and the mares of the wine press.

The *Eau de vie de Marcs* is produced by distilling the red wines of Portugal, Spain, and the South of France mixed with wine lees, the refuse of the grapes from the wine press, etc.

Most of the inferior kinds of brandy have a somewhat unpleasant taste and an acid re-action, but on account of their being more hot and fiery, they are sometimes preferred in northern countries and in England.

Cognac and Armagnac brandies preserve the odor indigenous to the kinds of wines from which they are derived. When genuine brandy is evaporated, the residue strikes a green color with the salts of iron. It should contain no sugar or Grains of Paradise which are sometimes found in sophisticated samples, and also catechu may sometimes be detected.

Brandy when newly distilled is as clear and colorless as water. The distillation is carried on in the ordinary way. The spirit comes over in any strength required up to 60 deg. When the ordinary still is used, the vapor given off from the boiler only feebly ignites, and the *Eau de vie seconde* is collected by itself till the spirit in the wine is all exhausted.

The quantity of brandy annually made in France is about 25,000,000 gallons, of which about 5,000,000 are imported to the British Islands.

A large portion of the brandy sold in England, however, is of native manufacture. British brandy has been the subject of numerous patents, all of which aim at producing by fictitious means, a spiritous liquor resembling the foreign article, each manufacturer having his favorite recipe. The best malt spirit is flavored and colored by various substances, varying from French plums to oak shavings.

Brandy seems to be the form of stimulant which finds most favor in medicine, and without much apparent reason; for ourselves we should prefer good Old Irish Whisky.—*Whisky Trade Review—Dublin.*

THAT VERMONT OUTRAGE.

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Wine and Spirit Gazette*, of London, doubts the truth of the statement published in these columns, that a sentence of over sixty years' imprisonment in the House of Correction was imposed on George F. Kipling, of Norwich, Vermont, for having sold 715 drinks in violation of the Vermont prohibitory law. We have taken special pains to ascertain the facts in the case. They are as follows: At the December term of the Windsor County Court, Kipling was convicted of 715 offences of selling liquor, the prosecution being pushed by the faculty of Dartmouth College. Kipling's place was near the line, and was a favorite though forbidden place for the students. The whole sentence was 22,047 days, or over sixty years, and is the longest ever known to have been imposed. Kipling is at present employed as one of the boxers in the marble shop in the House of Correction. He is quiet and an excellent prisoner. When Kipling first came to the institution, he talked very freely about his sentence, but of late has said very little. He has frequently told Warden Richmond that he expected to be pardoned after serving a few months, but the Warden has cautioned him not to be too hopeful. The outrageous treatment of this man is by no means a solitary instance in the history of the infamous Vermont prohibitory law. Kipling's case recalls the Kennedy cases which became famous in 1882. Bridget Kennedy, of Rutland, was convicted of a violation of the prohibitory law, and sentenced December 7, 1882, to 17,847 days' imprisonment in the House of Correction. By order of the Supreme Court, she was discharged from custody January 29, 1883, after having served fifty-three days of her sentence. Her husband, who was sentenced December 21, 1882, to 4,297 days' imprisonment, was discharged on the same day as his wife.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships

F. F. Weir, M. J. Verdon, Wash. Geo. Mamling, restaurant, Park City, Utah.
 E. J. Lyons, saloon, Hillsborough, Or., received deed \$4500.
 A. Bonzi, restaurant, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 C. Von Detten, wine grower, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty gift.
 Radovich & Uhlandt, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Uhlandt conveyed realty gift.
 Buckner Bros., winery, Santa Rosa, Cal., conveyed realty to Horace Buckner \$1000.
 P. Brach, saloon, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$150.
 O. S. Chapin, hotel, Poway, Cal., trust deed.
 C. A. Schroder, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty.
 S. Strouse, restaurant, Portland, Or., received deed \$3000.
 Rohr & Son, saloon, Gilroy, Cal., E. Rohr received deed \$10.
 A. Ritchie, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 J. J. & C. A. Welch, hotel, Spokane, Wash., received deed \$900.
 Jas. Gately, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John Boerl, saloon, Stockton, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John H. Rippe, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed, grant.
 Wm. Feddersen, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$5.
 W. B. Sanborn, saloon, Santa Rosa, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 H. Grelle, saloon, Portland, Or., received deed \$260.
 W. J. Van Schnyver & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$700.
 P. O. Elbe, saloon, Willows, Cal., conveyed realty \$1.
 J. F. Adams, saloon, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty gift.
 J. Byrne, hotel and saloon, Stockton, Cal., gives trust deed \$6500.
 George Kordmeyer, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$6500.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

O. Wommetzdorf, saloon, Stuart, Mont., \$1200.
 H. Schneider, winery, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
 Hoefler Bros., restaurant, Champion, Mont., attached.
 C. W. Arlington, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., in insolvency.
 D. Diagne, saloon, East Portland, Or., attached.
 D. Murnaghan, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.
 Huebschman & Goeckler, restaurant, Denver, Colo., attached.
 H. A. Keym, saloon, Santa Cruz, Cal., attached.

Wm. Du Rose, saloon San Francisco, Cal.
 J. Melsted, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Geo. Toomer, saloon, West Oakland, Cal.
 Wm. H. Seaman, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash.
 Wm. Castello, restaurant, Merced, Cal.
 Schmelder & Lynch, saloon, etc., Stayton, Or.
 A. T. Carter, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Cummins & Boyle, hotel, Salida, Colo.
 Wm. Noble, saloon, Phillipsburg, Mont.
 F. Julliard, distillery, Sebastopol, Cal.
 H. Seager, restaurant, Portland, Or., damaged.
 M. C. Linderman, restaurant, Bozeman, Mont., damaged.
 Wm. Watson, saloon, Denver, Colo., damaged.
 Gold Cup saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 Salvani, saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 J. R. Radke, saloon, etc., Spokane, Wash., damaged.
 M. Dawes, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.
 M. Noon, saloon, Seattle, Wash.
 J. B. Thorson & Co., saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Kelley & McCarthy, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Rivers & Gilnagh, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 James & Holbrook, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. C. Clayburne, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. Sweeny, saloon, Rocklin, Cal.
 Theo. Muegge, saloon, Woodland, Cal., damaged.
 Barbieri Bros., saloon, Rio Vista, Cal.
 James Grant, hotel, Grant's Springs, Cal.
 F. Gilham, hotel, Athlone, Cal.
 B. Kane, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.
 P. D. Stuart, hotel, Benicia, Cal.
 L. Monsoon, saloon, Denver Colo.
 S. P. Carlson, saloon, etc., Sacramento, Cal.
 C. Sealmanini, wines, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold Out.

W. F. De Laney, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
 T. B. Graham & Co., saloon, Denver, Colo., to R. W. Wood.
 T. J. Little, saloon, Denver, Colo.
 Chris. Miller, saloon, Pine River, Colo.
 A. Benz, saloon, Portland, Or.
 E. B. Davis, saloon, Portland, Or.
 Frank Cann, hotel, Sunol, Cal., to Paul Fischer.
 G. Cowan, restaurant, Denver, Colo.
 I. C. Loomis, restaurant, Denver, Colo.
 Banks & Moore, saloon, Spanish Fork, Utah.
 C. R. Bertram, saloon, Portland, Or.
 A. Lewin & Co., liquors, Seattle, Wash., to E. Lewin.
 McGivl & Son, saloon, Vancouver, B. C.
 S. L. Cole, saloon, Fresno, Cal.
 Stuart & Evey, saloon and hotel, Tulare, Cal., sold bar.
 J. R. Ferguson, saloon, Victoria, B. C.
 J. Sorg, saloon, Prescott, Ariz., to J. Campbell.
 H. I. Hartsch, saloon, Santa Fe, N. M.
 C. J. Pullen, hotel, Centerville, Cal., to H. C. Gregory.
 Wm. McNiffe, saloon, Victoria, B. C., to S. O'Brien.
 S. H. Hancock, saloon, Itaton, N. M., to Hadley & Higgins.
 T. P. Gable, saloon, Santa Fe, N. M., to Henry Wuehl.
 V. E. Snyder, saloon, Portland, Or., to Ferguson & Hall.
 Ross & Nicotil, restaurant, Tucson, Ariz.,

Out of Business.

W. H. Seaman, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash.
 Wm. Castello, restaurant, Merced, Cal.
 Schmelder & Lynch, saloon, etc., Stayton, Or.
 A. T. Carter, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Cummins & Boyle, hotel, Salida, Colo.
 Wm. Noble, saloon, Phillipsburg, Mont.
 F. Julliard, distillery, Sebastopol, Cal.
 H. Seager, restaurant, Portland, Or., damaged.
 M. C. Linderman, restaurant, Bozeman, Mont., damaged.
 Wm. Watson, saloon, Denver, Colo., damaged.
 Gold Cup saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 Salvani, saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 J. R. Radke, saloon, etc., Spokane, Wash., damaged.
 M. Dawes, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.
 M. Noon, saloon, Seattle, Wash.
 J. B. Thorson & Co., saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Kelley & McCarthy, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Rivers & Gilnagh, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 James & Holbrook, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. C. Clayburne, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. Sweeny, saloon, Rocklin, Cal.
 Theo. Muegge, saloon, Woodland, Cal., damaged.
 Barbieri Bros., saloon, Rio Vista, Cal.

Damage by Fire.

Wm. Du Rose, saloon San Francisco, Cal.
 J. Melsted, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Geo. Toomer, saloon, West Oakland, Cal.
 Wm. H. Seaman, hotel, Spokane Falls, Wash.
 Wm. Castello, restaurant, Merced, Cal.
 Schmelder & Lynch, saloon, etc., Stayton, Or.
 A. T. Carter, restaurant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Cummins & Boyle, hotel, Salida, Colo.
 Wm. Noble, saloon, Phillipsburg, Mont.
 F. Julliard, distillery, Sebastopol, Cal.
 H. Seager, restaurant, Portland, Or., damaged.
 M. C. Linderman, restaurant, Bozeman, Mont., damaged.
 Wm. Watson, saloon, Denver, Colo., damaged.
 Gold Cup saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 Salvani, saloon, St. Elmo, Colo.
 J. R. Radke, saloon, etc., Spokane, Wash., damaged.
 M. Dawes, saloon, Sacramento, Cal.
 M. Noon, saloon, Seattle, Wash.
 J. B. Thorson & Co., saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Kelley & McCarthy, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 Rivers & Gilnagh, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 James & Holbrook, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. C. Clayburne, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. Sweeny, saloon, Rocklin, Cal.
 Theo. Muegge, saloon, Woodland, Cal., damaged.
 Barbieri Bros., saloon, Rio Vista, Cal.

Deceased.

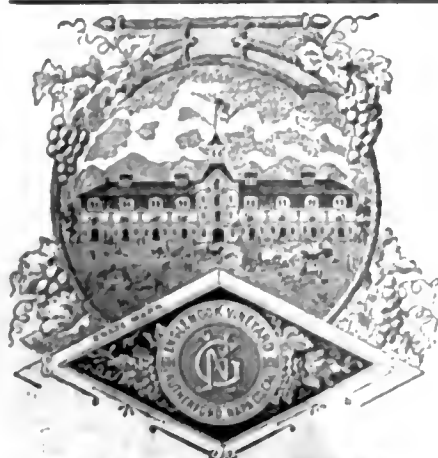
Wm. Du Rose, saloon San Francisco, Cal.
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 James & Holbrook, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. C. Clayburne, saloon, La Grande, Or.
 J. Sweeny, saloon, Rocklin, Cal.
 Theo. Muegge, saloon, Woodland, Cal., damaged.
 Barbieri Bros., saloon, Rio Vista, Cal.

Special Inquiries Advisable.

M. J. Verdon, saloon, Tacoma, Wash.
 Geo. Mamling, restaurant, Park City, Utah.
 G. W. Brooks, hotel, Sacramento, Cal.
 Thos. Fales, saloon, Bridgeport, Cal.
 B. L. Simmons, saloon, Bridgeport, Cal.
 Gallegos Wine Co., Irvington, Cal.
 E. Wehrman, saloon, Fresno, Cal.
 W. Hewson, restaurant, Oakland, Cal.
 Peter Brun, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
 Flanagan & Cody, saloon, Vancouver, B. C.
 Jos. Hartman, restaurant, Oceanide, Cal.
 J. B. Randall & Co., hotel, Ellensburg, Wash.

Deeds and Transfers.

W. Raymond, hotel, Raymond, Cal., received deed \$5000.
 E. J. Lyons, saloon, Hillsborough, Or., received deed \$4500.
 A. Bonzi, restaurant, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 C. Von Detten, wine grower, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty gift.
 Radovich & Uhlandt, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Uhlandt conveyed realty gift.
 Buckner Bros., winery, Santa Rosa, Cal., conveyed realty to Horace Buckner \$1000.
 P. Brach, saloon, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$150.
 O. S. Chapin, hotel, Poway, Cal., trust deed.
 C. A. Schroder, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty.
 S. Strouse, restaurant, Portland, Or., received deed \$3000.
 Rohr & Son, saloon, Gilroy, Cal., E. Rohr received deed \$10.
 A. Ritchie, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 J. J. & C. A. Welch, hotel, Spokane, Wash., received deed \$900.
 Jas. Gately, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John Boerl, saloon, Stockton, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John H. Rippe, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed, grant.
 Wm. Feddersen, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$5.
 W. B. Sanborn, saloon, Santa Rosa, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 H. Grelle, saloon, Portland, Or., received deed \$260.
 W. J. Van Schnyver & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$700.
 P. O. Elbe, saloon, Willows, Cal., conveyed realty \$1.
 J. F. Adams, saloon, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty gift.
 J. Byrne, hotel and saloon, Stockton, Cal., gives trust deed \$6500.
 George Kordmeyer, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$6500.



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Bills of Sale.

J. Gustavson, saloon, Portland, Or., \$3900.
A. E. Schwartz, saloon, Portland, Or., \$4200.
C. B. Halin, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$375.
J. S. Elliott, hotel, Portland, Or., \$1000.
S. Barbara, restaurant, Spokane, Wash., \$50.
M. M. Miley, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$350.
A. L. McDonald, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$2500.
H. Saunders, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1000.
C. Scaife saloon, etc., Tacoma, Wash., \$1000.
Geo. Simmons, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1800.
L. R. Chase, saloon, Hoquian, Wash., \$400.
C. R. Dwyer, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1996.
E. H. Keyser, saloon, Portland, Or., \$2500.
T. O. Abbott, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., \$1.

Realty Mortgages.

W. H. Bartley & Co., hotel, Guerneville, Cal., \$600.
Chas. R. Nolte, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$5000.
G. W. Owens, saloon, Selma, Cal., \$729.
Walter Raymond, hotel, Raymond, Cal., \$100,000.
F. S. Margarite, saloon, Decoto, Cal., \$400.
M. Dominguez, saloon, Santa Ynez, Cal., \$500.
M. Byrne, hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$1600.
Canty Bros., hotel, Tulare, Cal., J. M. Canty, \$35,000.
C. Cawrey, restaurant, Fresno, Cal., \$1200.
Benj. Wright, hotel, Oakland, Cal., \$10000.
R. Wienecke, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., \$4000.
G. S. Moore, hotel, Albuquerque, N. M., \$2500.
P. & J. J. Gobbi, winery, Healdsburg, Cal., \$1736.
C. F. Deane, restaurant, Alameda, Cal., \$1000.
S. Hancock, hotel, San Francisco, Cal., \$2500.
J. R. Seifert, saloon, San Diego, Cal., \$1000.
John Boerl, saloon, Stockton, Cal., \$4137.
John H. Rippe, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1000.
Fletcher & Johnson, restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., E. T. Fletcher, \$3000.
P. Priest & Co., restaurant, San Francisco, Cal., M. Debret, \$3000.

Chattel Mortgages.

C. Herzberg, saloon, Portland, Or., \$297.
O. L. Warden, saloon, Portland, Or., \$800.
N. Bengley, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$908.
H. Dentschman, saloon, Portland, Or., \$300.
Ezra Clark, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$1834.
J. M. Sniveley, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$230.
M. Christlanson, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$950.
I. H. Haldeman, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$3057.
Clark & Keating, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., Clark, \$1834.
B. M. Williams, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$3536.
W. R. Franklin, restaurant, Denver, Colo., \$157.
F. Coles, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$157.
J. J. Grath, saloon, Leadville, Colo., \$150.
W. J. Powers, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$633.
I. Brill, saloon, Portland, Or., \$195.
J. R. Hanson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$887.
E. Foley, saloon, Portland, Or., \$506.
C. Z. Pieker, hotel, Portland, Or., \$900.
John R. Thompson, saloon, Portland, Or., \$388.
M. P. Cottingham, saloon, Spokane, \$919.
J. Olligny, restaurant, Tacoma, Wash., \$100.
Mrs. S. S. Warren, hotel, Portland, Or., \$2,500.
D. Jacobson, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$192.
F. Salter, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$500.
Jacob Wagner, saloon, Portland, Or., \$800.

Jones & Wood, restaurant, Fairhaven, Wash., \$120.
S. Kimmond, restaurant, New Whatcom, Wash., \$174.
E. Custer, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$600.
L. Johnson, hotel, Seattle, Wash., \$100.
Tonguay & Carrios, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,500.
A. Vermeri, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$200.
Wadleigh & Smith, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,407.
David Stewart, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$600.
M. G. Hagaman, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$150.
Ed. Custer, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., \$600.
J. Oblasser, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$900.
Nichols & Bennett, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$249.

Mortgages Discharged.

E. J. Baldwin, hotel, wines, etc., San Francisco, Cal., \$40,000.
F. A. Moore, saloon, Salida, Colo., \$2800.
J. H. Holderman, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$1600.
F. W. Smith, saloon, San Jose, Cal., \$1400.
M. Kehoe, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1200.
R. Gilbride, saloon, Healdsburg, Cal., \$1000.
M. Byrne, hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$1500.
L. Alarmer, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$—.
P. Leon, hotel, etc., Windcor, Cal., \$1500.
A. Zicovich, restaurant, San Jose, Cal., \$6000.
D. Hennelly, saloon, Fresno, Cal., \$600.
O. M. Le Febre, hotel, Bloomfield, Cal., \$1900.
A. Ritchie, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$300.
Jas. Byrne, saloon and hotel, Stockton, Cal., \$2000.
T. O. Abbott, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., \$39,885.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

M. Laib & Co., saloon, Spokane, Wash., judgment against Laib \$34.
Smith & Gill, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$158.
U. S. Brewing Co., Tacoma, Wash., judgment vs them \$546.
N. P. Oakes, restaurant, Riverside, Cal., sued to foreclose \$500.
F. A. Domke, saloon, Spokane, Wash., judgment against him \$656.
M. J. Mooney, restaurant, Seattle, Wash., sued \$1706.
J. A. Gross, saloon, Albany, Or., sued.
R. S. Perkins, hotel, Portland, Or., sued \$2033.
G. L. Angevine, saloon, Spokane, Wash., sued \$386.
Chas. Frank, saloon, Portland, Or., mortgage foreclosed.
Wm. Eblen, saloon, Baker City, Or., mortgage foreclosed \$793.
Donau Brewing Co., Tacoma, Wash., sued \$163.
H. Barthel, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$1140.
M. K. Gottstein, wholesale liquors, Seattle, Wash., sued \$1000.
W. H. Fife, hotel, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$1350.

Miscellaneous.

Kapp & Kirchner, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.
J. Stahler, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.
N. Hart, saloon, Anaheim, Cal., filed homestead.
Chas. Van Dorn, saloon, Boise City, Idaho, receiver appointed.
Fremont House, Oakland, Cal., leased to M. J. Emmons.

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Liquor Flavors

WILLIAM H. RUDKIN,

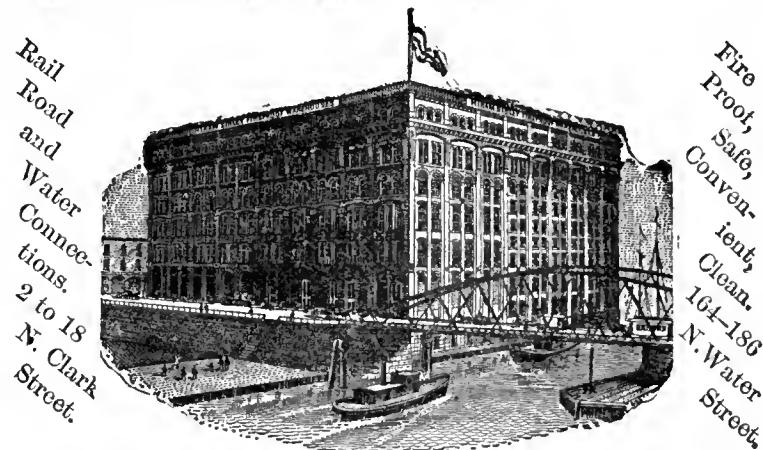
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THE HIRAM SIBLEY FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSES.

STORAGE

GRAPE BRANDIES IN BOND; also for CALIFORNIA WINES, CHAMPAGNES, DRIED FRUITS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. We receive, store, pay tax, deliver or re-ship to any part of the country at reasonable rates. Direct all correspondence to

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CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY,

Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

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GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

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419 and 421 Sansome St., Bet. Commercial and Clay Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

"OLD TAYLOR"

THE PREMIER KENTUCKY WHISKY.

E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, - Frankfort, Ky

LARGEST DISTILLERS
OF PURE BRANDY
IN THE WORLD.

WALDEN

Trade



COGNAC

Mark.

DISTILLERIES:
GEYSERVILLE AND
ST. HELENA, CAL.

WALDEN.

This Brandy, made after the French formula, from selected fresh grapes, has been successfully introduced, and is now regularly sold in the principal markets of Europe, in competition with French Cognac. Official German and English chemists have pronounced it the purest Brandy which comes to their markets.

It is especially suited for the drug trade and others, where purity is demanded. While abroad these goods successfully compete, paying same duties as the French. The American buyer has the advantage in price, between the Internal Revenue tax assessed here and the custom duties on foreign brandies. Samples will be sent on application.

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Eastern Office, 41 Beaver Street, New York.

GEYSERVILLE, SONOMA COUNTY, CAL.

NATOMA VINEYARD CO.

TABLE GRAPES, TOKAYS, MUSCATS, ETC.

Red and White Wines and Brandies.

Vineyards, Winery and Distillery,

Natoma, Sacramento County, Cal.

C. H. SCHUSSLER, Supt.

Principal Office,

508 California St., San Francisco.

D. HENSHAW WARD, Gen. Mgr.

MAX. M. HALLE,

Distillers' Agent and Commission Merchant,

142 W. MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Special Attention Paid to the Unbonding and Shipping of Whiskies,
and the Placing of Insurance.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.	
QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00 7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00 7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00 6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	6.00
Angelica.....	5.50	6.00
Muscadel.....	5.50	6.00
Sherry.....	6.00	6.00
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	12.00

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	9.00
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscadel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi Feher Hun Type "1885.....	4.00
Port, 1884.....	5.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel, '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red ".....	10.00
***Green ".....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' n Verl '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberger type.....	6.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.	
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00 \$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00 4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50 4.50
Port.....	5.50 6.50
Angelica.....	5.50 6.50
Sherry.....	5.50 6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00 11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00 \$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Cognac.....	12.00 13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00 6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00 6.00
Riesling.....	4.00 5.00
Sweet Muscadel, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00 9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00 13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00 5.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50 5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50 5.00
Angelica.....	4.50 5.00
Sherry.....	4.50 5.00
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00 8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00 6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberger.....	5.00 6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50 5.50
" ".....	4.00 5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00 7.00
" "Haut.....	4.50 5.50
" ".....	4.00 5.00
Chablis.....	4.00 5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50 4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00 6.00
Beclan.....	5.00 6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00 9.00
La Granada.....	8.00 9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00 8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50 8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50 13.50
Madeira.....	5.00 6.00
Malaga.....	5.00 6.00
Muscadel.....	5.00 6.00
Angelica.....	5.00 6.00
Tokay.....	5.00 6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00 7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50 6.50
Port, 1876.....	5.00 6.00
" 1883.....	12.00 13.00
" 1886.....	6.00 7.00
Grape Brandy.....	4.00 5.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	9.00 10.00
Strawberry ".....	10.00 11.00
Cognac.....	14.00 15.00
".....	12.00 13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25 \$4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50 7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00
Old Sherry.....	6.00

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chance, Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	10.00
Retour d'Europe.....	9.00	10.00
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	10.00
Retour d'Europe.....	9.00	10.00
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00 \$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50 4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50 5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50 5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75 4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00
Sherry.....	7.50
Angelica.....	6.00
Muscadel.....	6.00
Madeira.....	6.00
Malaga.....	6.00
Brandy.....	10.00

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscadel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00 \$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00
Malaga.....	8.00
Cognac.....	14.00

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50 \$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50 \$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00 13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50 12.00
" " Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Ka'on Sec.....	\$12.00 \$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00 12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (L'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00 17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.	
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00 \$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums per case.....	31.00
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50 32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50 27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00 22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00 22.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Carte Blanche.....	31.00 33.00
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WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

	QUARTS.	PINTS
Pommery Sec.....	\$4.00	\$56.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special".....	\$40 in cases of 4 doz.	

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry Vergey.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Curvec.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY,
De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.

Briton Sec.....	\$28.00	30.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00	32.0

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.
(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paullac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Palm, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Cbat. Beycheville, 1881.....	15.00
Ducru Beauchailou, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Canteac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margeux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cu villier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paullac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Mouton Rothschild '80.....	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romanee, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50


WHITE WINES.
(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	9.25
Vin de Graves, 1878.....	10.50
Barsac, 1878.....	11.00
Haut Sauternes, 1874.....	17.50
Chateau Yquem, 1874.....	30.50

(H. Cu villier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	11.50
Chateau Giraud, 1884.....	27.50
" La Tour Blanche '84.....	27.00

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



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Sacramento, Cal.

Branch:
412 419 MONTGOMERY ST.
San Francisco.

Eastern Branch
42 MURRAY STREET,
New York.


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Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

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Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of France.


Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
656-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

1899
NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
30 South William Street, New York.
Sole Manufacturers of the
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
N. B. — Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless
as Substitutes.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, CLARET,
ANGELICA, SAUTERNE,
ZINFANDEL, SHERRY,
HOCK, MUSCAT,
PORT, RIESLING,
TOKAY, GUTEDL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.

Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE
San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

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No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault, President San Gabriel Wine Co.
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK. SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

JOS. MELCZER & CO.
Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

C. CARPY & CO.,

Proprietors

Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM

515-517 Sacramento St., - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.CARPY & MAUBEC,
18 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.**RONALD G. McMILLAN,**

—Manufacturer and Dealer in—

Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,

TELEPHONE 87.

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San Francisco.

A. MALPAS, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDL.
SHERRY, RIESLING,
FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

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GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
See Price List in "Prices Current."

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

—Established 1854.—

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIESVineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.41-45 Broadway,
New York.**Lachman & Jacobi,**

—DEALERS IN—

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No.2, New York.

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Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky

**CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,**

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HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

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NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

22-28 Taylor St., San Francisco, Cal.

California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at

ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

 These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

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 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 UNION CLUB BOURBON
 GOLD MEDAL BOURBON
 323-325 Market St., S. F.

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Hencken & Schroder,
 — SUCCESSORS TO —
HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors.
Sole Agents for Dr. Schröder's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.
 Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

JOHN LUTGEN, H. P. WICHMAN,
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.
 Manufacturers and
 Proprietors of
Dr. Foerster's ALPINE
Stomach Bitters.
 318-320 Clay St.
 Bet. Front & Battery,
 San Francisco.

D. V. B. HENABIE,
E. MARTIN & CO.,
 — IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE —
LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
 408 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
J. F. CUTTER AND ARGONAUT OLD BOURBONS.

THE CELEBRATED
PERUVIAN BITTERS.
 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
WILMERDING & CO., AGENTS.
 216 California St., - San Francisco, Cal.
 Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne.

Hey, Grauerholz & Co.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR —
NAVY CROCKETT WHISKY.
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 215 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

P. J. CASSIN & CO.,
 — IMPORTERS OF PURE —
Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies
Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
 — WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —
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 433 BATTERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Kuhls, Schwarke & Co.
 Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.
California Wines and Brandies.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
O.K. Goldwater Bourbon & Rye Whiskies.
 123-129 Sutter St., Cor. Kearny, - - San Francisco, Cal.

D. FRITSCH, C. CELLARIUS,
Thomas Taylor & Co.
 — DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN —
WINES AND LIQUORS
 — Sole Agents for —
Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
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A. Werner & Co.,
NEW YORK.



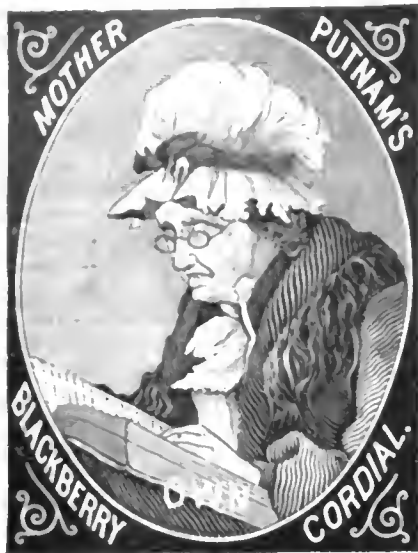
SPARKLING
WINE

ONLY.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			50		38½									
Glen Springs.....													Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....			65		40								Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....	75		65		50			210						
Hackly, S. O.....		65	60	47½	42½					235				
Hanning, Jno.....		55	50										Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....			47½					215		235				
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	80	60	52½											
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....			50											
Hermitage.....		90	85	72½	67½					275			Fall 81 325	
Hill & Hill.....	72½		60		36									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co)	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			50	40	40								Spr 82 265	
Indian Hill.....														
Jessamine.....														
Jockey Club.....					40									
Kellar, A.....		57½	50		38½									
Kentucky Club.....			65	52½	50			215		235				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....			52½		32¼									
Kentucky Cyclone.....					37½									
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			55	42½	40				210					
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			55		37½									
Limestone.....			50											
McBrayer, J. A.....								225						
McBrayer, J. H.....			57½											
McBrayer, W. H.....			92½	70	77½								Spr 82 275	D W
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			47½	40	35			207½		225			Spr 81 275	
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			47½	40	37½					215			Spr 84 235	
Mattingly & Moore.....														
Mayfield.....			60	47½	45								Spr 81 300	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	70	57½	55	42½	40			207½					Fall 81 275	
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50		35					215				
Monarch, M. V.....			62½		50			225						
Monarch, R.....			65	52½	45					225				N Y C H
Monarch, T. J.....			55		45			265		235		245	Spr 81 300	
Moore, D. L.....					38½									
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....		60	50	45						115	E G		Spr 81 285	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....														
Nelson.....		60	50	40	37½								Spr 81 275	
New Castle.....	62½													
New Hope.....					47½								Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....		55	52½											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½			210						
O. F. C.....			75	60	57½			245					Spr 84 295	
Old Charter.....			50		31½									
Old Crow.....		100	95		69½			265		282½		300	Spr 84 325	
Old Lexington Club.....			50		32½									
Old Log Cabin.....														
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			80					260		275		325	Spr 84 350	
Old Oscar Pepper.....	100		75		60			250					Spr 84 325	
Old Tarr.....			57½					205					Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....			47½											
Old Times.....			47½	37½	32½	32½							Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....			45	42½										
Peacock.....			55				35							
Pepper, R. P.....		55											Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....					60	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		35									
Richwood.....		60	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy, T. B.....		65	57½	45	42½					235			Spr 81 300	L C H
Rohrer, D.....	60				35			200						
Rolling Fork.....			260											

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Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

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DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



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Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
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"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

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FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

—And to—

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For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

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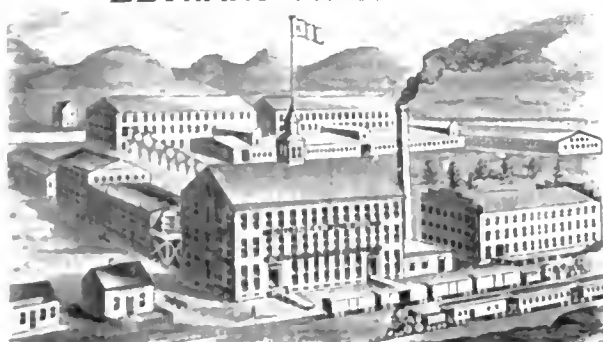
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ANDERSON & NELSON DIST. CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON DIST. CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenanne. Jessamine. Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	THE R. F. BALKE DIST. CO. Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	RYES.	
MELLWOOD DIST. CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
OLD TIMES DIST. CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
BELLE OF NELSON DIST. CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.	THOMPSON DIST. CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
		SUSQUEHANNA DIST. CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
		NORMANDY DIST. CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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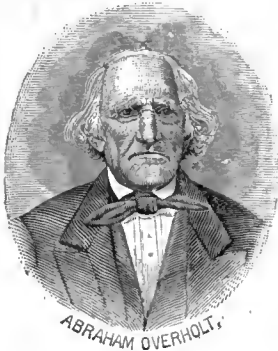
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No. 6 West Third Street,

Cincinnati, O.

EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....	115		87½	80	75	67½								
Bridgeport.....	100	90	77½	60	55	50				245				
Brookdale.....	85		70		55									
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	82½	75	62½	52½									
Dougherty.....	110		85	75	62½	57½								
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	105	92½	82½	67½	62½	60	57½		267½					
Frontier.....			57½											
Gibson.....	122½		82½	65	60									
Guckenheimer.....	93½	82½	75	62½	55½	51½			242½		295	310	Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....		97½	85	75	67½	60			285	305	330	350		
Jones, G. W.....	75	67½	62½	55	47½	40								
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....	100	90	65	62½	52½									
Melvale.....														
Monticello.....	102½		82½		57½									
Montrose.....	75	65	57½		40	37½								
Moore, Tom.....														
Mt. Vernon.....	125	105		75	70	60			295	315	345			
Orient.....		82½	67½	65	47½	45								
Overholt.....	115	90	72½	65	57½				265	285	310		Spr 80	700
Sherwood.....	100	85	77½	62½	62½	50								
Somerset.....	65	57½	50	45	42½	35								
Stewart.....				60		50								
Tompson, Sam.....				62½	52½	45								
Vandegrift.....				60	50	45								



Established 1810.

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Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

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West Brownsville, Pa.

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Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, Semillon, Verdot, Merlot, Beelan, Petit Syrah, Franken Riesling, Johannisberg Riesling, Mondeuse, Muscadet du Bordelaise,

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First-class Cuttings of any of the above for Rootings or Grafts will be supplied at \$6.00 per thousand on board cars

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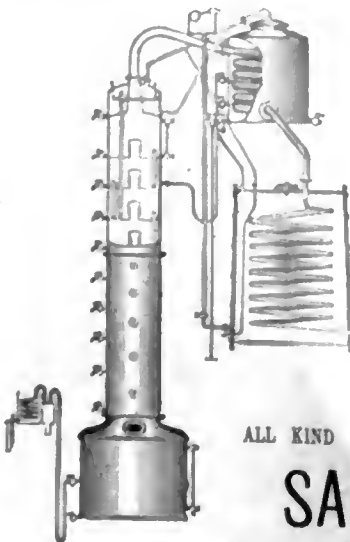
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2x2--4 Feet Long, 2x2--5 Feet Long,
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Which will be sold at reasonable rates.

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IMPORTANT TO DISTILLERS AND WINE MAKERS.

This cut represents our latest Improved Continuous Still which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical, easily operated and separates the aldehyde and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and reduces the cost fully twenty per cent in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

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Newest Improved Continuous Still
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Prices Low as Any.

This cut represents the latest improvement in continuous stills, and a glance at the construction of it in comparison with any other still manufactured, will convince any practical distiller of its immense superiority over all others. I claim the following points of superiority: 1st. The amount of heat in my still is only two per cent, thus affecting an enormous saving in steam and fuel. 2d. Distilling double amount of any other still. 3d. Facility of handling and regulating. 4th. Simplicity of construction.

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Celebrated Belle of Bourbon.

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An unsurpassed ingredient for wines; an excellent corrigent of any unpleasant taste; entirely innocuous.

Saccharine has very valuable anti-fermentative and antiseptic properties. An addition to an alcoholic solution of 0.005 per cent Saccharine stops the fermentation entirely, also the formation of mould and vinegar acid. Testimonials by authorities and any further information will be cheerfully furnished by applying to

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Sole Licensees for the United States of America,

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

*We have fully established the reputation of these whiskies on the Pacific Coast, and we guarantee them as represented***STRICTLY PURE.**

—When given a trial they speak for themselves. For sale in quantities to suit at—

LOUISVILLE OR SAN FRANCISCO BY

MOORE, HUNT & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS PACIFIC COAST,

404 FRONT ST., - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

MOORE & SELLIGER,

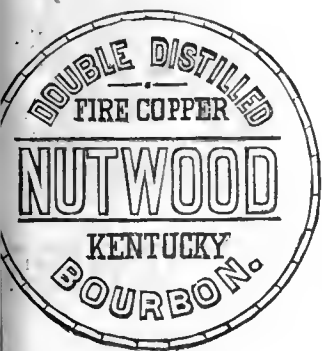
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BELMONT and ASTOR are distilled from finest of grain and purest of water upon the Hand Made Sour Mash Process. Each and every barrel guaranteed to be strictly pure and free from any must.



The NUTWOOD is a strictly old fashioned "Fire Copper" Sweet Mash Whisky, in the distillation of which we guarantee the use of 40 per cent small grain, giving to the Whisky a heavy body and excellent flavor, which, for compounding purposes, is unexcelled in Kentucky.



The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

MOORE & SELLIGER.

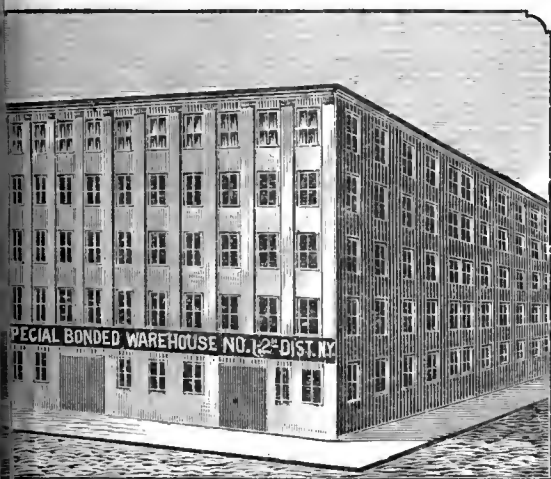
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SECOND DISTRICT, NEW YORK.

J. D. W. SHERMAN, PROPRIETOR.

FREE STORAGE.

CONDITIONAL. Shippers sending their Brandy to me to sell, I am offering as a guarantee to them to pay freight and cartage and make no charge for storage until the Brandy is sold and transferred to purchaser. Only restrictions on above being that shippers price to effect sale shall be a fair market price.



39 & 43 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

ED. MURPHY & CO.,

— DISTILLERS OF —

"The Belle of Anderson County"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky.

Pure Fire Copper Whisky, made from the best of Grain and Cold Lime Stone Spring Water in the Old-Fashioned Way by Mashing in Small Tubs, and yeasting back pure sour mash. Whisky unbonded by us and shipped F. O. B. on boats free of charge

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OLD "PEPPER" WHISKY

Distilled only by *Jas. E. Pepper & Co.*, Lexington, Ky., under the same formula for more than 100 years, is the *Purest and Best in the World*. "Pepper" Whisky is an old-fashioned whisky, made in the old-time way from a *Formula* used more than 100 years by three generations of the Pepper family. It is made from *selected rye, barley and corn*. The material is mashed by hand, one bushel at a time, in small tubs, nearly one thousand of which are constantly required for the purpose. No yeast is employed to secure an unnatural fermentation or large yield, and we single and double through *copper stills over open fires*. All the water used is from the celebrated "*Holston Spring*" on our premises, which is the largest *natural spring of pure limestone water* in central Kentucky. Our cooperage is the best and of our own manufacture. Perfect storage warehouses. Our *MR. JAMES E. PEPPER* is the only one of his name who has been engaged in the distilling business in Kentucky for over twenty years, and therefore any whisky offered to the trade as genuine "*Pepper*" whisky is *fraudulent* unless distilled by us.

JAS. E. PEPPER & CO.

Luyties Brothers,

Model Mammoth Wine Cellars

Under Approach of Brooklyn Bridge, Block E. & G.

ENTRANCES WILLIAM AND ROSE STREETS.

STORAGE WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION DEPARTMENT

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Choice California

100 to 108 O'FARRELL STREET,
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Wines & Brandies

Silver Medal Awarded at
PARIS EXPOSITION, 1889

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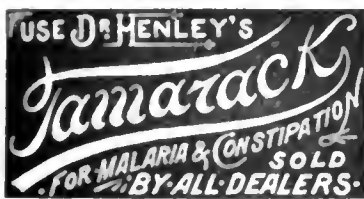
BODE & HASLETT,
PROPRIETORS

June 12, '90

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Special facilities for the Storage of Grape and Fruit Brandy. Lowest Rates of Storage and Insurance. Also Proprietors of the Greenwich Dock United States Bonded Warehouse, and the Battery Street Free Warehouses for General Storage.

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TAMARACK AND I. X. L. BITTERS.



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Liquor Flavors

WILLIAM H. RUDKIN,

74 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

A Complete Catalogue will be forwarded by mail on receipt of business card.

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Rail
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Connections.
2 to 18
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Fire
Proof,
Safe,
Convenient,
Clean.
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Street.

THE HIRAM SIBLEY FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSES.

STORAGE

GRAPE BRANDIES IN BOND; also for CALIFORNIA WINES, CHAMPAGNE, DRIED FRUITS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. We receive, store, pay tax, deliver or re-ship to any part of the country at reasonable rates. Direct all correspondence to

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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 7. SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 4, 1891. \$3.00 PER YEAR

Issued Semi-Monthly.
R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.
WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the Importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

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Sole Agent for Pennsylvania and North-western New York.

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THE MARKET.

CALIFORNIA WINES—Notwithstanding the complaints that are made by the trade, the movement of wines eastward is exceedingly heavy. The March shipments were very large and while the April movement will not attain such proportions it will still be large. The movement from the country to the vaults in San Francisco is also heavy and yet the producers are complaining that it is next to impossible to make sales. Considering the monthly receipts for the first four months of the year, this is hardly to be believed and is only to be accounted for by that interior holders are already preparing for the of 1891 and think that the cooerage will not be equal to the occasion.

The market is in the same old rut that it has been for months past and the only encouraging feature is the support given to the leading cased goods houses.

Receipts of wine at San Francisco in April were 1,295,820 gallons. Exports by sea during the past fortnight were 193 cases and 66,606 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—Strength is noticeable in the market. Holders have very decided views as to the value of their goods and are not by any means in a hurry to dispose of what they have. Prices range about fifty cents for '90 goods. Receipts during the month of April from the interior were 45,350 gallons. Exports by sea during the past fortnight to domestic Eastern ports were 2 cases and 946 gallons. Exports to foreign ports were 2 cases and 6,221 gallons.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—The local market is as brisk; the Spring trade being at its height. Few if any houses are reporting anything but an increase over the business of last year at the corresponding period. The fact that a good year seems assured the State in all branches of production and business, is very encouraging to business. The dealers are watching the Eastern situation closely. Exports during the past fortnight were 131 cases and 466 gallons. Receipts by rail for the corresponding period were 741 barrels and 180 half barrels. Receipts of spirits aggregated only 444 barrels.

YES—Are doing well in the general Spring rush. The reception which has met the introduction of many new brands is very assuring to the distillers.

SNOBS!

Snobs!
William H. L. Barnes, *passee* lawyer.
Marcus D. Boruck, *passee* small politician.
Al. Bouvier, song and dance purveyor.
Snobs!
Why?

It is a short story and easily told. These individuals, by common report and common consent, were the active members of the Harrison Banquet Committee. They were supposed to get up a loyal California and loyal American banquet for the President.

But did they?
Not at all. After several days resistance they put California wines on, but "did not recognize brands for fear of advertising some one." They did not have the same fear regarding foreign wines.

They partially succeeded in discrediting native wines by lumping all as California "sherry," "claret," etc., assuming that no producer or merchant has a brand worthy of a place on the list.

But worse than all they outraged all decency by attempting to draw the line at California champagne.

No one objects to the presence of the foreign champagnes, but the California producers were entitled to the distinction of having their brands mentioned as well.

It was only after a desperate stand against public opinion that California wines had a place at all.
Snobs!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of our readers is drawn to the following new advertisements:

- Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Eastern Wines and Champagnes.
- The Thompson & Norris Co., Bottle Packing.
- Delafield, McGovern & Co., California Wines and Brandies.
- California Viticultural Cafe and Restaurant.

MAJOR GARDNER'S ERRORS.

In the last issue of the *Review* we published the remainder or rather the introduction of Major Gardner's remarkable "Bulletin" on Viticulture in the United States. It was published not as a document of any value to the producers of California, but as a literary curiosity as far as our part of the industry is concerned. If this is the sort of statistics we are to have from the Census Officials it were better that California were not represented at all.

We know perfectly well how Major Gardner collected the "statistics" concerning California. He came out here, sojourned at the various hotels, picked up a little information, guessed at what he could not readily gather about hotel offices, real estate offices and bars and enjoyed himself generally. Here are some of his magnificent results:

First. All wine produced in California worth nineteen cents per gallon, irrespective of county.

Second. All grapes worth \$17.66 per ton whether for wine, table or raisin purposes.

Third. Sutter county, the banner county in the State in the yield per acre, the average in that county being placed at 2.9 tons.

Fourth. A ridiculously incorrect estimate of county acreages, acreage in bearing and not bearing.

To further illustrate Major Gardner's mistakes we propose to run a parallel showing just what value can be placed on the Major's figures. At random we compare some of his estimates with the actual figures obtained by the Viticultural Commissioners after an expensive personal canvass.

	Major Gardner.	Actual.
Fresno county, total acres.....	19,750	49,500
" " bearing acres.....	16,000	23,324
" " non bearing acres.....	3,750	26,176
Kern county, total acres.....	937	1,200
" " bearing acres.....	750	.....
" " non bearing acres.....	187	1,200
Merced county, bearing acres.....	2,014	637
" " non bearing.....	128	1,218
Tulare county, total acres.....	5,375	9,919
" " bearing.....	4,500	2,597
" " non bearing.....	875	7,322
Napa county, total acres.....	20,763	18,229
" " bearing.....	16,611	17,003
" " non bearing.....	4,152	1,227
" " total tons grapes.....	24,916	51,361
Sonoma county, total acres.....	26,104	22,683
" " bearing.....	21,683	21,053
" " non bearing.....	5,421	1,630
" " tons grapes.....	32,524	41,013

This is just a sample of what the Major has done. Were we employed to correct his acreages and paid liberally to do so, we might make the Government statistics worth something. Now turn to the matter of "wine produced."

Major Gardner has Alameda county down for 1,000,000 gallons of wine from 9,150 tons of grapes sold to wineries. At the ordinary ratio of 140 gallons per ton it should be 1,281,000 gallons. Alameda went away above that in the census year.

Amador is down for 80,000 gallons, Butte for 32,000, Inyo for 7600, Kern for 6000, Marin for 41,600, San Diego for 30,000, Shasta for 25,000, Sutter for 35,400 and Tulare for 15,000 (it actually has but 45 acres in wine grapes). Where is the wine?

On the contrary Yolo is down for 255,200 gallons, while Yuba, including George Sieber's winery is down for but 13,200 gallons. We would hardly be convinced that Napa produced only 3,000,000 gallons from 51,000 tons of grapes or that Sonoma could show only 1,756,300 gallons.

As for San Joaquin, we will charitably pass that by. George West & Son's splendid winery alone makes 400,000 gallons annually and George West is not by any means the only wine maker in the county. The versatile Major makes the county produce 160,000 gallons.

We think the best that Superintendent Porter can do is to call in the Major's Bulletin. It was prepared by a man who knows nothing about California or its viticulture. Of the accuracy of his statements about the east we are not in a position to judge, but as for California's portion we unhesitatingly call it a most miserable hodge podge.

Some days ago we received a marked file of the *Chicago Tribune*, calling attention to some of Gardner's errors. If the *Tribune* and its authority, Mr. Eugene J. Cantin had said that the entire report was in error as far as our State is concerned he would have come much nearer the truth than is commonly supposed.

The errors in the Major's Report are so glaring that we have addressed the following letter on the subject to Superintendent Porter of the Census inclosing the above remarks.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23, 1891.

Hon. R. P. Porter, Superintendent of Census, Washington, D. C. Sir: Enclosed please find the proof of an editorial on the Bulletin of Viticulture, recently published by your office. This editorial is to appear in the *Review* of May 3rd. This Bulletin was prepared by Major H. Gardner of Hammondsport, N. Y. While we do not know anything about his Eastern figures it is grossly inaccurate as far as California is concerned. We invite your attention to a few of the comparisons we have made and assure you that they are not at all unfair.

The single fact that the value of all grapes is set at \$17.66 per ton is enough to discredit the entire report. Any one knowing the market conditions here would not need to be told that it was wholly unreliable. Who for instance would contend that the grapes of Sonoma which are almost exclusively wine grapes had the same market value as those of Placer county for instance, which are almost entirely the table varieties, or of Fresno which are grown for raisins. Speaking for the entire industry we think that a great injustice has been done us and it is one which we hope to see corrected (and at a small expense can be corrected) before the final reports are published.

Very Truly Yours,

R. M. Wood & Co.

EXTEND THE BONDED PERIOD

T. M. Gilmore has again raised the agitation looking to making the bonded period unlimited. The Kentucky distillers have a crisis ahead of them and they are looking to Congress to assist them out of their difficulties. All now recognize that the '90 production was away and above requirements, considering how the production of this season has thus far run out of all bounds. There is relief for all if Congress will extend the bonded period; if not it may be that exportation will be resorted to.

Gilmore's plan is to have the whisky distillers and the high wine men get together and decide upon some concerted plan of action. The former want above all things a longer bonded period the latter, a reduction of the internal revenue tax to fifty cents per gallon. Gilmore thinks that they can work harmoniously on some such plan as that, but we are harassed with doubts.

What possible objection there can be to extending the period to say four years, or even making it unlimited, we cannot see. It is a measure which is calculated to advance to a great degree the average quality of the whiskies offered to the public. It has in its favor, every consideration of health and good public policy and it will do away with that curious anomaly in our trade which practically fines a man at the end of three years for having in his possession, whiskies which he has not sent out of the country.

Of the high wine proposition to reduce the tax to fifty cents nothing can be said in its favor. We look upon that ninety cent tax as one form of high license, and a very admirable one it is too. We know that the brandy distillers of this state would rather see it two dollars per gallon. Reduce it and the license would be lowered. Abolish it altogether—a measure which all will oppose—and this country will go on a national drunk for five years which end in National prohibition.

Every nerve and effort will be strained by the producers in this direction to prevent any tampering with the internal revenue tax. What little influence this Coast has, will be thrown in the interest of extension. The measure has always been favorably discussed and any opportunity to secure it would be eagerly seized.

EXPORTING WINES TO FRANCE.

The exportation of California wines to France has been often agitated and yet never actually put into practice on a large scale. There has been much talk of obtaining a regular and good market for the wines in such quantities as would do away with the actual annual surplus production, and even induce further planting of vines.

An open market exists which will take all the wine California can supply, paying a price that leaves a reasonable profit to the wine growers. That market is in France, and as one simple example of the importance of the wine trade, it can be stated that during the year 1890, while the United States from the Pacific to the Atlantic only consumed forty millions of gallons—including California and imported wines—Paris alone received in her immense warehouses and quays of Berey, one hundred millions of gallons, or twice and a half as much as the whole of the United States. Then come the two other important markets of Certe and Bordeaux, at least as important as Paris. During the last four months of every year, over fifty millions of gallons are thrown on the Certe market imported principally from Spain, Algeria, Majorca and Dalmatia. Bordeaux also receives almost as much, but principally from Portugal, Algeria and Dalmatia and less from Spain. Bordeaux only takes the good Alicante, Valencia and Tarragona wines, whereas Certe absorbs everything from wine for blending purposes down to a colored liquid made from the juice of the grape, but which is only good for distilling purposes and sold by the alcoholic degree according to its strength.

Last year a prominent wine firm in Certe having heard about California wines, concluded to try them, and ascertain whether they could compete with other wines or what they could be blended with: In one word, if they could be sold for a price on the market which would lead to a regular business. Three casks were ordered and sent over by a large wine firm here. One cask was Zinfandel, one claret and one Hock; all of the vintage 1889. These wines went by way of Panama and Hamburg, and back to Dunkerque, Paris and Certe—almost a three months run, with several transshipments. On their arrival they were tested by the most qualified merchants in Certe and found to be very much superior in taste (the bouquet having been developed during the voyage) to what had been previously received in bottles. They had thus been greatly benefited by the voyage.

This was the first important point in their favor. The second point was that the blends obtained with several French ordinary and medium wines, produced a good average quality of wines, which could, when placed on to the market, have their own denomination and value, competing with the very best Spanish. It was found that what was missing in alcoholic strength was gained in bouquet. The Alicante and Priorata averages thirteen to fourteen per cent of alcohol whereas the California only average eleven and a half to twelve and a half.

Another point in favor of the California wines is the amount of "Extrait sec" they contain, running from twenty-six to twenty-nine grammes per litre. Of course the higher the alcoholic degree obtained, the better; at least up to fifteen degrees which is the maximum allowed by the French customs at the regular duty of four francs, fifty centimes per hectolitre.

A great drawback to shipments is the distance and the defective communications with Europe. Those lines which already exist either by way of Panama, or New Orleans, or New York, charge such excessive freight rates that large shipments become all but impossible. Of course sailing vessels might be used, but that involves months of time. Moreover, as no line of sailing vessels goes regularly to the Mediterranean, it would become necessary in case of effecting sales to load one ship completely which means that at least one thousand puncheons at a time would have to be shipped. Australia is far ahead of California in this respect, as large quantities of wines are sent regularly to England and France by steamer at a far lower rate than we can obtain from San Francisco by sailing vessel.

These difficulties might be overcome were there not another and greater one. If not met immediately, it will put a complete stop to all exportations of California wines to France. The French Government as a retaliation for the McKinley Bill which placed prohibitory duties on some of France's leading articles of exportation, has raised the actual duty on California wines from four francs fifty centimes per hectolitre, (about three and a quarter cents per gallon) to thirteen francs or nearly ten cents per gallon. This is almost as much as the wines is worth; it being un-

derstood I am only speaking about ordinary good quality of Zinfandel and claret. Should such duties be maintained and the United States Government not enter into immediate negotiations with France, with a view of making such concessions as are necessary to prevent the increase of an already sufficiently high duty, to a rate which means prohibition, many of the wine growers in California will have nothing left them but to pull up their vines and plant potatoes, which at least will always find consumers in the United States and Central American republics and on which the McKinley Bill cannot have such disastrous effects.

With facilities of transport at a moderate rate, and with duty which does not mean prohibition, but allows the delivery of California wines on the French markets at a price which can compete with the best Spanish wines, the sale of all the ordinary wines that may be produced from one vintage to another is assured.

I will make the consideration of better class wines the subject of another article.

J. Pankhard

San Francisco, April 23, 1891.

HILGARD'S COSTLY STUDENTS.

We have received the Annual Register of the University of California for 1890-91. A portion of it is set aside for an elaborate description of Prof. Hilgard's College of Agriculture (and alleged college of Viticulture.) This is the outfit that costs the State of California over \$30,000 per year and from which no practical results in viniculture for practical men are ever attained. This year the "College" has eleven students of which one is a Freshman, one a Sophomore, three are "at large," five "special" and one "limited." Two of the eleven are from Mexico and four of the others are from that intensely agricultural county, San Francisco.

The Berkeley Viticultural College is a truly remarkable institution.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for January.....	830,675	108,100
Total for February.....	954,318	44,795
Total for March.....	997,085	47,055
April 1.....	25,840	2,570
" 2.....	48,000	1,240
" 3.....	49,610	2,100
" 4.....	91,010	820
" 6.....	60,380	2,400
" 7.....	50,000	4,800
" 8.....	39,670	440
" 9.....	24,670	960
" 10.....	36,080	290
" 11.....	67,780	3,660
" 13.....	46,820	2,060
" 14.....	35,120	2,000
" 15.....	25,970	100
" 16.....	62,870	8,080
" 17.....	32,590	800
" 18.....	74,950	280
" 20.....	48,370	1,500
" 21.....	125,800	100
" 22.....	43,280	680
" 23.....	63,660	.....
" 24.....	31,810	4,140
" 25.....	34,950	.....
" 27.....	33,550	1,200
" 28.....	53,620	120
" 29.....	33,290	150
" 30.....	56,130	4,860
Total for April.....	1,295,820	45,350

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No 4. H. W. Crabb of Oakville.

Among all the wine producers of California none stand higher in public estimation than H. W. Crabb of Oakville, whose portrait accompanies this sketch. A skillful wine maker, an able man in handling his wines and placing them before the public, and a most unselfish man in his willingness to impart the knowledge he has gained through years of costly experience, he commands the esteem of all classes, merchants and producers alike.

Mr. Crabb is a native of Jefferson county, Ohio, and was born in 1828. When he was a mere child his parents moved to Adams county in that State, and there the years of his boyhood and early manhood were spent. He came to California in 1853 and tried his luck at gold mining, remaining three months at Auburn and then three months at Nevada City. Tiring of what proved an unremunerative employment, he returned to the bay country and in 1854 located at Haywards. First he tried grain raising and then set out fruit, succeeding fairly well with both. While in Haywards he was elected to an assessorship which is the first public office he ever had, and the last he ever wanted.

After residing fourteen years at Haywards, Mr. Crabb decided to remove to the Napa Valley, and in that year he purchased the place which he now owns at Oakville. Year after year vines were set out until the total area in vines reached about 360 acres. The first winery was erected in 1872, but it was soon found to be small and additions were made from year to year.

At present, Mr. Crabb has one of the most complete wineries and distilleries in the State. His wine vaults are commodious, accommodating over 800,000 gallons of wine and his stock of old wines is one of the most extensive to be found in the country. His present annual production is not as large as it was some years ago, the phylloxera having decimated part of his vineyard; but re-planting with resistant stocks is going on every year, and it will not be long until the former area is restored.

Mr. Crabb has done inestimable service to the producers of the State in the way of testing varieties of grapes and his experiences will be of value as long as the industry exists. Beginning in 1874, he made it his invariable rule to secure and test every variety which he could obtain in any manner. He had at one time on his place over four hundred varieties, and carefully tested

all, both as to the quantity of grapes produced and the quality of wine made. He distributed varieties all over the State free of expense and cheerfully gave to those about to engage in viticulture, the results of his observations. In that way he conferred a lasting boon on all engaged in the industry and added very materially to the vineyards of the State. At one time he probably had the largest collection of vines in the world; this being just after the Gardens of Luxembourg in France had been destroyed by the phylloxera.

About six years ago after the Viticultural National Convention in New York, he decided to place his wines on the market under his own name, and bearing the now familiar brand of "To-Kalon," the name of his place. An agency was established in Washington, which after some changes of management, is now one of the most successful in the East operated by a producer. This was followed by another in Chicago, which is now ably conducted by Capt. C. E. Shillaber. The New Orleans agent is P. N. Verneuille. J. L. Davis & Co. are agents in San Francisco and have surprised the old hands at the business with their ability and energy. There are also agencies in Minneapolis, Seattle, San Diego and Kansas City.

Mr. Crabb is a firm believer in the cased goods and family trade. He does not aim to obtain a large bulk trade but rather at placing a fine quality of wine before the consumers direct, at reasonable prices. This policy has proved a first-class one ever in the earliest stages and he is very sanguine of a large extension of business as time goes on.

Mr. Crabb has been unusually successful in competing for prizes offered for the quality of wine. He was awarded a medal at the Paris Exposition, several in the East and in California the prizes and awards that have been made to him are numbered by the score.

Personally he is a spare man, below the medium height. In demeanor he is quiet, but is pleasant and genial after long acquaintance. His one great weakness is horses and these he loves with all the warmth of a horseman's heart. He has fifteen highly bred animals in his stables, and not the least part of his outfit is a three quarter mile track on his place which has few superiors in the State, affording every opportunity for training and speeding his pets.

LIVERMORE PRODUCERS.

The wine producers of the Livermore Valley met in the Livermore Town Hall on the 23d ult. Every prominent producer of the Valley was present or represented. After a long discussion, it was decided to organize, and a temporary organization was effected.

The following resolutions relative to the Sweet Wine law were adopted:

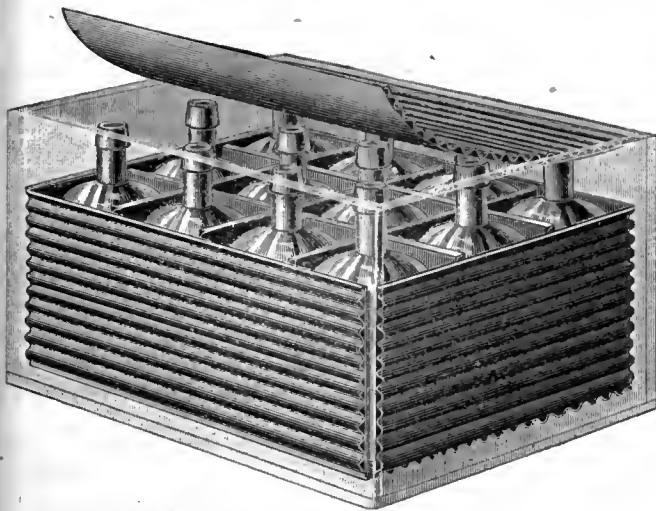
Resolved, That there is no distinctive class of California wine-makers known as the sweet wine-makers, but that on the contrary all our wine districts and nearly all wine-makers are directly interested in the operation of the sweet wine law; also that in making amendments to the regulations of Internal Revenue Department care should be taken to consider the wants of the small producers as well as the large operators.

Messrs. C. A. Wetmore, Wentz, Kauffman, Wagner and Crellin were appointed a committee to look after the association's interests in this respect.

The association will be organized permanently on the pattern of the one already formed at Los Gatos.

One of the handiest and most valuable inventions connected with the wine and liquor interest which has been put before the public in recent years is the bottle packing manufactured by the Thompson & Norris Co., of Brooklyn. Although it has been introduced but a few months, it has met with a remarkably successful sale throughout the East and West and will doubtless meet with equal favor among the wine bottlers of California. It is cheap, durable and thoroughly effective in preserving glass packages from breakage.

Francis B. Lane, President of the Lanward Publishing Co. which publishes that energetic and bright illustrated monthly the *Cork* has been visiting the Coast. He came to see a married daughter of his who though twenty-three years of age he had never met. For a long time he did not even know her whereabouts.



BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

NOTICE TO THE WINE TRADE

Mr. I. De Turk, of Santa Rosa, announces that he has withdrawn his account from his former representative in New York, and has placed the exclusive sale of his Wines and Brandy in the hands of Delafield, McGovern & Co., who also continue to represent him in Chicago.

The De Turk wines have gained for themselves such a well deserved reputation for uniformly good quality, that the trade welcome the intelligence that they can now depend on having a large spot stock in both New York and Chicago, of mature wine to draw upon at all times.

DELAFIELD, McGOVERN & CO.,

91 HUDSON STREET, NEW YORK.

33 AND 35 RIVER STREET, CHICAGO.

EASTERN WINES!

THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,

RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines:

**CLARET,
SWEET CATAWBA,**

**PORT,
DRY CATAWBA,**

NORTON'S VIRGINIA.

GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK. AGENTS.

CALIFORNIA

A SPLENDID OFFER.

VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

**CHICAGO BRANCH 294 WABASH AVE.,
CHICAGO, ILL.**

Will be opened on the 15th of May at 6 o'clock P. M., with a grand opening banquet given by California residents in Chicago.

**ONLY PURE AND WHOLESOME CALIFORNIA WINES SERVED
IN OUR RESTAURANT. THESE WINES ARE BOTTLED
AT THE VINEYARDS FOR OUR SPECIAL USE.**

Our restaurant is open daily from 7 A. M. until 1 A. M. Breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper served. Table d'hôte from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M. and from 5 until 8 P. M.

ALBERT FRANCKX & OTTO RUHLEMANN, Props.

N. B.—Guests desiring wines to be delivered at their residences will leave orders at the office.

J. D. W. Sherman, the well-known bonded warehouse man in New York, has come forward with a splendid offer to the distillers and holders of brandy. When lots of brandy are sent to him for sale, he offers to pay all freight and cartage on the goods, and to make no charges for storage until the brandy is sold and transferred to the purchaser. The only restriction that Mr. Sherman places on his offer is that a fair market price be placed on the goods so as to enable him to make sales within a reasonable time.

This is a most advantageous offer to the brandy distillers of the State, and one that will no doubt be appreciated by them. Mr. Sherman's well-known standing in the commercial world and his thorough reliability are additional guarantees of the good faith of the offer. We trust that brandy distillers and holders will give the matter a thorough consideration.

The Napa Valley Wine Co., shipped over 2400 cases of wine East in March. This is the kind of business which aids the reputation of our wines in the East.

Trade Notes.

Sig. Rheinstrom, of Rheinstrom Bros., Cincinnati, is in San Francisco on a business trip.

Lambert Bros. wholesale dealers at Fresno, have dissolved. M. Lambert continues the business.

The winery and distillery of C. F. Juilliard at Sebastopol, has been burned out. Loss, \$2000, no insurance.

James Barrett, of Barrett & Co., New York, the enterprising prune juice manufacturers is on the Coast on a business trip.

Messrs. F. O. Boyd & Co., of New York, write that they are having a splendid Spring trade. The market is in a very satisfactory state.

Adolph Flegenheimer, of Flegenheimer Bros., New York, is in the State on his annual buying trip. He has secured several good lots of wine. Prospects are reported by him as excellent.

Fible & Crabb, of Eminence Ky., announce that notwithstanding the demise of the senior member of the firm, the business being incorporated, will continue without change of management or brands.

The Cloverdale Wine Co. has established a house in Yokohama under the name of the "California Wine Co." Large shipments have already been made there, one shipment alone being of one hundred barrels.

The Monticello distillery is reported to have been recently sold for \$200,000. Considering the plant and the trade mark it seems to be a very fortunate purchase for somebody, whoever the lucky purchaser may be.

At the annual dinner of the New York Alumni of Trinity College, held at Delmonico's on April 16th, Deutz & Geldermann's "Gold Lack" was the only champagne used. Charles Meinecke & Co. are the local agents.

Frank West is about to take an eastern trip. His jaunt will extend as far as New York, and the chances are that he will have a conference with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue before he returns, regarding the Sweet Wine situation.

Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co., of Cincinnati, have issued a very practical souvenir to their friends in the trade, in the form of a pack of playing cards, advertising their Hungarian blackberry brandy. The cards are well got up in first-class style.

Frederick Dunck, of Belleville, Ill., is doing quite a large business in California wines and brandies, and as he has lived in the Napa Valley, California, for many years, connected with the grape culture, has a perfect knowledge how wines have to be treated. This fact is appreciated by his increasing trade.—*St. Louis Letter*.

An information has been filed for the condemnation of the Gallegos winery. The Wine Company decided to fight the case in the Courts rather than compromise. Mr. Gallegos says that the whole trouble is the result of an attempt to "get even" with the Company.

Reports from New York state that Luyties Bros are doing remarkably well with their new and extensive vaults under the Brooklyn Bridge. The firm has expended a large sum in fitting out the vaults, and is meeting with many inquiries from the producers of this State for storage, as well as from the eastern trade for a fine quality of goods.

The Reihlen Champagne is being pushed to the front in New York, and as a home product we are pleased to see it. It is a naturally fermented champagne by a process that saves breakage of bottles and in precisely the same way as the best champagne. It tastes to us as well as the foreign and sells for less.—*Anti Adulteration Journal*.

Thos. Kirkpatrick, of Moore, Hunt & Co., is off on a jaunt through the northwest. Incidentally he is making a good turn for Jesse Moore in that territory. He will not return until the middle of June. Kirk knows how to travel we saw his baggage,

or part of it. It consisted of a box of cigars and a bottle of "Jesse Moore."

William H. Shields, the enterprising Cincinnati broker, is out with a new price list which is offered the trade. It is issued with a neat leather cover and is so arranged that the list can be changed from month to month. The list is intended for the wholesale trade only and will be sent including cover, for the small sum of \$1.50 per year.

The American Champagne Co., has not yet started up its plant. Rumor has it that the company's works may be moved to New York. It will be remembered that at the first it was intended to erect works in New York as well as to keep the local factory running. As the Company's offices are in New York the truthfulness of the rumor cannot be ascertained here.

In accordance with a recent decision Lilienthal & Co. will shortly be notified by the Secretary of the Treasury that the country of the origin of imported manufactured articles is to be indicated by the name of the country only. The Secretary states further that goods imported by said firm marked "London," etc., should also be marked "England," to be entitled to entry under the law.

Max M. Halle, the Louisville broker, does not let grass grow under his feet. He has been established in that city only a little over half a year, and yet has been fortunate enough to effect some of the largest transactions. He has sold in this period nearly 20,000 barrels. Max must have done some tall hustling to accomplish all this in so short space of time, and during a comparatively dull season.—*Criterion*.

Charles W. Fore, of Spruance, Stanley & Co., reports that business is constantly improving. This is particularly the case with ryes. The outlook for the finer ryes was never better, and he says that the demand for them is daily assuming greater proportions. This will be welcome news to the eastern and western rye distillers who have been casting more and more longing eyes on the Coast trade.

William Wolff & Co. are circulating copies of the "Pommery Sec" waltz, a pleasing musical composition dedicated to the Comtesse de Polignac, one of the owners of the Pommery & Greno establishment. The music was composed by Lorenzo Vivaldi, and is very taking. On the frontispiece of the musical score, is a background showing the cathedral at Reims and in the foreground are three bright maids dancing about a bottle of "Pommery Sec." The concert is an admirable one.

Mr. Geo. Forman, of Brown, Forman & Co., has just returned from an extended trip west, taking in the Pacific slope. Mr. Forman reports fine trade fairly good. The firm of Brown, Forman & Co., by the way, are pushing their brands of Old Forester, Old Forman and others rapidly to the front, and much of their success is due to the excellent quality of the goods they offer. No house stands higher in the trade.—*T. M. Gilmore*.

Messrs J. B. Wathen & Bro. Co. have decided to reduce their crop of Fall '90 and Spring '91 to 50 per cent. of what they made the previous season. Their output of Wathen will not exceed 4,000 bbls, and the Criterion will be confined to but 3,000 bbls. In order to illustrate the judicious and conservative distribution of both brands, suffice it to state that the average is but 25 bbls. for each customer. This must be admitted by all as being as conservative a run as any distiller of a popular brand can confine himself to.—*Criterion*.

Barrett & Co., of New York, the well-known prune juice handlers, have issued a handsomely printed little pamphlet entitled "How to Achieve Success in the Wine and Spirit Trade." The cardinal requirements of application, perseverance, carefulness, economy, honesty, civility, attentiveness, punctuality, thoroughness, cleanliness and attractiveness all receive due attention. The book also contains a table showing the price of whiskies per gallon, regauged and tax paid, according to the original cost, a table showing the cost of carrying whiskies, value of foreign coins, etc., etc., together with many new and striking comments on the value of "Barrett's unrivalled Prune Juice."

Tom Jones is home having just returned from a dull trip.

Jones says there is but one remedy for the trade and that is plenty of printer's ink. No sooner had he arrived home than he jumped into the editorial chair of the *Coon Hollow Herald*, and it is safe to say the trade will be surprised at the edition of his paper. It will be illustrated throughout and mailed to the retail trade in the interest of Coon Hollow and Big Spring. The trade is seldom complimented by such an enterprising concern as the Nelson County Distilling Company. Mr. Miller, the President, superintends the making of the whisky; Mr. Wanner, the Secretary and Treasurer, takes charge of the office, and Jones sells you the whisky.

After the whisky is sold, Thos. S. rushes to printer's ink, and to-day the Coon Hollow and Big Spring stand as solid as the rock of Gibraltar.

Jones is a crank on advertising, so is John Wanamaker who pays his head advertising man \$10,000 a year.—*Bulletin*.

Two new appliances for the cure of oidium and mildew are about to be placed on exhibition at the Viticultural Commission. These implements have met with a successful reception in France and Algeria. The bellows for the sulphur is of a very ingenious pattern, being provided with a breaker and sieve in the sulphur box, which is continually in motion. At the end of the bellows spout there is a pulverisator, enabling the sulphur to be distributed under the leaf as well as over it, this being a very important point. The machine pulverisator for the application of sulphate of copper or *Bouille Bordelaise* also has peculiar advantages and can be used on vines or trees. Donald Bankhardt who has his office with John T. Wright, 640 Market street, is agent for both appliances.

What a first-class firm, determined to furnish a first-class article, can accomplish in a few years, is well exemplified in the case of the Susquehanna Pure Rye. Messrs. James Levy & Bro., only three years ago, made a new departure, introducing the above brand, bringing before the notice of the trade its unsurpassed qualities. The success achieved the first year surprised even themselves and the steady progress the brand has since made, is a surprise even to their competitors. Three factors have contributed to the attainment of this end. No effort or expense was spared in producing the very finest that skill or experience could suggest; the wise and judicious management of Jas. Levy & Bro., in selecting only the best distributing firms in the country to handle it, and the judicious advertising making the brand as well known as a household word throughout the trade. Although its status is already assured, its future growth can be estimated only by its past record, which can surely be depended upon to be steady and unintermitting.—*Criterion*.

The Pacific Distillery, at the foot of Steiner street, has been dismantled by the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company of Peoria, Ill. After the trust was formed, nearly five years ago, the Pacific and Bay View distilleries were bought out, \$100,000 in cash being paid for the former and \$70,000 in cash for the latter. It was given out then that the combine would shut them down and compel purchasers to buy from the East. This was done within a short time and since then the only distillery running in the State was the California, at Antioch, owned by C. Jost & Son. A short time ago it was rumored that parties backed with considerable capital wanted to buy the land and buildings of the Pacific Distillery for other purposes than distilling spirits. This was a roundabout way to again start the distillery with California capital and fight the trust. The scheme was exploded and the trust decided to break up the machinery. The large iron tank or boiler used to cook the grain and mash, with its accompanying machinery, were sold to the Joshua Hendy Iron Works, and the alcohol and beer stills, made of copper, were broken up and sold for old metal. The buildings are being allowed to go to decay and the wharf is falling to pieces. The full capacity of the Pacific Distillery was over 10,000 gallons of spirits per day.

In publishing a picture of Victor E. Tagliaferro, one of the eastern traveling men of the American Champagne company, the *Louisville Wine and Spirit Bulletin* has the following to say of the successful introduction of "Reihlen" to the public: This is the first year the company have ever offered their champagnes to the trade, and their sales will reach something over 25,000 cases in the twelve months. The capital of the American Champagne Company is \$500,000 and is fully paid up. With the introduction of their Reihlen Extra Dry they offer connoisseurs one of exceptionally fine qualities. Mr. Tagliaferro says that he has

introduced the brand into most of the sections of the southwest, and a large territory east, and wherever the goods have been sold duplicate orders have invariably come in. He claims that all he desires from any one is a trial, knowing that the quality of the wine will recommend itself to those that are accustomed to using a good article. The company's cellars, bottling premises, etc., are among the most extensive in the United States, located at 839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco, California, and their New York offices are 52 Broad, and 50 New streets. They also have a branch office at 238 La Salle street, Chicago. The business of this establishment is under the supervision of Mr. George W. Sessions, Vice-President and General Manager, a man of very superior business ability. The stockholders of the company are practically eastern men prominent in the financial and commercial interest of New York. They were very fortunate in securing Mr. Tagliaferro as a salesman, he being able to speak fluently French, Spanish, English, German, Italian, Portuguese, Arabic, and can approach all classes of the trade.

A POINT FOR KENTUCKY.

In the course of a lengthy article on viticulture, in the *Examiner's* special welcome edition to President Harrison, Charles A. Wetmore in speaking of the needs of the viticultural industry said:

"We need more legislation. The government should not compel the distiller to sell new brandies in order to avoid confiscation. The tax should fall upon consumption, not upon production. If the goods produced at the sole expense of the producer are never offered for consumption, the government should claim no interest in them. In other words the producer should be permitted to withhold his own products from sale as long as he desires to perfect them or as long as the conditions of the market compel him. When he offers them upon the market for consumption it is time enough for the government to step in and claim its revenue. The bonding period, therefore, should be unlimited, as demanded by all producers of fine distilled beverages. The Government has no right to refuse this demand, especially when it is known that the opposition springs from the rivalry of those distillers and rectifiers who compete against straight goods matured by age, with raw alcohols flavored and doctored in imitation of superior qualities.

Again, the laws relating to distilling should not be framed so as to operate principally to the advantage of the middleman and against the liberty of the producers. A distiller should be permitted under distillers' stamps, to blend and improve his products by all legitimate methods, and to put them up in whatever sized packages trade may require.

We need effective protection against commercial frauds; against adulteration; against the absorption of all our profits by middlemen and transportation companies; against unjust restrictions. The interest of the great body of American consumers is in common with that of our producers. Laws intended for the benefit of producers should not be perverted by Departmental rulings and regulations so that the producer loses his rightful profits and rewards and becomes subordinate to tradesmen and manipulators.

The provisions of the Internal Revenue law affecting sweet wines which were intended by a liberal Congress to benefit and make easier the lot of wine growers, have not yet become practically operative. What is needed now is the most liberal construction of all those features of the law which were intended to relieve the producer from taxation, the simplest forms of regulation so that the smallest and most humble producer may share in the benefits, as was intended, and so that the building up of monopolies may be avoided, and such precision in rules as will enable all producers to understand their rights, and so act under the law as not to feel the hand of the Government pressing offensively upon the sanctity of private rights."

The first paragraph is one that the Kentucky distillers who are contemplating a movement to extend the bonded period, can take right home to themselves and reflect upon. The grape brandy distillers are with them whenever such a law is proposed. By all means let the attempt be made, though it would meet with determined opposition in another quarter. California distillers and Kentucky, Pennsylvania and Maryland distillers are ready and eager for the change.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

TO NEW YORK PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, April 24, 1891.

MARKS	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
F H A S N	Berges & Domeniconi	6 barrels	257	8.144
Various	Miscellaneous	20 bbls 1 octave	12,632	3,675
W R M K A C	Greenbaum & Co	2 barrels	97	25
B H	"	6 barrels	291	77
A H, Pittsburg	Dresel & Co	15 barrels	555	174
K & C, Philadelphia	"	2 barrels	101	41
G T	"	5 barrels	252	103
F A, Washington	"	13 barrels 2 hf-bbls	718	449
T M, Providence	"	6 barrels	307	155
I, India	Kohler & Van Bergen	50 barrels	2,516	550
J K, Brooklyn	A Erz	25 barrels	1,372	545
A S	Overland Freight T Co	1 barrel	50	20
H in dia	"	12 barrels	599	250
"	"	3 cases	15	15
F L W	Wilkins & Co	2 barrels	100	50
"	"	2 cases	10	10
F E	Lancel & Son	1 hf-barrel	25	10
N C	A Carboni	100 barrels	5,000	1,500
J P	Gardner Lancel & Co	25 barrels	1,240	372
M B	C A North	12 barrels	590	150
O	J Gundlach & Co	16 punches 50 bbls	5,070	2,408
K & F	Kohler & Frohling	103 barrels	8,332	3,345
W K, Philadelphia	City Transfer Co	4 barrels	270	101
"	"	10 keg	270	101
P O B & Co in dia	L P Snow	60 barrels	2,880	691
Total amount 5 cases and			43,416	\$16,184

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, April 24, 1891.

A L, Acapulco	J Gundlach & Co	1 barrel	127	\$ 78
B F & Co	W Loaiza	1 barrel	52	35
Total amount			179	\$ 113

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, April 24, 1891.

G L & Co, Acapulco	Goldtree Bros	2 barrels	90	\$ 75
J D G, Panama	L F Lastreto	4 kegs	40	25
E H La Libertad	Dieckman & Co	4 half-barrels	111	75
"	"	3 cases	30	30
E & C P, Puntas Aren	H Dreyfus & Co	19 hf-barrels 6 kegs	572	540
M C S & Co	"	5 hf-barrels 17 kegs	304	300
"	"	14 cases	60	60
M V & Co	"	31 cases	150	150
S P C in dia L	"	3 bbls 8 hf-bbls	369	350
L & H	"	3 hf-barrels 16 kegs	241	350
"	"	22 cases	120	120
H V, La Union	"	1 half-barrel	27	30
C M C, Puntas Arenas	"	16 half-barrels	428	394
"	"	1 case	6	6
H & Co, San J de G	Parrott & Co	20 cases	70	70
P L & Co, Panama	Stockton Milling Co	2 barrels	102	61
C R H, La Union	Cabrera Roma & Co	3 hf-barrels 1 keg	88	47
"	"	2 cases	9	9
H P	J Gundlach & Co	2 barrels 1 keg	113	66
L I L	"	3 barrels	142	101
C E B	E de Sabla & Co	4 cases	16	16
Total amount 97 cases and			2,627	\$2,875

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER UMATILLA, April 25, 1891.

L D, Vancouver	Cal W Growers Union	2 kegs 1 barrel	70	\$ 22
O B & J	"	2 hf-barrels 1 keg	64	49
H P	"	1 half-barrel	27	18
G G, Wellington	Berges & Domeniconi	1 barrel	47	14
L C, Vancouver	G Migliavacca	1 barrel	50	15
H & L, Wellington	A Macchia	1 barrel	50	7
W Y C, Victoria	F Korbel & Bro	1 hf-barrel	27	17
Total amount			335	\$144

TO EUROPE—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, April 24, 1891.

G O A C, London	Cal Transfer Co	160 barrels	8,030	\$3,500
Total amount			8,030	\$3,500

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER NEWBERN, April 25, 1891.

La Paz	Thannhauser & Co	2 cases	120	\$ 5
U B R, Guaymas	"	2 barrels	66	7
"	W Loaiza	4 cases	240	8
U S San J del Cabo	J Ivanovich	1 case	32	1
"	"	2 cases	80	4
D B, Guaymas	Cabrera Roma & Co	10 kegs	96	7
A C	"	2 barrels	46	2
C in dia, San J del Ca	I Gutte	1 barrel	101	5
C S, Guaymas	Kohler & Van Bergen	2 barrels	80	4
A W & Co	F M Peterson	8 kegs	82	4
R G O, Mazatlan	J Gundlach & Co	1 bbl 1 keg	15	7
B in ring, Santa Rosa	A Carpenter	15 cases	24	1
W L & Co, Guaymas	Henry Lund & Co	1 octave	80	7
H J in dia L	J O Meyerlenk	7 kegs	308	16
K & V B in dia, Maz'n	Ruther & Bendixen	6 barrels	40	2
A C, La Paz	"	2 kegs	10	1
F	"	1 keg	20	1
J E, Mazatlan	W Loaiza	1 barrel	200	12
F A A S, Guaymas	"	20 kegs	50	4
C G C	"	5 kegs	20	3
T C L	"	2 kegs	33	1
W Y	"	1 barrel	51	2
F H, Mazatlan	A K Stevens	1 barrel	1,774	\$ 1,075
Total amount 17 cases and			1,774	\$ 1,075

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA, April 25, 1891.

G W M & Co	National Brewing Co	1 case	250	\$ 10
W S L	Lenormand Bros	5 barrels	1,038	73
"	S Lachman & Co	20 barrels	136	34
L & Co	Lachman & Jacobl	4 barrels	184	34
"	"	3 cases	125	34
"	"	25 kegs	500	40
W C P	B Dreyfus & Co	100 kegs	353	29
H C & Co	Arpad Haraszthy & Co	7 barrels	600	45
"	"	90 kegs	820	77
G in dia	D W Gedge	127 kegs	160	77
"	"	2 cases	4,166	\$ 3,080
Total amount 1 case and			4,166	\$ 3,080

TO JAPAN—PER STEAMER GAELIC, April 25, 1891.

C W Co Yokohama	Cal Transfer Co	50 barrels	2,500	90
Y N Tokio	"	13 barrels	650	38
"	"	12 cases	1,200	1,200
Total amount 12 cases and			3,150	1,278

TO BRITISH AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUERTO April 30, 1891.

D H R & Co, Victoria	Kohler & Frohling	4 barrels	206	\$18
M E & B	"	4 barrels	202	18
"	"	3 half-barrels	82	7
"	"	6 cases	28	4
H N	Bach Meese & Co	1 half-barrels	27	4
C & J	"	1 half-barrels	103	1
P in dia	"	2 hf-barrels 1 bbl	648	\$6
Total amount 6 cases and			648	\$6

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From April 17 to May 1, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
British Isles	J G & Co London	C Carpy & Co	25 barrels	1,297	46
"	J M H Liverpool	Wilmerding & Co	1 case	59	8
"	— Bradford Eng	Miscellaneous	8 barrels	404	15
Walla Walla	L in di'd Victoria	Jno A Lennon	2 hf-bbls	55	3
Empire	E S Nanaimo	N Cerisola	1 barrel	48	1
"	G M	F Cavagnaro	6 barrels	300	6
West Indian	McD&H	C Wine Grow's Union	2 barrels	94	4
"	V L Vancouver	"	2 hf-barrels	54	4
Falcon	T P Champerico	E de Sabla & Co	55 cases	2,311	\$1,000
Total amount, 55 cases and			2,311	\$1,000	

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA.

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From April 17 to May 1, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
Walla Walla....	R in d'd Victoria	E G Lyons & Co....	25 cs B B Brandy	94
Australia.....	G W M & Co Hon'lu	Lilienthal & Co....	2 cases Bitters..	31
San Juan.....	H S Acapulco....	J O Meyerinck....	5 cases " "	35
Newbern.....	—Euseñada.....	Thannhauser & Co..	5 cs Champagne	86
"	—Mazatlan.....	"	5 cases Gin.....	8
"	—Guaymas.....	W Loaliza.....	10 bbls Ging'rale	52
"	"	"	5 bbls " "	26
"	"	"	5 cases Kummel	14
City of Pueblo..	BI & P Vancouver	J Guodlaeh & Co....	10 cs B B Brandy	60
"	HN Victoria.....	Bach Meese & Co....	5 cases Liquors	35
Total amount 62 cases, etc.				\$441

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From April 17 to May 1, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE
Australia.....	H C & Co Hon'lu	Willmerding & Co..	1 barrel.....	39	158
"	W S L	A Fenhhausen & Co	21 cases.....		141
"	L & Co	Spruance St'ly & Co	4 barrels.....	186	372
San Juan.....	H & Co S J de Guat	Lilienthal & Co....	50 cases.....		450
"	LAM Pun's Aren's	Montealegre & Co..	22 cases.....		326
"	G & G	Castle Bros.....	10 cases.....		120
Umatilla.....	DIIR & Co Victo'ia	Moore Hunt & Co..	1 puncheon.	153	405
Falcon.....	M in d'd Liber'd	J Schwartz.....	2 barrels.....	88	95
Gaelic.....	Y C S Shanghai	Wheaton & Lulhe..	2 cases.....		22
City of Puebla B	P in d'd Vanc'r	Moore, Hunt & Co..	26 cases.....		200
Total amount 131 cases.....				466	\$2,287

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA

From April 17 to May 1, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
San Jnan.....	F X Washington.	Dresel & Co.....	1 barrel.....	45	101
"	A S New York....	Overland F T Co..	2 cases.....		20
"	BD & Co " "	B Dreyfus & Co....	5 bbls 25 hf-b	871	1,825
Total amount 2 cases and				916	1,694

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From April 17 to May 1, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE.
British Isles..	Walden Liverpo'l	E Walden Jr.....	175 pkgs..	6,194	3,097
Empire.....	G M Nanaimo....	F Cavagnaro.....	1 bf-bbl.....	27	47
San Juan.....	E B La Libertad.	Dieckman & Co....	2 cases.....		10
Total amount 2 cases and				6,221	3,154

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS.		
	Case	Barrels	½-bbls	Barrels	MISCELLANEOUS	
A Greenebaum & Co.					60	
Jones Mundy & Co.					124	
Vincent Dunn.....		170	40			
Siebs Bros & P.....		50	20			
Moore Hunt & Co....		62	5			
Lilienthal & Co.....					120	
Livingston & Co....		63				
C W Craig.....					240	
Carroll & Carroll..		60				
Loewe Bros.....		70				
L Taussig.....		63				
Wilmerding & Co..		115				
Cook & Bernheimer..		30	40			
J L Nickel.....		6	1			
O F T Co.....		5	3			
Total.....		741	180		444	

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED.				BULK.		
	Cask.	Barrels	½ bbl	Box	Barrels	½ bbl	¼ bbl
Collector of Port..		80		25			
Sherwood & Sherwood		90				124	184
W Wolff & Co.....		90					
W Bogelu.....						55	100
W Loaliza.....				150			
Total.....		260		175		179	284

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM ANTWERP—PER BR. SHIP AVONMORE, April 28, 1891.

CONSIGNEE.	CONTENTS.	SHIPPERS.
Ad Yaeggi.....	48 casks Wine.....	A Vignier.....
"	12 half casks Wine.....	"
"	75 cases Wine.....	"
"	30 cases Liquors.....	"
"	115 cases Fernet.....	"
"	315 cases Vermouth.....	"
"	10 cases Brandy.....	"
G Preller & Co.....	25 casks Wine.....	"
Bisquit, Dubouche & Co.	10 casks Brandy.....	"
Cruse & fils freres	60 cases Wine.....	"
John P Best & Co.....	50 cases Mineral Water..	"
Barton & Guestier.....	70 cases Wine.....	"
"	165 cases Wine.....	Jas De Fremery & Co.....
Sazerac de Forge & fils	25 cases Brandy.....	"
"	5 casks Brandy.....	"
A Van Hoboken & Co.....	150 cases Geneva.....	"
John P Best & Co.....	205 cases Wine.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
I A I Nolet.....	25 octaves Geneva.....	"
J J Meder & Zoon.....	50 octaves Geneva.....	"
Schroeder & Schyler..	10 casks Wine.....	Eug Thomas & Co.....
"	10 half casks Wine.....	"
G Preller & Co.....	200 cases Vermouth.....	"
John P Best & Co.....	510 cases Mineral Water..	A Greenebaum & Co.....
"	210 cases Boonekamp.....	Luyties Bros.....
A Houtman & Co.....	5 pipes Geneva.....	Sherwood & Sherwood....
"	15 cases Red Geneva.....	"
Victoria Bron.....	200 cases Bottled Min Wat	Order (marked R C).....

FROM NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, April 20, 1891.

	1 bbl Whisky.....	J C Houghton.....
	2 bbls Whisky.....	C E Barnard.....
	1 bbl " "	Scott Bros.....
	1 bbl " "	J R Thorasson.....

FROM GERMANY

H Altrock.....	15 casks Prune Juice.....	S Glaser.....
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FROM LIVERPOOL

Offley Forester & Co.....	5 qr casks Sherry.....	Hettman Bros & Co.....
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FROM FRANCE

Molino Penny & Co.....	205 cases Vermouth.....	Buneman & Martinoni.....
"	20 cases Wine.....	"
G Dubedat.....	200 cases Vermouth.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....

FROM GENOA

Fratelli Bertalli.....	24 cases Mineral Water..	Order.....
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FROM LONDON—PER BARK IREDALE, April 22, 1891.

S Allsopp & Son (Ltd).....	155 packages Bottled Beer.	A Greenbaum & Co.....
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FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP GEORGE STETSON, April 24, 1891.

Aurora Distilling Co.....	6 barrels Whisky.....	Order.....
H W Smith & Co.....	1 " " "	Order.....
Carpy & Maubec.....	3 " " "	C Carpy & Co.....
"	1 hf-barrel Rum.....	"

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street, - - - - - San Francisco, Cal

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS., PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXONS' DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Clarets and Santernes,
HOCK WINES, from Messrs. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPE'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies—'86 Belmont; '86 T J Monarch; '83 Bluegrass; '85 Ripy; '86 T J Atherton and other staple brands

FROM THE MIN. BY BONNETT. For Col. Pa. J. C. Peffer April 28, 1891.

CHATEAU D'YVONNE, 1110 Park & Whisky, Sherrard & Sherwood
1110 Park & Whisky, Sherrard & Sherwood

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND

SHIPPERS	QUANTITIES	CONSIGNEES
S. A. T. & Co.	62 cases Champagne	Macdonray & Co.
	12 cases Wine	James De Fremery & Co.
	12 cases Wine	W. B. Chapman
	18 cases Cognac	
S. A. T. & Co.	20 cases Champagne	Order marked C. F. S. & P.
	6 cases Cordials	W. B. Chapman
S. A. T. & Co.	10 cases Champagne	
	12 cases Wine	Goodberg, Bowen & Co.
	14 cases Wine	J. De Fremery & Co.
	20 cases Brandy	P. G. Sabatie & Co.
	20 cases Wine	W. B. Chapman
	20 cases Cordials	Order marked A. V.
	16 cases Wine	
T. & A. Pa. R. Co.	12 cases Champagne	Macdonray & Co.
S. A. T. & Co.	12 cases Champagne	J. De Fremery & Co.
Southern Pacific	10 cases Wine	Chas. Meinecke & Co.
W. J. McCullen	10 cases Champagne	Order
T. & A. Pa. R. Co.	200 cases	Wm. Wolff & Co.

NATIONAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

IMPORTS	February, 1890.		February, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits, proof gallons	113,712	\$121,264	73,216	\$75,198
Mineral water, gallons	19,663	8,677	20,943	6,634
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons	196,067	104,341	69,785	56,509
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	199,825	71,250	198,163	65,313
Brandy, proof gallons	27,627	84,791	25,294	67,860
All other spirits, proof gallons	66,658	61,978	68,897	65,509
Champagne, dozen	21,804	306,176	15,337	206,532
Still wines, casks, gallons	150,540	90,629	148,160	102,092
Still wines, bottled, dozen	21,312	87,769	9,396	48,809

EXPORTS	February, 1890.		February, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Malt liquors, bottled, dozen	39,490	\$ 54,753	32,390	\$46,412
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	16,354	5,178	14,243	4,135
Alcohol, etc, proof gallons	12,639	3,032	17,171	8,956
Brandy, proof gallons	19,876	13,947	(A)	(A)
Rum, proof gallons	102,944	136,061	43,837	58,288
Bourbon whisky, proof gallons	21,273	25,830	17,310	34,736
Rye whisky, proof gallons	11,710	13,855	1,815	3,300
All other spirits, proof gallons	6,762	7,252	34,911	21,344
Wine, bottled, dozen	1,245	5,160	584	2,062
Wine, bulk, gallons	55,833	20,023	55,928	23,888

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS.	February, 1891.		February, 1890.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits exported, proof gallons	110	\$ 90	241	\$ 270
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons	545	444	445	220
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons			79	24
Brandy, proof gallons	555	1,138	821	1,341
All other spirits, proof gallons	386	739	1,417	2,709
Champagne, dozen	94	1,222	103	1,062
Still wines, casks, gallons	2,61	217	3,320	2,004
Still wines, bottled, dozen	298	887	159	653

TRADE CIRCULARS.

Louis Roederer Champagne.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24, 1891.

The undersigned beg to give notice that owing to the scarcity and consequent increased cost of fine wines, Mr. Louis Roederer is obliged to advance the price of his Champagne. The prices from March 1st for Roederer will be:

	Quarts.	Pints.
"Grand Vin Sec"	\$34.00	\$36.00
"Brut"	34.00	36.00
"Cuvée Blanche"	34.00	36.00

MACONDRAY & Co.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

From Jas. E. Pepper & Co.

LEXINGTON, KY., April 17, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade:—We hereby state to all parties interested in our brand of whisky, the fact that we have sold to more than ninety different houses throughout the country our entire crop of both Bourbon and Rye, for the season of fall '90 and spring '91, and whilst we made 1,500 barrels of whisky to age ourselves, for our case goods business, the demand upon us for

our new goods has been such, that we have even sold every barrel of the goods we intended to age.

We also make known to the trade that our price for our next season's crop, fall '91 and spring '92, will be sixty cents for old "Pepper" Rye in bond, on six months time, or less four per cent for cash, and no reduction will be made to anybody in any way whatever.

To guard our interest as well as those of the trade and public, we have patented both our labels and trade mark, and besides the suits already instituted against certain imitators and infringers, we shall begin others if necessary and press them vigorously to the fullest extent of the law.

Our Mr. James E. Pepper is the only one bearing the name "Pepper" who has been engaged in the distillery business in this country for more than twenty years, and therefore any whisky offered to the trade as genuine "Pepper" whisky is fraudulent, unless distilled by us.

JAS. E. PEPPER & Co.

From H. Brunhild & Co.

NEW YORK, April 15, 1891.

To the Trade:—We beg to inform you that on and after May 1st, our place of business will be removed to No. 62 Water Street, near Old Slip. We shall be pleased to be favored with your continued patronage.

Very respectfully,

H. BRUNHILD & Co.

HIGH LICENSE AGAIN.

The State Protective Association is now confronted with a High License proposition in San Francisco, the fate of which is still in the balance. The High License party includes many clerical gentlemen such as Rev. Father George Montgomery, and practically all the influential Episcopal clergymen as well as many of the solid citizens.

The only bar to the success of the High License people is that they are not united on any measure. They do not know themselves what they want. But the very fact that they are clamoring for a higher license and that they are a solid compact body of men on the proposition, ought to be enough to arouse the Protective Association from its lethargy.

The Association has slept long enough if it is to effect anything at all. The local Association of beer saloon keepers is almost the only body of liquor men who have evinced any energy in the matter. We trust that the error in allowing the last session of the Legislature to go by without making an effort to settle this license question, is now fully seen.

The beer and wine men are endeavoring on the side to get a separate and lower license for their goods. While they are about it, it would be a good plan for them to have an amendment prescribing no license for selling bottled beer and wine not consumed on the premises of the vender. This would enable grocers to sell bottled beer and wine the same as household supplies of any other kind and would be a distinct advantage to the wine makers and beer bottlers.

A TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.

In the last issue of the REVIEW, on the table of overland shipments, the headings of "wine" and "brandy" were reversed through a typographical error. The shipments were made to aggregate 111 cases and 34,063 gallons of wine and 4,124 cases and 615,506 gallons of brandy. To read correctly, the heads of wine and brandy in the part showing the points of shipment in California should be reversed.

CELLAR TO LET.

The basement under the Commercial Hotel, Montgomery Ave. and Kearny street, formerly occupied by J. Gundlach & Co., as one of their wine cellars, is now for rent. The cellar has a sixteen foot ceiling, is dry and well ventilated, has elevator full width of the sidewalk. Anyone in need of a good cellar in a first class location is invited to call at the Commercial Hotel and inspect the above.

Chicago Department.

CHICAGO, April 25, 1891.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

During the past fortnight there have been no new developments in the wine and liquor trade. In a general way both may be said to be very quiet, and yet there is a good deal of movement, mostly in a small way. In whiskies '86s and '87s are the favorites, and there is some activity in them, but outside of that there is little doing. The older whiskies do not find a ready market. If the goods are newer they are cheaper on account of the stock that is on hand, and which is as yet accumulating very fast. The distillers contract with the cattle men continues in force and the output of whisky in Kentucky is still fast swelling the overstock that is already on hand.

The wine trade is growing better all the time and the firms which are handling first-class and straight California goods have nothing to complain of. The family trade is growing gradually, and it is to that, largely, that California wine must always look for consumption and market. Wine is not a favorite bar drink here nor anywhere in the United States, though it is growing in popularity here in that respect very fast. But upon the table and in the social intercourse of American life is where it will be crowned queen of all.

The California Company tell me that they are doing more business this year than at any time during the five years they have been here, and that their trade is on the up grade all the time. They carry a full stock of fine, pure California wines, and they never lose a customer who has once tried their wine.

At the To-Kalon Company's sales-rooms there is a goodly activity all the time, and Captain Shillaber reports the business is good, and the outlook as better. The Spring orders were fairly large, and from such sources as will expand the trade and extend future orders.

One thing is evident, and that is that wine, and especially California wine, does not come under the ban of temperate people to the same extent as whisky, brandy, beer, or even foreign wine. The reason of this is that they have come to look upon California wine as the pure fermented grape juice, and that it is not only harmless, but really a pleasant and health-imparting beverage. The result of this is a large increase in the family demand for it, and it is no uncommon thing to see elegantly dressed ladies on a shopping tour down town, stop in at California wine depots and take a bottle of Port, Sherry or Malaga wine along with them.

The California brandy trade is still at the head of the procession, and so long as the goods keep up to their present standard or grow better with experience in making, their is but little to fear. As the matter looks now it would be more profitable for all concerned, if those wine growers who have distilleries would convert all their product into brandy. This would afford them a better return than they can possibly get from the wine, and what is better, it would relieve the market of just that much wine, and thus give the other wine men a chance to get better prices for their goods.

"Takamine" is the name given to a new kind of ferment that was discovered by a resident of Japan, and it is claimed that it will do wonders. A company for handling it has been formed here for the purpose of pushing it to the front. A meeting of the stockholders of the Takamine Ferment Company was held recently when it was decided to increase the number of directors from three to nine. An election to choose the six new members will be held April 27th.

The Distilling and Cattle-feeding Company has declared its usual monthly dividend of 1½ per cent. for May.

The weather has at last turned warm, a thing that it seemed to have almost forgotten to do, and as a result the saloon trade has increased from \$20 to \$30 per day.

Fifteen barrels of To-Kalon wine have been placed in New

York lately, and at a very fair price. It was a high grade of goods, and the buyer would have made his order much larger had the goods been in stock.

The Mt. Vernon whisky is having a great run here at this time. It was placed on the market forty-five days ago, and already it is to be had all over the city. It is put up by the Hannis Distilling Company, and is being pushed here by M. Altman.

J. Silverstone, representing Cook & Bernheimer, of New York, is spending the week here and is busy placing orders for the fine whiskies, wines and other liquors which that firm carry.

Mr. Franckx reports that matters are progressing most satisfactorily with his California cafe. He will not be able to open until the 15th of May, but at that time there will be a grand "whoop-up."

Mr. Walter Werner, of the Mellwood Distilling Co., has been making a trip throughout the West, taking in, of course, the metropolitan city of Chicago. It may appear somewhat paradoxical, but the present apathy as to buying '91s seems to be working in the interest of the Mellwood brand, for the output of this season has already been nearly all engaged by the permanent patrons of the brand. We abstain from giving the reasons for this, but the mention of the actual fact is more potent than any verbal explanation can be. That confidence between manufacturers and patrons must be grounded on a most substantial basis, as to conservative management of Mellwood distillery, uniform excellence of quality and judicious distribution, goes without saying.

George J. Gibson, formerly Secretary of the Trust, has been indicted for complicity in the plot to blow up the Shufeldt distillery. He was at once arrested on a capias but gave bond. The firm of H. H. Shufeldt & Co. will use every fair means to have a speedy trial.

L. L. PALMER.

Louisville Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

LOUISVILLE, Kv., April 24, 1891.

Editor Review:—I think that as a rule, the trade cares less for reports and news regarding the whisky market at the different points in good times than in slow ones, and as the present moment is characterized by an extreme slowness and dullness I will try to give you reasons and explanations for the present state of affairs.

Business in our line was extremely satisfactory for the two years prior to March 1, 1891, and every holder of whisky not only made money on his holdings by the advance in prices, but found a ready sale for his goods at satisfactory prices. It is only a natural consequence that in the face of such prosperous times the trade allowed itself to be carried away to a certain degree and enabled the distillers to unload nearly the whole crop of '90 whisky.

The distillers in turn, finding such a ready sale for their '90 goods did not see any reason why they should curtail the production of whiskies in '91 and so we will have to face at the end of this distilling season two successive large crops of whisky, which under some circumstances might result very disastrously, but fortunately as matters stand will not be able to cause much or any calamity.

In the first place the '90 crop of whisky was manufactured with very cheap grain and was marketed and sold at very low prices. The '91 crop, manufactured with very high-priced grain, has not been sold and is held almost entirely by the distillers who will have to protect it. Consequently they will be almost entirely unable to produce during the season of 1892.

But there appears the "Deus ex machina" for the whisky business in the form of an advance in corn, which at the present moment commands as much as 80 cents for cash corn. The consequence is a raise in the price of high-wines and as the tendency of the produce market is rising, a further advance in high-

wines is expected. This state of affairs will tend to the detriment of using up the cheap Kentucky Bootleggers' production of whisky, principally caused an overproduction of it, we have a right to speak of such.

We cannot expect cheap corn before January 1, 1889, and even with an abundant crop of corn we will hardly see the price of that article below 50 cents by that time, as the country is virtually exhausted of its stock of corn. The whiskies have been sold at such low figures that a good many holdings of whisky, including carrying charges, will not cost the holder to-day over 32½ cents to 45 cents and these are the goods which ought to be used up now. Nature itself has come to our relief and in stead of an abundance of goods we are likely to see a shortage in Kentucky whiskies before we are many months older.

As regards whiskies older than '90, it is easy to see that we are having a decided shortage. Nearly all the '81s and '82s have been brought back and consumed; of '83s, '84s, '85s, '86s and '87s together there is not much over one million gallons for sale and of the '89 crop there is to-day only about fifteen million gallons, or about sixty per cent of the original quantity still in bond. It is eleven months yet before this crop has to come out of bond, a period of time in which we will reduce those figures to seven or eight million gallons at the most. If we take furthermore our splendid exportation facilities in consideration, I can not see anything in the world to make us feel otherwise than happy and no doubt a renewed activity and prosperity in whisky quarters is near at hand.

H. M.

THE TAYLOR DECISION.

Reference was made in the last issue of the REVIEW to the fact that E. H. Taylor, Jr., & Sons have been given a decision in a Kentucky court, enjoining the Stagg Company from making "Taylor" whiskies. The Stagg Company has, since then, appealed.

The text of the decision is as follows:

First. That the defendants, George T. Stagg and the George T. Stagg Company, and each of them, and all their agents, employees and servants, be, and they are hereby, perpetually enjoined and restrained from representing in any way, by brands, stamps, labels, or other devices fixed upon or attached to barrels, bottles or other package containing whiskies manufactured at the "O. F. C." or "Carlisle" distilleries, situated in Franklin county, Kentucky, near the city of Frankfort, the words "E. H. Taylor, Jr. distiller," except such whiskies as were manufactured and produced at the said distilleries, or one of them, before the 1st day of January, 1887. They are also perpetually enjoined and restrained from advertising or representing the said E. H. Taylor, Jr., as distiller of any of their whiskies, by any show-card, sign, symbol or advertisement in any newspapers, or trade report, or in any way whatever, except as to whisky actually manufactured or produced at the said "O. F. C." distillery or said "Carlisle" distillery prior to the first day of January, 1887; and then the advertisement or representation must be accompanied with the explanation that it applies only to whiskies manufactured before the said first day of January, 1887; but this is not to preclude said defendants, or either of them from attaching to the packages containing whiskies actually manufactured at said distilleries, or one of them, prior to the said first day of January, 1887, the brands, stamps, labels or devices usually and customarily affixed to, or stamped or branded upon, similar packages by the E. H. Taylor, Jr., Company when E. H. Taylor, Jr., was interested in, and connected with, the business of the said corporation.

Second. Said defendants, and each of them, and all their agents, employees and servants, are also perpetually enjoined and restrained from using, or claiming the right to use, in stamp, labels, brands, devices or advertisements, or in any other way, the *fac simile* of the autograph signature of E. H. Taylor, Jr., except in connection with whiskies manufactured at the said "O. F. C." distillery or the said "Carlisle" distillery prior to the 1st day of January, 1887.

Third. Said defendants, and each of them, and all their agents, employees and servants, are also perpetually enjoined and restrained from branding, stamping, or in any way marking, the packages containing any of their whiskies with the words "Taylor Whisky," and from representing or describing any of their whiskies as Taylor whisky, either by brands, signs, labels, show-cards or advertisements in newspapers, or trade journals, or trade reports, or in any way whatever.

Fourth. As to the question of the claim of the plaintiffs herein for damages or profits, this cause is referred to the Master Commissioner to ascertain the number of barrels or other packages containing whiskies manufactured at the said two distilleries, or either of them, and sold by defendants or either of them, since the 1st day of January, 1887, and the quantities contained in such barrels or other packages, to or upon which the said *fac simile* of the script autograph signature of the said E. H. Taylor, Jr., has been attached, stamped or branded; also the entire cost of manufacturing and selling the said whiskies, the packages containing which were so labeled, branded or stamped; also the amount realized by the said defendants, or either of them, by the sale of the said whiskies, and make full report thereof to this Court.

Fifth. Defendants' counter-claim is dismissed, and the plaintiffs are adjudged to recover their costs herein expended up to this date from the defendants, George T. Stagg and the George T. Stagg Company, and they may have execution therefor.

STANFORD CHAMPAGNE NEXT.

Champagne making is to be experimented with at the Stanford winery at Vina, Senator Stanford having just secured the service of one of the foremost experts in France to conduct the operations.

Ever since the success of Arpad Haraszthy's first undertaking was assured, and particularly since Mr. Haraszthy's house has made such remarkable progress in the market others have been sedulously working on the same line. It is said that the experiments of Lefranc & Masson of San Jose have been highly successful and there are one or two others who are reported to be doing well in their experimental work.

Senator Stanford brings to the cause all the advantages of immense capital which enables him to secure the best foreman obtainable. His new man is Etienne Douspis, a young Frenchman who has recently graduated at the Viticultural School at Lyons. He has besides had a long and varied experience in the caves of two of the largest producers in the champagne district. Accompanying him are two gentlemen almost equally expert in the business.

Mr. Douspis will at once set about his work at Vina but naturally it will be a long time before "Stanford Sec" will be upon the market.

NEW REVENUE COLLECTOR.

Mr. John C. Quinn has assumed the position of Internal Revenue Collector to which office he was appointed by President Harrison. He has appointed Captain John E. Youngberg as Chief Deputy.

Captain Youngberg has acted as Collector from the time of the death of the late William H. Sears. On the day Mr. Quinn was sworn in, the assistants in the office presented Captain Youngberg with a handsome gold watch as a testimonial of their esteem. The gift was one which was well deserved by the recipient, there being no more popular or able official in the Internal Revenue service.

Messrs. DeLafield, McGovern & Co., announce to the wine trade of this country that they have secured the Eastern agency of I. De Turk for his famous wines and brandies. Knowing them to be one of the most reliable and successful firms in the trade and also knowing the merits of Mr. De Turk's goods, the REVIEW can congratulate both parties upon the arrangement which must prove mutually satisfactory.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street,

New York

which have been paid by our organization. The rebates held for the trade are kept as a fund separate and apart from the assets of the company and do not enter into any part of the foregoing financial statement.

The company holds 31,000 shares of its stock in the treasury unused, being the same number of shares so held at the beginning of the fiscal year.

All the company's business is transacted on a strictly cash basis. We buy our materials and sell our products for cash only. The company has ample capital for the transaction of its business. Its property is unencumbered and we have no bonded debt nor any floating indebtedness of any kind or nature whatsoever.

In conclusion I wish to say that inasmuch as the papers have been teeming with what is commonly called the

"GIBSON CASE,"

the stockholders of this company would naturally expect from the board some reference to the matter. Mr. Gibson declares to us his innocence, and after investigating the matter so far as lies within our power we have no reason to doubt his statement nor change our views as expressed through the press heretofore; and, further, that as long as we are connected with the affairs of this company we propose that it shall be run in as straight and upright a manner as has characterized our business from the beginning of the organization.

A PROJECTED SALE.

Although a prospectus has as yet only been issued to the trade, we may call attention to the fact that a company has been formed under the name of "The Grape Brandy Distillers," for the purpose of producing pure Grape Brandy. The scheme is to import concentrated "Must" from California, to be distilled not only in England, but also in the neighborhood of Cognac, in conjunction with Charente wine. The Directorate will consist partly of Englishmen directly engaged in the Spirit Trade, and partly of Frenchmen of influence in the Cognac district, and the proposed capital amounts to £120,000. Pending the issue of the prospectus, we do not feel at liberty to comment on the prospects of the undertaking, beyond saying that it appears to be in the hands of a Board of Directors, all of whom are either directly or indirectly interested in the Spirit Trade.—*Ridley's Wine and Spirit Trade Circular, London, for March.*

This is the company which has for some time been negotiating for the purchase of the plant of the American Concentrated Must Company, which is located at Geyserville. As stated in *Ridley's*, all of the gentlemen who are identified with the new English company are connected with the trade and they have satisfied themselves thoroughly of the feasibility of their plan.

The works at Geyserville have been given a thorough examination by Captain Cheep and several other gentlemen who came to the State some time ago in the interest of the company. It is understood that they will make a very favorable report on the property and will recommend, in the event of purchasing it, that it be considerably enlarged.

IOWA'S OPPORTUNITY.

It is a pleasure to know that the Iowa prohibition law is to be fought over once more in the Supreme Court of that State, as it may be the beginning of emancipation of the people from their present "temperance" predicament.

President Harvey of the State Temperance Alliance has taken steps to re-open the question of the prohibitory constitutional amendment. This amendment was passed by the Legislature and voted on by the people in 1882 and carried by 30,000 majority. Owing to clerical errors the same was annulled by the Supreme Court, and the present prohibitory law was then passed by the General Assembly.

The Temperance Alliance, through its president, still insists that the amendment is part of the Constitution of the State, notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Court, the people having passed upon the same in their sovereign capacity and removed it from the jurisdiction of the courts. President Harvey

demanded of Secretary of State McFarland a certified copy of the Constitution of the State, including this amendment. McFarland refused and said the amendment was not part of the Constitution, and therefore was not a matter to be certified from his office. Harvey then had served upon Secretary McFarland an original notice setting out that a petition would be on file immediately in the District Court asking for a writ of mandamus against the Secretary, compelling him to certify as demanded. Secretary McFarland will make a defense in the case. The steps taken by the Alliance caused much surprise. It means the opening up before the Supreme Court of the whole constitutional prohibitory question, and interesting developments are anticipated.

Good for Iowa's Secretary of State. If the Prohibitionists try to put an amendment in the Constitution and it is voted on by the people, it will be beaten by 30,000 majority.

A SENSIBLE JUDGE.

In the course of his charge to the Deadwood S. D. Grand Jury Judge Thomas recently said:

"Since our admission to statehood, we are confronted with a new law prohibiting the sale of liquors of all kinds, and under my oath as judge, it becomes my duty to instruct you to investigate any and all violations of this law. You and I may have voted for it, and the majority must rule in this country. General Grant said, 'The best way to get rid of an obnoxious law is to strictly enforce it.' I do not know that the law is violated, neither do you for we don't indulge, but it is generally understood that liquor is sold here in Deadwood openly, and it is your duty to consider these matters, and if the testimony warrants it, I want you to indict those parties. I will say here that I do not believe in the policy of this law of prohibition. I do not believe in taking a man by the nape of the neck and the seat of his trousers and throwing him over the ramparts of heaven. I do not believe that the legislature can pass a resolution to save any man, else we would ask them to pass a general resolution and 'resolve' up all to heaven. And while personally I might feel like standing in with these people, I propose to do my duty toward enforcing this law, and so should you. It will require some nerve, some backbone, some courage to do this, but under your oath it is your duty, and if any of you will get up and say that you are not able to do this, I will excuse you."

Sensible man!

OHIO'S PURE WINE LAW.

A bill of great interest to the Ohio wine trade has passed the Legislature and become a law. It was introduced by Mr. Benz and amended by Senator Sonerant. The provisions are that adulterated wines shall bear a label stating that they are adulterated, what the specific adulterants are and what quantity of each is used per gallon. This will be a great help to the Ohio trade, as it strikes a heavy blow at those houses who have been selling bogus wines under cover of the well-established reputation of the Island and other Ohio wines.

Here is the way prohibition marches onward and upward. The receipts for Federal liquor licenses in the United States revenue district composing the northern half of Iowa in 1886 were \$140,320.44. In 1890 the receipts were \$191,172.58—over \$50,000 more than in the year preceding. The Lord have mercy on the cranks who still cry for prohibition!

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, 1896.

[SEAL]

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

VITICULTURE IN MEXICO.

MONTEMORELOS, NUEVO LEON, MEXICO, March 28, 1891.

Editor *Wine and Spirit Review*:—Your valuable paper has allowed me in my wanderings through various states of Northern Mexico, and has afforded me an excellent opportunity of keeping up the interest I always took in viticulture in California. Now that I have carefully selected a location in which to establish myself permanently, I redeem my promise to you to write about the industry in Mexico.

Having come to Mexico with the purpose of engaging in viticulture and horticulture, I naturally studied everything connected with them with a keen interest and made it my business to collect all the information obtainable. I spent nearly two years in the center of the viticultural section of Mexico, which is Parras in the State of Coahuila. An idea can be had of the insignificance of the wine and brandy products of Mexico, when it is considered that the whole product of the district of Parras in 1889 was less than one thousand tons of grapes, and that the same figure would easily cover the product of the rest of Mexico. After Parras, the principal district, comes Cuatreciénegas, also in Coahuila, but some 200 miles nearly due north of it, where several Italians have planted vines and dispose of their products mainly to the silver mines near by. I should have stated here first that Parras is situated about one hundred miles east of Torreon, the junction of the International Mexican Railroad with the Mexican Central.

About twenty miles north of Torreon junction is now the largest vineyard in Mexico, consisting of more than half a million of vines from one to three years of age, some of them from cuttings imported from California, others from Europe. Another extensive vineyard set out three years ago, exists in the southern part of the State of Chihuahua about two miles north of the station of Diaz on the Mexican Central Railroad. This vineyard is the first of the modern vineyards to give fruit, and I was agreeably surprised to find in August last, some very nice bunches of Crabb's Burgundy fit to eat. A very good stone cellar was recently built here, and it is stocked in part with excellent oak casks from San Francisco. There are a number of small vineyards scattered along the foot of the mountain from Chihuahua to Lerdo, but they are not sufficient to supply the demand for table grapes, consequently it is usual to see them sold at nine to twelve cents per pound.

The next important place for grapes, is Agua Caliente at the junction of the Mexican Central with its line to San Luis Potosi and Tampico. There are many small vineyards here and some wine is made, but the distribution of both grapes and wine is scarcely sufficient for a few small towns accessible with the usual mode of transportation—donkeys.

Some excellent grapes and wines are produced in Cedros in the northern part of the State of Zacatecas. The soil being thin and mineral, the grapes are darker and the wine better than the average. There are several vineyards near San Luis Potosi that may produce in all seventy-five to one hundred tons of grapes, most of which are retailed for the table and very little made into wine.

Several new vineyards were lately set out near Celaya in Guanajuato and in San Miguel de Allende and Dolores Hidalgo in the northern part of the same State. In this latter place the soil and climate are wonderfully well adapted to the production of the wine, and I do not wonder at all at the patriotic fire which was kindled in the breast of the hero of Mexican Independence when it is remembered that he was the curate of this interesting village, and that he had his own private vineyard and private cellar.

With the exception of the most modern vineyards, the only variety grown in Mexico is the same old Mission grape, and the only variation from that found in California is in the color which is lacking here generally on account either of the lack of irrigation or want of cultivation.

The modes of planting and cultivation in use here, are on a

par with the progress of agriculture which is simply nothing, and the wonder of it is that nature persists in rewarding this apology of industry, by giving the people enough to subsist on. With lands reasonably cheap, water in abundance, an excellent market for wine, and brandies, it is a wonder that no more progress has been made in the establishment of viticulture.

In noting the diversified methods in use in the vineyards and in the cellars, I am reminded of a man lost in the woods who was never known to stumble in the right road to his destination.

Yours sincerely,

L. D. COMBE.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS IN LONDON.

I looked in the offices of Mr. Hugo Lorenz, of seven and eight Idol Lane recently, when I had the pleasure of tasting samples of the California brandies distilled by Messrs. Walden & Co. of Geyserville, Cal. The 1888, landed in July, 1889 is a specially fine spirit, and should all the California brandies distilled be like those of Messrs. Walden & Co., the sale of California brandies in London would soon develop. The 1888 is an exceptionally good spirit, and will probably greatly improve with age. I have submitted samples of the Walden Cognac to several experts in the trade, who were highly pleased with them.

Messrs. Walden & Co. have appointed Mr. Lorenz their sole agent and consignee in London and the south of England.

In 1886 large quantities of Italian brandy were shipped into London, but nobody would purchase them, and, as a consequence, they were thrown on the market, where they had to be disposed of by means of public auction, where they realized something like 1s. 6d. per gallon in bond. There is a good demand for Spanish brandy at the moment, but this spirit, although very clean and distilled from pure grapes, is not so near like the genuine cognac as that distilled in California, and at a recent auction sale in London some twelve butts of Spanish brandy only realized the small sum of 1 s. 9d. to 2s. 3d. per gallon in bond.

In a recent sale of wines and spirits in Dublin by a firm of brokers, amongst other parcels were some 100 casks and 187 dozens of California wines, the prices realized being as follows: In bond, at per cask, 1 hogshead sherry, 1s. duty, £3 5s.; 2 barrels Madeira, £5 15s.; 4 barrels Muscatel, £2 7s. 6d.; 1 barrel sherry £3 10s.; 8 barrels Angelica, £3 12s. 6d.; 2 barrels Riesling, £1 8s.; 1 barrel port, £4 17s. 6d.; 8 barrels port, £3 12s. 6d.; 1 barrel claret, £3 2s. 6d.; 12 barrels claret, £3; 4 barrels Zinfandel, £3 10s., 19 barrels Hoch' 17 s.; and 5 barrels orange juice at £1 7s.

Bottled wines at per dozen (bottle 1s. 6d.)—35 dozen Riesling, 1s.; 30 dozen port, 4 s. 6d. to 4s. 7d.; 11 dozen claret, 5s. 6d.; 10 dozen Burgundy, 7s. 6d.; 60 dozen Hoch, 2s. 9d.

At another recent sale in London the following prices for California wines of the "Olivina Brand" were realized. The wines were bottled at the vineyards, and are from 4 to five years old.

		s. d.		
2 dozen	Zinfandel.....	13 0	per dozen	Tax paid
5 "	Haut Sauterne.....	13 6	"	"
5 "	Malbec.....	14 6	"	"
5 "	Burgundy.....	15 6	"	"
5 "	Riesling.....	17 6	"	"

—London Letter.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street

New York

HOFMEISTER'S CHAMPAGNE.

More Details About the Latest Patent Rapid Fermentation Process.

Some time ago we discussed a new method for the artificial maturation of spirit. Without going by any means so far as to pronounce the new scheme an impossibility, we ventured to decline believing in its power to effect all claimed for it until such had been abundantly proved. In the same manner we must now treat a patent taken out by one Dr. Hofmeister, for what he is pleased to term an "accelerated process of champagne fermentation." So vast are the results anticipated by its author upon the champagne trade that a large amount of credulity is required before the scheme can even be regarded as a serious one. It has, however, been somewhat fully noticed in an article in *Invention*, which clearly regards the project as not beyond the bounds of reason and possibility, and it is to this journal that we owe such information as we possess of Dr. Hofmeister's patent. In a sentence, he claims that, if a still wine arrives in the right condition, it can leave his factory as Champagne within fourteen days after arrival, and the long duration of manufacture until the removing of the ferment is to be reduced to about four to six days. He professes to have made, on 9th December, 1889, real good Champagne from new wine of the same year, and to have been equally successful in the two previous years. The wine is stated to be bright and good, and to show in a glass a fine sparkling and durable *mousseux* and also a beautiful *cremant*, and to be, in fact, equal in all respects to that made by the ordinary methods which now obtain.

We may doubt the success of the invention, but if we assume this, its value is patent in that the necessity for keeping large stocks will be considerably reduced, and the interest on the capital which these represent, proportionately decreased. Moreover, it is claimed that in employing Hofmeister's process, breakage is nearly excluded if the bottles are of good quality and able to stand the pressure of four atmospheres. This item of expense, although far less than in years gone by, owing to the improvement which has taken place in bottle manufacture, is still formidable, and its avoidance would still be a gain of no small importance. This being so, it is at least worth while to consider whether the patent really deserves serious consideration or not. According to *Invention*, the wine thus made is wholly natural; no chemicals or chemical combinations of any kind are used, but only such elements as are to be found in the purest French champagne. If the Hofmeister wine has been warehoused only for a short time, it does not differ at all from the good old French champagne, with which it has been compared advantageously in several severe tests. For a daily production of 500 bottles, newly constructed apparatus are used, the installation of which will require three large rooms according to the situation of the factory; to work the apparatus three men will be sufficient except the controlling manager and the hands for putting in and tying the corks. The still wine is converted into Champagne with an expense for raw material of about 3d per bottle, and with a further expense of about 1d to 2d per bottle for liqueuring the wine the champagne is ready for sale. These prices differ a little according to special circumstances, and represent the value of the contents per bottle, if added to the price of the still wine; the working cost and so on are not included. It is, further, a great saving that only one cork will be used, and that also the work of corking and tying the bottles has to be done only once. As it is not necessary to remove the ferment from the cork, and so on, no skilled labor for this work is required.

The machinery is stated to be very simple and not liable to wear out, although requiring great attention from a manager possessing a thorough knowledge of chemistry and mechanics. The price of one set of apparatus will be, in Germany, £100 to £500, according to the material employed. Its efficacy can be

tested by those interested, for if they care to send not less than sixteen bottles of their still wine to Munich the inventor will convert it into sparkling and return it in a few days. So much information and no more will this wonderful Doctor vouchsafe, except to those that may specially apply to him. To the latter, however, he promises to make good his assertions, should they evince a desire to give his invention a trial. As we have previously remarked, we are in no position either to recommend or deery this latest departure in wine manufacture. *Prima facie* there may be something in it, and therefore it is worth a certain amount of attention. To accept it, on the other hand, at Dr. Hofmeister's valuation is quite another thing, and until we know a great deal more about it from those who have had an opportunity of testing its merits, and are besides qualified to form an opinion, we must decline to be converted to his views. In these days of science and progress it is unwise to say anything is impossible, and we therefore prefer to record the scheme for what it is worth, rather than simply ignore it.—*Ridley's Wine and Spirit Trade Circular, London.*

GEORGIA WINES.

A recent special census bulletin on viticulture makes an encouraging showing for Georgia. We have heard so much about the vineyards of California, that we have been led to underrate the possibilities of this industry in our own State. It is true that California makes a specialty of viticulture, but the census report brings out the astonishing fact that, while the lowest average yield is that of Georgia, with 1.33 tons per acre, the market value of her grapes is the highest of all, being \$96 per ton. The California grapes command only \$17.66 per ton. Tennessee comes next to Georgia, selling her grapes at \$89 per ton. Another point. Georgia wine brings the highest average price, \$1.15 per gallon. If the figures in this report mean anything, they mean that the grapes and wine of Georgia can be made to yield a handsome profit to those who are prepared to give the proper attention to viticulture. Doubtless the strong temperance sentiment in this State has had the effect of retarding the industry, but it should be recollected that many enlightened students of the drink problem hold that the cause of temperance will make a great stride when our cheap and pure native wines drive out the fiery and adulterated whisky and brandy now so generally consumed. This branch of the question, however, may be considered later. The point of immediate interest is the census report's revelation, that there is gold in Georgia grapes.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

Don't be too fast about advising everybody to plant vines. It is true Eastern wine producers get better prices than those of California, but then the Eastern men have plagues which we never meet. There is a certain demand, too, for so much Eastern wine and the limit can easily be exceeded. Then it will be found that over-production is just as great a curse in the East as it has proved to be here. And don't believe all that that report says

CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care. When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO RUHLEMANN,
Viticulural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

CHICAGO, March, 1891:

To the Trade:—In order to keep in a measure abreast with the steadily advancing grain market, we are compelled to change our schedule of prices, although this change does not by any means cover the recent advance of all kinds of grain. We quote to take effect on and after Monday, March 30th, as follows: Spirits, 101 per cent., \$1.14 proof gallons; spirits, 188 per cent., \$1.12 proof gallons; alcohol, 188 per cent., \$2.10 wine gallons. All F. O. B. Chicago. Terms, sight draft on bill of lading. In event of your esteemed favors, we assure you of our faithful services, remaining,

Respectfully yours,

CALUMET DISTILLING CO.

NEW YORK, March, 1891.

To the Trade:—On April 1st, rock candy syrup will be reduced in price fifteen cents per gallon, and rock candy crystals two cents per pound, at which prices, all manufacturers in our line will be glad to sell the goods.

It has come to our notice that one of our many would-be competitors has succeeded in indulging a few orders for syrup, from regular customers of ours, by intimating that in making a reduction in the price, as above, for delivery in April, he was conferring a great favor, and that no other manufacturer of rock candy syrups intended making any reduction in price unless forced to do so.

Our attention was directed to the neat little trick by the receipt of several letters from good customers, having standing orders for a stated number of barrels of syrup to be shipped each month, requesting that we cancel such orders. Inquiry developed the fact that our enterprising (*sic*) competitor had either written to or sent his agent everywhere among the trade, offering inducements (?) as above narrated.

It gives us a great deal of pleasure to be able to state that in every case where cancellations for April delivery occurred, orders were allowed to stand, when our customers learned from us the true state of the case. The facts are these: When, on February 15th, sugar refiners, imitating the action of Congress, in reducing the duty on sugar at two cents per pound, to go into effect on April 1st, began selling sugar at two cents per pound less than

the ruling price, for April delivery, every manufacturer in our line began taking orders for April on the same basis. In every case, since that time when receiving orders for more syrup than we thought our customers could use, we have advised them to buy for immediate needs only, pending the reduction in price on April 1st.

Trusting that if any of our customers among wholesale liquor dealers or compounders have been induced to place their orders elsewhere, owing to any misapprehension of facts, they will countermand such orders, and mail them to us, just as they would have done, had they not been imposed upon; we remain,

Yours very truly,

DRYDEN & PALMER.

EAST CAMBRIDGE, MASS., March, 1891.

To the Trade:—The Bay State Distillery Company has purchased from Messrs. Sortwell & Co. all their superb distilling property at East Cambridge, Mass., and all their stock of New England rum (made in copper) on hand in bonded warehouses, together with their accounts receivable, good will, and the business just as it is now in operation. Everything will go on for the present just as heretofore; all the operatives continue the same as though no change of ownership had taken place, and any changes that may be made hereafter will be positively *in the interest of improvement* wherever we find it possible. Old brands will be delivered to old customers if they so request.

The Bay State Distillery Company, with its great equipment—superior to any and all others—and its abundant cash capital to work with, will deliver to its patrons who favor the company with their orders, nothing less than the best grade of New England rum that can be made in New England of the best molasses stock and by the aid of the highest skill in the business. And this we guarantee to every purchaser.

To the old customers of the house we wish to say that the Bay State Company understands fully from Messrs. Sortwell & Co. the spirit of the treatment they have heretofore extended to their friends, and it shall be the pleasure of the company to continue such good treatment without any abatement whatever.

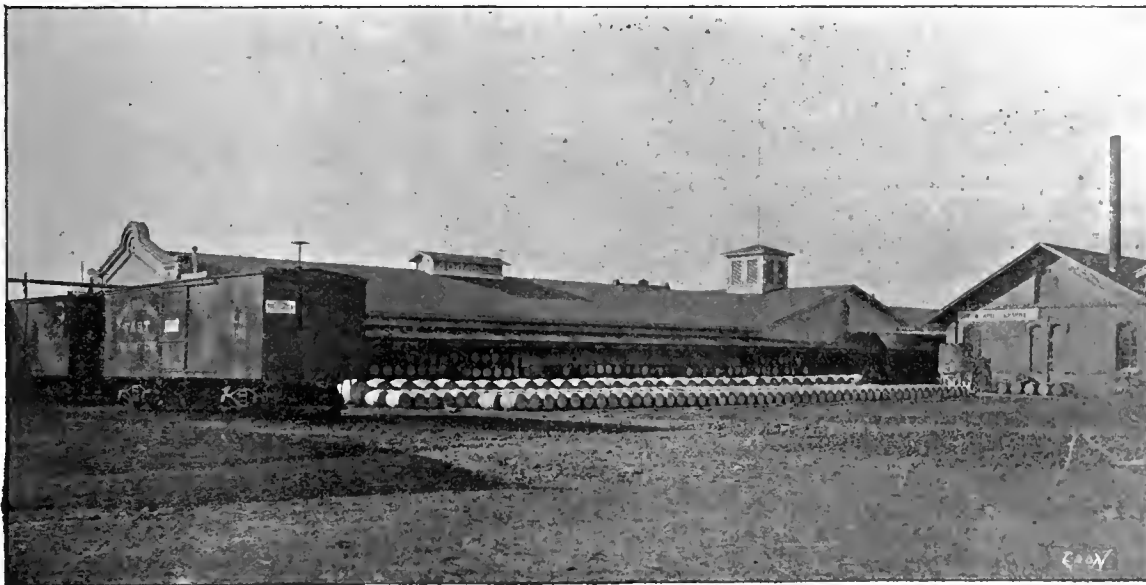
May we therefore ask the kindness of your continued favor?

Very truly yours,

BAY STATE DISTILLERY CO.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.



Winery and Distillery.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.
Sonoma Wine & Brandy Co., 1 and 3 Front St., New York.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, KY. March 31, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisk. Trade. We beg to submit, as usual, tables showing the bonded stocks of Kentucky whisky of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90, the production of the current season and the amount of said production remaining in bond, all as of date February 28th, ultimo.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88, '89, AND '90.

	'88	'89	'90	Total
In bond Jan. 31, '91	128,667	16,426.68	1,712.81	146,806.49
Unbonded in Feb.	5,291	51,410	4,007	56,708
5th	106,366	138,596	212,244	457,206
6th	31,223	61,908	77,883	170,014
7th	63,214	51,780	56,371	151,365
8th	57,203	37,340	6,957	101,500
Total	265,810	320,834	395,406	982,050
Leaving in bond Feb. 28, '91	1,715,807	15,714,814	30,747,405	48,178,026

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

Total production '91 crop through Jan. 31st ult. 13,351,117 gals. to which we add the production for February:

2nd District	305,050 gals.
5th "	2,061,019 "
6th "	600,321 "
7th "	609,065 "
8th "	816,494 "
Total	4,481,949 "

total production for season to Feb. 28, inclusive 17,833,066 gals. For the same period of the '90 crop the production was:

In July, '89	801,630 gals.
In August, '89	304,558 "
In September, '89	288,104 "
In October, '89	767,397 "
In November, '89	2,428,740 "
In December, '89	3,937,850 "
In January, '90	4,488,555 "
In February '90	4,229,707 "
Total	17,246,841 "

or an increase in '91 crop for first eight months..... 586,225 "

BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on Jan. 31st '91.....12,130,937 gals. to which we add the production for February above shown.....4,481,949 "

16,612,886 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for February, viz:

2nd District	29,706 gals.
5th "	130,813 "
6th "	50,634 "
7th "	6,416 "
8th "	1,433 "
Total	219,002 gals.

leaving in bond of that crop on February 28, '91.....16,393,884 gals.

It is unnecessary to direct the especial attention of the trade to the fact that the current production continues on the increase as compared with the latter season's crop, it having reached on February 28th, 17,833,066 gallons, more than one-half of a million gallons in excess of any previous crop for the same period. This is the situation at the end of the first eight months of the distilling season, the relative high price of grain having all along obtained. Is it, therefore, a logical conclusion that "high prices of grain will, before the close of the distilling close of the distilling season, count as a factor in keeping the production down," lately remarked by a prominent trade paper? We fear not. If the distiller has persevered in his production to this time without regard to the high price of grain, it is not likely that he will now, on that account, abridge his manufacture to any extent for the two or three months yet remaining.

Your obedient servants,

E. H. TAYLOR JR. & SONS.

Frankfort, Ky.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Claessens, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gut edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

Buchanan's Circular.

Production of Whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of February, 1891.

Second District	305,050 gallons.
Fifth "	2,061,019 "
Sixth "	600,321 "
Seventh "	609,065 "
Eighth "	816,494 "

Total.....4,481,949 gallons.

Withdrawals of Whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of February, 1891.

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total
Second District	5,291	51,410	41,951	29,706	128,271 gallons.
Fifth "	106,366	138,596	212,244	130,813	588,019 "
Sixth "	31,223	61,908	77,883	50,634	223,648 "
Seventh "	63,214	51,780	56,371	6,416	157,811 "
Eighth "	57,203	37,340	6,957	1,433	102,933 "

Total.....265,810 320,834 395,406 219,002 1,201,052 gallons.

Stock of Whisky remaining in Bond in the State of Kentucky, February 28, 1891.

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total
Second District	102,306	1,611,563	3,722,361	1,419,756	6,855,986 gallons.
Fifth "	2,061,019	6,659,153	12,222,035	7,424,732	27,166,839 "
Sixth "	163,985	1,228,821	3,624,923	2,120,996	7,138,725 "
Seventh "	498,350	3,155,911	5,380,473	2,707,037	11,741,771 "
Eighth "	90,247	3,049,366	5,797,613	2,721,230	11,658,456 "

Total.....1,715,807 15,714,814 30,747,405 16,393,751 64,571,777 gallons

The Production of Whisky in the State of Kentucky for the season ending June 30, 1890, was as follows:

July, 1889	801,630 gallons
Aug. "	304,558 "
Sept. "	288,404 "
Oct. "	767,397 "
Nov. "	2,428,740 "
Dec. "	3,927,850 "
Jan. 1890	4,488,555 "
Feb. "	4,229,707 "

Total.....17,246,841 gallons.

March, 1890.....4,796,897 gallons.

April ".....5,283,897 "

May ".....5,495,325 "

June ".....3,366,418 "

Total.....36,189,378

The Production of Whisky in the State of Kentucky for the current season to February 28, 1891, has been as follows:

July, 1890	1,151,203 gallons.
Aug. "	434,978 "
Sept. "	259,086 "
Oct. "	714,796 "
Nov. "	2,035,959 "
Dec. "	4,001,021 "
Jan. 1891	4,754,257 "
Feb. "	4,481,949 "

Total.....17,833,249 gallons.

In circular issued February 16, 1891, the stock of exported whisky remaining abroad was given as 52,560 barrels. The following table shows the importations for the months of January and February, 1891, to have been 4,677 barrels, reducing the stock remaining abroad to 47,883 barrels.

Stock whisky remaining abroad Jan. 1, '91.	Re-imported months of Jan. and Feb. '91	Stock whisky remaining abroad Mar. 1, '91
806 bbls.	20 bbls.	876 bbls.
12,067 "	1,899 "	10,168 "
9,265 "	325 "	8,940 "
22,228 b.	2,244 bbls.	19,984 bbls.
8,011 "	76 "	7,935 "
19,133 "	2,082 "	17,051 "
3,188 "	275 "	2,913 "

Total.....52,560 bbls. 4,677 bbls. 47,883 bbls.

The foregoing statistics are respectfully submitted, with the hope they may prove of value and interest to the trade to whom I offer my services as a broker. All orders entrusted to me to buy or sell whisky will receive careful attention.

GEORGE C. BUCHANAN.

Whisky Broker, 138 West Main Street.
Louisville, Ky., March, 1891.

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A WARNING FROM THE EAST.

LEO HORTON.

This insect belongs to the genus *Trioxys*, a member of the family *Trioxidae*, described by Harris in 1834, and redescribed by Latimer (page 30, second annual report) as a small, slender, spindle-shaped, part-colored leaf hopper, which in its larval, pupal and perfect stages is very destructive to the foliage of the vine.

For years I have looked upon this insect as one of the worst insect enemies of the vine wherever it abounds, and have been carefully studying its habits, in order to find its weak point. Until the present season I have seen its annual increase in my little vineyard, and no vulnerable point for its control. It was so very destructive last year that I devoted much time to it during the early days of spring. Except in summer when most destructive, I had before given it little attention. I found that early in the spring the little pests were collected in colonies at the lowest and most sheltered points of the vineyard in grass and under rubbish and not spread over the whole. Herein I conceived was my opportunity. I had previously tried tobacco and pyrethrum water with such indifferent results that I now resolved to try carbolic soap and kerosene emulsion; and the faithful use of these proved so eminently successful, that if I may take the present season's experience as conclusive, I may say that I now no longer fear or dread the attacks of these insects. I can hardly find enough in the last of July for study.

And if I may judge by my own experience, the information herein contained will bring gladness to many vineyardists. Still I realize from past exploiting in the same direction with other insect pests that it will not do to say that I have the insects under control. But the facts afford us this hope.

The strong point of these experiments and observations is that the insects hibernate under rubbish at the lowest places for winter protection; that they always avoid bleak or windy points, being weak of wing and requiring heat and shelter, and that they do not spread over the vineyard in spring until the vines by their foliage afford shelter from wind and storm.

I have made no attempts to study the life history of these vineyard pests but simply found their vulnerable point.

The insects do not seem hard to subdue until they are allowed to increase and become sheltered by the expanded foliage of the vines. I experimented upon about an acre of vines, more or less sheltered by fences and buildings. Fuller calls it a hot house pest, but nevertheless it is spreading over all our open vineyards. I usually spent half an hour early in the morning while the insects were more or less torpid with cold, spraying the lowest places, the grass and rubbish at the edges or wherever I could discover the pests and I found that I had mainly conquered the insects by the first of June.

The above was published four or five years ago. My observations, then, and the remedies used were so correct and met the conditions so successfully, that there is not much to add to it now. The insect will not and cannot spread in our cold and rainy climate, like they will in California, where the climatic conditions are more favorable. Your vineyardists will have only to remember that the early spring is the only proper time to meet the enemy, while the colonies are small, and before they acquire wings to spread abroad. Your mechanical devices are no doubt well adapted to meet the conditions after the pest has spread over the vines, but I make the criticism, why use so much machinery and do so much work late in the season when one-tenth part of the work and expense will meet all requirements, say about the 1st of April in your climate? I am an old Californian myself and have studied the conditions there more or less in years past, and I feel bound to say to you that if your vineyardists do not meet and conquer the insect now, and you let it spread, it will destroy your vineyards and your business. No other insect enemy except phylloxera perhaps, can possibly become so destructive to your vines.

Watertown, N. Y., March 30th.

D. S. MARVIN.

THE WHISKY OF THE FUTURE.

New whisky consists of ethylic alcohol associated with a small quantity of fusel oil. Fusel oil is a mixture of various higher alcohols, for the most part homologous with ethylic alcohol. When whisky is stored in casks, the oxygen of the air having access to these bodies, acts upon them and upon the ordinary alcohol, forming acids which, by secondary reasons, produce ethers, and these being prominently possessed of agreeable flavor and aroma, and healthful, stimulating properties, it follows that old or matured spirit is superior in all respects to the new and fiery product of the pot still. Such at any rate is in the main, the view entertained by most chemists, and we may accept it as coming at all events very near the truth. It must, however be admitted that chemical science, which has probed deeply into most of the recesses of nature, and particularly into such as have been adapted by mankind to utilitarian and commercial ends, has hitherto rather strangely hesitated to enter the domain of the distiller. During the lapse of the present prolific century the older industrial arts have everywhere given place to newer and more perfect methods. The manufacture of alkali has been revolutionized by the introduction of the ammonia process, the fabrication of innumerable dyes from coal-tar has almost rendered obsolete the use of coloring matters such as madder, obtained by the cultivation of plants or from animals. Even the pharmacist and the perfumer depend much less than formerly upon the vegetable and animal kingdoms, and indirectly draw from the deep store-houses of the mineral world, the odoriferous substances that minister to the supposed or real necessities of humanity. These are but a few examples among the many of what has been done, and it may be that even food itself will sometime before long become a cheap product of the chemist's art. In the meanwhile, whisky has been left to the successors of the monks and alchemists, aided by the mechanical engineer.

Let us, however, try to imagine what might happen if some day or other, chemistry, wandering as is her wont, where steam and smoke pollute the air, should set her foot once for all determinedly inside the distillery. She will see the alcohol and the fusel oil, and trace them into the bonded store, where, by the action of time, they are slowly and wastefully converted into matured spirits. She will patiently unravel the deliberate working of natural oxidation, separate each resulting body and place it in a vial, upon which she will set her sign manual of hieroglyphics. Then, seeing in each new substance some feature and lineament of the parent, fusel, she will lock the door of this store, and retrace her footsteps to the still-room, where, standing at the right hand of the distiller, she will turn the alcohol into one receiver and the fusel oil into another. Leaving the former under double lock to the care of the exciseman, she will take the latter to the laboratory and there, by fractionation, separate the higher alcohols of which it is constituted. From these she will prepare the acids, and from them the corresponding ethers, performing in a week the changes nature, operating in the store through the pores of oak, would take five years to effect. Then she will step aside, and "our expert," taking up the work, will blend the various ethers in such a way as to produce the "creaminess" or the "dryness," the "palateness" or the "malt flavor" which, from experience, he knows the public will most approve; and returning to the locked receiver of plain spirit, he will throw in the mixture thus obtained; and the public, neither the worse nor the wiser, but the better in pocket, will quaff such and any whisky as it likes to order, and sit chatting of the old days when "G. R." was a moving spirit in the land, and "J. J. & S." was a power. Such, at any rate, was the dream which occurred to our chemist, who sitting on the morrow of a night spent, perchance, before a sparkling decanter and a steaming jug, was sadly meditating on the best use to which a hoghead or two of whisky might be put; and, seriously, it seems to us the dream may be no phantasy, but capable of becoming stern reality of the future. — *Wine and Spirit Gazette*, London, England.



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 John Hancock, Texas
 Lacey & Co., Cadiz, Spain

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 Duquesne & Co. Reims, France
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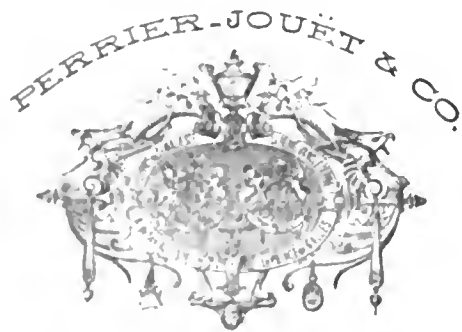


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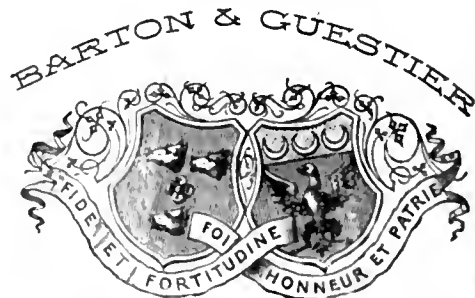
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ORIGIN OF STRONG LIQUORS.

Strong liquors are a modern invention. The ancients knew of nothing more powerful than lightly fermented wines, and have left warnings enough of the abuse of them. Alcohol was not discovered till the seventh century, although an older story exists of a monk, Marcus, who collected and condensed in wool the steam of heated white wine and then pressed out from the wool a balsam which he applied to the wounds of those who fell at the siege of Rheims, in the reign of Clovis I. He also mixed this balsam with honey and produced a cordial which brought the moribund back to life. Clovis, however, did not wait for the approach of death before claiming his share of the cordial. According to Dr. Stanford Chaele, the distillation of spirit from wine was not discovered until the twelfth century, and spirits did not come into common use until the fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Professor Arnoldus Villanova, in the fourteenth century, made a panacea of the water-of-life, which gave sweet breath and fortified the memory, besides being good for sore eyes, toothache and gout, and having other wonderful properties.

Distilled spirits came into use in London in 1450, and had to be prohibited in 1494. Michael Savonarola produced a treatise on the making of the water-of-life in the fifteenth century, which became a standard authority on the subject, and was followed by the work of Matthioli, of Sienna. These books gave the start of brandy making in Italy, whence the trade extended to France. About 1520 the Irish usquebaugh began to acquire reputation in England. Before 1601 "brand-wine" had begun to be distilled in the Low Countries from apples, pears and malt; and in that year an ordinance was passed at Tournay forbidding the sale of the liquor except by apothecaries, "partly because of the dearth of corn and partly because of the drunkenness which this cheap brand-wine caused, to the great prejudice not alone in homes and lives, but to the extreme danger of the souls of its drinkers, many of whom had died without confession."

ALCOHOL IN WINE.

Many chemists believe that alcohol does not exist in a free state in wine. They rest their theory on the fact that professional tasters will readily discover even the smallest addition of spirit to a liquid. It has been, however, clearly demonstrated that alcohol forms an absolute constituent of wine. The marked flavor noticeable in alcohol may be less attributed to the latter than to the foreign substances that adhere to alcohol, even during distillation. If we could obtain an alcohol perfectly free from these flavors, its artificial presence in wine would be no more noticeable than its natural existence in the same. It is used by many to veil defects in wine. Although the flavor, the taste, and, in a few instances the color, determine to a certain extent the commercial value of wines, the refreshing and stimulating properties imparted to it by its natural alcohol are, to no small degree, amongst the most important factors to its pecuniary success. In most instances nature provides sufficient spirit in wine to preserve it, and where, in spite of this state of things, wine degenerates within a short period, it may be owing to a lack of tannin, or some other defect in its constituent parts which can be found out and, in most cases, rectified by scientific inquiry.

From a Consular report, we learn that the total value of wine exported from Spain in 1889 touched the sum of over 11,300,000l. The wines, with their values, may be classed as follows: Common red wine, 10,000,000l; sherry, 1,000,000l; "Vino generoso," 300,000l. The very large supply of common red wine sent to France is used there for blending purposes with French wines. Nearly all the sherry wine and the "generoso," which is of much stronger quality, finds a market in England.—*Wine Trade Review.*

ETHER DRINKING IN IRELAND.

A startling statement has been laid before the Executive Government of Ireland by Mr. Thomas Mackenzie Ledlie on the subject of ether drinking in Ireland. Mr. Mackenzie Ledlie, who has given the subject careful consideration, and has made an extensive tour in the ether drinking district, gives some startling facts in connection with this practice. He calculates that 17,000 gallons of impure ether of the vilest form is annually consumed by the people in the districts situated in the counties of Derry and Tyrone, as well as parts of Armagh, Monaghan, and Fermanagh. No fewer than 100,000 people, spread over an infected area of 190,000 acres, indulge in the baneful habit. Mr. Ledlie is of opinion that the practice is a degrading and demoralizing one, and the effects upon the moral, social, intellectual, and physical welfare of the nation are baneful in the extreme. He suggests six ways of getting rid of the practice, the chief of which may be summarized as follows:—The introduction of naphtha into the preparation of all ether, save that used purely for medicinal purposes, which would give it a nauseating odor and taste; the re-imposition of a prohibitive tax, which was taken off the liquid by the Act of eighteen and nineteen Victoria, and the making of the practice illegal, and placing it on the criminal code, as well as rendering the sale of ether illegal by all persons save chemists, and by this class of persons only for *bona fide* medicinal or commercial purposes. It is understood that the Government will, at no distant date, take steps for carrying out one or more of the suggestions of Mr. Mackenzie Ledlie. It is now recognized that this vice must be promptly and effectually dealt with.

WINE-GROWING IN GERMANY.

German official statistics show that the vintage area of Germany last year was as follows:—

	Hectares.	English acres.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	30,244	74,702
Bavaria.....	22,322	55,135
Baden.....	19,885	49,116
Wurtemberg.....	18,546	45,808
Prussia.....	17,040	42,089
Hesse.....	10,347	25,557
Saxony.....	955	2,359
Other parts.....	244	602

The average annual production of must is given as below:—

	Hectolitres.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	617,636
Bavaria.....	331,679
Baden.....	298,590
Wurtemberg.....	281,968
Prussia.....	256,512
Hesse.....	254,596
Saxony.....	4,353
Other parts.....	1,708

—*Wine Trade Review.*

AUSTRALIAN BRANDY.

Messrs. Joshua Bros., distillers, Melbourne, have decided to open up a new branch of Victorian industry, in the shape of the manufacture of brandy from Australian wines. The firm has been engaged in the preparation of the spirit for over two years, and has in stock about 150,000 gallons of brandy. The system used by Messrs. Joshua Bros. is supervised by experts from Europe, and the machinery is of the most complete character. The opening-up of this industry should have a good effect upon the wine growers, as during the past two years Messrs. Joshua Bros. have purchased nearly all the wine on offer from the Rutherglen district.

Subscribe for the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, the only wine and liquor trade paper west of Chicago.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnerships

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

Sold Out.

Out of Business.

Damage by Fire.

Deceased.

Deeds and Transfers.

F. Brisk, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$2100.
S. E. Preste, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$210
Lynch & Noble, saloon, Spokane, Wash.
\$250.
C. Butler, saloon, San Francisco, Ca
\$100.
Ehrlinger & Olhoff, liquors, Albina, O
bill to D. J. Buckley.
L. Jamieson, restaurant, Spokane, Was
to D. Croul.
B. F. Rickert, saloon, Spokane, Was
\$1,187.
O. O. Olson, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$900.

J. F. Brown, saloon, San Francisco, Cal.
Baumgartner & Mich, saloon, Helena,
Mont.
R. D. Good & Co., saloon, Tekoa, Wa.

Jno. H. Van Gellen, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,000.
Cornelius Mooney, saloon San Francisco, Cal., \$3,000.
N. Ahrens, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$5,000.
W. V. Newlands, saloon, San Pedro, Cal., \$2,000.
Chris Semmon, saloon, New Whatcom Wash., \$1,500.
W. Y. Thornburg, wholesale liquors, Vancouver, Wash., \$2,000.
J. M. Honey, saloon, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$10,000.
W. Siburg, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$2,000.
Mathe & Gianovich, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Mathe \$1,512.
W. J. O'Garra, saloon, Oakland, Cal., \$500.
C. A. Viemeister, saloon, Sacramento, Cal., \$1,300.
H. W. Shurtleff, saloon, Ogden, Utah, \$3,000.
Rohr & Son, saloon, Gilroy, Cal., \$700.
S. C. Stevens, saloon, Eddy, N. M., \$1,000 and \$350.
Jos. Levy, saloon, Los Angeles, Cal., \$700.
H. N. Grelle, restaurant, Portland, Ore., \$1,500.

W. H. Walters, saloon, Pendleton,
\$1200.
Imman & Johnson, saloon, New Wai-
Wash., \$400.
McKinnon & Co., saloon, Seattle, Wa-
\$2117.
B. B. Storm, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$1
D. J. Kenna, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$
J. S. Perry, saloon, Tolt, Wash., \$750.
W. T. Vail, saloon, Portland, Or., \$10
H. Schneider, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1
M. J. Mooney, Seattle, Wash., \$1785.
F. L. Crow, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$
A. G. Martell, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1
D. W. Thomas, saloon, Portland,
\$350.
Tobin & Tilton, saloon, Fairhaven, Wa-
\$250.



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and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

FUNGUS DISEASES.

The United States Department of Agriculture has just issued a special bulletin (No. 4) on "the Fungus Diseases of the Grape and Their Treatment." The work is by B. F. Galloway the Chief of the Division of Vegetable Pathology. As there are but four fungoid diseases which occasion sufficient damage to warrant special attention, the bulletin is confined to these four—peronospera, powdery mildew, black rot and anthracnose. The bulletin, which is one of twelve pages can be had by addressing the United States Department of Agriculture.

THEY ARE LEARNING.

California, after many failures, is said to be turning out a really wholesome and fairly good champagne. Of course, it is not equal in delicacy of flavor to the best French brands, but the Californian wine-makers hope to improve the quality with practice. Meanwhile, seeing that no really good French champagne can be bought in the States under four dollars to five dollars (say £1) a bottle, it is no wonder that the sale of the Californian substitute is largely increasing.—*Breweries and Distilleries, London.*

The good news spreads slowly but it is evidently extending across the water. It may surprise our London contemporary to know that this same California champagne is being successfully introduced in London itself and that English connoisseurs speak highly of it. For further particulars we would refer *Breweries and Distilleries*, with our compliments, to Messrs. Grierson, Oldham & Co., 11 Regent street, S. W.

MARCH TRADE.

March was pre-eminently a month for moving wine, in spite of the many complaints made by the trade that times were dull. The overland shipments were 4124 cases and 615,509 gallons, and the sea exports were remarkably heavy. The extent of the trade is shown by the following tables:

	cases.	gallons.	value.
East by Rail.....	4,124	615,509	\$
New York by Water.....	70	392,414	181,726
Total Domestic.....	4,194	1,007,923	
Central America.....	247	6,233	5,540
Mexico.....	77	7,990	3,775
Hawaii.....	132	13,261	9,883
British Columbia.....	25	2,111	996
China and Japan.....	36	3,146	1,204
Europe.....		9,643	3,617
Tahiti.....		607	199
Miscellaneous.....	42	1,375	1,148
Total Foreign.....	559	44,366	\$ 26,362
Total Domestic.....	4,194	1,007,923	
Total Foreign.....	559	44,366	\$ 26,362

Grand Total.....4,653 1,052,289

Estimating the value of the overland shipments at four dollars per case and forty cents per galloa for bulk wines, the total value of the shipments domestic and foreign is \$470,787. This is a truly remarkable showing for the month of wine.

Turkish wines must be added to the long list of wines now imported into France. A French correspondent on the Dardanelles cites the rise in price of Turkish wines from 18-19 francs per hectolitre in 1887-8 to 21-23 francs in 1888-9. The annual production of fine dark-red Turkish wine is 150,000 to 200,000 hectolitres. It much resembles Greek and Dalmatian wine of the class. The chief wine districts are in Roumelia, on the Sea of Mamora, where are 3,000 hectares of vineyards (of which two-thirds produce red and the remaining third a much-esteemed white wine); Anatolia; the Gulph of Ismid, and Tenedos. Inferior red wines are produced in many parts of Roumelia, Anatolia and Macedonia.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

Henry Russler, saloon, Portland, Or., sued \$200.
M. A. Kelley, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$300.
E. D. Watson, saloon, Spokane, Wash., sued \$100.
Gropper & Whittaker, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., Gropper sued for appointment of receiver.
C. Langert, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$440.
A. C. McReynolds, saloon, Lompoc, Cal., sued \$239.
T. S. Humphreys, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$411.
J. M. Myers, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued \$155.
Russell & Vandervien, saloon, Seattle, Wash., Vandervien sues to dissolve.
A. C. McReynolds, saloon, Santa Barbara, Cal., judgment \$447.
Jenkins & Walennot, saloon, Whatcom, Wash., sued \$750 and appointment of receiver.
Klett & Co., saloon, East Portland, Or., mortgage foreclosed.
J. C. Clayborne, saloon, La Grande, Or., mortgage foreclosed \$1,500.
Jno. Ellis, saloon, Portland, Or., chattel mortgage foreclosed.
Jos. Grossman, saloon, Sehome, Wash., sued \$250.

Miscellaneous.

F. Jasmane, saloon, Albina, Or., advertised to sell.
R. B. Storms, saloon, Fairhaven, Wash., moved to Seattle.
J. Richards, saloon, Los Gatos, Cal., reopened.
N. J. Pehrson, saloon, Redding Cal., advertised to sell.
Kate E. Nash, saloon, Colton, Cal., declared sole trader.
M. Farrell, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.
J. L. Rankin, saloon, Portland, Or., left town.
Peter Kumpf, saloon, Bakersfield, Cal., transferred assets.
H. Fay, saloon, Stockton, Ariz., removed to Kingman.

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Mortgages Discharged.

A. H. Harms, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,500.
Stelling Bros., saloon, San Francisco, Cal., \$4,000.
Graser & Kissling, saloon, Williams, Cal., P. Graser \$500 and \$700.
J. M. Boney, saloon, San Jose, Cal., \$10,000.
A. P. Hotaling & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., I. Kauffman, \$45,000.

The following report of the Committee of the Kansas Assembly, which has been investigating the working of the prohibitory law in that State, embodies some of the views we have frequently expressed on this topic: "We have heard no testimony that induces us to believe that the prohibitory laws have been enforced in any city of the State through the agency of the metropolitan police or any other machinery of the law. In all the cities fines, or forfeited recognizances called fines, are imposed. There is usually no other punishment inflicted. The statute which imposes a one-hundred-dollar fine and imprisonment for selling intoxicated-liquors is abrogated by ordinances that impose fines of twenty-five dollars to one hundred dollars without imprisonment and recognizance being forfeited. The offense itself is thereby compromised in a manner which, if done by any other official action, would be a crime. The more vigorous the effort made to enforce prohibition in the cities, the more irresponsible and debased are the men engaged in the traffic, the more deceptive are their devices, and secluded their places of business."

Be not restrained from the use of pure, natural wine by any prejudices or religious misconceptions. Solomon said: "Drink thy wine with a merry heart" (Ecc. ix., 7). King David sang praises to God for "the good wine that rejoiceth the heart of man" (Ps., c. iv., 15), and even Jesus Himself drank a cup of wine with His disciples when taking leave of them, and at the Wedding Feast of Cana, Himself provided the wine.

THE HIGHEST AWARD

 PARIS EXPOSITION
 1889.
 GOLD MEDAL
 OFFICE & DEPOT
 615-617
 FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
 VINEYARD,
 1885.
 LIVERMORE VALLEY,
 CALIFORNIA
 A.G. CHAUCHE
 PROPRIETOR.
 SAN FRANCISCO.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.
 Office and Salesrooms
 618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,
California Wines and Brandies
 WHOLESALE DEALERS,
 GROWERS, DISTILLERS.
 Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

CARROLL & CARROLL,
Wholesale Liquor Merchants.
 SOLE AGENTS FOR —
 OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
 RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE,
 W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.
 Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.
 300 MARKET STREET - - SAN FRANCISCO.

ESTABLISHED 1857.
F. O. BOYD & CO.,
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.
CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,
 Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.
 Advances Made on Consignments.
 References by Appointment: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
 MR. ROBERT BARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HABSZTHY, San Francisco, Cal.
 MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHULFELDT, Chicago, Ill.

CHAR. W. FORK. JOHN SPRUANCE.
Spruance, Stanley & Co.
 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.
 The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
 Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
 Livermore Valley.
 DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
 A SPECIALTY.
 SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.
 CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER
JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.


H. H. LARRE. H. L. REYNOLDS. THOS. KINGSTON.
Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,
 WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND
 Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES

 VINEYARDS & CELLARS:
 Rutherford,
 Napa Co., Cal.
 VAULTS:
 123-127 Eddy St.
 Under Hackmeyer's Hotel,
 San Francisco, Cal.

TO-KALON.
 (Registered Trade Mark.)
 Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
 OAKVILLE, NAPA CO., CAL.
 H. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR
 "TO-KALON" has received more Medals, Diplomas and Premiums
 than any other brand of Wines and Brandies in America.
PURITY GUARANTEED.
 JAS. L. DAVIS & CO., Sole Agents,
 308 CALIFORNIA STREET. - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

California Wine Growers' Union
 PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
 Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave, San Francisco, Cal.

C. JOST, SR. O. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
 —Distillers and Rectifiers of—
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
 Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
 DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.


LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
 The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.
WHITE LABEL, **BROWN LABEL.**
 "CARTE BLANCHE." "GRAND VIN SEC."
 A Magnificent Hith Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine
 See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
 Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

[The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.]

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.	
QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00 7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00 7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00 6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00 \$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00 7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00 7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00 6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hock, 1885.....	5.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75 \$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75 5.75
Port.....	5.50
Angelica.....	5.50
Muscadel.....	5.50
Sherry.....	6.00
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00 5.00
Brandy.....	9.00
Port.....	5.00 6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00 6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50 7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi FeherHun Type ".....	4.00
" 1885.....	5.00
Port, 1884.....	6.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel, '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red ".....	10.00
***Green ".....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES.

F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.	
Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	0.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION,
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.	
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00 \$ 4.00
Claret.....	5.00 4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.	
Burger.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50 4.50
Port.....	5.50 6.50
Angelica.....	5.50 6.50
Sherry.....	5.50 6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00 11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.	
Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00 \$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Cognac.....	12.00 13.00

C. CARPY & CO.	
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco	
La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00 6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00 6.00
Riesling.....	4.00 5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00 10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00 9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00 13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50 \$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00 5.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50 5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50
Angelica.....	4.50
Sherry.....	4.50
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00 8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00 9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00 6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
JAS. L. DAVIS & Co., Sole Agents,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00 6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50 5.50
".....	4.00 5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00 7.00
" Haut.....	4.50 5.50
".....	4.00 5.00
Chablis.....	4.00 5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50 4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00 6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00 6.00
Beelan.....	5.00 6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00 9.00
La Granada.....	8.00 9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00 8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50 8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50 13.50
Madeira.....	5.00 6.00
Malaga.....	5.00 6.00
Muscadel.....	5.00 6.00
Angelica.....	5.00 6.00
Tokay.....	5.00 6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00 7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50 6.50
".....	5.00 6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00 13.00
" 1883.....	6.00 7.00
" 1886.....	4.00 5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00 10.00
".....	8.00 9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00 11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00 10.00
Cognac.....	14.00 15.00
".....	12.00 13.00

KUHL'S, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25 \$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50 7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00
Old Sherry.....	6.00

MONT ROUGE WINES.

A. G. Chauche Livermore, Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.	
Quarts. Pints.	
Sauterne.....	\$6.00 \$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00 8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00 5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00
Retour d'Europe.....	
AA Claret, V.....	9.00
Retour d'Europe.....	
Zinfandel.....	3.00 4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00 10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00 \$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50 4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50 5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50 5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75 4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50 5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00 4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00
Sherry.....	7.50
Angelica.....	6.00
Muscadel.....	6.00
Madeira.....	6.00
Malaga.....	6.00
Brandy.....	10.00

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
409 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy.....	3.00
Riesling.....	3.25
Riesling, Mareobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne.....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscadel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00 \$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50 4.00
Riesling.....	4.50 5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00
Malaga.....	8.00
Cognac.....	14.00

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50 \$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50 \$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00 13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50 12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00 13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY,
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00 \$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00 12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (L'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00 17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00 \$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.	
Gold Lack Sec, per case.....	\$32.00 \$34.00
Gold Lack Sec, 6 Magnums.....	
per case.....	31.00
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50 32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50 27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00 22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00 22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

QUARTS. PINTS.	
Pommery Sec.....	\$34.00 \$36.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,

First and Market streets, San Francisco.	
Louis Roederer Grand Vin Sec.....	\$1.00 \$6.00
" Brut.....	34.00 36.00
" Carte Blanche.....	34.00 36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co., "Special".....	\$32.50 \$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50 34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co., Brut.....	33.00 35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.	

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

308 California St., San Francisco

NER Desbordes & Fils, Dry	
Vergenay.....	\$28.00 \$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00 31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY,
De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.

Briton Sec.....	\$23.00 31.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00 32.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Quarts.	
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Beycheville, 1881.....	15.00
Dneru Beaucailon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cantezac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Mouton Rothschild '80.....	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romanec, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

WHITE WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Sauternes.....	9.25
Vin de Graves, 1878.....	10.50
Barsac, 1878.....	11.00
Haut Sauternes, 1874.....	17.50
Chateau Yquem, 1874.....	30.50

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
30 South William Street, New York.
Sole Manufacturers of the
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
*N. B.—Imitations bearing similar names are useless
or substitutes.*

American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.
(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)

Hock wines from.....	\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood,	
per gallon.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50
Port and Sherries in cases,	
per case.....	\$8.00 to \$15.00
(Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood	
from.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50

H. BRUNHILD & Co.,
323 Pearl St., New York.
Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.
RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.
Chr. Motz & Co.,
POCKWITZ & KRIEGL, Successors, Bordeaux
Cases.

Medoc.....	\$6.00
St. Julien.....	6.75
Margaux.....	7.00
Pontet Canet.....	8.00
Ch. Latour.....	13.50
Ch. Lafite.....	14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.

St. Julian.....	Per Cask, \$73.00
Monferrand.....	85.00
St. Estephe.....	115.00
Pontet Canet.....	145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.
Gebruder, Eckel, Deidesheim.

1883 Lanbenheimer.....	\$7.30
1884 Niersteiner.....	7.55
1884 Forster.....	7.85
1883 Deidesheimer Kappellen- berg.....	10.00
1883 Rudesheimer.....	10.50
1881 Liebraumilch.....	10.00
1881 Assmannshausen (Red).....	12.00
1883 Deidesheimer Kieselberg Zeltinger.....	17.90
Scharzhofberger.....	9.00
Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.	15.00

SHERRY WINES.
RIUZ MATA & CO., Jerez de la Frontera.
In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.

Bunch Grape, Good.....	\$1.25
Three Diamonds, Good, full bodied.....	1.40
Four Diamonds, rich.....	1.75
Manzanilla, dry and rich.....	2.25
Palido, dry and aromatic.....	2.50
Amontillado, pale and fine.....	3.50

FULL.

Oloroso.....	2.85
Oloroso.....	3.60
Imperial.....	4.60

Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,
Cadiz executed on favorable terms.

PORT WINES.
R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.
1/2 and 1/4 Casks.

Pure Port.....	Per Gal, \$1.20
Pure diamond brand Port.....	1.40
Three Bunches Grape.....	1.70
Teneriffe.....	2.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00

C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits
Burgundies, white and
red, per case.....

15.00 to 21.75

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,
Oporto, Port wines
per case.....

15.00 to 20.00

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,
Oporto, Port Wines,
in wood per gal.....

2.00 to 4.50

Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries
in wood per gal.....

2.00 to 5.50

Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown
Brand in 1/2.....

1.40 to 1.75

South Side Madeira.....

2.00 to 2.50

St. Croix Rum, L. B.....

5.50

Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....

5.00 to 6.00

Boord & Son, London Dock
Sherry, per case.....

12.00 to 15.00

G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz
Rhine Wines per case.....

8.50 to 28.00

Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt
o M Rhine Wines per
case.....

11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,
210 Front street, San Francisco.

Our Favorite O K.....	Per Gallon, \$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,
410 Front street, San Francisco.

Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,
404 Front street, San Francisco.

Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	Per Gallon, \$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " pf.....	4.00
B " " ".....	3.50
C " " ".....	3.00
No. 1 " " ".....	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2 dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.
323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.

Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1...	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old..	4.50 6.00
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club ".....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.50

LIQUORS—In cases.		Per Case
Phoenix Bourbon	OK, in 5s	\$10.50
"	" A1, "	7.50
"	" A1, 24 pts	8.00
"	" A1, 48½ pt	9.00
Rock and Rye Whisky	in 5s.	7.50
Rum Punch Extract,	in 5s..	8.00
Blackberry Brandy,	in 5s...	7.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN.
322 Sansome street, San Francisco.

O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Hvain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " per case.....	7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

Blue Grass, spring '83.....	\$2.75
-----------------------------	--------

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Native Pride, Old Bourbon, (per bbl) per gallon....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia, Bourbon and Rye whiskies.....	\$1.90 to \$3.50
--	------------------

KOLB & DENHARD.
422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon	\$2.50 to \$5.00
---------------------------	------------------

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co., Bontellean & Co. man- agers Cognac in Octaves per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co. Boutelleau & Co. man- agers Reserve Vintages, 10.50 to 14.00	
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch Whisky, in 1/2 casks....	4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand Jamaica Rums in 1/2 casks.....	5.25 6.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.
Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
(J. DUPONT & CO.)

Cognac 1/8 and 1/4 casks, 1887.	Per gal \$5.25
" " " 1883.	5.90
" " " 1880.	6.50
" " " 1878.	7.10
" " " 1875.	7.80
" " " 1870.	8.40
" " " 1878.	9.10
" " " 1865.	10.30
" " " 1860.	11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

Martell's Brandy, " per case	\$17.00
" " " " " " " "	19.00
" " " " " " " "	22.00
" " VSO " " " "	34.00
" " WSOP " " " "	52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,
308 California Street, San Francisco.

W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac.	26.00 28.00
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W. B. CHAPMAN.
123 California street, San Francisco.
(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)

	Quarts.
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re- serve, 1858.....	40.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Boord & Son, London Finest Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Connaugh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)
WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco-

J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " med. " " " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	15.00
" " per es. 4 doz	6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatic per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Ciuzani pr. case	7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Market street, San Francisco.
(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)

Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00	
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in cases of 15 large black bottles per case.....	23.50
in cases of 15 large white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholl Freres Bavarian Highland, per case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W. Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl street, New York.
Branch, 414 Front street, San Francisco.
BLANKENHEYM & NOLET, ROTTERDAM.
GIN—"CENTAUR" BRAND.

In Casks, per gallon.....	\$ 3.50
Red Cases (15 bottles).....	16.25
Green Cases (12 bottles).....	10.50

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co.

DISTILLERS OF

FRUIT BRANDIES.

Bottlers and Dealers in

NATIVE WINES.

168-70-72 East Pearl St.

Cincinnati O.

CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY,

Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY

Office Furniture, Etc.

Starr King Building, 117 to 121 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

TRUMBULL & BEEBE,

GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Seeds, Trees and Plants

419 and 421 Sansome St, Bet. Commercial and Clay Sts,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

C. CARPY & CO.,

Proprietors
Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA

515-517 Sacramento St., San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,
18 CEDAR STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.

A. MALTAN, Manager.

H. A. McMillan, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDL.
SHERRY, RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

Lachman & Jacobi,

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,

California Champagne,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.

Old Nonpareil Rye

Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

& Bourbon Whisky



CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

RONALD G. McMILLAN,

— Manufacturer and Dealer In —

Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,

TELEPHONE 57.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

San Francisco.

C. HOLTUM & CO.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
See Price List in "Prices Current."

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

Vineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.

Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.

41-45 Broadway,
New York.

HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 Sansome Street, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

PROPRIETORS OF

Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

22-28 Taylor St., San Francisco, Cal.

California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at


ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

 These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....			60	55	52½					225			Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Anderson Co. Club.....			57½											
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			52½	42½	37½	37½						250		
Ashland.....			50		37½									
Astor.....										225				
Atherton.....			52½		37½			210					Fall 81 265	Lou C H
Ballard & Lancaster.....					37½									
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....			60		50		40						Spr 81 285	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....			60		45									
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy)	90	60	60									245		
Belle of Louisville.....			50											
Belle of Marion.....	77½				40								Spr 81 300	
Belle of Nelson.....		75	72½		60					255				
Belmont.....			60	57½									Fall 81 290	
Berkele, Wm.....			50	45	42½									
Berry, E. C.....			45											
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.)			57½		42½		32½						Spr 81 275	
Blakemore.....														
Blue Grass.....		60	53½	42½	40									
Bond & Lillard.....	97½	87½	82½	67½	60			240		255		267½		
Bond, M. S.....		52½	43½	32½	30									
Boone's Knoll.....			75	62½	57½									
Bowen, H. C.....			43½										Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....			50		37½		32½							
Brownfield, W. W.....								200						
Buchanan.....			62½		52½								Spr 81 275	Lou C H
Callaghan.....						45								
Carlisle.....			57½		52½					230			Fall 80 325	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....	77½		60											
Chickencock.....	65		52½	42½	40								Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....	62½	47½	42½										Spr 81 285	
Cliff Falls.....			45											
Clifton.....														
Commonwealth.....	62½		55		40									
Cook, C. B.....		47½	45		30								Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....			67½		52½	45								
Craig, F. G.....			50							220				
Cornflower.....						37½								
Cream of Anderson.....	75		65		47½									
Criterion.....				37½	35									
Crystal Spring.....	80		47½											
Cumberland.....			65	55	50								Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....			55		37½									
Dant, J. W.....			65							250				
Darling.....			55	40	37½									
Daviess County Club.....	75													
Dedman, C. M.....	85				42½			215		230				
Double Spring.....					37½									
Dundee.....			52½		40									
Durham.....	70		60		47½									
Early Times.....	85	70	67½		52½			220						
Edge Cliff.....	85		75		60		50							
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....			55		42½			215					Spr 80 285	
Elk Run.....			38½		30									
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....			43½		33½							237½		
Fall City.....			35											
Fern Cliff.....					35	30								
Fible & Crabb.....	75													
Field, J. W. M.....		62½	60	40	40			215		140	E G			
Franklin.....					40									
Frazier, W. J.....														
Freeland.....														
Garland.....														
Gladstone.....					35	28½								
Glenarme.....			47½	35	33½									

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON

 323-325 Market St., S. F.

MARTIN HENCKEN. HENRY SCHRODER.
Hencken & Schroder,
 — SUCCESSORS TO —
HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors.
Sole Agents for Dr. Schuler's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.
 Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

JOHN LUTGEN. H. P. WICHMAN.
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.

 Manufacturers and
 Proprietors of
Dr. Foerster's ALPINE
Stomach Bitters.
 318-320 Clay St.
 Bet. Front & Battery,
 San Francisco.

D. V. B. BENARD.
E. MARTIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
 408 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
J. F. CUTTER AND ARGONAUT OLD BOURBONS.

THE CELEBRATED
PERUVIAN BITTERS.
 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
WILMERDING & CO., AGENTS.
 216 California St., - San Francisco, Cal.
 Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne.

Hey, Grauerholz & Co.,
 RETAILERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR —
DAVY CROCKETT WHISKY.
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 215 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

P. J. CASSIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS OF PURE —
Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies
Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
 — WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —
 Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors.
 433 BATTERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Kuhls, Schwarke & Co.
 Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.
California Wines and Brandies.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
O.K. Goldwater Bourbon & Rye Whiskies.
 123-129 Sutter St., Cor. Kearny, - - San Francisco, Cal.

B. FRITSCH. C. CELLARIUS.
Thomas Taylor & Co.
 — DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN —
WINES AND LIQUORS
 — Sole Agents for —
Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

A. Werner & Co.,
NEW YORK.

 SPARKLING WINE **ONLY.**

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			52½											
Glen Springs.....													Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....			65		40								Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....	80		65		50			210						
Hackly, S. O.....		65	60		42½					235				
Hanning, Jno.....			50										Spr 80 300	
Harris, N.....			47½					215		235				
Hawkins.....														
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	80	60	52½											
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....			50											
Hermitage.....		92½	85		67½			255		275			Spr 81 370	
Hill & Hill.....	72½		55		40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....	57½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			52½	40	40					220			Spr 82 265	
Indian Hill.....														
Jessamine.....							26							
Jockey Club.....			55		40									
Kellar, A.....		57½	50	45	42½									
Kentucky Club.....			65	52½	47½					235				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....			51½		32½									
Kentucky Cyclone.....					37½									
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			55	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			55		37½									
Limestone.....	75		50		40									
McBrayer, J. A.....								220						
McBrayer, J. H.....			57½											
McBrayer, W. H.....			95	72½	70	65		275		300			Spr 82 275	D W
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			50	40	37½			210					Spr 81 275	
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			47½	40	37½					220			Spr 81 275	
Mattingly & Moore.....														
Mayfield.....			60	47½	45								Spr 81 300	
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	70	57½	55	42½	40			207½					Fall 81 275	
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50		36½					215				
Monarch, M. V.....			62½		50			225						
Monarch, R.....			65	50	47½					225				
Monarch, T. J.....			57½		45			265		235		250	Spr 81 300	NY CH
Moore, D. L.....					38½									
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....		60	45	42½									Spr 81 285	Lou CH
Nall, A. G.....														
Nelson.....			50	40	37½								Spr 81 275	
New Castle.....	62½													
New Hope.....					47½								Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			52½											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½			210						
O. F. C.....			75	60	57½			245					Spr 84 285	
Old Charter.....			50											
Old Crow.....		100	95		70					285		300	Spr 84 325	
Old Lexington Club.....					32½									
Old Log Cabin.....			90		57½		50							
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			80		60			260		275		325	Spr 84 350	
Old Oscar Pepper.....	100		75		60			250					Spr 84 325	
Old Tarr.....			57½										Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....			47½											
Old Times.....				35	35	32½							Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....			55											
Payne, P. E.....			47½											
Peacock.....			55				35							
Pepper, R. P.....		55	52½										Fall 81 275	
Pilgrimage.....					60	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		37½									
Richwood.....		60	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy, T. B.....		65	56½	45	42½					225			Spr 81 300	L CH
Rohrer, D.....	60				35									
Rolling Fork.....			55		37½	35								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

RHEINSTROM BROS. Sole Props.,

DISTILLERS FINE LIQUEURS,
CINCINNATI, U. S. A.

P. O. BOX 325

TELEPHONE 1406.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC STATES AND TERRITORIES
— OF THE —

Scottish Union and National

INSURANCE CO. OF GREAT BRITAIN. ORGANIZED 1824.

Capital	\$30,000,000.00.
Assets in the United States	1,073,758.80.
Surplus in the United States	1,264,224.32.

The City of London

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital	\$10,000,000.
Cash Assets in United States	714,702.11.

W. J. CALLINGHAM, General Agent,
CALVERT BLADE, Special Agent and Adjuster,
E. J. JOLLY

110 CALIFORNIA ST. - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
BANKERS, LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK, LTD.

STILL MAKING BOXES AT THE OLD STAND,

314 SPEAR ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

Hobbs, Wall and Co.,

Manufacturers of Every Variety of

BOXES.

All kinds of Boxes on hand and made to order with promptness. Wine and Liquor Cases a Specialty.

Redwood Cargoes Sawed To Order.

THE BELLE OF BOURBON COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

DISTILLERS OF THE FAMOUS

"BELLE OF BOURBON"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
10 per cent Small Grain.

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMANN,

AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

TO WINE-MAKERS!

The undersigned beg to call the attention of Wine Makers, Dealers, etc., to M. Chevallier-Appert's

"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

— AND —

"PULVERINE"

FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

— And to —

A. BOAKE ROBERTS & CO'S

LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

Directions for use on application.

For Sale by Charles Meinecke & Co., Sole Agents,
314 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED

1864

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium

CHAMPAGNES.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OFFICE:

809 MONTGOMERY ST.,

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Telephone 5024.



GOLD SEAL,
CARTE BLANCHE,
IMPERIAL.

First Premium for Gold Seal Best California Champagnes awarded by the State Fair, 1890, and wherever exhibited.

E. L. G. STEELE & CO.

Successors to C. ADOLPH LOW & Co.

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

HARMONY SHERRIES.

Shipping and Commission Merchants

208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			65		47½		42½			240				
Samuels, W. B. & Co.			55		42½									
Searey, J. S.	85		55		40									
Searey, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
Sharpe.														
Shawhan.														
Small Grain.					37½									
Smith & Smith	90		70		37½									
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum).			50		37½								Spr 81 350	
Southall.					47½									
Sovereign.			55		37½									
Split Rock.				37½	35									
Spring Hill.			62½		50			235		260				
Spring Water.	85		65		50									
Stone, W. S. (Old).			61½	50	47½			212½		230				
Sweetwood.			45		35									
Tippecanoe.					37½									
Taylor (Old)	92½		70							275				
Tea Kettle.			55	42½	40		35							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)	75	60	57½	42½	40									
Van Arsdell.													Spr 81 300	Lou
Van Hook.			50											
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)			65		37½			212½						
Walker, J. M.			52½											
Warwick.			55	45	42½			215		230				
Waterfill & Frazier	92½	80	75	60	57½	55		240						
Wathen Bros	65		50		37½									
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)			62½		55									
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)			67½		60									
White Mills.			47½	40	35	32½								
Willow Run.					32½									
Woodland.			52½					225				265		
Zeno			70	57½	52½	47½								

KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland			55											
Atherton				50										
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.		57½												
Belle of Nelson.											252½			
Blue Grass.		85	80	62½	57½									
Clarke's.														
Criterion														
Crystal Spring.														
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater			55										Spr 80 350	
Excelsior.														
Franklin			75		55									
Greylock.														
Greystone														
Hermitage.		100		82½	77½									
Highland.														
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)			55	50										
Lynchburg.			50		40									
Marion Co. Distilling Co.			65	50										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.			50											
Melwood.	80	65												
Miles, E. L.				47½										
Millcreek			62½	55										
Monarch, M V.			62½	50	47½					250				
Nelson.		85		60										
Normandy.			75	60										
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)			85		67½			275		300				
Paris Club					52½									
Peacock.					47½									
Pepper, R. P.														
Rolling Fork.				60		45								
Short Horn (Dougherty's).					50									
Sovereign.				55	50					240				
Sunny Side.	75		62½											
Susquehanna.			65	52½	50	45								
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	55	50	45	40	35									
Wathen Bros.		70		55										
White Mills.			55	47½	42½	37½								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.		RYES.	
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'Y CO. Add. Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. L. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON DIST'Y CO. Add. S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenarrie. Jessamine. Arlington.	F. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	THE R. F. BALKE DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MELLWOOD DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
OLD TIMES DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	THOMPSON DIST'Y CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
BELLE OF NELSON DIST'Y CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'Y CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
		NORMANDY DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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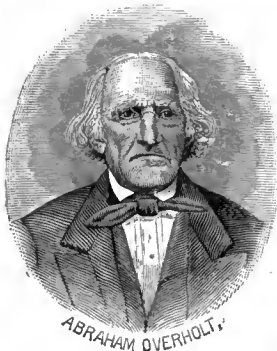
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BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....	115	.....	87½	80	75	67½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bridgeport.....	100	90	77½	60	55	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brookdale.....	85	.....	70	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	82½	75	62½	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dougherty.....	110	.....	85	75	60	55	.....	.....	245	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	105	92½	82½	67½	60	.....	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frontier.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gibson.....	122½	.....	80	65	60	.....	.....	.....	265	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guckenheimer.....	92½	80	75	62½	57½	52½	.....	.....	225	.....	300	.....	Spr 81 465	.....
Hannisville.....	.....	.....	85	75	62½	60	52½	.....	285	305	330	.....	.....	.....
Jones, G. W.....	75	70	62½	55	50	42½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lippencott.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Meadville.....	100	90	72½	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melvale.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62½	.....	62½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monticello.....	102½	.....	82½	.....	57½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montrose.....	70	65	57½	.....	40	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moore, Tom.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Vernon.....	125	105	87½	75	70	60	52½	.....	295	315	345	.....	.....	.....
Orient.....	.....	.....	.....	50	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Overholt.....	115	90	75	65	60	.....	.....	.....	265	285	310	.....	Spr 80 700	.....
Sherwood.....	100	87½	77½	62½	62½	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Somerset.....	61½	57½	47½	45	40
Stewart.....	50
Tompson, Sam.....	62½	52½	45
Vandegrift.....	60	50	45



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A. Overholt & Co.

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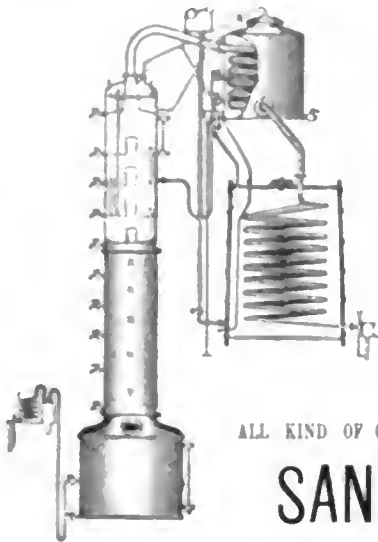
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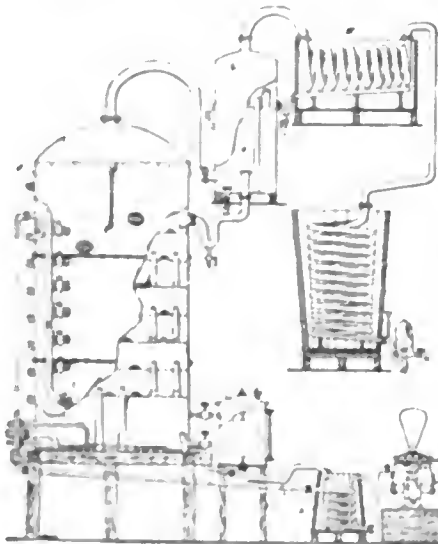
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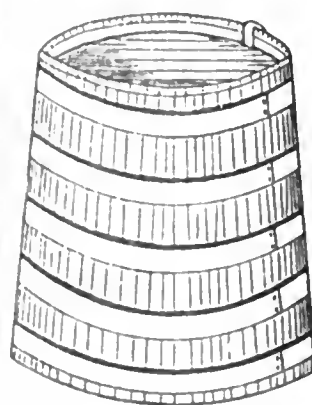
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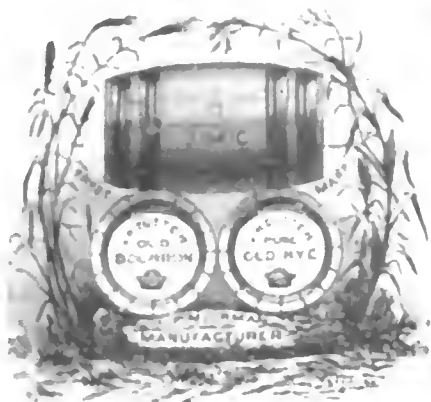
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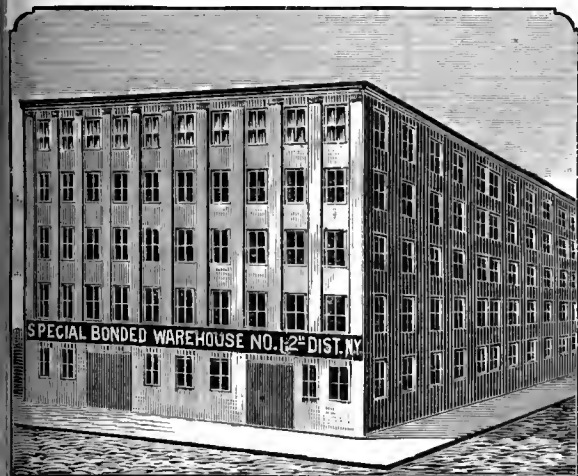
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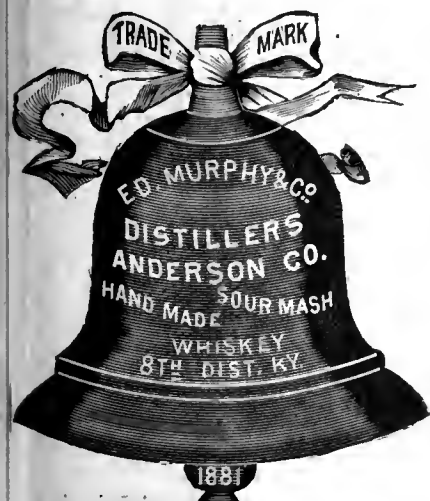
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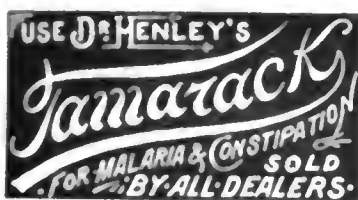
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 8.

SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 20, 1891.

\$3.00 PER YEAR

Issued Semi-Monthly.

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MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES—There is little to say regarding the situation in the market regulating transactions between first and second hands, other than that there is nothing new to report. On the other hand, trade in the East, the Pacific Islands and Southern countries is steadily improving and must eventually bring about a much needed improvement in the local market. The exports for April, overland, were still greater than those of the preceding month, the total reaching the handsome and hitherto unequalled figure of 645,224 gallons and 3363 cases. Exports of wine by sea during the first week of May were: To New York, 27 cases and 480,310 gallons; to Central America, 12,723 gallons and 581 cases; to Mexico, 19 cases and 2962 gallons; to Honolulu, 8798 gallons and 30 cases, to British Columbia, 665 gallons and 33 cases; to China and Japan, 1577 gallons and 22 cases. Miscellaneous foreign shipments, 29 cases and 8014 gallons, making the total sea exports for the fortnight 741 cases and 515,059 gallons, which shows a good healthy export movement.

Sweet wines are doing fairly well, stocks of well made goods holding firm and being in good demand.

Receipts of all wines in San Francisco from the interior, for the first 15 days of May, were 746,316 gallons. Brandy receipts for the same period were 20,770 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—The market is firm and gives every indication of not only remaining so, but of improving. The demand is fully as active as it has been for several months past and a good healthy volume of business is being done both from first and second hands. Ruling prices for '90s at distilleries are 40 cents naked, which is equal to 45 to 49 cents with cooperage transportation, etc., chargeable to buyers; all of which indicates a slight improvement in the situation. Exports overland for the month of April aggregated 199 cases and 44,561 gallons. By sea to domestic points during the fortnight, 20,727 gallons; by sea to foreign ports, 12 cases and 131 gallons. Through an error in the report from the 4th District we are unable to present the production of bonded goods in that district. The product in the First District for April was 34,199 gallons; and the total of all bonded stocks in the State on April 30th, as per official reports published elsewhere, was 1,414,559 gallons.

KENTUCKY BOURBONS—The local whisky trade is in a fairly healthy condition, considering the dullness prevailing in all other lines of trade. Owing to the immediate demands for money to harvest and move the big crops that are now at hand, money is scarce and collections correspondingly slow. Notwithstanding the occasional ominous reports that come from the East regarding the whisky market the Coast trade pin their faith to the '89s and regard them as first-class property that has a bright future. The '90s are not very popular here, but appear to have a slightly better standing than they had a few months ago. As to '91s the attitude of the trade here as elsewhere is that of hands off, and goods of this age not of standard brand will not receive a very cordial welcome in this territory. Handlers of re-imported goods report trade good and prices all that could be expected. Receipts of whisky during the fortnight by rail were 503 cases, 703 barrels, and of spirits 1383 barrels.

RYES—The market situation presents nothing new in ryes. The volume of trade holds about the same and notwithstanding the allegations of over-production, prices of well-established brands hold firm.

REACHING OUT IN ENGLAND.

We have appointed Mr. Alfred M. MacGrotty of Chesterfield House, 98 Great Tower Street, London, as our agent for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. At the same time we have appointed a regular correspondent in London, who is an editor of one the foremost trade journals in the world.

This step in entering the English field was rendered a necessity in view of the extension of the California wine and brandy trade abroad and the ever-increasing interest felt in California in the foreign markets.

We trust that the new news service will be of value to our patrons.

WASHBURNE'S GREAT CHANCE.

Our friend Duke Washburne, it is to be feared, seems to think that we owe him an apology for having taken on the rim of the continent, in fact, considering the fact that we occupy a territory which is as big as the *Bulletin* and is not *Bulletin* as the wilds of Africa. As we always count ourselves, we tender our apology to the Duke for being here and hope it will be accepted in the spirit that it is given.

The Duke seems to have an anxiety to elevate himself as the censor of the trade press, to which we have no particular objection inasmuch as he is a nice, jovial chap personally; but at the same time we might suggest in our modest way, that both Messrs. Wood & Scott whom he essays to instruct in the art of the newspaper man have served a long apprenticeship in the business first as all around news hustlers and then as managing editors of the principal dailies of the coast. We therefore feel to a certain extent competent to judge the manner in which the *WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW* should be published. Of course we may err in our judgement of the ability of Duke Washburne to guide our footsteps, but as we have by years of experience gained a standing which enables us to command responsible positions in any daily newspaper from New York to San Francisco, we do not care to be criticised by an editor who did not know an editorial from a paid puff until long after we had both completed our apprenticeship.

Duke Washburne need lose no sleep about the *Review*. It is moving along in a manner calculated to annoy even the staid solemnity of *Bonfort's*, to say nothing of the juvenile prattler of the *Bulletin*.

As an evidence of our position and of our faith and good will in this matter, we will offer the *Bulletin* the following comfortable cud to chew on.

Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in cash, California gold, to be given away to any charitable institution in Louisville designated by Editor Washburne, provided that the *PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW* has not a larger bona fide circulation in the United States than the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin*; and if our circulation is not growing at a more rapid rate than any liquor trade journal in America.

One thousand dollars (\$1,000) in cash, California gold, to be paid to any charitable institution in Louisville which Editor Washburne may designate, if the actual bona fide circulation of the *PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW* is not DOUBLE that of the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin*.

We also offer to make a side bet of a new silk hat, valued at ten dollars that Duke Washburne will not have the nerve to publish this article in his esteemed journal.

Here is your chance young man to make Three Thousand Dollars in cash F. O. B. outrage guaranteed according to the Carlisle Bill, for your good Kentucky charities and to get a silk tile to talk into.

We trust that the Duke will promptly meet the issue.

MORE RUBBISH.

The New York *Morning Journal* has concocted a fairy story about a "syndicate" buying ten million gallons of spoiled wine at four cents a gallon and putting it on the market at fabulously low prices. The San Francisco *Examiner* copies this rubbish and the *Chronicle* descants wisely about it.

This is the biggest wine trade sell yet. In absurdity it almost equals the Boruck-Barnes episode at the recent Presidential banquet, or the *Chronicle's* great brandy corner. The amount of spoiled wine said to have been bought up by the "syndicate" is enough to stamp the whole story a hoax.

Such fairy tales as the *Journal* has concocted do not damage the bona fide California wine trade in any particular. The *Journal* was kind enough to say that the wines were being labelled "Chateau Mouton Rothschild," "Chateau Margaux," etc., etc. If the *Journal* will keep up its gait and tell how buyers of alleged foreign wines are hoaxed through buying California wine put up in foreign "skeletons" it will do us another favor.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

At the present moment before the Harrison banquet of the 1st inst. The Banquet Committee yielded to the pressure of public opinion and gave California wines their justly earned position on the wine list.

For this no thanks to William H. L. Barnes, Marcus D. Boruck and M. Bouvier, snobs, who exerted all the influence they could bring to bear to cut California products out of their proper place at a California spread.

The California wines which were on the wine list were:

HOCK.

Private Stock, Napa Valley Wine Co.

Johannisberg Riesling, Inglenook Vineyard, Gustav Niebaum, proprietor, Rutherford.

"Schramsberger," Jacob Schramm, St. Helena.

SHERRY.

SAUTERNES.

Haut Sauterne, Souvenir, Charles A. Wetmore, Livermore.

"Olivina" Sauterne, Julius P. Smith, Livermore.

"Hedgeside," M. M. Estee, Napa.

CLARETS.

Margaux Souvenir, Charles A. Wetmore, Livermore.

"Las Palmas," John T. Doyle, Cupertino.

Private Stock, Napa Valley Co.

CHAMPAGNE.

Eclipse," Arpad Haraszthy & Co.

This was a victory well worth gaining. The publishers of the *REVIEW* take not a little pride in the part they took in securing the recognition of the California brands. Personally they visited the leading daily newspaper offices of San Francisco and instituted and carried to a successful conclusion the agitation which ended in that committee receding from its snobbish action.

In common with the wine producers we are not a little elated over the committee's discomfiture and Boruck's checkmate.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

[SEAL] A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A THOUSAND NEWSPAPERS A DAY ARE READ BY

THE CLEMENTS NEWS AGENCY,

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Lumber, Wooden Pumps and Pipe, Mouldings and all kinds of House Finish.

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Send for Price List and Catalogues of Mouldings and House Finish.



EXPORTING WINES TO FRANCE.

Copies of Mr. D. Bankhardt's able article on the possibility of creating an export trade in wines to France, have been sent to Secretary Blane for his perusal, by several houses in the local trade. We know of at least four letters which have been sent by as many different firms. A portion of a letter which we addressed to him at the request of several members of the trade is as follows:

"It would appear that a splendid market for our poorest grades of wine is to be found in France if the French Government can be prevailed upon to reduce the retaliatory duty.

An examination of the French statistics or of a recent report by the American Consul at Bordeaux will convince you that France is an exceedingly heavy buyer of foreign wines for blending purposes. Until recently nearly all except the Algerian wines came from Italy. Now the French blenders have had to turn from Italian wines and seek others on account of the altered commercial relations with Italy. At present much wine is obtained from Spain, a little from Italy and some from Turkey, Greece and other countries. It would seem a fine market would open to California producers were the French duty lower. Our wines are admirably adapted for blending with the light French growths. As a class the clarets are full bodied, fine in color and run high in alcohol qualities which the French buyers seek above all others. That section of the Sweet Wine Law which forms part of the McKinley Bill, which permits the fortification of dry wines for export, free from the payment of the Internal Revenue tax on brandy or grape spirit so used, is an additional advantage in our favor.

Concessions from France in this respect would be especially welcome at this time. The domestic wine business is in a wretched condition at present, in spite of the fact that not one gallon in eight drunk in this country is foreign wine and that our national imports are no larger than forty years ago. Over production is the secret of our troubles.

There is no doubt that once the French blenders become used to our wines and are assured of steady commercial relations, the sale of California wines will grow rapidly. France could easily take many times the present production of California wines annually, and were relations established which could make exportations possible our industry would not only be placed on a satisfactory basis but would be extended in every particular."

SIG. RHEINSTROM IN TOWN.

Sig Rheinstrom, of the well-known Cincinnati house of Rheinstrom Bros., is on the Coast and during the past fortnight has passed much of his time flitting from San Francisco to the Hotel del Monte at Monterey with his young wife, to whom he was married only last March.

Mr. Rheinstrom does not take the extreme pessimistic view of the market which is shared by many of the alarmists. "Business is really not in the desperate state that some of the more easily frightened members of the trade would have us believe" said he recently. "The course of trade is running along very smoothly and the whisky market should ere long be in a fair condition. It is very generally recognized that the high price of corn has been one of the principal causes of the salvation of the business and if corn only keeps up, as it has every indication of doing, a short crop of whisky is assured in 1892. Distillers will make big runs when corn is low no matter how squally trade appears. It is my own opinion that very little cheap early maturing whiskies will be made in Kentucky in 1892; though there is no reason in shortening to any marked degree on the established brands of recognized merit.

"I find that there is a very general inclination among dealers the country over to look upon '89s as very good properties indeed, especially in view of the light stocks of older whiskies. The '90s are regarded with some suspicion and the '91s are religiously avoided. The aversion with which the '91s are regarded at present will necessarily force the distillers to carry them. This will not be felt so much by those distillers who have goods fit for ageing but it will tell on the others.

"Altogether I anticipate a light crop of '92s and general prosperity among the trade and the distillers."

TRADE CIRCULARS.

Messrs. Barrett & Co., of "Barrett's Unrivalled" prune juice, have recently issued a post card to their friends in the trade, in which they say:

"The importance of using an absolutely pure and perfect prune juice is not to be over-estimated, yet, occasionally, we hear of a firm buying outside brands, because they are represented to be like 'Barrett's Unrivalled,' and at a lower price.

"The ablest blenders, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, know from experience that there is only one perfect prune juice; that one is 'Barrett's Unrivalled,' and no such value as we are now shipping has ever before been offered to the trade.

Office of SANDERSON & Co.,

196 La Salle Street,

CHICAGO, April 4, 1891:

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Alfred Sanderson and J. E. Nolan, under the firm name of Sanderson & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Alfred Sanderson is authorized to collect all accounts, and liquidate claims.

Signed: { ALFRED SANDERSON,
J. E. NOLAN.

Referring to the above I beg to announce that I have opened an office at 19 and 21 Wabash avenue, Ceylon Building, under the firm name of Nolan & Company, for the purpose of continuing the whisky brokerage business.

My past experience in the business, together with the fact that I have had entire charge of and transacted the business of Sanderson & Co., for the past 18 months, should be sufficient reason for asking a continuance of the favors bestowed upon me by my friends here, and elsewhere.

The new firm will be pleased at all times to execute orders entrusted to their care, in the most prompt and satisfactory manner.

Respectfully yours,

J. E. NOLAN.

To the Wine Trade—We herewith beg to inform you that on and after April 1st we shall sell Saccharine, patented, at the following scale of prices, namely:

In original tins of 22 lbs or more.....	\$12.00 per lb.
In 10 lb. lots.....	12.50 "
In 5 "	12.75 "
In 1 "	13.00 "
In 1 oz. packages.....	.90 per oz.

Soliciting your valued orders we are

Respectfully yours,

79 Murray St. New York.

J. MOVIE & SON.,

Sole Licensees for the United States.

MR. MC IVER'S SUCCESS.

Mr. C. C. McIver says that the orders received from the Pullman Company for his wines, exceed the most sanguine expectations he entertained when his wines were first adopted by the company. He says that new trade is constantly springing up in consequence of having his wines in the dining cars.

"Ever since I was East last year," he says, "I have been convinced that an unlimited market is to be found for good bottle ripe wines in the territory east of the Rockies. My opinion is that too much stuff has been placed on the Eastern market and too little time and study has been given to the actual wants of the consumer. I have no difficulty at all in getting remunerative rates for bottle ripe wines or bottled wines of the best type and it seems to me that no one else equipped with a stock of good wines should meet with any difficulty.

"I am more than pleased with the result of the venture on the Pullman cars and with the experiment of selling my own wines."

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 5. E. C. Priber, Manager of the Napa Valley Wine Co.

The splendid success which has met the introduction of the fine cased wines of the Napa Valley Wine Company, in the leading markets of the east, is in large part due to the ability and persistence of Mr. E. C. Priber, the subject of this sketch, who holds the responsible position of general manager of the company. Mr. Priber is one of the foremost of the dealers who look to the best class of trade as the avenue to success. Recent developments in the eastern markets show that his confidence has not been misplaced.

Mr. Priber is a native of Germany and is in his 47th year. He was educated in one of the famous Gymnasiums of the old country. When he reached the years of manhood he resolved to remove to Mexico and the four years, from 1866 to 1870, he spent in the City of Mexico, where he was engaged in business pursuits.

In 1870 he decided to locate in California, and on his arrival in San Francisco, journalism claimed him for her own. For two years he was one of the principal writers on the staff of the German *Demokrat* of this city, becoming editor in chief before he severed his connection with the paper.

It was in 1872 that he determined to identify himself with the wine industry, then in its infancy. Resigning a lucrative position on the staff of the *Demokrat* he obtained a place on the famous "Rhine farm" in the Sonoma Valley. The following year found him going through a thorough course in practical cellar work in the vaults of the Anaheim Wine Growers Association, then one of the largest concerns in the city. After informing himself in all the branches of cellar work he decided upon entering business for himself, and in the fall of 1873 he went East and opened a wine house in St. Louis, under the name of the Napa Valley Wine Company. In this enterprise he was associated with Major Schneider and several others. The original company successfully carried on the business until 1879 when Mr. Priber, by purchase, became sole owner of the property. He conducted the business in his own name until 1881.

The year 1885 found him once more in California. The Napa Valley Wine Company, which included some of the wealthiest and most influential wine producers in the Napa valley, had

been organized in 1883 and Mr. Priber soon afterward became the General Manager. His establishment in St. Louis was not merged into the company, however, until 1888, when the company began to reach out in every direction for the finest trade.

Mr. Priber has been a resident of California since 1886, and ever since he has been at the helm the Napa Valley Company has been making rapid advances in the business. It now has agencies in St. Louis, New Orleans, New York, Cincinnati and other places. Its plant in California, all under his immediate supervision, is an extensive one. There are well equipped distilleries at Yountville and Napa City, and wineries at Napa City, Yountville and St. Helena. The total capacity of the several wine cellars aggregate nearly a million gallons, the San Francisco vault having a capacity of 400,000 gallons, that at Napa of 250,000 gallons, at Yountville 150,000 gallons, and at St. Helena 100,000 gallons. The officers of the company with whom Mr. Priber is associated are: A. L. Tubbs, President; J. D. Fry, Vice President; W. W. Lyman, Secretary, and E. W. Grimes, Cashier, all of whom, with Mr. Priber as General Manager and J. B. Atkinson, are on the Board of Directors.

In 1890 Mr. Priber was appointed by Governor Waterman to represent the Napa District in the Board of State Viticultural Commissioners. He also holds the position of Secretary of the State Wine Dealers Association, which includes ten of the largest firms in the country.

NEVER LEARNS, NEVER FORGETS.

We have had the pleasure, during the fortnight, of tasting a bottle of "Eclipse" that Col. Arpad Haraszthy is now shipping, and it gives us sincere pleasure to say that it is by far the best wine of the class that we have ever seen shipped from California. It is perfectly sound, of good body, well blended, admirable bouquet, fine, clean, of good flavor, and will hold its own in comparison with any American, German and many French sparkling wines. Dear brethren of the press, in copying this, do not say that we have said that the Eclipse is as good as any champagne; it isn't, but it is a good wine that does credit to the grower, blender and handler, and it deserves praise and success. —Bonjorts.

Poor old Leoser! He had to admit that Eclipse is worth notice even if the notice was not soothed with the balm of an "ad." Leoser is a fine old Spartan. He never forgets and he rarely learns. He has learned a little though it seems.

CHANGE OF PUBLICATION DAYS.

The publishers desire to announce to the readers of the Review that owing to the absolute requirements of the mechanical department of this journal it has been necessary to advance the days of publication to the 5th and 20th of each month, upon which dates the REVIEW will hereafter appear.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for January.....	830,675	108,100
Total for February.....	954,318	44,795
Total for March.....	997,085	47,055
Total for April.....	1,295,820	45,350
May 1.....	54,550	1,630
" 2.....	42,100	3,400
" 4.....	39,500	100
" 5.....	84,140	.....
" 6.....	45,720	.....
" 7.....	91,690	500
" 8.....	35,830	1,200
" 9.....	41,330	3,670
" 11.....	66,276	100
" 12.....	88,490	6,320
" 13.....	26,800	.....
" 14.....	49,980	600
" 15.....	80,910	2,750
" 16.....	49,850	1,000
" 18.....	31,681	1,540

Trade Notes.

Julius P. Smith has not yet returned from his Eastern trip.

J. Leo Lilienthal, of Lilienthal & Co., has gone East on business.

Edward Walden, Jr., of Walden & Co., is on the Coast on a business trip.

Captain H. B. Hunt, of Moore, Hunt & Co., has joined the Union League Club.

J. H. Mundy, of Jones, Mundy & Co., has gone east on a two months' business trip.

P. Musto, the well-known Stockton producer, has appointed Achille Starace as his agent in New York.

Attention is called to the advertisement of a Chicago broker elsewhere. He desires to handle only the best wines.

Ernest Dichman, of New York, head of the Edge Hill Vineyard Co., is in the State on his annual business trip.

Capt. J. Chamon de St. Hubert reports a prosperous spring trade. The California Wine Growers' Union is in able hands, evidently.

The Viticultural Commissioners are making a series of experiments to determine the value of alternating electric currents in clarifying wine.

John D. Siebe is rapidly making for himself a reputation as the most efficient Assessor the city ever had. We said he would long before the election.

Martin Hencken expects to spend the summer—or part of it—at Paraiso Springs. He will be accompanied by Col. Koster of barrel fame. What a team!

F. A. Haber, the agent for the Inglenook wines, will ship about 2500 cases of wine east this month. One recent shipment to New York alone was over 1000 cases.

E. H. Taylor Jr., the well-known Kentucky distiller, has just returned to Frankfort from his trip to Florida and the South in better health than he has enjoyed for years.

William Wolff & Co. imported 4250 cases of Pommery champagne in April. That fact alone speaks wonders for the popularity of the wine and the skill with which it is handled.

Harris, Kingston & Reynolds are building up a fine business since they moved into their large and well equipped quarters on Eddy street. Good business management and good wines will always win.

Joseph Melezer & Co. are having the best spring trade ever known since the firm was organized. Joseph and William Melezer know how to catch on with their customers and their success is deserved.

Reports from Col. Herman Bendel indicate that the Natoma Vineyard Co. will be a large factor in the future in the New York market. The wines of the company have taken well wherever introduced in the East.

"Jesse Moore" has been introduced into the Cosmos club, one of the most exclusive organizations on the Coast. What is more, "Jesse Moore" was introduced without special solicitation. That speaks volumes for its merits.

During the past fortnight Geo. West & Son dispatched a special train of ten cars of wine to the Sonoma Wine & Brandy Co., of New York. This will be followed up by a further shipment of five cars to the same company.

It is understood that H. W. Crabb's To-Kalon wine depot

will be moved to the new Crocker building as soon as that structure is completed. A Market street frontage adapted to the cased goods family trade will be secured.

C. Holtum & Co. are doing finely in their new quarters at 100-102 First street. Mr. Holtum's push and enterprise are building up a splendid reputation for his house. The new vaults are well adapted to the wants of his trade.

John Carroll, father of George and the late Richard T. Carroll, of Carroll & Carroll, died recently at his apartments at the Palace Hotel. The deceased was 73 years of age. He came to California in 1850 and soon accumulated a handsome fortune.

Notwithstanding the general quietness of trade William Wolff & Co. report that their straight whiskies are selling rapidly. The firm has no cause for complaint either with these goods or with the large lot of re-imported whiskies recently received from Bremen.

W. B. Chapman has recently imported an extensive line of foreign still wines and the ever popular "Perrier Jouet" champagne. Mr. Chapman understands thoroughly the art of placing his wines before the highest class of consumers and to this fact his success is in no little degree due.

The trade has it that Ronald G. McMillan the well-known specialty dealer will soon go on one of those hunting trips which have made him famous. McMillan knows how to have a good time when he gets in the mountains and this may be considered as a warning to game to take to the thick brush.

The business of the Johannaberg Wine Depot at 565 Market street, which was formerly conducted by F. Rosenbaum, the owner of the vineyard in Napa county, has been purchased by Holtum Bros. who propose to conduct the establishment on a first-class basis.

The California Wine Growers Union shipped two carloads of cased "St. Hubert Cognac" East during the past fortnight. The "St. Hubert Cognac" which is blended and bottled under the direct supervision of Capt. J. Chamon de St. Hubert is evidently making as many friends in the East as it is in California.

Naber, Alfs & Brune report a steadily increasing business. The volume of their trade for the first four months of 1891 was away and above the trade for the corresponding period in 1890. Not a little of their success is due to thorough and judicious advertising of "Phoenix" old Bourbon and the other excellent goods carried by the firm.

It is said that the purchasers of the Monticello distillery have formed a company under the title of "The Monticello Co." with Mr. Bernard Cahn, of the firm of Cahn, Belt & Co., as president, but it is not yet certain when operations will be commenced. Doubtless, the advanced period of the season and the high price of rye will exert some influence.

Frash & Co., of New York the well-known bottlers of American sparkling wines, having added largely to their facilities of late, are now in a position to offer to the trade matured wines, under their well-known brand of Imperial Cabinet Extra Dry, at very favorable prices. They also put up their American sparkling wines under special brands in lots of not less than fifty cases.

Messrs. Charles Meinecke & Co. inform us that according to the estimates of J. R. Parkington & Co., the total quantity of champagne forwarded from the champagne districts for the year ending March 31st amounted to 25,776,194 bottles (the largest quantity on record) being an increase of 2,451,623 bottles, as compared with 1890. Present stocks in cask and bottles equal about 110,256,000 bottles, or about five years consumption.

Several of the leading houses are casting longing eyes on the Central American trade which as yet the trade here is having a most satisfactory growth. At present J. Gundlach & Co. and another house are the only ones having traveling men actively at work. By the steamer Acapulco alone J. Gundlach & Co. shipped 3170 cases and 547 gallons. This is a most satisfactory showing for one vessel.

Mr. A. E. Tagliaferro has just returned to New York from a five months' trip, having been through the southern States and the northwest, where he has been introducing, for the American Champagne Co. their Reichen champagne. Mr. Tagliaferro expresses himself as being much pleased with the success he met with in placing the wine, and the general satisfaction that it gave both to the dealer and consumer.

At an auction sale of wines and spirits in London on March 25th, the following prices were realized for California wines, shipped by Messrs. P. G. Sabatie & Co., of San Francisco, viz:

1897		PER DOZ.
14	Zinfandel, Vintage 1886 In bond	5s. 6d.
5	Orignan " " "	5s. 6d.
5	Burgundy " " "	7s. 0d.
5	Riesling " " " Duty paid	10s. 0d.
5	Burgundy " " " "	15s. 0d.

Kohler & Frohling are presenting to some of their customers a very artistic Plaster of Paris cast representing a facsimile of the head of a full-size German stork. It is an exact imitation of oak, and is carved with their trade-mark, a grizzly bear rampant, the American shield, and surrounded by vines and bunches of grapes. The imitation is very clever, and when placed in a window looks exactly like a natural stork of wine. On the head of the cast, in gold letters, is the following: "Established 1854, Kohler & Frohling, Pioneer California Wine House, San Francisco and New York."

Ludwig Raacke, of Charles Graef & Co. of New York, is in the city and is stopping at the Palace. As is well known, the

firm which Mr. Raacke represents is one of the largest importing houses in the world, being agents for Pommery & Greno's champagnes, the Apollinaris Co.'s Journu Freres, Kappelhoff & Co.'s clarets, and Henkell & Co.'s rhine wines. Mr. Raacke is more than pleased with the able manner with which Messrs. William Wolf & Co., the Pacific coast agents for "Pommery & Co." handle the brand, and he thinks that the agency in this far off land is one of the most successful every handled.

Messrs. Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co. of Cincinnati have become sole agents for the United States, except Pennsylvania and Baltimore, of the well-known Belle of Nelson owned and bottled by the Belle of Nelson Distilling Company of Louisville. The whisky is cased and shipped direct from the distillery and is guaranteed to be ten years old before being bottled. An eminent Louisville physician whose reputation is national says: "I can recommend the Belle of Nelson as being thoroughly well made, honest straight and mellow, and for these reasons being especially fitted as a remedy where alcohol is needed."

The amount involved in the case of Taylor vs. Stagg, it is said, will aggregate about a quarter of a million. The case will now be carried to a higher court, and many years will probably elapse before a final settlement is had, although a bond for the full amount will have to be given and sureties will need to qualify for as much more. One effect of this decision will be the pushing of other and somewhat similar suits. It will be well for distillers and dealers to read carefully and preserve this decision, for, if sustained, it must hereafter bring about the exhibition of less lax practices than have heretofore existed in the use of names and trade-marks on whiskies.

ANAHEIM DISEASE.

J. Cazad, of Lapresa, San Diego County, has announced to the Viticultural Commissioners a new and, he claims, a certain remedy and preventative of the Anaheim Disease. The matter will probably be investigated by Viticultural Commissioner J. De Barth Shorb. Mr. Cazad claims to have twelve acres under successful treatment.

BRANDY PRODUCT

FOURTH DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA.

[OFFICIAL FIGURES.]

APRIL, 1891.

Produced and bonded		tax gallons
Transferred from Fourth District to warehouses in First District, California	11,668	"
" " warehouse to warehouse in First District, California	5,125	"
" " distilleries " " Eastern districts	11,823	"
" " " " " "	1,456	"
Exported		"
Tax-paid	17,085	"
Brandy used in fortification sweet wines	4,786	"
Remaining in special bonded warehouses April 30, '91	654,099	"
" " " " " " March 31, '91	658,351	"
Decrease	27,792	"

FIRST DISTRICT FOR APRIL, '91.

Produced and bonded	34,199 Gallons
Used for sweet wine	no report
Transferred from distilleries to warehouses in other California districts	"
Transferred from warehouse to warehouse in other California Districts	"
Transferred from warehouses to Eastern districts	15,980
Tax Paid	34,357
Exported	503
Remaining in bond April 31, '91	760,460
" " " " " " March 31, '91	779,609
Decrease in April	19,149
Decrease Fourth District	4,252
Total decrease	23,491
Total bonded stocks all districts on April 30th	1,414,559

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, May 4, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
E S in diamond.	Overland F T Co.	1 barrel.	61	\$ 35
G W P, Hartford, Conn.	Arpad Haraszthy & Co.	2 puncheons.	330	164
"	"	21 barrels.	1,071	596
"	"	1 half-barrel.	27	14
F R & Co.	P Simi.	50 barrels.	2,425	500
H C.	Lenormand Bros.	1 barrel.	51	33
R & Co.	F Korbel & Bro.	3 cases.	13	13
J T A.	A Greenbaum & Co.	3 barrels.	147	37
A G.	"	5 barrels 1 hf-bbl.	264	91
B H, Brooklyn.	Martin Feusier.	51 barrels.	2,453	530
B in circle.	J M Dow.	100 barrels.	4,722	2,500
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	5 puncheons.	789	315
"	"	85 barrels.	4,291	1,706
G & R.	Dresel & Co.	80 barrels.	4,040	2,042
L & S, Cleveland.	"	7 barrels.	354	173
K & S, Buffalo.	"	21 barrels.	1,067	456
P S.	"	15 barrels.	773	355
K, Rochester.	"	5 barrels.	250	151
C H.	"	12 barrels.	614	283
L in diamond.	Lachman & Jacobi.	15 barrels.	770	279
L T.	"	15 barrels.	764	278
F A.	"	25 barrels.	1,277	379
B in diamond.	"	50 barrels.	2,564	934
A L.	G Canepa.	6 barrels.	300	100
M T K.	Cal Transfer Co.	1 barrel 1 hf-barrel	79	75
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	100 barrels.	4,968	2,000
"	"	25 cases.	100	100
Various.	Miscellaneous.	252 barrels.	12,713	3,350
Total amount 28 cases and.			47,164	\$17,489

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, May 4, 1891.

M R, Acapulco.	L F Lastreto.	1 case.	15	\$ 15
J M, Mazatlan.	W Loalza.	1 hf-barrel.	26	18
M R, Acapulco.	L F Lastreto.	1 hf-barrel.	27	20
P D & Co, Acapulco.	Uirnela & Urioste.	2 casks.	119	48
Total amount 1 case and.			172	\$101

TO HONOLULU—PER BARK ALDEN BESSE, May 2, 1891.

E H & Co.	Kohler & Frohling.	2 casks.	132	\$ 66
"	"	2 qr-casks.	97	48
"	"	60 kegs.	600	360
M & Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	300 kegs.	2,050	1,340
W C P.	B Dreyfus & Co.	10 half-barrels.	1,819	1,350
"	"	255 kegs.	1,819	1,350
Total amount.			4,698	\$3,164

TO NEW YORK—PER SHIP FLORENCE, May 11, 1891.

K in diamond.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	225 barrels.	12,250	\$6,125
N Bros, Philadelphia.	Netter Bros.	29 packages.	1,000	500
M in diamond.	Marshall Spellman & Co.	250 barrels.	14,886	7,443
F in diamond.	"	50 barrels.	4,816	2,408
J P.	Berges & Domeniconi.	100 barrels.	4,800	2,400
S in star.	Chas Stern & Son.	32 puncheons.	97	49
J P M.	John Crellin.	2 barrels.	49,326	24,663
C in diamond.	C Carpy & Co.	1015 barrels.	29,922	14,961
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	650 barrels.	51,033	25,516
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	1021 barrels.	4,655	2,327
"	Miscellaneous.	91 barrels.	47,270	23,635
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	960 barrels.	460 barrels.	25,165
F in diamond.	M J Netter.	163 puncheons.	70 barrels.	4,850
L G.	Italian Swiss Colony.	50 half-barrels.	275,235	\$137,617
Total amount.			275,235	\$137,617

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, May 4, 1891.

D D H, Corinto.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	6 barrels.	303	\$ 243
J A R, Ocos.	"	10 barrels.	380	82
G G, Puntas Arenas.	John T Wright.	8 kegs.	120	86
F M de P, Ocos.	"	4 cases.	15	15
T T, Corinto.	S F Breweries.	1 case.	16	16
J C & H.	J Oundlach & Co.	70 kegs.	700	510
G de N.	"	60 cases.	340	340
I S.	"	10 cases.	45	45
C & C.	"	50 kegs.	500	362
F A.	"	1 bbl 3 kegs.	105	78
J E & H.	"	23 kegs.	230	178
M C.	"	12 barrels.	598	358
A S & C.	"	8 kegs.	119	77
Q L.	"	60 cases.	240	240
M & M.	"	6 kegs.	89	73
G L & Co.	"	38 cases.	134	134
L L & C.	"	35 cases.	122	122
C M.	"	15 half-barrels.	401	254
H I.	"	14 kegs.	140	105
P C & C.	"	2 barrels 1 keg.	110	61
F A.	"	3 barrels 4 kegs.	190	128
M & A A.	"	8 kegs.	80	155
F Z C.	"	3 barrels 53 kegs.	678	420
M H & C.	"	12 barrels.	599	379
"	"	10 barrels.	34 kegs.	539
"	"	10 cases.	40	40
J L, San J de Guat.	"	80 cases.	230	230
J I U, Corinto.	"	24 cases.	90	90
E C, Ocos.	E de Sabla & Co.	10 kegs.	100	80
R A, Corinto.	Sperry & Co.	1 keg.	10	11
J R in dia'd, Corinto.	F Meeks.	30 kegs.	300	225
F H in dia'd, Acapulco.	Dickman & Co.	1 barrel.	61	40
G L & Co, Acapulco.	Goldtree Bros.	53 barrels.	2,588	1,525
A G, San J de Guat.	Denis Donohoe.	10 cases.	51	51
A C D, Acapulco.	B Dreyfus & Co.	11 barrels 6 kegs.	580	515
A P & Co, Corinto.	"	32 half-barrels.	1,330	1,115
"	"	48 kegs.	30	30
J T U.	"	6 cases.	312	285
V Z & H.	"	4 bbls 4 hf-bbls.	45	45
"	"	80 cases.	395	395
A L & H.	"	20 cases.	230	230
A L & Co.	"	2 barrels 2 hf-bbls.	154	155
L M H.	"	4 cases.	20	20
N N I, La Libertad.	Uirnela & Urioste.	3 barrels.	317	94
Total amount 445 cases and.			11,932	\$10,086

TO CHINA AND JAPAN—PER STEAMER CHINA, May 7, 1891.

Sindi'd B, Yokohama.	A C Michals & Co.	1 barrel.	50	\$ 40
E R W, Tokio.	Tillman & Bendel.	1 cases.	7	7
T K.	Beringer Bros.	2 barrels.	100	40
G in dia'd, Yokohama.	Geo Mareus & Co.	15 packages.	121	235
P F, Hongkong.	Beck Pyhrr & Co.	1 case.	3	3
B & C, Yokohama.	"	1 case.	3	3
M Bros & Co.	Macondray Bros & Co.	6 packages.	36	30
F in dia'd.	J Gundlach & Co.	7 barrels.	345	98
A C S in dia'd, Kobe.	Williams Dimond & Co.	4 barrels.	200	76
Y N, Tokio.	Cal Transfer Co.	13 barrels.	650	300
"	"	12 cases.	50	50
"	"	6 cases.	25	25
A 1 in dia'd 6, Yokohama.	"	1 barrel 3 kegs.	75	75
Total amount 22 cases and.			1,577	\$982

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER ZEALANDIA, May 5, 1891.

W S L.	S Lachman & Co.	10 barrels.	511	\$ 318
G in diamond.	D W Gedge	107 packages.	740	682
"	"	20 cases.	1,251	\$1,063
Total amount 20 cases and.			1,251	\$1,063

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA, May 4, 1891.

B & Co, Victoria.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	2 barrels.	98	\$ 20
A D Co, N Wellington.	A Macchia.	1 barrel.	50	15
R in dia'd, Vancouver.	Bach Meese & Co.	1 barrel.	48	24
U in dia'd.	"	1 barrels 1 hf-bbl.	124	142
G in dia'd.	"	1 barrel.	48	36
Total amount.			368	\$237

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

OF CALIFORNIA.

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

TO CENTRAL AMERICA PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 15, 1891.			
C. A. Champagne	1 case	1.00	1.00
F. O. Champagne	1 case	1.00	1.00
M. A. T. Champagne	1 case	1.00	1.00
A. P. Champagne	1 case	1.00	1.00
Total amount 4 cases and			

TO NEW YORK PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 15, 1891.			
K. A. F.	1 case	1.00	1.00
L. B.	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. B. A. S.	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. A. C. Thibault	1 case	1.00	1.00
V. G.	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. D. A. C.	1 case	1.00	1.00
M. in diamond	1 case	1.00	1.00
G.	1 case	1.00	1.00
J. W. A. Wilmington	1 case	1.00	1.00
J. A. G.	1 case	1.00	1.00
A. H.	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. H. P.	1 case	1.00	1.00
A. in diamond	1 case	1.00	1.00
A. N.	1 case	1.00	1.00
F. A.	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. B.	1 case	1.00	1.00
M. in diamond	1 case	1.00	1.00
F. & H. in diamond	1 case	1.00	1.00
T. & H.	1 case	1.00	1.00
J. P.	1 case	1.00	1.00
A. H. Long Island	1 case	1.00	1.00
C. C.	1 case	1.00	1.00
D. M. & Co.	1 case	1.00	1.00
C. & C. Holbrook	1 case	1.00	1.00
B. B.	1 case	1.00	1.00
E. in circle	1 case	1.00	1.00
H. L.	1 case	1.00	1.00
Miscellaneous			
Total amount 27 cases and			

TO MEXICO PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 15, 1891.			
J. C. R. Salina Cruz	10 kegs	100	\$ 97
P. Tonala	1 barrel	51	41
H. O. San Blas	5 kegs	101	34
E. C.	2 kegs	41	31
O. & C.	8 kegs	161	82
P. P. N. Mazatlan	1 barrel 1 hf-barrel	74	53
L. O. Tonala	8 barrels	375	244
A. G. & C. Manzanillo	5 kegs	113	73
P. D. & C. San Blas	1 barrel	119	46
R. F.	2 casks	119	47
H. F. San Benito	25 kegs	250	214
G. S. C. Salina Cruz	10 cases	102	86
F. V. Mazatlan	2 barrels	102	82
Total amount 10 cases and			

TO EUROPE PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 15, 1891.			
G. A. H. Berlin	25 barrels	1,248	\$630
Total amount			

TO CENTRAL AMERICA PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 15, 1891.			
E. C. La Libertad	5 barrels	163	\$107
V. H.	2 barrels	100	100
C. B. San J. del Sur	25 cases	120	120
L. & N. M.	3 kegs	47	50
J. H. Puntas Arenas	5 cases	25	25
C. U. La Libertad	7 kegs	138	130
H. M. Amajala	2 cases	12	12
A. M.	4 kegs	48	38
H. R.	10 kegs	120	103
W. H. & Co. S. J. de Gual	8 kegs	96	112
F. R. Champerico	4 kegs	80	63
	20 cases	73	73
Total amount 52 cases and			

TO VICTORIA PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLO, May 15, 1891.			
E. C. Champagne	1 barrel	48	\$ 73
W. N. Champagne	2 barrels	98	89
G. C. Champagne	3 barrels	124	100
W. M. Champagne	3 cases	27	9
	1 hf-barrel	27	25
	30 cases	100	100
Total amount 41 cases and			

TO MEXICO PER SCHOONER JOHN G. WALL, May 14, 1891.			
I. H. & S. Ahata	6 casks	602	\$360
K. A. R. Ahata	24 kegs	510	250
	10 barrels	29	29
T. A. Ahata	8 cases	70	56
	7 kegs		
Total amount 8 cases and			

TO HONOLULU PER BARKENTINE W. H. DIMOND, May 15, 1891.			
C. B.	M. S. Grinbaum	2 bbls bottled	\$ 26
M. A. Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen	5 barrels	250
		290 kegs	2,125
G. W. M. & Co.		15 barrels	750
G. in diamond	D. W. Gedge	30 kegs	900
H. W. S. & S.	Ruther & Bendixen	10 kegs	75
		10 cases	40
Total amount 2 barrel bottled, 10 cases and			

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From May 1st to May 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Monowai	G. H. & S. Auck	F. A. Haber	9 cases		\$ 45
S. G. Wilder	Honolulu	Miscellaneous	75 octaves	2,027	1,485
			4 casks	258	190
City of Papeete	C. in dia'd Tahiti	J. Pinet	1 barrel	48	34
	J. B.	P. G. Sabatie & Co.	2 casks	129	25
	A. S.	S. Pacific Co.	20 cases		84
	S. D.	J. Pinet	3 hf barrels	81	55
Jno G. North	R. R. H. Mahakona	Williams D & Co.	4 kegs	80	55
Umatilla	B. & Co. Victoria	G. Migliavacca	5 barrels	250	75
Empire	McD & H. Naulmo	C. Wine Grow's Union	2 barrels	100	50
Montsetral	Callao	J. W. Grace & Co.	100 barrels	5,050	2,525
Total amount 29 cases and					\$4,623

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From May 1st to May 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Acapulco	D. F. Fall Riv'r Mass	Lenormond Bros.	1 hf-bbl	27	\$ 49
	M. L. & Co. New York	Edge Hill V Co	20 barrels	1,003	501
			20 hf-barrels	496	248
			20 hf-bbils	582	266
Florence	"Netter"	Glen Terry Wine Co	10 pkgs	700	1,400
	K & V B	Kohler & Van Bergen	75 pkgs	2,633	5,266
	S. W. & B Co	Sonoma Wine Co.	40 pkgs	1,079	2,158
	A. De W	Kittie & Co.	1 keg	10	20
	C. S.	Chas Stern & Sons	150 pkgs	4,989	9,978
	K & F	Kohler & Frohling	50 pkgs	1,128	2,258
	B. D. & Co	B. Dreyfus & Co.	56 pkgs	2,599	5,198
	S. L. & Co	S. Lachman & Co.	15 pkgs	3,668	7,336
	S. W. & B Co	Sonoma W & B Co.	14 pkgs	431	866
City of N York	S. L. & Co	S. Lachman & Co.	36 hf barrels	878	1,536
	K & F	Kohler & Frohling	10 kegs	120	120
	B. D. & Co	B. Dreyfus & Co.	10 hf barrels	233	550
	J. W. A. Wilmgt'n NC	Napa Valley Wine Co	2 hf barrels	49	150
	H. L. New York	P. M. S. S. Co.	4 packages	150	300
Total amount					\$98,200

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAONE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS. PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXON'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Moens, Henkel & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

Re-imported American Whiskies—

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PAIST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPES GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
"86 Belmont," "86 T. J. Monarch," "83 Bluegrass," "85 Rip," "86 T. J. Atherton and other staple brands,"
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRAN'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From May 1st to May 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE
Monowai.....	Auckland.....	Lillenthal & Co.....	5 cases.....		\$ 13
Santa Maria.....	C&A Champerico	Oliver & Co.....	38 cases.....		410
"	M U	"	1 cases.....		14
"	M & T Ocos.....	"	1 keg.....	10	34
Acapulco.....	GGPuntas Arenas	Jno T-Wright.....	2 kegs.....	32	76
"	J C La Libertad.	"	1 kegs.....	10	50
"	C & L Corinto.....	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels.....	76	60
"	GL	"	4 cases.....		42
Zealandia.....	GWM&CoHon'lu	Lillenthal & Co.....	70 cases.....		550
"	G in dia'd	D W Gedge.....	20 cases.....		125
China.....	S " Co Yokh'm	A C Nichols & Co.	2 barrels.....	92	232
"	"	"	10 cases.....		100
"	MBros&Co	Macondray Bro&Co	1 barrel.....	42	26
"	"	"	3 cases.....		30
"	C C W Shanghai.	Wheaton & Luhrs.	5 cases.....		55
City of N York	J C R Salina Cruz	Cabrera Roma & Co	4 kegs.....	48	144
"	B&CoLaLibertad	L S Haas.....	2 barrels.....	84	172
"	R J W S J de Guat	Schwartz Bros.....	1 barrels.....	54	145
"	B & G LaLibertad	John T Wright.....	13 kegs.....	338	242
"	R S Amapala.....	Montealegre & Co.	6 kegs.....	74	284
"	MdE LaLibertad	Castle Bros.....	1 package.....	4	20
"	D M San Blas.....	Thannhauser & Co.	1 case.....		8
"	JMR SanJdeGuat	Urruela Urjoste.....	60 cases.....		553
W H Dimond.....	HWS&S Hono'lu	Ruther & Bendixen	20 cases.....		190
"	WCP&Co	SpruanceSt'nly&Co	100 cases.....		837
Total amount, 287 cases and.....				864	\$4,412

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From May 1st to May 15th, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE.
Monowai.....	E R Sydney.....	J D Spreckels&Bros	1 package..	2	\$ 1
"	Auckland.....	Lillenthal & Co.....	5 cases.....		37
Acapulco.....	F A Corinto.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	1 case.....		9
"	M H & Co ".....	"	2 hf barrels.	50	75
"	J T W ".....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	4 cases.....		45
"	A L & H ".....	"	2 cases.....		25
City of Papeete	A S Tahiti.....	S Pacific Co.....	1 cask.....	20	29
China.....	Sind'd Yokoh'ma	A C Nichols & Co.	1 barrel.....	44	101
J G Wall.....	K & V B Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	1 keg.....	15	30
Total amount 12 cases and.....				131	\$352

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM LONDON—PER BRITISH SHIP DRUMCRAIG, May 5, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEES.
Jas Morrison & Son.....	167 cases Bottled Beer.....	H M Newhall.....
Jackson Clayton & Co.....	200 cases Geneva.....	Order (marked M in dia'd).....
T Trapp & Son.....	12 cases Wine.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
Boord & Son.....	100 cases Spirits.....	"
"	10 cases Spirits.....	"
"	25 cases Wine.....	"
F Friend & Co.....	4 hhds Ale.....	A Greenebaum & Co.....
"	12 half-hhds Ale.....	"
"	14 kilderkins Ale.....	"

FROM LIVERPOOL—PER BRITISH SHIP YEOMAN, May 7, 1891.

Dunville & Co.....	50 cases Whisky.....	Order (marked D & Co).....
T B Hall & Co.....	50 cases Ale.....	Order [marked H in square].....
"	375 cases Stout.....	"
Macandrew & Co.....	16 octaves Wine.....	Order.....
J C Gordon.....	4 quarter casks Wine.....	Order [marked 2 crown].....
"	12 sixth casks Wine.....	"
"	8 quarter casks Wine.....	Order [marked 3 crown].....
"	6 sixth casks Wine.....	"
"	8 quarter casks Wine.....	Order [marked A in diamond].....
"	12 quarter casks Wine.....	Order [marked O P S].....
W E Johnson & Co.....	700 cases Beer.....	Order [marked E in square].....
Jas Mon & Co.....	100 cases Wine.....	E M Meyer & Co.....
"	15 hhds Wine.....	"
W C Euschten.....	15 barrels Grape Brandy.....	Jas Finlayson.....
Cantrell & Cochrane Co.....	50 barrels Mineral Water.....	A Greenebaum & Co.....
E Remy Martin & Co.....	16 octaves Brandy.....	Hellman Bros & Co.....
Macfarlane McCrindell & Co.	36 octaves Wine.....	Chas Meinecke & Co.....
"	4 quarters Wine.....	"
"	70 cases Wine.....	"
R Duxbury.....	50 barrels Ginger Ale.....	Forbes Bros.....
"	20 barrels Mineral Water.....	"

FROM NEW YORK—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, May 7, 1891.

"	1 barrel Whisky.....	Williams & Prater.....
"	2 barrel ".....	F Rodfield.....
"	1 barrel ".....	R P Drew.....
"	1 barrel ".....	M McGrath.....
"	1 barrel ".....	McLain & Snow.....
"	1 barrel ".....	R Moynahan.....
"	1 barrel ".....	P E Fisher.....
"	1 barrel ".....	L Autenreith.....
"	1 barrel ".....	F B Fowler.....
"	1 barrel ".....	S Gangwer.....
"	1 barrel ".....	S E Murphy.....
"	1 barrel ".....	Trembley & Murray.....
"	1 barrel ".....	P Mugler.....

FROM ENGLAND.

Offley Forester & Co.....	5 quarter casks Sherry.....	Hellman Bros & Co.....
Adet Seward & Co.....	30 cases Claret.....	B & C [Victoria].....
"	25 cases Champagne.....	"
"	10 cases Liqueurs.....	"

FROM FRANCE.

Dupont & Co.....	20 casks Brandy.....	L Tannssig & Co.....
"	75 cases ".....	Wolf Wreden & Co.....

FROM GLASGOW—PER BRITISH SHIP STRATHEARN, May 7, 1891.

J & R Tennent.....	10 hhds Beer.....	Forbes Bros.....
"	270 casks Bottled Beer.....	"
Geo Younger & Son.....	25 casks ".....	Wm Wolff & Co.....
"	15 hhds Beer.....	"
Evans & Son.....	25 casks A Water.....	"
John Robertson & Son.....	5 casks Whisky.....	Order [marked J M & Co]...
"	25 cases ".....	"
Geo Logan.....	1 hhds ".....	Order [marked V C in di'd S]

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Texas & Pacific Railroad...	50 cases Champagne.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....
"	51 cases Champagne.....	A Vignier.....
"	60 cases Champagne.....	James De Fremery & Co.....

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From May 1st to May 15th, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
Alden Besse.....	D W & Co Honolulu	Wm Wolff & Co.....	25 cases Gin.....	\$ 30
"	"	"	5 oct Gin.....	99
"	M & Co ".....	Kohler & Van Bergen.	5 cs B B Brandy.....	30
"	"	"	5 cases Bitters.....	35
Zealandia.....	J S ".....	E H Michels.....	5 cases ".....	21
"	G W M & Co ".....	Lilienthal & Co.....	7 cases ".....	52
"	"	"	10 cases Gin.....	20
Walla Walla.....	ADCoNWellington	A Macchia.....	1 case Fernet.....	16
"	K & T Vancouver	Bach Meese & Co.....	5 cases Liqueurs.....	35
China.....	MBros & Co Yoko	Macondray & Co.....	3 cases Bitters.....	22
Florence.....	D L & Co Boston	J F O'Brien.....	20 bbls Rum.....	
City of Pueblo.....	G in di'd Victoria	Bach Meese & Co.....	10 cases Liqueurs.....	70
"	B & C ".....	P M S S Co.....	25 cs Champagne.....	250
"	"	"	10 cases Spiits.....	50
City of N Y.....	R H San Benito.....	Thannhauser & Co.....	8 bbls Ginger Ale.....	116
"	S & S Salina Cruz	Cabrera Roma & Co.....	20 cs ".....	55
W H Dimond.....	WCP&Co Hon'lu	Spruance Stanley & Co	5 cases Angostura.....	35
"	"	"	1 cs Maraschino.....	4
Total amount 137 cases, etc.....				\$940

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY.			SPIRITS.		
	Case	Barrels	Kegs	1/2-bbl	Barrels	MISCELLANEOUS
Lilienthal & Co.....		64			436	
C W Craig.....		70			430	10 bbls 125 kg gin
Jones Mundy & Co.....		75			457	
A Greenebaum & Co.....					60	
Hotaling & Co.....		65				
L Tanssig.....		80	10			
Meyerfield M & S.....	1	47	148			
Shrout & McCrum.....		70				
Siebs Bros & P.....		50				
P Hays.....		1				
W McGlinchey.....		1				
O F T Co.....		80				
J L Nickel.....		14	1			
Carroll & Carroll.....	500					
Chas Barbier.....		1				
C Schmidt.....		1				
Feldman & Co.....		1				
G Bacigalupi.....		1				
Leincke & Regan.....		2	1			
Goldberg & Bowen.....		2				
Total.....	503	623	160		1,383	

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED.				BULK.		
	Case	Cask	Barrels	Box	Barrels	1/2 bbl	1/4 bbl
W Bogein.....						212	132
C A Zinkand.....						200	100
F Eincel.....					6	120	
Sherwood & Sherwood.....			270			62	92
Jones Mundy & Co.....	218		120				
W Loanza.....			120				
W Wolff & Co.....			82				
Total.....	218		592		6	594	324

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, FIRST DISTRICT CALIFORNIA,

MAY 14, 1891.

Notice to Special Taxpayers.

The Honorable Commissioner of Internal Revenue directs that all Special Taxes or License for the year ending June 30, 1892, be paid before June 30th NEXT.

This office is now ready to issue such stamps.

JOHN C. QUINN, Collector.

By JOHN E. YOUNGBERG, Chief Deputy.

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND,

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During April 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Cases		Wine	FROM	Brandy		Wine	
	Cases	Gallons			Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston			44	San Francisco	130	36,137	2,549	407,821
Providence			2	Oakland 16th Street			4	147
Hartford			2,551	Alameda				47
Other New England points			47	Martinez				26
Buffalo			228	Niles				229
New York	1,090	109	106,719	Livermore			43	5,465
Other New York points	75	7	2,332	San Jose	52	449	101	14,393
Philadelphia	10	15	5,176	Irvine			214	643
Pittsburg	16	31	3,381	Warm Springs				167
Other Pennsylvania points			15	Milpitas				35
Baltimore			131	Menlo Park			3	
Washington			6	Redwood City			26	
Baton Rouge			2,815	Santa Clara		47		403
New Orleans		420	36	Los Gatos		5	1	677
Other Louisiana points	2	10	3	Glenwood				13
Other Gulf State points			9	Gilroy				140
Galveston			2,177	Hollister			1	10
Houston			12	Santa Cruz		10	1	3,575
San Antonio		26	203	Stockton				31,160
Other Texas points	14	250	92	Oakdale				25
Little Rock		19	15	Fresno			4	12,105
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points		10		Traver				26
Memphis		58		Goshen				10
Chattanooga			46	Sacramento				12,473
Louisville		40	7	Ione				54
Other Tenn. and Ky. points			190	Elk Grove				11
Cincinnati		2,062	21	South Vallejo				45
Cleveland			3	Napa		3,606	15	5,531
Miamiburg			2,560	Oakville		460	2	31,705
Toledo			2,949	Yountville				78
Other Ohio points	5	70	12	Rutherford		22		250
Indianapolis		42		St. Helena	10	303	1	24,479
Other Indiana points	7	75	28	Bello				9,861
Alton			2,415	Krug		46		293
Chicago	32	9,655	1,011	Larkmead			2	
Quincy			2,342	Calistoga				10
Other Illinois points	14	949	22	Cordelia			12	10
Detroit			174	Woodland			1	138
Grand Rapids			3,168	Santa Rosa			2	15,775
Other Michigan points		186	4	Glen Ellen				5,080
Milwaukee	2	10,695	463	Petaluma				26
Other Wisconsin points	1	65	1	Cloverdale				40
St. Louis		2,088	25	Healdsburg				137
Kansas City		742	211	Shellyville		154		12,704
St. Joseph	25	510	90	Sebastopol				438
Other Missouri points			3	Marysville		992		
Council Bluffs			11	Chico				10
Sionx City			5	Vina		10	1	6,205
Other Iowa points		61	17	Peuryu				50
St. Paul	1	2,483	68	Placerville				42
Minneapolis		2,619	1	Los Angeles	5	1,085	313	20,762
Other Minnesota points		509	3	Santa Barbara			7	50
Omaha	7	1,622		S. B. Ventura			1	
Topeka			48	Camulos			1	
Other Neb. and Kans. points	12	270	35	Winthrop		52	1	273
Dakota points		530		Downey			3	2,560
Denver	20	2,899	368	Anaheim		61		1,087
Pueblo	4	50	24	Santa Ana		40		129
Cheyenne			230	Alhambra			3	
Other Colorado points	53	695	41	San Gabriel	2	1,036	51	6,534
Canadian points			4	Pomona				11,098
Foreign			5	Colton		46		169
Total	199	44,561	3,363	645,224	Total	199	44,561	3,363 645,224

ERRATUM—The shipment from Redwood City last month was given as 70 gallons. It should have been 70 cases. The shipment was made by E. F. Preston of the Portala Vineyard.

WANTED—WINES TO HANDLE.

Wanted by a whisky broker the Chicago agency for a good general line of California wines. Can promise a good trade with the right line.

Address,

WINE, this office.

Re-planting is being conducted to some extent in the Sonoma valley, all of the vines set out being resistant. The outlook is reported as better than last year.

Subscribe for the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, the only wine and liquor trade paper west of Chicago.

Chicago Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHICAGO, May 9, 1891.

"The spring time has come, gentle Annie," "tra-la," etc., and as a result the picnic, baseball and racing season has opened, and that means increased business for the wine and liquor men of Chicago. The racing season is especially good for them. I am told that the state of the weather at this time, whether it is warm or cool, makes a vast difference in the volume of the season's business.

There is no change in the wine market since my last letter, but that is a good report to be able to make, for so long as there is no change it is not getting any worse, and that is something to rejoice about. The fact is that the goods are finding a more ready and steady market than they did a year ago; and by this time next year at the present rate of increase in demand and consumption, the trade will be something to be truly proud of.

While not saying it in any invidious sense at all, the fact is that To-Kalon goods are meeting with an unexpectedly large run. This is readily accounted for on the ground that this extra trade is simply the harvest from the advertising done at the Exposition here last fall. Mr. Crabb has not been any more niggardly about advertising his goods than he has about any other part of his successful business, and the large trade which he enjoys is but the legitimate result of his liberal policy. All the other California wine dealers report an increasing demand for their goods, and say they are satisfied with the way things are going in their line.

California brandy is still in big demand. The people of Chicago don't seem to have awakened to the fact that there ever was any California brandy until lately, and now that they have learned of its existence, they want it and want lots of it, and what is best of all, want it "just awful bad." This is all the better for the producers out in California, provided they can always keep things as well in hand as they are at this time. The amount of future output is not apt to break the market nor weaken the demand for the brandy, but the temptation to adulterate or to try to work off inferior and low grade goods will be enhanced just in proportion to the extra demand, and the increase in price, and that is what will give California brandy a black eye quicker than anything else. It is because the goods are pure that California wines are as much sought for as they are, and it behooves all producers of California goods to see to it that their present reputation is maintained.

While the general market is reported as quiet by the wholesalers and jobbers, yet there is a considerable doing. All the traveling men who have been here for the past month have been able to place fair orders, and some have done extra well.

Despite the present overstocked and congested condition of the whisky market the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin* of Louisville, takes a very cheerful view of the future outlook. This is the way that it reasons: "We find that the scarcity of the older goods will serve to keep the '89 crop at about present market values. Though the '90 crop is in excess of any immediate demand, yet it was made of such cheap stock that nothing made later can begin to compete with it. The ruling and prospective price of corn and other grains will doubtless deter the majority of distillers from running this season, and the result will be a nearly bare market of '91s. From this it will be seen that there is but little to fear from a declining market in whisky."

An effort is being made to have a full exhibit of Kentucky whiskies made at the World's Fair in '93. It will doubtless be one of the most striking features of the exposition, as the exhibitors will all be men of wealth, and will have an ambition to outdo all creation. The California wine men should see to it that their Kentucky friends do not take off the palm in the way of an exhibition of liquid products.

In 1859 T. G. Shaw, an English traveler, visited California and like all his kind who have followed after him, he published

a book. In it he says: "California seems better adapted to producing wines. Its best known growths are Angelico (sec) Aliso porto, and champagne. One firm—Sausserain & Co.—is stated to have produced in 1858, 9,400 gallons white and 4,000 red Aliso, 9,000 Angelico, 1,900 of brandy; in all 23,000 gallons. It is stated that in the district of Angeles there were produced in the same year about 200,000 gallons of wine of various qualities." Turning to the census figures given in the *PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW* of April 18th, it will be seen that California in 1889, produced 14,626,000 gallons of wine. That is quite an advance over the reported yield of 1858, and will serve to show how the industry has grown in the State despite all it has had to contend with.

The *Western Wine Merchant's and Brewer's Gazette* made its bow to the public about the middle of April. It is published by Adams & Corbett, and presents a very creditable and financially healthy appearance. There is doubtless a good field for such a publication in Chicago.

The well-known firm of Sanderson and Nolan has been dissolved by mutual consent, and Mr. Nolan has opened an office at 19-21 Wabash avenue.

Julius P. Smith, of the Olivina Vineyard, Livermore, is in Chicago looking after a few orders in the way of introducing the wines of the Livermore valley to the eastern public.

I visited the Chicago branch sales rooms of the Gast Wine Company of St. Louis, the other day, and sampled some of their vintage. It was the first domestic wine I had ever tasted that had not been grown in California, and I must say that I was greatly pleased with its flavor and bouquet. Judging from the fact that there were seven packages in a row all addressed to "Reverends" I took it for granted that the Gast people had a monopoly of the ministerial trade of the whole Mississippi valley.

A sign painted in large flaming colors over the entrance to the California restaurant and cafe announces to the public that it will be opened for business on May 16th. Mr. Franekx is making arrangements for a grand opening. He will have the whole California colony present and in flowing bumpers of ruby wine the "boys" will drink to the days of old, the days of gold, the days of '49.


One of the Nestors and most respected members of our trade, Mr. Elias Bloek, of Cincinnati, stopped over for a few hours in Chicago, and during his brief sojourn all those who had a chance to meet him, were pleased to observe how gently time was dealing with him, both mentally and in his physique. Few men have been more fortunate in having raised a family so well able to relieve him from a large share of the burdens of so extensive a commercial enterprise. Four such co-operators as Louis, Sam and Joe Bloek, his sons, and Maek, his son-in-law, can well fill any parent's breast with justifiable pride.

Mr. Ernest Diehman, the President of the Edge Hill Wine Co., New York, on his way to California, stayed over in this city for a couple hours, but of course his time was too brief to make any calls on the customers of his house. We hope that on his return he will find time to circulate among his friends in this section, who would be glad to see him.

We understand that the Calumet Distilling Co. is so rushed with business that they have had to refuse upon several occasions to accept orders, unless the would-be buyers are willing to wait until such time as the company can fill them. This house has, like Chicago, had a really remarkably rapid rise, and richly deserves it.

Henry H. Shufeldt is in Florida, and we are glad to learn that he is deriving much benefit from the change.

L. L. PALMER.



Damiana Bitters.

The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases. DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above action it is recommended in all cases of Sexual Weakness and Want of Sexual Desire.

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,

Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

London Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

London, April 22, 1891.

The demand on our market for California wines and brandies is steadily increasing and the quality shipped is so excellent, that the wines are finding favor on every hand. I think I shall not be far wrong in saying that in a few years hence the wines of California will be found in the price lists of most of our wholesale wine and spirit merchants. I myself know several wholesale merchants who, although agents for some celebrated European wine growers, always prefer the Red and White Wines of California to any other, and I learn on good authority that wherever the wines are sold to customers who have not before tasted these wines, a fresh order is always looked for. In my opinion California wines have not the least fear to compete with the Australian and Italian wines which are well to the front on our market.

Australian and Italian wines are sold at about the same price as California wines and as before stated both of the former are well-known on the market, but the latter have yet to be pushed, and when once they are known, not only by the merchant but the consumer as well, their excellent quality will be enough to place them as one of our leading shipments.

One thing the shipper in California has to guard against is that the wine shipped should always be of uniform character. Wines have been shipped from California to London for some years but I rather think some has done more harm than good for the *reputation* supplied as California wines was of the very poorest quality and had either gone wrong or had been affected in some way on the voyage. However, I am glad to say that these wines are not to be found so often now and we are getting in their stead sound California wines.

I think it only right to state that the "Prosperity of California Wines in England" is solely due to the enterprising firm of Messrs. Grierson, Oldham & Co. of London, whose connection throughout all England is well-known. The visit of Mr. C. F. Oldham to California some time since is not of little importance seeing that is chiefly through his visit that these wines are being shipped to our market, and Mr. Oldham certainly deserves praise for his enterprise. Being an expert in all kinds of wines and spirits he knows a wine when he sees it, and I am glad to see in one of your recent issue that Mr. Oldham had sent a case of wine which he considered would suit the English taste. If anybody can tell, Mr. Oldham can.

California brandy finds good favor on our market and always realizes good prices when submitted to public auction. It is a pity it is not more pushed, as I am sure that, like the wines, it only needs to be known, when its quality will speak for itself. Now is the time that such an excellent article should be pushed, owing to the continued unsatisfactory vintages in the Cognac District, and with advertising (of course no success can be done unless advertised) and good quality I think they would far surpass the brandy which is being made by the sherry shippers to supply the place of the genuine Cognac.

A company is about to be formed in London under the name of the Grape Brandy Distillers Limited which will have as its chief object the importation into England of concentrated grape juice from California for the distillation of pure grape brandy. The capital, it is stated, will be £120,000 divided into 119,700 ordinary shares of £1 each and 300 founders shares of £1 each. That the company will prove a success is almost certain, seeing that it is being floated by some well-known members of the wine trade. Among the list of Directors will be: Mr. R. Willis of Butcher & Robinson, Mr. Geo. Gray of Messrs. Hall & Gray and Mr. Thomas Grant proprietor of Grant's Cherry Brandy. The company will acquire the extensive establishment of the American Concentrated Must Co. in Sonoma county, California, which

has been in existence for some years. The must will be imported into London where the company have also large warehouses and buildings erected and thence distilled into brandy. Should the company be floated (and there is every probability of such being the case) it will mean a good business for California grape juice, for the directors, being themselves connected with the trade, a large amount of brandy will be disposed of. I hope to report further later on.

It is pleasing to note that Messrs. Walden & Co. have thought it advisable to place their brandies on the English market, and consequently have appointed Mr. Lorenz their agent for London and the South of England. Messrs. Walden & Co. have also appointed various agents in several parts of the United Kingdom and I hope to hear of a good business in their brandies soon in England.

In speaking to a member of the trade recently he stated the great drawback in the sale of California brandies was that through the Merchandise Mark act of 1887 they could only be described as California brandy in the United Kingdom and not as California Cognac as in the United States. There is in my opinion nothing to stop the sale simply because they cannot be described as Cognac. I say place the brandies on their own merits, and call them California. They are worthy of it, and as before stated with hard work will prove a complete success.

W. F. C.

Cincinnati Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CINCINNATI, May 10, 1891.

Concerning the condition of the trade in general, since our last letter to your valued journal, we have nothing of any importance to communicate to you.

Trade is not as brisk as we anticipated, owing to various causes. Nevertheless we anticipate a healthy market and fair prices, especially for '89s and older goods. The handlers of retail trade in this and other cities are comparatively busy filling orders, trade having increased.

The '91s are still in the hands of the distiller, and there are yet no takers for the goods. We think they will be very largely the holders of the '91 crop. Vast quantities of the '90 crop have gone into consumption, which will make that crop a good investment and good property this fall.

Eastern ryes of all ages are still dull, but, most likely will hold their own for the present. We know of several brands of same that are firm, high and scarce.

We note the arrival of several ear lots of California wines during the last fortnight, and we regard that trade as thriving. Prices are firm and sales equal to that of last year. As the warm weather advances on us the demand for California wines will still increase and buyers will purchase more freely of that commodity.

Houses engaged in the case goods business and manufacturing of cordials, and summer beverages are very busy and are not complaining of a lack of orders.

The season has about closed for distilling, and most of the houses have shut down their distilleries. The production of the coming year will be far less than that of the present one, and as soon as this fact becomes known and verified, we will see trade better.

Mr. G. P. Seeley, representing Culbert & Taylor of New York, was with his trade the last fortnight. He succeeded in placing with the compounders several good orders.

Mr. George Gerke, President of the Union Distilling Co., Cincinnati, accompanied by his wife, sailed for Europe last Saturday. They will be abroad six months.

R. Monarch and wife passed through the city last week on his way East.

We had the pleasure of meeting T. C. Barnes, of James I.

Pepper & Co., on the street recently. Mr. Barnes had recently returned from a trip in the West, extending as far West as the Pacific Coast. He reported a most satisfactory result. He sold the largest single bill of whisky in his six years' experience on road for the firm. He also told us James E. Pepper & Co., do not own a barrel of Fall 90' or Spring 91', every barrel having been contracted for already. With such a whisky to offer the trade as the "James E. Pepper," and so affable and energetic a salesman as Tom Barnes has proven himself to be, we are not surprised it only took about three months to place the product of the "James E. Pepper" of 1891. As blood will tell so will a fine whisky with good judges.

SHAW.

Louisville Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 7, 1891.

I was very much elated when receiving the returns from the Collector of Internal Revenue as regards the withdrawals of Kentucky whiskies during the month of March. We have unbonded of '88s and '89s together in March 797,000 gallons. On the 1st of May we had in bond of '88 goods less than one million gallons, and of the '89s about fourteen million gallons.

The quantity of '89 goods will be reduced to about seven and one-half million gallons by March 1, 1892, the time '89 goods will be due for tax paying, and we can feel to-day already an advance of some brands of '89s.

All the standard brands of sweet mashers are held firm at fifty-two and one-half to fifty five cents, and I think those goods will be worth from sixty to sixty-five next spring. Some brands of the '89 sour mashers have advanced from two and one-half to seven and one-half cents during the last three weeks and we look for further advances as '89 sour mashers have been heavily unbonded during the last two months.

According to the statistics compiled by Mr. Geo. C. Buchanan the stock of export whiskies has been reduced since the first of October 1890, 19,425 barrels. The stock of all ages of export goods to-day consists of 41,109 barrels of which 17,282 barrels are '80s, '81s and '82s. The balance 23,827 barrels consists of '83s, '84s, '85s, '86s and '87s.

The largest part of all the exported goods will be consumed within the next ten months and the oldest goods which will then come into consideration, will be the few million gallons of '89s left in bond by that time, and their intrinsic value must be obvious to every body even if only slightly acquainted with the inside of the business.

A large number of distillers have closed their houses and the balance will soon have to follow suit; if it were not for the slop contracts no distillery would be running to-day as the owners are losing money on account of the excessive high prices on corn.

A meeting of the Kentucky distillers was called at the Galt House and an organization was formed under the name of "Kentucky Distillers Association." This association will make efforts towards curtailing production of Kentucky whiskies.

H. M.

A COMMENDABLE ACTION.

Attention is called to the trade circular of R. Monarch, which appears elsewhere, relative to the fact that the crop of this season is half of the ordinary output. It is safe to say that the conservative action of Mr. Monarch in reducing the production of the brands which he controls, will meet with due approval from his customers and the holders of the whiskies older than '91s. If every distiller in Kentucky had conducted his operations this year on the same safe and thoughtful plan, there would be no wail of distress over the inability to dispose of '91s and the dullness in '90s such as is now heard in the land.

The holders of Mr. Monarch's whiskies can have no reason to be afraid of the outcome of their investments.

THE PRESIDENTIAL BANQUET.

Chas. A. Wetmore Reviews the Action of the Banquet Committee.

The surprising conduct of the committee in charge of the banquet given to President Harrison on his recent visit to this city, in which the "snobocracy," represented by Messrs. Barnes, Boruck and Bouvier, did all in their power to cast disrepute upon California's wines, is fresh in the minds of the readers of the REVIEW. It will also be remembered that these same gentlemen (?) were forced by the power of public sentiment to grant recognition to the products of California's vineyards. In this connection, the following contribution by Charles A. Wetmore, on this subject will be read with interest. Mr. Wetmore says:

Let us review the situation of our vine growers briefly. They have waited patiently, a long time, for the fulfilment of the prophecy—"Cast your bread upon the waters and it shall return unto you after many days." We have recently made known for President Harrison's—for the Nation's consideration—our achievements, our numbers, our social importance and our political power. We have stated without disposition to controvert our obstacles, our discouragements and our needs at Washington. Foremost of all we have claimed national and social recognition, respect and honor. We have gently intimated that we, who were the bodyguard of the protective tariff on the Pacific Coast; we, who are loading the earth with the aroma and perfume of the vine and making joyful the family fireside, shall not tamely submit to any injustice, to any social slights, to any indignities at the hands of the government, or of snobs. We demand full recognition, respect and fellowship; and, further, in all cases of diplomacy, treaty-making and extension of commerce, we demand participation in national and State, political and commercial consultation.

We desire to correct the impression created in the mind of the President's Postmaster-General "Jannamaker" that it is an easy thing to succeed in our agricultural pursuits. The novelties of industrial complications, the difficulties of skill and local adaptations and the commercial obstacles, which we have overcome or resisted, are so great and manifold that they would astonish the President and the Postmaster-General, if either of them should happen to give audience for one evening to a delegation of our producers.

We have encountered ignorance in labor, inefficiency in tools, misapplication in locality, inexperience and lack of facility in trade, hostility in society and *absolute indifference and neglect in government*. Yet after many years we have won victories enough to have secured scores of crosses of the Legion of Honor, if our citizens had been Frenchmen. Little by little local fashion was conquered and we fairly hoped that we were only facing the enemy in front. Off in the distance, from scattering centers of good taste and refinement, were sounded the welcome notes of praise and invitation. Beneath the surface the blood of our California grapes was circulating throughout the land and giving to the French and German cosmetics of trade a decidedly Californian vivacity. The highest possible medals had been won in foreign lands, and attention towards our wines was attracted from all parts of the world. The merchants from England and France have been visiting us; offers for agencies have been extended from France, England, Germany, Belgium, Norway and other countries; and yet we suffered under the difficulties of trade. Still, in the height of success, while the President was rolling in soft cushions, our producers were vainly appealing to capital for aid to carry their products, and buyers were taking in the treasures of nature for less than the price of buttermilk.

With all our successes we were still struggling under these obstacles, as well as the ban of fashion. Partially recognized at home we were pushing with the zeal of desperation to scale the walls of prejudice and fraud in eastern cities. Our advance couriers, backed by our small capital, were in every great city. Eighteen of our most advanced producers and merchants had combined and were opening in the city of Chicago the most fashionable restaurant resort of the west.

The contest between the banquet committee and public opinion, resulting from the President's visit, has been instructive to all. It has shown to the President that our complaints were well founded. It has shown to petty aspirants for public favors that our influence is not to be despised. It has shown to our concealed enemies that they cannot hide under the cloaks of

others. It has shown to all how strong we are in the hearts of the people.

The President asked General Barnes what all this fuss was about. The subjects were as follows:

The active members of the banquet committee were men who have no connection whatever with any productive industry. Those who were otherwise were until late in the contest, respectable heavy weights who did not pay any attention to the work. This committee, acting through General Barnes and his amanuensis, the political widow, or "Cold Beans," of the last State administration began an assault on California products, from the very beginning without provocation. It was publicly announced by them that they would suppress all California champagne and that they would not mention by name any California white or red wine; while it was as publicly announced that they would furnish to the guests at the banquet all the known French champagnes in the market by full brand and business reference.

One grower, whose wines were included in the Palace Hotel list, asked to have his wines placed on the banquet list, and tendered his check for one hundred dollars towards the committee expenses. A sample case of his wines was sent to General Barnes. The reply came in a note apparently from General Barnes, every word of which was however, in the handwriting of his amanuensis, Mr. Boruck, without even the customary "per M. D. B." I intend to run rapidly over the insult that was conveyed, in order to express what was one of the causes of the "fuss" that the President inquired about.

Think of it! General W. H. L. Barnes dictating to his amanuensis, the aforesaid "Cold Beans," of the last administration, Marcus D. Boruck, his refusal to examine samples, because "I am not sufficiently acquainted with the California viticultural product." It is plain that the accent is on the word California, and the inference is unmistakable.

A leading California producer of champagne, taking up in his own behalf the gauntlet thrown down by the committee, wrote to General Barnes his protest and appeal from which the following extracts are taken:

I address you on my own behalf, and appealing to you as a public spirited citizen to see California's best wines placed upon the banquet table, at least on a level with any imported wines your committee may select. At the banquet given General Grant at the Palace Hotel, on his return from abroad, "no other" champagne whatever was used. The use of California still wines was likewise exclusive.

Vice-President Morton has it constantly in use. At the banquet to Whitelaw Reid at the Baldwin, in 1885, no other champagne was used.

At the banquet to A. A. Sargent, at the Palace, it was given the place of honor on the wine list, which comprised foreign wines of similar type.

General McClellan was never without it at his house. General Miles used no other champagne in his entertainments, while commander of this division.

It is not necessary to add to this list of illustrious Americans. The production and sale of this champagne saves the State an annual exodus of \$300,000, besides creating a value of nearly \$200,000 more. Recognizing the importance of some members of your committee, I do not ask the exclusion of imported champagne, but I do appeal to you, an American, with American pride, to give an honest American product a fair show on an American occasion; and, in appealing to you, I appeal to each and every member of your committee likewise.

These appeals to the committee were made more than a week before any public notice of the contest was made by the newspapers. The wine growers were not responsible for the publicity subsequently given. After full opportunity for consideration, General Barnes and Mr. Boruck made public their decision by giving out the menu card and wine list, which involved the following issues:

1st. The guests coming to learn of California industry and to meet Californians, were informed that at the banquet they might have the privilege of selecting any foreign champagne, but they should not be permitted to order a California brand.

2d. California hocks, sauternes and clarets would be used, but no "gratuitous advertising" would be permitted, and the Presidential party would be prevented from knowing that any California brand was sufficiently established to be recognized; nay more, the world reading the reports of this banquet would receive no information of value to our people.

3d. All French brands in the market should be conspicuously named.

And now the "fuss" of which the President spoke began. The reporters of the daily papers gave intimation of the studied and deliberate insults which the committee contemplated. Then there were interviews and editorials and a public awakening.

General Barnes and Mr. Boruck acted in this emergency precisely as though they were not gratuitously advertising foreign brands. They made contemptuous allusions to the wine

makers of the State, spoke of them as though they were altogether outside the pale of the exclusive society that was entertaining the President, and denied them any respectful consideration.

Public opinion, aroused by the press and the vigorous letters of some of our noblest citizens, won the battle for the wine growers.

Here is a copy of a letter, written by the builder of the *Montezuma*, to a local wine dealer, who wanted the war ship in the presence of the President to be christened with French wine:

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27, 1891.

SAN FRANCISCO. Your letter of April 24th is at hand. I notice that you say that great men like Chambers, N. Depew, Andrew Carnegie, Cornelius M. Jills, members of the Cabinet, Senators and others, use only. While it would give us pleasure to have them continue that old diet, the new dispensation and law of progress requires every one to make a change, especially if it is for the better, and I would like to say that such distinguished gentlemen as honor me with a visit will drink only the royal wines of California, made from the pure juice of the grape.

Yours truly,

UNION IRON WORKS,
per Irving M. Scott.

So much good has come from this little battle that its victory should be recorded as an event in the history of California. The personalities, which were incidental to the result, may be rapidly passed out of mind. For the sake of the record, I give a facsimile of the wine card, the first born of California etiquette, the delivery of which caused a banquet committee so much agony, and the appearance of which is hailed with joy by its true father—the public spirit of California:

CALIFORNIA WINES.

HOCKS

Private Stock, Napa Valley Wine Co.
Johanisberger Riesling, Inglenook vineyard
Schramsberger

SHERRY

SAUTERNES

Wetmore's Haut Sauterne, Souvenir
Haut Sauterne, Olivina Vineyard
Hedgeside Sauterne

CLARETS

Las Palmas, Cupertino Wine Co.
Wetmore's Margaux, Souvenir
Private Stock, Napa Valley wine Co.

CHAMPAGNE

Eclipse

IMPORTED CHAMPAGNES

Pommery & Greno Sec
Veuve Cliquot, Yellow Label
Moet & Chandon, Brut Imperial
G. H. Mumm & Co., Extra Dry
Ruinart, Vin Brut
Perrier Jouet,
L. Roederer
Royal Berton Sec
Heidsieck
Dry Monopole

The individual brands named are of little consequence to this issue. They can be varied hereafter in many ways, but the style and self-respecting dignity of this California production should never be forgotten. It is only because this occasion has been so important that it has been justifiable to reopen the question. It was necessary to let the President have a correct statement as to what "all this fuss" was about, and it is essential to make known what has been accomplished.

CHAS. A. WETMORE.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at seventy-five cents per gallon in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street, New York

TRADE CIRCULARS.

Mackenzie, Driscoll & Co., Oporto.

Oporto, February, 1891.

To the Trade—We have the pleasure of waiting on you with our annual report.

The shipments from Oporto were as follows:—

	1890.	1889.
Great Britain.....	37,425	38,596
Other Countries.....	47,227	46,420
	84,652	85,016

Home deliveries in Great Britain for 1890 exceeded those of 1889 by 316,725 gallons, or an increase of over 9 per cent.

The vintage, which was very short in quantity, not being larger than in 1889, was gathered in the last few days of September and beginning of October, in very favorable weather. The vines show fine flavor, body and character, and cannot fail to turn out well.

Prices, which were high in 1889, were considerably higher in 1890; this, combined with short crop all over Portugal, must have the effect of stopping shipments of the lowest priced wines until we get a vintage large enough to bring prices to former level.

We are still able to offer you selected parcels of 1887 vintage at £50 per pipe.

Hoping for the continuance of your obliging orders, either direct or through our agents, Messrs. M. Lienau & Co., 2, Jones Lane, New York. We are, Yours faithfully,
MACKENZIE, DRISCOLL & Co.

From Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.

JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA, February, 1891.

To the Trade—In presenting you with the annual report of the last vintage, we beg to say that the yield was rather short of

a fair average, and that about one-third of the crop is finding its way to the distillers; the other two-thirds are very promising as regards good quality, and we may expect a large proportion of this to equal the fine wines of the vintage of 1885.

Notwithstanding the vintage of 1889 being much damaged by bad weather, the greater part of the selected mostos of this vintage is developing better style and quality than was expected, and will be found useful.

Prices rule firm for all classes of medium well-matured wines.

We hold a well-selected stock of all kinds, also of very choice high-class Soleras, which enables us to meet all requirements of our customers, and to ship excellent quality and value.

The shipments from Jerez during the year were 50,217 Butts, making an increase of 2,507 Butts over 1889.

In soliciting the continuance of your esteemed orders, either direct or through our agents, Messrs. M. Lienau & Co., 2 Jones Lane, New York, we beg to assure you that every care will be taken in their execution. We remain,

Yours faithfully,

MACKENZIE & Co.

FROM R. MONARCH.

OWENSBORO, Ky., May 5, 1891.

Editor Pacific Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco, Cal.—The Davies County Distilling Co., R. Monarch and the Glenmore and Eagle Distillery Companies, have about closed for the season of 1890-91, making less than half a crop of the well-known and celebrated brands of whisky produced by each.

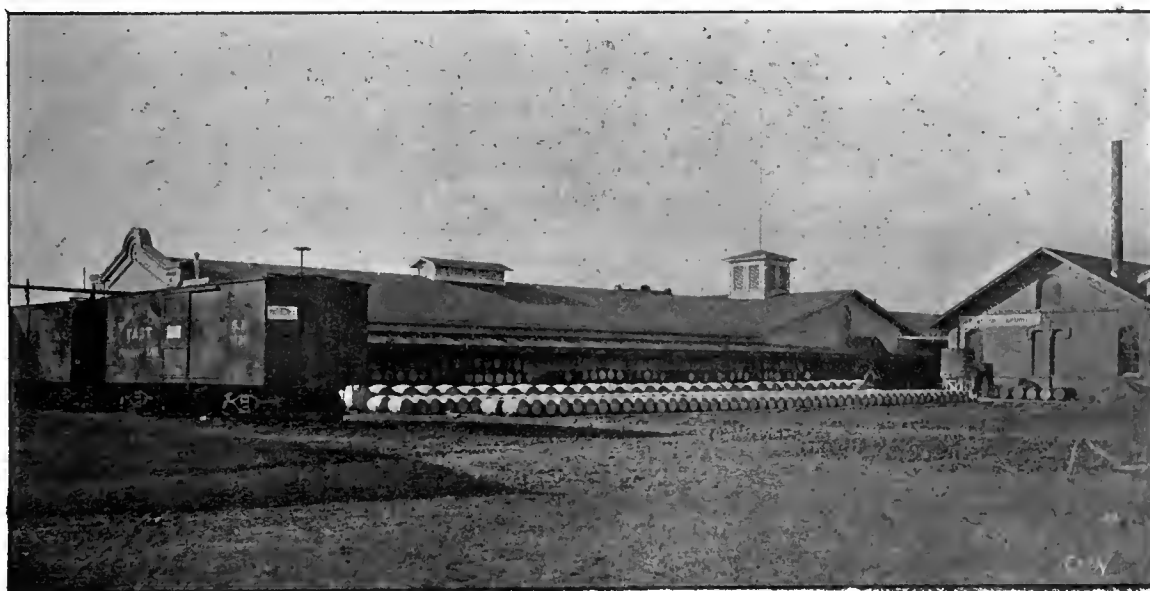
Customers can easily make their calculations as to what amount of these goods they desire to purchase, without any fear of overproduction doing them any damage.

Yours Truly,

R. MONARCH.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.



Winery and Distillery.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.
Sonoma Wine & Brandy Co., 1 and 3 Front St., New York.

Treasury Regulations.

On a lengthy opinion Secretary Foster has decided adversely to the claim of Messrs. F. O. Reed & Co. contending that alcohol can be withdrawn free of tax for use in hospitals for antiseptic uses etc. It has been held that alcohol can only be used in the chemical operations of hospitals.

(10847)

TRANSFER OF WINE IN BONDED WAREHOUSE FROM IMPORTER TO PURCHASER.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 19, 1891.

SIR: In reply to your letter of the 24th ultimo, relative to the contemplated transfer of certain wine in bonded warehouse from the importer to a purchaser, the Department has to inform you that such transfer is inadmissible under the law.

The merchandise must be either withdrawn for consumption by the importer or left in warehouse under his bond until the purchaser is prepared to furnish him the necessary funds for the payment of the duties and charges.

Respectfully yours,

O. L. SPAULDING, Assistant Sec'y.

SURVEYOR OF CUSTOMS, DENVER, COLO.

(10857.)

LIQUORS TRANSPORTED IN BOND—GAUGE OF.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, February 28, 1891.

SIR: In reply to your letter of the 19th instant, the Department has to say that when liquors, such as brandy, gin, etc., arrive at your port under warehouse and transportation bonds from other ports, the rewarehouse and withdrawal entries should be made upon the basis of the gauge specified in such transportation entries.

In case, however, such liquors reach your port under the immediate transportation act, they should be actually gauged for the purpose of fixing the duty thereon.

If the merchandise is entered for warehouse, withdrawals should be based upon the gauge of the merchandise as ascertained at the time of importation in the same manner as if the entry had been made for consumption.

Respectfully yours,

O. L. SPAULDING, Assistant Sec'y.

SURVEYOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBANY, N. Y.

(10858.—G. A. 353.)

BOTTLES CONTAINING CHAMPAGNE—DUTY ON.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, February 24, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 3103b, of G. W. Sheldon & Co., against the decision of the collector of customs at Chicago, Ill., as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain champagne bottles, imported per Furnessia, at New York, and immediate transportation entry No. 19,762.

Opinion by WILKINSON, General Appraiser.

Duty was assessed on bottles containing champagne at three cents a bottle, under the provisions of paragraph 336, act of October 1, 1890. Appellants object to this assessment, claiming that the goods in question are specially provided for under paragraph 335.

Paragraph 335 provides a specific duty for champagne and all other sparkling wines in bottles, but makes no reference to any additional duty on the bottles. Paragraph 336, imposes an additional duty of three cents a bottle on bottles in which wines, cordials, brandy, and other spirituous liquors are imported, unless specially provided for in the act. As champagne bottles are not embraced within the exception, the decision of the collector is affirmed.

(10861.—G. A. 356.)

GLASS COVERINGS FOR FREE GOODS FREE—JUGS CONTAINING MINERAL WATERS.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, February 25, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 2280b, of Gust. Heye & Co., against the decision of the

collector of customs at Galveston, Texas, as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on glass coverings for mineral waters, imported per Daniel, November 11, 1890.

Opinion by SOMERVILLE, General Appraiser.

The merchandise consists of 100 cases of natural mineral water in glass bottles and 100 hampers of the same in stone jugs.

Duty was assessed on the water, under paragraph 341 of the new tariff act, at the rates there provided, and on the jugs, as earthenware, under paragraph 99.

We have fully considered this question in the recent case of Charles Graef, et al., decided on the 12th instant (not yet published), where we held all natural mineral waters to be free of duty, under paragraph 650 of the "free list," which exempts from duty "mineral water, all, not artificial."

The glass bottles and other glassware coverings are liable to duty only so far as they are made liable under the provisions of paragraphs 103 and 104 of said act.

Earthenware coverings of free goods are not liable to duty, unless they are of some unusual material or form "designed for use otherwise than in the bona fide transportation of such merchandise to the United States." They then become liable under the provisions of section 19 of the act of June 10, 1890. The earthenware bottles in the present case are not of this prohibited class, and are therefore, in our opinion, free of all duty, as the contents are. We find nothing in the present tariff law which authorizes the inference that the usual coverings of merchandise, which is itself free of duty, are taxable, unless in special cases where the law so provides either expressly or by clear implication.

The decision of the collector is reversed, and he will proceed to reliquidate the entries as required by law.

(10043—G. A. 438.)

ALLOWANCE FOR BREAKAGE ON CHAMPAGNE.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, March 18, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 5193a, of John Osborn, Son & Co., against the assessment of duty without an allowance for breakage by the collector of customs at New York on certain champagne, imported per Westernland, September 24, 1890.

Opinion by SOMERVILLE, General Appraiser.

The claim interposed by the appellants is one for an allowance of deduction for breakage, either actual, or of five per cent., on an importation of certain champagne wines contained in bottles.

"Schedule H, liquors," of the tariff act of March 3, 1883, paragraph 307, levies certain specific duties on champagne and other sparkling wines, and paragraph 308 like duties on still wines, in casks or bottles. A proviso to the latter section declares "that there shall be no allowance for breakage, leakage, or damage on wines, liquors, cordials, or distilled spirits."

It is contended that the last proviso does not repeal the act of February 8, 1875, which provides that "there shall be an allowance of five per cent. and no more on all effervescing wines, liquors, cordials and distilled spirits in bottles, to be deducted in lieu of breakage."

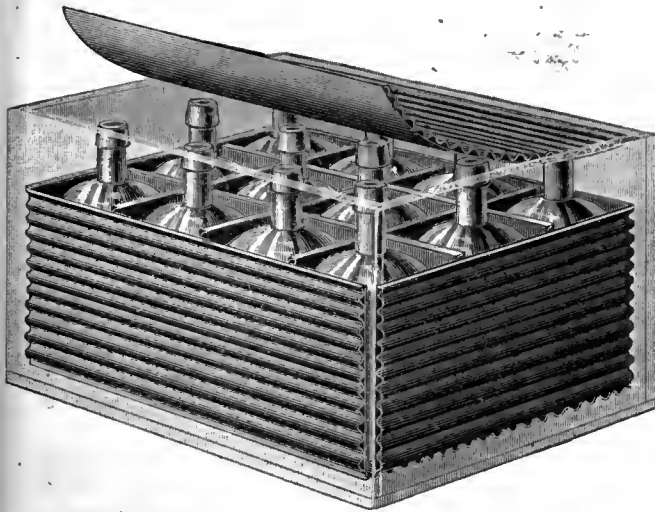
The two provisions are clearly so repugnant and irreconcilable that they can not stand together. The allowance of the five per cent. specified in the act of 1875 related to effervescing "wines, liquors, cordials, and distilled spirits," and was declared to be "in lieu of breakage."

The act of 1883 abolished all allowance for breakage or damage on any of said classes of wines, without regard to their effervescent qualities. (Decision of Board G. A. 90.)

This is made clearer by the provisions of section 23 of the act of June 10, 1890, which declares that "no allowance for damage to goods, wares, and merchandise imported into the United States shall hereafter be made in the estimation and liquidation of duties thereon," and the policy of abandonment is substituted in place of such allowance on certain prescribed conditions. (Decision of Board G. A. 106.)

In addition to these considerations, it appears from the report of the collector that no application was ever made to him for the ascertainment of the damage alleged to have been done to the goods, as required by the Treasury Regulations under the old law.

The decision of the collector is affirmed.



DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE WINE TRADE.

Mr. I. De Turk, of Santa Rosa, announces that he has withdrawn his account from his former representative in New York, and has placed the exclusive sale of his Wines and Brandy in the hands of Delafield, McGovern & Co., who also continue to represent him in Chicago.

The De Turk wines have gained for themselves such a well deserved reputation for uniformly good quality, that the trade welcome the intelligence that they can now depend on having a large spot stock in both New York and Chicago, of mature wine to draw upon at all times.

DELAFIELD, MCGOVERN & CO.,

91 HUDSON STREET, NEW YORK.

33 AND 35 RIVER STREET, CHICAGO.

EASTERN WINES!

THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines:

**CLARET,
SWEET CATAWBA,**

**PORT,
DRY CATAWBA,**

NORTON'S VIRGINIA.

GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK. AGENTS.

NO APOLOGY OFFERED.

THE PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, in the issue of March 18th, devotes almost a page to what the editor calls "Some more corrections" regarding an attack on auction sales of California wines in New York. We look upon it as a regular "take-water article." The editor of the paper really believes now that there are a few judges of wine outside of the State of California, but limits it to a comparatively few east of the Rocky mountains. Enough said, friend REVIEW, we accept your apology, and will add that you will find connoisseurs of wine the country over.

No apology was offered and no water taken, friend Washburne. We hold that there are more native wine experts in this state than in all the other States of the Union put together.

Our challenge in regard to your *wholesale* dealers of Louisville is still open. We assert that there is not one who can tell whether a new wine is worth ten cents, fifty cents or one dollar a gallon, or whether it is worth nothing. Duke Washburne does admirably in evading this issue.

**CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.**
CHICAGO BRANCH 294 WABASH AVE.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Will be opened on the 15th of May at 6 o'clock P. M., with a grand opening banquet given by California residents in Chicago.

**ONLY PURE AND WHOLESOME CALIFORNIA WINES SERVED
IN OUR RESTAURANT. THESE WINES ARE BOTTLED
AT THE VINEYARDS FOR OUR SPECIAL USE.**

Our restaurant is open daily from 7 A. M. until 1 A. M. Breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper served. Table d'hôte from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M. and from 5 until 8 P. M.

ALBERT FRANCKX & OTTO RUHLEMANN, Props.

N. B.—Guests desiring wines to be delivered at their residences will leave orders at the office.

California Wines.

The Invitation to Drink Them Extended to President Harrison by
Charles A. Wetmore.

In the *Pacific*, a special edition welcoming President Harrison, Charles A. Wetmore contributed the following interesting article:

Wines, Brandies and Raisins of California and What National Legislation is Needed to Improve the Industry? This subject at this moment when the national spirit and loyalty of California are aroused to extend fellowship to our fellow-citizen, who by virtue of his exalted office is the citizen of the nation rather than of any State, is *apropos* to the President's declared purpose in visiting our people. One of the subjects which he must come so far to understand is included within the terms of the theme and is covered by our industrial calling of viticulture. Suggestive as it is of columns of statistics and technical discussions, we may in broad outlines with avoidance of detail, introduce ourselves to the quickened mind of the nation, now so concentrated upon American industry and its aspirations.

Twenty million gallons of wine.

Two million twenty-pound boxes of raisins.

These are the contributions of the vine growers of California during the last year to the national wealth. The brandy product derived from distillation is included in the wine statement. The great use of the fresh fruit consumed by Eastern markets in many carload lots and about four hundred carloads of dried grapes shipped in sacks to swell the ingredients of the great American pie are side displays of no mean importance.

One hundred and twenty thousand acres cultivated in wine grapes.

Seventy-five thousand acres cultivated in raisin and table grapes.

Sixty millions of dollars invested in these agricultural pursuits.

Fifty thousand people engaged directly in the rural work.

Twenty-five thousand people engaged in industries dependent upon viticulture.

These facts measure the industrial and political importance to which this infant growth of California's peculiar soil and climate has already attained.

Nowhere except in the dry summer climate of the Pacific slope can the chief citizen of our country see the *vitis vinifera*, the true wine grape varieties of Europe and Asia, growing under the protection of the American flag. Here, however, he is surveying with an observant eye the broadest area of land adapted to the culture of the European vine that can be found under one flag in the world. He may estimate the millions of acres which California presents to the coming generations of viticulturists and contrast our present product and development with future possibility, and say to himself, "Eureka! Here is something for me to do! With my aid perhaps the hard lines of the lives of pioneers in new industries may be made easier; the glory of their achievement may be made world-wide; the children of these people may be made to enjoy the fruits of their father's devotion, industry and intelligence; and why may not millions more find happy homes under the vine and fig tree? And why may not the nation become many times richer and happier?"

Four gold medals.

Eleven silver medals.

Twelve bronze medals.

Seven honorable mentions.

These are the trophies won by this industry of California in the world's battle-field of industry in Paris, 1889, at that great fair which America will aim to surpass in 1892.

It is not pertinent now to ask what shall be the test of etiquette and fashion hereafter in social display of articles of convivial consumption? Shall Americanism prevail among the rulers of American society and fashion, or shall it be a silly affectation of foreign preferences? Shall not the President carry with him to the social hall and the temple of epicurean fashion the per-

petual breezes of our California hillsides? And shall he not set the example to Americans?

I remember that when our people gathered with great hospitable impulse to welcome General Grant upon his return to his native land the vine growers of California with warm affection to their great fellow-citizen, cried out to the conventional banquet committee, "Let it be said that General Grant, after visiting all the courts of the world, after touching glasses with the people of Europe and exchanging courtesies sanctified by the blood of the vine of each country, shall feel his great American heart throbbing when he touches our land again and hear his fellow-citizens cry, 'Here's a bumper of California wine, of American wine, to the health of General Grant.' And when one timid slave of fashion asked, 'Yes, that would be a good thing to do; but would it be in good style? Would it be *etiquette*?' the vine growers replied: 'Etiquette? why, certainly! It would be American *etiquette*.'"

And so it was done. General Grant sat down to the notable banquet in the Palace Hotel, and not a glass from first to last was filled with ought but a Californian—an American—product. Extraordinary to relate, not one of the leaders of fashion who were present experienced an earthquake! On the contrary, it has been fashionable ever since in California to search for select native products for the fashionable tables.

When the next Pan-American banquet is given in Washington might not a lesson be learned from the Grant banquet in San Francisco? Our leaders of American politics appeal to the people to sustain, to foster and to protect American industry. The President talks nobly of carrying our products under the American flag to all countries. Our citizens on this Coast may feel their patriotism deeper than in their intellects—deep down in their hearts—if they see their leading statesman proudly and affectionately honoring the work of their fellow-citizens. Let there be a law, we might dream, indeed, requiring the emblem of the American flag to be stamped on all pure and American products and then let the American people honor their flag wherever it is seen or floats!

A large quantity of wine in the aggregate is produced in States east of the Rocky mountains, especially in New York, Ohio, Missouri, Virginia and North Carolina. It has been estimated that the entire consumption of wine in the United States in 1888 was 36,335,068 gallons. Of this amount 5,000,000 gallons were received as importations from all foreign countries. It therefore appears that less than one-seventh of the wine consumed was of foreign origin. The total consumption of wine in the United States in 1840 was 4,873,096 gallons, practically all of which was imported. It is plain, therefore, that the increased consumption since 1840 has been provided for by native production.

Every reader will bear in mind the vast increase in the numbers of places where wines are sold which has taken place since 1840, and he will also reflect upon the fact that in nearly all such places the pretense of selling only foreign wines is still kept up. He will naturally wonder, if he has not been initiated into the secrets of the wine trade, how it should happen that there should have been such an increase in the places where foreign wines appear to be sold without a corresponding increase in the importations.

In the humid atmosphere east of the Rocky mountains, the *vitis vinifera*, by which terms the cultivated species of European vines are known, cannot be successfully grown in the open air.

Recourse is had, therefore, by necessity, to the various species of wild American vines and their cultivated hybrids. Notwithstanding this restriction of nature the improved nature stocks have become already the basis for quite extensive viticulture in many Eastern Middle, Southern and Central States. The dry, summer climate prevailing on the Pacific Coast secures to the European varieties practical immunity from the mildew, which destroys them on the Atlantic side. The great range of latitude over which the climate suited to the vine in California extends, and the great variations caused by proximity to or distance from the sea, by altitude and by geological changes of soil conditions caused to be reunited in California all the known conditions of successful viticulture of France, Germany, Switzerland, Spain, Italy, Greece, Asia Minor and Algeria. Here, with intelligent care and experience by proper selection of locality for each variety of vine we are already producing fair counterparts of the best general qualities of the vintages peculiar to the Rhine as well as the Mediterranean, of Burgundy as well as Bordeaux, of Xeres as well as Malaga. In some limited instances we have

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.

— PRODUCERS OF —

CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE,

— AND DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Proprietors of

ORLEANS VINEYARD.

530 Washington Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

LARGEST SHERRY PRODUCERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO:

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C. BUNDSCHU,

J. GUNDLACH.

J. GUNDLACH & CO.

Vineyard Proprietors and Shippers of

California Wines and Brandies,

PROPRIETORS RHINE FARM, SONOMA, CAL.

And BACCHUS WINE VAULTS, 438-442 Bryant St., S. F.

San Francisco Office,

S. E. COR. MARKET & SECOND STS.

New York Branch,

52 WARREN STREET



H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR

Gebruder Eckel,	- - -	Deidesheim,	- - -	Rhine, Moselle and Pfalzer Wines
H. Eckel & Co.,	- - -	Champagne	- - -	J. Dupont & Co.,
Riuz, Mata & Co.,	- - -	Sherries	- - -	Cognac
Blankenheym & Nolet (Centaur)	- - -	Gin	- - -	Chr. Motz & Co., Bordeaux, Clarets & Sauternes
				Archangebeaud Freres, Bordeaux - Cordials

ALSO IMPORTERS OF

RAMSAY SCOTCH WHISKY; OTARD DUPUY & CO., BRANDY; OPORTO AND TARRAGONA PORTS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.

ORDERS FOR DIRECT IMPORTATION SOLICITED.

PACIFIC COAST BRANCH 414 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO,

S. GLASER, Manager.

already fairly revealed some of the specially distinguished quality of celebrated vineyards of the old world. Our great stock of wine—valuable for general table use—is already superior in average quality to the best of the French and other countries of Europe. Our best brands of wine and brandies are purer and finer than the best average of the genuine imported brands, and constitute a large part of the best wines now circulating under false labels.

Some of the most delicate vintages, under private brands, are eagerly sought by connoisseurs, and are pronounced "fit for the king's table." If they are good enough for "the king," might not the caterers in Washington, by using a little care in selecting supplies, be able to find something good enough for the President and his Cabinet?

The State of California maintains a permanent exhibit in San Francisco, where all the best brands of our wines and brandies are shown, and where through the medium of a stylish café all may be sampled. Under the auspices of the State Commission assorted samples of any or all of these brands may be procured, and the catalogue of exhibits with names and addresses of producers and prices of cased goods is furnished free to all who apply for a copy. Under these circumstances no hotel-keeper, no restaurateur, no caterer for banquets and private families can plead excusable ignorance or justify wrongful prejudice.

All this information is to-day at the service of our distinguished visitors, and is it presumed that they will prefer to win the good will and gratitude of their fellow-citizens—who produce the wealth of the country, even at the risk of fortunes invested in new enterprises, rather than to court the supercilious smiles of snobs. It will probably occur to the President at the coming banquet to have his glass filled with a California wine, when he responds to California's welcome. Try it, Mr. President. We assure you that you will survive the ordeal! and that you will say you have tasted worse things than California wine. There may be some non-producers sitting at the feast with you who would like to tell you that to drink California wine at a public banquet is bad form, but then you can endure them. Such men have their uses—they serve admirably to furnish material for American caricaturists.

Will not the caterer of the White House set the fashion by dressing his salad with pure California olive oil—with American olive oil? And will he not garnish his dessert with the choicest clusters of California raisins? Of course he will; for the President undoubtedly means what he said at Galveston and elsewhere to the people—that he is full of love for American industry and full of pride for American achievements.

At present we have in California about 120,000 acres cultivated in wine grapes and about 70,000 acres in raisin and table varieties. A large part of the raisin vineyards are yet to come into bearing. It is estimated that the raisin product may be increased to 7,000,000 twenty-pound boxes within the next five years. The entire wine product of the State, large as it seems, is, however, only equal to about one-tenth of the importation of France from Spain. The great need of the industry now is more capital distributed among producers and larger facilities in commerce. The trade has not kept pace in its developments with the producers, and the latter have in many cases undertaken to manage more than their capital can sustain. In consequence thereof there has been a temporary depression. As soon as normal self-sustaining conditions are restored there will be a fresh interest in extending our vineyards. With the growth of the country, with cheapened facilities for transportation, with more local experience as wine handlers among merchants in the great cities of the East, with greater extension of private brands honorably sustained, and with the extension of our flag in the commerce of the seas, viticulture will increase and prosper. Its possibilities are greater than those of France have ever been, for we have here more than 10,000,000 acres of land languishing for the embrace of the vine—land which is of the best for viticultural progress, and we have millions more for all horticultural purposes, with plenty to reserve for cereals and grazing.

Prior to the devastations of the phylloxera in France one-sixth of the population of that great country was supported by viticulture. What then may not this industry do for the United States? Is the subject worth the profound thought of our statesmen at Washington.

First, we need effective protection against commercial frauds, against adulteration, against absorption of all our profits by middlemen and transportation companies, against unjust res-

trictions. The interest of the great body of American consumers is in common with that of our producers. Laws intended for the benefit of producers should not be perverted by departmental rulings and regulations so that the producer loses his rightful profits and rewards, and becomes subordinate to tradesmen and manipulators.

The provisions of the internal revenue law affecting sweet wines, which were intended by a liberal Congress to benefit and make easier the lot of the vine growers, have not yet become practically operative. What is needed now is the most liberal construction of all those features of the law which were intended to relieve the producer from taxation, the simplest forms of regulations, so that the smallest and most humble producer may share in the benefits, as was intended, and so that the building up of monopolies may be avoided, and such precisions of rules as will enable all producers to understand their rights and so act under the law as not to feel the hand of the Government pressing offensively upon the sanctity of private rights.

We need more legislation. The Government should not compel the distiller to sell new brandies in order to avoid confiscation. The tax should fall upon consumption, not upon production. If the goods produced at the sole expense of the producer are never sold and offered for consumption, the Government should claim no interest in them. In other words, the producer should be permitted to withhold his own products from sale as long as he desires to perfect them or as long as the conditions of the market compel him. When he offers them upon the market for consumption it is time enough for the Government to step in and claim its revenue. The bonding period therefore, should be unlimited, as demanded by all producers of fine distilled beverages. The Government has no right to refuse this demand, especially when it is known that the opposition springs from the rivalry of those distillers and rectifiers who compete against straight goods matured by age, with raw alcohols flavored and doctored in imitation of superior qualities.

Again, the laws relating to distilling should not be framed so as to operate principally to the advantage of the middlemen and against the liberty of the producers. A distiller should be permitted under distillers stamps to blend and improve his production by all legitimate methods and to put them in whatever sized packages trade may require.

Permit me to say that the vine growers of California extend a hearty welcome to our distinguished visitors, and that they look forward to vast national benefit to follow this ever-to-be-remembered tour of President Harrison.

CHAS. A. WETMORE.

CALIFORNIA VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

BUSINESS SUCCESS.

you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit
IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat, and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs, with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX and OTTO RUHLEMANN,
Viticultural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

SITUATION WANTED BY A CELLAR-MASTER.

A cellar-master wants a situation as foreman on a ranch; understands Wine-making, Distilling, also Blending and Maturing wine for bottling thoroughly; good hand with all kinds of machinery; references given.

Address,
WINE CELLAR, THIS OFFICE.



KENTUCKY CLUB

HAND MADE

SOUR MASH

DISTILLED BY

DAVISS COUNTY DISTILLING CO.

OWENSBORO, KY.

SHORT

HORN

R. MONARCH

HAND MADE

SOUR MASH

DISTILLED BY

R. MONARCH,

OWENSBORO, KY.

Our Gooperage is our own manufacture.

OUTS AND PROOF GUARANTEED

Goods delivered F.O. B. either Boat or Cars.

Our Gooperage is our own manufacture.

OUTS AND PROOF GUARANTEED

Goods delivered F.O. B. either Boat or Cars.

CHAS. WEINECKE & CO.,



San Francisco, Cal.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

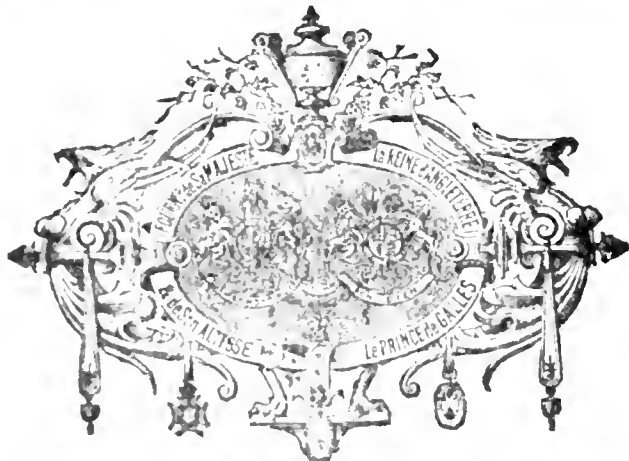
Natural Sparkling Mineral Water.
 Seltzer Water.
 Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water.
 & Schmidt, Philadelphia Whiskies.
 Appert Paris Wine Finings.
 Roberts & Co., London Wine Finings.
 W. Peters, Hamburg Cherry Cordial.
 Mineral Water Co., Liverpool Ginger Ale.
 Bitter Extract.
 Batavia Arrack.
 Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.



Boord's Old Tom Gin



PERRIER-JOUËT & CO.



CHAMPAGNE

"Special," "Reserve Dry," "Brut."

W. B. CHAPMAN,



123 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

For Sale by all First-Class
 Specialty also of High

Wine Merchants and Grocers.
 Sauternes and Old Cognacs.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The Mechanic's Fair directors may just as well give up any idea of having California wines and brandies exhibited at the annual show in this city. Year by year the producers and merchants who made a display, have been subjected to all sorts of petty pilfering on the part of visitors to the fair. The value of the fair for exhibition and advertising purposes is practically nothing, a fact which is recognized by the leading wine men, and the exhibits have dwindled away correspondingly.

It is not at all probable, judging by the latest report made on the exhibits, that any California wine man will consent to place his products on exhibition. Here is a portion of the report on Class 42:

CLASS 42.

The Jurors appointed to examine and recommend awards in Classes 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46, have complied with your request, as well as the limited time would allow, and submit the following:

H. W. CRABB.—Display of California Wines and Brandies from the To-Kalon Vineyard, Napa County.

For the finest display of California Wines and Brandies a Gold Medal was offered in the Premium list. We regret that but one vineyard displayed sufficient enterprise to make an exhibit, and it is with us a source of still greater regret that the numerous brands of wine and the exhibit of brandies was of a quality so much below the average standard of California excellence that we deem it our duty to pass the exhibit with the foregoing remarks.

In accordance with the Premium List, the Board of Managers awarded Mr. Crabb, for the best display of wines and brandies, Gold Medal.

HENRY POSTEL & Co.—Orange Cider.

We deem this worthy of a

Diploma.

COBURN, TEVIS & Co.—Mott's Cider (Westchester County, New York) is of an indifferent nature and does not require any commendatory comment.

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE COMPANY.—American Champagne manufactured in California from pure old Grape Wine, the carbonic acid being produced by fermentation through the "Reihlen Process." For Exhibition only.

A. FINKE'S WINDOW.—California Champagne.

Too late for competition.

Now this report would be all very well if the gentlemen who took it upon themselves were competent to criticize Mr. Crabb's wines in this ugly manner.

Appended to the report are the names of W. D. Johnson, M. D., Wm. M. Scarby and Robley D. Johnson, M. D. The only W. D. Johnson, M. D. in San Francisco, of whom we have any knowledge, is one who was connected with the State Mining Bureau and was a more or less interested person in the Heydenfeldt lunacy case. We do not know whether the two are identical. If they are, we have about as much respect for his opinion on wines as we would have for a Patagonian's. W. M. Scarby is a retail druggist. We never before knew him to be a wine expert. Of Robley D. Johnson, M. D., we know nothing.

The "Report" of these alleged experts is made all the more ludicrous when it is stated that they also reported on the following classes:

Class 43—"Fermented Products." They awarded prizes and diplomas for beer, bitters and several appetizers.

Class 44—"Tobacco."

Class 45—"Geology, Mineralogy, Zoology, Botany, etc." Here they awarded prizes for coal, building stone, marble, fossils, curios, woods, coins, abalone shells, Big Tree bark and buttons.

Class 46—"Farm Products." And here they awarded medals, etc. for grapes, honey, milk, seeds, figs, prunes, hops, cotton fibre and seed, jellies and jams, beet sugar and ramie, supplementing the ramie awards by testimonials, etc.

A most talented and versatile committee, forsooth, but one whose tender attentions are not wanted by the wine men.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chase, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

SEGREGATING FERMENTS.

What George Payne Proposes to Do For California—A Theory Which May Have Some Merit.

George Payne an English chemist is expected to arrive in this State very shortly to introduce the supposed separate ferments for separate wines. He is coming directly from England and it is said will also go to Australia.

Local experts here have not much faith in his idea, but for the sake of publishing the news about the matter we give the substance of a letter he has already sent out here, as follows:

The vitalistic theory of fermentation, thanks mainly to the labors of Pasteur, is now firmly established. By the vitalistic theory of fermentation, it is understood that fermentation is the result of processes of life and vegetation in lower organisms, as fungi and bacteria.

The practical advantage of ferments is found in the conduct of the modern brewer, who, instead of leaving his ferments to chance or uncertainty makes a careful cultivation of his leoure or yeast, thus gaining complete control over his fermentation.

Following out certain views on fermentation, a French microbiological chemist and a Burgundy wine grower, thought that the special bouquets of Bordeaux, Burgundy and other wines were caused by special ferments. Seven years of patient study have proved the soundness of this view, and to-day the special ferments of a long list of wines, e. g. Bordeaux, Margaux, St. Emilion, Grand Champagne Cognac, Chablis, Sauterne, Riesling, Pommard, Beaujolais and many others have been segregated.

In 1889 the experiments were concluded and special samples of ferments were given to about three hundred wine growers in Algeria and France, for trial, with the result that for the vintage of 1890, leoures equal to 350,000 gallons of wine were purchased by the wine growers, while for the vintage of 1891, leoures for 11,000,000 gallons were demanded. This lifts the matter out of the domain of experiment in the region of fact.

It is not pretended that any change can be made on wines already made or fermented; nor is it contended that with grape juice giving a bad wine, excellent Bordeaux and Burgundy can be made, but the quality can be much improved and the value increased by the use of the appropriate ferment at a very slight cost.

The ferment must be added to the grapes when they are crushed. The fermentation will be found to be more rapid, complete and even and all the sugar is fermented out, thus avoiding secondary fermentations and the production of a mawkish and unpleasant taste. The ameliorating or improving effect will be recognized as soon as fermentation is complete, especially when one cuvee is left to ferment in the ordinary manner."

ILLUSTRATIONS OF WINERIES.

Major H. Gardner, the Viticultural Agent in the Census Office has notified the Viticultural Commissioners that the final reports on horticulture and viticulture will be published in the final census reports on agriculture. It will appear in divisions and districts, the same as in the bulletin already published.

It is desired that each division and section be illustrated with views of wineries, vineyards and pictures of grapes. Cuts are also wanted to illustrate the progress in the raisin industry.

The wine producers of the country east of the Rockies, are intending to take advantage of this, to show up their business, and a liberal invitation is extended the California producers to do the same.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street

New York.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnership

Vogelbein & Freese, saloon, New York, dissolved.
 Heese & Wagner, saloon, Portland, Or., dissolved.
 Greenwald & Quinn, saloon, Sacramento, Cal., dissolved.
 H. W. Transler, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved.
 H. Baldwin, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., partner admitted.
 Hanley & Keller, saloon, Breckenridge, Colo., dissolved.
 Klotz & Switzer, saloon, Santa Cruz, dissolved.
 Tietman & Lang, saloon, Spokane Falls, Washington, succeeded by Lang and Spier.
 John D. Ringle, wholesale liquors, Spokane, Wash., succeeded by Ringle & Zetosh.
 Geo. Stevens' estate, wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Cal., succeeded by Stevens & Co.
 Steinbach & Moller, liquors, San Francisco, dissolved, Moller continues.
 Peterson & Nilson, saloon, Helena, Mont., dissolved, Peterson continues.
 Costello & Williams, saloon, Victor, Mont., dissolved, Costello continues.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

G. W. Owen, saloon, Selma, Cal., attached, \$75.
 H. L. Leavitt, saloon, San Francisco, attached, \$881.
 Brown & Dunlap, saloon, Bakersfield, Cal., assigned.
 Owen Prunty, saloon, San Francisco, attached, \$75.
 John Nestill, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.
 H. J. Bederman, saloon, Los Angeles, attached, \$81.
 H. White, saloon, Los Angeles, attached, \$276.
 James Murphy, saloon, Redondo, Cal., attached.
 W. N. Doscher, saloon, Portland, Or., attached, \$250.
 John Looney, saloon, San Francisco, attached, \$331.
 W. F. Weir, saloon, Denver, Colo., attached.
 H. Nichols & Co., saloon, Salida, Colo., attached.

Sold Out.

Eubanks & Tallaferra, saloon, sold to Geo. Curry.

W. L. Gault, saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 Parker & M., saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 A. W. M., saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 C. H. W., saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 W. M., saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 H. N., saloon, San Francisco, dissolved.
 S. K., saloon, Jackson, Cal., dissolved.
 G. P., saloon, Visalia, Cal., dissolved.

Out of Business.

James Bros., saloon, Hadley, N. M.
 Jas. McLaughlin, saloon, Los Vegas, N. M.
 R. D. Thomas, saloon, Baton, N. M.
 W. R. Cummings, saloon, Roswell, N. M.
 J. Dingwall, saloon, Rathdrum, Idaho.
 D. W. Nichols, saloon, Era, Idaho.
 J. Quimby, saloon, Cascade, Mont.
 S. Aaron, saloon, Tombstone, A. T.
 A. Martin, saloon, Silver City, Idaho.
 W. Trahy, saloon, South Vallejo, Cal.

Deceased.

Geo. Matland, saloon, Ivanhoe, Colo.
 S. B. McCort, saloon, Montpelier, Idaho.
 Wm. Kuhlman, saloon, San Francisco.
 John Burns, saloon, Denver, Colo.
 Chas. Gilgard, saloon, The Dalles, Or.
 W. H. Tower, saloon, Austin, Nev.

Deeds and Transfers.

Hall & Tazwell, saloon, Portland, Or., Tazwell gives deed \$275.
 McPherson & Guiser, wholesale liquors, Marshfield, Or., conveyed realty.
 W. J. Van Schuyver & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., Van Schuyver gives deed \$1,400.
 A. P. Eyraud, saloon, Bakersfield, Cal., \$200.
 Murtha & Dugan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., Dugan receives deed \$10.
 J. P. Monaghan, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., receives deed \$300.
 August Schwedt, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., receives deed \$10.
 Fleckenstein & Meyer, wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., receives deed \$2,000.
 G. Geminger, saloon, San Diego, Cal., gives deed \$1,700.
 C. Seamon, saloon, San Francisco, Cal., receives deed \$10.
 J. B. Sullivan, saloon, Echo, Or., conveyed realty \$50.
 Jos. Vaquez, saloon, Stockton, Cal., receives deeds \$6,725 and \$10.

Bills of Sale.
 P. C. A. M., saloon, Fairhaven, Wash., \$600.
 E. C. A. O., saloon, Albina, Or., \$800.
 R. C. L., saloon, San Francisco, \$1,000.
 J. H. H., saloon, Leadville, \$1,100.
 R. W., saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,000.
 J. Fagerberg, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.

Realty Mortgages.

Jean Labat, saloon, San Francisco, \$1,000.
 Chas. Langerl, liquors, Tacoma, realty mortgages, \$16,000.
 W. M. Williams, saloon, Elgin, Or., gross mortgage, \$600.
 August Schwedt, saloon, San Francisco, San Francisco, \$500.
 P. H. Meyer & Co., liquors, San Francisco, \$1,600.
 Alge & Shappee, saloon, Seattle, \$796.
 Alex. Duffy, saloon, San Francisco, \$3,200.
 M. Cisey, saloon, San Francisco, \$500.
 Dan'l Ward, liquors, San Francisco, \$2,000.
 Jas. Healing, saloon, San Francisco, \$3,000.
 D. J. Buckley & Co., saloon, Albina, Or., mortgage released, \$500.
 Peter Haubrick, saloon, Windsor, Cal., \$400.
 A. P. Rotaling & Co., wholesale liquors, Portland, Or., E. S. Rothschild gives mortgage, \$2,500.
 H. S. Baer & Co., wholesale liquors, Los Angeles, Cal., \$5,000.

Chattel Mortgages.

J. G. Russell, saloon, Ogden, Utah, \$2,100.
 E. Jessop, saloon, Ogden, Utah, \$1,240.
 Lynch & Noble, saloon, Spokane Falls, Wash., \$175.
 J. P. Walker, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1300.
 J. McHale, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$800.
 Perry & Russell, saloon, Pueblo, Colo., \$170.
 P. Nolin, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 J. Logan, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$675.
 J. Quinn, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$750.
 W. M. Reinbrad, saloon, Sterling, Colo.
 Klett Oscar & Co., saloon, East Portland, Or., \$331.
 C. R. Chapman, saloon, Portland, Or., \$300.
 C. F. Bays, saloon, Portland, Or., \$75.
 C. Scaife & Co., saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$400.
 L. T. Sablin, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$800.
 Chas. L'Erich, saloon, Portland, Or., \$123.
 E. Hare, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 Kelly & Madigan, saloon, Seattle, Wash., gives mortgage \$2,250.
 B. F. Pikerl, saloon, Spokane Falls,

Wash., mortgage released.
 J. Winters, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., \$250.
 Meade & Co., saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$171.
 N. Roman, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$400.
 W. N. Doscher, saloon, Portland, Or., \$1,160.
 H. C. Conway, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$200.
 A. O. Johnson, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$500.
 Watkins & Consadine, saloon, Seattle, Washington, \$1,000.
 J. Fox, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,000.
 H. N. Dibble, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 W. E. Chester, saloon, Seattle, Wash., \$208.
 Aug. Cruger, saloon, Spokane, Wash., \$304.
 J. Janner, saloon, Denver, Colo., \$1,200.
 Bethel & Warren, saloon, Portland, Or., \$861.
 H. Deutchman, saloon, Portland, Or., \$300.

Mortgages Discharged.

Chas. Langerl, wholesale liquors, Tacoma, realty mortgage released, \$12,000.
 Thomas Taylor & Co., wholesale liquor, San Francisco, C. Celarins, discharged mortgage, \$4,800.
 Hildebrandt, Posner & Co., wholesale liquors, San Francisco, Hildebrandt partially releases mortgage.
 F. S. Margairite, saloon, Decoto, Cal., \$400.
 T. J. May & Co., wine broker, Fresno, Cal., mortgage discharged, \$650.
 D. F. Keife, saloon, San Francisco, \$2,500.
 Alex. Duffy, saloon, San Francisco, mortgage discharged, \$1,000.

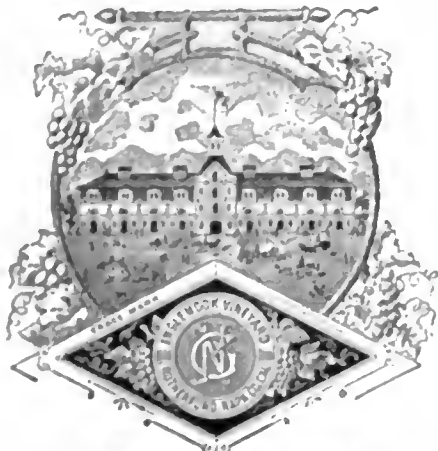
Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

W. E. Stevens & Co., saloon, Port Townsend, Mortgage foreclosure, \$6,000.
 Peter Harde, saloon, Tacoma, Wash., judgment against him, \$400.
 Henry Schmidt, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued, \$397.
 J. C. McReynolds, saloon, Lompoc, Cal., judgment \$142.
 Geo. Meister, saloon, Seattle, Wash., sued, \$1,000.
 August Erickson, saloon, Portland, Or., sued \$71.
 Lynch & Noble, saloon, Spokane, Wash., sued to foreclose chattel mortgage \$375.
 N. J. Pico, saloon, San Fernando, Cal., foreclosure suit \$500.

SPRING STYLES.

BUTTERICK'S Celebrated Patterns For Ladies, Misses and Children's Garments. Catalogue Mailed Free. Address,

H. A. DEMING, 124 Post St. - SAN FRANCISCO.



122 SANSOME STREET, San Francisco, Cal.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.

F. A. HABER,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE

Table Wines and Fine Brandies

GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated

INGLENOK VINEYARD.

OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO. CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only-the Choicest Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 30, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade: Our respects of March 31st gave the condition of the bonded stocks of Kentucky whiskies on February 28th, together with the production of the current season as compared with that of '89-'90 for the same period. We now present tables exhibiting the status in the same shape, but as of date March 31, 1891:

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Feb. 28, '91.....	1,715,807	15,714,814	30,747,405	48,178,026 gals.
Unbonded in Mar., 2nd Dist.	3,521	51,108	44,178	98,807 "
5th "	206,729	232,135	149,914	588,778 "
6th "	25,242	54,928	102,239	182,409 "
7th "	73,714	52,506	43,449	169,669 "
8th "	54,665	42,412	17,614	114,691 "
Total.....	363,871	435,089	357,394	1,154,354 gals.
Leaving in bond Mar. 31, '91.....	1,351,936	15,281,725	30,390,011	47,023,672 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

Total production '91 crop through Feb. 28th ult. 17,833,066 gals. to which we add the production for March:

2nd District.....	522,696 gals.
5th "	2,319,448 "
6th "	667,424 "
7th "	736,095 "
8th "	927,748 " 5,173,411 "

total production for season to Mar. 31, inclusive 23,006,477 gals. For the same period of the '90 crop the production was

In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 "
In December, '89.....	3,937,850 "
In January, '90.....	4,488,555 "
In February '90.....	4,229,707 "
In March, '90.....	4,796,897 " 22,043,738 "

or an increase in '91 crop for first nine months..... 962,739 "

BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on Feb. 28th '91.....16,393,884 gals. to which we add the production for March, above shown.....5,173,411 "

21,567,295 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for March, viz:

2nd District.....	39,243 gals.
5th "	94,031 "
6th "	52,078 "
7th "	6,111 "
8th "	2,266 " 193,729 gals.

leaving in bond of that crop on March 31, '91.....21,373,566 gals.

The '91 product to March 31st, ultimo, shows nearly 1,000,000 gallons more than the '90 crop did at the like date, the total production of the current season then being 23,006,477 gallons as against 22,043,738, gallons '90s., and the indications are that the April production will add yet more to the increased volume of the '91 crop as compared with previous ones.

We think, in connection with the increasing overproduction, it might prove interesting to examine the withdrawals for the past three years, taking, for instance, those of the month of March '89, March '90, and March '91:

There was unbonded in March '89, from the regular bonded stocks of the three seasons of '86, '87, and '88.....1,687,181 galls.
There was unbonded in March '90, from the regular bonded stocks of the three seasons of '87, '88 and '89.....1,293,109 "
There was unbonded in March '91, from the regular bonded stocks of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90.....1,154,354 "

This comparison of the official figures shows a falling off in the withdrawals of March '90, from those of March '89, of say 300,000 gallons, and in those of March '91, from March '90, of 150,000 gallons more.

It is unnecessary to make any comment in regard to this exhibition, as the figures speak for themselves, and quite forcibly, too.

We will take this occasion, however, to refer to the reception accorded our circulars in some quarters in '89 and '90, when we used every argument to persuade the dealer to refrain from the purchase of new whisky. We hope to curtail the threatened overproduction, which we believe (and we say it with due modesty) we did do to a great extent, in both of these seasons. Several of the trade papers, and some of the dealers, took the position that we were "not up with the times;" that we had lost sight of the fact that consumption was increasing along with the increased production, and that there was no overproduction. We think these same people will, after a present review of the situation, acknowledge the error of their judgement and admit that we at least were correct in our positions.

Your obedient servants,

E. H. TAYLOR JR. & SONS,
Frankfort, Ky.

Buchanan's Circular.

I recapitulate the following statistics from circulars 20th October, 1890, 16th February, and 24th March, 1891:

STOCK OF EXPORTED WHISKIES REMAINING ABROAD.

	October 1, 1890.	January 1, 1891.	March 1, 1891.
Crop of '80.....	25,248 bbls.	Crop of '80.....896 bbls	Crop of '80.....876 bbls.
" '81.....	" '81.....12,066 "	" '81.....12,066 "	" '81.....10,168 "
" '82.....	" '82.....9,265 "	" '82.....9,265 "	" '82.....8,940 "
" '83.....	" '83.....22,228 bbls.	" '83.....22,228 bbls.	" '83.....19,984 bbls.
" '84.....	" '84.....8,355 "	" '84.....8,011 bbls.	" '84.....7,935 "
" '85.....	" '85.....	" '85.....	" '85.....
" '86.....	" '86.....19,133 "	" '86.....19,133 "	" '86.....17,051 "
'87, and younger than '87.....	" '87.....26,931 "	" '87.....3,188 "	" '87.....2,913 "
	60,534 bbls.	52,560	47,883 bbls.

The re-importations for the months of March and April, 1891, have been as follows:

Of crop of 1880.....	218 barrels
" 1881.....	1,572 "
" 1882.....	912 "
" 1883, 1884, and 1885.....	2,702 barrels
" 1886.....	350 "
" 1887, and younger than 1887....	3,436 "
	286 "
	6,774 barrels

Reducing the stock of exported whisky remaining abroad May 1, 1891:


Of the crop of 1880 to.....	658 barrels
" " 1881 to.....	8,596 "
" " 1882 to.....	8,028 "
" " 1883, 1884, and 1885.....	17,282 barrels
" " 1886.....	7,585 "
" " 1887, and younger than '87.....	13,615 "
	2,627 "
	41,109 barrels

These figures indicate a complete exhaustion of stocks of aged whiskies in the not far distant future.

The foregoing statistics are respectfully submitted with the hope they may prove of value and interest to the trade, to whom I offer my services as a broker. All Orders entrusted to me to buy or sell whisky will receive careful attention.

GEORGE C. BUCHANAN.

Whisky Broker, 138 West Main Street.
Louisville, Ky., May 4, 1891.

THE HIGHEST AWARD

 PARIS EXPOSITION
 1889.
 GOLD MEDAL
 OFFICE & DEPOT
 615-617
 FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
 VINEYARD,
 1885.
 LIVERMORE VALLEY,
 CALIFORNIA.
A.G. CHAUCHE
 PROPRIETOR.
 SAN FRANCISCO.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.
 Office and Salesrooms
 618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,
California Wines and Brandies
 WHOLESALE DEALERS,
 GROWERS, DISTILLERS.
 Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

CARROLL & CARROLL,
Wholesale Liquor Merchants.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
 OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
 RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE
 W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.
 Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.
 300 MARKET STREET - - SAN FRANCISCO.

ESTABLISHED 1857.
F. O. BOYD & CO.,
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.
CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,
 Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.
 Advances Made on Consignments.
 References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
 MR. ROBERT HARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HADASZTHY, San Francisco, Cal.
 MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHUEPDT, Chicago, Ill.

CHAR. W. FORD, JOHN SPRUANCE,
Spruance, Stanley & Co.
 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.
 The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
 Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
 Livermore Valley.
 DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
 A SPECIALTY.
 SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.
 CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER
JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.

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Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,
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 Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES

 VINEYARDS & CELLARS: Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.
 VAULTS: 123-127 Eddy St. Under Hackmeyer's Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

TO-KALON.
 (Registered Trade Mark.)
 Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries Situated at
 OAKVILLE, NAPA CO., CAL.
M. W. CRABB, - - PROPRIETOR
 "TO-KALON" has received more Medals, Diplomas and Premiums
 than any other brand of Wines and Brandies in America.
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 PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies
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C. JOST, SR. C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
 — Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
 Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
 DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.


LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
 The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.
WHITE LABEL, BROWN LABEL
 "CARTE BLANCHE." "GRAND VIN SEC."
 A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine.
 See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
 Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO. 530 Washington street, San Francisco.		
PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO., Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.		
Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK, 212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.		
Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00	
Port, 1886.....	4.00	
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00	
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00	
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50	
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00	
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50	
Hock, 1885.....	5.50	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

GEORGE WEST & SON, Stockton, Cal.		
Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00	
Frontignan.....	9.00	
Sherry.....	9.00	
Port (old).....	12.00	
Port.....	6.00	

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO., Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.		
Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscadel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO., 478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.		
Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO., 504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.		
Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00	
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00	
Hock, 1885.....	3.50	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00	
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50	
Szatmari.....	3.50	
Szegsardi Feher Hunn Type.....	4.00	
" 1885.....	5.00	
Port, 1884.....	6.00	
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00	
" 1884.....	6.00	
Angelica and Sweet Mount'n, 84.....	4.50	
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00	
" 1885.....	10.00	

BECK, PYHRK & CO., 108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.		
Santa Rosa Zinfandel, '86.....	\$3.00	
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50	
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00	
St. Helena Hock, '86.....	3.50	
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50	
Traminer, '82.....	5.50	
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00	
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00	
California Cognacs.....		
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00	
**Red ".....	10.00	
***Green ".....	12.00	

INGLENOK WINES. F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.		
Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50	
Zinfandel.....	4.50	
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50	
Burgundy type.....	5.50	
Sauterne dry, Sauvign'n Vert '85.....	5.50	
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50	
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00	
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00	
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	6.50	
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.		
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.		

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION. Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.		
EL QUITO VINEYARD.		
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	5.00	4.00
FRESNO VINEYARD CO.		
Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.		
Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO. 511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco		
La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY. 11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.		
Hock.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD, JAS. L. DAVIS & Co., Sole Agents, 308 California St., San Francisco.		
Riesling Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beclan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebblola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscadel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
".....	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry ".....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
".....	12.00	13.00

KUHL'S, SCHWARKE & CO., 123 Sutter street, San Francisco		
Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES. A. G. Chauchet Livermore, Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.		
	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING, 601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.		
Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscadel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO., 109-102 First street, San Francisco. Branch, 665 Market Street.		
Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00	
Burgundy, ".....	3.00	
Riesling, ".....	3.25	
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00	
Sauterne, ".....	4.00	
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00	
Port, 1885.....	4.00	
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00	
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00	
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00	
Muscadel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50	
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00	
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00	
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50	
Pineapple wines.....	4.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00	
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00	

S. LACHMAN & CO., 453 Brannan street, San Francisco.		
Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

A. FINKE'S WIDOW, 509 Montgomery street, San Francisco.		
Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD. H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY. Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California st, S. F.		
To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (LTD) 839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.		
Reithlen.....	15.00	17.00

A. WERNER & Co. 52 Warren street, New York.		
Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO. 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.		
DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums.....	31.00	
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.		
Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Branche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco		
Pommery Sec.....	QUARTS.	PINTS
	\$34.00	\$36.00

MACONDRAY & CO., First and Market streets, San Francisco.		
Louis Roederer Grand Vin Sec.....	34.00	36.00
" Brut.....	34.00	36.00
" Carte Blanche.....	34.00	36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN, 123 California street, San Francisco.		
Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

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NEB Desbordes & Fils, Dry		
Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO., 323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y. Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.		
HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY, De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.		
Briton Sec.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00	32.00

Imported Wines.		
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(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)		

Quarts.		
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50	
Paulliac.....	8.50	
St. Julien.....	9.00	
St. Estephe.....	9.00	
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00	
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50	
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50	
Pointet Canet, 1881.....	13.50	
Chat. Beychevelle, 1881.....	15.00	
Ducru Beaucailou, 1881.....	16.00	
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00	
Brown Cautenac, 1876.....	22.00	
Chateau Langou, 1874.....	22.50	
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50	
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50	
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00	
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50	
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00	

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)		
Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50	
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50	
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50	
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50	
Cos d'Estoumel, 1878.....	22.00	

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Wines and Liquors.

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THE HOUSE OF CHAMPAGNE

Yellow Label, Dry. White Label, Rich.



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[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

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DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
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Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
656-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

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NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
30 South William Street, New York
— Sole Manufacturers of the
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
N. B.—Imitations bearing similar names are useless
as substitutes.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, ANGELICA, CLARET, SAUTERNE,
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PORT, TOKAY, RIESLING, GUTEDL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.
Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLMAN & CO., J. DE BARTH SHORB,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault, President San Gabriel Wine Co.
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK. SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

JOS. MELCZER & CO.
Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.

(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)

Hoek wines from.....	\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood,	
per gallon.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50
Port and Sherries in cases,	
per case.....	\$8.00 to \$15.00
(Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood	
from.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50

H. BRUNHILD & Co.,

323 Pearl St., New York.
Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.

RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.

Chr. Motz & Co.,

ROCKWITZ & KRIEGER, Saccorsors, Bordeaux
Cases.

Medoc.....	\$6.00
St. Julien.....	6.75
Margaux.....	7.00
Pontet Canet.....	8.00
Ch. Latour.....	13.50
Ch. Lafite.....	14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.

St. Julian.....	Per Cask.
Montferrand.....	\$73.00
St. Estephe.....	85.00
Pontet Canet.....	115.00
	145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.

Gebroder, Eckel, Deidesheim.

1883 Laubenheimer.....	\$7.30
1884 Niersteiner.....	7.55
1884 Forster.....	7.85
1883 Deidesheimer Kappellen-	
berg.....	10.00
1883 Rudesheimer.....	10.50
1881 Liebfraunlich.....	10.00
1881 Assmannshausen (Red).....	12.00
1883 Deidesheimer Kieselberg	17.90
Zeltinger.....	9.00
Scharzhofberger.....	15.00
Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.	

SHERRY WINES.

RIUZ MATA & Co., Jerez de la Frontera.

In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.	
Bunch Grape, Good.....	\$1.25
Three Diamonds, Good, full	
bodied.....	1.40
Four Diamonds, rich.....	1.75
Mauzanilla, dry and rich.....	2.25
Palido, dry and aromatic.....	2.50
Amontillado, pale and fine.....	3.50

FULL.

Oloroso.....	2.85
Oloroso.....	3.60
Imperial.....	4.60
Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,	
Cadiz executed on favorable terms.	

PORT WINES.

R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.
1/2 and 1/4 Casks.

Pure Port.....	Per Gal.
Pure diamond brand Port..	\$1.20
Three Bunches Grape.....	1.40
Teneriffe.....	1.70
	2.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00

C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits

Burgundies, white and	
red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Feneherd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port wines	
per case.....	15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Feneherd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port Wines,	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries	
in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 5.50
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown	
Brand in 1/2.....	1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....	2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	5.00 to 6.00
Boord & Son, London Dock	
Sherry, per case.....	12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz	
Rhine Wines per case.....	8.50 to 28.00
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt	
o M Rhine Wines per	
case.....	11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,
210 Front street, San Francisco.

Our Favorite O K.....	Per Gallon.
Our Choice.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Paul Jones.....	2.50 " 3.00
Star of '76.....	2.25 " 2.50
Old Crown.....	2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.75 " 2.00
	1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,
410 Front street, San Francisco.

Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite.....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, cs.	11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,

404 Front street, San Francisco.

Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	Per Gallon.
A A.....	\$6.00 to \$8.00
B.....	4.00
C.....	3.50
No. 1.....	3.00
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	2.50
A A in cases.....	3.50 to 5.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	11.00
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.50
A A in pint flint flasks 2	
dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.

323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.

Phenix Old Bourbon, A1.....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old.....	4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club.....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.50

LIQUORS—In cases.

Phenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	Per Case.
" " A1.....	\$10.50
" " A1, 24 pts	7.50
" " A1, 48 1/2 pt	8.00
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	9.00
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s..	7.50
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	8.00
	7.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN.

322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Ilvain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.

123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " per case.....	7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco	
Blue Grass, spring '83.....	\$2.75

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.

504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon,	
(per bbl) per gallon....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co.,	
Philadelphia, Bourbon	
and Rye whiskies.....	\$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD.

422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon	\$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,	
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Props. Co.,	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Cognac in Octaves	
per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Props. Co.	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Reserve Vintages.....	10.50 to 14.00
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch	
Whisky, in 1/2 casks....	4.75
Boord's Pineapple brand	
Jamaica Rums in 1/2	
casks.....	5.25 6.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.	
Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.	
(J. DUPONT & CO.)	

Cognac 1/2 and 1/4 casks, 1887.	Per gal
" " " 1883.	\$5.25
" " " 1880.	5.90
" " " 1878.	6.50
" " " 1875.	7.10
" " " 1870.	7.80
" " " 1870.	8.40
" " " 1878.	9.10
" " " 1865.	10.30
" " " 1860.	11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " " " "	19.00
" " " " " "	22.00
" " " " " "	34.00
" " " " " "	52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS & CO.,

308 California Street, San Francisco.

W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac. 26.00 28.00

W. B. CHAPMAN.

123 California street, San Francisco.

(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)

Quarts.	
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re-	
serve, 1858.....	40.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Boord & Son, London Finest	
Irish Malt Whisky....	\$12.50
Royal Highd Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt	
Scotch Whisky.....	13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Connough, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " " " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	15.00
" " " " " "	6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique	
per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Chizani pr. case	7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Market street, San Francisco.

(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)

Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " " 12.00 to 14.00	
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in	
cases of 15 large black	
bottles per case.....	23.50
in cases of 15 large	
white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholl Freres	
Bavarian Highland, per	
case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.	
Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,

323 Pearl street, New York.

Branch, 414 Front street, San Francisco.	
BLANKENHEIM & NOLET, ROTTERDAM.	
GIN—"CENTAUR" BRAND.	
In Casks, per gallon.....	\$ 3.50
Red Cases (15 bottles).....	16.25
Green Cases (12 bottles).....	10.50

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co.

DISTILLERS OF

FRUIT BRANDIES.

Bottlers and Dealers in

NATIVE WINES.

168-70-72 East Pearl St.
Cincinnati O.

CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY,

Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY

Office Furniture, Etc.

Starr King Building, 117 to 121 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

TRUMBULL & BEEBE,

GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Seeds, Trees and Plants

419 and 421 Sansome St, Bet. Commercial and Clay Sts,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

C. CARPY & CO.,*Proprietors*

Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery.

CALIFORNIA

OFFICE AND SALES ROOM

515-517 Sacramento St., - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,

18 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

**RONALD G. McMILLAN,**

— Manufacturer and Dealer In—

*Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts***Pure Sugar Coloring**

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,

TELEPHONE 87.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

San Francisco.

A. MALPAA, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

ANGELICA,	MUSCAT,	HOCK,
ROYAL NECTAR,	SAUTERNE,	OLD PORT,
ZINFANDEL,	GUTEDEL.	
SHERRY,	RIESLING,	

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

C. HOLTUM & CO.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HNC, 665 MARKET ST.

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIESVineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.41-45 Broadway,
New York.**Lachman & Jacobi,**

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,California Champagnes,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky

**CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,**

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

PROPRIETORS OF

Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

St. Helena Wine Co.,

22-28 Taylor St., San Francisco, Cal.

California Wines & Brandies.

Vineyards, Cellars and Distilleries at

ST. HELENA, NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

☞ These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....			60	60	47½					232½			Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			50	42½	35	37½						250		
Ashland.....			50		37½			215						
Astor.....										225				
Atherton.....			52½		37½			212½					Fall 81 265	Lou CH
Ballard & Lancaster.....					37½									
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....			60		50		40						Spr 81 285	Lou
Belle of Anderson.....		65	60	47½	45				225					
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy)	90	60	60	40	37½							245		
Belle of Louisville.....			50											
Belle of Marion.....	77½				40			215					Spr 81 300	
Belle of Nelson.....		75	72½		60					260				
Belmont.....			70										Fall 81 290	
Berkele, Wm.....			50											
Berry, E. C.....			46											
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.)			55		42½		32½						Spr 81 275	
Blakemore.....														
Blue Grass.....		60	52½	42½	38½					220				
Bond & Lillard.....	92½	80	82½	67½	60			240		255		267½		
Bond, M. S.....		50	43½	31½	30									
Boone's Knoll.....			72½	62½	57½									
Bowen, H. C.....			43½										Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....			50		37½		32½							
Brownfield, W. W.....								200						
Buchanan.....			62½		52½								Spr 81 285	Lou CH
Callaghan.....						45								
Carlisle.....			55		52½					222½			Fall 80 325	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....	72½		60											
Chickencock.....	65		50	42½	38½								Fall 82 260	
Clay, Samuel.....	62½	47½	42½										Spr 81 285	
Cliff Falls.....														
Clifton.....													Spr 81 300	
Commonwealth.....	62½		55		40									
Cook, C. B.....			42½		30								Fall 80 270	
Coon Hollow.....			67½		52½	45								
Craig, F. G.....			47½		35					220				
Cornflower.....														
Cream of Anderson.....	75		65		47½									
Criterion.....				37½	32½									
Crystal Spring.....	80		47½											
Cumberland.....			65	55	50								Spr 80 300	
Cummins, R. & Co.....			55		37½									
Dant, J. W.....			65							250				
Darling.....			55	40	34									
Daviess County Club.....	75				37½									
Dedman, C. M.....	80				42½			215		230				
Double Spring.....					37½									
Dundee.....			52½		40									
Durham.....	70		60		47½									
Early Times.....	85	70			52½			220						
Edge Cliff.....	85		75		60		50							
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....			55		42½			215					Spr 80 275	
Elk Run.....			37½	31½	30									
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....			43½		35							237½		
Fall City.....			35											
Fern Cliff.....					35	30								
Fible & Crabb.....	80													
Field, J. W. M.....		62½	60	40	40			215		140	E G			
Franklin.....					40									
Frazier, W. J.....														
Freeland.....														
Garland.....														
Gladstone.....				32½	32½	28½								
Glenarme.....			47½	35	33½									

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BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			52½											
Glen Springs.....													Spr 81 290	
Greenbrier.....			65		40								Spr 81 290	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....	72½		65		50			210						
Hackly, S. O.....		65	60		42½									
Hanning, Jno.....		55	50		37½									
Harris, N.....			47½					215		235				
Hawkins.....			62½											
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	72½	60	50											
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....			50		36½									
Hermitage.....		90	85		65½			255		275			Spr 81 370	
Hill & Hill.....	75		52½		40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co).....	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			47½	40	36			210		220			Fall 81 175	
Indian Hill.....							26							
Jessamine.....				33½										
Jockey Club.....			60		40									
Kellar, A.....		57½	52½	42½						225				
Kentucky Club.....			60	52½	47½					230				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....			51½		35									
Kentucky Cyclone.....					37½									
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			55	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			52½		37½									
Limestone.....	70		50		40									
McBrayer, J. A.....								225						
McBrayer, J. H.....			57½											
McBrayer, W. H.....			95	72½	47½	65				300			Spr 82 275	D W
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			47½	40	37½			212½						
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			46½	40	37½					225			Spr 81 275	
Mattingly & Moore.....														
Mayfield.....			61½	47½	45					240				
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	70	57½	55	42½	40			212½						
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50	35	33									
Monarch, M. V.....			65		50			225					Spr 80 325	
Monarch, R.....			65	50	45					225				NYCH
Monarch, T. J.....			55		42½			220		230		250	Spr 81 300	
Moore, D. L.....					38½								Spr 81 280	
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....		57½	45	42½					115	E G			Spr 81 285	Lou CH
Nall, A. G.....														
Nelson.....			48½	40	35½								Spr 80 325	
New Castle.....														
New Hope.....			60		45								Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			50											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½			210						
O. F. C.....			72½	60	57½			245					Spr 84 285	
Old Charter.....			50											
Old Crow.....		100	95		70					285		300	Spr 84 350	
Old Lexington Club.....					32½					225				
Old Log Cabin.....			70		57½		50							
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			75		60			240		275			Spr 84 350	
Old Oscar Pepper.....	105		80		62½			260					Spr 84 325	
Old Tarr.....			55										Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....			50											
Old Times.....			47½	35	32½	32½							Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....			55											
Payne, P. E.....			47½		36½									
Peacock.....					45		37½			225				
Pepper, R. P.....			52½		45									
Pilgrimage.....					60	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		35									
Richwood.....		60	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy, T. B.....		65	56½	45	42½					230			Spr 81 300	LCH
Rohrer, D.....	60				35									
Rolling Fork.....			55		37½	35								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from "all over," from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauser, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

RHEINSTROM BROS. Sole Props.,

DISTILLERS FINE LIQUEURS,
CINCINNATI, U. S. A.

P. O. Box 327

TELEPHONE 1406.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC STATES AND TERRITORIES
OF THE

Scottish Union and National
INSURANCE CO. OF GREAT BRITAIN. ORGANIZED 1824.

Capital	-	\$30,000,000.00.
Assets in the United States	-	1,073,758.80.
Surplus in the United States	-	1,264,223.32.

The City of London

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital	-	\$10,000,000.
Cash Assets in United States	-	714,702.11.

W. J. CALLINGHAM, General Agent,

CALVERT MEADE, Special Agent and Adjuster,

E. J. JOLLY

410 CALIFORNIA ST. - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
BANKERS, LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK, LTD.

STILL MAKING BOXES AT THE OLD STAND,

314 SPEAR ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

Hobbs, Wall and Co.,

Manufacturers of Every Variety of

BOXES.

All kinds of Boxes on hand and made to order with promptness. Wine and Liquor Cases a Specialty.

Redwood Cargoes Sawed To Order.

THE BELLE OF BOURBON COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

DISTILLERS OF THE FAMOUS

"BELLE OF BOURBON"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
(40 per cent Small Grain.)

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMANN,

AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

TO WINE-MAKERS!

The undersigned beg to call the attention of Wine Makers, Dealers, etc., to M. Chevallier-Appert's

"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

— AND —

"PULVERINE"

FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

— And to —

A. BOAKE ROBERTS & CO'S

LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

Directions for use on application.

For Sale by Charles Meinecke & Co., Sole Agents,
314 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED

1864

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium

CHAMPAGNES.

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HARMONY SHERRIES.

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208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			65		47½		42½			240				
Samuels, W. B. & Co.			55		42½									
Searcy, J. S.	82½		55		40									
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
Sharpe.			55											
Shawhan.														
Small Grain.					37½									
Smith & Smith	90		70											
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum)			50		37½									
Southall.			52½		47½									
Sovereign.			55		37½									
Split Rock.				37½	35									
Spring Hill.			60		50					260			Spr 81 350	
Spring Water.	85		65		50									
Stone, W. S. (Old)			60	50	47½			215		225				
Sweetwood.			45		35									
Tippecanoe.					37½									
Taylor (Old)	92½		70					250						
Tea Kettle.			52½	42½	37½		35							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)	75	60	57½	42½	40									
Van Arsdell.			50		37½								Spr 81 300	Lou
Van Hook.			50		32½									
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)			52½		37½			215						
Walker, J. M.		55	52½											
Warwick.			55	45	42½			215		225				
Waterfill & Frazier	92½	80	70	60	52½	55		235						
Wathen Bros	62½		47½		35								Spr 81 275	
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)			62½		55									
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)			67½		60									
White Mills.			47½	40	35	32½								
Willow Run.					32½									
Woodland.			52½							230		265		
Zeno			70	57½	52½	47½								

KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland.			55											
Atherton.														
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.		57½												
Belle of Nelson.														
Blue Grass.		85	80	62½	57½									
Clarke's.														
Criterion.														
Crystal Spring.														
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater			55										Fall 80 335	
Excelsior.														
Franklin.			75		55									
Greylock.														
Greystone.														
Hermitage.		100		82½	77½					285				
Highland.														
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)			55	50										
Lynchburg.			50		40									
Marion Co. Distilling Co.			65	50										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.			50											
Melwood.	80	65												
Miles, E. L.				47½										
Millcreek.			62½	55										
Monarch, M V.				65	60					250				
Nelson.		90		65										
Normandy.			75	60										
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)			80					270		300				
Paris Club.					52½									
Peacock.					50		42½							
Pepper, R. P.														
Rolling Fork.				60		45								
Short Horn (Dougherty's)					50									
Sovereign.				55	50					240				
Sunny Side.	75		62½											
Susquehanna.			62½	50		45								
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	55	50	45	40	35									
Wathen Bros.		70		55										
White Mills.			55	47½	42½	37½								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.			
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson, Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson, Glenarrie, Jessamine, Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	THE R. F. BALKE DISTY CO Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	RYES.	
MELLWOOD DISTY CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee.	M. CRICHTON & CO. Baltimore, Md. "A" 1.70, "B" 1.60, "C" 1.35.	Monticello.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor, Belmont, Nutwood.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times, Gladstone.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
		SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
		NORMANDY DIST'G CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....	115	.....	87½	80	75	67½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bridgeport.....	100	90	77½	60	55	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brookdale.....	85	.....	70	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	82½	72½	62½	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dougherty.....	110	.....	85	75	60	55	.....	.....	245	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	105	92½	82½	67½	60	.....	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frontier.....	80	70	65	55	47½	40	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gibson.....	122½	.....	80	65	60	.....	.....	.....	265	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guekenheimer.....	92½	80	75	62½	57½	52½	.....	.....	250	.....	300	.....	Spr 81 465	.....
Hannisville.....	.....	.....	85	75	60	.....	52½	.....	.....	.....	335	.....	.....	.....
Jones, G. W.....	75	70	62½	55	50	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lippencott.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Meadville.....	.....	.....	70	.....	57½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melvale.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62½	.....	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monticello.....	105	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montrose.....	70	65	.....	.....	40	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moore, Tom.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Vernon.....	.....	.....	87½	75	70	60	52½	.....	.....	.....	335	.....	.....	.....
Orient.....	.....	.....	.....	50	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Overholt.....	115	90	77½	65	60	.....	.....	.....	270	285	315	.....	Spr 80 700	.....
Sherwood.....	100	90	80	65	62½	55	52½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Somerset.....	61½	57½	47½	45	40
Stewart.....	50
Tompson, Sam.....	62½	52½	45
Vandegrift.....	60	50	45



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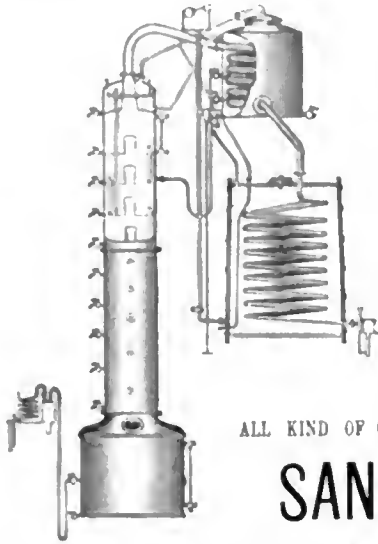
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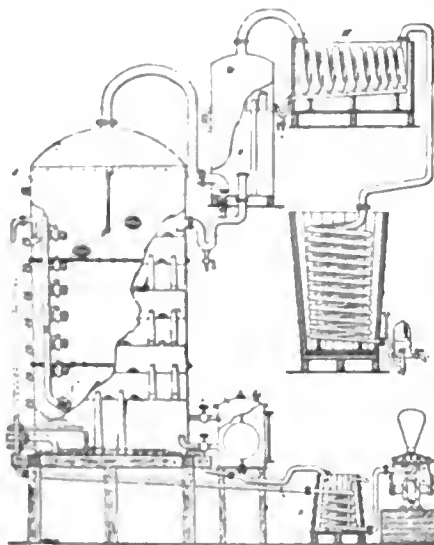
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Brandy distilled in my CONTINUOUS STILL received this and last year, the HIGHEST market price. For PURITY AND FINE FLAVOR none can equal it.

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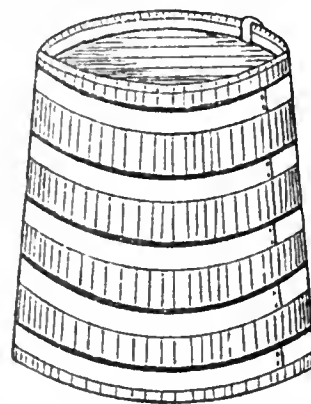
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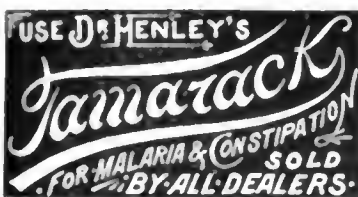
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



VOL. XXVI, NO. 9.

SAN FRANCISCO, JUNE 5, 1891.

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Issued Semi-Monthly.

R. M. WOOD & CO., - - - PROPRIETORS.

WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

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MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES—Trade continues steady and the demand holds up well in the East. There is a considerable movement from the country to the city, and a firmer feeling is to be noted on the part of interior holders. While sales can and are being made at prices which are not at all satisfactory to the producers, the views of many are stiffening. Exports continue very large, and there is no doubt but that the eastward movement for this year will be much heavier than last—possibly by as much as two millions gallons.

Sweet wines are scarce but the demand is light for the season. Of all kinds, Angelica is possibly in most request, but there is not much doing in even this. The production of sweet wine in the First District in the season just closed, will be found in another column.

Receipts of wine from the interior during May were 1,505-467 gallons. Exports by sea during the fortnight ending May 31st were 222 cases and 50,970 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—The demand for these is not as good as during the first five months of the year. The trade seems to be fairly well supplied, and the eastern demand has slackened. Prices, however, remain firm, and there is no fear on the part of holders that there will be any reduction consequent on the easing up of the demand. The fact that there are practically no brandies older than '90s in bond which are likely to be pushed on the market, adds not a little to the feeling of confidence among holders.

Receipts from the interior during the past month were 53,445 gallons. Exports for the fortnight ending May 31st (by sea) were very light, being only 42 gallons to foreign ports, and 96 gallons to domestic points.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—As was to be expected at the close of the spring season, there has been a slight diminution in the volume of business, but the great majority of the trade are hopeful of a fine business in the fall months. Interest is centered in the eastern situation. In a few weeks at the farthest, the production in Kentucky and other States will be definitely known, and buyers will be enabled to make their plans accordingly. There is a general feeling to let the '91s religiously alone, and if the trade of the East feels as the trade of this Coast does, there will be one of the smallest crops on record in '92. Old whiskies are selling well. Receipts of whisky from the East during the past fortnight were 851 barrels and 30 half-barrels. Receipts of spirits by rail during the same period were 1,213 barrels. Exports of whisky to foreign ports during the fortnight were 132 cases and 757 gallons.

RYES—What is true of bourbons, holds good regarding ryes. The local demand is fair, and is constantly growing as compared with the demand of other seasons.

A BIG PURCHASE.

C. Carpy & Co., the well-known merchants have purchased the Pacific Winery at San Jose, and all appurtenances and cooperage as well as the entire stock of wine. The property is one of the foremost in the Santa Clara Valley and will prove as much an advantage to Mr. Carpy's business as is his winery at Napa City. The property was also wanted by the New Co-operative Society in Santa Clara Valley.

It is stated that the cost exclusive of wines was \$40,000. The price of the wine is private.

Thos. Kirkpatrick, of Moore, Hunt & Co., still remains in the northwest on his old stamping ground. He is making new trade connections and new friends for "Jesse Moore" and will prolong his stay some time yet.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of our readers is drawn to the following new advertisements:

M. P. Mattingly, Distiller, Owensboro, Kentucky.

Toulouse & Delorieux, Wine Presses, San Francisco, Cal.

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 6. Hon. J. De Barth Shorb, of San Gabriel, President of the San Gabriel Wine Co.

One of the most striking figures among the influential men in California's greatest industry is James De Barth Shorb of San Marino, the President and General Manager of the San Gabriel Wine Company, an institution favorably known wherever California viticultural products are sold.

Mr. Shorb sprang from an old time Maryland family, though his father Dr. James A. Shorb, was born in Pennsylvania. His mother's maiden name was Miss Margaret McMeal, whose father Captain Felix McMeal was at one time a prominent ship owner of Baltimore. It is a matter of history that before the Colonies had a navy of their own, Captain McMeal fitted out many vessels of his own to grapple with the navy of Great Britain. These services for his country were performed without recompense.

Mr. Shorb was born on the San Marino plantation in Maryland, on the 4th day of April, 1842. At the age of thirteen years he entered Mount St. Mary's College, near Emmittsburg, Md., and completed his collegiate course at that institution. He graduated about the time that the Civil War broke out and falling under the suspicion of the Union forces, he was arrested without cause and was confined at Fort Mifflin for a period of nine months, when he was paroled by General Wool.

In 1864 he decided to come to California having been preceded by his father, who will be remembered by the 49'ers as the man who erected the first saw-mill in the State, in Marin county, and the owner of the original quartz mill, and by his brother the late Dr. J. Campbell Shorb, then stationed at Benicia. On his arrival in this State he remained a short time with his brother at Benicia, and then launched into an active business career.

His first venture was in oil. The Philadelphia and California Petroleum Company of which Col. Thomas A. Scott of the Penn-

sylvania Railroad was President, was incorporated about this time and Mr. Shorb became Assistant Superintendent under Dr. Lettermann. He took active charge of the operations in the field of Newhall, Los Angeles county, but the field was not a productive one and he resigned and retired for a while from the service of the company. He then accepted a civil appointment in the Engineer Corps of the United States Army and began the original survey of Point Lobos near San Francisco for the purpose of establishing fortifications there.

In the mean time Dr. Lettermann resigned the Superintendency of the Petroleum Company and at the earnest solicitation of Col. Scott, Mr. Shorb accepted the vacant office and gave up his place in the army, remaining with the company many months. While thus engaged he became identified with an enterprise to bring water down the San Feliciana, some twenty-five miles southwest of Newhall for the purpose of washing gold from the gravel there. In this enterprise he was engaged with H. C. Peachy and a Mr. Harpending.

The prospects for a successful undertaking were excellent but the scheme was never carried out as about this time, on June 1, 1867, Mr. Shorb was married to Miss Maria Jesus Wilson, daughter of Don Benito Wilson, one of the oldest pioneers of Southern California. At the earnest request of Mr. Wilson, Mr. Shorb transferred his interest in his mining venture to his associates, so as to enable him to devote his entire time to the wine and fruit industry, then in its infancy in this State. He leased the properties of Mr. Wilson and others, formed the Lake Vineyard Co., and established commercial houses in New York, Baltimore and San Francisco. This business was successful from the start and continued until 1870 when Mr. Shorb sold his interest and associated himself with his father-in-law, Mr. Wilson, under the firm name of B. D. Wilson & Co. This connection continued until May 11, 1877, the date of Mr. Wilson's death.

From this time until 1882 the business was continued under Mr. Shorb's name. He then incorporated the San Gabriel Wine Company and in 1882 and 1883 planted some 700 acres in vines, selecting the leading foreign varieties which had already proved a success in the northern portion of the State. Mr. Shorb was first President of this large and successful institution and has continued at its head since its incorporation.

Few of the enterprising men of Southern California have had a greater part in the recent marvelous development of that section. As early as 1874 he organized the Lake Vineyard Land and Water Association, one of the first institutions in Southern California to acquire large tracts of land, subdivide them and offer them for sale in five and ten acre tracts. The San Pasqual Ranch on which the second city of Los Angeles county, Pasadena, is located, as well as the beautiful settlement of Alhambra, was among the first properties to be so divided. Mr. Shorb was the first General Manager and succeeded to the Presidency on the death of Hon. B. D. Wilson. He also organized and incorporated the Alhambra Addition Water Co., in 1883, and was the first President continuing in this office ever since. In 1887, together with other prominent men, having in view the development of the resources of the San Gabriel Valley, he incorporated the San Gabriel Valley Rapid Transit Railway. Mr. Shorb was first President of this Company and continued such for a year, when owing to press of other business matters, he handed in his resignation and was succeeded by Hon. E. F. Spence of Los Angeles. The company built and equipped about seventeen miles of road running through the heart of the well-known San Gabriel Valley, connecting Los Angeles and Monrovia.

When the State Viticultural Commission was established in 1880 he was appointed a member of the Board, representing the State-at-large. He has held this office continuously from the first and is now Vice-President of the Commission.

Mr. Shorb has always been an active, energetic man whose counsels are sought by many in his section. He is fully alive to the needs of the State and the industry and his public spirit is everywhere recognized. Public offices could have been had by him many times for the asking and it is well known that had he desired he could easily have had his party's nomination for Congress last year.

Physically he is tall and well made, and his striking face and figure would command attention anywhere. By his associates he is considered one of the finest, if not the finest looking man in California.

OLD W. S. STONE

KENTUCKY HAND MADE SOUR MASH WHISKY.

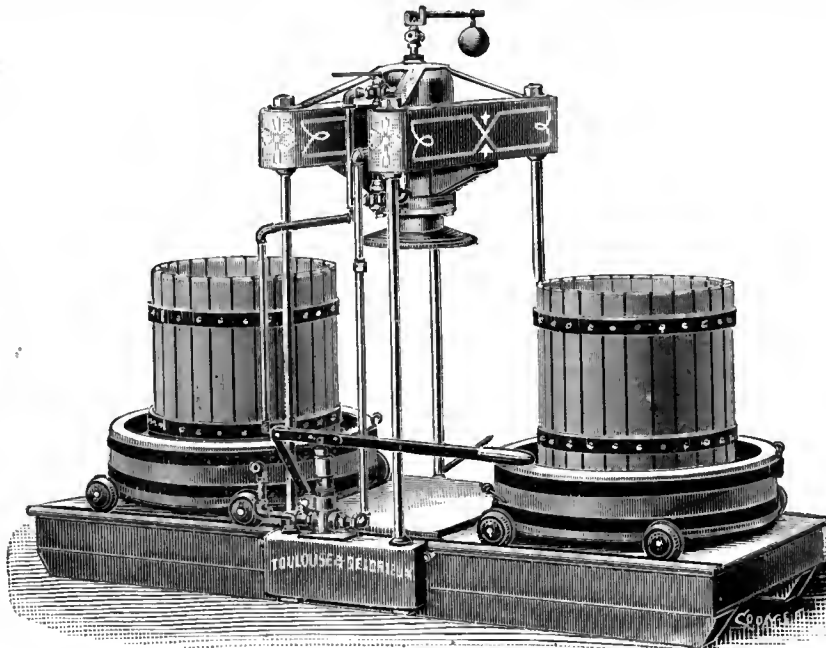
M. P. Mattingly, - - - - - Owensboro, Kentucky.

NEW HYDRAULIC WINE PRESS.

MOST RAPID

PRESSING

Can be set up anywhere in a Wine Cellar as the Movable Troughs can be wheeled from one tank to another.



NEVER STOPS

CONTINUOUS

One Charge Prepared While The Other Is Pressed.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

TOULOUSE & DELORIEUX,

620-22 COMMERCIAL ST., - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

A NEW HYDRAULIC WINE PRESS.

A NEW PARTY.

We print in another column a cut of a new style of hydraulic press which commends itself to the attention of wine-growers. It is, in our opinion, admirably suited for those who are crowded with work and whose prime object is to save time. We speak of the hydraulic wine press now built and offered for sale by Messrs. Toulouse & Delorieux, of 620-622 Commercial Street, this city. These gentlemen, who are long since noted for their practical ingenuity in catering to the wants of wine men, have introduced a new feature in the construction of hydraulic wine presses, which, to say the least, is strikingly novel and reflects great credit on their inventive skill. We refer to that peculiar arrangement which permits the withdrawal of the basket as soon as the pressing is done, and the substitution for it of another one previously loaded. The platform is stationary, and in the center of it is laid a track which runs between the four columns of the press. Upon this track travels a circular trough mounted on wheels which contains the basket. The basket and trough being independent of the platform and movable, it matters not where the press is set up, since they can be wheeled about from one tank to another, in the wine cellar, and returned to the press as easily as they are taken out. Two baskets and troughs are provided, so that the pressing may be continuous, one basket being loaded while the contents of the other are being pressed. All transfusion of the marc is also avoided, as the movable troughs and baskets will reach the remotest corners and go through the narrowest alleys. The hydraulic press built by Messrs. Toulouse & Delorieux can give a most powerful pressure and can be operated without much exertion. No experience is required to handle it and it can be used anywhere. It is made in several sizes and sold at a very moderate price.

Edward Walden is still on the Coast superintending the shipment of brandy aboard the next ship—the J. C. Pfluger—for Bremen. Walden & Co. and the Natoma Co. will both make heavy shipments by this vessel.

The past fortnight has been marked by the creation of a new national political party, the organization being effected at Cincinnati. The components are the political disaffecteds of all kinds and degrees, the Farmers' Alliance being the central rallying body.

The platform which was adopted is what might be expected from such a gathering. They endorse all the "reform" movements which have been raised since the war, with one exception—and that is that the Prohibitionists were thrown out bodily. They made one strenuous attempt to get their peculiar fad indorsed with the rest, but Prohibition was more than the new party could stand, even though its leaders are Kansans and the most of the rank and file may probably be Prohibitionists in principle if not in practice. Curiously enough a Californian fought hardest for the cold water idea, but he wasn't an old timer. We are informed that he is a recent one-lung importation.

The rejection of the Prohibition clause by the National or People's party is a cause for considerable satisfaction. Had the party adopted it, there was a chance of Prohibition becoming a national issue and it should be the constant effort of the liquor interest to confine it to State lines at least. There is yet no means of determining to what limits this new movement may reach and it is best for all concerned—and certainly for the party itself—to start without a Prohibition ball-and-chain at the ankles.

The Napa Valley Wine Co. is about to enter the Mexican and Central American trade on a much larger scale than formerly.

SITUATION WANTED BY A CELLAR-MASTER.

A cellar-master wants a situation as foreman on a ranch; understands Wine-making, Distilling, also Blending and Maturing wine for bottling thoroughly; good hand with all kinds of machinery; references given.

Address,
WINE CELLAR, THIS OFFICE.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA, May 19, 1891.

MARKS	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	VALUE	GALLONS
W S L	S Lachman & Co.	30 barrels	1,018	\$ 743
H C & Co.	Arpad Haraszthy & Co.	3 barrels	151	98
		110 kegs	750	570
Rev F S	C Carpy & Co.	3 half-barrels		
		1 barrel	151	84
P G C	D G Camarinos	1 case		3
		1 barrel 1 hf-barrel	75	22
M W		1 half-barrel	25	8
B C		1 hf-barrel	25	7
L B		1 barrel	30	15
Total amount 1 case and			2,245	\$1,540

TO CHINA AND JAPAN—PER STEAMER BELGIC, May 20, 1891.

A C S in dia'd Kobe	Williams Dimond & Co.	1 barrels	190	\$ 60
L in dia'd Yokohama		10 cases		38
		15 barrels	768	230
Total amount 10 cases and			1,005	\$343

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS, May 23, 1891.

N in diamond	Kohler & Van Bergen	210 barrels	10,659	\$3,000
F W H & Co, Boston		65 barrels	3,314	1,800
S N J in diamond	C Carpy & Co.	10 barrels	500	250
G	J Gundlach & Co.	175 barrels	8,649	3,224
J R, Brooklyn	Wing Hoelscher & Co.	1 barrel	48	36
Various	Miscellaneous	45 barrels	2,210	770
Launcester, Pa.		3 barrels 4 octaves	251	135
W	Dresel & Co.	2 barrels	103	67
J K		30 barrels	1,536	670
C & Co		5 barrels	253	126
J S		4 barrels	206	117
C M		5 barrels	261	130
C H		2 hf-barrels	54	40
K S, Brooklyn		15 barrels	787	350
G W		1 barrel	51	33
G, Buffalo		18 barrels	916	605
K		10 barrels	520	312
F & Co, Boston		4 barrels	208	135
T M, Providence		9 barrels	460	276
J T C	A Greenbaum & Co.	2 barrels	96	71
M C	G Capurro	50 barrels	2,405	962
N in diamond	Napa Valley Wine Co.	65 cases		450
S in diamond	B Frapoll	25 barrels	1,204	361
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	95 barrels	4,750	1,600
Total amount 65 cases and			39,432	\$16,120

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS, May 23, 1891.

H O B, Acapulco	J Gundlach & Co.	18 kegs	367	\$ 257
R I L		3 barrels	154	107
A D M, La Union		2 hf-barrels 3 kegs	83	58
P B	B Dreyfus & Co.	47 cases		240
		2 kegs	10	10
C S		1 barrel	51	65
		14 cases		70
J V		1 case	59	60
L Z H		14 kegs	220	230
E R		16 kegs	160	180
		10 cases		55
J S	Urruela & Urruste	8 cases		41
C E B	E de Sabla & Co.	14 cases		53
D C S, San J de Guat	Cabrera Roma & Co.	20 cases		80
H J M, Acapulco	John T Wright	4 kegs	40	30
V & Co, La Libertad		4 kegs	80	71
S A, San J de Guat		3 kegs	33	18
Total amount 113 cases and			1,257	\$1,598

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER SAN BLAS, May 23, 1891.

F in dia'd, Acapulco	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels	124	\$ 87
M R	L F Lastreto	2 hf-barrels	53	33
Total amount			177	\$120

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WEST INDIAN, May 21, 1891.

A O L Vancouver	P G Sabatie & Co.	25 cases		\$ 120
M H & H	Cal W Growers Union	1 hf-barrel	27	56
P & M	F A Haber	6 cases		25
B B & Co	Cal Transfer Co.	— half-barrels	1,750	(75)
		1 case		5
H W	Bach Meese & Co.	6 barrels	288	144
Total amount 32 cases and			2,065	\$148

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER NEWBERN, May 26, 1891.

Y, Ensenada	Thamhauser & Co.	1 keg	20	\$ 22
J Y, San J de Cabo		4 kegs	46	22
A R, La Paz		1 cask	62	28
		15 kegs	100	45
C & C		1 keg	5	6
V H C, Ensenada	J F Schleiden	4 octaves	57	44
		3 casks	165	75
T C S, Guaymas		1 case		5
R G	Redington & Co.	1 keg	10	7
C Y, Mazatlan		1 barrel 1 keg	60	40
D B, Guaymas	Cabrera Roma & Co.	10 kegs	100	50
J Z		2 barrels	101	50
L E T, Ensenada	W Loaiza	1 cask	62	41
J M M, Guaymas		1 keg	10	7
Y H		2 casks	31	26
F A A S		10 kegs	100	37
R B, La Paz	Ruther & Bendixen	4 barrels	80	38
B S, Mazatlan	I Gutte	1 cask	60	37
S P	J Gundlach & Co.	1 barrel	50	17
J S B		2 barrels	99	34
J F B, Guaymas		10 kegs	203	144
H & C, La Paz		2 barrels 22 kegs	212	111
C A		2 barrels 20 kegs	319	168
H J Z, Guaymas	J O Meyerinek	9 kegs	90	40
S	W Loaiza	2 casks	120	40
B in cir Santa Rosalia	A Carpentier	26 barrels	1,327	377
Total amount 1 case and			3,489	\$1,511

TO TAHITI—PER SCHOONER GALILEE May 29, 1891.

R P & Co	J Pinet & Co.	6 barrels	313	\$ 86
L M		1 hf-barrel	27	18
T in diamond	M Turner	16 barrels	804	392
a d	C Gajet	1 keg	10	4
J B	P G Sabatie & Co.	2 casks	120	36
C C	I E Thayer	1 hf-barrel	26	14
Total amount			1,300	\$ 550

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From May 15th to May 31st, 1891.


VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	VALUE
Australia	GWM & Co Hon'ln	Lillienthal & Co	2 cs Creme de M	12
		J De Fremery & Co	10 cases Gin	16
			5 cs Champagne	46
		W C P & Co	5 barrels Gin	145
		J D	6 cases Rum	48
			4 cs B B Brandy	26
			4 cases Bitters	27
			5bbls Ginger Ale	72
San Blas	G C La Union	L F Lastreto	20 es Champagne	159
Newbern	V H C, Ensenada	J F Schleiden	2 octaves Gin	30
			10 es Champagne	60
			2 cs Vermouth	27
			1 cs Bitters	13
		L G F, Guaymas	2 box Alcohol	27
		A C, La Paz	Ruther & Bendizen	13
		—Mazatlan	W Loaiza	52
Total amount 72 cases, etc.				\$735

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN
PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From May 15th to May 30th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
uator.....	R, Butaritari...	Wighman Bros....	29 cases....		\$ 198
u Blas.....	Dr S, Ecuador...	O F T Co.....	5 hf barrels.	158	150
natilla.....	G G, Wellington.	Berges & D.....	1 barrel....	51	15
bert.....	F B, New York...	J Gundlach & Co..	2 barrels....	95	78
ameda.....	SL&Co, Auckland	"	3 cases.....		10
mpire.....	McD&HNanaimo	Cal W G Union....	3 barrels....	150	37
Total amount 32 cases and.....				454	\$ 488

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From May 15th to May 31st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE
n Blas.....	Lancaster Pa...	Miscellaneous.....	1 octave....	23	\$ 53
"	F B, New York...	Dresel & Co.....	1 hf-barrel..	26	52
"	F & Co, Boston..	"	1 barrel....	47	90
Total amount.....				96	\$ 195

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From May 15th to May 31st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE
n Blas.....	J V, La Union...	L F Lastreto.....	1 keg.....	10	\$ 50
"	R R, La Union...	B Dreyfus & Co....	1 keg.....	5	30
"	L R H, ".....	"	5 cases.....		70
"	E R, ".....	"	2 cases.....		35
"	E H, La Libertad	John T Wright....	1 barrel....	27	81
Total amount 7 cases and.....				42	\$ 266

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS.		
	Case	Barrels	½ bbl	kegs	Barrels	MISCELLANEOUS
lienthal & Co.....					424	
W Craig.....					120	
nes Mundy & Co.....					184	
Cohen & Co.....		49	30			
ebc Bros & P.....		57				
F T Co.....		50				
vingstone & Co.....		62				
W Wolf & Co.....		65				
llemand & Co.....		55				
Chevalier.....		5				
ml Moore & Co.....		6				
L Nickel.....		4				
A Lamping, Oakland		5				
Greenebaum & Co.....		5			60	
lienthal & Co.....					180	
nes Mundy & Co.....		120			125	
Martin & Co.....		70				
W Craig.....		60			120	
G Walker.....		55				
evers & Co.....		60				
oore Hunt & Co.....		41		30		
oth & Co.....		50		10		
hemian Club.....		2				
ntonio Zenovich.....		1				
Connell.....		2				
L Nickel.....		1				
F T Co.....		5				
H Mitchell (Oak')..		1				
Total.....		851	30	40	1,213	

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED.				BULK.		
	Case	Cask	Barrels	Box	Barrels	½ bbl	¼ bbl
Jones Mundy & Co....	50		175				
Sherwood & Sherwood						62	92
Schwartz Bros.....	200						
Williams Dimond & Co	235		90				
W Wolf & Co.....			85			10	224
Collector of Port.....	120	40					
C A Zinkand.....			50				60
W Wolf & Co.....		184					
Sherwood & Sherwood		180				62	92
Hildebrand Posner & C		80					
Total.....	605	484	400			134	468

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From May 15th to May 31st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
Australia.....	GWM&Co, Hono	Lilienthal & Co....	50 cases....		\$ 400
"	W S L, Honolulu	Sherwood & Sher'd	10 cases....		34
"	"	SpruanceStnly&Co	15 cases....		129
"	"	"	2 barrels....	27	55
"	J D, ".....	"	18 cases....		169
"	"	"	1 barrel....	44	120
"	W S L, ".....	Wilmerding & Co..	2 barrels....	87	162
Belgie.....	MB&Co Yoko'ma	Maeondray Bro&Co	8 cases....		89
San Blas.....	BB&Co, LaLibe	Bloom Baruch & Co	2 barrels....	80	100
"	J L, Guatemala..	Lilienthal & Co....	20 cases....		180
"	BB&Co, La Lib'd	L S Haas.....	2 barrels....	87	96
"	GL&Co, Acacutla	"	2 barrels....	74	84
"	"	Goldtree Bros.....	2 barrels....	168	84
"	"	"	1 cask.....	52	46
"	J L, San J deGuat	S F Breweries....	1 barrel....	40	100
"	V&CoLaLibertad	Jno T Wright....	1 keg.....	10	40
Newbern.....	Y, Ensenada....	Thannhauser & Co.	1 barrel....	37	59
"	C G, Mazatlan..	"	1 barrel....	41	66
Empire.....	JD&Co, Nanamio	Walters Bros & Co.	8 cases....		65
Galilee.....	T in di'd, Tahiti.	M Turner.....	3 cases....		21
Total amount 132 cases and.....				757	\$2,099

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP SHENANDOAH, May 25, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEES.
C P Moorman & Co.....	100 barrels Whisky.....	A P Hotaling & Co.....
L Taussig.....	15 barrels "	P Koppen.....
H Webster & Co.....	1 barrel "	C C Merrill.....
J A Burke.....	1 barrel "	G A Kruekel.....
"	3 barrels "	Chas Kemler.....
"	1 barrel "	H Dariah.....
W K Freeman.....	4 barrels "	Peyre Bros.....
"	3 barrels "	A L Meek.....
"	2 barrels "	Wm Harrington.....
"	2 barrels "	Jno G McKinney.....
"	2 barrels "	Shattuck & Knoche.....
"	2 barrels "	J C Smith.....
"	1 barrel "	F Delosa.....
"	1 barrel "	R Putzman.....
"	1 barrel "	J J Krueger.....
"	1 barrel "	Chas Kobalt.....
"	1 half-barrel "	D P Rossi.....
"	1 barrel "	Jno Moellin & Co.....
"	1 barrel "	M Sarmento.....
"	1 barrel "	W J McCallum.....
"	1 barrel "	Quill & Hildreth.....

FROM MARSEILLES—PER STR. SAN BLAS, May 16, 1891.

Molino Penny & Co.....	9 barrels Wine.....	Buneman & Martinoni.....
G Dubedat.....	100 cs Vermouth.....	Pascal Dubedat & Co.....

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street, - - - - - San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

MMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
& F. MARTELL COGNAC,
ORGAN BROS, PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
XONS' DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
JBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Clarets and Sauternes,
CK WINES, from Messrs. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
RANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPE'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
'86 Belmont; '86 T J Monarch; '83 Bluegrass; '85 Ripy; '86 T J Atherton and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO, IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies—

FROM PHILADELPHIA PER SHIP M. T. CO. MAY 29, 1891.

SHIPPER.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
FROM NEW YORK PER SHIP M. T. CO. MAY 29, 1891.		
R. Simonson	100 cases Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.
J. A. Burke	2 barrels Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	2 barrels Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	5 packages Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	5 packages Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	1 barrel Whisky	Wm. Wolff & Co.

SHIPPER.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
FROM LONDON PER BRITISH SHIP GREEN COY. MAY 29, 1891.		
Gordon & Co.	100 cases Beer	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Ind. Coop. & Co.	100 cases Beer	Wm. Wolff & Co.
W. & A. Gilbey	20 cases Wine	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Patterson & Hilbert	10 cases Bottled Beer	Wm. Wolff & Co.
J. Jameson & Co.	107 cases Beer	Wm. Wolff & Co.
R. Heatley & Son	20 cases Wine	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Les fils de C. F. Berger	500 cases Absinthe	Wm. Wolff & Co.
G. Dubedat	145 cases Brandy	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	8 packages Brandy	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	20 cases	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	5 bottles	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	2 cases Sherry	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	14 barrels Wine	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	1 half-barrel Wine	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	65 cases Liqueurs	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Reed Bros.	150 cases Beer	Wm. Wolff & Co.

SHIPPER.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
FROM LIVERPOOL PER BRITISH SHIP BALKAMAH, MAY 29, 1891.		
T. B. Hall & Co.	150 cases Stout	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	50 cases Ale	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	100 cases Stout	Wm. Wolff & Co.
G. A. Wirt	10 barrels Stout	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Cantrell & Cochran	65 barrels Mineral Water	Wm. Wolff & Co.
W. W. Jones & Co.	25 barrels Mineral Water	Wm. Wolff & Co.

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

SHIPPER.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Texas & Pacific Railroad	1750 cases Champagne	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Southern Pacific Co.	3 cases Wine	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	950 cases Champagne	Wm. Wolff & Co.
	9 cases Prune Juice	Wm. Wolff & Co.
Merchants T. D. Co.	500 cases Bitters	Wm. Wolff & Co.

NATIONAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

IMPORTS.	March, 1890.		March, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits, proof gallons	191,820	\$207,132	108,211	\$114,721
Mineral water, gallons	38,847	10,114	93,586	21,298
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons	58,817	51,038	99,574	81,895
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	240,068	86,291	169,429	53,422
Brandy, proof gallons	19,955	50,603	29,927	80,967
All other spirits, proof gallons	78,750	69,033	84,588	72,800
Champagne, dozen	34,587	501,690	20,943	285,140
Still wines, casks, gallons	281,828	202,589	206,900	139,559
Still wines, bottled, dozen	21,301	114,327	24,659	108,037

EXPORTS.	March, 1890.		March, 1891.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Malt liquors, bottled, dozen	27,718	\$ 49,487	30,246	\$45,898
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons	13,157	3,450	23,342	6,933
Alcohol, etc., proof gallons	27,516	5,893	63,821	21,713
Brandy, proof gallons	136	237	(A)	(A)
Rum, proof gallons	8,314	10,719	616	616
Bourbon whisky, proof gallons	11,363	12,214	10,521	15,296
Rye whisky, proof gallons	13,044	18,806	16,735	17,637
All other spirits, proof gallons	3,506	1,929	11,741	10,049
Wine, bottled, dozen	794	2,671	388	2,247
Wine, bulk, gallons	46,473	26,351	31,562	19,355

(A) Included in "all other spirits."

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN LIQUORS.	March, 1891.		March, 1890.	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Re-imported spirits exported, proof gallons	198	\$ 192	150	\$ 178
Mineral Water, gallons	100	54	450	150
Malt liquors, bottled, gallons	387	318	103	82
Malt liquors, bulk, gallons				
Brandy, proof gallons	641	731	1,620	3,174
All other spirits, proof gallons	773	867	2,230	1,974
Champagne, dozen	147	1,933	88	1,215
Still wines, casks, gallons	3,543	1,581	1,026	501
Still wines, bottled, dozen	1,291	7,981	215	616

OUR FRIEND THE ENEMY.

Our friends, the Prohibitionists, are getting offensively active again. They have held another rally in San Francisco at which they went over the same old ground under the guidance of the Women's Unchristian Intemperance Union and hammered the prohibition gong in regulation style.

The high license people are doing their utmost to bring their doctrine to issue in every city. San Jose is having a license row and the situation in San Francisco is claimed to be very hopeful by the high license party.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for January	830,675	108,100
Total for February	954,318	44,795
Total for March	997,085	47,055
Total for April	1,295,820	45,350
May		
1	54,550	1,630
2	42,100	3,400
3	39,500	100
4	84,140	
5	45,720	
6	91,690	500
7	35,830	1,200
8	41,330	3,670
9	66,276	100
10	88,490	6,320
11	26,800	
12	49,980	600
13	80,910	2,750
14	49,850	2,000
15	31,681	1,540
16	67,980	
17	41,930	12,580
18	79,580	260
19	57,070	3,760
20	36,470	440
21	85,220	140
22	56,560	5,320
23	37,540	4,730
24	61,610	100
25	61,410	3,200
26	91,250	100
Total	1,505,467	53,445
June		
1	59,940	5,800
2	22,020	
3		

VITICULTURAL CAFE.

Mr. W. H. McNeil, clerk and accountant of the State Viticultural Commission has prepared the subjoined statement of the operation of the cafe during the past year. The business shows a gratifying increase for the year.

	Sales.	Other Disposition.	Corkage.	Cash Receipts.
Jun. 1890...	280	14	23 65	117 80
July " ...	550	145	37 90	226 35
Aug. " ...	425	757	41 05	185 85
Sept. " ...	930	597	92 80	390 20
Oct. " ...	721	436	90 30	297 35
Nov. " ...	724	477	70 85	299 35
Dec. " ...	1132	385	94 45	463 10
Jan. 1891...	981	451	101 30	384 30
Feb. " ...	848	288	81 05	329 20
Mar. " ...	898	302	89 65	414 90
Apr. " ...	766	253	94 10	348 90
May " ...	815	311	92 35	338 15
	9,070	4,416	\$909 45	\$3,795 45

PROHIBITION BEER.

What is called "prohibition beer" in Maine contains less than one per cent. of alcohol, and its sale is permitted under the laws of that State. This is what is said of the beverage by a professor at Bowdoin College, who submitted it to a chemical analysis:

It is far better for a man to stick to plain raw whisky than to indulge in this prohibition beer. The injurious effect of this beer lies in the fact that quite a percentage of the compound is salicylic acid, which is added to stay fermentation, which would occur on account of the absence of alcohol. Salicylic acts with a terrible effect upon the kidneys, and a frequent use is almost sure to bring on Bright's Disease. There is hardly any beer sold in this country which does not contain some of this acid.

This might serve as a text for a sermon either on the dangers of prohibition or of drinking any kind of beer.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

From Walden & Co., Distillers, Geyser Peak Vineyard, Sonoma County, Cal.

To the Trade:—In putting on the market our vintage of 1890, we would call your attention to the merits of our goods, which is being rapidly demonstrated by the increased demand we have found for them in European markets, where they go into consumption on an equality with the best brands of French cognacs, paying precisely the same rates of duty.

This current month we are shipping on orders to Germany and Great Britain of over 60,000 gallons, direct from San Francisco by sail. As the buyers have used our goods for several years past it is no experiment, but shows a healthy demand based upon former trials.

Our Glasgow correspondent, one of the oldest spirit merchants in Scotland, writes: "Your brandy reminds me forcibly of the old cognacs we used to secure from the Charente districts before the phylloxera attacked their vineyards." The German Imperial Sanitary Commission, whose duty it is to protect the people of the Empire from injurious adulterations in food and drink, have in their official report printed the following statement of a chemical analysis by Prof. E. Sell, as follows:

No.	Specific Gravity.	Volume.	Weight.	Alcohol.	Acetic Acid.
1	09426	47.86	40.47	40.27	0038
2	09223	57.86	50.02	49.75	0036
3	09283	53.66	45.95	45.82	0034

No.	Fusel Oil.	Extracts.	Mineral Residues.	Sugar.
1	0167	1.258	0021	1.006
2	0077	1.282	0020	1.042
3	0151	0.451	0009	0.917

No. 1 is a French cognac, Chateau de la Sabliere, vintage 1874, from the cellar of a French gentleman who kindly presented it to the Gesundheitsamte for analysis.

No. 2 is from the stock of a well-known Bremen firm, also presented to the commission.

No. 3 is a California cognac from the distillery of Walden & Co., to which the professor added the unofficial statement that it was one of the purest brandies he ever analyzed.

While we have no difficulty abroad to obtain recognition of superior quality and consequently better prices than are claimed for other California goods, it is at home alone that we meet them in competition.

When our distillation is confined exclusively to thoroughly fermented, fresh, young wines, whose subtle ethers give the fine flavors and delicate bouquet to the goods, we are met with a spirit distilled from spoiled wines, pomace washings and all other waste products of the wineries, which it is the habit in California to utilize in this manner, giving a product ranging all the way from inferior to nasty.

In all other wine countries such spirit is made and after proper rectification is used to fortify wines, but owing to the lack of flexibility and adaption of our Internal Revenue system it is called brandy and offered to the trade as such, and is generally disposed of at very low prices, which would not cover the cost of the material used by us. We therefore protest against having our goods classed in this general category of "California brandy," but claim a place for it in competition with French cognacs, which position we have gained in the critical markets of Great Britain and the continent of Europe and which is now, we are glad to report, being accorded us at home.

We have stock in U. S. Bonded Warehouse in San Francisco, New York and Chicago. Shall be pleased to wait on you with samples on your application. We are, dear sirs,

Yours very truly,

WALDEN & Co.,

41 Beaver Street.

From Calumet Distilling Co.

CHICAGO, May 1, 1891.

To the Trade:—Urgent need of larger facilities has induced us to change the location of our city office to 213 and 215 Fifth avenue, where the advantages of improved arrangements will afford us additional opportunities for prompt services.

Incidentally, we take pleasure in pointing to the constantly growing demand for our "Calumet Gin." It is the best endorsement we possibly could desire of its merits. If it is not already one of your staples, it would please us to receive your trial order. All ten, fifteen and twenty-five-gallon packages are bound with galvanized iron hoops, and, being double sampled, make very attractive packages.

As to the rest of our products, such as perfection spirits, cologne spirits, alcohol and whiskies, comment is unnecessary. They are standard.

We hope for an early opportunity to extend to you a most cordial welcome at our office, remaining,

Respectfully yours,

CALUMET DISTILLING CO.

From the Eisen Vineyard Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, May, 1891.

To the Wholesale Wine and Spirit Trade:—SIR: We desire to express our appreciation of the liberal patronage which has been extended to us by the wholesale wine and spirit trade since opening business connections in Chicago and the Northwest, and to notify the trade that owing to the increasing popularity of our wines and brandy and the consequent growing demand for our goods, we have found it necessary for the accommodation of our customers and in order to be able to make prompt delivery of orders, to carry a full line of all vintages of wines and brandy in Chicago. Mr. A. M. Bergevin, who is a member of our firm, has undertaken the management of our Chicago branch, with headquarters at 196 La Salle street. We wish also to advise the trade that we have a large assortment of very choice old vintages to which we invite their attention, and assure them that the reputation we have acquired as caterers of wines of uniform fine quality will be fully maintained by us. We are gentlemen,

Very respectfully yours,

THE EISEN VINEYARD CO.

To the Wholesale Wine and Spirit Trade:—GENTLEMEN: In reference to the above circular I wish to say that I will be pleased to visit or be visited by any one in the wine trade who may wish for samples or prices of our fine wines or brandies, the product of our vineyards, and it will be my constant endeavor to conduct this branch of our business in such a manner as will give entire satisfaction to the trade. All orders intrusted to me will receive my personal and prompt attention.

I am respectfully,

A. M. BERGEVIN, Manager.

SWEET WINE MEETING.

A special meeting of the Sweet Wine Maker's Association was held on the 29th ult. to prepare final instructions to be sent to Frank A. West who is now in Washington conferring with the Internal Revenue Commissioner on the Sweet Wine Regulations. Those present at the meeting were Arpad Haraszthy, John T. Doyle, George West, I. De Turk, C. A. Wetmore, H. W. Crabb, Chas. Stern, L. P. Drexler and one or two others.

A talk of two hours ensued over the situation, and at the close a letter was formulated to send to Mr. West. Mr. C. A. Wetmore, on behalf of the Livermore producers, presented an exceedingly well written article analyzing the law and regulations which will be sent to Mr. West. On the same day the Executive Committee of the Viticultural Commission met and authorized Mr. West to travel through western New York and Ohio in the interest of the brandy and condensed must industries.

Cincinnati Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CINCINNATI, May 10, 1891.

While recently in Louisville we heard some grumbling on the part of distributors, but the distillers were all busy signing warehouse receipts for withdrawals and immediate shipments. At Lawrenceburg, Anderson county, we found the same condition on the part of the distillers. Two distilleries had shut down on the first of May, and others will follow all through this month as fast as they are relieved of their cattle contracts. At Lexington we only stopped between trains, but learned Wm. Tarr & Co. closed down the first of May. At Silver Creek we found W. S. Hume & Co. closed the first of May, and Burnham, Bennett & Co. would do so about the 15th of this month. At Paris the "Sam Clay" distillery of James Walsh & Co. and the "Chicken Cock" distilleries are closed for this season.

Washington Department.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

WASHINGTON, May 28, 1891.

Mr. Frank A. West who came here some days ago as the agent of the Sweet Wine makers of California is rapidly completing the task assigned to him—that of going over the regulations governing the use of brandy for fortifying wine.

Mr. West was well received by the Commissioner and other officials of the department and is working with Mr. Bates.

It is understood that there will be no difficulty in arranging the regulations so as to protect the Government and give the wine men all the necessary facilities.

It is said that the Government will abandon the ruling that no must can contain over 26½ per cent. sugar. The regulations will have a provision for a "Sweet Wine" room in wineries and will otherwise be simplified. Many unnecessary forms and reports will be done away with. Blending will be permitted in the Sweet Wine room.

The stamps, which are merely required for identification of packages, will probably be done away with the moment that the wine maker settles with the Government.

Mr. West will probably remain here a fortnight longer in the interest of the wine men.

N. THOMPSON.

Pittsburg Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

PITTSBURG, May 26, 1891.

J. Swigert Taylor, of E. H. Taylor, Jr., & Sons, of Frankfort, Ky., reports the sale of five hundred barrels of "Old Taylor" to G. W. Schmidt, of Pittsburg, Pa. This is a sale worthy of notice, when we realize that Kentucky whiskies have almost lost their footing in the Pittsburg market during the last four or five years. A. Overholt & Co. are preparing for the erection of a new warehouse. The building will be of brick, four stories, 87 by 115 feet.

The "Sunny Side," always progressive, has almost completed a distillery on the Monongahela, in the Twenty-third district of Pennsylvania. This building, which is situated on the Pennsylvania railroad at a situation called "All Rye," will cost about \$100,000, and will be one of the finest distilleries in America.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

We acknowledge the receipt of a case of the famous Inglenook Burgundy from Mr. F. A. Haber, the sole agent for this well known vineyard. The quality and merits of the wines among connoisseurs, and wherever given a fair trial are sure to be appreciated.

DEATH OF ADOLPH WOOLNER.

Adolph Woolner, the well-known distiller of Peoria, and Vice-President of the Distilling & Cattle Feeding Co., has in the prime of life and at the height of his worldly prosperity, after a very short illness, passed away. This unexpected and sad news proved a shock to the large circle of his acquaintances and friends throughout the United States, both in and out of the trade.

Mr. Woolner's abilities as a business man were of a high order, and the prominent position he had wrested for himself in the commercial world was due entirely to his own right arm. He was born in Hungary fifty years ago, and came to this country twenty-five years ago, locating first in Louisville. Five years after he moved to Peoria, and engaged in distilling. His genial and affable deportment won friends for him wherever he went, and he held a number of positions of honor in Masonic and other societies, also that of President of the Peoria Board of Trade. He has left his family, consisting of a widow and four sons, to mourn his sudden and untimely decease.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Directors of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Co., they adopted the following memorial as a tribute of respect and affectionate remembrance of their associate and friend on the Board, Adolph Woolner:

"During the life of the Western Export Association and the Distillers and Cattle Feeders' Trust, the immediate predecessors of the present Distilling and Cattle Feeding Co., a period covering ten years, he has been an active and honored member of the different boards.

"An earnest worker, he devoted his time and energy in fulfillment of the duties of his position. Faithful at all times in his work, with remarkable capacity for it, and intelligence in the manner of performing it, he made his value felt, and proved of the greatest assistance in the charge of the immense interests entrusted to his care; of unswerving integrity, he could be relied upon to do justice to all, and to take the course which he knew to be the right one. His kindly disposition and desire to assist all with whom he was brought in contact, made him many and warm friends, while his enemies, if any, were those who found a well-deserved rebuke from him. The members of the board have lost an earnest worker and a warm friend, and Peoria, a valuable citizen; and in deepest sympathy for his family in their great loss, we record this as a testimony of our regard, and direct that a copy be sent to them.

"J. B. GREENHUT, President.

"Attest: P. J. HENNESSY, Secretary."

VITICULTURAL COMMISSION.

The annual meeting of the State Viticultural Commission will be held on the 8th inst. The officers will be elected for the coming year and other business transacted.

EXTENDING THE CIRCULATION.

The circulation of the REVIEW in the East has increased at a most surprising rate since the new dress was adopted on the 1st of January. The Eastern trade which handles California wine cannot afford to be without this journal. It gives the only reliable statistics which alone have proved of immense value to buyers.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, FIRST DISTRICT CALIFORNIA,
MAY 14, 1891.

Notice to Special Taxpayers.

The Honorable Commissioner of Internal Revenue directs that all Special Taxes or License for the year ending June 30, 1892, be paid before June 30th NEXT.

This office is now ready to issue such stamps.

JOHN C. QUINN, Collector.

By JOHN E. YOUNGBERG, Chief Deputy.

Chicago Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHICAGO, May 28, 1891.

I regret to say that I am unable to report anything of much interest in the liquor market since my last. The fact is that while there is about the usual run of jobbing business and retail as well, there is a sort of lull—a waiting, as it were, to see just how the market is going to turn next. The effect of the overstock is still felt and will be for some time to come. It is reported that the local distillers will shut down in the near future, and that will have a tendency to stiffen up prices in time, but not right away. It is also generally believed that the Kentucky distillers will stop operations just as soon as their contracts with the cattle men expire, which will be the first of June, though there has not yet been any combine formed for that purpose.

The high prices of grain now ruling will cause the distillers to "slow down" in self defense. With grain almost out of sight in prices, and whisky at bedrock on account of overproduction, it stands to reason that a halt must be called just as speedily as possible or some body will have to go to the wall. It is hardly to be expected that it will be allowed to go to that extreme, and a radical adjustment of affairs may be looked for in the very near future.

In the midst of this depression in the whisky market it is encouraging to note the fact that California goods are coming to the front in great shape, both in demand and price. That the outlook for California wine was never better in its history than at this time is very patent to all who are in position to judge. The trouble is that the producers are not able, financially, as a rule, to sit down and wait for the good time coming, and at the same time allow their wines to grow better by the waiting. In talking with an Englishman the other day whom I had seen enjoying a glass of California claret at dinner, he said: "For its age the wine I was drinking was very fine, much better, indeed, than any I have ever seen on the other side of the water, at that age. But what it lacks is age. Why, we do not think a claret is fit for use till it is ten years old at least." And then I thought how it would stagger a California wine grower, or even merchant, to tell him he must keep his wine ten or even five years before it could be put on the market.

But that is the other extreme, of course, and there is no reason in it. But the point I wish to make is that with age and care the demand for California wine will increase many fold every year, especially if due care and effort is made to introduce it to the people of the East. As an example of persistent and intelligent work in the way of introducing California wine and making a market for it, I will state the following. Not long since I was talking with a gentleman who makes a business of handling California wine, and he remarked that Milwaukee was the best market in the whole east for that class of goods, considering its size, and he said he was at a loss to know why it was.

I at once recalled a little incident that occurred away back in 1878, and which I had long since forgotten. I was tramping through Green Valley, in Solano county, visiting the wine cellars gathering data for a newspaper article. At the very head of the valley and well up on the side of the mountain there was a little cellar with an adjoining vineyard of a few acres, and I should scarcely have climbed to its elevated site had not my love of nature, and the prospect of a beautiful view of the valley prompted me to do so. But I was amply repaid for my exertion both in the view I had of the valley, and the delicately flavored wine which I found stored in that little mountain cellar. Upon inquiry as to where he marketed his product the owner told me that it was all sent to Milwaukee to a brother, I think, who knew just how to handle it and who had worked up a trade that consumed all and more than they could produce. This was in 1879, remember, and now in 1891 I am told that the best market in the East for California wine is at Milwaukee. I put this and that together and conclude that it is simply the result of placing an excellent article upon that market year in and year out, and waiting for results. That is all that is necessary in any city, and it is only time and good wine that is necessary to work up a trade over here that the whole state of California will be unable to meet.

Mr. Geo. Husman, of Chiles Valley, Napa county, has lately shipped a carload of wine to Alma, Wisconsin. Thus is the trade and business expanding and extending.

Mr. Holden, of the California Company, has returned from

an extended visit to California. He brings back a cheerful report and as a earnest of the way business is with him, has been receiving carloads of wine at his cellar ever since his return.

The To-Kalon people report a very active and increasing demand for their goods, and they are making a number of internal improvements in their place of business to meet the requirements of the trade.

The opening of the California Viticultural restaurant and cafe on Friday evening last was simply a blaze of glory. Certainly nothing could have been better provided for, more successfully managed, nor more charming, entertaining, and satisfactory in every respect than it was. The attendance was good and those present will be often guests at Mr. Franckx's most generous tables. As a caterer Mr. Franckx placed himself at the head of the list in one dinner. It is not necessary for him or his friends to blow horns any more. The old Yankee proverb is: "The proof of the puddin' is the eatin' on it," and so it is with his dinner, and all those whose good luck it was to eat there that first night will vote him a grand success all the days of their lives. The service was prompt, courteous—quite in contrast with the colored service one usually gets at restaurants here. The tables were nicely arranged and richly set off with silver and crystal. The room is a veritable boudoir, and with a liberal display of palms and ferns one who was accustomed to California did not have to stretch his imagination much to believe that he was once more in the city by the sunset sea. Delightful music was rendered all during the evening, and added much to the enjoyment and success of the occasion.

The menu and wine list for the occasion was as follows:

MENU.

VINS BLANC		VINS ROUGE
	Huitres en Coquille	
	POTAGES	
	Creme de Poulet	Potage Printanier
	Hors d'Euvres	
	Picollnes de Californie	
	Celeris en Branche	Caviar Russe
SAUTERNE		BLACK LABEL CLARET
C. Schilling & Co.		Inglenook
SAUTERNE		CLARET
I. De Turk		A. G. Chauche
	POISSONS	
	Escalope de Bass, au vin blanc	
	Pratres Frits, sauce tartare	
	Macquereau Grille, pommes duchesse	
SAUTERNE		TABLE D'HOTE SOUVENIR
J. Gundlach & Co		Chas A. Wetmore
SAUTERNE		ZINFANDEL
Chas A. Wetmore		Arpad Haraszthy & Co
CHABLIS		CHOICE TABLE CLARET
H. W. Crabb		C. Schilling & Co
	ENTREES	
	Ris de Veau braise jardiniere	
	Vol au Vent, de volaille jusienne	
	Filet de Boeuf, pique aux champignons	
SAUTERNE		PRIVATE STOCK CLARET
Inglenook		Napa Valley Wine Co.
HOCK		CLARET
Napa Valley Wine Co		J. Gundlach & Co.
	LEGUMES	
	Petits Pois	Asperges
SAUVIGNON VERT		CLARET
Jacob Schram		Wilkins & Co
	SORBETS	
	Punch Californien	
SAUTERNE		ZINFANDEL
Arpad Haraszthy & Co		H. W. Crabb
	ROTS	
	Poniet de Grain	Dinde
	Agneau de Printemps	Salade de Laitue
GREY RIESLING		CLARET
Wilkins & Co		John Crellin & Sons
RIESLING		ZINFANDEL
John Crellin & Sons		Julius P. Smith
	GLACES	
	San Franciscoalms	
ZERNOSEK		CLARET
F. Korbel & Bros		Jacob Schram
RIESLING		XX CLARET
Julius P. Smith		I. De Turk
	DESSERT	
	Gateaux Colombiens	Petits Fours
	Fruits Assortis	
	Roquefort	Gruyere
	Camembert	Americzin
	Cafe Noir	
SAUTERNE		CLARET
A. G. Chauche		John L. Beard
GOLDEN CHASSELAS		BURGUNDY
John L. Beard		F. Korbel & Bros.
	TO ORDER	
	CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE, Extra Dry and Brut of Arpad Haraszthy & Co., Orleans	
	Vineyard, California, the only True Champagne made in the	
	U. S., and equal to any in the world.	

L. L. PALMER.

Treasury Regulations.

Concerning the practice of covering up with rectified spirits, and simply reducing them with water, and not a truly rectified spirit.

TREASURY DEPT., OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20, 1891.

Joseph P. Thompson, Esq., Collector 4th District, Terre Haute, Indiana: Sir—It is alleged that the practice exists at some rectifying houses of dumping spirits and simply reducing them with water, and then having them gauged and stamped as rectified spirits.

This practice, being in direct violation of the instructions contained in the third paragraph, on page 97 of Series 7, No. 7, Revised, you will please notify all rectifiers in your district that spirits thus treated will not be gauged, or have rectifier's stamps issued therefor, hereafter.

You will also instruct the gaugers in your district as to their duty in this respect, and that the gauging and stamping, with rectifier's stamps, of packages containing spirits which have not been rectified in the legal signification of the term, as defined in the third paragraph of Section 3244, of the Revised Statutes, as amended, will be considered and treated as a gross misconduct in office.

You are expected to report to this office each instance of an infraction of this order, with the name of the officer concerned.

In this connection, attention is invited to the letter addressed to Collector Lewis Weitzel, on November 6, 1869, published on page 153, volume 10, of the *Internal Revenue Record*, and also to that addressed to Revenue Agent Thos. J. Grimeson, on June 27, 1878, published on page 249, volume 24, of the *Record*.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

(10,806.)

INFORMERS, DETECTORS, AND SEIZORS—AWARDS TO.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 2, 1891.

Sir:—Referring to your letter of the 24th of February last, in relation to compensation of persons connected with certain seizures of liquors, etc., at your port, I have to inform you that the rule of the Department, as laid down in Synopsis 8915 is to allow 25 per cent. of the net proceeds of sale to the informer, and 35 per cent. of net proceeds, less the amount of duty, to the detector and seizer.

The Department declines to authorize you to pay the claims of informers and seizing officers out of the proceeds of sale, inasmuch as section 3077 of the Revised Statutes provides that the collector shall deposit in the Treasury of the United States such proceeds after deducting the actual expense of seizure, publication, and sale, and as such claims can only be paid upon awards duly made by the Secretary.

Respectfully yours,

O. L. SPAULDING, Assistant Sec'y.

COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, Sitka, Alaska.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11, 1891.

The "Regulations and Instructions concerning the Tax on Distilled Spirits," Series 7, No. 7, Revised, under the head of "Rectifiers' Notice, Form 27B," and the "Regulations concerning the Tax on Fermented Liquors," Series 7, No. 6, Revised, under the head of "Notice of intention to carry on business," are hereby modified so as to require that the annual notices of rectifiers and brewers, respectively, shall hereafter be given in duplicate on Form 27B, or Form 27C, by every person, before engaging in the business of rectification, or of brewing, as the case may be; and on the 1st day of July in each succeeding year by those continuing in either business.

Collectors will at once notify all rectifiers and brewers in their districts who have given notices on Form 27B, or 27C on or

since May 1st of this year that the notices so given will cover the months of May and June only, and that new notices must be given on the 1st day of July proximo for the new special tax year beginning on that day.

Brewers will state in their notices for July 1st, and thereafter, the whole quantity of malt liquors annually made and sold or removed for the two years ended on June 30 in each year next preceeding the date of the notice, and will modify the present blank form for such notices accordingly.

Collectors will note on the third page of each notice on Form 27C the date and penal sum of the last bond given by the person, firm or corporation giving the notice.

Approved:

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

CHARLES FOSTER, Secretary.

CHICAGO April 27, 1891.

Sir:—In reply to your letter of the 24th inst., asking for information, as to whether a California wine grower having a representative here can store goods in a local warehouse and deliver them to buyers on an order of their representative, but billed from their office in California, is liable for wholesale dealer's license here as well as in California. You are informed that if the goods stored in local warehouse are sold and delivered by the distiller's representative here, without first forwarding the order to California and by the California house authorized to deliver, such representative becomes liable to special tax as retail or wholesale dealer, according to the quantities disposed of.

Respectfully,

C. MAMER, Collector.

TO ALFRED SANDERSON ESQ.

ROBERT BARTON DEAD.

Robert Barton, manager and part owner of the widely known Barton vineyard, died at 11:50 o'clock on the night of the 25th ult. The deceased was taken down with the grip early in the year and he took to his bed again about the last of March, and with the exception of two days he has not been out of the house since. A complication of diseases was developed, among which were pneumonia and pleurisy. The deceased was about 47 years of age. He leaves a widow and four children.

Robert Barton was one of the pioneers of the industry in Fresno county but he has not taken the active industry in viticulture he once did, before he sold his property to the English Company, the "Barton Estate, Limited", some years ago. His death will be keenly felt in Fresno however where he was known as one of the most enterprising citizens.

A HANDSOME PAMPHLET.

Messrs. Naber, Alfs & Brune have just issued a handsome pamphlet to their friends and patrons, which is a credit to their enterprise. The pamphlet is one of sixty-four pages and a cover and is splendidly illustrated, cuts being given of each of the partners of this well known house, and of the salesmen and other employees. The book contains a price-list of the principal specialties carried by the firm, a bar-keeper's guide, giving directions as to mixing drinks, an assortment of the articles necessary for the equipment of a first class bar, and in the back is an interesting and useful collection of miscellaneous articles on the "Habits of a Man of Business," conversation, hints on etiquette, how to get rich, a bill of sale for the use of saloon keepers and others, tables of weights and measures, foreign money and other matters. The pamphlet is a credit to the house which issued it, and should be in the possession of all retailers.

A THOUSAND NEWSPAPERS A DAY ARE READ BY

THE CLEMENS NEWS AGENCY,

P. O. BOX 2329,

SAN FRANCISCO.

FOR WHO?

Business houses, that want earliest news of construction;
Supply houses, that want addresses of probable customers;
Sixty class and trade papers;
Public men, corporations, professional men, who want to get news, see what is said of them, or gauge public opinion.

WINE MOST SUITABLE FOR COGNAC.

By ANTONIO DAL PIAS.

The quality of wine used for distillation has the foremost place in determining the grade of the distillates, for which reason upon the suitability of the wine chosen for cognac manufacture will very largely depend whether a really first-class article is produced. Unfortunately, this result is too often missed, owing to the prevailing belief that any inferior or damaged wine will make cognac, and that richer and more alcoholic wines should produce good cognac. From the former and alcoholic wines a larger yield of alcohol is, of course, obtained; but in all other respects the product, although rich in ænanthie ether, is so very indifferent that only in exceptional cases can it be ranked even as inferior cognac. Equally unsuited for the fabrication of cognac is wine that has been left long in contact with *mare*, as red wines, or "petiotised" wine, the distillate from such having a taste and odor of *mare*-brandy, which only disappears after long keeping.

The best wine for producing a fine aromatic cognac is a light, brilliant, white wine, not too old. Light wines from grapes not perfectly ripe are much more suitable for the purpose than more highly saccharine wines made from overripe grapes.

A fine natural bouquet in the wine of the foremost importance to the quality of the distillate, in which it is manifest in a fine aroma, quite distinctive from that obtained with commoner wines. Different wines only yield the finest description of distillate up to a certain definite stage in cask, and when this particular stage is past, like older wines, yield an inferior product for which reason young wines are preferable to old. Care must be taken that the wine to be distilled is not fermenting or intermixed with yeast, as brandy from yeasty wine has an unmistak-

able taste and odor of yeast or *lager*-brandy. A good sound young wine should therefore be used for cognac manufacture, but the greatest care is also requisite that by means of repeated racking, filtering and fining it comes to the still in perfectly bright condition. With this precaution, young wines, so long as fermentation is over and complete, can be employed for cognac, and their use is the more to be recommended, as by keeping them the stages at which they furnish the finest description of distillate is soon passed. A preliminary trial on a small scale is indispensable, as it can thus be determined whether the whole distillate is suitable for cognac, or whether the runnings must be separated from the rest, as the total distillate is not of uniform quality in every wine. It scarcely need be added that the greatest care must be observed at every stage of the process, and that the distilling plant should be of the best and most approved description.

WHERE IS THE FOOL-KILLER?

A companion of George Busby, a butcher at Jackson, Ky., proposed to pay for all the whisky he could drink. George got away with twenty-four drinks and died the next morning.

John Kenny of Elizabeth, N. J., for a wager of ten dollars, ate fifty-one fried eggs in nine and a quarter minutes. He died the next morning.

A woman in New York drank twenty-seven cups of tea. The funeral was largely attended.

A man in New York drank fifteen glasses of water. He now lies among the daisies.

A man in Ohio ate ten quarts of peanuts. He's a corpse.

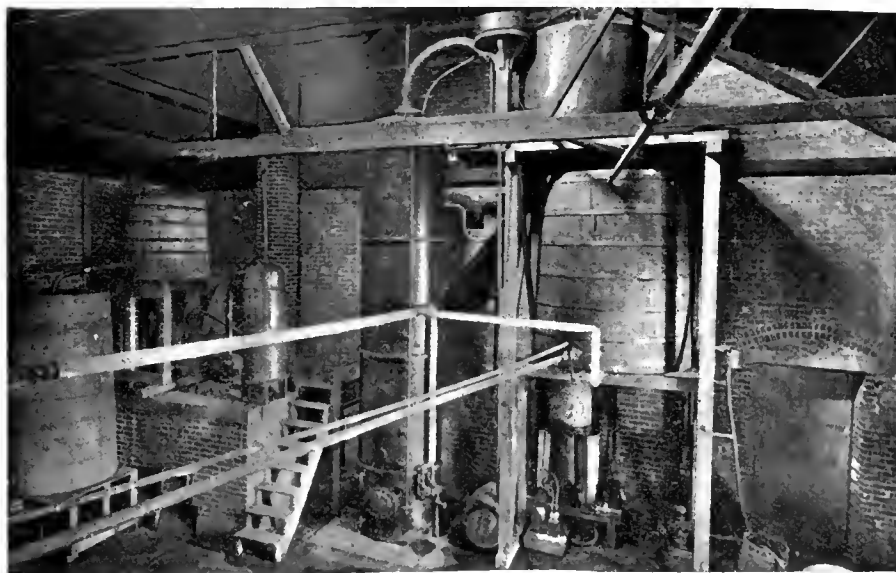
A man smoked twenty boxes of cigarettes in New Jersey in one day. He will smoke brimstone hereafter.

The prohibition theory is that because one fool killed himself by drinking too much whisky the 21,000,000 of people should be deprived of using it in moderation. If this is correct, then eggs, tea, peanuts, cigarettes and water must be put on the prohibitory list.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.

Sanders Improved Continuous Still.



The Largest Continuous Still ever built in the World for the Manufacture of Brandy.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.

SONOMA WINE & BRANDY CO., 1 & 3 FRONT ST., NEW YORK.

SHORB TO MASON.

Letter Addressed to Commissioner Mason by the Viticultural Commissioner.

Hon. J. De Barth Shorb, the Vice-President of the State Viticultural Commission, has addressed the following letter to Internal Revenue Commissioner Mason relative to the Sweet Wine Law and regulations:

The Hon. John W. Mason, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C.—SIR: A careful study of the Sweet Wine Bill, and of the regulations issued by the department, governing the fortification of sweet wines, as well as a number of interviews had with different wine makers and grape growers, prompt the writer to call your attention to the defects in the regulations, which have evidently been drawn under a misapprehension of the facts, and a lack of sufficient information on the subject; and as a consequence, have given rise to a great deal of dissatisfaction to all concerned.

The most prominent and far-reaching in all its evil effects is the definition of the term "winery." Should this definition be allowed to remain unchanged, then the wine and brandy industry of this State would be completely ruined, bringing great hardships and sufferings to the many thousands depending upon this industry for their very existence, not to speak of the enormous loss of capital invested in plants throughout the length and breadth of the State.

In order to overcome this difficulty, it is earnestly recommended to modify this definition so as to read as follows:

"The term 'winery' shall be held to be that place or establishment which is regularly equipped and used solely for the manufacture of wines or brandy, or both, from grapes exclusively, and which depends for its supply of grapes, either upon the vineyard or vineyards owned by the proprietor of the winery, or on vineyards not so owned, but owned by grape growers residing in the vicinity of such winery, and which winery relies upon its supply of grapes by purchase in the open market during the season of the year when grapes are ripe, commonly termed 'vintage,' and embracing the period of time from July 1st to December 1st of each year; and further that Regulations Number One and Two issued to Collectors and Gaugers, on Page 4 of Appendix 2, to Supplement 2 of Series 7, No. 5, be changed to conform to the above definition."

In order to point out the imperative necessity of making the above change, it will only be necessary to state, that, from the nature of circumstances, the wine industry of this State is divided into two branches—the grape growers and the wine makers or wineries. By far the greater number of grape growers have no wineries of their own, but depend upon the sale of their product to the local wineries for their very existence. With equal truth, the wineries, as a class, do not own their vineyards and depend on the purchase of their grapes in open market from the grape growers in their vicinity, just as the grain distillers in the East, depend upon the purchase of their raw material in open market.

While it is true that a few wineries own vineyards and are located on the same, yet none of these wineries can or do raise sufficient grapes to supply their wants, and all rely mainly on purchase. There is to-day but one establishment of the kind that could comply with the regulations as they now stand, and that is the establishment of Senator Leland Stanford. Unless the regulations are changed as suggested, this industry will find itself killed at one blow, instead of being benefitted by the Sweet Wine Bill; and it is certainly not the intention of the law, nor of your Honorable Self, to make regulations that shall so seriously interfere with the successful pursuit of an industry that has given the State its prosperity, afforded employment and furnished homes to many thousands, and paid annually a fair amount of internal revenue.

Another point of great importance is presented in the poor and to some extent impracticable process laid down by the regulations giving directions for gaugers in examining musts, etc. In lieu of issuing transfer stamps and sealing packages only to be opened again, etc., the following plan is submitted for consideration. As far as presented to the consideration of manufacturers, it has met with their unqualified consent and approval:

1. All wineries and distilleries producing more than twenty thousand gallons of brandy per season for entry into special bonded warehouse, should be placed on practically the same foot-

ing as general distilleries, and be provided with one or more gaugers and storekeepers.

2. They shall have their bonded distillery warehouse for depositing the brandy distilled by them, the same as whisky distilleries.

3. They shall have a cistern room, suitably arranged with tanks, gauged, etc. It shall, however, not be necessary that each days run shall be kept separate, but successive distillations may be run into the same tank until the same is filled. This exception is made owing to the fact that the distillation of fruit brandy is not a continuous operation, as is the distillation of spirits from grain, but the same depends upon circumstances beyond the control of the distiller.

4. Constitute the cellars of all such establishments as manufacturing warehouses under the charge of a proper officer. This plan has the advantages of simplicity in execution and practicability, and will afford protection to the government while facilitating the legitimate business of the wine maker and distiller. Not only can the gauger and storekeeper be utilized to gauge brandy intended for deposit in the warehouse, almost as fast as made, but he is always at hand to superintend the fortification of sweet wines whenever demanded, thus protecting the wine maker from unnecessary loss. Furthermore, instead of the old-fashioned per diem method of pay, under which a gauger would not care to gauge more than thirty packages per day, and which plan has long since proved inadequate to the demands of the legitimate brandy industry, he should be allowed a fair rate of compensation on the basis of every hundred or thousand gallons gauged by him.

5. Whenever the wine maker desires to use spirits for fortifying purposes, he should be permitted to draw from the cistern room so much as needed. This shall be done under the supervision and in the presence of the gauger and storekeeper, and the latter shall also supervise the actual use of such spirits; and shall make out on a special form prepared for such purpose, in quintuplicate, a statement certifying that he has used, or permitted to be used, proof gallons of spirits for fortification purposes only. Two of these copies ought to be handed to the distiller or wine maker, the others to be forwarded to the Collector of the District, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington, and one to be kept by the gauger or filed with the local office. Of the two copies handed to the distiller, he shall keep one on file in his office, the other to be attached to his monthly return of the distillery's operations; the object being that this shall be his voucher for the use of such brandy as may have been used during the month for fortifying purposes.

6. The use of transfer stamps to be continued as laid down in the regulations at present, in the case of such wineries or distilleries whose output of brandy for entry into special bonded warehouse shall fall below twenty thousand gallons; and which, from the limited nature of their operations may not require a gauger and storekeeper permanently located on the premises during the season.

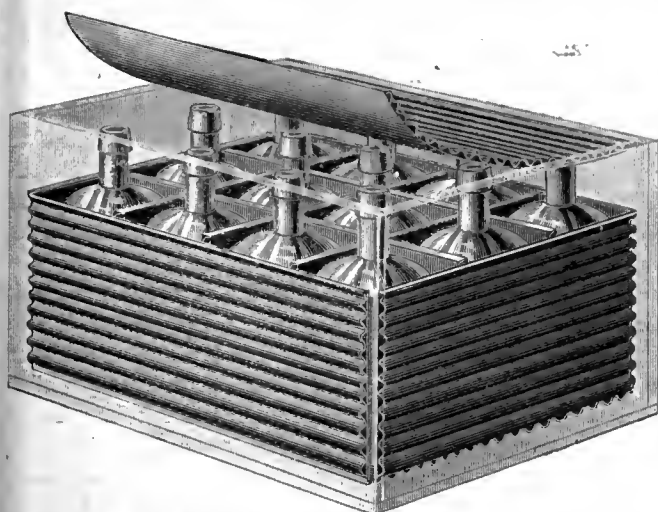
7. It is considered unnecessary as well as useless to seal the tanks in which the spirits and sweet wine have been dumped, as the mere fortifying does not complete the wine ready for the market, it having to be racked off, clarified or blended, as necessity may demand, to suit the needs of the wine and the convenience of the business.

8. Finally, Section 42 of the Sweet Wine Bill should be supplemented by a ruling of the Commissioner, permitting the use of such spirits as may be necessary to fortify sweet wines to an alcoholic strength of twenty per cent. by volume, without regard to the limitation of the quantity of spirits used to accomplish this result, should such require an addition of spirits in excess of the fourteen per cent. by volume required under the present law.

In conclusion, these matters should receive the prompt and careful consideration to which they are entitled. The industry is too important, and its interests in the State too vast to permit any more unnecessary delays. Already inquiries are being made on all sides as to the prospects for operations next season, the prospective prices for grapes and other matters connected with the industry; and it is high time that this industry and all concerned be relieved from this long continued spell of doubt and uncertainty which has so seriously interfered with the prosperity of the business for a number of years past, and that it be accorded the real protection and care which the government is so careful to bestow upon all other lines of legitimate industry.

Signed,

J. DE BARTH SHORB.



DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE WINE TRADE.

Mr. I. De Turk, of Santa Rosa, announces that he has withdrawn his account from his former representative in New York, and has placed the exclusive sale of his Wines and Brandy in the hands of Delafield, McGovern & Co., who also continue to represent him in Chicago.

The De Turk wines have gained for themselves such a well deserved reputation for uniformly good quality, that the trade welcome the intelligence that they can now depend on having a large spot stock in both New York and Chicago, of mature wine to draw upon at all times.

DELAFIELD, MCGOVERN & CO.,

91 HUDSON STREET, NEW YORK.

33 AND 35 RIVER STREET, CHICAGO.

EASTERN WINES!

THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines

**CLARET,
SWEET CATAWBA,**

**PORT,
DRY CATAWBA,**

NORTON'S VIRGINIA.

GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK. AGENTS.

MANUFACTURE OF RUM.

The business of distilling New England rum is confined to seven concerns in and around Boston, and these concerns make 95 per cent. of all the rum made in the world. The purest of water and the finest grades of molasses are used. Rum is one of the purest liquors, and this recommendation together with its comparative cheapness, is the reason why it is sold among savage and half-civilized people to the exclusion of everything else. Rum and missionaries do go together everywhere. More than half the rum made is exported, most of all to the west coast of Africa, next to the Barbary coast and Gibraltar, and lastly to the islands of the Pacific Ocean. Time was when Boston ships carried it direct to the East Indies, but now it is exported to London and distributed from there. There is a concern in France that manufactures rum, but the amount is inconsiderable. The rum of the whole world has been made in Boston for half a century, and the business has been handed down from father to son. The distilling of rum is a simple process, but the standard of purity maintained has enabled the seven old concerns to defy competition.

CALIFORNIA

VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

CHICAGO BRANCH 294 WABASH AVE.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Will be opened on the 15th of May at 6 o'clock P. M., with a grand opening banquet given by California residents in Chicago.

**ONLY PURE AND WHOLESOME CALIFORNIA WINES SERVED
IN OUR RESTAURANT. THESE WINES ARE BOTTLED
AT THE VINEYARDS FOR OUR SPECIAL USE.**

Our restaurant is open daily from 7 A. M. until 1 A. M. Breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper served. Table d'hôte from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M. and from 5 until 8 P. M.

ALBERT FRANCKX & OTTO RUHLEMANN, Props.

N. B.—Guests desiring wines to be delivered at their residences will leave orders at the office.

WHISKY LEGISLATION.

According to the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, the wine men of California are strongly in favor of an unlimited extension of the bonded period, but unalterably opposed to a reduction of the tax from ninety to fifty cents. We are glad to see the wine men take this intelligent stand on the question of an extension of the time for tax maturities, although we rather suspect that the brandy interest is responsible largely for their convictions, but we are unable to find good logic in the reasons offered for their strenuous opposition to a reduction of taxation. We are compelled to give the REVIEW, and the wine-grower it so ably represents, credit for a sufficient knowledge of the whisky business to be familiar with the notorious fact that the high tax on whisky is really responsible for adulteration and for the forcing into consumption of young and immature whisky. An unlimited extension would, it is true, do away with the latter evil, but by no means with the former. A tax of ninety cents per gallon, on a commodity so capable of adulteration as whisky, is a most potent encouragement to men who love money more than an approving conscience, and so long as such a burden is sustained, so long will pure whisky, at the bar, be the exception. Under the old regime of *ante bellum* days, when there was no internal revenue tax, there was likewise no adulteration of spirits, for the simple reason that there was no premium on such practices. It is only under a tax that we need fear a cheapening process; and so, the higher the tax is, the more compounding there will be.

As to the REVIEW's declaration, that a reduction of the tax on spirits would be followed by a continuous season of drunkenness upon the part of the people, we have only to say that a prohibitionist, a woman, or some one interested in a competitive industry must have inspired the expression. A reduction of the tax to fifty cents would not mean cheaper whisky so much as older and purer whisky, but even though the effect should be to reduce retail values perceptibly, we have confidence enough in the common sense of the people to believe that they would find nothing in this to cause them to lose their heads, throw away their self-respect, and make sots of themselves. Such an argument might go with a prohibitionist, but not with one familiar with the fact that there are no more temperate people, as a rule, than distillers and dealers, who can drink as often as they wish, and of the best, without once going into their pockets to pay for the same.

But there is little probability, we fear, of the tax on whisky being reduced so long as the expenditures of government are in keeping with those established by Mr. Reed's Billion Dollar Congress, so there is no need for the editors of the REVIEW losing sleep over the matter, for the present at any rate.

While there are some points on the above with which we agree, there are others from which we must dissent. The extension of the bonded period will meet with determined opposition in some quarters and more so in the case of whisky than with fruit brandy. But we are with the *Bulletin* that the period ought to be made unlimited, and if that is impossible at this time, it should at least be made five years. The brandy distillers not having such large bonded stocks as compared with the demand, as the whisky distillers, there is less immediate need for an extension for them, than for the men from Kentucky, Tennessee, Pennsylvania and Maryland. There is to-day not over one year's consumption of brandy in bond, while the whisky men have all they can look after. But our ultimate needs are just as pressing as those of the whisky distillers.

With Editor Washburne we do not think that there is the least probability of any reduction of the internal revenue tax on spirits being attempted at this session. Indeed if any changes are contemplated we believe that it would be in the direction of an increase to say \$1.50 per gallon. This would of course be resisted by all the grain distillers but we are not so certain that the leading distillers of this State would offer no objections. As a matter of fact we do not know that any one here would object to a tax not of \$1.50 but of \$2.00, and there is at least one man who would welcome an internal revenue tax of \$4 if the bonded period were extended indefinitely or as to allow his product to mature properly before being marketed.

We do not see the force of the argument that a fifty cent tax would stimulate the sale of better goods. If so, why is it

that the high wine people are so complacent over any such change? We think as a matter of fact that were the bonded period made unlimited, the distillers of ageing whiskies, the producers of the old-fashioned sour mash goods could well afford to see the tax go up to \$1.50. It is the cheap, early maturing whisky and spirit distillers who would lose trade and prestige. The brandy distillers of California do not care one whit if the tax on distilled spirits is increased. They will contest to the end any proposed reduction.

As to the point that cheap whiskies will not breed Prohibitionists take the example of *ante bellum* days. There was a time, as stated by the *Bulletin*, when there was no internal revenue tax. The habits of the people were such then, that a wave of prohibition sentiment swept the country, the like of which has never been known. Prohibitory laws were passed in enough states to make the present array of dry states look miserable by comparison. We hold, all that the *Bulletin* can declare to the contrary, that that internal revenue tax acts as just so much license, puts the price up and prevents every man from having a barrel in his cellar. For a liquor trade journal to oppose license is something new in class journalism.

PORTER LUNCHEON.

A Handsome Compliment From Arpad Haraszthy and Charles A. Wetmore.

Hon. R. P. Porter the Superintendent of the Census and Mrs. R. P. Porter were handsomely entertained at the rooms of the Viticultural Commission on the 19th ult. by Mr. Arpad Haraszthy and Mr. Charles A. Wetmore.

The tables were arranged in the rear portion of the rooms in the form of a large letter T. Those who were present to meet Mr. and Mrs. Porter were Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Wetmore, Mr. Arpad Haraszthy, Mrs. G. D. Strickland, Hon. J. F. Plummer, Director of the Union Pacific, Mrs. Plummer, Miss Plummer, Col. A. G. Paine, Dr. Saunders, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Wetmore, President Isaac De Turk of the State Viticultural Commission and Mr. Winfield Scott, Secretary of the Commission and Editor of the WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW.

The menu which was served by the managers of the Viticultural Cafe was as follows:

HUITES EN COQUILLE.		
CRESTA BLANCA	Caviar Russe,	Celery,
HAUT SAUTERNE	Caviar,	Sardines a l'huile.
SOUVENIR.		
<hr/>		
Truite, (Lake Tahoe,)		
Salade Concombres.		
<hr/>		
CRESTA BLANCA	Ris de Veau a la Monarch.	
MARGAUX SOUVENIR.		
<hr/>		
Asperge Piedmontaise.		
<hr/>		
CHAMPAGNE	Poulet grille.	
ECLIPSE	Salade de Saisons.	
<hr/>		
Entremets Sucres.		
Fromage.	Fruit.	Cafe Noir.

When the last course had been discussed Charles A. Wetmore made an address of welcome to the guests and particularly to Mr. Porter. He made many happy allusions in his remarks to the importance and standing of the viticulturists and of the wine industry. Mr. Porter replied in an exceedingly graceful and well-timed speech. Speeches were also made by Mr. Haraszthy, Mr. Plummer, Mr. De Turk, Mr. Clarence Wetmore, Colonel Paine and Mr. Scott.

Late in the afternoon the whole party were escorted through the great cellars and champagne vaults of Messrs Haraszthy & Co. The occasion was one long to be remembered by the participants.

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ORIGINAL PACKAGES BARRED.

On the 25th inst. the United States Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of the Original Package Law passed by Congress and also held it was not necessary for Kansas to reenact its prohibitory laws after the passage of the Congressional Act, in order to shut out liquors in original packages. The case came up on the appeal of Wilkinson, Sheriff, against Raher, the lower court having decided against the State. This court reverses the decision of the lower court. Chief Justice Fuller rendered the decision, the entire court being with him. Justice Gray announced, however, that Justices Harlan, Brewer and himself assented to the decision, but did not concur in all the reasoning of the opinion of the court.

Raher was an original-package agent at Topeka for a Kansas City liquor firm, and was arrested the day after the Original Package Law went into effect. He claimed that the law was unconstitutional, and also that it could not go into operation until the State re-enacted its prohibitory laws.

The Circuit Court decided against the State and the case was brought here on appeal. The Supreme Court says the power of a State to impose restraints and burdens upon persons and property in promotion of public health, good order and prosperity is a power always belonging to the State. The power of Congress to regulate commerce among the several States when the subjects are national in their nature is also exclusive, but it was left free by the Constitution except as Congress might undertake to regulate it. Intoxicating liquors are undoubtedly subjects of commerce like any other commodity, but, nevertheless, it has often been held that laws prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor within the State limits do not necessarily infringe any constitutional privilege or immunity. This right rests upon the acknowledged right of States to control their purely internal affairs.

The Iowa laws held to be unconstitutional in the Leisy original package case were enacted in the exercise of State police power, but as it amounted to the regulation of interstate commerce it was held that so long as Congress did not pass any law to regulate specifically the traffic between States on intoxicating liquors nor act in such a way as to allow State laws to operate upon it, Congress thereby indicated its will that such commerce should be free and untrammelled, and therefore the laws of Iowa were inoperative, in so far as they amounted to regulation of foreign interstate commerce in inhibiting the reception of such articles within the State or their sale upon arrival in the form in which they are imported. It follows that when Congress acted at all, the result of its action must be to operate as a restraint upon that perfect freedom which its silence insured. Congress has now spoken, and declared that imported liquors shall, upon arrival in a State, fall within the category of domestic articles of a similar nature. Congress did not use terms of permission to the State to act, but simply removed the impediment to the enforcement of State laws in respect to imported packages in their original condition created by the absence of specific utterance upon its parts.

The Act of Congress removed the obstacle, and no adequate ground is perceived for holding that the re-enactment of the State law was required before it could have the effect upon imported which it always had upon domestic property. Jurisdiction is attached, not in virtue of the laws of Congress, but because that law placed the property where jurisdiction could attach.

The decision is in the line of keeping the Prohibition question from becoming a national issue and confining it to State lines.

The contents of a bottle of claret added to a quart of water which has simmered for half an hour in company with sugar, cloves, and cinnamon, and allowed just sufficient time to become thoroughly hot and to impregnate itself with the spiced water, produces half a gallon of a most comfortable beverage, a whole tumblerful of which may be taken without fear of consequences by the most abstemious.

CURING ACID WINES.

Italian wine journals attach much importance to a proposal of a well-known Roman oenologist, Signor Fl. Mengarini, to remove the acetic acid from acid wines by subjecting them to the action of nascent hydrogen developed by electricity. The apparatus and mode of procedure may be briefly described as follows:

A deep enamelled earthenware vessel, of one hectolitre (twenty-two gallons) capacity, with close-fitting lid, is provided for the wine. On the bottom of this vessel rests a carbon disc, a foot in diameter, with a carbon rod or point enclosed in a glass tube rising through the lid of the vessel, and connected with the negative pole of an electric battery. Through the lid is also inserted a smaller earthenware vessel, about a foot in diameter, with a stout parchment bottom, which rests in contact with the surface of the wine in the larger vessel. This smaller vessel, which is filled with a mixture of spirit and water, contains a similar carbon disc and point connected with the positive end of the battery. When the electric circuit is completed, oxygen is liberated from the positive pole externally, whilst volumes of hydrogen are liberated from the negative pole at the bottom of the larger vessel, and, rising in currents through the volume of wine, destroying the acetic acid, and escaping through perforations provided for the purpose in the lid. In Mengarini's first experiment a sound wine with 7.200 per cent. of total acid had become pricked and the total acid increased to 8.228 per cent. Treatment with nascent hydrogen for eight hours reduced the acid to 6.53 per cent. In a second experiment, the same wine was left until the total acid had increased to 10.03 per cent. After nine hours treatment it was 8.07 per cent. only. After the treatment, the wine is put in a well-sulphured cask with a dose of fusel-free spirit, or is heated to 60° C. (140° Fahr.), to destroy any lingering germs of acetic ferment. Mengarini uses two to eight zinc and carbon elements, and a solution of one hundred parts by weight of bichromate of potash in three hundred parts sulphuric acid and six hundred parts water. He reckons that the electric portion of the apparatus can be provided by any filter of electric bells, at a cost of about three lire (francs) per element.

Dr. J. Bersh, a well-known Austrian authority, regards Mengarini's method as the only practicable way of dealing with acetic acid in wine without introducing undesired soluble compounds. He recommends that the earthenware holder be replaced by a wide shallow vessel of paraffined wood, capable of holding 20-25 hect. (450-500 gallons) of wine. In this, should be placed a number of carbon discs, all connected with each other with the negative end of the battery. As the acidity can be tested in a few minutes, samples should be drawn and tested repeatedly during the process.

EASILY EXPLAINED.

Will the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW explain the causes that led to the defeat of the license measures at the last session of the Legislature?—*Prohibitionist*.

Certainly. It is a short story and easily told. The Prohibitionists with their 367 votes in San Francisco, have sunk to such a low ebb in public estimation that the State Protective Association, which is virtually maintained by the San Francisco wholesale trade, did not deem it worth while to move. It takes considerable "temperance" agitation to arouse the trade. The license measures could have been had easily enough, friend Sheahan, had some one taken hold in earnest.

CHANGE AT THE VINA RANCH.

There has been a change in the administration of the Vina Ranch of Senator Stanford. The management of the entire place has been centralized instead of being conducted in separate departments.

W. H. Smith, the Superintendent of the ranch aside from the vineyard, has resigned and both the vineyard and outside properties has been brought under one head. Captain H. W. McIntyre the able superintendent of the vineyard becomes general manager of the whole ranch of 59,000 acres including the 3,800 acres of vineyard, while J. S. Copeland becomes general superintendent under Captain McIntyre. The change is one that is peculiarly gratifying to Captain McIntyre's friends and is a deserved testimonial to his ability as a manager.



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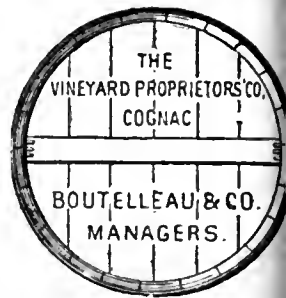
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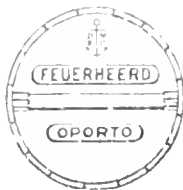
Duff Gordon & Co., Port St. Mary's
 Lacave & Co., S. V. L.
 D. M. Fournier & Co., Op. m.
 Boussons, Muen & Bader, Tarragona
 A. de Lanza & Co., Port St. Mary's
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 G. M. Fabstmann Sohn, Mainz
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 Queen Olives,
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Geneva, Natural Sparkling Mineral Water
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 Rakoczy Bitter Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water
 Moore & Simott, Philadelphia, Whiskey
 A. Chevallier-Appert, Paris Wine Fining
 A. Boake Roberts & Co., London, Wine Fining
 J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg, Cherry Cord
 Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool, Ginger A
 Prune Juice Extract, Batavia Arrac
 St. Croix Rum, Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.



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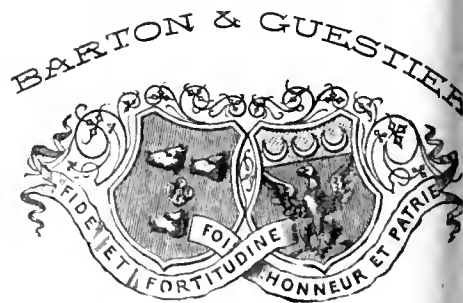


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A MOONSHINER'S PROFITS.

A Word About Those Who Give the Internal Revenue Department So Much Trouble.

In spite of the dangers of his trade, the moonshiner seldom makes more than a bare living says a Louisville correspondent of the *New York Herald*. In the first place, he is usually poverty-stricken. It takes but little to start him in business. A capital of \$100 to \$150 is all that is necessary. Still this generally taxes his slender resources to the utmost. He must first go or send to some city and get his still and worm. These have to be made by coppersmiths, and such mechanics are not found in villages. The manufacture of these is required to be registered by law, but the moonshiner is not the only violator of the regulations of the internal revenue department. This is shown by the fact that during the past six or seven years, over seven thousand stills have been destroyed by revenue raiders, and yet during that time the twenty-dollar tax assessed on the manufacturer for each still made has been paid on only 2,000. There are two reasons for this. One is the temptation to evade the tax of twenty dollars. The other is that when the tax is paid the still is registered, and can thus be easily traced by the Government. The moonshiner would never buy a registered still for this last reason. He has the still and worm secretly made and shipped to his mountain home in the guise of a music box, organ or case of dry goods. An ox team, possibly hitched to the primitive sled, hauls the contraband goods to the place where the distillery is to be located. This is always on a small stream, and the lonelier and more inaccessible the spot is, the better. The distillery must be moved every few months, and this adds no little to the expense of the business. A great deal of this work must be done by man labor, as neither horse nor ox teams may penetrate to the most favorable distillery sites. In a few weeks or months the place of the still becomes well known to the neighbors. Then it must be moved again, lest it be visited by the prowling raider.

The most valuable part of the moonshiner's plant is not the still nor the mash-tubs. The tubs he can manufacture himself, and some ingenious mountaineers show great skill in making rude but serviceable stills. But the worm is indispensable, costly, impossible for him to make, and hard to get from a coppersmith. The worm is easily destroyed by the raider, who can chop it up beyond repair in a few minutes. Not so with the stills. Sometimes raiders discover a still which has been patched up almost beyond recognition and unless entirely destroyed the patient "shiner" will manage to get it again in shape to do good work. As this can not be done with a worm, the latter is always carried off if possible. Often and often have the mountaineers risked liberty and even life to save their worm from the fierce raiders. Mr. Wilmore says, and all acquainted with the product of the moonshiner will agree with him, that "mountain dew" is a villainous drink. It is pure white, raw and fiery. It is never ripened by age, and the distillers pay no attention to the principles of scientific fermentation. They run off the spirits when hot, and so depraved are their tastes that they drink it fresh from the still. The liquor is little like genuine Kentucky hand-made "sour-mash" bourbon, carefully distilled and mellowed by age until not a trace of fusel oil remains, with a beady sparkle that rests upon the thick amber surface, as it is possible to imagine. Yet the mountaineer prefers his white whisky to the choicest product of the finest distillery in the "Corn-Cracker State." Such is taste after all—merely a matter of usage and cultivation.

The moonshiner never ventures to keep more than a small stock of spirits on hand. The risk is too great. At any time a neighbor may inform upon him, or any enemy revenge an insult by bringing the raiders to capture and destroy. When a few gallons have been run off the raw spirit, rank with fusel oil, it is peddled out and drunk up before a fresh supply is distilled. Disposing of the product is one of the riskiest parts of the busi-

ness. Sometimes this work is intrusted to the women and girls of the moonshiner's family. A little cabin is built near a town, and the well-known "blind tiger" is operated. More frequently the distiller peddles the stuff around in villages after dark. Picnics, revival meeting, political speakings, and all sorts of gatherings, are bonanzas for the trade. The liquor seller conceals himself in bushes, or some secluded spot, and starts out runners, who makes his presence known. Business is always brisk. Men will buy whisky of whatever manufacture, no matter where it is sold or what price is asked. No wonder that so many picnics and political meetings end in drunken quarrels and bloodshed.

But, as I said before, the business is not profitable. The stuff usually sells at two dollars a gallon, or from fifty to seventy-five cents a quart. Usually two gallons is the quantity of spirits distilled from a bushel of grain. Corn is always scarce and high in the mountains, where the farms are small, the land poor, and the farmers shiftless to a remarkable degree. The distiller buys or "swaps" liquor for a few bushels of grain, sends it a "turn" at a time to mill on horseback, and slowly ferments the meal. All the work is very slow. Another thing that reduces the profits is the necessity the moonshiner is under of keeping a gang around him for purpose of defense and other assistance. These drink up much of his liquor and never pay. He does not dare to offend them; they might tell the "raiders" if he should. Or the distillers may be fond of his own brand, and drink up the profits in that manner.

Truly the way of the moonshiner is hard.

DIFFERENCE IN WHISKIES.

A chemist speaking of whiskies says: When one drinks a glass of whiskey and the palate or stomach revolts instanter; and another brand is tried and the entire system receives the draught with satisfaction and delight. What makes the difference? Whiskies are not one and the same thing. Some are raw, irritating and unwholesome; others are mild, delicious, and in every way conducive to health. It is the same with apples. A green one plucked from the boughs or gathered from some forceful windfall is deleterious in every respect. The child who eats it is stricken with cholera morbus and the adult with gastritis. The powerful oil and chemical compounds which are evolved in the growth of the fruit and which are not destroyed until maturity, when the sunshine, soil and fresh air convert them into healthful compounds act as mere drugs or even poisons, and excite the digestive system to such an extent, that Nature in her desire to expel a dangerous intruder, calls upon disease, to aid her in her attempt to dislodge the newcomer. Whisky in this regard differs in no wise from apples. When raw or green it acts as a drug or poison. The amylic spirit and compound ethers and alcohols it contains act as powerful cathartics or drastics, and so occasion pain, sickness and sometimes even graver injury to the physical organization. As it ages and ripens these elements undergo a change into agreeable bodies which chemically is exactly the same as the change in unripe fruit from the irritating and poisonous ingredients into the delicious nutriment and exquisite flavor of the ripe article. This is the reason why every expert prefers an old to a new whisky, and why the mild, rich brands are superior to the harsh unripe fusel oil, grades so common in the market of to-day. There are but few whiskies at the present time which represent in the best way this ripening process.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street

New York.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnership.

Smiley & Thorne, Pres. att. (Col. E. L. Smiley & F. Thorne)
 M. Guire & Baxter, Co. N. M. Baxter retires
 Voglietto & Frost, Los Angeles, dissolved. Voglietto continues
 Bells & Whyes, The Dalles, Or., dissolved
 J. Sprunzel & Santa Cruz, Cal., S. Bettoli admitted
 Brouse & O'Donnell, Medford, Or., dissolved
 Savage & Soule, Los Angeles, Cal., dissolved. Soule continues
 Hanson & Wilson, Oakland, Cal., dissolved. Wilson continues
 Lechner & Martin, Redondo, Cal., dissolved. J. Lechner continues
 Thomas & McChane, Orland, Cal., dissolved
 Harrigan & Lewis, Prineville, Or., dissolved
 John Moss, Canonville, Wash., succeeded by Moss & O'Neill
 T. M. & W. L. Robbins, Melrose, Mont., dissolved
 Baret & Weiner, Denver, Colo., dissolved
 E. Medina, Modesto, Cal., A. Welter, admitted
 Carroll & Carroll, San Francisco, Cal., George L. Carroll, D. McDonald & D. DeV. Graham filed partnership articles under same name
 Salamini & Borla, St. Helena, Cal., dissolved. Salamini continues
 Moore & Stukli, Portland, Or., dissolved. Moore & Herrman continue
 Grout & Walsh, Tucson, Ariz., dissolved. Walsh continues
 Haffen & Marks, San Francisco, Cal., dissolved

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

McGuire & Dillon, Denver, Colo., attached
 C. O. Steinkrans, Denver, Colo., attached
 A. Keller, The Dalles, Or., attached
 T. C. Donalech, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 Geo. Prentz, Visalia, Cal., attached
 P. Nelson, Denver, Colo., attached
 John Greub, Berkeley, Cal., in insolvency
 J. Sanford, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 F. Steln, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 G. W. Gardner, Denver, Colo., attached
 P. H. Murray, Denver, Colo., attached
 F. Doerfer, Pendleton, Or., attached
 H. J. Bederman, Los Angeles, Cal., attached
 Chas. Dillman & Co., Los Angeles, Cal., in insolvency
 R. Drefendorf, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 A. Guignard, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 W. J. Kelley, Denver, Colo., attached
 Geo. Doering, San Francisco, Cal., attached

H. E. Dyer, Los Angeles, Cal., attached
 M. G. & A. Young, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 Geo. Meek, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 O. B. Reynolds, Pueblo, Col., attached
 N. L. Joson & Co., San Francisco, Cal., attached
 R. Putzman, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 R. R. Spelley, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 F. C. Ladd, Elbert, Colo., attached
 W. Jamison, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 F. H. Frolick, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 Feldman & Co., San Francisco, Cal., attached
 J. Lutz, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 Henry Andresen, San Francisco, Cal., action to force into insolvency
 A. H. Walters, Pendleton, Or., attached
 Jas. Menick, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 S. S. Reed, Crescent City, Cal., in insolvency
 S. M. Johns, Albina, Or., attached
 Losecamp & Mordough, Portland, Or., attached
 J. A. Smith, Portland, Or., attached
 T. Rogers, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 G. W. Owen, Selma, Cal., attached
 L. Siggle, Denver, Colo., attached
 R. N. Anderson, Suisun, Cal., \$253
 Jno. Ellis, East Portland, Or., \$26
 C. F. Bays, Portland, Or., \$38
 O. M. Lefevre, Bloomfield, Cal., attached
 Daniel Holton, Portland, Or., attached
 J. C. Swanson, San Francisco, Cal., attached
 R. A. Guthrie & Co., Fairmount, Cal., in insolvency
 J. M. Lichtenhat, Denver, Colo., attached
 Lath & Wall, Denver, Colo., attached
 Geo. Augustine, Denver, Colo., attached
 Edson Bros., Gazette, Cal., \$355
 G. L. & F. H. Lucas, Athena, Or., attached
 James McCalluch, Roseburg, Or., attached

Sold Out.

J. Hughes, Albuquerque, N. M., to John Feltis
 J. J. Peters, San Francisco, Cal., to W. H. Smith
 Peralta Hotel, Berkeley, Cal., to M. A. Strellinger
 W. A. Whiting, Pomona, Cal., to Morris Keller
 M. S. Lane, Redlands, Cal., to E. A. Bordreau
 R. Cowell, Boston Ravine, Cal.
 S. Wilson, Manilton Springs, Colo.
 J. Werrington, Bakersfield, Cal.
 P. Domicini, Aspen, Colo.
 Forbes & Caker, Medford, Or., to M. Hearst
 N. Sease, Sausalito, Cal.
 Guthrie & Davis, Fairmount, Cal.
 A. C. Billicke, Modesto, Cal.
 Geo. R. Smith, Pomona, Cal.
 Trumbull & Dodson, Magdalena, N. M.

G. W. Owen, Selma, Cal., to W. E. Potts
 Geo. Bros., Vancouver, B. C.
 A. McKay, Cheyenne, Wyo.
 J. E. Tellow, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Wherry & Co., Astoria, Or., to McCurdy & Walker
 James Fingley, Brownsville, Or., to R. Harrison
 D. J. Fencer, Ilwaco, Wash.
 J. D. Clark, San Bernardino, Cal., to Sutternfield & Cleghorn
 Reardon & Rutherford, Morenci, Ariz.
 S. Baylis, Colton, Cal.
 T. B. Fowler, Sisson, Cal., to Moss & Kirkpatrick
 Patrick Hackett, Orray, Colo.
 H. F. Harvey, Prattville, Cal., to F. Sarisla
 W. D. Sloane, Olympia, Wash., to W. H. Nelson
 W. C. Stokes, Grass Valley, Cal., to Wm. Handruff
 J. P. Stow, San Diego, Cal., to E. T. Phillips
 S. E. Lynch, Leadville, Colo.
 Geo. Morschend, Santa Rosa, Cal., to O. Leet

Out of Business.

Geo. H. Moore, Albuquerque, N. M.
 E. J. & C. Hammond, Colville, Wash.
 Fitch & Kelly, Sterling, Colo.
 D. Livingston, Sterling, Colo.
 J. L. Haley, Adin, Colo.
 Jackson & Hanson, Rock Springs, Wyo.
 Jas. St. Clair, Pinos Altos, N. M.
 J. Barler & Co., Tacoma, Wash.
 Santos Bros., Merced, Cal.
 J. C. Foster, Loveland, Colo.
 Ailen & Donovan, Laramie, Wyo.

Burned Out.

N. P. Peterson, Kernville, Cal.
 Wm. Cook, Kernville, Cal.
 V. Carlson, San Francisco, Cal.
 D. McBeath, San Jacinto, Cal.
 Harlem Springs Hotel, San Bernardino, Cal.
 P. Mulvaney, Tomales, Cal.
 F. O'Neil, Fairhaven, Wash.
 J. J. Duffy, San Francisco, Cal.
 L. McNally, Enreka, Cal.
 James Low, Los Angeles, Cal.
 F. J. Wood, Dungeness, Wash.
 Peter Grubb, Seattle, Wash.
 H. H. Hudson, Los Angeles, Cal.
 P. Brooks, Seattle, Wash.
 Kordick & Howe, Seattle, Wash.

Special Inquiries.

L. E. Chatovich, Reno, Nev.
 L. Baldwin, Sanger, Cal.
 Philgren & Larson, San Francisco, Cal.
 Fred Miller, Anaheim, Cal.
 James Low, Los Angeles, Cal.

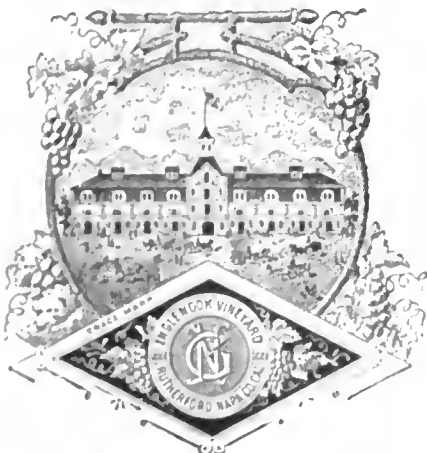
Deceased.

Geo. E. Tarbell, Glendale, Mont.
 Wm. Bingel, Del Norte, Cal.

Geo. W. Miller, Los Angeles, Cal.
 W. S. Canan, Corvallis, Or.
 Richard Salter, Pasadena, Cal.
 A. Ellman, Santa Ana, Cal.
 C. E. Wyman, Petersburg, Colo.

Deeds and Transfers.

Cain Bros., Blaine, Wash., received deed \$3,500.
 M. Aldridge, Vancouver, Wash., conveyed realty \$12,500.
 L. M. Hedden, Vancouver, Wash., conveyed realty \$1,060.
 C. Baumgarten, Portland, Or., received deed \$3,500.
 O. A. Twelt & Co., Seattle, Wash., C. Christianson received deed \$350.
 M. Murphy, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$100.
 A. Beronin, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty \$—
 A. B. Colby, Portland, Or., received deed \$125.
 M. M. Dee, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$125.
 Geo. H. Eckhardt, Vancouver, Wash., received deed \$300.
 J. Panchaia, San Jose, Cal., received deed \$10.
 T. W. Padden, Vancouver, Wash., \$1200.
 A. Campbell, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$2,000.
 J. Largomarsino, San Buenaventura, Cal., received deed \$6000.
 M. Nihill, San Jose, Cal., received deed \$10.
 James Hackney, Portland, Or., received deed \$625.
 J. H. Medau, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 E. H. Gould, Malaga, Cal., received deed \$200.
 R. A. Rison, Tehachapi, Cal., received deed \$5.
 Ansthn Young, Tehachapi, Cal., received deed \$3,000.
 Lankin & Wildi, Portland, Or., J. V. Lankin conveyed realty \$2000.
 Duvall & Owens, Bakersfield, Cal., C. W. Duvall conveyed realty \$5000 and \$4000.
 A. Tombs, Fresno, Cal., received deed \$1600.
 F. C. Olsen, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 James Gilleran, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 J. Rohr & Son, Gilroy, Cal., Rohr conveyed realty \$2500.
 R. L. Jeffrey, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty \$2.
 M. M. Dee, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$1125.
 Y. S. Valencia, Delano, Cal., received deed \$147.
 Philip Sieber, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$600.
 D. C. Adkin, Dayville, Or., conveyed realty \$707.
 C. Cohn & Co., Portland, Or., received deed \$1000.
 M. M. Dee, Portland, Or., conveyed realty \$250 & \$750.
 J. Haburgarten, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 P. Schlosser, Albany, Or., conveyed realty \$450.
 J. Melczer & Co., San Francisco, Cal., J. Melczer received deeds \$10 & \$10.



122 SANSOME STREET,
 San Francisco, Cal.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.

F. A. HABER,
 SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE
Table Wines and Fine Brandies
 GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated
INGLENOOK VINEYARD.
 OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO. CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

H. Harft, Oakland, Cal., received deed \$2750.
 Scott Bros., Fresno, Cal., J. Scott received deed \$550.
 J. F. Lurin, Chehalis, Wash., received deed \$625.

Bills of Sale.

Castner & Parkinson, Fairhaven, Wash., B. G. Parkinson, \$600.
 R. C. Lange, Portland, Or., \$1,000.
 F. Schaminghauser, San Francisco, Cal., \$300.
 B. Kahn, San Francisco, Cal., \$10.
 S. M. Johns, Albina, Or., \$2,000.
 Otto Hintz, Bakersfield, Cal., \$500.
 S. S. Lendholm, Denver, Colo.
 P. Fehrer, San Pedro, Cal.
 John Chibberg, Tacoma, Wash., \$8,000.
 J. J. Fay, Seattle, Wash., \$2,580.
 J. J. Easton, Los Angeles, Cal., \$850.
 S. J. Holland & Co., Fairhaven, Wash., \$2500 on half interest.
 A. Keitel, San Francisco, Cal., \$10.
 Geo. Mayerle, Seattle, Wash., \$325.
 D. W. Dougherty, Elsinore, Cal., \$500.
 P. Cassidy, San Diego, Cal.
 M. L. Abbott, Seattle, Wash., \$2,032.
 W. McCormick, San Jose, Cal., \$234.
 H. Jennings, Spokane, Wash., \$60.

Realty Mortgages.

W. F. Mariante, San Leandro, Cal., \$2,000.
 E. J. Bailey, Visalia, Cal., \$550.
 A. P. Eyraud, Bakersfield, Cal., \$1,000.
 M. M. Espitalier, Bakersfield, Cal., \$2,468.
 P. Bellmer, San Francisco, Cal., \$2,000.
 H. F. L. Logan, Seaside, Or., \$500.
 J. Largomarsino, San Buenaventura, Cal., \$2,500.
 Cady & Zoberbier, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$2,000.
 Fremd-Deginger Importing Co., Seattle, Wash., \$300.
 W. G. Smith, Bakersfield, Cal., \$1,250.
 Philip Sieber, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,000.
 Redlands Hotel, Redlands, Cal., \$9,000.
 H. Harpst, Oakland, Cal., \$2,200.
 T. J. Payne, East Portland, Or., \$1,000.
 P. Grubb, Seattle, Wash., \$6,000.
 E. Mayrisc, Alameda, Cal., \$1,053.
 Cole & Lutz, Stockton, Cal., \$800.
 J. J. Martin, Niles, Cal., \$1,500.
 J. Melzer & Co., San Francisco, Cal., J. Melzer, \$3,800.

Chattel Mortgages.

Dodge Bros., Denver, Colo., \$2,654.
 O. Sallach, Denver, Colo., \$600.
 M. Sniveley, Denver, Colo., \$157.
 M. Mueller, Leadville, Colo., \$350.
 J. B. Brunting, Tacoma, Wash., \$390.
 Klett & Co., East Portland, Or., \$331.
 J. C. Knuth, Spokane, Wash., \$475.
 J. F. Cody, Vancouver, Wash., \$267.
 M. Heroux, Chehalis, Wash., \$500.
 Foster & Henderson, Tacoma, Wash., \$450.
 C. Scaife, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,200.
 E. N. G. Ducey, Denver, Colo., \$725.
 R. C. Day, Pueblo, Colo., \$150.
 J. S. Williams, Salida, Colo., \$150.
 Olcese & Jachatta, Portland, Or., \$—.
 E. Hartman, Denver, Colo., \$150.
 M. S. Stafford, East Portland, Or., \$1,400.
 W. N. Doescher, Portland, Or., \$1,160.
 M. O'Connor, Portland, Or., \$1,250.
 Meade & Co., Spokane, Wash., \$171.
 N. Rowan, Spokane, Wash., \$400.
 H. Deutschman, Portland, Or., \$300.
 H. L. Conway, Seattle, Wash., \$200.
 A. O. Johnson, Seattle, Wash., \$500.
 Watkins & Consadine, Seattle, Wash., \$1,000.
 K. S. Johnson, Tacoma, Wash., \$100.
 G. Cornelius, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.
 W. Barter, Denver, Colo., \$600.
 Hassel & Wainer, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 W. F. Harris, Philton, Or., \$100.
 R. E. Reardon, Wheaton, Wash., \$450.
 Harns Bros, Denver, Colo., \$647.
 J. M. McAndrews, Denver, Colo., \$450.
 H. Carland, Denver, Colo., \$331.
 E. W. Pharris, Denver, Colo., \$450.
 M. Wenzlick, Seattle, Wash., \$1,245.
 R. M. Robinson, Eugene, Or., \$690.
 Lundquist & Johnson, Tacoma, Wash., \$300.
 O. N. Johnson, Sehome, Wash., \$1,500.
 T. B. Garrison, Spokane, Wash., \$175.
 M. O. Pearson, Portland, Or., \$500.
 Cornell & Fitzgerald, Spokane, Wash., \$500.
 V. Pfeiffer, Salida, Colo., \$200.
 A. C. Trussell, Salida, Colo., \$1,500.
 T. C. Adkin, Dayville, Or., \$297.
 A. & N. Reischl, Tacoma, Wash., \$390.
 J. Peterson, Denver, Colo., \$1,118.
 R. C. Vidler & Co., Denver, Colo., \$400.
 Lamboni & Mungim, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 Bonomini & Parsipomini, Denver, Colo., \$1,800.
 P. Keller, Denver, Colo., \$1,450.
 W. B. McConnell, Seattle, Wash., \$500.

C. B. Cornell, Spokane, Wash., \$500.
 H. L. Jennison, Helena, Mont., \$1,000.
 O. H. Nelson, Olympia, Wash., \$331.
 Olsen & Co., Tacoma, Wash., \$1,000.
 Fradett & Rigney, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,000.
 W. W. Treat, Portland, Or., \$1,225.
 S. Young, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,200.
 D. R. Pirmo & Co., Sehome, Wash., \$225.
 N. Roman, Spokane, Wash., \$500.
 J. H. Lawler & Co., Denver, Colo., \$400.
 S. A. Hall, Denver, Colo., \$150.
 P. Rumpf, Spokane, Wash., \$2,800.
 C. Alexander, Denver, Colo., \$400.
 Thies & Newland, Denver, Colo., \$1,500.
 Boyle & Gilbert, Leadville, Colo., \$243.
 G. L. Lucas, Athena, Or., \$350.
 R. T. Lee & Co., Centralia, Wash., \$400.

Mortgages Discharged.

B. F. Rickert, Spokane, Wash., \$—.
 D. J. Buckley, Albina, Or., \$500.
 F. Bellmer, San Francisco, Cal., \$3000.
 M. Hartman, San Francisco, Cal., \$1200.
 T. J. Walsh, San Francisco, Cal., \$1250.
 John Chibberg, Tacoma, Wash., \$—.
 H. Trapeur, Port Townsend, Wash., \$900.
 A. J. Simonsen, Oakland, Cal., \$285.
 R. J. Bayley, San Gabriel, Cal., \$—.
 M. O'Shaughnessy, San Francisco, Cal., \$1300.
 Hall & Tazewell, Portland, Or., \$1200.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

Schaefer & Stein, Pioche, Nev. Schaefer sues to dissolve.
 J. Hall, Seattle, Wash., sued \$455.
 H. H. Avery, Spokane, Wash., judgment \$530.
 R. Chisholm, Seattle, Wash., sued \$250.
 S. J. Rickard, Spokane, Wash., sued.
 Dooley & Grillo, Port Townsend, Wash., mortgage foreclosed.
 H. Lustaff, Tacoma, Wash., sued.
 M. S. Nevis, Sacramento, Cal., execution.
 Meisner & Co., Seattle, Wash., sued \$150.
 Wilson & Anderson, Seattle, Wash., sued \$600, confessed judgment \$3034.
 E. P. Gillette, Spokane, Wash., sued \$350.
 Geo. E. Kain, Seattle, Wash., judgment against him \$596.
 Wm. Moore, Snoqualmie, Wash., judgment against him \$254 and \$263.
 Hendrickson & Bays, Portland, Or., H. sues to dissolve.
 O. W. Johnson, Puyallup, Wash., lien \$293.
 J. R. Rooney, Seattle, Wash., sued \$1450.
 Geo. Kiehlmeier, Tacoma, Wash., sued \$596.
 John Cort, Seattle, Wash., sued \$124.
 E. J. Davenport, Spokane, Wash., sued foreclosure of lien \$5430.

Miscellaneous.

Geo. Simmons, San Francisco, Cal., sheriff's sale.
 J. O'Neil, San Francisco, Cal., wife filed homestead.
 G. Rikewell, Mountain Home, Idaho, moved to Caldwell.
 J. J. Salsido, San Buena Ventura, Cal., filed homestead.
 Feldman & Co., San Francisco, Cal., Sheriff's sale.
 R. Diefendorf, San Francisco, Cal., Sheriff's sale.
 W. H. Sanburn, Snnol, Cal., re-opened.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75 cents per bottle.

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BUTTERICK'S Celebrated Paper Patterns For Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Garments. Catalogues Mailed Free. Address,

H. A. DEMING,

124 POST ST - - SAN FRANCISCO

THE CHAMPAGNE TRADE.

The annual statistics furnished by the Reims Chamber of Commerce show that a large increase has taken place during the twelve months ended April 1st in the amount of trade done, the figures for the last two years evidencing that 1890-91 was ahead of its predecessor to the extent of 6,078,640 bottles. Turning to the amount of bottled stock, the falling off which we had to record last May still continues, the amount now being 60,273,995 bottles as compared with 63,796,719 bottles in 1889-90, and 75,573,232 bottles in 1888-89. An increased consumption and a decreasing stock are antagonistic facts to which our friends on the other side must give their closest attention. We annex the following figures showing the variation in trade and in bottled stock since 1860, as given by the Reims Chamber:—

Years.	Quantities in Merchants' Stocks 1st April in each Year.	Quantities exported Bottles.	Quantities cleared for Consumption in France Bottles.	Total deliveries for Export and Home Consumption Bottles.	Sales by Merchants to Mer- chants in the department.	Gross total of the trade.
	Bottles.	Bottles.	Bottles.	Bottles.	Bottles.	Bottles.
1860-61	30,235,260	8,488,223	2,697,508	11,185,731	5,415,599	16,601,330
1861-62	30,254,221	6,904,915	2,592,875	19,497,790	3,977,886	13,475,676
1862-63	23,013,189	7,937,836	2,767,371	10,705,207	4,316,249	15,021,456
1863-64	28,466,975	9,851,138	2,934,996	12,786,154	5,685,484	17,471,618
1864-65	33,298,672	9,101,441	2,801,626	11,903,067	5,429,063	17,332,730
1865-66	34,175,429	10,413,455	2,782,777	13,196,132	4,742,761	17,938,793
1866-67	37,608,716	10,283,886	3,218,543	13,502,229	7,575,430	21,077,659
1867-68	37,969,219	10,876,585	2,924,268	13,800,853	6,077,752	19,878,605
1868-69	32,490,881	12,810,194	3,104,496	15,914,630	6,462,839	22,377,529
1869-70	39,272,562	13,858,839	3,628,461	17,487,300	7,870,964	25,358,264
1870-71	30,984,003	17,544,323	1,633,941	20,598,069	3,209,489	12,387,753
1871-72	40,099,243	17,001,124	3,367,537	20,368,661	11,522,665	31,891,320
1872-73	45,329,480	18,917,779	3,464,059	22,381,838	10,381,079	32,762,917
1873-74	46,573,974	18,106,310	2,491,759	20,598,069	12,545,076	33,143,145
1874-75	52,733,674	15,318,345	3,517,182	18,835,527	8,759,809	27,595,330
1875-76	64,658,767	16,705,719	2,439,762	19,145,481	7,458,562	26,604,043
1876-77	71,398,726	15,882,964	3,127,991	19,010,955	7,714,844	26,725,799
1877-78	70,183,864	15,741,651	2,450,983	18,162,634	9,515,123	27,677,757
1878-79	65,813,194	14,844,181	2,596,356	17,440,537	7,403,757	24,844,294
1879-80	68,540,668	16,324,393	2,666,561	19,191,154	11,518,339	30,709,493
1880-81	54,505,964	18,220,980	2,399,924	20,620,904	12,332,527	32,953,431
1881-82	58,071,933	17,671,366	2,190,869	20,862,235	9,094,285	29,956,520
1882-83	57,441,254	17,642,821	2,869,231	20,512,052	9,496,951	30,009,003
1883-84	57,089,627	18,206,956	2,675,578	20,882,534	5,601,778	26,484,312
1884-85	62,268,945	18,189,256	2,822,601	21,011,857	4,706,426	25,718,181
1885-86	83,566,953	14,923,490	2,548,227	17,471,717	3,224,738	20,900,412
1886-87	82,925,678	16,223,903	2,861,174	19,084,874	3,316,144	22,401,018
1887-88	75,218,074	17,257,685	3,076,639	20,334,324	4,986,654	25,320,978
1888-89	75,573,232	18,904,469	3,653,615	22,558,084	7,116,970	29,675,054
1889-90	63,796,719	19,148,382	4,176,189	23,324,571	4,759,554	28,084,125
1890-91	60,273,995	21,669,111	4,077,083	25,776,194	8,886,571	34,165,762

NOTE.—With regard to the stock it must be borne in mind that the foregoing does not include the quantity of wine still in wood, which on April 1st was returned at 399,852 hectolitres (= some 52,780,000 bottles), as against 366,232 hectolitres (48,340,000) in 1889-90, and 193,616 hectolitres (25,557,000 bottles) in 1888-1889.

CALIFORNIA VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.**BUSINESS SUCCESS.**

you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat, and not only eat regularly; but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.



Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX and OTTO RUHLEMANN,

Viticultural Cafe and Restaurant,
 315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chase, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on instalments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

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 VINEYARD,
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 LIVERMORE VALLEY,
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California Wines and Brandies
 WHOLESALE DEALERS,
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CARROLL & CARROLL,
Wholesale Liquor Merchants.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
 OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
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 Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.
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 COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.
CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,
 Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.
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 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE
Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.
 Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.


OLIVINA VINEYARD.
 The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
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 DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
 A SPECIALTY.
 SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.
 CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER
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 VAULTS: 123-127 Eddy St.
 Under Hackmeier's Hotel,
 San Francisco, Cal.

California Wine Growers' Union
 PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
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 **LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE**
 The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.
WHITE LABEL, "CARTE BLANCHE," **BROWN LABEL, "GRAND VIN SEC,"**
 A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine.
 See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
 Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

 **Damiana Bitters.**
 The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of
 the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases.
 DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the
 best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on
 the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above
 action it is recommended in all cases of Sexual
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NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,
 Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

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NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
 30 South William Street, New York.
 — Sole Manufacturers of the —
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
 N. B.—Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless
 as Substitutes.

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These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Framiner, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00	
Port, 1886.....	4.00	
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00	
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00	
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50	
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00	
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50	
Hock, 1885.....	5.50	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00	
Frontignan.....	9.00	
Sherry.....	9.00	
Port (old).....	12.00	
Port.....	6.00	

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscate.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00	
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50	
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00	
Hock, 1885.....	3.50	
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00	
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00	
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00	
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50	
Szatmari.....	3.50	
Szegsardi Fehér-Hun Type "1885.....	4.00	
Port, 1884.....	5.00	
Sherry, 1885.....	6.00	
Sherry, 1884.....	6.00	
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84.....	4.50	
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00	
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	10.00	

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00	
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50	
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00	
St. Helena Hock '86.....	3.50	
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50	
Traminer, '82.....	5.50	
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00	
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00	
California Cognacs.....		
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00	
**Red.....	10.00	
***Green.....	12.00	

INGLENOK WINES.

F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50	
Zinfandel.....	4.50	
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50	
Burgundy type.....	5.50	
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85.....	5.50	
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50	
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00	
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00	
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	0.50	
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.		

None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION,
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.		
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
JAS. L. DAVIS Sole Agent,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Becian.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscate.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.

A. G. Chanche Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscate.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
103-102 First street, San Francisco.
Branch, 665 Market Street.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00	
Burgundy.....	3.00	
Riesling.....	3.25	
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25	
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00	
Sauterne.....	4.00	
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00	
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00	
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00	
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00	
Muscate (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50	
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00	
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00	
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50	
Pineapple wines.....	4.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00	
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00	
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00	

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.

Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California st, S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (Lt'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums per case.....	31.00	
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

Pommery Sec.....	\$54.00	\$56.00
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MACONDRAY & CO.,

First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Grand Vin Sec.....	34.00	36.00
" Brut.....	34.00	36.00
" Carte Blanche.....	34.00	36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier-Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

JAS. L. DAVIS,
SOLE AGENT.

308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry

Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY,
De Leurs Majesties Les Rois.

Briton Sec.....	30.00	30.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00	32.00

Imported Wines.


W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.	Pints.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50	
Pauillac.....	8.50	
St. Julien.....	9.00	
St. Estephe.....	9.00	
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00	
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50	
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50	
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50	
Chat. Beycheville, 1881.....	15.00	
Duerm Beaucallou, 1881.....	16.00	
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00	
Brown Cantenac, 1876.....	22.00	
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50	
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50	
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50	
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00	
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50	
" Margeux, 1874.....	29.00	

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



Main Office and Vault:
661 to 671 Third St.
San Francisco.

Branch:
417-419 MONTGOMERY ST.
San Francisco.

Winery and Distillery
Sacramento, Cal.

Eastern Branch:
42 MURRAY STREET,
New York.

H. W. CRABB,
OAKVILLE,
NAPA CO., CAL.


FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS
ALL OUR GOODS GUARANTEED PURE.

TO-KALON.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK.
VINEYARD.

JAS. L. DAVIS,
WORLD'S AGENT,
308 CALIFORNIA ST., S. F.
CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of the Age.

Yellow Label, Dry. White Label, Rich.



A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
— Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, CLARET,
ANGELICA, SAUTERNE,
ZINFANDEL, SHERRY,
HOCK, MUSCAT,
PORT, TOKAY, RIESLING,
GUTEDEL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.

Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. Wilson & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLMAN & CO.,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault,
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK.

J. DE BARTH SHORB,
President San Gabriel Wine Co.
SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

JOS. MELTZER & CO.
Growers and Dealers in
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.

(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)

Hock wines from.....\$7.50 to \$36.00

(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)

Ports and Sherries in wood,

per gallon.....\$1.75 to \$4.50

Port and Sherries in cases,

per case.....\$8.00 to \$15.00

(Maekenzie & Co., Jerez.)

Ports and Sherries in wood

from.....\$1.75 to \$4.50

H. BRUNHILD & Co.,

323 Pearl St., New York.

Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.

RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.

Chr. Motz & Co.,

ROCKWITZ & KRIEGK, Succesors, Bordeaux

Cases.

Medoc.....\$6.00

St. Julien.....6.75

Margaux.....7.00

Poniet Canet.....8.00

Ch. Latour.....13.50

Ch. Lafite.....14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.

Per Cask.

St. Julian.....\$73.00

Montferand.....85.00

St. Estephe.....115.00

Poniet Canet.....145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.

Gebruder, Eekel, Deidesheim.

1883 Laubenheimer.....\$7.30

1884 Niersteiner.....7.55

1884 Forster.....7.85

1883 Deldeseimer Kappellen-

berg.....10.09

1883 Rudesheimer.....10.50

1881 Liebfraumilch.....10.00

1881 Assmannshausen (Red).....12.00

1883 Deidesheimer Kieselberg

Zeltinger.....9.00

Scharzhofberger.....15.00

Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.

SHERRY WINES.

RIUZ MATA & Co., Jerez de la Frontera.

In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.

Bunch Grape, Good.....\$1.25

Three Diamonds, Good, full

bodied.....1.40

Four Diamonds, rich.....1.75

Manzanilla, dry and rich.....2.25

Palido, dry and aromatic.....2.50

Amontillado, pale and fine.....3.50

FULL.

Oloroso.....2.85

Oloroso.....3.60

Imperial.....4.60

Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,

Cadiz executed on favorable terms.

PORT WINES.

R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.

1/2 and 1/4 Casks.

Pure Port.....\$1.20

Pure diamond brand Port.....1.40

Three Bunches Grape.....1.70

Teneriffe.....2.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux

Clarets, per case.....\$8.00 to \$28.00

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux

Sauternes, per case.....12.00 to 26.00

C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits

Burgundies, white and

red, per case.....15.00 to 21.75

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,

Oporto, Port wines

per case.....15.00 to 20.00

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,

Oporto, Port Wines,

in wood per gal.....2.00 to 4.50

Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries

in wood per gal.....2.00 to 5.50

Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown

Brand in 1/2.....1.40 to 1.75

South Side Madeira.....2.00 to 2.50

St. Croix Rum, L. B.....5.50

Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....5.00 to 6.00

Boord & Son, London Dock

Sherry, per case.....12.00 to 15.00

G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz

Rhine Wines per case.....8.50 to 28.00

Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt

o M Rhine Wines per

case.....11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHROEDER,

210 Front street, San Francisco.

Our Favorite O K.....\$2.75 to \$3.50

Our Choice.....2.50 " 3.00

Paul Jones.....2.25 " 2.50

Star of '76.....2.00

Old Crown.....1.75 " 2.00

Old Bourbon.....1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,

410 Front street, San Francisco.

Kentucky Favorite.....\$ 3.00

Extra Kentucky favorite.....3.50

O. P. T.....2.50

O. K. Old Stock.....5.00

Harries' Old Bourbon.....2.00

Kentucky Favorite, in cases

H. O. B. jugs.....9.00

O. F. C jugs.....10.50

African Stomach Bitters, cs. 11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,

404 Front street, San Francisco.

Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls \$6.00 to \$8.00.

A A " " " " 4.00

B " " " " 3.50

C " " " " 3.00

No. 1 " " " " 2.50

Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from 3.50 to 5.00

A A in cases.....11.00

A A in 5 case lots.....10.50

A A in 10 to 25 lots.....10.00

A A in pint flint flasks 2

dozen to case.....12.00

C in cases.....8.50

C in 5 case lots.....8.25

C in 10 to 25 case lots.....8.00

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.

323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.

Phenix Old Bourbon, A L.....\$2.75

" " " " Old St'k 3.00

" " " " A L, 90 pf 2.50

" " " " OK, 100pf 3.50

" " " " Pony, Priv St'k 4.00

Club House Bourbon, Old.....4.50

Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf 2.50

Union Club " 2.25

Superior Whisky.....1.75

" BB Whisky.....1.50

Liquors—In cases.

Per Case

Phenix Bourbon OK, in 5s \$10.50

" " " " A L, " 7.50

" " " " A L, 24 pts 8.00

" " " " A L, 48 1/2 pt 9.00

Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s. 7.50

Rum Punch Extract, in 5s.. 8.00

Blackberry Brandy, in 5s.. 7.50

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN.

322 Sansome street, San Francisco.

O K Extra.....\$3.50 to \$6.00

O K Rosedale.....2.50 to 3.00

Hvain.....2.75

Golden Pearl.....2.25

Marshall.....2.25

Old Family Bourbon.....1.75

Old Bourbon.....1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.

123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

O K Goldwater.....\$ 4.00

" " " " per case.....7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

320 Market street, San Francisco

Blue Grass, spring '83.....\$2.75

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.

501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Native Pride, Old Bourbon,

(per bbl) per gallon....\$2.50

Old Rip Van Winkle.....2.50

Nevilles Old Bourbon.....1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

John Gibson's Son & Co.,

Philadelphia, Bourbon

and Rye whiskies.....\$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD.

422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon \$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,

Bontelleau & Co. man-

agers Cognac in Octaves

per gal.....\$5.00 to \$8.50

The Vineyard Proprs. Co.

Bontelleau & Co. man-

agers Reserve Vintages. 10.50 to 14.00

Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....3.75

Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks. 3.65

John Ramsay Islay Scotch

Whisky, in 1/2 casks....4 75

Boord's Pineapple brand

Jamaica Rums in 1/2

casks.....5.25 6.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

(J. DUPONT & CO.)

Cognac 1/2 and 1/4 casks, 1887.

" " " " 1883. 5.90

" " " " 1880. 6.50

" " " " 1878. 7.10

" " " " 1875. 7.80

" " " " 1870. 8.40

" " " " 1878. 9.10

" " " " 1865. 10.30

" " " " 1863. 11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Martell's Brandy, * per case \$17.00

" " " " " 19.00

" " " " " 22.00

" " " " VSO " 34.00

" " " " WSOP " 52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS

308 California Street, San Francisco.

W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac. 26.00 28.00

W. B. CHAPMAN.

123 California street, San Francisco.

(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)

Quarts.

Fine Champagne, 1870.....\$32.00

Grande Fine Champagne, 1860 36.00

Grande Fine Champagne Re-

serve, 1858.....40.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Boord & Son, London Finest

Irish Malt Whiskey....\$12.50

Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky. 12.50

John Ramsay, Islay Malt

Scotch Whisky.....13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Lone Highland.....per case \$11.50

Connagh, Irish.....11.50

Wm. Jameson & Co.....11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco-

J. de Kuiper & Sons Gin, large bot \$18.50

" " " " med. " " 10.00

Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel 15.00

" " " " per cs. 4 doz 6.00

Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique

per case.....13.50

Gilka Kummel per case.....15.00

Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case 7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Market street, San Francisco.

(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)

Old Tom Gin, per case.....11.00

C. CARPY & CO.

Proprietors
Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM

515-517 Sacramento St., - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,
18 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.

RONALD G. McMILLAN,

—Manufacturer and Dealer in—

Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,
TELEPHONE 87. WRITE FOR PRICES. San Francisco.

A. MALPAS, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDEL,
SHERRY, RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

C. HOLTUM & CO.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BRANCH, 665 MARKET ST.

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

—Established 1854.—

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

Vineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.

Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.

41-45 Broadway,
New York.

Lachman & Jacobi,

—DEALERS IN—

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No.2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,

California Champagnes,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.

Old Nonpareil Rye

Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

& Bourbon Whisky



CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

PROPRIETORS OF

Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

ANTOINE BOCQUERAZ.

JAMES SHEA.


Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of

Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

 These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

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NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 UNION CLUB BOURBON
 GOLD MEDAL BOURBON
 323-325 Market St., S. F.

MARTIN HENCKEN. HENRY SCHRODER.
Hencken & Schroder,
 — SUCCESSORS TO —
HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors.
Sole Agents for Dr. Schrader's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.
 Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

JOHN LUTGEN. H. P. WICHMAN.
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.
 Manufacturers and Proprietors of
Dr. Foerster's ALPINE Stomach Bitters.
 Old Gilt Edge Kentucky Bourbon O.K.
 Jos. Hooper's Identical Old Bourbon 1859 Louisville Ky.
 Hood & Hayward H & H Rye Whisky
 318-320 Clay St.
 Bet. Front & Battery,
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E. MARTIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
 408 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
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J. F. CUTTER AND ARGONAUT OLD BOURBONS.

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 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
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 Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne.

Hey, Grauerholz & Co.,
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WINES & LIQUORS
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
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 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
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Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.
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Thomas Taylor & Co.
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WINES AND LIQUORS
 — Sole Agents for —
Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

A. Werner & Co.,
NEW YORK.

 SPARKLING WINE **ONLY.**

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			52½		37½									
Glen Springs.....													Spr 81 290	
Greenbrier.....			65		40								Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....														
Graystone.....														
G. W. S.....	77½		65		50									
Hackly, S. O.....		65	60		42½									
Hanning, Jno.....		55	50		37½									
Harris, N.....			47½					215						
Hawkins.....			62½											
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	80	60	50											
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....			4½		37½									
Hermitage.....		90	85		65½			255		275			Spr 81 370	
Hill & Hill.....	75		50		40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.).....	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			51½	40	40			210		220			Fall 81 175	
Indian Hill.....							26							
Jessamine.....				35										
Joekey Club.....			60		40									
Kellar, A.....		57½	52½	42½	37½					225				
Kentucky Club.....			62½	52½	46½					230				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....			52½		35									
Kentucky Cyclone.....					37½									
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			55	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			52½		37½									
Limestone.....	68½													
McBrayer, J. A.....								225						
McBrayer, J. H.....			57½		42½									
McBrayer, W. H.....		95	70	70	65			282½		300			Spr 82 275	D W
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			47½	40	33½			215						
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			46½	40	37½					225			Spr 81 275	
Mattingly & Moore.....			60											
Mayfield.....			62½	47½	45									
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	70	57½	55	42½	40			215						
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50	40	35									
Monarch, M. V.....			62½		47½			225					Spr 80 325	
Monarch, R.....			65	50	47½									NYCH
Monarch, T. J.....			55		42½							250	Spr 81 300	
Moore, D. L.....					38½								Spr 81 280	
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....		60	45	42½					115	E G			Spr 81 285	Lou CH
Nall, A. G.....														
Nelson.....			50	40	37½								Spr 80 325	
New Castle.....														
New Hope.....			60	50	45								Spr 82 275	
Nutwood.....			50											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½			210						
O. F. C.....			72½	60	57½			245					Spr 84 285	
Old Charter.....			50											
Old Crow.....		100	95		72½	70				285		325	Spr 84 350	
Old Lexington Club.....										225				
Old Log Cabin.....			70		57½		50							
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			75		60			240		265			Spr 84 350	
Old Oscar Pepper.....	105		80	67½	57½			260					Spr 84 325	
Old Tarr.....													Spr 82 325	
Old Time (Pogues).....														
Old Times.....			47½	37½	35	32½							Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....														
Parkhill.....					32½									
Patterson.....			55											
Payne, P. E.....			45											
Peacock.....					45		37½			230				
Pepper, R. P.....		57	52½											
Pilgrimage.....					60	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		35									
Richwood.....		62½	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy, T. B.....		65	56	45	42½					230			Spr 81 300	LCH
Rohrer, D.....	60				35									
Rolling Fork.....			55		37½	35								

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FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

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Capital	- - -	\$30,000,000.00.
Assets in the United States	- - -	1,673,758.80.
Surplus in the United States	- - -	1,264,223.32.

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FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital	- - -	\$10,000,000.
Cash Assets in United States	- - -	714,702.11.

W. J. CALLINGHAM, General Agent,

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208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			62½		47½		42½			240				
Samuels, W. B. & Co.			55		42½									
Searcy, J. S.	82½		55		40									
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
Sharpe			55											
Shawhan														
Small Grain							35							
Smith & Smith	90		70											
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum)					37½									
Southall					45									
Sovereign			55		32½									
Split Rock				37½	35									
Spring Hill			60		50					260			Spr 81 350	
Spring Water	85		65		50									
Stone, W. S. (Old)			60	50	47½			215		225			Spr 82 285	
Sweetwood			45		35									
Tippecanoe					37½									
Taylor (Old)	92½		72½	57½	55			225						
Tea Kettle			57½	42½	37½		35							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)	75	60	57½	42½	40									
Van Arsdell			50		37½								Spr 81 300	Lou
Van Hook					35									
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)			52½		37½			215						
Walker, J. M.		55	52½											
Warwick			52½		40			215		225				
Waterfill & Frazier	90		72½	60	55	55		225						
Wathen Bros	65	57½	37½		37½					225			Spr 81 275	
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)			62½		55									
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)			67½		60									
White Mills			47½	40	35	32½								
Willow Run					32½									
Woodland			50							230		265		
Zeno			70	57½	52½	47½								

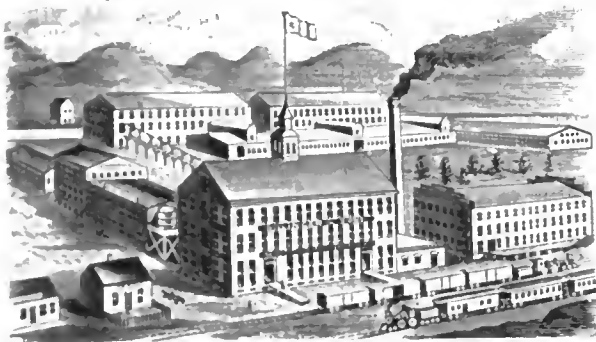
KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland			60											
Atherton					47½									
Belle of Anderson														
Belle of Louisville		57½												
Belle of Nelson														
Blue Grass		85	80	62½	57½									
Clarke's														
Criterion														
Crystal Spring														
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater			55										Fall 80 335	
Excelsior														
Franklin														
Greylock														
Greystone														
Hermitage		100	95		80	75				285				
Highland														
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)			55	50										
Lynchburg					40									
Marion Co. Distilling Co.				55										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.			50											
Melwood		65												
Miles, E. L.					47½									
Millcreek			62½		55									
Monarch, M V.				60	55					250				
Nelson		90		65										
Normandy			75	60										
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)			80							300				
Paris Club					52½									
Peacock					50		42½							
Pepper, R. P.														
Rolling Fork				60		45								
Short Horn (Dougherty's)					50									
Sovereign				55	50					250				
Sunny Side	75		62½											
Susquehanna			62½	50		47½								
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	55	50	45	40	35									
Wathen Bros.		70		60										
White Mills			52½	42½	40	37½								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.		JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington.	Pepper.
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add; Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	Rate, 85c. E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort.	Old Taylor.
BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add; S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenarrie. Jessamine. Arlington.	BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add; Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.
M. P. MATTINGLY. Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	RYES.	
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MELLWOOD DISTY CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add; A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add; Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
THE R. F. BALKE DISTY CO Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add; Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
OLD TIMES DISTY CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	NORMANDY DIST'G CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48. Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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RUFF'S DALE, WESTMORELAND CO. PA.

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EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....			87½	77½	75	67½								
Bridgeport.....	100	90	77½	60	55	50	45							
Brookdale.....	85		70		55									
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95		72½	62½	52½	45								
Dougherty.....	115		85		60	55			245					
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	105	90	82½	67½	60		52½							
Frontier.....	80	70	65	55	47½	40	35							
Gibson.....	122½	100	82½	65	60				265					
Guckenheimer.....	95	82½	75	62½	57½	52½		230	250				Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....			85	75	65		52½			335				
Jones, G. W.....	75	70	62½	55	50	40								
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....			70		57½									
Melvale.....					62½		52½							
Monticello.....	105		80								275			
Montrose.....	70	65			40									
Moore, Tom.....					55		45							
Mt. Vernon.....			87½	75	70	65	55				340			
Orient.....				50	45									
Overholt.....	112½	90	75	65	60				270	285	315		Spr 80	700
Sherywood.....	100	90	80	65	62½	55	52½							
Somerset.....			50	45	40									
Stewart.....						50								
Tompson, Sam.....				62½	52½	45								
Vandegrift.....				60	50	45								



ABRAHAM OVERHOLT,

Established 1810.

A. Overholt & Co.

Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

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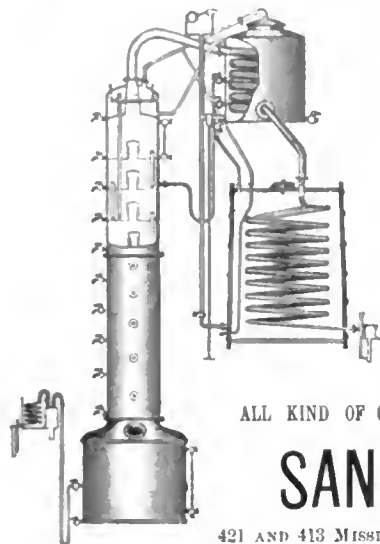
2x2--4 Feet Long, 2x2--5 Feet Long,
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This cut represents our latest *Improved Continuous Still* which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical, easily operated and separates the aldehyde and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and *reduces the cost fully ninety per cent* in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

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Manufacturer of all Descriptions
— OF —COPPER WORK,
and especially ofBrandy Apparatus, and
Newest Improved Continuous Still
Leads all others.

Brandy distilled in my CONTINUOUS STILL received this and last year, the HIGHEST market price. For PURITY and FINE FLAVOR none can equal it.

Refers to the Pacific Wine Co., San Jose; Eisen Vineyards, Fresno; Eggers Vineyard, Fresno, Fresno Vineyards, Fresno; Hill & Marshall, Laguna, Sonoma county; Co-Operative Distilling Co., St. Helena, Lay, Clark & Co., Santa Rosa; Walden & Sons Geyserville, Sonoma county, Cal. Champagne & Soda Machines manufactured.

Prices Low as Any.

This cut represents the latest improvement in continuous stills, and a glance at the construction of it in comparison with any other still manufactured, will convince any practical distiller of its immense superiority over all others. I claim the following points of superiority: 1st. The amount of heat in my still is only two per cent, thus affecting an enormous saving in steam and fuel. 2d. Distilling double amount of any other still. 3d. Facility of handling and regulating. 4th. Simplicity of construction.

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SUNSET VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Minturn, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

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1850

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Examine the advantages of its new Survivorship Dividend Plans.

No restrictions on residence, trade or occupation.

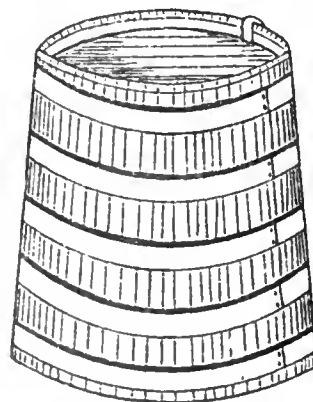
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The BELMONT, ASTOR and NUTWOOD Whiskies are stored in the latest improved bonded warehouses, with patent racks, metal roof, iron shutters and doors. Giving our personal attention to the safe handling and care of these goods, with every advantage and facility for shipping the same, we can guarantee full satisfaction in every particular to the trade. Soliciting your favors, we remain,

Very respectfully,

MOORE & SELLIGER.



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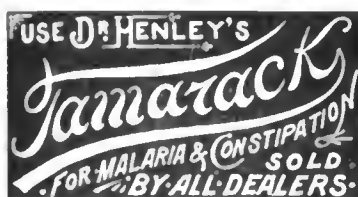
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



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The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

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MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES—The spring movement of wines to the East has been unusually large, as the statistics already published in the REVIEW will show. It would be a pleasure to report that the price has been correspondingly satisfactory, but such is not the case.

The movement of wines from the country is not as great as the producers would like to see. There is still a large stock in most of the interior cellars, much of which, must of necessity be cleared out before the next vintage. The Santa Clara vineyardists are reported to hold unusually large stocks of red wines, and Napa county has still many unsold lots.

Prices remain unchanged and no improvement is looked for inasmuch as the summer slackness is coming on.

Sweet wines are dull and nominal. There is some demand from Eastern blenders for angelicas but otherwise the situation is not promising.

Exports of wine by sea during the past fortnight were 774

cases and 398,918 gallons. Exports by rail during the month of May were 4,499 cases and 568,683 gallons. The statement of the sweet wine production during the past season will be found in another column.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—The demand for brandies is very slack and there is little chance for improvement for some time yet. Exports by sea during the past fortnight were 22 cases and 478 gallons to foreign ports and 46,936 to domestic ports. The statement of production and bonded stocks in both districts of California in May are given elsewhere. The heavy decrease in stocks is due to large withdrawals for shipment to Europe. Overland shipments in May were 188 cases and 35,044 gallons.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES—The local market is rather quiet and the summer season with attending dullness is at hand. The Eastern situation is found in a nut shell in the Taylor and Buchanan circulars, which appear elsewhere, showing that the production of the present season is above that of the corresponding period for last year. Exports of whisky during the past fortnight were 178 cases and 2,251 gallons. Receipts by rail were 50 cases, 279 barrels and 26 half barrels. Receipts of spirits were 995 barrels.

RYES—Are dull and there is little movement. Our Cincinnati correspondent notes an increase in the quotations of Eastern ryes, which is flattering to the holders of these goods.

THE CHIEF AT THE FAIR.

There has been enough trouble over the chief of the Department of Horticulture and Viticulture of the World's Fair to disgust and embitter every bona fide viticulturist and horticulturist in the State.

The row was started by M. H. DeYoung and was entirely due to politics. Not content with attempting to thrust Maxwell the nonentity, into a position he was absolutely incapable of filling, DeYoung deliberately defeated the confirmation of General Chipman, who, as every one knows, would have been satisfactory. William Forsythe, a raisin packer, who knows absolutely nothing about any other branch of viticulture and horticulture is now up for the place. We hope that he will be beaten, inasmuch as he was virtually responsible with DeYoung for the appearance of Maxwell on the scene. His confirmation will mean that Maxwell will have a soft birth in any event.

We are unqualifiedly in favor of J. DeBarth Shorb, who is more capable and better fitted for the place than any one yet named. But DeYoung dislikes him and were he to be named it is very likely that the DeYoung poison would be unsheathed.

It is an outrage on the patient public that this creature DeYoung has had so much to do with the matter already. If DeYoung is to use the Fair as a means for providing offices for his friends and incidentally filling his own pockets, the State would be much better off without an exhibit.

THE DUKE TAKES WATER ONCE.

Duke Washburne has lost his temper.

This is the usual fate of novices in the profession who get into a discussion.

He has also taken water on our challenge that the WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW has double the circulation of the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin*. At the same time he has virtually lost the side bet of a new silk tile that he would not have the nerve to publish our challenge. We hereby make a formal claim for the hat. He can send, at his option a 7½ for Mr. Wood or a 7½ for Mr. Scott, just as the fancy pleases.

We have read with considerable amusement the diatribe in the last issue of the *Bulletin*, in which the hedging act is very laboriously performed. In this connection we would offer our esteemed co-laborer the Duke, the same suggestion which the elder James Gordon Bennett once gave his editorial writer. It was this:

"Never let your opponent see that you lose your temper. Don't back him with a meat ax but flay him with a razor."

Duke Washburne like all juvenile hands, essays the meat ax. The REVIEW however still lives and continues to grow in the the *Bulletin's* field.

The article which the Duke no doubt considers the ablest effort of his short career, contains a large wad of balderdash—upon which the outrage is not guaranteed—relative to his sending canvassers all over the East in a bootless search for subscribers. These canvassers, according to his say, never saw a WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW kicking around any wholesale liquor house. This is undoubtedly true inasmuch as the REVIEW is almost invariably filed away for reference, while the few copies of the *Bulletin* our Pacific Coast canvassers have ever seen, were, we deeply regret to say, either carefully filed away in a waste basket, or else were promising candidates for that exalted position.

We have made the Duke one flattering offer on our circulation. He has seen fit to hedge on our proposition but comes back with an offer of a paltry \$100 that the REVIEW has not 750 subscribers in the East. If the Duke will increase his offer somewhat so that our California charities will receive something substantial, we will guarantee to show not 750, but more than 1,200 bona fide subscribers in the East principally among the importers and wholesale liquor dealers. The list still grows.

In conclusion we would beg to refer the Duke to George P. Rowell & Co's. American Newspaper Directory the recognized authority on newspaper circulation in the United States. This authority gives the circulation of the two papers as follows:

PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, San Francisco, exceeding 2000 Copies.

WINE AND SPIRIT BULLETIN, Louisville, exceeding 500 Copies.

Further comment is unnecessary except to say that it may be a little cruel to the *Bulletin* to publish these facts. We beg leave to remind the esteemed editor, Duke Washburne, that the old saying about children playing with edged tools should have been remembered by him.

WILL SHEAHAN EXPLAIN?

Receipts for Federal liquor licenses for northern half of Iowa, in 1889, \$149,320.14.

Receipts for Federal liquor licenses for northern half of Iowa, in 1890, \$191,172.58.

And yet we are told that Prohibition prohibits.

SOME OF OUR FRIENDS.

Although Duke Washburne of the *Bulletin* does not approve of the REVIEW and the manner in which it is conducted the same is hardly true of other Eastern publishers.

Mida's Criterion in a friendly article stated that the Duke now has an opportunity for his white alley and our \$3,000, to say nothing of a hat.

The *South West* of Cincinnati has this to say of the differences that have arisen:

The handsomest, best-edited, most readable and altogether valuable liquor trade journal on our exchange list is the PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW, published by R. M. Wood & Co., San Francisco, California. Its growth of circulation and rapid attainment to the first rank of journalism is phenomenal, speaking volumes in praise of the managers for ability, energy and enterprise. Naturally such old foggy mud-turtles and leeches on the trade as the *Louisville Bulletin* are envious of and spiteful toward this new candidate that within a year or two has jumped away in the lead, and in a recent issue intimated that the Occidental bright light claimed too much circulation. Whereupon the publisher squeals the Atherton price list thusly:

(Here follows our challenge.)

The REVIEW man is safe. If Washburne don't get a hat till he wears one so secured he will go to his grave bareheaded!

We have to thank our friends for their courtesies extended on this occasion and beg to extend them due acknowledgement.

ANOTHER SEIZURE.

George Lang, the well known wholesale merchant is in trouble. His distillery and winery at Calistoga and his establishment in this city have been seized for an infraction of the Internal Revenue laws. According to the statement of the Revenue officials they have made an excellent case against him.

Last September several boxes labelled "frames" and "grapes" were received at the Lang distillery at Calistoga. The Deputy Collector at that place had the boxes opened, and instead of "frames" and "grapes" the boxes were found to contain barrel heads taken from empty whisky and brandy barrels. The numbers for the stamps, etc., were taken by the Deputy, and the boxes were carefully closed up. A sharp watch was thereafter kept on the distillery. On May 5th one barrel of brandy came from the distillery having one of the heads sent up months before. June 1st two more barrels came from the distillery. Finally others were detected, and on the 8th the distillery was seized. A search was made in the city establishment, and the illicit brandy was found there, all identified by the tell-tale barrel heads. The case will no doubt be compromised.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for January.....	830,675	108,100
Total for February.....	954,318	44,795
Total for March.....	997,085	47,055
Total for April.....	1,295,820	45,350
Total for May.....	1,505,467	53,445
June 1.....	.....	.....
" 2.....	59,940	5,800
" 3.....	22,020	.....
" 4.....	60,760	840
" 5.....	31,400	.....
" 6.....	48,020	.....
" 8.....	36,640	680
" 9.....	18,070	1,880
" 10.....	34,650	200
" 11.....	51,080	920
" 12.....	56,140	2,030
" 13.....	51,890	.....
" 15.....	29,200	50
" 16.....	42,940	1,520
" 17.....	17,720	520

SWEET WINE PRODUCTION.

THE TIMES' OPPORTUNITY.

Fourth District of California for the Season of 1890-91—Official Figures.

The REVIEW is enabled through the kindness of Collector Byington to present complete statistics showing the production of sweet wines in the Fourth District during the past season and the brandy used in the fortification thereof. The figures follow:

OCTOBER.

	PKGS.	GALS
Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	51	7,749
Brandy used for fortification.....	21	1,024
Port produced.....		4,505

NOVEMBER.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	235	31,062
Brandy used for fortification.....	260	36,992
Port produced.....		108,512
Muscatel ".....		11,774
Angelica ".....		39,954
Malaga ".....		2,050
Sherry ".....		5,629
Tokay ".....		900

DECEMBER.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	50	5,044
Brandy used for fortification.....	547	4,839
Port produced.....		22,100

JANUARY.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	13	809
Brandy used for fortification.....	13	809
Port produced.....		3,450

FEBRUARY.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	22	5,413
Brandy used for fortification.....	20	1,009
Port produced.....		24,707
Angelica produced.....		377

MARCH.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	36	7,544
Brandy used for fortification.....	34	7,968
Port produced.....		39,420

APRIL.

Brandy withdrawn from distilleries for fortification	23	4,474
Brandy used for fortification.....	26	4,961
Port produced.....		22,348
Angelica ".....		1,286
Malaga ".....		1,198

TOTAL FOR SEASON.

Port.....	220,536
Muscatel.....	11,774
Angelica.....	41,618
Malaga.....	3,248
Sherry.....	5,629
Tokay.....	900

Total.....283,708

RECAPITULATION.

Produced in First District.....	799,564 gals.
" " Fourth District.....	283,708 "

Total sweet wine production.....1,083,272 "

KINDS OF WINE—BOTH DISTRICTS.

Port.....	663,667 gals.
Angelica.....	182,208 "
Muscatel.....	106,921 "
Malaga.....	3,248 "
Sherry.....	124,837 "
Tokay.....	2,391 "

Total.....1,083,272 "

AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

In a recent issue of the REVIEW there appeared an article on "The Whisky of the Future" which has attracted considerable attention from the trade. The article was from the *Whisky Trade Review* of Dublin Ireland and to them is due the credit for the ability displayed in the article.

The New York *Times* has joined in the general attack on California wines. Here is what that journal had to say in its issue of April 21st anent the banquet of the American Protective Tariff League in New York:

It is only the prohibitory clauses touching wines and tobacco that have any real terrors for the protectionist of a cultivated palate. It is all very well to pretend that the loaded clarets and the earthy champagnes of our native land are as good as the imported fluids of the same name, when they are offered to us by insensitive and patriotic friends. But to look forward to a public dinner moistened only by these beverages and by a native imitation of Apollinaris is an ordeal from which the experienced diner-out may not unjustifiably shrink.

This appalling prospect it may be which accounts for some extraordinary lucubrations in the list of speakers who, when flown with Zinfandel and Eclipse, are to address this remarkable assembly upon sundry blessings of protection.

The *Times* is away behind the times. For its instruction we might suggest that Zinfandel is considered by Californians at best a second-class wine and is usually rated third-class. The *Times* evidently does not recognize the merits of our wines if the French experts at the Paris Exposition did.

We make the editor of the *Times* the following offers:

One hundred dollars in cash if he will pick a California claret which we designate from five foreign clarets. All labels to be removed.

One hundred dollars in cash if he will pick Eclipse Champagne, cuvee to be selected by us, from five foreign champagnes, labels and corks to be removed.

Here is a chance for the expert on "heavily loaded clarets and Apollinaris."

MR. SHORB AGAIN ENDORSED.

The San Francisco Wine Dealers Association held a meeting on the 2nd. and after some discussion decided to endorse Hon J. De Barth Shorb for chief of the Department of Horticulture and Viticulture of the World's Fair. The following dispatch was sent to Director General Davis.

D. C. Davis, Director-General World's Fair Chicago, Ill.—We, the undersigned members of the San Francisco Wine Dealers Association, earnestly urge the appointment of J. De Barth Shorb for chief of the Horticultural and Viticultural Department under your direction. Possessing every qualification for the office he enjoys the most complete confidence and highest respect of all Californians.

Signed:

KOHLER & FROHLING,	S. LACHMAN & Co.,
B. DREYFUS & Co.,	LACHMAN & JACOBI,
KOHLER & VAN BERGEN,	C. SCHILLING & Co.,
J. GUNDLACH & Co.,	C. CARPY & Co.,
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VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.

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you have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat, and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:30 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention, and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANCKX AND OTTO RUHLEMANN,
Viticulural Cafe and Restaurant,
315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticultural Commission

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 7. Clarence M. Mann, Agent for I. De Turk.

Clarence M. Mann, the Pacific Coast representative of I. De Turk, belongs to the new school of California wine merchants, who are just beginning to make their influence felt in the business. Young, active, and with high business ability, he has already achieved a fine reputation for himself in his chosen calling. He is one of the coming class, which rejects old traditions and the time honored practices of the trade.

Mr. Mann is a young man in years, and is comparatively young in the trade as compared with many who have been in it since the memory of man runneth not to the contrary. He was born in New York thirty-one years ago, and was educated in his native city, eventually entering Trinity College, one of the best known educational institutions in the East. On leaving college, he entered upon an active business life, first in New York, and then in Chicago, in which place he secured a position with the Eisen Vineyard Company.

Eight years ago, he came to San Francisco, and for some time he was cashier and book-keeper of the company, afterwards becoming secretary, a position which he held for three years.

While with the Eisen Company, he gained a thorough insight into the sweet wine business, and then, turning his attention to dry wines, he identified himself with the old house of William T. Coleman & Co. which at one time had Mr. De Turk's agency.

While with the Coleman firm, he attracted the attention of Mr. De Turk, and when Coleman failed, Mr. De Turk decided to make Mr. Mann his Pacific coast representative.

It was just two years ago that the branch was opened at 210 Sacramento street, in one of the old frame buildings in that quarter. The facilities for handling wines were very limited, only a small stock could be carried, and everything depended upon Mr. Mann's push and enterprise to make the business a success. That he succeeded, and that too beyond the most sanguine expectations is evidenced by the recent removal of the branch to the new and infinitely better quarters at 218 Sacra-

mento street, which are in every way suited to the present requirements of the city trade.

The main floor which has an area of twenty-five by one hundred and twenty-five feet, fronts on Sacramento street and extends through to Commercial street. This floor is devoted principally to a suite of handsomely furnished and well equipped offices, and the to storage of cased goods, which are a specialty of the house. The cellar is considerably larger than the main floor, extending under an adjoining building for a distance of sixty feet. The total capacity of the place is about 75,000 gallons, which is sufficient for the ordinary requirements of the city trade. The principal stock of wine, is, of course, carried at the De Turk vaults in Santa Rosa.

Mr. Mann was married last October to Miss Hattie Gage, daughter of Mr. W. S. Gage, one of the best known citizens in San Francisco. He and his wife are prominent figures in San Francisco society, and their circle of friends is very extensive.

In person Mr. Mann is about medium height, and the photograph of him here given is a very fair one. Courteous, bright and accommodating, all business in business hours, he is winning a splendid name as one of the rising young business men of the city.

THE SANDERS STILL.

It is Highly Endorsed by George West & Son of Stockton.

Messrs. Sanders & Co., the manufacturers of brandy stills, have received the following letter concerning the merits of their continuous still:

El Pinal Vineyard, George West & Son.

Stockton, Cal., June 10th, 1891.

Messrs. Sanders & Co. GENTLEMEN—We can recommend your still with pleasure, for we value it more than ever. We can get more brandy out of wine with your still than we can out of any we have ever used. Another advantage is we find that if we have a very poor brandy we can mix it with say four or five parts water and then run it through and get a good brandy. While if the wine is good, all the brandy will be alike and all good even down to the singlings. There does not seem to be any poor stuff coming out at any time. If every distiller had your stills we should get ten cents more for our brandy.

Yours Truly,

GEO. WEST & SON.

Among the other distillers that are using the Sanders stills are the following: J. H. Wheeler, Bello Station; W. B. Bourn, St. Helena; Ewer & Atkinson, Rutherford; J. Crellin, Pleasanton; Buhaeb Producing and Manufacturing Company, Atwater; Kohler & Frohling, San Francisco; Barton Estate Company, Fresno, and many others.

A BOON TO SANTA CLARA.

The purchase of the Pacific Winery by C. Carpy & Co., which was noted in the last REVIEW, ought to be a boon for the Santa Clara grape growers. Heretofore they have had no steady market for their grapes, the combined capacity of the wineries not being sufficiently large to handle the yield. Last year large quantities of grapes were shipped to Mr. Carpy's Napa Winery from the Santa Clara Valley to say nothing of what went to the West Winery in Stockton and to other buyers. Mr. Carpy announces that he will greatly increase the facilities at the Pacific Winery assuring a steady market to all grape growers of the valley.

TRADE CIRCULAR.

From A. Overholt & Co.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 10th, 1891.

Dear Sir: We beg to call your attention to the above popular brand of pure rye whiskey and ask a comparison with any other brand of pure rye whiskey offered for sale on the market.

Our goods are stored in heated brick warehouses, and our cooperage the best that can be obtained. We ask for our goods a trial, feeling assured they will give the highest satisfaction.

A. OVERHOLT & Co.

Trade Notes.

H. W. Crabb will soon depart for the east on business.

W. H. Castner the owner of the St. Helena Wine depot is insolvent.

Frank West is expected back from Chicago in the course of a few weeks.

Felter Son & Co., the well-known Sacramento wholesale dealers have moved to this city.

Colonel Hermann Bendel writes from Germany that he is meeting with gratifying success in introducing the Natoma brandy.

Edward Walden still remains in the State supervising the shipment of brandy on the J. C. Pfluger. He expects to make about 125,000 gallons of brandy this year.

Attention is called to the announcement of Bode & Haslett which appears elsewhere, relative to their increased facilities for storing brandy.

Kolb & Denhard have introduced a specially bottled "Bonanza" to the local trade and it is meeting with a splendid reception. The firm will shortly introduce a large line of novelties.

Adolph Beek states that in spite of the general dullness of trade the special brands of Beek, Pyhr & Co. are holding up well in the market, illustrating the value of having a meritorious brand.

Grierson Oldham & Co., will soon receive another lot of Eclipse Champagne especially prepared for the English market. This cuvee Mr. Haraszthy considers as one of the finest he has ever produced.

Australian producers are pushing for recognition as champagne makers. The first effort is called the "Great Western." This is the same title as that of the Pleasant Valley Company production.

The works of the American Champagne Co., are, it is reported, soon to be removed to New York. The company has made all its efforts for trade East of the Rockies and the change if made, will be of benefit to them.

E. C. Priber will go east very shortly in the interest of the Napa Valley Wine Co. The Company has lately made very heavy shipments to New York. While in Chicago Mr. Priber will look into the World's Fair situation.

Fred Siebe, of Siebe Bros. & Plagemann, says that the sales of Belle of Bourbon are constantly on the increase. The firm handles only the bottled goods. The demand for "Rosedale" the special brand of the house keeps up steadily.

In our last number it was stated that Kohler & Frohling's dry wines were the only ones served at the American Protective League banquet at New York. This is not entirely true. Inglenook Burgundy had a proper place on the list.

Ninety barrels of wine were shipped to London to Grierson Oldham & Co., on the 13th inst., per the steamer City of Sydney. Mr. Oldham is evidently making it go in the old country. The firm had an exhibit at the recent Royal Naval Exhibit in London.

Messrs. Blandy, Brothers & Co., 16, Mark-lane, London E. C., inform us that they have been appointed sole agents in the United Kingdom for the sale of the "Big Tree" brand of Californian Wines and Brandies, the former of which they offer in bottle only.

Eugene J. Cantin one of the most active travelers in the trade is back from an Eastern trip in the interest of Arpad Haraszthy & Co. He says that while the sales of "Eclipse" Cham-

pagne are steadily growing, the dry wine trade of the house is increasing at a remarkable rate.

The ship Clan Macfarlane just in from Antwerp brought a fine lot of re-imported whiskies. The total importations aggregated 525 barrels of which 235 were for William Wolff & Co., the balance being divided into several lots. Mr. Wolff says that trade in these whiskies was never so good as now.

The re-organized firm of Carroll & Carroll ought to be an exceedingly successful one. The business ability of George Carroll is well known, and Messrs. McDonald and Graham, who are associated with him are bright young business men who have already made their mark. The REVIEW wishes them all success.

The *Australian Vigneron* wants to know how much of the wine imported into England and reported by the English trade journals as from "other countries" is California. We can answer that question. England now takes about 50,000 gallons of California wine annually, and shipments thither are rapidly growing.

Thos. Kirkpatrick, of Moore, Hunt & Co., has returned from a trip through the Northwest, in the interest of "Jesse Moore." Kirkpatrick feels lost unless he makes this trip at least once in four months, just for the sake of "Auld Lang Syne," to say nothing of the handsome increase of business that follows his incursions in Oregon and Washington.

Paul Husson, a prominent French resident, well-known in banking and mercantile circles, died at his home 2011 Webster street, recently. Mr. Husson came to America while a youth and settled in New Orleans. Subsequently he came to this State and engaged in the sheep-raising business, which yielded him a fortune. He was a heavy dealer in wines. He was 61 years of age and leaves a family.

Mr. S. Glaser the energetic Coast representative of H. Brunhild & Co., of New York, has moved his office from 414 Front street to 217 Front street, the new quarters being in every way more desirable. Mr. Glaser has returned from an extended business trip, travelling all the way from El Paso to the British Columbia line and the trip was the most successful he has yet made. Business is reported as booming both by him and the parent house in New York.

The Chamber of Commerce banquet was marked by the liberal policy forced upon the Harrison banquet committee. Only California dry wines were served, and California champagne had a place of honor. The dry wines were Napa Valley Wine Co's Hock, Wetmore's Haut Sauterne Souvenir, Inglenook Sauterne, Inglenook Burgundy, Napa Valley Wine Co's claret, M. M. Estee's Hedgeside claret. It is needless to add that Eclipse champagne of Messrs Arpad Haraszthy & Co., was there.

Captain Harry Hunt, of Moore Hunt & Co., in the opinion of all horsemen now sports the finest team of steppers in the Park. Both are bays and are by Brigadier 2:21. They can come very near to 2:35 on the speed track in the Park and many an ambitious driver has had dust thrown in his eyes by the turn-out. It is understood that Captain Hunt will shortly issue a challenge to any member of the trade, driving single or double. Arpad Haraszthy preferred. Stakes, one case of champagne.

Mr. Frank A. West, of the firm of George West & Son, owners of the El Pinal Vineyard, at Stockton, Cal., was in New York during the fortnight visiting their representatives in this market, the Sonoma Wine and Brandy Co. Mr. West is in the East in the interest of the Sweet Wine Makers Association and the Viticultural Commission of California, to confer with the Internal Revenue Department about the regulations governing the Sweet Wine Law. Mr. West found the Commissioner very kindly disposed, and the growers will be allowed the most liberal interpretation of the law.—*Bonfort's*.

We take pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of a copy of "Descriptive Account of the Wine Industry of Italy," from the translator Guido Rossati. In the book Italy is divided into twelve sections. In each section all the characteristics of that region are given, together with a short history of the wine industry peculiar to that portion of the country; kinds of wine produced, the quantity, and a list of the principal owners and growers. It also contains a map of Italy, marked in such a manner as to indicate the kind of wine produced at certain places. At the end is a table showing the quantity of wine exported to other countries each year since 1861. The work is of a convenient size, well gotten up and will be found to contain much valuable and interesting matter.

In the Democratic primary to-day, by secret ballot, Hon. E. H. Taylor, Jr., late Mayor of Frankfort and well-known distiller, won the nomination for Representative from this county in the next General Assembly over Col. Thomas W. Scott, a well-known farmer, who once represented the county in the Legislature. The vote in the city for Mr. Taylor is so large it is known that it can not be overcome by the vote in the county precincts that Mr. Scott will receive. The nomination insures Mr. Taylor's election unless the Farmers' Alliance takes a hand in the contest and knocks out the Democratic majority that has heretofore been given the nominee of the party. The Alliance is variously estimated at between 1,200 and 1,800 members of the county, but as Mr. Scott, though a member of the Alliance, is a rock-bed Democrat of the old school, it is not apprehended that he will encourage his Alliance friends in any movement they may desire to take to make a separate nomination. With Mr. Taylor as the member of the lower house and Judge William Lindsay as a hold-over Senator, the interests of Franklin county and especially the city of Frankfort in the matter of an appropriation for the State Capital buildings are not likely to suffer from want of attention or ability.—*Frankfort Dispatch in Louisville Courier-Journal, May 31, '91.*

No firm in Kentucky enjoys the Confidence and respect of the trade for integrity and responsibility in a higher degree than that of W. S. Hume & Co., of Silver Creek. Their facilities for making a high grade of bourbon and rye whisky, equal to any made in the State, are well recognized and conceded, and their brands are, therefore, constantly growing in favor and with each year extending the area of their distribution. "Hume" is a strictly sour mash whisky and the fermentation, in the point of hours, is identical with that of the hand made process in small tubs, many distillers claiming that greater uniformity of quality can be attained by the mash being broken in large tubs by steam power, than by the old process of mashing by hand in small tubs. Messrs. Hume & Co., are extra careful in the selection of their grain and malt, buying none but the best. Mr. E. B. Hume is a practical distiller of many years' experience and leaves no point undeveloped toward the production of the best grades of bourbon and rye. One secret in the results attained is due to the large percentage of small grain they use. Their warehouses are complete in every detail and so safe and substantial that their insurance is the lowest in the State—85 cents per \$100. The cooperage is unexcelled. The water is also the finest, being from the famous Silver Creek. They guarantee "outs" in accordance with the Carlisle bill, and ship promptly f. o. b. In the interests of their patrons they closed their distillery on the 5th inst., making 2,000 barrels less than in '90. The popularity of their "Hume Rye" has grown so rapidly and especially in the East, they have been compelled to make each year, for some time past, a double quantity, and have failed, so far, to supply the demand. With such a record of merit as to quality and their manner of conducting business, there can be nothing but success in the future for the firm and their patrons.—*Criterion.*

A few years ago the suggestion that anyone could have stepped into and filled the shoes of shrewd and successful Geo.

W. Swearingen, at that time the President of the Mellwood Distillery Co., would have been treated as idle, indeed as impossible. As a distiller of fine whisky Mr. Swearingen had, by quietly following a well defined, conservative and most logically conceived policy, attained a position so impregnable that his name became a synonym for a successful distiller, and the few expressions that he could be persuaded to give utterance to were at all times prized by distiller and dealer as worthy of their attention. But the time came that Mr. Swearingen, grown rich and ambitious to give his talents play in other fields of endeavor, desired to leave the business of manufacturer and enter upon the career of a banker. In time he discovered on whom to cast his mantle, in R. F. Balke, son of the great billiard table manufacturer, and brother-in-law of that prince of good fellows, the universally popular Jake Schmidlapp, of Cincinnati. Fortunately Mr. Balke was young, open to suggestions, quick to see and appreciate, steadfast in his devotion to the teachings of experience, conservative and executive. Seeing at once the wisdom of Mr. Swearingen's line of policy he adopted it bodily without once consulting vanity. The result is that the transition from Geo. W. Swearingen President to R. F. Balke President was accomplished without so much as weakening the faith of one holder of the Mellwood brands. Mr. Balke is about thirty years of age, although he looks, speaks and acts like a man of forty. He is sociable in his nature, attentive as a listener, slow to anger, broad and public-spirited, careful of the minutest details, slow to change from a beaten path, modest and retiring by nature. His offices are handsomely fitted up, and he denies himself none of the comforts of life. In a word, he is a healthy man with a healthy mind, a healthy business, and his brands are, in consequence, in a healthy condition.—*Bonforts.*

A QUESTION OF POLICY.

Our rural friends who own the *St. Helena Star* are the next gentlemen to intimate that they could conduct the WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW in a more satisfactory manner than we can. The *Star* editorial writer takes his cue from Washburne of the *Wine and Spirit Bulletin* and the principal cause of his complaint is that we refrain from taking sides in what is supposed to be the eternal enmity between the wine makers and the wine merchants.

It has been our fixed policy, and always will be, not to be mixed up in any contests such as have occurred in the past. It is our aim to make the Review the exponent of the entire industry and not of any part of it. We think that the wisdom of this course has been fully endorsed by the leading producers as well as the wine merchants. If the *St. Helena Star* doubts it, we might suggest to the owners that we probably have as many staunch supporters in the Napa Valley as they have.

The *Star* goes on the assumption that there must of necessity be a perpetual clash and dispute between the two classes. We fail to see why, any more than that there should be constant trouble between buyers and sellers in any line of trade. Individual dispute and disagreements there may be, but we should despair if we thought that hot-heads, such as the *Star* men, would again precipitate the open ill feeling of three, four and five years ago. It is to the interest of neither producer nor merchant that the trouble should be unending.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.
19 Hudson Street

New York.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLO, May 30, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS	VALUE.
P L, Vancouver.....	Walters Bros & Co.....	2 hf-barrels.....	55	\$ 75
R M, ".....	".....	3 kegs.....	25	30
A G B V, Victoria.....	E G Lyons & Co.....	2 barrels.....	96	49
F & Co, ".....	J Gundlach & Co.....	2 barrels.....	95	47
J M, ".....	Bach Meese & Co.....	1 half-barrel.....	27	34
D in dia'd, Vancouver.....	".....	1 barrel.....	48	72
A & M, ".....	".....	1 hf barrel.....	27	41
U in dia'd, ".....	".....	2 barrels.....	96	48
E de H, ".....	J Julien & Co.....	1 barrel 1 hf-bbl..	64	23
Total amount.....			533	\$419

TO NEW YORK—PER SHIP E. B. SUTTON, June 3, 1891.

Mind'd D McG & Co.....	Sunset T & S Co.....	60 barrels.....	3,060	\$ 1,530
E B & J.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	250 barrels.....	12,547	6,273
J P.....	Berges & Domeniconi.....	100 barrels.....	4,794	2,397
H B & Sons.....	G Migliavacca.....	100 barrels.....	5,084	2,542
F O B & Co in dia'd.....	L T Snow.....	50 barrels.....	2,468	1,234
Various.....	".....	9 cases.....		45
S & Co, Boston.....	".....	2 barrels.....	100	50
N in diamond.....	Napa Valley Wine Co.....	25 barrels.....	1,232	641
M in diamond.....	Marshall Spellman & Co.....	300 barrels.....	14,947	7,474
S L & Co.....	S Lachman & Co.....	750 barrels.....	37,552	18,776
S in star.....	Chas Stern & Son.....	32 puncheons.....	4,977	2,488
L in diamond Bros.....	M J Netter.....	325 puncheons.....	55,258	27,629
L G.....	Italian Swiss Colony.....	251 packages.....	11,469	5,735
B D & Co.....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	635 barrels.....	31,228	15,614
N I in diamond.....	Kohler & Van Bergen.....	800 barrels.....	40,354	20,177
C in diamond.....	C Carpy & Co.....	1034 barrels.....	51,500	25,750
K & F.....	Kohler & Frohling.....	250 barrels.....	14,000	7,000
Total amount 9 cases, etc.....			280,620	\$145,358

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER ZEALANDIA, June 2, 1891.

R F T.....	Cal Transfer Co.....	2 hf-barrels.....	61	\$ 23
G M & Co.....	Inglenook Vineyard.....	28 cases.....		100
W S L.....	S Lachman & Co.....	10 barrels.....	497	375
Total amount 28 cases and.....			566	\$498

TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER COLIMA, June 3, 1891.

N in diamond.....	Napa Valley Wine Co.....	200 barrels.....	10,284	\$ 2,036
J K, Brooklyn.....	A Erz.....	22 barrels.....	1,145	454
B B.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	10 barrels.....	515	190
F B & Co.....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	50 barrels.....	2,496	850
".....	P M S S Co.....	50 barrels.....	2,405	920
MF & Co, Philadelphia.....	Overland F T Co.....	53 cases.....		212
J W J.....	Cal Transfer Co.....	1 barrel.....	50	40
G.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	53 barrels.....	2,510	1,004
C & H, Brooklyn.....	".....	50 barrels.....	2,520	756
Various.....	Miscellaneous.....	200 bbls 10 octaves	10,064	2,875
—Philadelphia.....	".....	1 octave.....	26	25
A S.....	Cal Wine Growers Union	115 barrels.....	5,777	1,922
".....	".....	10 half-barrels.....	279	166
C G.....	A Greenbaum & Co.....	5 barrels.....	247	62
S L & Co.....	S Lachman & Co.....	250 barrels.....	12,438	5,000
Total amount 53 cases and.....			50,756	\$16,512

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER COLIMA, June 3, 1891.

J M, Mazatlan.....	W Loiza.....	1 barrel.....		
".....	".....	7 kegs.....	113	\$ 77
A P, ".....	Thannhauser & Co.....	1 cask.....	51	53
Total amount.....			164	\$130

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER COLIMA, June 3, 1891.

T, Champerico.....	E de Sabia & Co.....	2 kegs.....	23	\$ 22
G L & Co, S J de Guat.....	Goldtree Bros.....	2 barrels.....	100	150
E A C, Ocos.....	E L G Steele & Co.....	4 cases.....		30
E M, Acapulco.....	John T Wright.....	4 kegs.....	48	33
C D, La Libertad.....	".....	2 cases.....		7
E P & Co, Corinto.....	Cabrera Roma & Co.....	1 barrel.....	33	22
D D H, ".....	".....	4 barrels.....	201	138
S G Co, ".....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	1 hf-barrel 5 kegs.....	82	75
".....	".....	12 cases.....		60
N V, ".....	".....	13 cases.....		67
J M L, Champerico.....	".....	10 kegs.....	100	115
R Y B, Corinto.....	".....	3 barrels 3 hf-bbls.....	234	185
S M B, ".....	".....	15 kegs.....	75	77
A P & Co, Managua.....	".....	18 hf-barrels.....	483	370
S C H & Co, Corinto.....	".....	1 bbl 3 hf-bbls.....		
".....	".....	4 kegs.....	194	150
".....	".....	25 cases.....		135
J A R & Co, ".....	".....	5 hf-barrels.....	127	125
I C & H, ".....	".....	42 kegs.....	420	360
".....	".....	6 cases.....		30
F L C, ".....	".....	11 hf-barrels.....	291	290
G L, ".....	".....	42 cases.....		200
P & A, ".....	".....	59 cases.....		365
F A, Leon.....	".....	19 cases.....		100
P G & Co, Corinto.....	".....	3 barrels 3 kegs.....	199	180
L L & Co, ".....	".....	14 kegs.....	105	105
".....	".....	2 cases.....		10
Re H, San J de Guat.....	Bloom Barnet & Co.....	40 cases.....		112
S S, Leon.....	Kohler & Frohling.....	2 barrel.....	101	70
G S, Corinto.....	".....	2 hf-barrels 1 keg.....	64	53
".....	".....	2 cases.....		8
J S I & Co, Champerico.....	Beek Pyhrr & Co.....	1 hf-barrel.....	25	25
".....	".....	46 cases.....		200
N V, Corinto.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	1 keg.....	10	7
".....	".....	10 cases.....		38
H G B, Acapulco.....	".....	1 keg.....	20	14
A G M, San J de Guat.....	".....	25 cases.....		97
—Managua.....	Miscellaneous.....	8 octaves 8 kegs.....	297	240
W Von L, Corinto.....	A Greenbaum & Co.....	2 barrels.....	95	83
".....	".....	6 octaves.....	91	79
T & B, Granada.....	Italian Swiss Colony.....	10 hf-barrels.....	270	135
Total amount 307 cases and.....			3,688	\$4,492

TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 13, 1891.

A S in diamond.....	L T Snow.....	90 barrels.....	4,320	\$820
J G G, Pawtucket, R I.....	Lenormand Bros.....	2 hf-barrels.....	46	24
K & F.....	Kohler & Frohling.....	9 puncheons.....	1,415	849
Various.....	Miscellaneous.....	250 barrels.....	12,373	3,900
R in diamond.....	P M S S Co.....	3 cases.....		13
F A.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	25 barrels.....	1,287	296
H S, West Hoboken.....	".....	25 barrels.....	1,285	295
S in star.....	J Gundlach & Co.....	16 puncheons.....	2,598	779
G.....	".....	175 barrels.....	8,484	3,498
P in diamond.....	B Frapoli.....	15 barrels.....	719	256
S in diamond.....	".....	25 barrels.....	1,200	362
Z B.....	".....	25 barrels.....	1,200	390
A G.....	Overland Freight T Co.....	4 cases.....		20
F in diamond.....	".....	30 barrels.....	1,494	747
B in diamond.....	".....	12 barrels.....	595	238
F M, Providence.....	Dresel & Co.....	3 barrels.....	158	85
N in diamond.....	Napa Valley Wine Co.....	100 barrels.....	5,160	1,032
H B & Co.....	Jos Melezer & Co.....	25 barrels.....	1,199	360
Total amount 7 cases and.....			45,542	\$13,964

TO HONOLULU—PER BRIG W. G. IRWIN, June 4, 1891.

W C P.....	B Dreyfus & Co.....	15 hf-barrels.....		
".....	".....	475 kegs.....	3,504	\$2,600
H W S & S.....	Ruther & Bendixen.....	25 kegs.....	125	83
".....	".....	19 cases.....		27
Total amount 10 cases and.....			3,629	\$2,715

TO CHINA AND JAPAN—PER STEAMER OCEANIC, June 13th.

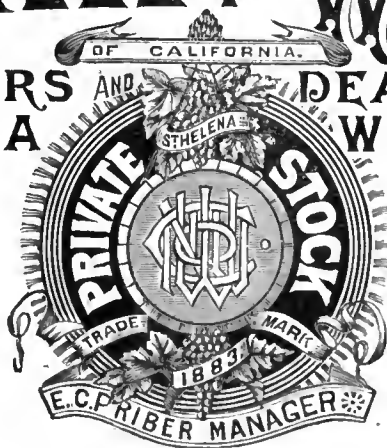
Lindi'd Co Yokoh'ma.....	Langfeldt & Co (Ltd.).....	10 barrels.....	513	\$123
D R, Foochow.....	Lachman & Jacobi.....	1 barrel.....	51	25
M Bros & Co Yokoh'ma.....	Macondray Bros & Co.....	62 cases.....		209
Horseshoe, Shanghai.....	S Foster & Co.....	8 casks.....	500	300
Total amount 62 cases and.....			1,094	\$657

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN
PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS

TO CENTRAL AMERICA PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 13, 1891.

C H, San Juan del Sur	Horace Daus & Co.	141-bbarrels.	108	\$ 86
M A, Champerico	Oliver & Co.	5 kegs	30	35
E P & Co, Corinto.	J Gundlach & Co.	2 hf-barrels.	70	26
		1 case	5	5
D M, San Juan del Sur	F Meeks	12 kegs	120	113
F P, Corinto.		1 hf-barrel 1 keg	41	30
J L A, San J de Guat	M Armer	10 cases	115	35
R H S, Amapala.	Sperry & Co.	10 kegs	120	115
F M, San J de Guat	Castle Bros	26 cases	70	70
C B, La Libertad		21 cases	70	70
J H R, San J de Guat	Urruela & Urioste	14 cases	62	62
F M & Co, La Libertad	B Dreyfus & Co.	25 kegs	250	230
		20 cases	100	100
J D, "		8 barrels 2 kegs	146	475
R S S, "		13 barrels 1 keg	685	595
B N C L, Coyutepeque		10 kegs	200	230
		2 cases	10	10
N A, La Libertad		8 kegs	123	170
		63 cases	250	250
C E, "		5 hf-barrels 7 kegs	204	275
J R C, Amapala.		4 hf-barrels	105	100
		15 cases	195	195
P A, "		11 barrels	291	240
		36 cases	195	195
Total amount 241 cases and			2,776	\$3,710

TO MEXICO PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 13, 1891.

O E, Guadalajara	Napa Valley Wine Co.	8 kegs	160	\$ 98
H S in d'd, Acapulco	J O Meyerink	16 cases	25	60
H S, "		1 hf-barrel	27	30
T M, San Blas		4 kegs	60	50
C O G, Mazatlan	L F Lastreto	1 keg	10	15
— Manzanillo	W Loanza	1 hf-cask	30	13
M & V B, San Blas	J Gundlach & Co.	6 kegs	122	95
K & V B, Salina Cruz	Kohler & Van Bergen	25 kegs	250	190
Z, San Blas	Thannhauser & Co.	10 kegs	200	206
O O & Co, Manzanillo		1 hf-barrel	27	23
F G V, San Blas	W Loanza	2 casks	32	24
E M O, "		2 casks	124	62
K, Salina Cruz		40 cases	308	308
J V, Mazatlan		4 casks	248	137
F M, "		1 cask	54	33
T E C, "		1 cask	62	44
Total amount 56 cases and			1,406	\$1,388

TO CHINA AND JAPAN PER STEAMER CITY OF PEKING, June 2, 1891.

Rev V, Shanghai	P M S S Co.	1 barrel	50	\$ 25
" R G, "		1 barrel	50	25
" C G, "		3 kegs	40	25
" P, "		2 kegs	25	15
" R R, "		1 keg	10	5
S in diamond, Tokio	A C Michals & Co.	6 barrels	297	79
Total amount			472	\$174

TO SOUTH AMERICA PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 13, 1891.

L O, Buena Ventura	J Gundlach & Co.	10 kegs	150	\$85
Total amount			150	\$85

TO LONDON PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 13, 1891.

G O & Co.	City Transfer Co.	90 barrels	5,637	\$2,254
Total amount			5,637	\$2,254

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From June 1st to June 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
E B Sutton	A V Co New York	Henry Bolle	50 pkgs	1,745	\$3,490
"	SW & B Co	Sierra Vista V Co.	110 pkgs	3,851	7,702
"	S L & Co	J Dowdell	118 pkgs	3,540	7,080
"	S in Star	Chas Stern & Sons	60 barrels	2,954	5,908
"	M K	Vina Distillery	550 pkgs	19,838	39,676
"	K & F	Natoma V Co.	120 pkgs	3,783	7,566
Collima	B D & Co	B Dreyfus & Co.	25 kegs	225	470
Total amount			36 936	\$71,892	

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From June 1st to June 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Walla Walla	S D Victoria	Wolters Bros & Co.	3 hf-barrels	83	\$ 87
Planter	Honolulu	Miscellaneous	50 octaves	819	600
			100 kegs	750	615
City of Puebla	A C Vancouver	B Frapolli	1 barrel	51	10
"	A M Toronto	F Cavaganaro	2 hf-barrels	54	21
"	M E & B Victoria	Kohler & Frohling	2 barrels	101	40
"	"	"	1 hf-barrel	27	13
"	"	Cal Transfer Co.	1 case	1	0
Total amount 1 case and				1,885	\$1,392

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From June 1st to June 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Zealandia	GWM & Collon lu	Inglenook Vineyard	3 cases		\$ 25
Colima	S Go C Corinto	B Dreyfus	1 keg	5	30
"	N V	"	1 pkge	3	8
"	S M B	"	1 keg	5	7
"	S C H & Co	"	1 barrel		
"	"	"	1 hf barrel	85	225
"	"	"	1 keg		
"	I C & H	"	6 cases		60
"	F Z C	"	1 hf barrel	23	60
"	P & A	"	3 cases		45
"	L L & Co	"	1 hf barrel	24	85
"	A C D Acacutla	Wilmerding & Co.	5 barrels	186	511
"	J St & Co Champeo	Beck, Pyhrr	2 cases		25
"	H G B Acacutla	J Gundlach & Co.	1 hf barrel	27	34
"	A G M San J de Guat	"	4 hf barrels	105	147
City of Sydney	J H O	Castle Bros	2 cases		76
"	C E La Libertad	B Dreyfus & Co.	1 keg	5	30
"	J R C Amapala	"	6 cases		75
"	P A	"	1 keg	10	25
Total amount 22 cases and				478	\$1,468

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From June 1st to June 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
City of Pueblo	P L Vancouver	Wolters Bros & Co.	1 case		\$ 7
"	I C D	"	5 cases		32
Zealandia	GWM & Co, Hono	L S Haas	50 cases		350
"	W S L, Honolulu	A Fenkhausen & Co	22 cases		152
"	GWM & Co, Hono	Spruance S & Co.	45 cases		362
"	G in dia'd	D M Gedde	10 cases		62
Colima	E A C Ocos	E L G Steele & Co.	3 cases		42
"	J J P Acacutla	John T Wright	1 keg	10	50
"	S V	"	2 kegs	20	100
"	C D, La Libertad	"	1 keg	10	50
"	Re H San J de Guat	Bloom Baurel & Co	26 cases		169
"	A C D, Acacutla	Wilmerding & Co.	6 barrels	259	778
"	J St & Co Champeo	Beck Pyhrr & Co.	3 barrels	150	150
"	N V, Corinto	J Gundlach & Co.	1 case		8
"	— Corinto	"	2 barrels	64	84
W G Irwin	W C P, Honolulu	C W Craig	25 barrels	1,052	716
"	"	B Dreyfus & Co.	2 cases		
"	"	Wm Wolff & Co.	20 barrels	666	1,342
Walla Walla	A S, Victoria	Wolters Bros & Co	2 cases		13
"	A D	"	1 case		8
"	H C	"	5 cases		35
City of Sydney	J E Amapala	John T Wright	10 cases		100
"	R Z, Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	1 keg	10	36
"	E P & Co, Corinto	J Gundlach & Co.	1 case		9
"	Z, San Blas	Thannhauser & Co.	2 cases		15
"	R H, San Benito	"	4 cases		35
"	BNCL, La Libertad	B Dreyfus & Co.	1 keg	10	60
Total amount 187 cases and				2,251	\$4,765

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAONE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORGAN BROS, PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXONS' DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Sauternes,
HOCK WINES, from Memra. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth,

Re-imported American Whiskies

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PABST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC,
THEO. LAPPE'S GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,
'86 Belmont, '86 T J Monarch, '83 Bluegrass, '85 Ripy, '86 T J Atherton and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From June 1st to June 15th, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE
City of Pueblo.	P L Vancouver.	Wolters Bros & Co	1 cs B B Brandy	\$ 7
"	"	"	1 cs Bitters	8
Zelandia.	GWM & Co, Hono.	L S Hass	5 bbls Gin.	146
"	W S L, Honolulu	A Fenkhausen & Co.	3 cs Liquors.	22
Colima.	GL & Co, Acapulco	Goldtree Bros.	2 bbls Liquors.	165
"	E A C, Ocosingo	E L G Steele & Co.	1 bbl Ginger Ale	17
"	G R, La Libertad	B Dreyfus & Co.	5 cs Ginger Ale.	40
"	MZ & Co Mazatlan	Redington & Co.	2 cs Bitters	16
Walla Walla.	S D, Victoria.	Wolters Bros & Co.	2 cs B B Brandy	14
"	"	"	2 cs Bitters	15
City of Sydney.	Salina Cruz.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	4 bbls Ginger Ale	210
City of Pueblo.	H B Co, Victoria	Arpad Haraszthy & Co	1 cask Grenadine	40
"	"	"	5 cs Bitters	52
"	W E & B	Herrman & Co.	1 kg Cherry Juice	15
Total amount 21 cases, etc.				\$767

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER CITY OF SYDNEY, June 2, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEES.
"	1 half-barrel Whisky.	Evemack Bros.
"	1 barrel Whisky.	J Taenwater.
"	1 barrel Whisky.	D Mahew.
"	1 barrel Whisky.	A Mana.
"	5 barrels Whisky.	Roger Carroll.

FROM EUROPE.

J Dupont & Co. 50 cases Brandy. L Taussig.

FROM NEW YORK—PER SHIP JOSEPH S. SPINNEY, June 15, 1891.

Jesse Moore & Co	1 barrel Whisky.	C A Worth.
J H Girvin.	67 pkg	Order [marked G in dia'd].
H Webster & Co.	10 barrels	Spruance, Stanley & Co.
Jesse Moore & Co.	62 barrels	Moore, Hunt & Co
Alvin Wood & Co.	3 barrels	Occidental Hotel.
J. A Burke.	1 barrel	Peter Larsen.
"	1 barrel	G F Harton.
W K Freeman.	3 barrels	A Laugenberger.
"	3 barrels	P J Engbee.
"	2 barrels	C C Fife.
"	2 barrels	C A Stewart.
"	2 barrel	W H Finival.
"	1 barrel	H Witts.
"	1 barrel	Rathjen Bros.
"	1 barrel	Leverdin Bros.
"	1 barrel	H H Roessler.
"	1 barrel	John Ehler.
"	1 barrel	G H Sprecher.
"	1 barrel	A Luparina.
"	1 barrel	Frank Hill.
"	1 barrel	Thos Brown.
"	1 barrel	David Humphrey.

FROM SYDNEY—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA June 11, 1891.

Donald Mauson & Co. 5 quarter casks Whisky. Jones, Mundy & Co.

FROM HAMBURG—PER BRITISH SHIP CLAN MACFARLANE, June 15, 1891.

Daniel Visser Zoonen.	5 quarters Geneva.	Lillenthal & Co
"	20 octaves Geneva.	"
"	15 cases Red Geneva.	"
Deinhard & Co.	20 cases Wine.	Wm Wolff & Co.
Hugo Reinhold & Co.	100 cases Gilka.	"
"	136 cases Mineral Water.	Order [marked R & C].
W Leiching.	132 cases Mineral Water.	Braunschweiger & Co
Wm Foerster & Co.	235 barrels Whisky.	Wm Wolff & Co.
C A Caesar & Co.	140 barrels Whisky.	Order [marked C F & Co].
T F S Bachman.	100 barrels Whisky.	Loewe Bros.
"	50 barrels Whisky.	Braunschweiger & Co
Blankenheym & Nolet.	5 octaves Geneva.	A Fenkhausen & Co.
G Preller & Co.	6 hds Wine.	Engene Thomas & Co
Blankenheym & Nolet.	25 octaves Geneva.	Jos Meizer & Co.
"	15 cases Geneva.	"

IMPORTS BY RAIL IN BOND.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEE.
Southern Pacific Co.	1 cask Prune Juice.	Order.
"	4 barrels Wine.	Pascal Dubedat & Co.
S V Fornaris & Co.	200 cases Champagne.	Chas Meinecke & Co.
"	130 baskets Champagne.	"
"	100 cases Wine.	Siebe Bros & Plagemann.
"	30 cases Gin.	Sherwood & Sherwood.

WHISKY AND SPIRIT IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	WHISKY			SPIRITS		
	Case	Barrels	1/2 bbl	1/2 bbl	Barrels	MISCELLANEOUS
C W Craig.		60			365	
Lillenthal & Co.					360	
Jones Mundy & Co.					270	Bdy 60 1/2 bbl 50 kg
Cook, Bernheimer & Co		40	25			
W J Sullivan.	25	2				
Heneken & Schroder.		10				
J F Bowman & Co.		160				
Sherwood & Sherwood						Gin 5 bbls 131 kgs
A Vignier.						Rum 10 bbl
J AlLinauer.		3	1			
Heathcote, Dexter & Co	25					
J L Nickel.		3				
W M Kent		1				
Total.	50	279	26		995	

BEER IMPORTS BY RAIL, S. P. CO.

CONSIGNEES	BOTTLED.				BULK.		
	Case	Cask	Barrels	Box	Barrels	1/2 bbl	1/4 bbl
Jones Mundy & Co.		429					
Sherwood & Sherwood		90				124	184
J J Beck.	118						
W Bogen.							200
A D Peterson, Oakland						60	186
Total.	118	529				184	570

BRANDY PRODUCT

FOURTH DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA.

[OFFICIAL FIGURES.]

MAY, 1891.

Produced and bonded.	39,389 tax gallons
Transferred from distillery to special bonded warehouses in First District, California.	8,588 "
" " " " " " in Eastern Districts.	2,850 "
" " special bonded warehouse to special bonded warehouse First District, California.	5,500 "
" " " " " " Eastern District.	29,012 "
Exported	17,997 "
Tax-paid.	16,920 "
Remaining in special bonded warehouses May 31, '91	610,309 "

FIRST DISTRICT FOR APRIL, '91.

Produced and bonded.	16,477 Gallons
Received from distilleries of Fourth District of California.	12,455 "
" " warehouses of " " " "	7,030 "
Transferred from distilleries to warehouses of Fourth District of California.	8,329 "
" " warehouses to warehouses " " " "	6,129 "
" " " " " in Eastern Districts	24,849 "
Withdrawn tax-paid.	23,050 "
" for export.	65,288 "
Remaining in bond in May 31, 1891.	681,047 "
" in Fourth District May 31st.	610,309 "
Total	1,291,356 "
Remaining in bond in both districts April 30, 1891.	1,414,559 "
Decrease in May in both districts.	123,203 "

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND,

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During May, 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Brandy		Wine		FROM	Brandy		Wine	
	Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons		Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston.....	2		24	2,727	San Francisco.....	79	15,307	1,948	319,167
Providence.....				110	Oakland, 16th Street.....			34	3,363
Lowell.....				3,070	Livermore.....		217	275	8,778
Cambridgeport.....				6,319	Alameda.....				51
Other New England points.....	1		30	387	Martinez.....			1	1
Albany.....			3		San Jose.....	57	480	82	2,415
Buffalo.....			1	52	Irvington.....			160	3,767
New York.....	28	3,014	486	82,002	Warm Springs.....				36
Rochester.....	10		425	75	Menlo Park.....			110	
Other New York points.....	1	23	11	3,558	Pajaro.....				2,311
Allentown.....			2	2,505	Redwood City.....				10
Philadelphia.....			46	577	Mountain View.....			11	177
Pittsburg.....			2	2,446	Santa Clara.....			8	4,936
Other Pennsylvania points.....	1		14	638	Los Gatos.....			3	340
Baltimore.....				2,507	Santa Cruz.....		2,707	6	108
Washington.....			9	3,253	Stockton.....		46	43	44,676
Other Virginia and Maryland pts.....				70	Oakdale.....				237
New Orleans.....		180	55	213,732	Fresno.....		25	3	5,208
Other Louisiana points.....				47	Sacramento.....			437	15,673
Mobile.....		98		831	Napa.....		155	2	6,095
Other Gulf State points.....	5	302	9	1,968	Yountville.....				5,330
Dallas.....				3,324	Oakville.....		50		50,645
Galveston.....				2,470	Rutherford.....	20		450	2,342
Houston.....			103	3,607	St. Helena.....		2,109	9	8,953
Laredo.....			45	2,048	Krug.....				6,627
San Antonio.....	3	454	2	5,151	Calistoga.....			8	10
Other Texas points.....	23	362	216	2,547	Cordelia.....				2,531
Hot Springs.....	1	92		365	Vacaville.....				100
Little Rock.....				181	Woodland.....		10		20
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points.....				313	Geyserville.....				182
Memphis.....		193	3	2,102	Santa Rosa.....			151	9,385
Louisville.....		130	5	7,166	Glen Ellen.....		309	2	10,178
Other Tenn. and Ky. points.....			115	408	Healdsburg.....				177
Cincinnati.....	5	520	17	6,881	Petaluma.....				25
Cleveland.....			66	2,453	Korbels.....		47	510	3,871
Miamiburg.....			12		Sebastopol.....		20		101
Toledo.....					Sobre Vista.....				295
Other Ohio points.....	25	259	3	1,956	Yulupa.....			7	
Fort Wayne.....				53	Folsom.....				23
Indianapolis.....			3	316	Auburn.....	2			
Logansport.....				2,649	Loomis.....				37
Other Indiana points.....	4	10	2	536	Marysville.....				32
Chicago.....	3	13,330	517	85,015	Vina.....		2,405		425
Warsaw.....				2,923	Los Angeles.....	30	6,664	211	14,002
Quincy.....					San Gabriel.....		4,323	13	16,784
Other Illinois points.....	2	37	6	1,134	Anaheim.....				3,216
Detroit.....	10		586	225	Winthrop.....		23		100
Grand Rapids.....					Cucamonga.....				25
Other Michigan points.....		48	25	1,164	Alhambra.....				68
Milwaukee.....	28	616	159	16,492	Downey.....		42		2,578
Other Wisconsin points.....	3	854	333	6,953	Santa Ana.....		105		281
St. Louis.....		8,294	19	23,286	Pomona.....				5,016
Kansas City.....		971	191	11,428	Santa Paula.....				30
Other Missouri points.....		16		285	Santa Barbara.....			2	140
Dubuque.....			10	2,282	Ventura.....				10
Council Bluffs.....				2,000	Roseoe.....				7,795
Clinton.....			52	4,230	Cloverdale.....				
Other Iowa points.....		1,412	19	410	Shellyville.....				
St. Paul.....		141	219	6,337	Chico.....				
Minneapolis.....		703	11	5,322	Penryn.....				
Other Minnesota points.....			8	512	Placerville.....				
Omaha.....	11	1,369	41	6,851	S. B. Ventura.....				
Topeka.....					Camulos.....				
Other Neb. and Kans. points.....	7	349	45	1,600	Colton.....				
Dakota points.....		45	1	708	Niles.....				
Denver.....	5	437	144	12,580	Milpitas.....				
Pueblo.....	4	301	336	4,326	Glenwood.....				
Cheyenne.....					Gilroy.....				
Other Colorado points.....	3	429	56	940	Hollister.....				
Foreign.....		25	3	281	Traver.....				
Total.....	188	35,014	4,499	568,683	Total.....	188	35,044	4,499	568,683

Chicago Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHICAGO, June 10, 1891.

The old statement that there is nothing new under the sun certainly holds good at this time in the matter of liquor markets in Chicago. The heated term has been very slow in coming on, and the result is that even the retailer has only had a few days of good work. The races at the Spring meeting came while the weather was still very fine for beaver overcoats, though it was the last week in May, and the refreshment business languished accordingly.

There is no great movement of goods at this time, as most buyers are of the opinion that they will be able to stock up later on an equally as low if not lower rate. The orders that are given are, therefore, just for the requirements of the time being. They are necessarily small, and thus the trade is lagging fearfully. While it is not probable that there will be any sharp advance in prices, in the immediate future at least, yet there is a well-defined hope that before this time next year there will be better demand for goods and at much better rates.

California goods are still in the ascendency, and unless some bad blunder is made they will remain at the head of the procession from this time on. The time has come when consumers have ceased to haggle over the price, and only ask for the guarantee of the quality. The firm that will place only tiptop California wines on this market, and suffer none other to pass under its label, has only to come here and establish that fact to build up a trade that will be at once remunerative and gratifying. But the whole State of California must not move over here next week and expect to get right into a big, fat trade the week following their arrival. While the demand for California goods is increasing very satisfactorily and rapidly, it cannot be forced. If let alone it will grow into a wonderful giant with a most capacious maw, but if forced it will dwarf and lose much of the life it now possesses.

This is California's golden opportunity, and if due judgment and honesty is exercised the time is not far distant when her wines and brandies will rank with the best products of the old world. The California producer must keep in mind that the people of the east are not fools, and that they have notions of their own about things which must be catered to if their trade is secured. They can do without the California product much better than the California grower can dispense with the eastern consumer. There are two things to overcome—prejudice and competition. The former is fast disappearing, but it is a sort of cat having nine lives, and may be readily and suddenly resurrected at any time that the California goods do not keep up to grade. The latter lives forever, and must be downed in the inevitable contest as best it may be; but it must be remembered that when it is quiescent it is only back in its corner regaining its wind for another round.

That there is a great amount of California wine sold under foreign label there can be no doubt, and the worst of it is that it is not always of an inferior grade. There is only one way to successfully combat that evil, and that is to educate the people up to the fact that there are certain houses where the pure goods may be had and that nothing but first-class goods are to be had for love or money from that place. It will soon be that the people who want the best of goods, and they are about the only consumers of wine, in homes especially, will go at once to those places where they are sure they will not be swindled.

Mr. H. W. Crabb will visit Chicago very shortly and will probably add some new features to his already most successful business here.

Mr. Cone, representing the To-Kalon Wine Co., is out on the road with a line of samples of Vina brandies. He is sending in a very satisfactory line of orders.

The California Viticultural Restaurant and Cafe is doing a

very satisfactory business for a starter. It is one of those things to which the people must become educated. That Mr. Franckx is a most excellent caterer then can be no doubt, and it only requires a little time to have the people of Chicago discover the fact.

James Barrett, of "Prune Juice" fame, has on his return trip from California stopped off at Chicago and other Western points to gather in the remaining straggling orders for the current season. The success Mr. Barrett has achieved with his "Prune Juice" is unparalleled, and this is certainly due both to the intrinsic merits of the goods as well as to the indomitable energy he displays and the judicious advertising he gives it.

Ernest Diehman, President of the Edge Hill Wine Co., of New York, passed through Chicago on his return from California, stopping off a few hours to shake hands with his friends here, who were sorry his stay was so limited. Mr. Diehman promised, however, to return soon and make a longer stay. The wines of the Edge Hill Wine Co. are known to belong to the class that will redound to the best interests of California, as the company is ambitious to introduce only the best goods into the market and establish a reputation for purity and quality.

L. L. PALMER.

Cincinnati Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CINCINNATI, June 10, 1891.

It is to be expected that at this season of the year the whisky market will be dull and featureless, and will remain so until the summer months have passed.

About the only feature of the market has been the sharp advance in the leading brands of Eastern ryes. This was certainly a surprise to the trade. Nothing of the kind was expected in the face of the large crop of whisky made during the past season. We are glad to say, however, that it shows an undoubted confidence on the part of buyers occurring at a time when whiskies are not expected to advance; and in spite of the fact that so much whisky has been made during the coming season. It shows that there has been established a confidence which is a necessity at this time to maintain the whisky market.

Kentucky goods are about stationary in price, with a slight advance on some goods. All who are able to hold over goods are doing so, and I do not know of many lots that have been sold under market price. Such sales are like the angel's visits "few and far between." All the trade seems satisfied with the present state of affairs, and are holding their stocks for better prices.

The recent advance in Eastern ryes has had an excellent effect on Kentucky goods, and especially on ryes, and the trade seems to think that there will be another agreeable surprise in store for them shortly.

There has been much talk recently in regard to the flurry in New York about the Government seizing re-imported whisky for alleged violation of the revenue laws. It is a boon for home-stored goods, but we hope such a sensation will prove a "myth."

Col. E. H. Taylor Jr., the prominent Distiller of Frankfort, Ky., paid us a visit last week on his way home from Florida. Mr. Taylor reports the sale of "Old Taylor," good.

Mr. E. M. Branible, of Cynthiaana, was in the city the past fortnight.

Col. J. B. Tostes, of the firm J. B. Tostes & Co., Detroit, called and reports trade satisfactory in his section.

Mr. James Megibben, of T. J. Megibben Co. Distillers of the "Edgewater" and "Shawhan", was in the city the past week and was successful in placing a round lot of '91s of both brands, rye and bourbon.

W. Culman, of the St. Louis Branch of the Napa Valley Wine Co., called last week. Mr. Culman with the assistance of the Cincinnati representative, Mr. J. Shields, succeeded in placing several good lots of wine.

Mr. J. B. Wathen, the distiller of the celebrated "J. B. Wathen & Bro." whisky, was in the city last week. The many patrons of "Wathen" have induced the Company to bottle the old goods at the distillery, and they have met with great success. The Company has placed 500 cases in this city alone, and as many in New York and Boston.

J. M. Atherton was a visitor on Change last week.

Buchanan's Circular.

Production of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of April, 1891:

Second District	526,924 gallons.
Fifth " "	2,218,778 "
Sixth " "	624,815 "
Seventh " "	852,841 "
Eighth " "	915,811 "

5,169,172 gallons.

Withdrawals of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of April, 1891:

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total.
2nd District	9,855	52,609	37,184	68,115	167,763 gals.
5th " "	153,768	198,374	225,845	106,334	684,321 "
6th " "	27,992	59,460	91,408	51,316	239,176 "
7th " "	61,417	32,907	101,371	11,348	206,043 "
8th " "	16,561	92,732	19,433	5,629	134,355 "
	268,623	436,082	475,241	242,742	1,422,688 gals.

Stock of whisky remaining in bond in the State of Kentucky. 30th April, 1891:

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total.
2nd District	88,930	1,517,846	3,640,999	2,432,613	7,680,388 gals.
5th " "	500,422	6,228,644	11,846,276	11,792,593	39,367,935 "
6th " "	110,751	1,114,433	3,431,276	3,309,841	7,966,301 "
7th " "	364,189	3,070,498	5,235,653	4,278,514	12,948,854 "
8th " "	19,021	2,914,222	5,761,566	4,556,897	13,250,706 "
	1,083,313	14,845,643	29,914,770	26,370,458	72,214,184 "

The production of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the season ending June 30, 1890, was as follows:

July, 1889	801,630 gallons.
Aug. " "	304,558 "
Sept. " "	288,404 "
Oct. " "	767,397 "
Nov. " "	2,428,740 "
Dec. " "	3,937,850 "
Jan. 1890	4,488,555 "
Feb. " "	4,229,707 "
March " "	4,796,897 "
April " "	5,283,897 "

27,327,635 gallons.

May, 1890	5,495,325 "
June " "	3,366,418 "

36,189,378 gallons.

The production of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the current season of April 30, 1891, has been as follows:

July, 1890	1,151,203 gallons.
Aug. " "	434,978 "
Sept. " "	259,086 "
Oct. " "	714,796 "
Nov. " "	2,035,959 "
Dec. " "	4,001,640 "
Jan. 1891	4,755,077 "
Feb. " "	4,560,399 "
March " "	5,173,411 "
April " "	5,169,172 "

28,255,721 gallons.

The foregoing statistics are respectfully submitted, with the hope they may prove of value and interest to the trade to whom I offer my services as a broker. All orders entrusted to me to buy or sell whisky will receive careful attention.

GEORGE C. BUCHANAN,

Whisky Broker, 138 West Main street, Louisville, Ky., May 28, 1891.

A HANDSOME PUBLICATION.

The *Australian Vigner* has completed its first year, and is now a sturdy and most promising publication. When first issued it had but twelve pages, but excellent discrimination was observable in the selection of the matter and we predicted that the publication would be a success. It is now a healthy magazine of twenty, and is the recognized colonial wine and fruit growers organ. A bright and prosperous future is assured the *Vigner*.

FRANK WEST ABROAD.

Advices from Washington state that Frank West is securing as liberal an interpretation of the Sweet Wine Law as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue thinks possible under the wording of the law.

The only point on which a dangerous hitch is made and one that evidently will have to be settled in the courts, is the word "vineyard" that occurs in the section of the law requiring the fortification of the wine to be done at the vineyard of the producer where the grapes are crushed, etc.

The Commissioner thinks that a winery on a railroad line a little removed from the vineyard is not a part of the "vineyard;" and we are informed that several companies, the Pomona Wine Co. for instance, will not be allowed to make sweet wine this year, using free brandy.

We would especially call attention to the argument of Charles A. Wetmore on this point, which appears in another part of this issue. The law was intended to benefit all sweet wine makers and not a certain class by a twist on that word "vineyard."

If the Commissioner insists on this point a case will have to be taken to court and if it is, Mr. Mason and his office will be thoroughly beaten on the points at issue. If this point is not conceded, as in all fairness and right it should, the sweet wine men should all assist in bringing one test case to issue. It can easily be done, without the Department getting a chance to assess, by fortifying sweet wine with brandy distilled at one of the wineries tabooed by Commissioner Mason and then refusing to pay the 90-cent tax. This will necessitate seizure and then the courts can easily settle the question.

The Internal Revenue Department has thus far been exceedingly fair in its dealings with the wine makers and we should regret to see the necessity of making a struggle of the kind outlined, forced upon our wine makers. We only want right and justice and we can assure Commissioner Mason that confiscation of any winery by the courts under the circumstances mentioned would be absolutely impossible.

SAVED \$2,000 BY SPRAYING WITH THE I X L COMPOUND.

SONOMA, June 8, 1891

I X L Compound Co., Room 5, 218 California St., San Francisco:
—GENTLEMEN: My experiment with your I X L Compound has convinced me that it was money well invested with prompt dividend beyond my expectation.

December 16th, to 20th. I sprayed to destroy all insect pests during the warm bright days when the bugs were lively.

March 22nd., to 26th. Again I sprayed Bartlett pears with the I X L to remove the pear blight and used the "Excelsior" wash with twenty pounds of whale oil soap to 100 gallons of water on early apples for the Codlin Moth just after the apples were formed. At this date the pears and apples are free from worms and blight of any kind.

May 18th. The canker worm made its appearance for the first time on the cherry trees. One days spraying with the I X L saved twenty tons of Royal Ann and Black Tartarian Cherries.

May 27th. The rainfall of .72 removed every particle of sulphur on the vines so they had to be immediately sulphured again; while some old vines sprayed with I X L and Whale Oil Soap for mildew, using it on the vines for a substitute, was not removed by rain. The grapes are well set, the foliage is healthy and vigorous, the orchard appears to be free from insect pests. The fruit crop on this place is estimated at five hundred tons this season.

Yours truly,

(Signed) ROBT. HALL.

LAS CRUCES, N. M. June 4, 1891.

I X L Compound Co., Room 5, 218 California St., San Francisco.
—GENTLEMEN: So far we are glad to inform you that in every case where the I X L has been used it has given satisfaction.

Yours truly,

(Signed) W. E. LAWRENCE & Co.

NOTES.

British Consular reports from Spain and Portugal announce the remarkable success of the system of grafting American on native vines, which results in preventing phylloxera and producing a good wine. The Consul at Madeira writes that a large amount of new vines, mostly American, have been planted in the districts most celebrated for their wine and produces a superior quality. On the north side of the island, where all the vines were destroyed by phylloxera years ago, the new vines have given their first fine crop.

"Heywood's Rape of Lucrece," 1638, has a verse:

"The Russ drinks quass; Dutch, Lubeck beer,
And that is strong and mighty.
The Briton he Metheglin quaffs.
The Irish Aqua vitæ;
The French affect the Orleans grape,
The Spaniard tastes his Sherry;
The English none of these can scape,
But he with all makes merry."

"Then give us wine to drown the cares
Of life, in our declining years,
That we may gain, if Heaven thinks fitting,
By drinking, what we lost by eating.
For tho' mankind, for that offence,
Were doomed to labor ever since,
Yet mercy has the grape empowered
To sweeten what the apple soured."

—Canto IV., *Tavern Tormentors*.

Consul Keene in a report on the trade and commerce of Madeira for the year 1890, writes as follows:—

"Of late years there has been a considerable number of new vines planted, mostly the American vine, on which, in the districts most celebrated for good Wine, the proprietors graft the *Verdelho*, or *Tinta*. This grafting of the better kind of grape naturally pays

the proprietors by the superior quality of the yield over the ungrafted American vine, which gives a good, though inferior quality of Wine, suited for consumption in the Island. At Sao Vincente, on the North side of the Island, where all vines were destroyed by the *phylloxera* some years ago, the new vines have given their first crop. The vintage of 1890 may be taken as a fairly good one, though prices of 'musts' have ruled high, and will continue so until the peasantry can get their loved beverage of sugar-cane rum, of which none has been made for some years, owing to the disease in the sugar-canes."

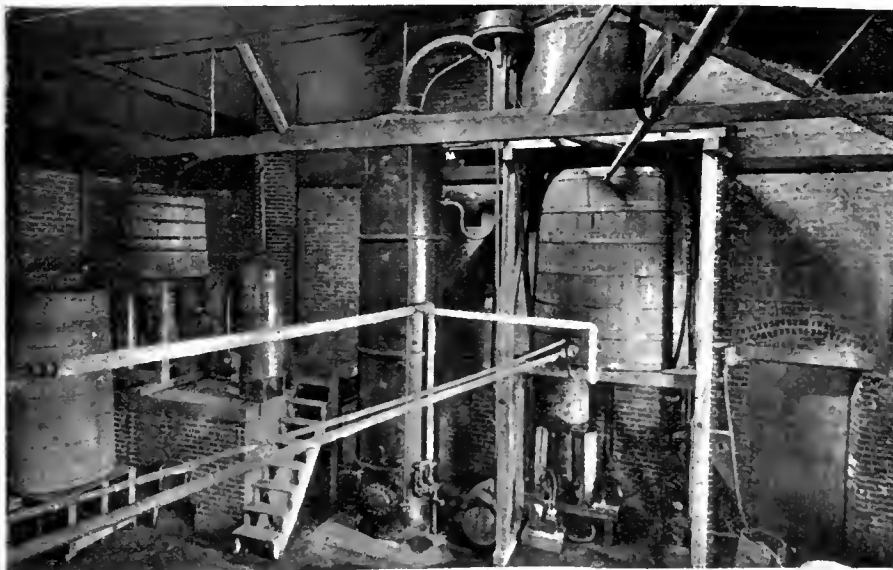
The wine production of the Austrian empire (as distinct from the kingdom of Hungary) in 1890 is returned as follows: Lower Austria, 1,017,000 hect.; Styria, 477,000 hect.; Carinthia, 6,700 hect.; Carniola, 164,000 hect.; the Tyrol and Voralberg, 250,000 hect.; Coast districts, 545,000 hect.; Dalmatia, 937,000 hect.; Bohemia, 6,300 hect.; Moravia, 216,100 hect.; making a total of 3,613,000 hect., against 4,106,000 hect. in 1889. Compared with the annual averages of the fifteen years, 1875-89, the production of 1890 shows a decrease of 10.33 per cent. in Lower Austria, and an increase of 15-18 per cent. in Moravia and the Coast Districts.

The French Consul at Quebec writes: Within the last two or three years efforts have been made by various French firms to introduce pure French wines into Canada, and, still more recently, the representative of an important Bordeaux syndicate of wine growers has come over here with a view to starting an import trade by the proprietors themselves. The high import duties imposed on our wines are one reason why they are purchased only by the well-to-do classes, and a further cause which hinders their sale is to be found in the ruinous system of credit which prevails throughout the country. The finer kinds of French wines and liqueurs are not appreciated, the Canadians generally preferring Spanish and Portuguese wines, which are much more highly alcoholised and of a very inferior quality.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.

Sanders Improved Continuous Still.



The Largest Continuous Still ever built in the World for the Manufacture of Brandy.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.

SONOMA WINE & BRANDY CO., 1 & 3 FRONT ST., NEW YORK.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

From Bode & Haslett.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—We desire to notify you that we have bonded a portion of the building known as Oriental Warehouse, situated on Brannan street, between 1st and 2nd streets, and adjacent to the Pacific Mail Dock, for the storage, in bond, of brandy made from apples, peaches or grapes. This Warehouse is known as Special Bonded Warehouse No. 8, and is specially adapted for handling your business. We have a track running from the depot of the Southern Pacific Company direct to the Warehouse, and brandy can be delivered right at the Warehouse door, thus avoiding cartage and any unnecessary handling of the packages, and reducing the danger of leakage to a minimum. Brandy for re-warehousing to the Eastern States by rail or steamer, can be reloaded on the cars at the Warehouse door, or can be delivered to the steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, without the expense of drayage. The Warehouse is conveniently situated near all the large wine houses. Insurance can be effected at the lowest rate. We shall run this Warehouse in conjunction with our old established Warehouse No. 1, and shall endeavor to give our customers every convenience and advantage possible, and at the lowest rate of storage. By dividing your brandy between our two Warehouses, you will always be sure to have some brandy on hand in case a fire should unfortunately occur in either one. Trusting to be favored with your patronage,

We remain, very truly yours,

BODE & HASLETT.

From R. Monarch, Owensboro, Ky.

OWENSBORO, KY., June 3, 1891.

Pacific Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco, Cal.—GENTLEMEN: We notice from the trade circulars that there is some Spring '90 "Glenmore" (under special bargains) being quoted at 32½ cents. We desire to enlighten the trade generally as to the fraud being practiced on our customers in the following manner: In the season of 1890, we were earnestly solicited to manufacture some whisky at the Glenmore Distillery, under special brands, for parties who claimed they desired the goods for their own special trade. In making these goods, we sold them cheaper than our straight "Glenmore." These goods are now being thrown on the market and privately sold as "Glenmore." Such, however, is not the case and we desire to open the eyes of our friends and customers before they suffer the injustice that might be done them. We warn all parties dealing in our Glenmore to be very particular about seeing that they are getting straight Glenmore and not let spurious brands be palmed off on them.

Yours respectfully,

GLENMORE DISTILLING CO.

By C. M. Todd.

From Rheinstrom Bros, Cincinnati.

DEAR SIR:—After many years of experimenting, we have succeeded in producing a "pure ginger extract" from the root direct, which is perfectly brilliant, and will remain so in any change of temperature, and does not throw off any sediment. There is now nothing like it in the market, excepting some which are made from essences.

Very respectfully,

RHEINSTROM BROS.

DEAR SIR:—We have now brought our champagne to perfection. It is made from the best California wine, is light in color, will remain clear, and not change color. It sparkles well, and is put up in elegant style. We can please the most fastidious in this line.

Very respectfully,

RHEINSTROM BROS.

From Barrett & Co.

New York, June 1, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—The importance of using an absolutely pure and perfect "prune juice" is not to be over-estimated, yet, occasionally, we hear of a firm buying outside brands because they are represented to be like "Barrett's Unrivalled," and at a lower price.

The ablest blenders, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, know from experience that there is only one perfect prune juice; that one is Barrett's Unrivalled, and no such value as we are now shipping has ever before been offered to the trade.

Write for sample, which we will send prepaid, also pamphlet entitled, "How to Tell a Perfect Prune Juice."

BARRETT & Co., Sole Manufacturers.

43 Front Street.

THE TRUST'S COUP.

The facts concerning the absorption of the Shufeldt and Calumet Distilleries at Chicago by the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company, have long since been learned by the Trade. The Trust in securing the control of these two establishments, has placed itself in an unassailable position until some new company can get into this field. We think that the establishment of a new opposition distillery with a plant of sufficient size to give the Trust plenty of trouble is one of the certainties of the near future. Such an institution could be started if only for the purpose of being bought out, and the opportunity is too alluring to be resisted by Eastern capitalists.

In this connection it might be well to state that the indictment against George J. Gibson, ex-Secretary of the Trust, for conspiring to blow up the Shufeldt plant, has been quashed. It is not generally thought that he will be prosecuted as vigorously as he would have been had H. H. Shufeldt & Co. remained on the outside.

The Eastern dealers apparently do not like the situation at all. Dispatches from Chicago state that eighty of the principal rectifiers have already started up a movement to build another independent concern. Most of them bought of Shufeldt and the Calumet Company before the latest combination was effected, and could get their spirits cheaper and have no rebate system. These men use about 3,000,000 gallons annually. Four of the leading Milwaukee dealers are also reported to be on the point of running their own distillery.

All of these movements will depend, though to a great extent on the practical results obtained by the use of "Takamine," the new ferment discovered by a Jap, whose process is controlled by the Trust. The claim is made that fifteen cents is saved on each bushel of mash when this ferment is used. If this is so, intending competitors will probably be scarce.

The new change does not affect the situation on this Coast where the Trust spirits are and were used almost exclusively. The dealers who support the California Distillery at Antioch, say that they will remain true to the local company and so it is difficult to see how this new order of affairs will work any changes.

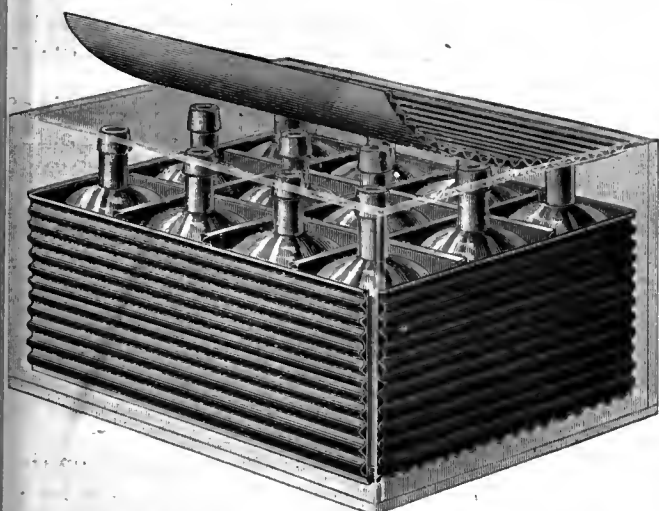
CONDITION OF THE CROPS.

The danger from frost is considered as past and one of the most destructive enemies the wine makers have, has thus been escaped for the year.

Reports from the interior show that the vines are in good order. The vine hopper is creating some havoc in the San Joaquin Valley.

The recent rains have not done any material damage.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chase, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St. above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.



BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE WINE TRADE.

Mr. I. De Turk, of Santa Rosa, announces that he has withdrawn his account from his former representative in New York, and has placed the exclusive sale of his Wines and Brandy in the hands of Delafield, McGovern & Co., who also continue to represent him in Chicago.

The De Turk wines have gained for themselves such a well deserved reputation for uniformly good quality, that the trade welcome the intelligence that they can now depend on having a large spot stock in both New York and Chicago, of mature wine to draw upon at all times.

DELAFIELD, McGOVERN & CO.,

91 HUDSON STREET, NEW YORK.

33 AND 35 RIVER STREET, CHICAGO.

EASTERN WINES!

THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines

**CLARET,
SWEET CATAWBA,**

**PORT,
DRY CATAWBA,**

NORTON'S VIRGINIA.

GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK. AGENTS.

Senator Blackburn was out in the Indian Territory hunting. He went into Shelbyville, Ky., a few days ago to tell the boys about it. He said that one of the strangest things to him was the Indian's love of whisky. He said: "You fellows all think that you like a good dram, but you are nothing to an Indian. I'll tell you what happened to me. I was riding along by myself when a great big Indian overtook me. He could talk a little English and I could talk enough Indian to pass a few remarks about the weather. He seemed to be such a pleasant old fellow that I took out my flask and gave him a touch up with some old Kentucky whisky. Well, that Indian brightened up like a new dollar, and in less than five minutes wanted to trade for the whisky. At first he offered me a deer he had killed, but I wouldn't take it. Then he threw me a pair of moccasins, but I wouldn't trade. He offered me his rifle and I refused that. And finally, gentlemen, that copper-colored inebriate offered me his horse, saddle, rifle, moccasins and a dead deer for that half pint of whisky. Did you ever hear of a man that fond of whisky?"

The crowd thought it was wonderful, but one fellow said: "Say, Joe, why didn't you accept his offer?"

"My God, man!" said the Senator, "it was the last half pint I had."

CALIFORNIA
VITICULTURAL RESTAURANT AND CAFE.
CHICAGO BRANCH 294 WABASH AVE.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Will be opened on the 15th of May at 6 o'clock P. M., with a grand opening banquet given by California residents in Chicago.

**ONLY PURE AND WHOLESOME CALIFORNIA WINES SERVED
IN OUR RESTAURANT. THESE WINES ARE BOTTLED
AT THE VINEYARDS FOR OUR SPECIAL USE.**

Our restaurant is open daily from 7 A. M. until 1 A. M. Breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper served. Table d'hôte from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M. and from 5 until 8 P. M.

ALBERT FRANCKX & OTTO RUHLEMANN, Props.

N. B.—Guests desiring wines to be delivered at their residences will leave orders at the office.

VITICULTURAL COMMISSION.

Transactions at the Last Annual Meeting of the Body -
Officers Elected.

The regular annual meeting of the Viticultural Commission was held on the 5th inst. Those present were Commissioners De Turk, Doyle, West, Blanchard, Priber and Bindschu.

Chief Executive Officer, C. A. Wetmore, submitted his annual report. After dealing with the Sweet Wine question, he opened up the most important of all questions, "How to increase the price of grapes?" His plan is as follows:

Let some one man or committee of men having business qualifications in each district, go immediately to those vine growers who have grapes to sell and procure from them contracts promising to deliver a certain number of grapes to a trustee, who shall be authorized to proceed for them to organize a company, the cost of which shall be paid for by the brandy which shall be distilled from the grapes contributed. Let us suppose that contracts amounting to 2,000 tons of grapes or more have been procured in one locality; let there be a nominal price fixed for these grapes with a certain standard of sweetness, say \$10 per ton for grapes with 22 per cent. or more of sugar, price to be reduced proportionately as the sugar shall fall under 22 per cent, but no variation in price for sugar contained above the standard. If variation in price should be fixed for grapes above the standard it would probably defeat the purpose of the organization by causing growers to refuse to pick early when required.

Practical men will be free to say that grapes distilled and sold within six months after vintage will return an income of more than \$10 per ton, so that this figure for nominal prices is within reason.

As soon as the grapes have been by these trustees fermented, distilled and sold, the distillery buildings, cooperage and other appurtenances which have been created in order to work this plan, may be then out of debt and transferred to the proposed company and stock issued to those who furnished grapes in proportion to the nominal value as agreed. In this way an effective plant for distilling can be created and paid for within six months from the time of vintage, and there would probably be also a profit out of which a dividend might be declared or which might be better used in adding further facilities and cooperage, so that during the next year, if deemed advisable, a portion of the crops offered by the stockholders might be kept as wine without distilling.

Now, as to the practical method of perfecting this plan in the different localities, the trouble with the vine growers is that not many of them can pay assessments in cash, but nearly all of them could furnish from one-half to the entire amount of their crops in lieu of cash; some might not be able to furnish more than half, reserving the other half for sale elsewhere to cover their current expenses. The trustee, or trustees, who undertake to carry out such a plan after they have procured valid contracts for the grapes with authority to dispose of them as has been suggested, would find little difficulty in procuring capital or credit to create the necessary plant, with the assurance that they could give, that the product in brandy would be realized upon within six months; in fact, I know now that contracts with responsible parties could be procured for the sale of this brandy before the vintage, so that those who would be lending credit to these associations would take no risks.

Now as to the probable cost of such an operation. Roughly estimated, \$15,000 would be ample to secure land, construct cheap buildings for fermentation only, tanks for fermentation, together with an adjacent distillery of the most improved and effective pattern, capable of managing 2,000 tons of grapes in one season. These 2,000 tons of grapes would realize when sold as brandy within six months not less than \$20,000, so there would be a surplus for management and expenses of operation. It is more than probable that there would be an income of at least \$5,000 more which could be used to increase the facilities of this winery and distillery for future use. Having obtained stock in this company after the goods have been sold by the trustees, each stockholder would have an interest free of debt which would be good collateral in case he needs money in his vineyard operations.

By adopting this plan in many different districts simultaneously, and by pushing it forward vigorously in time for the next

vintage, the difficulties now besetting our vine growers would be practically overcome and the next year there would be active demand for grapes at good prices.

Appended to this report as an appendix was the analysis of the Sweet Wine Law which will be found in another column.

Reports were submitted by Manager C. J. Wetmore and Secretary Scott.

The Board decided to employ W. C. Spencer to continue his experiments in treating wine with alternating electric currents.

Mr. West offered the following resolution relative to the preparation of a work on brandy distillation:

Resolved, That the Chief Executive Officer be and he is hereby directed to begin at once the preparation of a thorough and exhaustive work on brandy distillation and that the same be published at the earliest possible day.

The resolution was adopted. Action was also taken on the request of the Department of Agriculture at Washington for a report on wine adulterations by referring the same to Prof. Rising for a special report.

When the election of officers was called up, Charles A. Wetmore sent in a letter thanking the Commission for the courtesies extended him in his official connection and declining reelection as Chief Executive Officer. The election was then proceeded with as follows:

President, J. De Barth Shorb of San Gabriel; Vice-President, George West of Stockton; Treasurer, John T. Doyle of Menlo Park; Secretary, Winfield Scott of San Francisco; Chief Executive Officer, Clarence J. Wetmore of Livermore.

Mr. Blanchard offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Commission be and the same is hereby tendered to I. De Turk, our outgoing President, for the able, impartial and gentlemanly conduct in presiding over this commission for the past year that we realize the fact that he has been and is an indispensable factor in the efficacy of this Commission.

Mr. Blanchard also offered the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Commission fully realize and appreciate the valuable and indispensable services of Mr. C. A. Wetmore as our outgoing Chief Executive Officer and some recognition of his value to us. We hereby tender him our thanks and acknowledge ourselves, and the State through us, under lasting obligations to him.

CENTRAL PACIFIC WINE LIST.

Steps should at once be taken by the Southern Pacific Company to revise the wine list used in the Dining Cars on the line of the Central Pacific. The list as now printed occupies a full page. There are four foreign champagnes mentioned, three foreign clarets, two foreign Burgundies, two foreign Hocks three of other white wines, and a miscellaneous collection of mineral waters etc.

California wines are represented by "Zinfandel" and "Riesling," with no brands and nothing to distinguish them.

This is not the sort of list that the Central Pacific should permit on the cars on its line and we are certain that the managers will speedily rectify the wine list to conform with what is right and proper. We do not object to foreign wines for those who want them, but a California railroad dining service should have something aside from "Zinfandel" the cheapest of our ordinary wines, and one unknown "Riesling" on the list. The Central Pacific people are good honest Californians with none of the Barnes blood in their veins. They must know that eastern people traveling into the State, naturally want to try the wines. Why not have a collection of the wines of reputable producers and merchants with the brands given, to greet these people with? What is the use of offering our guests second-class wine on the cars? They suppose it is first-class and are not undeceived until they go to some fashionable hotel like the Palace and find our wines in all their glory.

The Southern Pacific Company should see that the changes desired are made.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.

— PRODUCERS OF —

CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE,

— AND DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Proprietors of

ORLEANS VINEYARD.

530 Washington Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

LARGEST SHERRY PRODUCERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO:

453-465 Brannan Street.



NEW YORK:

22, 24, 26 Elm Street.

C. BUNDSCHU,

J. GUNDLACH.

J. GUNDLACH & CO.

Vineyard Proprietors and Shippers of

California Wines and Brandies,

PROPRIETORS RHINE FARM, SONOMA, CAL.

And BACCHUS WINE VAULTS, 438-442 Bryant St., S. F.

San Francisco Office,

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SWEET WINE LAW.

A Complete Analysis Prepared by C. A. Wetmore and sent to the Internal Revenue Commissioner at Washington.

Charles A. Wetmore has prepared the following analysis of the Sweet Wine Law which has been sent to Commissioner Mason and to Mr. F. A. West who is now in Washington, and has been incorporated in Mr. Wetmore's report as Chief Viticultural Officer soon to be published by the State Printer:

SECTION 42. That any producer of sweet wines, who is also a distiller, authorized to separate from fermented grape juice, under Internal Revenue laws, wine spirits, may use, free of tax, in the preparation of such sweet wines, under such regulations and after the filing of such notices and bonds, together with the keeping of such records and the rendition of such reports as to materials and products, as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe, so much of such wine spirits so separated by him as may be necessary for the preservation of the saccharine matter contained therein:

First: This portion of Section 42 indicates one class of producers of sweet wine, who are entitled to the benefits of the act. The language indicates that it was the purpose of the law, that sweet wine makers, who are also distillers of grape brandy, shall enjoy the privilege subject to departmental regulations, after compliance with official rules requiring such notices and bonds, as the department may require. It is indicated also, that it was expected, that the Government would demand the keeping of some form of records and the rendition of reports concerning materials and products. It is not to be presumed however, that the department in exercising its authority under this section, will demand any unnecessary act on the part of the producer, but rather that such regulations and demands shall be limited only to the necessary requirements of the Government, in order to enable the purpose of the law to be fully attained without chance of fraud. Regulations for the purpose of obtaining information other than that to which the Government is entitled in its supervisory capacity, would be foreign to the purpose of the act.

Provided, that the wine spirits so used free of tax shall not be in excess of the amount required to introduce into such sweet wines an alcoholic strength equal to fourteen per centum of the volume of such wines after such use; *provided further*, that such wine containing after such fortification more than twenty-four per centum of alcohol, as defined by section three thousand two hundred and forty-nine of the Revised Statutes, shall be forfeited to the United States;

Second: These provisos indicate limitations proposed originally by the sweet wine producers, in order to indicate to the Government their good faith when making their petition for relief. It is plain however, from the context, that figures contained in these provisos to measure limitations as purely arbitrary, and might, with wisdom, have been more or less modified. Substantial compliance with these restrictions is all that the Government interest requires, and it is not to be presumed, that slight errors innocently committed, shall be the cause of severe punishment, without previous opportunity having been given by the Government for correction, where the same is practicable. For instance, it is not to be supposed, that it was the intention of the Government to take advantage of any slight clerical error in computing alcoholic strength of a fortified wine by causing seizure to be made, when the error can be rectified before the goods are released from the supervision of the government. This construction therefore would imply, that cases might arise, where wine once fortified might require to be blended with other wines, in order to reduce strength accidentally too high, before final report is made.

In practical wine making the most careful wine makers are necessarily dependent more or less, upon poorly educated, though skilled labor; errors in calculations may easily be made, and the Government will surely provide for their rectification wherever

it is possible before proceeding to any severe measure in the nature of a penalty. The restrictions provided for in this law do not contemplate penalty, except in the case where fraud has been intended. In this matter of Internal Revenue regulations, the Government is practically the silent, though irresponsible partner of the producer, authorized by law to insist upon its rights, but not expected to bully its active partner, upon whose energy and capital the business depends. This remark is only thrown in here as suggestive, because the right of the Government in such questions as this, is too often considered the only one of importance. In the attempt to prevent fraud, the honest man should not be subjected to ignominious treatment.

Provided further, that such use of wine spirits free from tax shall be confined to the months of August, September, October, November, December, January, February, March, and April of each year. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue in determining the liability of any distiller of fermented grape juice to assessment under section three thousand three hundred and nine of the Revised Statutes, is authorized to allow such distiller credit in his computation for the wine spirits used by him in preparing sweet wine under the provisions of this section.

Third: The first portion of this proviso was in the original draft of the law limited to the months of August to December inclusive; the additional months were inserted to satisfy the demands of wine makers East of the Rocky Mountains, who followed the practice of adding saccharine matter to dry wines after perfect fermentation, and at a time which they could choose at their pleasure, when they might need also to fortify with spirits. The wine makers of California can avail themselves of this extended period in some cases with advantage to themselves and the Government; but inasmuch as the purpose of the law is clearly indicated by this passage, to extend the privileges of the act to those who are accustomed to practice fortification after the first of January and before the first of May, it is to be presumed, that where practicable, the department will construe this law for the benefit of such producers.

SECTION 43. That the wine spirits mentioned in section forty-two of this Act is the product resulting from the distillation of fermented grape juice, and shall be held to include the product commonly known as grape brandy;

Fourth: This portion of Section 43 plainly indicates, that it was the intention of the Government to provide that the pure sweet wine to be fortified free of tax under this law should be fortified only with pure grape brandy; it is to be expected therefore, that the department will make regulations to determine accurately what "pure grape brandy" is under this section. The question may be raised as to whether the distillates of grape pomace fermented a second, third or fourth time, with the aid of sugar and water added, can be considered grape brandy. And the pure sweet wine which may be fortified free of tax as provided in said section, is fermented grape juice only, and shall contain no other substance of any kind whatever introduced before, at the time of or after fermentation.

Fifth: This portion of Section 43, indicates, without any ambiguity, that the relief granted by this law is intended solely for those who make wine out of grapes and not for those who make artificial compounds or adulterated products, and means this and nothing more and nothing less; it should not be construed to the disadvantage of any one making pure sweet wine from grapes by any methods recognized as legitimate among respectable wine makers in countries where grapes grow to perfection and not under protest of nature. This provision should also not be construed in any manner loosely, or so as to defeat the plain object of the act. In order to fully consider the scope of this provision of the law, it will be necessary to refer again to it when considering other sections and provisions.

And such sweet wine shall contain not less than four per centum of saccharine matter, which saccharine strength may be determined by testing with Balling's saccharometer or must scale such sweet wine after the evaporation of the spirits contained therein, and restoring the sample tested to original volume by addition of water.

Sixth: Here again is a purely arbitrary restriction inserted in the law, as is known by the department, at the request of the of the same producers who now ask for liberal construction of the provision. In construing the purpose of the provision it is hoped that the department will bear in mind the object that was intended to be obtained and in all cases where such object is practically obtained that it will consider the law complied with. In asking the Government to fix this limitation at four per cent. on sugar, the department should recognize that the sweet wine makers of California were actually imposing upon themselves an injustice, but they did this in order to prevent the purpose of the law from being perverted. There are many cases when legitimate sweet wine makers require to fortify wines which have not more than one or two per cent of sugar. This is true especially with regard to sherries. Limitation at four per cent. was proposed in order to prevent producers of dry wine from fraudulently fortifying clarets and other similar wines under pretense that they were sweet which may often happen in a slight degree. Such a fraud would only be practiced for the purpose of creating wines to suit an ignoble trade, the object of which is to add fortunes to retailers and not producers by giving them materials which will "stand" watering.

To protect dry wine producers the sweet wine interest was to some extent subordinated in this respect, and it was for this reason that our producers insisted upon having the privilege of fortifying sweet wine up to twenty-four per cent of alcoholic strength. This degree is not necessary in practical work; ordinary sherries are not fortified above eighteen per cent. seldom above twenty. The sherry wine makers were told that under the law they could fortify their sweet sherries up to twenty-four per cent. and then after settling with the Government they could cut them down with dry sherries to eighteen per cent. and not have their sherries sweeter than required by trade.

The department should understand this little inside history in order to thoroughly comprehend how to deal with this restriction of four per cent. There is nothing in practical wine making which should indicate that four per cent. should be the limit rather than four and one-half, three and one-half, or five or six. It is purely an arbitrary figure fixed for convenience. Therefore in preparing this law it was considered sufficiently accurate for the purpose intended to test the wines by the method indicated with the aid of Baling's scale, and it is not intended that there should be any hypercritical discussions to the accuracy of this determination, because for practical purposes and for the interest of the Government it is really immaterial whether the wine contains three per cent. or five per cent. provided only it is sweet enough that the purpose of the law shall not be perverted. All scientific discussions as to the accuracy of this method of determining the sugar are out of place; what is in order is something simple and practical for the purpose intended; let the wine be recognized as sweet wine and distinguished as such from dry wine—that is all that the law contemplates.

Slight technical inaccuracies are of no consequence either on behalf of the Government or behalf of the producers in this connection. Substantial compliance with restrictions of this kind is all that the law requires. Producers should not be burdened with troublesome questions as to precise scientific accuracy.

SECTION 44. That any person who shall use wine spirits as defined by section forty-three of this Act, or other spirits on which the Internal Revenue tax has not been paid, otherwise than within the limitations set forth in section forty-three of this Act, and in accordance with the regulations made pursuant to this Act, shall be liable to a penalty of double the amount of the tax on the wine spirits or other spirits so unlawfully used. Whenever it is impracticable in any case to ascertain the quantity of wine spirits or other spirits that have been used in violation of this Act in mixtures with any wines, all alcohol contained in such unlawful mixtures of wine with wine spirits or other spirits in excess of ten per centum shall be held to be unlawfully used; *provided, however*, that if water has been added to such unlawful mixtures either before, at the

time of, or after such unlawful use of wine spirits or other spirits, all the alcohol contained therein shall be considered to have been unlawfully used. In reference to alcoholic strength of wines and mixtures of wines with spirits in this Act, the measurement is intended to be according to volume and not according to weight.

Seventh: The provisions of Section 44 require no analysis nor explanation of purpose. It is presumed however, that the department will consider the penalties prescribed in this section as applicable only in cases where intentional fraud is shown.

SECTION 45. That under such regulations and official supervision and upon the execution of such entries, and the giving of such bonds, bills of lading, and other security as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, any producer of sweet wine, as defined by this Act, may withdraw wine spirits from any special bonded warehouse free of tax, in original packages, in any quantity not less than eighty wine gallons, and may use so much of the same as may be required by him, under such regulations, and after the filing of such notices and bonds, and the keeping of such records, and the rendition of such reports as to the materials and products and the disposition of the same, as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, in fortifying the sweet wine made by him for no other purpose, in accordance with the limitations and provisions as to uses, amount to be used, and the period for using the same, set forth in section forty-two of this Act.

Eighth: The portion of Section 45 herein referred to requires little analysis, it shows however, that the law contemplates a demand for the use of free grape spirits during the full period referred to in Section 42.

And the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized, whenever he shall deem it necessary for the prevention of violations of this law, to prescribe that wine spirits withdrawn under this section shall not be used to fortify wines except at a certain distance prescribed by him from any distillery, rectifying house, winery, or other establishment used for producing or storing distilled spirits, or for making or storing wines other than wines which are so fortified, and that in the building in which such fortification of wines is practiced no wines or spirits other than those permitted by his regulation shall be stored.

Ninth: This provision was specially intended to cover isolated cases of application of this law, in regions East of the Rocky Mountains, for which the withdrawal from bond was provided. It was presumed that there might be cases difficult to supervise and that in such case the Commissioner might need extraordinary powers to enable him to prevent fraud. By the strict words of this section and this portion of this section it will be perceived that the power of the Commissioner to compel these peculiar acts is limited to cases where brandy for fortification is withdrawn from the bonded warehouse and does not apply in any case to wine makers who distill their brandy. Cases may arise, as for instance in some states where only one vineyard existed or in some isolated region difficult of access, where the officers of the government would find it difficult to visit the scene of operations often, in such cases it might be found necessary for the government to adopt extraordinary rules to prevent fraud; all regulations therefore which presume the necessity of such store houses or store rooms for the management of sweet wine, should be considered in connection with this section only and not in connection with distillers under Section 42. To make this clear, look particularly at the specific words of this section which says "that wine spirits withdrawn under this section" etc., etc.

The use of wine spirits free of tax for the fortification of sweet wines under this Act shall be begun and completed at the vineyard of the wine grower where the grapes are crushed and the grape juice is expressed and fermented.

Tenth: This limitation must necessarily be construed so as to harmonize not only with the purposes of the act as a whole but also with carefully specified details such as those expressed in the first sentence of Section 42 and also the first sentence of

Section 45 which plainly indicate that only those wineries within the definition of the act shall be excluded. It is necessary, however, to refer to the history of this law to explain the meaning of the word vineyard in this restriction. During the progress of this law, the word winery was written when the word vineyard now appears until the time of its final passage when the word vineyard was substituted without apparent reason; it is only just to remark that up to the time of this substitution the Government was fully posted as to all the demands and desires of the wine producers at whose instance this law was passed; but from the time that this change was made no producer was consulted. The producers in California did not know that any change was contemplated until after the law was finally enacted. Nevertheless they had repeatedly called upon their members of Congress to be informed whenever any change was proposed; this explanation however, does not help the situation any, except as it may have a bearing upon the liberal construction of the terms used. In the beginning of Section 42 and also in the beginning of Section 45 it is plain that the Government intended to grant relief to "any producer of sweet wine" who otherwise fell within the purpose of the act.

With the exception of this one word *vineyard* there is no indication in the whole act of restriction of privileges to the proprietors of vineyards. In the sentence preceding the one containing the word under consideration the word *winery* is used and it is plain that it was the intention of Congress to refer to wineries where pure sweet wines are made rather than to vineyards alone. A brief review of the actual condition of sweet wine making on the Pacific Coast would show that it would be absurd to suppose the Congress of the United States intended by this law to discriminate between the wineries where pure wines are made upon vineyards only and wineries where similar pure wines are made though situated for convenient reasons along the lines of railway where the grapes of wine growers are purchased. It is a fact that two-thirds of all the sweet wines of California are made at wineries from grapes grown in vineyards not controlled by such wineries; to prevent such wineries from benefiting by this act, would be, in effect to give a monopoly to those other wine makers who do not make and have not the facilities to make more than one-third the market supply; it would be also absurd to suppose that the many thousands of vine growers in California would have petitioned and consented to the enactment of a law diminishing the number of those to whom they could sell grapes. The strict construction of this sentence would in many districts prevent all competition until new wineries are created and would destroy the value of many valuable plants now created. It is neither in the interest of the Government nor in the interest of the grape grower that this word *vineyard* should be construed strictly; only those interested in creating a monopoly could possibly gain any advantage from such construction.

This statement is made forcibly in order that the department may thoroughly understand the grievance that may be caused by a necessarily strict construction and not for the purpose of giving offense to those who do not fully appreciate this point. There is at this junction a chance for a divergence of opinion; it is undoubtedly intended by this act that its measure of relief should be only to actual producers. The provisions of the law plainly indicate that it was intended to exclude those who were only or mainly dealers and not producers. It is easy enough therefore to devise a method of construing this word vineyard in harmony with the whole act, in fact to define it as though it was written winery and not vineyard. The law however must be taken as it reads, and inasmuch as the word *vineyard* has been substituted for *winery*, query—are not those wineries which have been located for convenience along the lines of railway, but within vineyard districts and also immediately connected with the management and control of vineyards in their vicinity—are not such wineries parts of the vineyard intended by the terms of this act? I have presumed in behalf of the committee which I represent that the winery situated in another county or in some large city or town

considerably remote from any direct connection with any vineyards shall not be benefited by this act. We have, however, in every vineyard district in this State a great number of wineries located along the lines of railroad and in towns where labor is available which are immediately connected in interest with vineyards in their vicinity whether it be a question of one, two or more miles distant; in the case of such vineyards or wineries the department should construe the law as it was intended for the benefit of many producers of sweet wine."

It would be of course absurd to argue that a winery situated in San Francisco connected with vineyards in Santa Clara county should be considered integral parts of a vineyard within the meaning of this act; it is therefore only necessary in order to harmonize these provisions that the department shall declare under what circumstances a winery not surrounded by a practical vineyard shall be declared to be an integral part of a vineyard in that vicinity so as to permit the proprietors to enjoy the benefits of this act. If the department should be induced to take a more strict view of this situation it would be necessary to conclude that Congress intended by this important word *vineyard* to destroy the practical value of a large number of legitimate wineries and to create necessarily an uncalled-for monopoly. I can cite a most notable case in point, viz.: that of the Gallegos winery at Irvington in Alameda County, California. Here is an instance of a large estate, having many hundred acres of vines and much unoccupied land. The winery for this estate is located at the railroad station for convenience of annual crops and transportation; the immediate adjoining lands have been segregated and sold for community purposes, so that the winery, as I understand it, has become detached from the main vineyard. Now this particular winery is not only one of the great prides of California but would be admired anywhere in the world. It has cost a great sum of money and it would particularly ruin the company to reduce its usefulness. If it should be decided that because this winery is not immediately surrounded by the vines which supply it with means for activity, a vast injustice would be done. The Government would suffer as well as the industry and no one would be benefited. Similar cases exist all over the State. Wine makers who have established themselves at available points for the purchase of grapes, who have not contemplated this contingency, can easily connect themselves with the actual vineyards which supply their grapes by legitimate contracts or leases or purchase of lands, and the substantial intent of the law will be provided for. It will not be necessary in making this liberal construction of the word *vineyard* so as to conform with the plain intent of other sections of this act, to open loop-holes for the diversion of its benefits by construing the winery located in one county in the midst of a large city to be connected, as a part of a vineyard in another county. It will be easy enough to define within practical limits the connection between winery and vineyard, so as to make this law practical and just.

Such use to be under the immediate supervision of an officer of Internal Revenue, who shall make returns describing the kinds and qualities of wine so fortified, and shall affix such stamps and seals to the packages containing such wines as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury;

Eleventh: Within the intent and meaning of this law, the provision now quoted should be transposed so as to follow the connection of the succeeding and terminal part of this section relating to the time within which wines fortified under this act shall be held subject to inspection, and for accounting with the Government. The supervision provided for as well as also the stamps and seals, cannot properly be construed except after proper construction of the purposes of the succeeding lines relating to period for inspection and accounting. Therefore I pass on to these lines and will discuss both together.

And the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall provide by regulations the time within which the wines so fortified with the wine spirits so withdrawn, may be subject to inspection, and for accounting for the use of such wine spirits, and for re-



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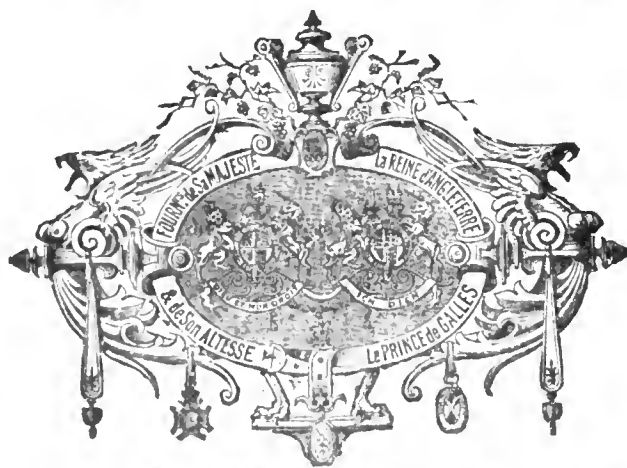


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warehousing, or for payment of the tax on any portion of such wine spirits which remain not used in fortifying pure sweet wines.

Twelfth: The most important feature in this bill, is contained in these lines, and it is because this has been overlooked or misunderstood that most of the confusion under the operation of the law up to the present time has been occasioned. The clause under consideration now, provides in fact for a bonding period variable in length according to circumstances during which period the goods affected are under the surveillance of the Government. In every case of application for the privilege provided for in this law, there should be determined a period during which the inspection shall be exercised and all questions of accounting shall be adjusted. Having properly construed this clause, it becomes plain what is intended by the use of stamps and seals provided for in the preceding lines.

In some cases there will be demand only for one single act of fortification which can be concluded in a single day, after which the Government has no further interest in the matter except to hold the goods under inspection until the final accounting for the use of free spirits has been accomplished. In such cases the minimum time of inspection only will be required, and to this the producer will be entitled. The maximum period for the time of supervision and accounting should be granted to those whose work in preparing for market use, their sweet wines, necessarily extend over various repeated operations for a considerable length of time. Not having determined the time within which the supervisory control of the Government shall last, it is easy to understand what kind of supervision is intended by the preceding lines, and why stamps and seals are provided for, as well as also the time during which the use of such stamps shall be enforced by the Government.

It is not to be presumed that the Government has intended by this law to interfere in any way with any legitimately secret or practical methods of conducting private business, so long as the Government is satisfied that nothing but pure, sweet wines as defined by the act are subject to the privileges of this law. No officer of the law should in any wise be permitted to exercise any further inquisitorial powers. Producers who have succeeded in pleasing the public by reason of superior skill, either by selection of varieties of grapes, choice of location from which they are procured, etc., etc., should neither be subject to restriction, hindrance nor inquisition on the part of a subordinate revenue officer, who may be neither qualified to advise, nor honest enough to respect the legitimate secrets of private business.

What then does the Government need? Certainly it is not intended by this supervision to pry into the private business of producers under any pretended plea that the Government rights are in danger. The Government fears what? That the producer will put in more spirits in his sweet wine than the law provides. It is possible that some contingency might arise when such an act might be profitable, but it is scarcely conceivable under present conditions of sweet wine making and the market prices of spirits and wine. It takes an average of four and a half gallons of wine to make a gallon of brandy. In making sweet wine it is not to be presumed that the producer will in his own interest seek to condense any larger portion of his wine into the form of spirits than necessity compels him to do. There are very few cases where any producer could use more brandy than the law provides for in fortifying sweet wine, with profit. A good way, therefore, for the Government to pursue in making regulations to prevent fraud, would be to first investigate what kinds of fraud are likely to exist and be profitable, for I never heard of any one in practical business pursuing fraudulent measures for any other business than to reap profit. The pure cussedness of human nature which is a characteristic more of children, low politicians and cranks, cuts very little figure in economic public questions. Therefore the Government need not be alarmed for fear that more than the quantity of spirits allowed by the law in making pure, sweet wines will be used in those districts where grapes are plentiful and where sweet wine production is normal.

Regulations under this law should be made to have local significance. It would be unfair to the normal sweet wine production of California to apply the same cautious restrictions and supervisions that might be necessary in Ohio, Missouri or in New York, where there is no such thing as normal sweet wine making; therefore we have a right to ask the Government to recognize by regulations the characteristic distinction between different large districts of our country, and to relieve us in California from certain inquisitorial regulations which might be suitable for other communities. Further discussion on this point is out

of place in this analysis of the law.

The supervision required under this act is not intended to be paternal to the production of wines but simply watchful on the part of the Government. The local officer immediately in contact with the wine grower is not supposed to be capable of deciding disputes and controlling the final accounting provided for in the succeeding lines. Such a conclusion as would otherwise be drawn would produce boundless confusion. The supervisory officer provided for herein is witness to acts done by the wine maker and the agent of the Government to prevent tampering with the evidence. It is the wine maker who will make the wine under this act and not the agent of the Government; it is the Government's witness who will testify as to the acts in case of disputes; and it is a superior officer to whom accounting is made, and before whom disputes are argued when necessity requires it; and it is because such disputes are possible that in this law provision is made—

First. For stamps and seals to identify packages during the period of possible controversy and for the time within which such possible disputes shall be decided. No stamps or seals should be used in any manner so as to interfere with the practical work of the wine maker. It is a duty of the Government to find its own means of self-protection without in any way injuring the producer.

Second. For reports based upon the supervision required under the law as to the acts of the wine maker supported by the evidence secured by the stamps and seals; if there is to be a possible delinquency, there must be detained by the Government the goods delinquent; therefore the necessity for identification of packages by stamps and seals; but this identification should not be obtained at the cost of the producer but at the cost of the Government.

Third. The decision of the District Internal Revenue Collector on final accounting between the producer and the Government. It is presumed that the local officer has fixed the time for inspection sufficiently long to enable the Government to decide any disputes that may arise. Having decided these possible disputes and having given official receipts on final accounting, the producer becomes once more a free American citizen. His goods are free from stamps and seals and supervisions.

Now, having reviewed the three practical acts of the Government done in its own interest and in the interest of the producer: viz.:

First. Fixing the period of protection which might be termed bonding;

Second. Seals and stamps to identify goods under inspection.

Third. Official accounting with the local District Collector.

It is plain however, that some complication may arise whereby a modification of the period for inspection and accounting must be contemplated. Suppose for instance, a grower having done what he thinks he is entitled to do under the law without intending to defraud, has been carried before the District Collector by the supervising officer and the decision being unfavorable to the producer, the grower appeals to the Department in Washington; in such a case the producer demanding further time should grant the Government further time in holding his goods and for the purpose of appeal, he should be allowed to ask for an extension of time for the surveillance by the Government. The time for settlement should be subject to amendment or extension of time, in case a producer demands it in order to protect himself against adverse rulings. Assume however, that after final accounting and the release of the goods which have been held under supervision, the Government discovers some evidence to indicate that it has been defrauded; in such a case the Government should proceed against the bondsmen and not against the goods—in other words, the Government should not become the cause of disorder in trade through its own negligence and incompetency. Further than this the Government should limit the time during which the bonds shall be subject to enforcement, and this limitation should be as short as possible. No private citizen should be required to guarantee the Government against incompetency of public officers for any longer time than is absolutely required for practical purposes.

The other provisions relating to sweet wines and fortifications continued in sections 46, 47, 48 and 49, are not necessarily included within the purposes of this analysis. To discuss them now would be confusing to the main issue.

CHAS. A. WETMORE,

Chairman Livermore Committee.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnership.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

S. H. B. Co., Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
S. Ose, Portland, Ore., attached.
R. Steinhilber, Denver, Colo., attached.
D. Baum, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
H. Trevenor, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
S. D. Bayless, Columbia, Ark., attached.
W. R. Conly, Oakland, Cal., minus agency.
H. White & Co., Los Angeles, Cal., attached.

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 J. Morgan, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Durham & Williams, Huntington, Or.
 A. S. Williams, Huntington, Or.
 C. H. Heiss, Astoria, Or.

Deceased.

Leb. M. Harris, Stevensville, Mont.
H. L. Webb, Linkville, Oe.
L. Rabolt, Sutter Creek, Cal.
S. Liday, Salt Lake, Utah.
Fred Beck, San Juan, Cal.
Paul Husson, San Francisco, Cal.

Special Inquiries.

M. Larsen, Kalama, Wash.
Daniel Hanley, Denver, Colo.
John Greub, Berkeley, Cal.
Thos. Gomez, Pleasanton, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

John Doyle, Julian, Cal., conveyed realty \$1.
J. C. Swanson, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed gift.
A. Quilice, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
J. Rometch, Portland, Or., \$750.
Hidden Bros., Vancouver, Wash., L. M. Hidden, conveyed realty \$273.
L. Vignier, Oakland, Cal., received deed \$10.
M. S. Silva, Pleasanton, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
O. Riccomi, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$1003.
Geo. H. Butler, Harnsburg, Or., received deed \$40.
Gambrinus Brewery, Portland, Or., L. Feuer conveyed realty \$37,500.
Ben Wright, Oakland, Cal., conveyed realty \$5,000.
Hauser & Volk, Cheyenne, Wy., received deed \$1450.
L. E. Chaitrand, Oakland, Cal., received deed \$15,000, conveyed realty \$15,000.
J. Drager, Fresno, Cal., received deed \$100.

Bills of Sale.

W. McCormick, San Jose, Cal., \$284.
H. Jennings, Spokane, Wash., \$60.
A. J. H. Barz, Port Townsend, Wash., \$—.
J. O. Curtis & Co., Port Townsend, Wash.,
\$4,000.
P. D. Sprague, Port Townsend, Wash.,
\$375.
Geo. K. Beede, Seattle, Wash., \$3,654.
W. H. & J. W. Flora, Tacoma, Wash.,
\$3,000.
J. W. Hallack, Los Angeles, Cal., \$—.
Chas. Herrington, Centralia, Wash., \$300.
Riggs & Co., Seattle, Wash., L. C. Riggs
\$1,000.
J. Nogana, Seattle, Wash., \$—.
Berg & Erickson, Spokane, Wash., \$500.
D. W. Thomas, Portland, Or. \$350.
C. J. Morris, Tacoma, Wash., to Wilde &
Mathies.
J. H. Lawler, Denver, Colo., \$1.
W. F. Miller, Spokane, Wash., \$1,200.
C. I. Morris, Tacoma, Wash., \$2,700.
D. P. Callaghan, Ballard, Wash., \$300.

Realty Mortgages.

E. Stanton, San Francisco, Cal., \$2,500 and \$2,500.
Samuel Hancock, San Francisco, Cal., \$20,000.
H. Wolters, San Francisco, Cal., \$5 000.
E. W. Taylor, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,114.
J. Bernhard, San Francisco, Cal., \$2,400 and \$1,400.
R. J. Techau, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,000.
O. Bozio, San Francisco, Cal., \$2,500.
C. A. Viemeister, Sacramento, Cal., \$1,800.
H. Shea, San Francisco, Cal., \$3,000.
C. Scaife, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,000.
A. Candella, Stockton, Cal., \$1,000.
Bradshaw & Donovan, Port Townsend, Wash., \$3,000.
Louis Stenger, Whatcom, Wash., \$2,200.
L. Lechteim, Portland, Or., \$14,000.
Henry Grella, Portland, Or., \$500.



SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE

Table Wines and Fine Brandies

GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated

INGLENOOK VINEYARD.

OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO, CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry
and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

122 SANSOME STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.

Hauser & Volk, Cheyenne, Wyo. \$2,000.
J. C. Morrison, Bakersfield, Cal., \$350.
L. E. Chartrand, Oakland, Cal., \$3,500.
F. Leonhard, Oakland, Cal., \$2,300.
Bruns & Staat, San Francisco, Cal., H. F. Bruns \$—
Cornelius Mooney, San Francisco, Cal., \$5,000.

Chattel Mortgages.

W. A. Westberg, Portland, Or., \$200.
H. C. Corey, Ogden, Utah, \$1,400.
James Delaney, Ogden, Utah, \$218.
Edw. Jessop, Ogden, Utah, \$1,500.
Edmonds & Rand, Salt Lake, Utah, W. Edmonds \$135.
M. Murphy, Salt Lake, Utah, \$535.
N. Roman, Spokane, Wash., \$500.
Standard Bottling Co., Spokane, Wash., \$475.
Hull & Bastian, Puyallup, Wash., \$700.
Ramona Winery, Ramona, Cal., \$5,748.
J. M. Sniveley, Denver, Colo., \$687.
Goehring & Son, Denver, Colo., \$1,710.
Wm. Clemens, Denver, Colo., \$535.
W. F. Carr & Co., Denver, Colo., \$303.
M. Lollar, Denver, Colo., \$500.
A. Felton, Salida, Colo., \$80.
V. Peiffer, Salida, Colo., \$600.
E. Austin, Portland, Or., \$1,103.
Martin & Worrall, Seattle, Wash., \$1,275.
S. J. Russell, Seattle, Wash., \$1,000.
M. F. Jones & Co., Laramie, Wyo., \$963.
R. H. Duff, Fairhaven, Wash., \$1,500.
J. C. Lemley, Sprague, Wash., \$—
N. L. Hoffman, Tacoma, Wash., \$4,658.
Geo. L. Lucas, Pendleton, Or., \$350.
A. M. Fritts, Portland, Or., \$135.
Geo. Morhard, Seattle, Wash., \$185.
Weber & Boatman, Portland, Or., \$137.
Venno & Moratted, Seattle, Wash., \$600.
Koethe & Humpert, Seattle, Wash., \$1,560.
J. C. Schilling, Spokane, Wash., \$180.
F. E. Bauman, Tacoma, Wash., \$500.
L. L. Ladd & Co., Tacoma, Wash., \$105.
L. F. Wells, Laramie, Wyo., \$1,000.
G. W. Gardner, Denver, Colo., \$5400.
P. Carr, Denver, Colo., \$655.
A. J. Narres & Co., Denver, Colo., \$525.
Flynn & O'Donnell, Leadville, Colo., \$125.
H. E. Mulnix & Bro., Trinidad, Colo., \$2090.
Giebisch & McNamee, Portland, Or., J. McNamee \$1500.
Drannan & Pierson, Port Angeles, Wash., \$500.
F. Alwin, Tacoma, Wash., \$3,900.
W. L. Hoffman, Tacoma, Wash., \$4,658.
Geo. Maeder, Winlock, Wash., \$1411.
G. J. Meyer, Pendleton, Or., \$500.
W. G. McKnight, Sehome, Wash., \$2000.
A. P. Hanson, Tacoma, Wash., \$1103.
B. Steinkraus, Denver, Colo., \$338.
J. T. Burns, Denver, Colo., \$1437.
L. M. Goldsmith, Leadville, Colo., \$79.
R. Buck, Portland, Or., \$1000.
Bradshaw & Donovan, Port Townsend, Wash., \$4000.
H. Trapeur, Port Townsend, Wash., \$250.
B. L. Killey, Denver, Colo., \$653.
J. B. Kraft, Albina, Or., \$500.
H. Busse, Seattle, Wash., \$800.
H. Pfister, East Portland, Or., \$200.
E. B. Davis, Portland, Or., \$500.
Vena & Maratta, Seattle, Wash., \$573.
P. Burns, San Francisco, Cal., \$200.
C. Frendson, Tacoma, Wash., \$300.

J. P. Anderson, Denver, Colo., \$2,900.
P. W. Peterson, Denver, Colo., \$725.
F. Burcher, Denver, Colo., \$2118.
Geo. W. Peck, Ogden, Utah, \$500.
C. W. Bretha, San Francisco, Cal., \$58.
A. E. Lawler, Denver, Colo., \$1200.
A. Enospieler, Denver, Colo., \$300.
C. E. Holliday, Denver, Colo., \$900.
A. Edmunds, Fairhaven, Wash., \$450.
Thies & Noonan, Denver, Colo., \$1586.
D. Mitchell, Missoula, Mont., \$3,000.
Willehem & Donohue, Athena, Or., \$242.
Thos. Johnson, Deep Creek Falls, Wash., \$520.

Mortgages Released.

S. J. Russell, Seattle, Wash., \$8,000.
P. D. Sprague, Port Townsend, Wash., \$1,100.
Sam'l Hancock, San Francisco, Cal., \$20,000.
B. Dreyfus & Co., San Francisco, Cal., J. J. Weglein, \$6,000.
J. Werringer, Bakersfield, Cal.
R. J. Techau, San Francisco, Cal., \$7,000.
C. A. Viemeister, Sacramento, Cal., \$1,800.
A. Candella, Stockton, Cal., \$1,000.
S. W. Curtis, Port Townsend, Wash., \$400.
J. H. Rippe, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,000.
J. H. Schroeder, Albina, Or., \$600.
O. Ricconi, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,500.

Mortgages Discharged.

Goetjen & Miller, San Francisco, Cal., H. Goetjen, \$1,200.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

V. Kinkade, Puyallup, Wash., sued, \$488.
O. M. Lefebvre, Bloomfield, Cal., execution \$476.
Kate F. Warfield, Glen Ellen, Cal., judgment vs. her, \$322.
M. B. Elligan, Spokane, Wash., sued.
Madigan & King, Ballard, Wash., sued \$165.
Weil & Schlegel, San Bernardino, Cal., judgment, \$100.
C. W. Harvey, Whittier, Cal., execution, \$5,439.
J. B. Fisher, Seattle, Wash., sued, \$740.
R. A. Chisholm, Seattle, Wash., sued, \$1,833.
H. C. Holman, Stockton, Cal., sued.

Miscellaneous.

Felter, Son & Co., Sacramento, Cal., removed to San Francisco.
C. Ehret, Edgewood, Cal., removed to Montague.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.
Sold by Druggists, price 75 cents per bottle.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 30, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade: We present herewith tables showing the bonded stocks of Kentucky whiskies of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90, the production for the current season to April 30th, inclusive, and the amount of said production then remaining in bond.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s AND '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond March 31, '91.....	1,351,936	15,281,725	30,390,011	47,023,672 gals.
Unbonded in Apr., 2nd Dist.	9,855	52,609	37,184	99,648 "
5th "	153,708	198,374	225,845	577,987 "
6th "	27,992	59,460	91,408	178,860 "
7th "	60,447	32,907	101,371	194,725 "
8th "	16,561	92,732	19,433	128,726 "

Total.....	268,623	436,082	475,241	1,179,946 gals.
Leaving in bond Apr. 30, '91.....	1,083,313	14,845,643	29,914,770	45,843,726 gals.

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

Total production '91 crop through Mar. 31st ult. 23,006,477 gals. to which we add the production for April.

2nd District.....	526,924 gals.
5th "	2,248,778 "
6th "	624,815 "
7th "	852,841 "
8th "	915,814 " 5,169,172 "

total production for season to Apr. 30, inclusive 28,175,649 gals.

For the same period of the '90 crop the production was

In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 "
In December, '89.....	3,937,850 "
In January, '90.....	4,488,555 "
In February '90.....	4,229,707 "
In March, '90.....	4,796,897 "
In April, '90.....	5,283,897 " 27,327,635 "

or an increase in '91 crop for first ten months..... 848,014 "

BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on Mar. 31, '91.....21,444,161 gals. to which we add the production for April, above shown.....5,169,172 "

26,613,333 gals.

and subtract the withdrawals for April, viz:

2nd District.....	68,115 gals.
5th "	106,334 "
6th "	51,316 "
7th "	11,348 "
8th "	5,629 " 242,742 gals.

leaving in bond of that crop on April 30, '91.....26,370,591 "

We commend these tables to your examination, and beg to remain,
Your obedient servants,

Frankfort, Ky.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.


We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at seventy-five cents per gallon in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street, - - - - - New York.

The churches of Meadville, Pa., are waging war against the liquor business, and have held a mass meeting of the ministers of the county. Rev. J. J. Dunn, pastor of St. Bridget's Roman Catholic Church, who, in his absence was placed on one of the ministerial committees, has declined to serve, and in a published card says: "I believe in good air, good water, good bread, good beer, good wine, good whisky, good drugs and good people; and I believe in punishing according to law any one who would corrupt or abuse any of these."

THE HIGHEST AWARD

 PARIS EXPOSITION.
 1889.
 GOLD MEDAL

MONT-ROUGE
 VINEYARD,
 1885.

LIVERMORE VALLEY,
 CALIFORNIA.

A.G. CHAUCHE
 PROPRIETOR.
 SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICE & DEPOT
 615-617
 FRONT ST. S.F.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.

Office and Salesrooms

618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,

California Wines and Brandies

WHOLESALE DEALERS,
 GROWERS, DISTILLERS.

Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

CARROLL & CARROLL,
Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

— SOLE AGENTS FOR —

OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
 RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE

W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.
 Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.

300 MARKET STREET - - - SAN FRANCISCO.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

F. O. BOYD & CO.,
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,
 Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.

Advances Made on Consignments.

References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
 MR. ROBERT BARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HARSZATHY, San Francisco, Cal.
 MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHUEFELDT, Chicago, Ill.

CHAR. W. FORB, JOHN SPRUANCE.

Spruance, Stanley & Co.
 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE

Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.

Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
 410 FRONT STREET. - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.

The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
 Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
 Livermore Valley.

DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
 A SPECIALTY.

SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER
JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.

H. R. HARRIS, M. L. REYNOLDS, THOS. KINGSTON.


Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,
 WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND
 Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES



VINEYARDS & CELLARS:
 Rutherford,
 Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
 123-127 Eddy St.
 Under Hackmeier's Hotel,
 San Francisco, Cal.


California Wine Growers' Union
 PURE CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandies,
 Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave, San Francisco, Cal.

 **LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE**

The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.

WHITE LABEL, "CARTE BLANCHE." BROWN LABEL, "GRAND VIN SEC."
 A Magnificent Rich Wine. Perfection of a Dry Wine

See that every Bottle bears the private label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
 Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

 **Damiana Bitters.**

The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of
 the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases.
 DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the
 best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on
 the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above
 Weakness and Want of Sexual Desire.

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,
 Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.
 30 South William Street, New York.

— Sole Manufacturers of the —
ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.
JONES, MUNDY & CO., Agents.
 N. B. Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless
 as Substitutes.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAH HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Traminer, '82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, '82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, '81.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, '83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1881.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1881.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, '84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscatel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
473 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi Feher Hun Type "1885"	4.00
Port, 1884.....	5.00
Sherry, 1885.....	6.00
" 1884.....	4.50
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, '84	5.00
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85	12.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red.....	10.00
***Green.....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	1.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type "Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	6.50
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.		
Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.		
Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.		
Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.,
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port. (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
JAS. L. DAVIS Sole Agent,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Santerne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beelan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
" ".....	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
" ".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
" ".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chahele Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Santerne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Santerne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscatel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
101-102 First street, San Francisco.
Branch, 665 Market Street.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy.....	3.00
Riesling.....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Santerne.....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co)	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAH HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonspareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CUABR, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.

Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.
To-Kalon Sec.....\$12.00 \$13.00
Sparkling.....11.00 12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (L'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY. CHAMPAGNE.		
Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums		
per case.....	31.00	
Chabnet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt	25.50	27.50
DUPASLOUP & CO., REIMS.		
Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Branche, extra dry, per		
case.....	21.00	22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Pommery Sec.....	\$34.00	\$36.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Grand Vin Sec.....	\$34.00	\$36.00
Brut.....	34.00	36.00
Carte Blanche.....	34.00	36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jonet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jonet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

JAS. L. DAVIS
SOLE AGENT.

308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry		
Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private		
Curvee.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY, De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.		
Briton Sec.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
Grand Verzenay.....	30.00	32.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guesnier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Paulliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Becheville, 1881.....	15.00
Ducru Beaucailou, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Canteac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langon, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Paulliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estoumel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Mouton Rothschild '80	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Moussé, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romanée, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



Main Office and Vaults.
661 671 Third St.
Branch.
417 419 MONTGOMERY ST.,
San Francisco.

Winery and Distillery.
Sacramento, Cal.
Eastern Branch
12 MURRAY STREET,
New York.

H. W. CRABB,
OAKVILLE,
NAPA CO. - - - CAL.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS
ALL OUR GOODS GUARANTEED PURE.

TO-KALON.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK.
VINEYARD.

JAS. L. DAVIS,
WORLD'S AGENT,
308 CALIFORNIA ST., S. F.
CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of the Age.

Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

C. JOST, SR. C. JOST, JR.

CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
— Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH, SAN FRANCISCO.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, CLARET,
ANGELICA, SAUTERNE,
ZINFANDEL, SHERRY,
HOCK, MUSCAT,
PORT, RIESLING,
TOKAY, GUTEDL.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.
Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.

THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.

Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLMAN & CO.,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault,
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK.

J. DE BARTH SHORB,
President San Gabriel Wine Co.
SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

JOS. MELCZER & CO.
Growers and Dealers In
California
WINES AND BRANDIES
Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
Fine Table Wines a Specialty
504-506 Market St.,
San Francisco, Cal.



American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.

(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)

Hock wines from.....\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)Ports and Sherries in wood,
per gallon.....\$1.75 to \$4.50Port and Sherries in cases,
per case.....\$8.00 to \$15.00
(Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)Ports and Sherries in wood
from.....\$1.75 to \$4.50H. BRUNHILD & Co.,
323 Pearl St., New York.
Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.

RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.

Chr. Motz & Co.,

ROCKWITZ & KRIEGER, Saccosors, Bordeaux

Cases,	
Medoc.....	\$6.00
St. Julien.....	6.75
Margaux.....	7.00
Pontet Canet.....	8.00
Ch. Latour.....	13.50
Ch. Lafite.....	14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.

St. Julian.....	Per Gallon \$73.00
Montferland.....	85.00
St. Estephe.....	115.00
Pontet Canet.....	145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.

Gebruder, Eckel, Deidesheim.

1883 Laubenheimer.....	\$7.30
1884 Niersteiner.....	7.55
1884 Forster.....	7.85
1883 Deldesheimer Kappellen- berg.....	10.00
1883 Rudesheimer.....	10.50
1881 Liebfraumlich.....	10.00
1881 Assmannshausen (Red).....	12.00
1883 Deidesheimer Kieselberg.....	17.90
Zeltinger.....	9.00
Scharzhofberger.....	15.00

Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.

SHERRY WINES.

RIUZ MATA & Co., Jerez de la Frontera.

In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.

Bunch Grape, Good.....	\$1.25
Three Diamonds, Good, full bodied.....	1.40
Four Diamonds, rich.....	1.75
Manzanilla, dry and rich.....	2.25
Palido, dry and aromatic.....	2.50
Amontillado, pale and fine.....	3.50

FULL.

Oloriso.....	2.85
Oloroso.....	3.60
Imperial.....	4.60

Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,

Cadiz executed on favorable terms.

PORT WINES.

R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.

1/2 and 1/4 Casks.

Pure Port.....	Per Gal. \$1.20
Pure diamond brand Port.....	1.40
Three Bunches Grape.....	1.70
Teneriffe.....	2.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux

Clarets, per case.....\$8.00 to \$28.00

A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux

Sauternes, per case.....12.00 to 26.00

C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits

Burgundies, white and

red, per case.....15.00 to 21.75

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,

Oporto, Port wines

per case.....15.00 to 20.00

D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,

Oporto, Port Wines,

in wood per gal.....2.00 to 4.50

Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries

in wood per gal.....2.00 to 5.50

Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown

Brand in 1/2.....1.40 to 1.75

South Side Madeira.....2.00 to 2.50

St. Croix Rum, L. B.....5.50

Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....5.00 to 6.00

Boord & Son, London Dock

Sherry, per case.....12.00 to 15.00

G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz

Rhine Wines per case.....8.50 to 28.00

Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt

O M Rhine Wines per

case.....11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,
210 Front street, San Francisco.

Our Favorite O K.....	Per Gallon \$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,
410 Front street, San Francisco.

Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite.....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases.....	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, cs.....	11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,
404 Front street, San Francisco.

Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls.....	Per Gallon \$6.00 to \$8.00
A A.....	4.00
B.....	3.50
C.....	3.00
No. 1.....	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from.....	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2 dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.

323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.

Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1.....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k.....	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf.....	2.50
" " " OK, 100pf.....	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k.....	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old.....	4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf.....	2.50
Union Club.....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.50

LIQUORS—In cases.

Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s.....	Per Case \$10.50
" " " A1, ".....	7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts.....	8.00
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt.....	9.00
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.....	7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s.....	8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s.....	7.50

SIEBE RHOS. & PLAGEMAN,
322 Sansome street, San Francisco.

O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Ilvian.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHL'S SCHWARKE & CO.

123 Sutter street, San Francisco.
O K Goldwater.....\$ 4.00
" " per case.....7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco

Blue Grass, spring '83.....\$2.75

JOSEPH MELOZER & CO.

504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Native Pride, Old Bourbon, (per bbl) per gallon.....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

John Gibson's Son & Co.,

Philadelphia, Bourbon

and Rye whiskies.....\$1.90 to \$3.50

KOLB & DENHARD.

422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon \$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,

Boutelleau & Co. man-

agers Cognac in Octaves

per gal.....\$5.00 to \$8.50

The Vineyard Proprs. Co.

Boutelleau & Co. man-

agers Reserve Vintages. 10.50 to 14.00

Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....3.75

Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.....3.65

John Ramsay Islay Scotch

Whisky, in 1/2 casks.....4.75

Boord's Pineapple brand

Jamaica Rums in 1/2

casks.....5.25 6.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

(J. DUPONT & CO.)

Cognac 1/2 and 1/4 casks, 1887.....

" " " 1883.....5.90

" " " 1880.....6.50

" " " 1878.....7.10

" " " 1875.....7.80

" " " 1870.....8.40

" " " 1878.....9.10

" " " 1865.....10.30

" " " 1860.....11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco.

Martell's Brandy, * per case.....\$17.00

" " " ".....19.00

" " " ".....22.00

" " " VSO.....34.00

" " " WSOP.....52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS

303 California Street, San Francisco.

W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac. 26.00 28.00

W. B. CHAPMAN.

123 California street, San Francisco.

(H. Cavillier & frere Cognac.)

Quarts.

Fine Champagne, 1870.....\$32.00

Grande Fine Champagne, 1860.....36.00

Grande Fine Champagne Re-

serve, 1858.....40.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Boord & Son, London Finest

Irish Malt Whiskey.....\$12.50

Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.....12.50

John Ramsay, Islay Malt

Scotch Whisky.....13.00

WM. WOLF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.

Lone Highland.....per case \$11.50

Connaught, Irish.....11.50

Wm. Jameson & Co.....11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS.)

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco-

J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot \$18.50

" " med. " " 10.00

Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel 15.00

" " per cs. 4 doz 6.00

Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique

per case.....13.50

Gilka Kummel per case.....15.00

Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case 7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Market street, San Francisco.

(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)

Old Tom Gin, per case.....11.00

Pale Orange Bitters, per case 11.50

Ginger Brandy, Liqueur " 12.00

Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00

JAIN Royal Batavia Gin in

cases of 15 large black

bottles per case.....23.50

in cases of 15 large

white bottles per case 24.50

Kirschwasser, Macholf Freres

Bavarian Highland, per

case.....19.00

Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.

Peters' per case.....12.00

Kummel, Bollmann's per case 13.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,

323 Pearl street, New York.

Branch, 414 Front street, San Francisco.

BLANKENHEYM & NOLET, ROTTERDAM.

GIN—"CENTAUR" BRAND.

In Casks, per gallon.....\$ 3.50

Red Cases (15 bottles).....16.25

Green Cases (12 bottles).....10.50

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co.

DISTILLERS OF

FRUIT BRANDIES.

Bottlers and Dealers in

NATIVE WINES.

168-70-72 East Pearl St.

Cincinnati O.

CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY,

Successors to N. P. COLE & CO.

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY

Office Furniture, Etc.

Starr King Building, 117 to 121 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

TRUMBULL & BEEBE,

GROWERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Seeds, Trees and Plants

419 and 421 Sansome St, Bet. Commercial and Clay Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

C. CARPY & CO.

Proprietors

Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA.

515-517 Sacramento St., - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.CARPY & MAUBEC,
18 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.**RONALD G. McMILLAN,**

— Manufacturer and Dealer in —

*Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts***Pure Sugar Coloring**

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,

TELEPHONE 17.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

San Francisco.

A. MALFAN, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT,	HOCK,
ANGELICA,	SAUTERNE,
ROYAL NECTAR,	OLD PORT,
ZINFANDEL,	GUTEDL.
SHERRY,	RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

**C. HOLTUM & CO.**
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA**WINES & BRANDIES**

100-102 FIRST STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BRANCH, 565 MARKET ST.

KOHLER & FROHLING,

PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES*Vineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,**Merced County and Fresno County.*Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.41-45 Broadway,
New York.**Lachman & Jacobi,**

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Dover & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,California Champagnes,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky

**CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,**

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

PROPRIETORS OF

Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

ANTOINE BOCQUERAZ,

JAMES SHEA.

Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of

Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

☞ These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....			60	55	52½			225		235		275	Spr 82 300	Lou CH
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			50	40	35							250		
Ashland.....			52½	42½	37½									
Astor.....								220		240				
Atherton.....		62½	55	42½	37½			215				250	Spr 81 275	Lou C II
Ballard & Lancaster.....					37½									
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....			60				35							
Belle of Anderson.....		65	60	50	47½	42½	40							
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....	90	62½	52½	40	37½									
Belle of Louisville.....														
Belle of Marion.....	80	70	65		40									
Belle of Nelson.....		90	87½		62½	55		275						
Belmont.....			67½	60	57½								Spr 81 290	
Berkele, Wm.....		60	55	45	42½		40							
Berry, E. C.....			47½		40		30							
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....		60	55		42½		32½							
Blakemore.....			82½											
Blue Grass.....		60	52½	42½	40									
Bond & Lillard.....	210	85	77½	67½	62½	60				255			Spr 83 375	
Bond, M. S.....		50	42½	31½	30									
Boone's Knoll.....			75	62½	57½									
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....			55		40	37½	35							
Brownfield, W. W.....														
Buchanan.....			62½		52½					250			Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Callaghan.....					45									
Carlisle.....			57½		55								Fall 81 290	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....	80		65		50									
Chickeneock.....	65		50	42½	40									
Clay, Samuel.....	65	47½	42½	42½	40									
Cliff Falls.....			47½	45	40	30	30							
Clifton.....										235			Spr 80 300	
Commonwealth.....	62½		55		40									
Cook, C. B.....			45		31									
Coon Hollow.....			67½		55		45							
Craig, F. G.....			47½		35									
Cornflower.....														
Cream of Anderson.....	75		65		55									
Criterion.....	67½		50	37½	35									
Crystal Spring.....	80		50	42½	40									
Cumberland.....			65	55	50									
Cummins, R. & Co.....			57½		40		35							
Dant, J. W.....	90		67½	55	45					250				
Darling.....			55	40	37½	35								
Daviess County Club.....					40									
Dedman, C. M.....	80				42½			215						
Double Spring.....				40	37½									
Dundee.....			52½		40									
Durham.....	75		62½		52½		37½							
Early Times.....	200	70	67½	55	52½	50	47½	235						
Edge Cliff.....	85		75		60		50							
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....			57½	74½	45								Spr 80 290	
Elk Run.....		52½	37½		31									
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....			45		35									
Fall City.....														
Fern Cliff.....					35									
Fible & Crabb.....	80													
Field, J. W. M.....		65	60	45	42½			215						
Franklin.....					40									
Frazier, W. J.....			75	62½	60									
Freeland.....														
Garland.....			50	37½	35									
Gladstone.....				37½	35	35								
Glenarime.....			55	37½	37½	32½							Spr 81 300	

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BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			52½		37½									
Glen Springs.....					42½								Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....			70		42½								Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Greystone.....			60		50									
G. W. S.....	80		65		50									
Hackly, S. O.....			60											
Hanning, Jno.....		55	52½	42½	40									
Harris, N.....			47½		42½			215						
Hawkins.....			62½											
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	80				45									
Head, F. M.....					37½									
Head, W. H.....			50		37½									
Hermitage.....			90		70	65		245		265		280	Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....	77½		55	42½	40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co)	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			50	42½	40			215		230			Fall 81 175	
Indian Hill.....														
Jessamine.....				35	35									
Jockey Club.....														
Kellar, A.....		57½	52½	45	42½	37½	35			225				
Kentucky Club.....				65						230				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....	75	60	55	37½	35									
Kentucky Cyclone.....														
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			60	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			55		37½		32½							
Limestone.....	72½	67½	52½	47½	42½									
McBrayer, J. A.....								225						
McBrayer, J. H.....			60	47½	45									
McBrayer, W. H.....		105	95	75	72½	65		285		300			Spr 81 450	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			50	40	37½									
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			53½	42	37½		32½							
Mattingly & Moore.....		70	62½	55	47½									
Mayfield.....		70	62½	47½	45									
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	72½	60	55	42½	40			212½						
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50	35	32½	32½	32½							
Monarch, M. V.....			65		50	47½	45							
Monarch, R.....			62½	50	45			230						
Monarch, T. J.....			57½											
Moore, D. L.....					40		37½						Spr 81 300	
Moore & Grigsby.....					50									
Murphy, Barber & Co.....			60	45	42½								Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....			65		52½		50							
Nelson.....			57½	50	40	37½							Spr 80 325	
New Castle.....	65													
New Hope.....			60	55	45								Spr 82 285	
Nutwood.....			52½											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½									
O. F. C.....			75		60			245					Fall 81 325	
Old Charter.....			50		35									
Old Crow.....			100		75	70						325	Spr 81 425	
Old Lexington Club.....					37½					225				
Old Log Cabin.....			70		57½									
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			75		60			260		275				
Old Oscar Pepper.....	110		80	67½	67½				240					
Old Tarr.....			57½					235						
Old Time (Pogues).....			50			40							Spr 80 325	
Old Times.....			50	37½	35	32½	30	210					Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....					40		30							
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....			47½		40	35								
Peacock.....					45		37½			240				
Pepper, R. P.....		55		45		40								
Pilgrimage.....					55	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		35									
Richwood.....		62½	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy T. B.....		67½	56½	46½	42½					235			Spr 81 300	L C H
Rohrer, D.....	60		50		35								Spr 82 315	
Rolling, Fork.....			57½		24½	35								

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Surplus in the United States	1,264,223.32.

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Capital	\$10,000,000.
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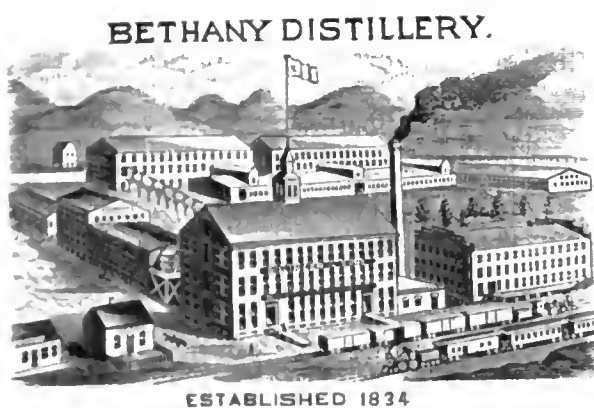
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BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add; S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenarme. Jessamine. Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add; Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.
		RYES.	
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MELLWOOD DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee,	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add; A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor, Belmont, Nutwood.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add; Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
THE R. F. BALKE DIST'Y CO Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add; Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
OLD TIMES DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	NORMANDY DIST'G CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.



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Braddoek.....			87½	80	75	67½	62½		325					
Bridgeport.....	100	90	80	65	55	47½	45			265		300		
Brookdale.....					55									
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	87½	75	65	55	50	45							
Dougherty.....	117½	105	92½	77½	65	55	52½		245					
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	110	95	85½	70½	62½	53	52½							
Frontier.....		70	65	55	47½	40	35							
Gibson.....	125	105	87½	67½	62½	60	53½		310					
Guckenheimer.....	100	87½	77½	70	62½	55	52½		250	285	320	335	Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....	125	105	87½	77½	67½	60	52½		300	310	335	350		
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	65	57½	52½	45	42½		240				Spr 84	400
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....	100	90	77½	72½	65	60	55							
Melvale.....		100	85	70	65	56	50							
Monticello.....		100	90	70	62½	55	52½		265		280	285		
Montrose.....	72½	65	60		42½	37½	35							
Moore, Tom.....														
Mt. Vernon.....	150	115	100	80	72½	62½	55		300	325	350	375		
Orient.....	100	82½	67½	55	45	42½	90							
Overholt.....	115	90	75	65	60	52	50							
Sherwood.....	115	95	85	67½	65	57½	55							
Somerset.....	70	65	50	45	37½	35	32½							
Stewart.....		100	85		60									
Tompson, Sam.....					52½									
Vandegrift.....				60	52½	45								



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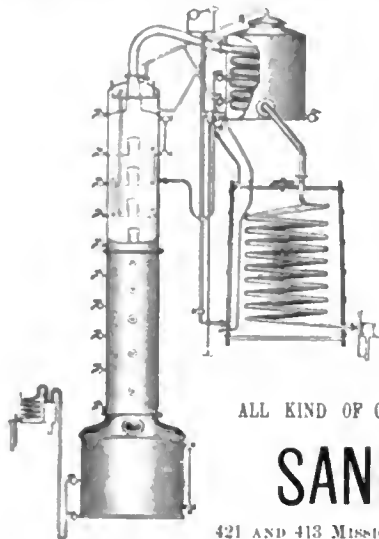
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Brandy distilled in my CONTINUOUS STILL received this and last year, the HIGHEST market price. FOR PURITY AND FINE FLAVOR none can equal it.

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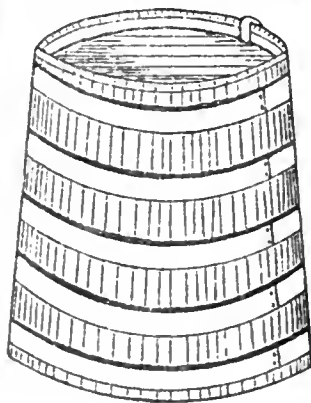
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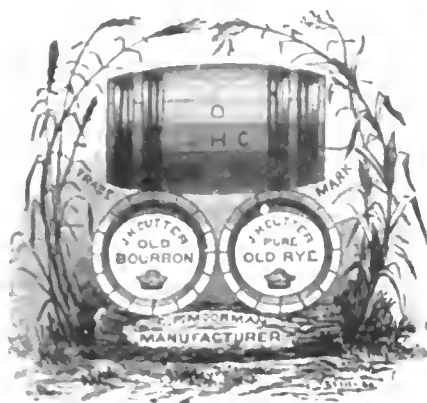
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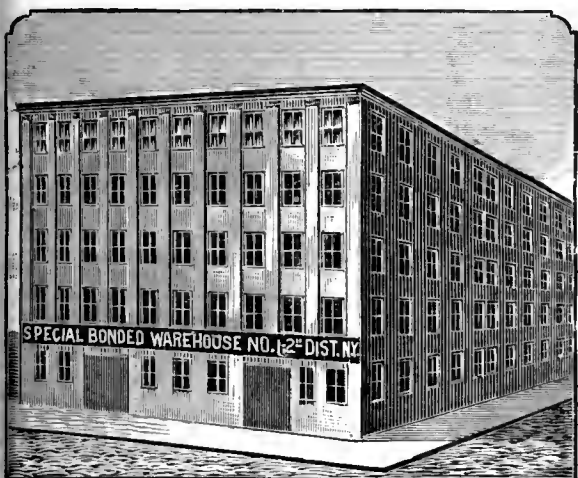
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



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WINFIELD SCOTT—R. M. WOOD.

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MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES—There is but one opinion in the trade and that is that business is dull. Nevertheless shipping goes on very freely for the season and the figures of any previous season are being increased on all kinds of wine. The demand for Sweet has fallen away, but there is little stock, that is being pushed for sale. The dry wine market is without feature.

Elsewhere will be found the semi-annual statement of exports by sea, for the six months from January 1st to July 1st. These are to be supplemented with the statement of rail shipments in our next issue. These tables will bear careful study.

Receipts of wine at San Francisco in June fell off somewhat as compared with previous months. This is accounted for by the fact that many interior holders are distilling their wine rather than push it on the San Francisco trade at unsatisfactory prices. Receipts for the month were 964,510 gallons. Exports by sea during the past fortnight were 880 cases and 70,048 gallons.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—Slackness characterizes this trade but not the prices. Holders are just as firm as ever

and there is little movement to the city. The present year is a peculiar one as affecting the brandy interest. Many of the leading distillers are running their stills even at this late season to dispose of the surplus of the crop of wine of the last year, and they may operate until nearly next vintage.

The volume of the trade is expanding enormously as the sea exports published elsewhere will show. The feature of the fortnight was the shipment of 72,002 gallons to Germany per ship J. C. Pfleger. The details will be found elsewhere. Receipts for the month of June from the interior were 26,190 gallons. Exports to foreign ports during the past fortnight were 4 cases and 72,223 gallons. Exports to domestic ports were 527 gallons.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES.—The local liquor market is quiet and will remain so for two months yet. Advices from the East indicate that the situation is dull, and that the distillers are talking of some means to limit the production of Bourbons next season.

Our semi-annual statistics of the trade appear in another column. They show how the better class of goods are working into this market. Receipts of whisky by rail during the past night were 10 cases, 726 barrels and 30 half-barrels. Exports by sea were 232 cases and 363 gallons. Receipts of spirits by rail were 499 barrels.

RYES—Are quiet and without feature. Prices are if anything firmer.

A RAISIN TRAY SUBSTITUTE.

Last year many contrivances were devised upon which to dry grapes and raisins. The fruit was spread out on old gunny-sacks on the bare ground, on brown straw and manilla paper, upon sawdust slabs, etc. But few of these experiments, however, turned out to be of value and some resulted in very serious loss to the growers. The Paraffine Paint Company, No. 116 Battery street, San Francisco, now claim as the result of experiments, to have produced a material that is much cheaper and better than anything hitherto offered upon which to dry grapes and raisins. It is made by applying a coat of shining black substance to their thick water-proof building paper. It is impervious to moisture, is tasteless and odorless, and, being shining black, it absorbs the heat so that the clusters are dried on both sides at once. It will certainly pay the dryers of grapes and raisins to give these paper trays a fair trial, as the substitute is a cheap and durable one.

BYRON G. CRANE.

It is with sincere regret that we record the death of Mr. Byron G. Crane, the senior of Crane Hastings & Co., which occurred recently at the Tallac House, Lake Tahoe, whither he went for a summer outing.

Mr. Crane was forty-eight years of age and was recognised as one of the most upright and successful men of the trade. He was the sole proprietor of the business which he conducted and won a large circle of friends by his attention to business and by his good, sound qualities. He leaves a family to mourn his loss.

The funeral which occurred in San Francisco was largely attended.

THE WINE TRADE.

GROWTH OF SEA EXPORTS FOR THIS HALF YEAR.

Some Encouraging Figures That Show a Marked Development in Business in all Our Markets—
Growth of Brandy Exports.

In this issue of the REVIEW we present the official statistics showing the exports of California wines and brandies by sea during the first six months of this year. For the purpose of showing what an increase there has been in the trade since a year has passed, we give comparative figures showing the aggregate of exports for the corresponding months of January, February, March, April, May and June, 1890.

These figures which have been compiled with the greatest care, are absolutely reliable. In some respects they will prove a surprise, showing how substantial has been the growth of business in spite of the fact that the industry has passed through some years of depression.

We regret that we are unable to give the rail shipments overland for the same time and thus give in this issue a complete statement of the exports for the first half year.

The railroad statement, however, cannot be obtained before the 12th of the month and it is our intention to publish in the next issue the complete statistics for the State, by rail and water, including the shipments going from Southern California over the lines of the Atlantic and Pacific.

There is room for abundant thought and study, however, in these sea statistics.

THE NEW YORK TRADE.

First in importance of all the sea exports are those to New York by steamers via Panama and by sailing vessels via Cape Horn. There has been a handsome increase in such shipments as the appended statement will show. The Pacific Mail Company in dispatching three steamers each month has added greatly to the transportation facilities, and that the clippers have been well patronized the fact that five sailed in the first half year of 1891 well attests. The statement of exports to New York by sea only for the half year is as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	42	381,913	\$181,789
February.....	28	390,790	179,861
March.....	70	392,414	181,726
April.....	185	161,949	60,994
May.....	120	419,829	194,291
June.....	69	422,903	190,715
Total.....	514	2,169,798	\$989,376
Same time '90.....	925	1,847,769	749,317

HAWAII.

Hawaii is a most promising field for the wine merchants. Nearly all of the principal houses have agencies at Honolulu and more business is developing every month. There is a large wine drinking population in the Islands. The semi-annual statement, which is very good, is as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January.....	59	20,758	\$14,810
February.....	19	7,408	5,492
March.....	132	13,261	9,883
April.....	33	11,296	8,227
May.....	31	14,754	10,627
June.....	88	9,216	6,697
Total.....	362	76,693	\$55,736
Same time '90.....	314	54,334	11,668

CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Central American trade is the particular pet of two of the principal wine houses, and is divided between them and the various commission houses in the general trade. This business shows a handsome growth, and there is every promise of a better showing in the future, inasmuch as several wine merchants intend to enter the field very shortly. The demand is for sweet wines and for full bodied clarets and burgundies. How trade has developed the following figures will demonstrate:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	368	7,899	\$ 9,097
February.....	915	7,121	8,937
March.....	247	6,233	5,540
April.....	209	9,625	10,172
May.....	694	13,980	12,970
June.....	814	9,060	11,495
Total.....	3,247	53,918	\$58,211
Same time '90.....	1,540	30,999	31,876

MEXICO.

The Mexican trade is in a promising condition, but has not received that care and attention which has been bestowed on the countries farther south. The communications are not so good as the Pacific Mail Company dispatches but one steamer a month calling at more than two Mexican ports. Possibly half of the trade is done with the ports of Lower California and Guaymas by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. The exports have been as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January.....	74	4,584	\$ 3,091
February.....	80	4,614	2,633
March.....	77	7,990	3,775
April.....	131	3,448	2,708
May.....	20	6,628	3,507
June.....	90	5,361	3,501
Total.....	472	32,625	\$19,215
Same time '90.....	513	29,395	19,039

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Exports to British Columbia by sea show a handsome growth, which argues well for the future. The business hardly receives the study which it merits. A very considerable market should eventually be opened up. What has been done, by sea, in the past six months, the following comparative table shows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	101	2,944	\$2,480
February.....	24	1,631	878
March.....	25	2,111	996
April.....	59	4,218	2,179
May.....	65	3,814	2,399
June.....	100	4,197	2,169
Total.....	374	18,915	\$11,101
Same time '90.....	386	9,675	8,940

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The oriental trade shows a splendid growth for the half year. Perhaps ninety per cent of the exports which are here grouped, go to Japan, and a fresh impetus has been given trade by the heavy shipments of the newly organized California Wine Co. of Yokohama, Langfeldt & Co. of Yokohama, and others. The China trade is far less promising. The half yearly statement is annexed:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	113	768	\$ 704
February.....	48	9,071	2,636
March.....	36	3,146	1,204
April.....	24	11,194	4,158
May.....	32	2,582	1,325
June.....	62	2,102	1,052
Total.....	315	28,863	\$11,079
Same time '90.....	211	7,667	4,113

EUROPE.

Exports to Europe—and particularly to England and Germany—are on the increase all the time. The business has more than doubled in the past year and were it not for the heavy duties assessed by France, shipments would increase many fold. The semi-annual statement is as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	8	1,674	\$ 829
February.....	32	4,058	1,804
March.....	...	9,643	3,617
April.....	...	11,012	4,750
May.....	...	1,248	630
June.....	428	12,531	8,500
Total.....	468	40,166	\$20,130
Same time '90....	152	18,114	11,408

TAHITI.

There has been, we regret to report, a very material diminution of the Tahiti trade, due in great part to the poor communications by sailing packet only and to the fact that but two wine firms are in any manner interested. The regular island traders give the business no attention worthy of the name. The exports were as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	...	100	\$ 67
February.....	...	445	210
March.....	...	607	199
April.....	...	...	...
May.....	20	1,549	748
June.....	...	...	...
Total.....	20	2,701	\$1,224
Same time '90....	13	11,083	4,252

MISCELLANEOUS SHIPMENTS.

Under this head we have classified the many small shipments that have been made from time to time to Asiatic Russia, Australia, New Zealand, Polynesia, United States of Colombia and other South American countries. The principal shipment of all was one of 100 barrels which was made in May to Callao. The aggregate of these shipments is as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	...	180	\$ 146
February.....	...	39	35
March.....	42	1,375	1,148
April.....	2	684	343
May.....	41	5,208	5,026
June.....	3	270	178
Total.....	88	7,756	\$6,876
Same time '90....	100	2,379	1,884

RECAPITULATION.

	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
New York (Sea) '91	514	2,169,798	\$989,376
Central America.....	3,247	53,918	58,211
Mexico.....	472	32,625	19,215
Hawaii.....	362	76,693	55,736
British Columbia....	374	18,915	11,101
China and Japan....	315	28,863	11,079
Europe.....	468	40,166	20,130
Tahiti.....	20	2,701	1,224
Miscellaneous.....	88	7,756	6,876
Total.....	5,860	2,431,435	\$1,172,948
Same time '90....	4,154	2,011,414	872,497
Increase.....	1,706	420,021	300,451

EXPORTS OF BRANDY BY SEA.

In another part of this issue will be found a resume of the exports of brandy to foreign ports for the first half year. The statistics are re-produced here in order to make this statement complete. They are as follows:

Months	Cases	Bulk Gallons	Total Value.
January '91.....	124	2,489	\$ 1,988
February.....	43	19,704	13,944
March.....	41	115	394
April.....	6	7,141	4,077
May.....	19	173	618
June.....	26	72,701	56,939
Total.....	259	102,328	\$77,970
Same time '90....	285	49,151	87,836
Increase.....	...	53,177	...

The exports to domestic Eastern ports by way of Panama or Cape Horn also show a handsome growth. The figures are as follows:

Months	Gallons	Value.
January '91.....	39,976	\$75,185
February.....	56,368	105,302
March.....	31,756	62,859
April.....	2,870	5,294
May.....	20,823	38,395
June.....	37,463	72,124
Total, 2 cases and	189,256	\$359,159
Same time '90....	160,077	226,060
Increase.....	29,279	133,099

SWEET WINE PRODUCTION.

In the last issue of the REVIEW there appeared a statement of the sweet wine production of the State, embracing the First and Fourth Districts. The aggregate of the production was 1,083,272 gallons.

If, however, it is thought that this is the aggregate of the production, mistakes are liable to occur. As a matter of fact, there are several of the largest producers of the State who did not take advantage or the law last year, and if the Commissioner of Internal Revenue insists on the absurd definition of the word "vineyard" to which he now appears wedded, there may be many more who will work on the old plan. It may as well be taken for granted that the owners of wineries which are shut out by the unfair ruling now in force, will not retire from the business at the action of the department and will be heard from later, though not in the official figures of the Department.

It is safe to say that the total production of the State last year in sweet wine was not short of 1,200,000 gallons, and no matter what the returns are the product will be greater in the coming season.

It is to be hoped that the Honorable Commissioner will see the injustice of imposing unduly severe regulations before the new season opens. If he does not, the wine makers will be driven by force to the ancient and old-fashioned methods of getting along, and the law instead of being a benefit to all, will become something entirely different.

IMPROVING OUR BRANDY.

Arpad Haraszthy and a number of gentlemen in the wine business are experimenting with a new—and yet old—process of handling brandies, which has up to the present time given the most satisfactory results.

The process was first known some years ago, but its merits have not been thoroughly appreciated until the present time. What it is, the holders of the secret will not say. It is capable of being protected by patent right, but the patents are not yet secured.

Mr. Haraszthy says that the brandies already produced have been submitted to several members of the trade, and to all of the importers and other judges, and that all to whom the samples have been shown are surprised with the excellence of the product. The brandy is almost like a true Cognac—and in fact it has deceived many experts. There is none of the musty flavor observable, which characterizes many of our brandies and makes them difficult to blend.

Mr. Haraszthy and the others interested in the scheme have not yet decided how they will operate after the letters patent are obtained. Either a new company will be formed to take charge or else the secret will be sold with certain reservations.

THE LIQUOR TRADE.

HIGH GRADE WHISKIES TO THE FRONT IN CALIFORNIA.

Comparative Statement of the First Half Years of 1891 and 1890—How the Foreign Champagne Trade is Increasing.

The tables herewith presented showing the volume of imports of whiskies and other liquors into San Francisco by sea and rail, present many facts that will prove not only interesting to the trade, but gratifying to that branch on this Coast and in the East, which is working for the more general introduction of high grade straight and blended whiskies into this market. A careful examination of the figures presented, will show that the efforts of this branch of the trade are meeting with deserved success, and that they are rapidly educating the public taste up to that point where it is competent to judge of the respective merits of straights and blends as compared with compounded goods, and to choose the former. Time was when in this territory that high grade whisky was hard to obtain by the consumer, and when the compounded goods almost entirely controlled the market. That the new era is here and has come to stay is evidenced by the annexed statistics in which it is shown that whereas the importations of spirits by rail for the six months ending June 30th, 1891, have fallen off 1,102 barrels as compared with the same period of 1890, the receipts of whiskies by rail, by sea from New York and from bonded warehouses abroad, (re-imported whiskies) have increased 1,055 barrels. This growth of the trade in first-class whiskies is all the more remarkable in view of the fact that it has taken place in one of the dullest business years which California has ever known. Especially is it to be noted that the greater part of the increase is in re-imported whiskies and in whiskies which are imported by clipper from New York. These whiskies are not only gilt edged goods, but they have the added virtue of having made the 16,000 mile voyage around Cape Horn which develops in them a perfection of flavor and bouquet which can be obtained in no other way.

We are gratified to note this improvement in this class of trade and feel confident that the entire current year's business will show an even more marked change than has marked the first half of the year. If those whose interest it is to promote a more general introduction of Kentucky, Pennsylvania and Maryland whiskies throughout the coast will increase their efforts in this direction, they will certainly be well rewarded.

Herewith we give the statement of the receipts of whiskies, etc., from all sources for the first half year of 1891 and the comparative receipts for the same period of 1890.

WHISKY IMPORTS BY SEA FROM ATLANTIC PORTS.

Months.....	Cases	Bbls.
January.....	250	400
February.....	50	222*
March.....	.....	255
April.....	62	468½
May.....	.....	271
June.....	.....	442
Total.....	362	2,058½
Same time '90.....	25	1,478

* and 2 eighth casks.

WHISKY IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Months	Cases	Bbls.	Hf-Bbls.
January.....	37	1,404	253
February.....	40	1,315	260
March.....	3	1,063	72
April.....	1	1,326	267
May.....	503	1,473	230
June.....	60	1,001	56
Total.....	644	7,582	1,138
Same time '90.....	3,258	8,402	.....

* Reduced to barrels.

WHISKY IMPORTS

Months	Barrels Re-imp.	Cases Fgn	Octaves Fgn	Casks Fgn
January.....	110	768	25	30*
February.....	310	65	15	½
March.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
April.....	445	.....	.....	.....
May.....	.....	25	.....	5½
June.....	526	.....	.....	5½
Total.....	1,391	858	40	35 and 6½
Same time '90.....	665½	1,710	55	5½

* And 1 hhd. † And 1 hhd.

RECAPITULATION AMERICAN WHISKY IMPORTS.

	Cases	Bbls.
Atlantic Ports (Sea).....	362	2,058½
Rail Imports.....	644	7,582
" half-barrels as barrels.....	.....	569
Re-Imported.....	.....	1,391
Total.....	1,008	11,600½
Same time '90.....	3,283	10,545½
Increase.....	2,275*	1,055
Decrease.....	.....	.....

The extent of the decrease in the imports of spirits is shown in the following table:

IMPORTS ALCOHOL AND SPIRITS BY RAIL.

Months	Bbls.
January.....	2,606
February.....	2,514
March.....	2,208
April.....	2,044
May.....	2,596
June.....	1,094
Total.....	13,062
Same time '90.....	14,164
Decrease.....	1,102

EXPORTS OF WHISKY.

The exports of American whisky from San Francisco to foreign ports are small and are principally to Central America and Hawaii. Both branches of the trade show an increase as the following table of exports for the first six months and for the same time on '90 will show:

Month	Cases	Gallons	Value
January.....	666	1,521	\$8,856
February.....	253	969	4,038
March.....	402	937	5,046
April.....	452	1,168	6,384
May.....	419	1,621	6,511
June.....	419	2,614	7,468
Total.....	2,611	8,830	\$38,293
Same time '90.....	2,533	6,426	33,291

IMPORTS OF CHAMPAGNE.

The importation of foreign champagnes continues in the rapid manner which has characterized the trade in the past two or three years. The total for 1891 promises to be the heaviest on record. For the first six months of the year, the imports were 2,945 cases greater than for the same time in 1890. This bears out the statement made in the REVIEW some time ago that the California public would drink champagne no matter what the season. The increase in the consumption of foreign goods does not seem to interfere with the producers of the domestic article in the least.

Herewith are given the imports for the first six months of this year and for the same time in 1890.

	Cases
January.....	1,180
February.....	467
March.....	1,723
April.....	6,962
May.....	2,886
June.....	1,113
Total.....	14,331
Same time '90.....	11,386

P. & B. FRUIT PAPERS,

(PATENTED.)

ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FRUIT AND GRAPE DRYING.

No need of expensive wooden trays. No need of turning fruit. Costs much less than any other method.
SAMPLES AND CIRCULARS FREE.

PARAFFINE PAINT COMPANY, - - - 116 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Napa Soda Water

Blends pleasantly with all Wines and Liquors.

Securely packed in Quarts or Pints for Country Shipment.

Sold by all Wholesale Liquor Dealers or by

G. H. T. Jackson,

159 New Montgomery Street, - - San Francisco, Cal.



PARIS EXPOSITION.
1889.

GOLD MEDAL

OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE
VINEYARD,
1885.

LIVERMORE VALLEY,
CALIFORNIA.

A.G. CHAUCHE
PROPRIETOR,
SAN FRANCISCO.

TOUGH ON THE DUKE.

The following contribution has been received from a member of the Louisville trade who is evidently an interested reader of the jolly discussion that is going on between the REVIEW and the Louisville Bulletin. We publish it for the benefit of the Duke and his many admirers:

The Duke and His Hat.

Though the night was dark and dreary
Nor moon nor star did shine,
The Duke he puffed his cigarette
And thought "The world is mine."
"I'll dip my quill in purest gall,
And strike both right and left
And both "Criterion" and REVIEW
Will sink beneath my might."
The deed was "did," the gall was shed,
Serene "Criterion" smiled,
But the yell that 'rose out on the Coast
Was eke both loud and wild.
"Great Scott!" cried Wood,
"But this is good,
That a poor apology
For the editorial 'We'
Should rashly dare assail
A jour, beyond his pale.
'Tis a clear case, that's flat,
Of his royal nob, the Duke,
A 'talking through his hat,'"
"Before he is Scott free
And gets out of the Wood
He must pay penalty
And assume a humble mood."
The WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW
Then held the Duke at view,
And lo, throughout the land,
The smile was broad and bland.
All did at once agree,
That they ne'er expect to see
An ass in lion's skin,
So quickly taken in
And shown to be a "flat"
A 'talking through his hat.'
One broadside was enough
To make him pant and puff.
To waste on him more lead
Is to shoot the Duke that's dead!

Louisville, June 25, 1891.

N. F.

THE "HARVEY," CHICAGO.

We are pleased to learn that there is another restaurant and cafe established in Chicago where California wines of high grade are served. The "Harvey" which has but recently thrown its doors open to the public, makes a specialty of California wines upon its tables and residents of the Pacific Coast visiting Chicago, will find a home-like air pervading everything about the "Harvey." All the rooms are elegantly furnished, the service is excellent, and

the "Harvey" is perfect in all its appointments. The private billiard-room deserves special mention; it is simply "a thing of beauty." Around the walls are seats for thirty spectators comprising easy rockers and finely upholstered chairs, no two of which are alike.

The silver used in the restaurant and cafe is all heavy weight and Roger's best goods. Another charming feature about the "Harvey" is the thirty-two private Club rooms, which are furnished sumptuously. Only the finest of China is placed upon the tables.

The "Harvey" is located over the To-Kalon Wine House on Wabash Avenue, near Jackson Street within a short distance of the Auditorium, Richelieu, Leland, Willington, Palmer House, Clifton, Grand Pacific, the big New Chicago, the Post Office, the Custom House, and the Union League Club. It is nearly at the center of a circle which would include the above well-known and popular Chicago hostleries.

A HIGH COMPLIMENT.

Although J. De Barth Shorb was not successful in securing the appointment as Chief of the Department of Viticulture and Horticulture at the World's Fair, and the position has gone to one whom we believe far less capable, he certainly received endorsements from the producers of both classes which neither the Maxwells and Forsythes could obtain. The most flattering part of it was that the endorsements came unsolicited, and it is safe to say that had Mr. Shorb been in the field earlier he would have received such a support as would have made the De Young school of politicians give him their support.

Mr. Shorb received the endorsement of the State Viticultural Commission, the State Horticultural Society, the San Francisco Wine Dealer's Association and local and county horticultural societies in northern and southern California, too numerous to mention.

The latest endorsement, which came too late, was that of the Wholesale Liquor Dealer's Association of New York, the resolution passing without a dissenting vote.

A NEW FRUIT PAPER.

The National Fruit Journal is the title of a new fruit trade publication published weekly in Chicago by L. L. Palmer & Co. in the interest of the fruit trade.

The paper gives every promise of a fine future. It is well written and every topic handled is treated well. Mr. Palmer is an old time Californian and understands the subjects of which he writes. The REVIEW wishes the new journal all success.

PROMINENT WINE MEN.



Sketch No. 8. C. C. Melver of Mission San Jose, Proprietor of The Linda Vista Vineyard.

C. C. Melver belongs to the small but energetic and enterprising class of wine producers, who, sacrificing quantity to obtain excellence in quality of their products, are leading the way, in the effort to demonstrate that this State can produce wine and brandies second to none of France and other foreign countries. Endowed with a natural aptitude for the work, and possessing ample capital with which to carry out his ideas, he has made remarkable progress in the eight years in which he has made a study of the business, and has established a reputation second to none among all the producers.

Mr. Melver is a native of Canada and was born at Montreal in 1858. He was educated in his native city completing an academic course, and for some time was engaged there in business pursuits.

Eight years ago he resolved to come to California, and, carrying out this idea he located at Mission San Jose. Since that time his life has been that of a typical country gentleman.

Immediately on his arrival, the Linda Vista Vineyard was set out on the Palmer and Cook ranches. In early days the Palmer vineyard had been a noted one, but when Mr. Melver took charge, the entire vineyard was replanted and improved.

The vineyard now covers about 350 acres of the entire 1,000 of the ranch. The vines are all on resistant stock and include only the finer varieties of charet and Sauterne grapes as well as the highest Rhine wine types. The vaults are commodious, having a total capacity of 500,000 gallons, and in the winery every facility has been provided for the perfect handling of grapes. At present about 400,000 gallons of selected wines are ageing in the vaults.

Mr. Melver has no agents. Whenever he desires to sell wines he goes East and attends to their disposal for himself. He has frequently said that he has never experienced the slightest

difficulty in finding ready buyers for all the high class bottled wines which he could furnish. Consequently he is one of the firmest believers in the future of the trade in cased goods, thinking that it is the keystone of the industry. At present his wines have the distinction of being the only California wines on the dining cars of the Pullman Company on all their lines in the United States, and the reputation which they have there made is most flattering to the producer.

Mr. Melver was married nine years ago. His home at Mission San Jose, is famous the country round for its hospitality and good cheer. In all ways it is the typical home of the country gentleman of the State.

RECENT LEGAL DECISIONS.

The Supreme Court of Georgia held, in the case of Grant vs. The State, that in a prohibition county a person who receives money from another with a request to procure whisky, and who shortly afterward delivers the whisky, may be treated as the seller if no other person filling that character appears, and if it is not shown where, how or from whom the whisky was obtained.

In the case of the Chicago Distilling Company vs. Stone, Collector, the Supreme Court of the United States decided in favor of the appellant, holding unlawful the government method of assessing at the end of each month what it termed "mulet money" to make up any distillation by distilleries in excess of the capacity from day to day.

In the case of The Commonwealth vs. Brown, recently decided by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, it appeared that the defendant was the agent at Lowell of the New England Dispatch Company and also the driver of one of its wagons. He was indicted for bringing into the city of Lowell certain intoxicating liquors, having reasonable cause to believe that the same were intended to be sold in violation of law. In overruling exceptions taken by the defendant, the court sustained the position taken by the trial judge, who said: "If the jury are satisfied that the Dispatch Company, through its appropriate officers and agents, for its own lure and gain, undertook the business of transporting intoxicating liquors to Lowell indiscriminately, and as a general and habitual practice to transport such liquors where they knew or had reasonable cause to believe that the same were intended

to be sold in violation of law, and the defendant knew that such was their course of business, and knowingly assisted and aided in the same by his own acts, and these liquors, or any part of them, were brought into the city of Lowell in pursuance of such general scheme or course of business, which the defendant so participated in, and these liquors were, in fact, so illegally transported, then he may be held liable therefor; that is to say, if he voluntarily went in and aided and encouraged a general business of transporting intoxicating liquors, then he is liable for specific acts of the kind, because he aided and participated in the business which led to the taking of such goods. If he performed any necessary part of the machinery in carrying on this illegal business, then he became a participator in the business, and would be liable for acts done in the usual and ordinary course."

In the English High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, a decision recently given in the case of J. & F. Martell vs. the Co-operative Wine and Spirit Co., covering the use of the Martell labels. The Court was moved, on behalf of the plaintiffs in this action, for judgment against the defendants in default of appearance in defence. Counsel stated that the action was brought by Messrs. J. & F. Martell, the well known brandy merchants, to restrain the defendants from selling a certain brandy, which was not bottled by the Martells, under the description of Martell's Three Star, Two Star and One Star Brandy. The motion asked for an injunction to restrain, for an account of profits, for the production of all bottles of brandy under the control of the defendants bearing any marks or labels calculated to give rise to the belief that it was Martell's brandy in order to obliterate such marks; the obliteration of similar marks on defendants' trade catalogues, circulars, etc., and the costs of the action. Judgment was given in terms of the notice of motion.

Trade Notes.

Charles Kohler has just made a flying trip through the east.

John Spruance, of Spruance, Stanley & Co., still lingers in the East. He will spend the summer at the seaside.

Ronald Mc Millian is away on his vacation. All the grizzlies in the neighborhood have taken to the tall timber.

The Star Distilling Company, of Pekin, Ill., has filed a notice to increase the capital stock from \$20,000 to \$100,000.

It is reported that Harris, Kingston & Reynolds are about to extend their business by adding several Eastern agencies.

The capital of the Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co., has been increased to \$600,000 to meet the requirements of the Company's increasing trade.

A. G. Chauche is meeting with success in the Eastern market. Good wines backed up by energy are making inroads in the Eastern trade.

Wm. Wolff & Co. are having an active demand for their re-imported whiskies. Such goods find ready buyers even in this hot and dull season.

Capt. J. Ch. de St. Hubert states that considering the summer season, business was never better than now. The Captain will rusticate at Fresno.

Several parties in Louisiana have begun to plant a vineyard. It is said that the Delaware, Ives Seedling and Concord all grow splendidly in that section.

Antoine Bocqueraz, of Shea, Bocqueraz & Co., will according to a recent letter to a friend here, spend the summer in England and Ireland. A protracted residence even in Paris has palled on him.

The vineyards of Hammondport district, or rather Lake Kueka wine region, New York, have been somewhat injured by frost; however, on the uplands they are in a very healthy condition.

A. P. Hotaling & Co. report a prosperous summer trade. Business is improving at all the north western houses of this firm. Washington and Oregon appear to be recovering from the recent depression.

Gustav Eisen, the well-known wine man, will shortly write a treatise on nut culture in California. Mr. Eisen's contributions to the viticultural and horticultural literature of this State are many and valuable.

C. Carpy is one of the fortunate men of the trade. Every Friday evening finds him aboard the Napa train and he invariably remains until Monday. The regular weekly outing is a luxury which more should have.

According to report, C. Carpy & Co., are about to go into the Central American trade on a more extensive scale. Mr. Carpy, in common with others in the trade, has become convinced that there is money in the business.

Joseph Melczer & Co. are doing a nice trade with their Eastern connections. The wines of this firm have met with a good reception and numerous rail shipments are being made to say nothing of the exports by the Panama steamers.

Kohler & Van Bergen's New York office has been moved from 42 Murray street to the northwest corner of Laight and Varick streets. The change is much to the advantage of the firm, affording better facilities for handling their trade.

C. Holtum & Co., are doing well with their recently purchased branch at 565 Market street. Mr. Holtum understands

the art of changing a losing and unprofitable business in the hands of others, into a fine venture of his own. Sales at the new branch of the house are reported as active.

Several meetings of the wine producers and merchants who are interested in the Chicago cafe experiment have been held lately, and while the management has not been all that could be desired, the projectors are determined to carry out the enterprise at all hazards. The patronage of the cafe is very satisfactory, but the management, as yet, has not been so.

F. Albertz of Cloverdale, has rented the Moulton Hill Vineyard for a period of five years. He has added to the winery, a syrup making establishment, where he makes an excellent article of grape syrup. This year he will increase the capacity and expects to make in the neighborhood of 40,000 gallons. He will also make about 50,000 gallons of wine this year. He has fitted up a complete bottling outfit and proposes to sell his old wine in bottles.

The Napa Valley Company is having considerable inquiry for the "Vine Cliff" Claret, which has been placed on the market recently. This claret is one of the finest that has ever been produced in the State, and the only drawback is that there is not enough of it. Mr. E. C. Priber the Manager of the Company states that if he had five or six thousand cases at his disposal instead of the relatively small stock on hand, he would branch out more extensively for the cased goods trade.

It is said that Capt. Harry Hunt is to have a new rival for the supremacy on the Park roads. I. De Turk the well known Santa Rosa producer is thinking of bringing one of his steppers to town expressly to give Capt. Hunt a "rattle." Mr. De Turk has plenty of high class stock to pick from, and if all horses fail, he may ship the re-loudbtable Silas Skinner, 2:19, here for the purpose of letting Captain Hunt have a chance for his team or for his favorite single driver. There is no doubt that were Skinner given a trial on a specially prepared track he could make what Mr. De Turk calls "tin horn" of at least 2:15. As it is, the record of 2:19 was made in the hardest kind of a race, and Capt. Hunt will have to look well to his laurels.

SAVED \$2,000 BY SPRAYING WITH THE I X L COMPOUND.

SONOMA, June 8, 1891

I X L Compound Co., Room 5, 218 California St., San Francisco.
—GENTLEMEN: My experiment with your I X L Compound has convinced me that it was money well invested with prompt dividend beyond my expectation.

December 16th, to 20th. I sprayed to destroy all insect pests during the warm bright days when the bugs were lively.

March 22nd., to 26th. Again I sprayed Bartlett pears with the I X L to remove the pear blight and used the "Excelsior" wash with twenty pounds of whale oil soap to 100 gallons of water on early apples for the Codlin Moth just after the apples were formed. *At this date the pears and apples are free from worms and blight of any kind.*

May 18th. The canker worm made its appearance for the first time on the cherry trees. *One days spraying with the I X L saved twenty tons of Royal Ann and Black Tartarian Cherries.*

May 27th. The rainfall of .72 removed every particle of sulphur on the vines so they had to be immediately sulphured again; while some old vines sprayed with I X L and Whale Oil Soap for mildew, using it on the vines for a substitute, was not removed by rain. The grapes are well set, the foliage is healthy and vigorous, the orchard appears to be free from insect pests. The fruit crop on this place is estimated at five hundred tons this season.

Yours truly,

(Signed) ROBT. HALL.

LAS CRUCES, N. M. June 4, 1891.

I X L Compound Co., Room 5, 218 California St., San Francisco.
—GENTLEMEN: So far we are glad to inform you that in every case where the I X L has been used it has given satisfaction.

Yours truly,

(Signed) W. E. LAWRENCE & Co.

MAKE A NEW DEPARTMENT.

There is an imperative demand for the creation of a new department at the World's Fair.

The proposed department of Horticulture and Viticulture should be divided and a chief appointed for each. Contrary to the opinion of the Eastern Directors there is little or nothing in common between the two industries and they should be separated.

In the first place the two classes have little or no sympathy in common. Take the eastern horticulturists for example. They as a class, have prohibitionist tendencies, if they are not absolute out and out prohibitionists.

In California it is to a less degree. But may be urged that as grape growing may be classed as one branch of horticulture the two may properly be grouped. But what of the art of the wine maker and handler and the operations of the still, all of which require far more technical and special knowledge than the growing of grapes? In what way are they allied to horticulture? As a matter of fact, would it not be better to have the brandy distillers allied with the whisky distillers in the exhibition hall than with the producers of peaches and pumpkins?

The Chicago gentlemen who created this classification seem to have been imbued with the idea that they were preparing for an American Exposition instead of a World's Fair. Except in California where the two industries stand about on a par, viticulture is everywhere in America subordinate to horticulture. But this is not true of other countries. France with her 650,000,000 gallons of wine annually, Italy with as much, Germany with less and all the other viticultural countries of the World will be there. France will have her brandies, and Spain hers; France will show her champagnes and Germany her sparkling wines. What reason is there in classing these exhibits with canned fruit, dried fruit and displays of luscious green fruit? Obviously none.

By all means let the department be divided. There is plenty of room for both.

FOREIGN BRANDY TRADE.

About eight months ago Mr. Winfield Scott, the Secretary of the Viticultural Commission, secured a ruling from the Treasury Department by which the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics was directed to remove brandy from the classification of "All other spirits" in the national statistical tables. The Chief of the Bureau was loth to make the division in the classification, but the matter was finally adjusted to the satisfaction of the wine men.

One of the principal arguments against making the division was that the total exports of brandy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, were about 75,000 gallons in the aggregate, and it was contended that the quantity would not be appreciably larger for years. How much the Chief of the Bureau was out in his calculations is shown by the following table of exports from San Francisco to foreign ports during the first six months of 1891.

Months.	Cases.	Gallons.	Value.
January.....	124	2,489	\$ 1,988
February.....	43	19,709	13,944
March.....	41	115	394
April.....	6	7,141	4,077
May.....	19	173	618
June.....	26	72,701	56,947
Total.....	259	102,328	\$77,968

This is indeed a magnificent showing—much better than the most earnest promoters of the foreign trade had expected. The table shows that there are unlimited possibilities in the export trade.

Of all the brandy given in the above table fully ninety per cent. was destined to England and Germany and the rise and fall of the shipments from month to month is accounted for by the fact that shipments are made almost entirely in sailing

vessels by way of Cape Horn.

The prospects for the coming six months are equally as good if not better. There is one vessel on the berth now, for Liverpool, and she will take a large quantity of brandy. There is always a freer movement of ships outward bound in the last six months of the year than there is in the first six months and facilities for getting out a large quantity of brandy are better. We understand, too, that another ship is to be placed on the berth at once for Bremen and it is believed that there will be cargo enough for one more to follow before the close of the calendar year.

Another encouraging feature of the brandy export trade is that many distillers are turning toward Germany and England as a possible market. Many have noted the success attained by Walden & Co., the Natoma Company, and in less degree by others. It was only recently that several Livermore wine makers made a thorough investigation of the matter.

The movement looking to the constant growth of the foreign trade comes in good season. Wine is cheap in the country and the production of brandy during the first six months of this year has been far above the normal. Many distillers who ordinarily shut down by the first of January or some time in that month, have continued to operate their stills up to the present time and there are some who expect to continue until nearly the vintage time. Furthermore, present indications are that grapes will be cheap this year and this will assuredly lead to a large output in the season of '91 and '92. All these things are exceedingly favorable for the growth of the foreign trade and the best feature of all is that there is an apparently limitless market abroad for a good spirit distilled from wine.

C. A. WETMORE WINE CO.

Articles of incorporation of the C. A. Wetmore Wine Co. have been filed with the County Clerk.

The company has a capital stock of \$250,000 divided into 2,500 shares of \$100 each, all of which is subscribed. The incorporators are Charles A. Wetmore, who has 1,195 shares, C. K. Kirby who has 1,290 shares, Charles N. Felton who has 5 shares, C. J. Wetmore who has 5 shares, and Morris Clark who has 5 shares.

This company will enter business with the brightest prospects. All of the incorporators are men well known in the State, and none will gainsay the ability of those in whom will rest the active management. Charles A. Wetmore is one of the foremost figures in the industry. C. K. Kirby, as is known to all who are identified with the business in this State, is a prominent capitalist and producer of Fowler. Charles N. Felton, the junior United States Senator from California needs no introduction to the California public. C. J. Wetmore is the Chief Executive Viticultural Officer of the State Commission and owns a fine vineyard at Livermore. Morris Clark the fifth incorporator is a son-in-law of Mr. Kirby.

The company will be under the direct management of Mr. Wetmore and it will follow out the line of policy laid down by him years ago when he began business, handling only the finest grades of California wines and brandies, and selling only in glass. Agencies will be established for the Cresta Blanca wines in all of the principal cities of the Union as soon as the stock of old wines warrants doing so.

All of the '90 wines will be held for at least three years before being placed on the market, and this stock is admittedly the finest that was ever made by Mr. Wetmore, as well as being the largest he now holds.

The change in the management of the Cresta Blanca estate means much for the producers of the Livermore valley. A new winery is to be erected at once at the vineyard, and will be ready in time for the coming vintage. It will be the policy of the company to buy all the highest types of grapes which can be purchased in the valley, insuring the grape growers a sure and steady market.

For the present Mr. Wetmore's cellar in Oakland will be retained and all the bottling for the market will be done there.

The Review wishes the new company the fullest measure of success.

CHABLIS AND SILLERY.

Dr. John A. Stewart's Interesting Views on the Future Product of the Santa Cruz Slope.

It was a most ruinous error that California wine makers committed when they tried to make good claret from a Spanish seedling vine fit at best to produce a common Sherry. When they were beaten at that they shouted "Zinfandel for ever" and tried to make good claret out of valley-raised Zinfandel grapes though they should have sacredly kept to the mountain. When this did not suit the market they cried "I have it," and struck in for Charbono. When this utterly failed they raised the paeon of the Mataro.

It seemed that nothing could teach the California producers that neither heaven nor man can make a silk purse out of a sow's ear. They knew everything; the French knew nothing, and what to our zealots was the experience of centuries in Europe, to us whose soil was virgin, whose climate the one unique thing of the universe and whose touch far better than that of Midas which turned dross into gold?

California producers are awakened to their true situation and recognize in the light of truth, capacities of theirs which, admitting every drawback are unexcelled. Still, how much would have been saved and what would not have been our position to-day if we had begun our career as vigneron where the Australians did, who, happily for them, had no Mission vine and little self conceit but who had hard English heads to begin with, and who accordingly planted the Cabernet and the Syrah and Cognato—grand vines from the start.

California not only erred in relation to claret, but also as regards white wine to a certain extent. But they could not err far in this direction had they early in their time cultivated the Franken Riesling or Oestereicher, as well as the Weis Riesling or Gentil Aromatico. It was too daring though for Californians to attempt making white Burgundy, not to mention champagne, out of the Chasselas. This brings me to what white Burgundy should be made from.

True white Burgundy which many of the ablest and most reliable connoisseurs place before Santerne, White Hermitage or Johannisberger, is the product of the Pinot Blanc, Pinot Gris and Morillon. The Morillon, if not the Pinot Gris, is absent from the very noblest Burgundy such as Montrachet while it may and does enter along with the Pinot Blanc into Chablis. White Burgundy, then, should be made from the white or light colored Pinots; Montrachet from the Pinot Blanc solely and Chablis from the Pinot Blanc by preference—still simply by preference, since the Morillon can enter into it.

Now leaving Montrachet aside as something beyond discussion and taking up Chablis which is second in line to it, though far behind, how does the production of Chablis from only the Pinot Blanc or Morillon, or both, suit California? Well enough, provided, however, that the two points should be never forgotten—first to plant the Pinot Blanc on the limiest hillside to be found and at the rate of over three thousand to the acre, and second, to see that the Morillon does not get too rich soil or richness of any kind, the Morillon being a good vine to have a taste of starvation. When planted on rich soil it is apt to give the "grasse" to the wine.

"Three thousand vines and over to the acre!" I hear some true Californian exclaim as he lifts his hands in horror. Well, three thousand vines is no cause for any exclamation on the part of a Burgundy vigneron, but the opposite. All I can add is that the vigneron who intends to cultivate the Pinot Blanc or any Pinot excepting maybe the Morillon, on a less rate than three thousand to the acre, had better not face the business, for of all the vines I have, it is absolutely the poorest bearer. I may be a greater fancier of poor bearing vines than any other, and it seems I am, if I believe all I hear. But I will say this,

that while I put down my Cabernets to yield two or possibly three pounds to the vine, I put down my Pinot Blancs at one pound and a half.

Chablis, when made from the Pinot Blanc, which is its proper source—the Morillon being only a most excellent substitute—is a pale, dry, lively, sparkling, heavy wine possessed of body, finesse, perfect transparency and a peculiar bouquet. It ought to be bottled after being two years in the cask and the year after it should be in all its perfection. Thus it does not require long nursing and can bring its owner in quick time its highest value.

I think though that there is a better thing for California than Chablis. I am fond of it, and when I had more pence than sense used to drink it freely. I think that one of the great wines that California is going to have—nay has begun to have—will be Sillery, or the wine of the Pinot Gris. The Santa Cruz slope is splendidly adapted to this wine and while I am pleased with my Cabernets, I am surprised at my Pinot Gris. To begin with, what wine I have made from the Pinot Gris affords me every promise I could ask, while the vine itself, well attended to and raised on wires, gives me an average yield per vine of five to six pounds or more.

Let us compare Chablis and Sillery, I don't mean in the palate, but the pocket. Though Sillery used to have the advantage over Chablis of being pre-eminently tonic, and is by the manipulation of a little alcohol such a delicious cremant. Chablis in its best days might fetch new at the Grenouilles forty cents a gallon, Sillery at the Bruyeres \$1.40.

There are but four kinds of vines for me on the Santa Cruz slope—four I wish to hear of or see. The Cabernet is one, the Sauvignon two, the Semillon three, and the Pinot Gris is the fourth, and I tell you I have arrived at this conclusion by hard knocks.

John A. Stewart

A DISGRACE TO CALIFORNIA.

The continual wrangle and jangle over the position of Chief of the Department of Horticulture and Viticulture is a disgrace to California. It is made all the more so from the fact that one man, M. H. DeYoung, is responsible for it all.

It is a perfectly safe proposition that if any member of the DeYoung-Maxwell-Forsythe ring is made Chief of the Department, the exhibits from this State will be neither as large nor as creditable as they would be were some person, less disinterested, given the place. Mr. DeYoung's character and that of the newspaper he runs are perfectly well-known. Mr. Maxwell is a nonentity who had his name pushed to the front, possibly as a shield to hide any scheme that De Young may have had in connection with the financial management of affairs. Of Maxwell, the least said the better.

As for Mr. Forsythe he is not known to be an American citizen. His knowledge of Viticulture and Horticulture is confined to raisin growing and packing. His character has been well shown up by Mr. A. T. Hatch who is worth twenty De Youngs, Maxwells and Forsythes combined.

California had two creditable candidates. One, General Chipman, was knifed without cause. The other available man is J. De Barth Shorb. If he does not get the place we presume it will go East.

'LE MERVEILLEUX'
WINE AND CIDER PRESS.

FIRST PREMIUM 1887

State Fair, Mechanics' Institute, Santa Clara Valley Agricultural Society, Sonoma County Agricultural Park Association.

NOTICE—Having been granted a perpetual injunction by the United States Circuit Court on July 21, 1890, against Toulouse & Delorieux, or the California Wine Press Co., for infringement on D. Lille's patent 299,815, known as "Le Merveilleux." All parties are hereby notified not to purchase any press upon which said infringement is made, as suit will be immediately instituted against any one using, selling or offering for sale a machine that in any way infringes on the patent of the "Le Merveilleux" Press.

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EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO GERMANY—PER GERMAN BARK J. C. PEUGER, June 19th

MARKS	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
J B. Braemerhaven	Schacht Linncke & S.	30 cases		\$ 150
H W. Bremen	"	4 hf-barrels	100	50
J B. Braemerhaven	"	3 hf-barrels	75	50
J S B.	"	2 barrels	100	75
C H.	"	5 barrels	250	225
M K W.	"	1 barrel	50	50
M Z.	"	4 hf-barrels	100	100
Various	"	3 boxes	42	150
G S. Berlin	"	1 barrel	50	50
A G. Braemerhaven	"	3 barrels	150	90
E C B.	"	50 barrels	2,500	1,500
W O K W.	"	1 keg	20	10
N S. Glesien	"	2 barrel	100	75
O H S. Braemerhaven	O B Schmieder	28 cases		140
"	"	1 hf barrel	26	30
"	"	2 barrels	98	100
"	"	9 kegs	72	70
J H F. Hanover	Kuhlschwarke & Co.	1 half-barrel	25	25
C S. Wittenberg	C H Cattermole	1 hf-barrel	25	12
R & B. Bremen	Ruther & Bendixen	117 cases		520
A B & Co. Hamburg	A Repsold & Co.	173 cases		
"	"	10 kegs	105	1,050
"	"	3 hf-barrels	81	312
Walden in sq. Bremen	Walden & Co.	25 barrels	1,250	100
K & V B. in dia'd	Kohler & Van Bergen	26 cases		40
"	"	6 kegs	40	62
F R in dia'd	F Runge	2 barrels	102	31
"	"	2 hf-barrels	52	101
B & Co.	A Eberhardt	4 barrels	202	30
W.	Wilkins & Co.	6 cases	30	30
"	"	2 hf-barrels	50	400
E. Hamburg	Bischoff Beerman & Gretch	49 cases		15
A Von W. Munchen	W E Von Johannsen	2 kegs	15	50
J R D. New Strelitz	"	2 barrels	100	58
R in dia'd, Bremen	Kohler & Frohling	1 bbl 1 hf-bbl 1 keg	86	48
—Braemerhaven	"	1 barrel	105	240
L in dia'd, Bremen	Saloma Vineyard Co.	10 barrels	480	27
C S. Lippe	"	1 hf-barrel	27	405
G. Bremen	J Gundlach & Co.	2 bbls 10 hf-bls 3 kgs	405	48
"	"	8 cases		
Total amount 428 cases and				6,894 \$6,246

*Foreign wine.

TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, June 23, 1891.

8 in star	J Gundlach & Co.	8 puncheons	1,268	\$340
H in dia'd, Brooklyn	"	3 barrels	149	59
C E A. Buffalo	B Dreyfus & Co.	16 barrels	787	650
A in diamond	Lachman & Jacobi	20 barrels	1,029	260
B H P.	"	10 barrels	515	120
E V B in diamond	"	35 barrels	1,814	514
8 in diamond	"	25 barrels	1,244	297
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	200 barrels	9,924	3,000
A C	G Capurro	4 barrels 1 hf-bbl	233	93
T M. Providence	Dresel & Co.	2 barrels	101	52
P H G.	A Greenbaum & Co.	6 barrels	288	158
W K	Win Hoelscher & Co.	3 packages	102	67
D in diamond	L T Snow	50 barrels	2,400	480
P O B & Co in dia'd	"	50 barrels	2,400	480
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling	3 puncheons	449	269
"	"	20 barrels	1,012	607
Various	Miscellaneous	200 barrels	10,382	3,400
—Washington	"	30 barrels	1,558	550
—Baltimore	"	4 barrels	207	75
P in diamond	Kohler & Van Bergen	200 barrels	10,080	3,400
Total amount				45,985 \$14,881

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, June 23, 1891.

J R & Co. Puntas Arenas	J Gundlach & Co.	25 kegs	250	\$193
P R S.	"	30 kegs	300	230
S G.	"	4 hf-barrels 1 keg	139	118
"	"	10 cases		37
E A C P.	"	12 kegs	120	93
P A A.	"	20 kegs	399	281
N C O.	"	5 hf-barrels	166	114
"	"	2 cases		6
G R. Champerico	E L G Steele & Co.	30 cases		120
M F M. La Union	B Dreyfus & Co.	17 kegs	249	300
"	"	11 cases		70
S & H. Puntas Arenas	"	1 hf-barrel 8 kegs	107	100
B B & Co. La Libertad	Bloom Baruch & Co.	3 barrels	150	120
F K. Acapulco	P M S S Co.	1 barrel	50	61
N D.	"	3 barrels	150	45
A H.	John T Wright	110 cases		477
E C.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	1 keg	33	27
M A. Champerico	"	10 kegs	100	70
J M M. Acapulco	"	1 barrel	33	27
M & de M. La Union	L F Lastreto	18 cases		72
A P.	"	12 kegs	60	60
M & M.	"	38 cases		152
"	"	10 kegs	50	50
J A.	"	16 cases		67
B V.	"	1 keg	20	20
L L.	"	2 kegs	40	40
"	"	3 cases		13
F L.	"	33 cases		148
A G.	"	4 kegs	80	80
"	"	6 cases		40
C & D. La Libertad	Urruela & Urioste	3 barrels	100	62
Total amount 266 cases and				2,596 \$3,293

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, June 23, 1891.

C in dia'd, Acapulco	I Gutte	4 barrels	183	\$100
Total amount				183 \$100

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER NEWBERN, June 26, 1891.

M G. La Paz	Thannhauser & Co.	6 kegs	30	\$ 22
C D F. Guaymas	Williams Dimond & Co.	10 kegs	100	120
W H. Ensenada	J F Schleiden	2 half-barrels	60	30
T C L. Guaymas	W Loaiza	2 packages	58	28
R A.	"	15 kegs	150	112
F A A S.	"	5 kegs	50	30
G W.	"	1 keg	16	12
"	"	4 casks	236	97
J C. San J del Cabo	J Ivancovich & Co.	4 cases		10
"	"	3 hf-barrels	81	23
S J. Ensenada	G Clements	2 barrels	91	45
K & V B. Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	7 barrels	350	179
"	"	1 hf-barrel	27	19
"	"	18 kegs	270	166
"	"	30 cases		122
Bin cir, Santa Rosalia	A Carpentier	30 barrels	1,495	379
J Z. Guaymas	J Gundlach & Co.	3 barrels	150	87
R T.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	6 casks	300	180
D B.	"	10 kegs	100	62
A in dia'd, San J del Cabo	I Gutte	2 barrels	44	60
Total amount 34 cases and				3,608 \$1,883

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER CITY OF PUEBLO, June 29, 1891.

L C. Vancouver	G Migliavacca	1 barrel	50	\$ 20
B I P Co. N Westmin'r	A Greenebaum & Co.	2 barrels	99	75
D A. Wellington	A Macchia	1 barrel	50	8
H S. Victoria	J Schneider & Co.	3 barrels	156	159
Total amount				358 \$218

TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER ZEALANDIA, June 30, 1891.

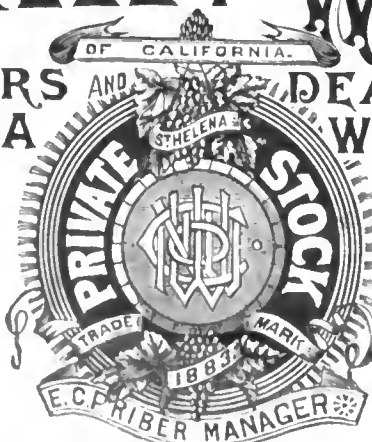
M & Co.	Kohler & Van Bergen	5 casks	167	\$ 120
G W M & Co.	"	15 barrels	771	465
"	"	30 cases		100
G in dia'd	Eisen Vineyard Co.	6 cases	446	319
"	"	23 kegs	215	162
"	"	15 cases		41
W S L.	S Lachman & Co.	10 barrels	500	368
H H & Co.	C P Hower	10 barrels	450	135
Total amount 45 cases and				2,549 \$1,710

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TO HONOLULU—PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA, June 16, 1891.

H C & Co.	A Haraszthy & Co.	46 barrels.	303	\$ 237
"	"	60 kegs.	403	305
M S G & Co.	M S Grinbaum & Co.	15 cases.		17
Total amount 5 cases and.			703	\$559

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA, June 19, 1891.

P M, Vancouver.	F A Haber.	2 barrels.	101	\$ 50
S M & Co., Victoria	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels.	95	66
G in dia'd	P M S S Co.	30 cases.		150
B & Co.,	Kohler & Van Bergen.	5 barrels.	254	63
Total amount 30 cases and.			450	\$329

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WEST INDIAN, June 20, 1891.

B & M, Vancouver.	F A Haber.	2 barrels.	100	\$ 30
S M & Co.,	Kohler & Frohling.	69 cases.		276
E C & E.,	C Carpy & Co.	31 barrels.	1,570	543
"	"	10 half-barrels.	277	138
"	"	10 kegs.	100	50
C B, Wellington.	A Macchia.	1 barrel.	48	8
D B,	"	1 barrel.	48	10
F in di'd C, Vancouver	J C Johnson & Co.	1 barrel.	51	51
Total amount 69 cases and.			2,194	\$1,106

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From June 15th to July 1st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
City of Rio.	E K, Yokohama.	Beringer Bros.	2 kegs.	40	\$ 44
"	T K, Tokio.	"	4 barrels.	200	90
"	F in dia, Yokoha	J Gundlach & Co.	6 barrels.	296	87
Mariposa.	McCV & Co, Mel	F A Haber.	3 cases.		15
"	F N G, Auckland	J Gundlach & Co.	2 casks.	120	78
Total amount 3 cases and.			656		\$314

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From June 15th, to July 1st 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.
Australia.	Honolulu.	Jones Mundy & Co.	25 es Champagne	\$ 284
Walla Walla.	TB & Co, Victoria	Chas Meinecke & Co.	39 es Champagne	263
San Juan.	JCR, La Libertad	John T Wright.	1 bbl Ginger Ale	16
Orion.	A C & Co, Jalnit	A Crawford & Co.	25 cases Gin.	119
Newbern.	AM, San J de Cabo	W Loalza.	1 bbl Ginger Ale	16
"	WL & Co Guaym's	H Lund & Co.	6 es Bitters.	39
City of Pueblo.	G in di'd, Victoria	Alex Center.	8 qr-casks Rum.	175
"	D A, Wellington.	A Macchia.	1 es Fernet.	10
Zealandia.	Honolulu.	H H Sherwood.	10 es Gin.	24
"	"	H H Veuve.	26 es Champagne	433
"	WSL	J De Fremery & Co.	5 es Champagne	43
"	GWM & Co, Hono	Lillenthal & Co.	5 bbls Gin.	200
"	WCP & Co	C W Craig & Co.	4 bbls Gin.	105
"	ADS	J D Spreckles & Co.	3 es Champagne	21
"	GWM & Co,	Kohler & Van Bergen.	20 es B B Brandy	110
Total amount 151 cases, etc.				\$1,657

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From June 15th to July 1st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
San Juan.	R J D & Co, N Y	Overland F T Co.	20 hf-barrels	517	207
"	W K,	Win Hoelscher & Co	1 pkge.	10	25
Total amount.				527	\$232

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From June 15th to July 1st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
J C Pfluger.	A R & Co, Hamb	A Repsold & Co.	2 cases.		25
"	Walden, Bremen.	Walden & Co.	682 bbls.		
"	G in dia, Berlin.	B Dreyfus & Co.	50 barrels.	48,530	56,397
"	M L, Bremen	Edgethill Viney'd Co	10 barrels.	2,488	2,150
"	B & Co	A Eberhardt.	10 hf bbls	723	723
"	L in dia	Natoma Viney'd Co	1 barrel.	50	35
San Juan.	M F M, La Unio	B Dreyfus & Co.	400 barrels.	20,211	16,000
Walla Walla.	J D, Nanaimo	Berges & Dom'ile'ni	1 case.		20
City of Rio.	C W Co, Yokoha	Overland F T Co.	1 keg.	5	10
Newbern.	J H C, Ensenada	J F Schleiden & Co	8 hf-barrels.	216	109
Total amount 4 cases and.				72,223	\$55,479

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From June 15th to July 1st, 1891.

VESSEL.	DESTINATION.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	VALUE.	GALLONS.
Australia.	H C & Co, Honol	Wilmerding & Co.	2 barrels.	81	238
"	G W M & Co	Shea Boequeraz & Co	5 cases.	51	40
"	W N T,	Wing Wo Sang & Co	1 barrel.		154
Walla Walla.	D H R & Co, Vic	L S Haas.	1 puncheon.	130	80
San Juan.	Puntas Arenas	J Gundlach & Co.	2 barrels.	67	131
"	L & C Champeric	Hellman Bros & Co	72 cases.		92
Umatilla.	J M M Acapulita.	Cabrera Roma & Co	1 barrel.	34	684
Zealandia.	H S, Victoria.	Lilienthal & Co.	20 cases.		157
"	G W M & Co, Ho	"	60 cases.		209
"	"	Spruance Stnly & Co	55 cases.		430
"	W C P & Co.	C W Craig & Co.	10 cases.		437
Total amount 232 cases and.				363	\$2,703

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER SAN JUAN, June 16, 1891.

SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	CONSIGNEES.
	2 barrels Whisky.	H C Clement.
	5 barrels Prune Juice.	Order [marked H B & Co.].

FROM EUROPE.

Noilly Prat & Co.	100 cases Vermouth.	Lilienthal & Co
G Dubedat.	200 cases Vermouth.	Pascal Dubedat & Co.
"	20 octaves Wine.	"
Pietro Capana.	50 cases Vermouth.	C Mechhi.
"	10 cases Liquors.	"
Valle & Gueffi.	52 cases Liquors.	Buneman & Martinoni.
Benedetta Costa & Co.	75 cases Wine.	Allesandro Venzano.
"	6 barrels Wine.	"
Riccioni & Co.	25 cases Wine.	Granucci Bros.
Saudemann Buck & Co.	17 octaves Sherry.	Goldberg Bowen & Co.
Les fils de Oscar Forester.	30 cases Wine (for Victoria)	A B Gray.

FROM NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, June 23, 1891

	2 barrels Whisky.	O D Bettleman.
	25 cases Mineral Water.	Lebenbaum Bros.
	1 hf-barrel Whisky.	G Leoni.
	1 barrel	John Jess.
	1 barrel	D J Tobin.

FROM EUROPE.

Uhlmann & Co.	100 cases Mineral Water.	Hellman Bros & Co.
Faure Freres.	10 cases Wine.	Bloom Barnet & Co.
L Martier.	2 cases Wine.	A C Tubbs.
W Wedel.	8 quarter casks Rum.	Order (for Victoria)

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Re-imported American Whiskies—'86 Belmont, '86 T J Monarch, '83 Bluegrass, '85 Ripy, '86 T J Atherton and other staple brands
Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

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GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

THE BONDED PERIOD.

The time is approaching when the taxes upon the '89 crop will mature, and during the twenty-four months following the last payment on that crop, nearly sixty millions of gallons of '90s and '91s will expire by limitation. Now, if it be true that our consumption amounts to but 15,000,000 gallons per annum, we will have a surplus during the coming three years of about 30,000,000 gallons on our hands, upon which the Government will demand, during that time, some \$27,000,000. We think, however, that the consumption of Kentucky whisky averages fully 20,000,000 gallons per annum, which would leave a surplus of about 15,000,000 gallons, on which the tax is \$13,500,000. This is an enormous sum of money to withdraw from circulation in payment of taxes upon goods not needed for months or years, and it does seem strange that the business interests of the country can contemplate it so coolly as it is doing. We do not think, however, that the general public realizes the millions that will be demanded by the whisky trade during the next three years, and we believe that the trade should begin at once to awaken them upon the subject. The way to avert the approaching trouble is for Congress to pass the unlimited bonded bill that California is preparing, and every Board of Trade in the United States should consider resolutions looking to such an end. It is none too soon to begin this important work, and the way to succeed is through arousing a demand for an unlimited extension, from the business interests of the country. The tax upon whisky should be due and payable when whisky is ordered out of bond, and not before. What we want is an unlimited extension and not exportation.—*Wine and Spirit Bulletin.*

Sensible, and to the point. The time is now. The California distillers are heart and soul with this movement and will command the support of all the Pacific Coast Delegation.

Let Kentucky, Tennessee, Pennsylvania, Maryland and the Pacific Coast unite on this point. Success is certain.

Extension not exportation is needed.

The *Western Broker* of Chicago has taken up the good cause. In the last issue it says:

The present regulations regarding the bonded period and the payment of taxes on distilled spirits entail unnecessary inconvenience on the trade and are arbitrary and vexatious in their application. The law requiring a tax of 90 cents to be paid on every gallon of spirits that is produced at the expiration of 36 months after distillation, whether it is required for consumption or not, is wrong in principle and an injustice to the community since, being based on production rather than on consumption, it is a fine or penalty against an important industry. Its effect on

the trade is detrimental, since it fosters mercantile immorality. If, at the end of three years the whisky has not been already consumed, the Government claims its "pound of flesh" and if the owner is unable to pay 90 cents per gallon into the coffers of Uncle Sam, on goods which cost one-third of the price to produce, he must adopt means to circumvent the law, or his property will be confiscated. To avoid this alternative, and postpone the payment of the tax indefinitely, he resorts to exportation, as the most expedient means. In order to carry out this scheme, our manufacturers are placed in a humiliating and ridiculous position in having to invoke the aid of foreigners to enable them to circumvent the laws of this country, and in having to pay to foreigners heavy charges for transportation, storage, labor and incidental expenses. Such an anomaly as this, which compels our merchants, for their protection against too stringent revenue laws to empty our warehouses and deprive our own people of the benefit of storage rates in favor of foreigners in foreign countries, calls for a change in our Internal Revenue department regulations which would render these laws more in keeping with our free institutions.

Within the last two or three years the immense production of 1890 and 1891 which are now stored under government lock and key will have to be tax paid, and the years 1893 and 1894 will call for about \$55,000,000, in order to pay Government claims on whisky stored in the state of Kentucky alone. This amount of money will have to be withdrawn from other legitimate sources of trade and will undoubtedly tend to create a financial disarrangement, affecting more or less every other industry in the country.

It would be more in accordance with the laws of social economy if taxes were based upon consumption instead of production. If this were the case the natural law of supply and demand—which our revenue laws so ruthlessly break through and ignore,—would regulate or modify many of the evils complained of and we would hear but little about surplus stocks of whisky. If the bonded period were unlimited as in some parts of Europe, the burden of over production would not be so oppressive as it now is and money now unnecessarily diverted from its proper channels would tend to renewed activity in this and other industries, whilst our Government would sacrifice no interest and lose no revenue.

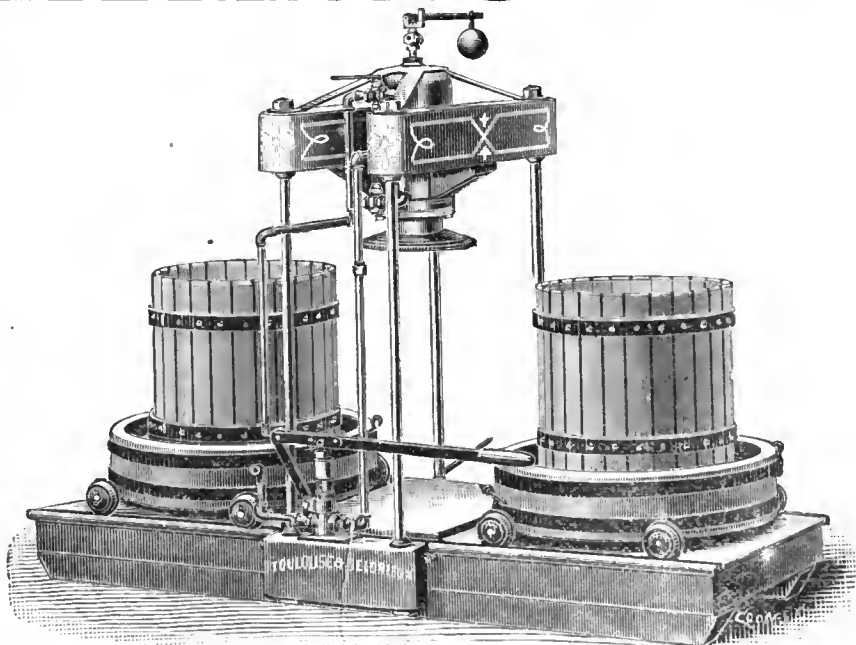
The Hawaiian trade is constantly growing and is receiving attention from all the merchants to a greater and greater degree. The wine merchants are already well represented, and the liquor men are selling whiskies in constantly increasing quantities. The "Temperance" people of the Islands are becoming very active, notwithstanding the fact that one of the principal breweries of the Island is operated by the Missionary party.

NEW HYDRAULIC WINE PRESS.

MOST RAPID

PRESSING

Can be set up anywhere in a Wine Cellar as the Movable Trongs can be wheeled from one tank to another.



NEVER STOPS

CONTINUOUS

One Charge Prepared While The Other Is Pressed.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

TOULOUSE & DELORIEUX,

620-22 COMMERCIAL ST., - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Chicago Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHICAGO, June 21, 1891.

The warm weather is upon us at last, and as a result the retail trade is picking up nicely. The Spring races are on, also and that in connection with the warm weather makes the retailers wear a very genial smile. And then another drop of sweetness is added to the cup of joy from which the said retailers are just now quaffing "greenback nectar" and that is the presence of Forepaugh's big circus in the city. There was a big fight against having the circus on the Lake Front but the circus came out on top as usual, and now the retail trade in the way of "wet goods" can have a chance to get at the throngs who are not satisfied with painted lemonade. Another great big drop of sweetness in their cup is the fact that so long as a place of business is run any way square at all the Mayor has refused to have any hand in interfering with the business of saloons. He told the committee that waited upon him that he was thoroughly a German in regard to that question, and believed in letting men sell just whatsoever they chose so long as it was done decently and in order. On the other hand he has ordered the closing up of all "joints" where women and thieves do congregate and "get in" their fine work. A number of such "dives" have been closed up since Mayor Washburne took his chair.

After a most desperate fight lasting for a long time the two outside distilleries, Shufeldt's and the Calumet, have had to succumb to the inevitable, and are now safely swallowed up by the combine. This is as it should be, viewed from a business standpoint. The fact of competition argues division of interests, and the house that is divided against itself is said to be on the verge of falling. It may not be as well for the middleman and jobber, but for the customer it will be a blessing, for there will not be the temptation to adulterate when the price can be regulated by the ipse dixit of one concern rather than the result of close competition. Moreover the liquor will not come any higher to the consumer than it did at this time last year, nor will it ever come higher than now. The full capacity of the Shufeldt distillery is 6,000 bushels per day and that of the Calumet 3,500 bushels. The purchase price of the Shufeldt distillery is said to have been \$1,000,000 in cash, \$1,000,000 in stock of the Trust at a valuation of 45, and \$1,000,000 in six per cent. bonds, with a guarantee that the distillery would be allowed to run. The transfer of the Calumet is reported to have been made on the basis of \$1,500,000—one-third cash, the remainder in stock and debentures of the Trust, paying interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

I was talking with a wholesaler the other day about the sale to the combine and its effect upon the trade generally, and he was emphatic in his opinion that it was the best thing that could have happened. "Suppose," said he, "that all the distilleries in the country were under one general management, do you think for a moment that we would now be suffering as we are from an over stock? Not at all, but on the other hand the supply and demand would be so equalized that it would be far better for all concerned."

As for California goods it is the same old story right over again. The tide is on the flood, and it seems possible that in time it will sweep everything before it. Eastern prejudice is fast vanishing in regard to many things that are produced in California. They are becoming better acquainted with their neighbors beyond the western mountain ranges and they are inclined to like them and their products very well. They still need a little "taffy" to make them right sure about it, and the smart Californian who comes over here to place goods of any kind proceeds along that line exclusively. You cannot force trade with these people. They are conservative, and are strong in their habits and customs, and to get them to take hold of something new is simply a matter of education, and of course it goes slow. But the man or firm who works and waits will find them the best

people in the the world to deal with when they do take hold of his goods, simply because they are good stayers.

As a sample of the fast growing popularity of California wines I may state that a new restaurant and cafe has been thrown open to the public during the past week where the serving of California wines is made a specialty. Colonel Harvey has fitted up the whole block over the To-Kalon wine store at 244 Wabash avenue in a most elegant style for the special purpose of introducing California wines of high grade, such as are likely to find an abiding demand at the east. This will prove a great advertisement for California wines, for Colonel Harvey has a host of friends who will rally around him in his new quarters and thus become familiar with good California wine. In this way the merits of these wines will soon secure a wide and proper recognition.

Colonel Harvey was manager of the Richelieu hotel in this city for five years and his acquaintance is very extended among the more wealthy people of the city. The rooms have been sumptuously fitted up at a cost of \$20,000. All Californians visiting Chicago will find a royal welcome at the hands of Colonel Harvey.

This is no sense an opposition scheme to the California Viti-cultural restaurant and cafe, but simply a widening out of the same idea—the introduction of California wines to the eastern public. One of Chicago's brightest business men, when he heard of Colonel Harvey's proposed venture, said: "You California wine men are the most enterprising people in the world. When you start out to do a thing you never stop till you are there at the head of the procession."

Albert Gottschalk, the millionaire distiller of Baltimore, Md., has opened war on the Trust. The Gottschalk company, of which Albert Gottschalk is the head, has been the distributing agent in this locality for the whisky trust and now claims that the trust has broken its contract with the Baltimore agency which no longer represents the Illinois company. The Gottschalk company claims that the whisky trust is largely indebted to them for rebates on purchases which they will take proper means to recover.

The proposal by the rectifiers of Chicago to build a distillery in opposition to the whisky trust has taken a definite shape. It is understood that the capital is already subscribed; that the new distillery will probably be called the Rectifiers' Co-Operative Distilling company. A plant, it is said large enough to supply the wants of the rectifiers will cost but \$150,000. The question of getting spirits pending the erection of the distillery is not bothering the rectifiers, as they claim the trust could not refuse to sell to them if they paid cash. Then, too, establishments outside of the trust exist at Cincinnati and at Pekin, Ill.

L. L. PALMER.

NO TROUBLE YET.

When the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company absorbed the Shufeldt and Calumet distilleries of Chicago, some apprehension was felt by the local wholesale dealers that inasmuch as all opposition worthy of the name had died out in the East, some effort would be made to crush out the less formidable opposition offered by the smaller distillers, and that the California Distillery at Antioch would be either bought out or an attempt made to crush it from the field.

Messrs. C. Jost & Son, the owners of the distillery, state that up to the present time no attempt has been made to get their customers away from them. The company has several steady customers, who, when the distillery was started up some months ago, guaranteed to stand by the local concern. This they have done and the California distillery is running at about the same capacity as ever.

The company, it is said, has guarantees that it will receive all possible support in case an attempt is made to change the present state of affairs.

Cincinnati Department.

CINCINNATI, June 25, 1891.

Business is very quiet, the summer dull season having fairly begun. Prices on all goods of established brands are firm and on ryes the advance previously noted has been sustained.

Distillers are already thinking of the coming season. The most conservative recognize that the production must be less than in '90 or '91 or else exportation will have to be resorted to unless the bonding period is made unlimited.

The Joseph R. Peebles' Sons Co. handle exclusively the "Private Stock" wines of Napa Valley Wine Company and, as this firm has the elite trade of the city, they only handle first-class goods. Mr. Peebles himself is a connoisseur of wines, and he has a reputation second to none in the city. We see by the Pacific papers, which is a matter of record and not an advertisement, that, while President Harrison and Cabinet were visiting the Pacific Coast, a banquet was given to them at San Francisco and the Napa Valley Wine Co's "Private Stock" was one of the principal wines on the menu. President Harrison had a supply of "Private Stock" sent to Washington for his own cellars. The Napa Valley wines are noted for their similarity to the celebrated Rhine wines, having their delicate high flavor, and we think the time is not far distant when they will take the place of imported wines. Mr. Cullman is just returning from the East, where he was quite successful in placing the Napa Valley goods. He is on his way to St. Louis.

Dodworth's distillery, it is said, will furnish the anti-trust men with spirits. It is an independent concern, and will have a capacity of 2,800 bushels per day. The opposition of the wholesale dealers and rectifiers against the anti-trust is assuming a definite shape, a mammoth distillery will be built by them, which will supply all of their wants. The capital stock will be \$200,000, which will be readily subscribed.

S.

WORLD'S FAIR PREPARATIONS.

Many of the leading bottlers of wines and brandies in this State are beginning to prepare their exhibits for the World's Fair, and before many months have elapsed the preliminary work will be well under way.

This is the season when stocks are being selected and set aside for special care, when blends are being experimented with and other operations of like character conducted. There are many who have been at this sort of work for months and if care and attention will insure a fine stock of wines being sent to Chicago the success of the display is assured.

Necessarily much of the wine that will be sent will be '89s and '90s though some there are who have stocks running back several years. Of course the older wines will be placed before the judges and as far as possible in the cafe which is to be conducted on the plan of that in San Francisco. But the consumption in this cafe, which is to form a part of the California building, will be enormous and the bottlers may have to call on their younger stocks.

The cafe and its management will come before the World's Fair Commission of this State and it is therefore advisable that those who are given charge should have had experience in the same line. There is no more thoroughly fitted man for this function than Mr. William H. McNeil the present clerk and store-keeper of the Viticultural Commission, who has the ability and energy necessary to make this department a success in every particular.

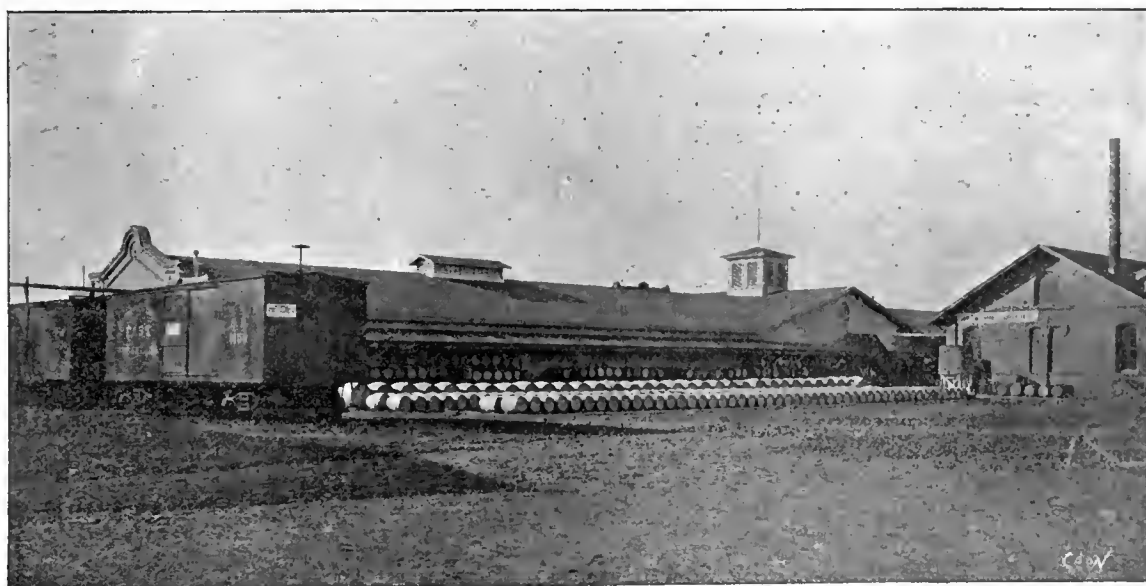
The exhibitors of our wines one and all—and they form an influential and respectable body—would be entirely suited were Mr. McNeil appointed, knowing that he would give absolute satisfaction.

Our exhibits now being prepared should be in competent hands.

A man over at Independence, Kan., was fined \$1 for whipping his wife, and the same day another citizen of that place was under bond of \$2,000 for selling whisky.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.



Winery and Distillery.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.

SONOMA WINE & BRANDY CO., 1 & 3 FRONT ST., NEW YORK.

TRADE CIRCULARS.

From Kohler & Van Bergen, New York.

New York, June 15, 1891.

Editor Wine and Spirit Review, San Francisco. We beg leave to announce that our offices have been removed to the corner of Laight and Varick streets.

Yours truly,

KOHLER & VAN BERGEN.

From Nicholas Rath & Co., New York.

New York, June 16, 1891.

To the Trade:—The "original and genuine prune juice" produces in all whiskies, brandies, wines, etc., the same fine mellow taste and delicate flavor precisely as age does, still its presence cannot possibly be detected.

Nothing ever offered for the purpose met with such success, it having from the start, now twenty-two years ago, attained, from its great merit, a large and constantly increasing sale. This, as in the case of all goods of real value, induced many persons to offer imitations bearing similar names, which they try to sell on the strength of our reputation.

These imitations merely sweeten whisky, causing an immense reduction in proof, and generally, owing to the ignorance of the makers as to how they should be cleared and fined, discolor the liquor in which they are used; thus more injury is done by one package than would pay for ten times the quantity of the genuine article.

The original and genuine prune juice completely removes the objectionable smell in new liquors, a quality which none of its imitations possesses, and to blenders it is almost indispensable.

PROPORTIONS FOR WHISKY.

One gallon genuine prune juice to one barrel new.

Three-quarters gallon genuine prune juice to one barrel one year old.

One-half gallon genuine prune juice to one barrel two years old and over.

FOR BRANDY.

One-and-one-half gallons prune juice to one barrel.

PROPORTIONS FOR GIN.

One gallon genuine prune juice to one barrel.

FOR RUM.

One-and-one-half gallons prune juice to one barrel.

FOR WINES.

One gallon genuine prune juice to thirty gallons.

The "genuine prune juice" is shipped in casks of 120, 60 and 30 gallons each (either brown or pale), at \$2.20 per gallon free on board, and can be obtained only from

NICHOLAS RATH & Co.,

Sole Proprietors.

From R. Monarch.

Quantity regardless of quality is the motto which prevails with most of the distillers, but our motto is as heretofore: "Superior quality and limited quantity." Sour mash whisky made by our formula can not be sold as cheaply as most of the so-called sour mash that is now being offered for sale. Our yields are but little more than they were fifteen years ago, but we are pleased to note that there are still parties who appreciate a good article and are willing to pay accordingly for "R. Monarch," "Kentucky Club," "T. J. Monarch," and "Glenmore."

Your trade earnestly solicited.

R. MONARCH.

From the Thompson Distilling Co.

To the Wholesale Trade:—DEAR SIR: Our "Sam Thompson," the only brand we manufacture, is a pure rye whisky, containing twenty per cent barley malt, and is produced with the utmost skill and care from the best selected grain procurable. We use

the best of cooperage, store in steam heated brick warehouses, unequalled by any, as our insurance rate of eighty cents attests. We guarantee "Carlisle Outage," pay particular attention to every detail, and have both river and railroad facilities. We challenge comparison of our goods with like inspection of any pure rye made, regardless of its price and reputation.

Our yearly production is less than 5000 barrels, and our brand is more widely distributed over the whole country than many brands of more than twice its production, making it as desirable property as any in the whisky world.

We invite correspondence and will be pleased to send samples on application.

Pittsburg June 16, 1891.

Yours very respectfully,

THOMPSON DISTILLING CO.

From the Louisville Public Warehouse Co.

To the Trade: All business with this company is confidential, and no one will be recognized or furnished information of any kind unless presenting our warehouse receipts or the written order of the holder of such receipts.

No whisky will be received on storage unless coming to us direct from a bonded warehouse. This rule is imperative and applies to all without exception of any kind, and its purpose is to enable us to recommend the purity of every barrel of whisky held by us, without a doubt or an uncertainty.

Government Form, 52, for whisky, etc., must be kept by the owner of the goods just as if the packages were on his own premises. We keep no government books, and are not required to. The seller must discharge direct to purchaser on his books, and the purchaser likewise enter on his books as received direct from the seller without our intervention.

LOUISVILLE PUBLIC WAREHOUSE CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

From the Star Distilling Co.

PERIN, ILLINOIS, June 24, 1891.

We desire to contradict the statements in to-day's papers that we have sold out to the Distilling & Cattle Feeding Co. This rumor is without foundation and absolutely false in every particular. No such sale has been made, nor is it in contemplation. We shall continue to be an anti-trust house and invite your correspondence.

In this connection will say we expect to have our new distillery, "Crescent," in operation in ninety days.

Yours Respectfully,

STAR DISTILLING COMPANY.

By H. G. Herget, Secretary.

APPLICABLE IN AMERICA.

The *Wine Trade Review* of London, has just published a bit of poetry on the ills of the liquor trade and founded on the soliloquy in "Hamlet" which with a few alterations would fit the American trade to a dot. It is as follows:

A TRADER'S SOLILOQUY

To be, or not to be?—That is the question:—
Whether 'tis nobler for the trade to suffer
The snubs and stings of ev'ry Government,
Or to take arms against a sea of troubles,
And by opposing end them?—To rouse! To sleep
No more; and, rousing, thus declare we end
The worries, and th' untold thousand shocks
We have put up with. We sleep! We dream!—
We sleep and dream too much;—Ay, there's the rub!—
For while we sleep and dream, what ills may come?—
When we have shuddered off this morbid sleep
We may find out that we're all behind—
And that from sleeping we have lost the grasp
We should have had upon the Parliament,
The Exchequer's Chief,—the "pump" man's contumely,
The hosts of 'totter faddists, and such like,—
Those mad fanatics, who, with jibes and spurs,
Say we're the ruin of all that's good—
Forgetting their folks' sad appearance make
At the Police court!—Should we fardels bear,
And grout and swear under a weary life,
But that we knew we did our country good,
And to th' Exchequer sent a good return?—
This gives us peace and reconciles our will—
And makes us rather bear those ills we have
Than seek the remedy we're worthy of.
Thus conscience does make heroes of us all;
And thus the Empire gains by resignation
On th' part of those, who, harassed and oppressed,
Makes patriotism the thought of ev'ry moment,
And very willingly pay in their fourth
Towards their nation's 'Chequer,—But soft now!
All this may change!—Chancellor! in thy broodings
Be all these things remembered!—

48, Lime Street, E. C.

THOMAS R. DEWAR.

ANAHEIM DISEASE REMEDY.**Ethelbert Dowlen Makes a Report upon the Alleged Discovery of J. Cozad.**

Ethelbert Dowlen has prepared the following report upon J. Cozad's alleged remedy for the Anaheim disease. The vineyard is at Lapresa, San Diego County.

"At Mr. Cozad's own ranch, the vines (all of the Muscat variety) were in good health, and were reported never to have been diseased. They were three years old. On the adjoining ranch, the vines, also Muscats, and from five to six years of age, were with a few exceptions, in good condition. This vineyard was reported to have been diseased for the past two years. At present, the only signs of disease were a few scattered leaves which showed some suspicious yellow markings, and a stunted growth on a few of the vines. Last year, the fruit on many of these vines was said to have dried up before reaching its full growth. At present, there is promise of a good crop. All the vines on this ranch had been treated except seven rows on the western side of the block on the west side of the main road through the ranch. These untreated vines were not quite so vigorous as the others, but they were on considerably lighter soil. All of Mr. Cozad's own vines have been treated.

The treatment consists of:

First. Pruning as close to the internode as may be consistent with safety, leaving one or two buds to the spur as may be necessary, and

Second. The immediate application of a paint of white lead and oil, of the consistence of cream to the freshly cut surface, which stops all bleeding from the pruned spur.

Mr. Cozad's views is that the vine is weakened by the loss of

sap consequent upon pruning, and is thereby rendered liable to disease; or being already diseased, cannot gather strength sufficient to recover its health. He claims that his treatment will not only prevent a vine from becoming diseased, but that it will also enable a sick vine to regain its strength and health.

Mr. Cozad relies upon the above treatment to either cure or prevent the Anaheim disease. Should any insects appear on the vines, he applies a wash composed as follows:

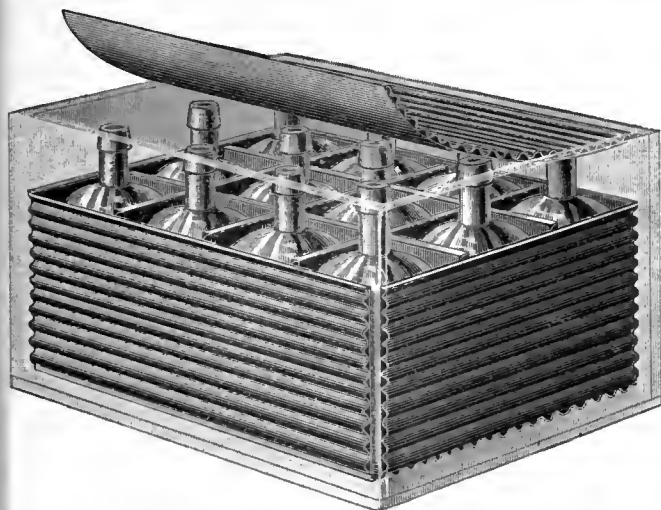
Water, 1 gallon; Whale oil soap, 4 ounces; Eucalyptus oil, 1½ teaspoonfuls; Carbonate of Soda, 2 teaspoonfuls. Boil the soap and water until thoroughly mixed; add the Eucalyptus oil and soda together and mix well. Apply warm at from 80° to 100° F. This wash is claimed not to injure fruit or blossom in the least degree, but is fatal to all insects. Mr. Cozad has applied for patent rights to cover the composition of the above wash, and also the use of the white lead paint on the vines. The application has been allowed by the United States patent office.

As the vines have not been under such treatment for an entire year, the paint having been first applied during the last pruning, it is not possible to say how far the vines may be benefited, or whether they will be unaffected by the treatment. In so far as the paint prevents bleeding from the pruned spurs, benefit would no doubt accrue. The treatment would also be beneficial in preventing fungus spores or other germs from finding an easy entrance into the tissues through the freshly cut surfaces. It is not possible to give any opinion beyond the above at the present time as the most trying time of the year has yet to come.

ETHELBERT DOWLEN.

San Gabriel, Cal., June 20, 1891.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chace, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrell St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gilt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.



DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

EASTERN WINES!

THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,
RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines

**CLARET,
SWEET CATAWBA,**

NORTON'S VIRGINIA.

**PORT,
DRY CATAWBA,**

GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK, AGENTS.

DR. DILLE SCORED.

One of Oakland's Champions of Prohibition Receives a Deserved Flaying.

Rev. Dr. Dille, a Methodist parson of Oakland, who has been a leader in many of the Oakland intemperance movements, recently went out of his way in an attack on "Rum" to give Charles A. Wetmore a special advertisement as the "State saloon keeper." This is how Mr. Wetmore comes back in the *Times*. If the Rev. Dr. Dille is heard from after this deserved execration we shall be much mistaken:

Editor Times:—A gentleman, whose veracity I have confidence in, told me that he heard the intemperate Rev. Dr. Dille refer to me in the course of his sermon last Sunday as "the State saloon keeper." He is now reported in your paper as denying this, but admitting that he had referred to me as the "President of the State Viticultural Commission, which runs a State saloon," etc. Now, inasmuch as he does not hesitate to utter a wilful lie with regard to the State Commission, and as I know he prefers the tinsel and billingsgate of public speech to plain truths, told in biblical simplicity, I shall believe my informant until I get something more trustworthy than Dr. Dille's word to the contrary.

I do not take offense, because to be called a saloon keeper is necessarily opprobrious, but because the statement is a wilful lie, intended to inspire an unchristian malevolence toward me. I know many saloon-keepers who are more worthy to be called Christians and gentlemen than is the Reverend Dr. Dille.

A reply to an assault from a pulpit orator is generally difficult for a gentleman to indulge in, because it is assumed that the contest cannot be a fair one. A leader of a Christian flock is supposed to practice, for the sake or appearances at least, the Christian precept which requires him to be non-resistant, to turn his other cheek, and to love his enemies; he is supposed, also, to stand under Christ's benediction—"Blessed are the peacemakers" and the "poor in spirit." To assault such a man, defenceless in word and deed, deprived by his religion from retaliation, would be a coward's part. There need, however be no compunctions of honor in this respect as regards the Rev. Mr. Dille, for he has so often violated all Christian rules and sought the public arena with vituperation as his weapon, that his Christianity may be overlooked and he may be called to account as any other man would be. The only danger is that in scratching a parson, we may find a blackguard.

The public that listened to Dr. Dille are, however, entitled to the truth in a matter that affects public institutions. Let them therefore be told that if Mr. Dille said, as he is reported to admit, that the State Viticultural Commission conducts, maintains, or in any way manages a saloon, within the meaning of the word as understood by all in this connection, he made a false statement for which he should either publicly apologize or be expelled from the pulpit. The State Viticultural Commission maintains a permanent exhibit, under the sanction of the State law, in the interest of viticultural industry, purity of products and progress in quality. Not so much wine is consumed or tasted in this exhibit hall or anywhere in connection with the direct official work of the commission as is disposed of at the communion table of any orthodox church. The word "saloon" is more applicable to Dr. Dille's church than to the State Viticultural exhibit. The commission has leased to respectable and most accomplished restaurateurs, space for a first-class model restaurant, the object of which is to demonstrate that such an institution can be successfully conducted without recourse to foreign wines, false labels or adulterated compounds. This is also to enable the public to understand the real merits of the exhibits in the hall of the commission, without being compelled to tipple their samples. No wines are permitted to be sold by the glass and none are served except in the civilized manner of a gentleman's dining room. The restaurant is patronized by the best elements of society, by sisters with their brothers; by mothers and sons; husbands, wives and daughters. Indeed, so far as ladies are concerned, there are few if any of those who visit this restaurant whose social reputation and pride of character are not of such a sensitive nature that they would fear public suspicion, if they were to be seen in company with those rattle-headed persons, whose ideas of morals have been educated at camp-meetings.

Dr. Dille calls this restaurant a "State saloon," meaning thereby to class it with places where drinks are sold by the glass

where drinking is the sole attraction. If he means to change our popular language and have it understood that the word "saloon" applies to all places where wines are used, let him define himself and we shall hereafter refer to his communion table as "Dille's free lunch saloon." I do not wish to appear unnecessarily sacerdotal, but I wish to bring Dr. Dille to the penitential bench and force him to feel what others feel when institutions which they respect and honor are publicly assailed with contemptuous epithets.

In this connection I will recall his blackguard attack on Miss Kate Field, when he publicly called her "a procuress for the halls of hell," because she differs with him in opinion, as nearly every well educated person does. Such language merits a public cowhiding. Suppose that the Catholic priest of Oakland, who perhaps believes that the teachings of Dr. Dille are fatal to the soul, should single him out of all the thousands of Methodists, on account of his creed, and publicly denounce him as "a procurer for the halls of hell!" Would the cause of the gentle Jesus be subserved by such anger-kindling words? Or would not the two belligerents be expected to prove their manhood with their fists?

Are there no cowhides for pulpit blackguards and slanderers? As to my own record, this occasion does not require me to say more than that I never have been interested in, never have established, never have managed, directly or indirectly, any saloon such as Dr. Dille desires his congregation to understand. Why, then, did he use my name in such connection? Did he wish to provoke a personal difficulty? Or does he create villains in order that he may show how valiant he is—with his tongue? Some day he may assail personal character once too often and be forced to show his physical valor. No; there's no danger of that! A blackguard, who would publicly insult a lady whom his superiors in society honor, and shield his pusillanimous jaw under the clerical garb would be in no danger; his legs would save him.

I have too often published my opinions concerning alcoholic intemperance and the saloon question to need to say much further. If Dr. Dille were a gentleman I would challenge him to a public discussion; his name however, would deprive the occasion of all dignity. I will, however, challenge any one who thinks as he does on prohibition, provided his record indicates that in discussion he will confine himself to statements to which he is willing to swear before a Notary Public. The advocates of prohibition have generally acquired the habit of lying and misrepresentation to such a degree that with them there is little ground for honest discussion.

I believe that alcoholic intemperance is a great evil, as is gluttony or avarice, or libertinism or hypocrisy. The subject demands just appreciation of all facts and circumstances bearing upon it. The intemperate zeal of one set of reformers, who differ in opinion with another set, should not be permitted to befog the public's mind.

Chastity and sobriety are alike desirable virtues. Prohibition as a popular cry will not make men and women purer and stronger. I think that somewhere in Dr. Dille's religious precepts will be found one which teaches self restraint and self culture as the safeguards of character. The God of his teachings does not prohibit the devil, but says: "Resist the devil and he will flee from you." God needs the devil in order to weed humanity and to insure the survival of the fittest.

Dr. Dille: If you will read your Bible more and restrain your vanity of speech, you may perhaps lead more lambs to the fold of Christ. First Christianize yourself.

For the further information of Dr. Dille, who should try to keep better informed where he presumes to criticize, let me say that it is two years since I ceased to be President of the State Viticultural Commission and that now I have no connection with it whatever.

CHAS. A. WETMORE.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly transparent from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we set the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.
19 Hudson Street New York

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.

— PRODUCERS OF —

CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE,

— AND DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Proprietors of

ORLEANS VINEYARD.

530 Washington Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

LARGEST SHERRY PRODUCERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO:

453-465 Brannan Street.



NEW YORK:

22, 24, 26 Elm Street.

C. BUNDSCHU,

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J. GUNDLACH & CO.

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WINE WITH AN EARTHY TASTE.

BY DR. F. CARLIS, OF BORDEAUX.

Messrs. Maquenne and Deherain communicated to the Academy of Sciences some years ago the results of different experiments which have not been brought into prominence in viticulture, though the results seem to us, nevertheless, to have a very great interest for those engaged in the industry.

These two *scouts* have mixed in a solution of sugar and water a little of the soil of the country. They have several times kept the mixture at a temperature of 35 deg. C., and when the fermentation was arrested, they have submitted it to fractionary distillation. This operation has shown them that the sugar was not only converted into ordinary alcohol, but also into higher alcohols, and some proportions of acetic, butyric and propionic acids, these representing very nearly a half of the sugar employed.

This phenomenon presents nothing contrary to established theories. It was already known, in fact that agricultural soil, over its whole surface was peopled with an infinity of microbes.

The experiences of Messrs. Maquenne and Deherain show that the part of these infinitely small things is complex, since, whilst some play the ordinary part of yeast, the others have the faculty of converting the sugar into a series of different products the most prominent properties of which manifest themselves by a strongly-developed and not very agreeable smell.

If, instead of pure sugar, the same authors had taken some pasteurized must of grapes, that is to say, sterilized previously by heat, it is not very hazardous to predict that the similar results would have shown themselves. In the meantime, it is quite possible to understand that the products produced by the microbes of the same soil would have been still more complex and more varied; for the juice of the grape, more than sugar, contains several organic principals that the ferments in question would not have respected any more than the sugar itself.

But with grape must obtained in the ordinary way, without any particular warming, the power of action of the microbes of the cultivated ground would be least, because the grape at its maturity especially, always carries on its skin numerous normal germs of ferment, the propagation of which is rapid, so that they always overpower the secondary ferments. Meanwhile, the work of these last, although lessened, is never absolutely stopped, and the consequences of their presence are, generally proportionate to their number, that is to say, in this case, in proportion to the quantity of soil of the fields that there happens to be.

But in viticultural practice it often happens that the soil from the fields comes, with its microbes, to make trouble in the fermenting of the grapes.

After the experiences of Messrs. Maquenne and Deherain, we can show its injurious work and, from this day by attending to it, affirm that all other things being equal, a wine contains so much the more superior alcohols and acetic, butyric and propionic acids in the same proportions as the grapes at the time of vintage were soiled with mud.

If we recollect that these alcohols, these acids and the others that they form in the wine have all of them a strong and more or less disagreeable smell, the results of which take the form of what is called an "earthy taste" it will be an easy matter to explain how this special taste properly belongs to certain vine growing districts, how its intensity varies every year, and modifies itself also according to the calcareous, argillaceous or silicious character of the soil.

This earthy taste manifests itself, in fact, especially in certain southern countries, where the heat of the sun, and a desire to be economical, induce the vine grower to practice a low growing style that allows the vine branches to "sprawl" around as they please. In these localities this particular flavor increases or diminishes every year. Thus, when at the end of crop time drizzly and persistent rains set in, which wash the grapes, or when the autumn is dry and devoid of storms, the wine remains neutral and right in taste; if, on the contrary, there come late

showers that dirty the grapes, the wines they will produce will possess this fault, which disgusts the wine expert, and prejudices forever the commercial value of the wine, for no treatment and no blending can make it disappear.

But beyond these natural causes there is another very common one, in certain southern districts at least, and which is well calculated to exaggerate the fault that we are now studying. We wish to speak of the vexatious habit that the wine makers have of diluting earth in the must, and of putting this "hasty-pudding" in the vintage, when it causes badly coopered vats to leak.

The experts that we have consulted suggest the absolute doing away with this practice, so as not to confirm the proverbs so often repeated: "That the earth is too good to do harm to wine," or "that the vintage in fermentation, like the sea, rejects from its bosom all strange bodies."

In short, whether the soil be silicious, argillaceous or calcareous, it must be understood that its direct intervention in the fermentation will be variable, and that calcareous soil is always more injurious than the others, for it diminishes the natural acidity of the must favorable to the development of normal fermentation, and it favors, on the other hand, the probabilities of secondary ferments setting in.

In a different order of things, let us see now what takes place in the vineyards, where not only is the "earthy" taste unknown, but where it is also endeavored to in every way favor the development of the fine bouquet of their own growth of wine.

There, in fact, or where the practice of growing the vines high is adopted, or where the branches are supported with props, wire or ties of rushes, so that the grapes can never come in contact with the ground, and where, when the vintage time comes round, not only are the grapes never resting on the soil, but even the fruit that has been accidentally soiled is set apart in wicket baskets capable of allowing the dried soil to pass away, or when they are damp these baskets are replaced by very seam-tight wooden boxes.

In the larger vineyards, the wine-making plant is itself the subject of cares that would amuse others besides the men of the southern districts, for not only is it most carefully scrubbed with clean water and scraped "to the quick," but it is as a last precaution washed with a white napkin soaked in alcohol or good brandy.

The last precaution is very sensible, for alcohol alone is capable of removing certain injurious extractive matters that are insoluble in water, but still as it is naturally antiseptic, that is to say, free from all germs, it is able to remove the various foreign germs always carried by ordinary water or outside dust.

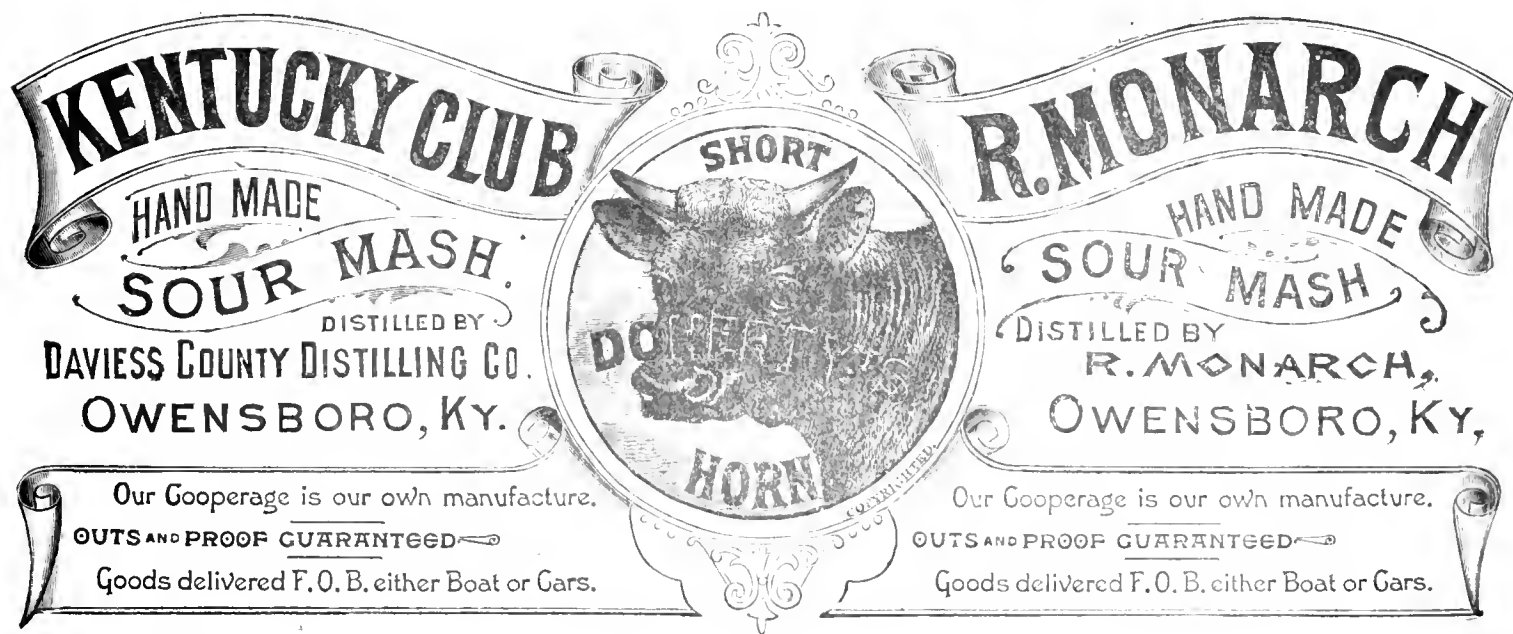
In fine, modern experiences are establishing the fact that not only can the fresh "vinous" taste only be obtained by the aid of a perfect system of fermentation in the air, but that there also exist in this system different qualities pertaining to certain vines, and also to certain growths of wine, and that these are the principal causes of the characteristic bouquets of their produce.

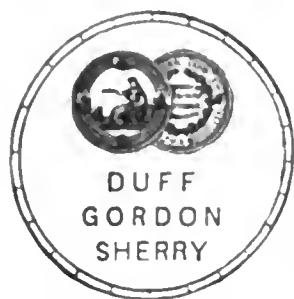
The originator of this idea was our illustrious Pasteur; but the experiments in support of it have only been accomplished during the past few years by Messrs. L. Marx, Rommiér and, lastly, by M. Jacquemin. These different authors, after having sterilised common grape-must, or even the must of tartarised barley, have sown in them the pure yeast of grapes of Champagne, of Chablis, and of Bordeaux. And they have obtained wines having each the bouquet characteristic of Champagne, of Chablis and of Bordeaux.

Better still, if, as M. Jacquemin did, the same must of tartarised barley be sown with the ferment of cider or of perry, the fermented liquors obtained possess the special aroma of these drinks.

All these facts show very clearly that the "taste value" of wines, and consequently their commercial value, is closely bound up with the purity of the ferment that nature deposits in its own good time on the surface of the berries of the grapes, and that at the period of wine-making, more than at all others, there is cause to mistrust strange ferments which are constantly floating in the air, deposit themselves in the shape of dust on the surface of all solid bodies, and remain there in the state of germs, at the risk of their being brought into contact with a fertile and suitable medium for their development.

In other words, starting from the moment when the grapes are cut from the vine, they ought never to be soiled by any foreign body, and the vats in which they are fermented ought to be most scrupulously clean.





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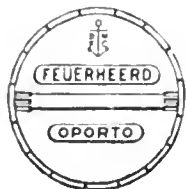
Deutz & Gelderman, Ay Champagne.
 Dupanloup & Co., Reims Champagne.
 Champagne Vineyard Proprietors' Co., Brandies.
 Boutelleau & Co., Managers, Cognac.
 J. J. Meder & Zoon, Schiedam Swan Gin.
 I. A. I. Nolet, Schiedam JAIN
 Game Cock and Double Eagle Gins.
 Boord & Son, London, Jamaica Rums, Etc.
 John Ramsay, Islay, Scotch Whisky.
 Lacave & Co., Cadiz, Crown Sherries.

Duff Gordon & Co., Port St. Mary's Fine Sherries.
 Lacave & Co., Sevilla Queen Olives.
 D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr. & Co., Oporto Fine Ports.
 Boussons, Muller & Bacot, Tarragona Ports.
 A. de Luze & fils, Bord'x Fine Claret, Santernes, Olive Oil.
 C. Marey & Liger-Belair, Nuits, Burgundies.
 G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz Hock Wines.
 Schultz & Wagner, Frankfurt-on-the-M. Hock Wines.
 Haussmann Junr, Traben Mosel wines.
 Gebr. Macholl, Munich Kirschwasser.

Genoveva, Natural Sparkling Mineral Water
 Royal Prussian Springs, Selters Water
 Rakoczy Bitter Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water
 Moore & Simmott, Philadelphia, Whiskies
 A. Chevallier-Appert, Paris Wine Finings.
 A. Boake Roberts & Co., London, Wine Finings
 J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg, Cherry Cordial
 Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool, Ginger Ale
 Prime Juice Extract, Batavia Arrack.
 St. Croix Rum, Medford Rum, Etc., Etc



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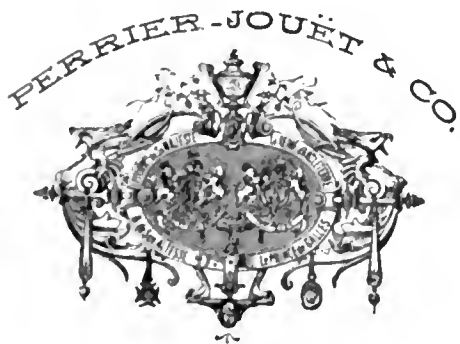
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DE RUSSIE

BORDEAUX

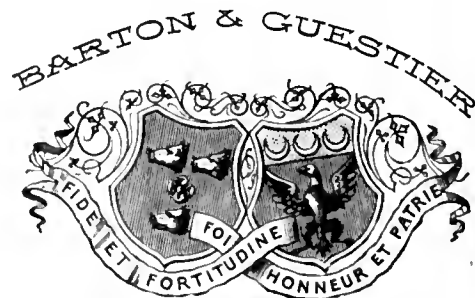


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BOUCHARD PÈRE & FILS.



Beaune Cote d'Or.



Bordeaux.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
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 123 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

OHIO PURE WINE BILL.

[House Bill No. 466.]

AN ACT

To amend sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of an act passed March 14, 1889 (O. L., vol. 86, p. 96), entitled "An act to define pure wines, wines, compounded wines and adulterated wines, and to regulate the manufacture and sale of compounded wines, and to prohibit the manufacture or sale of adulterated wines within the State of Ohio."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That sections one, two, three and four of above named act be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That all liquors denominated as wine containing alcohol, "except such as shall be produced by the natural fermentation of pure, undried grape-juice," or compounded with distilled spirits, or by both methods, whether denominated as wine, or by any other name whatsoever, in the nature of articles for use as beverages, except as allowed in section four of this act, or for compounding with other liquors for such use, and all compounds of the same with pure wine, and all preserved fruit-juices compounded with substances not produced from undried fruit, in character of, or intended for use as beverages, and all wines (including all grades and kinds) which contain, or in the production or manufacture of which, any glucose, or uncrystallized grape or starch sugar, or cider, or pomace of grapes out of which the juice has been pressed or extracted, known as grape cheese, has been used, and all wines, imitation of wines or other beverages produced from fruit into which carbonic acid gas has been artificially injected, or which shall contain any alum, baryta, salts, caustic lime, carbonate of soda, carbonate of potash, carbonic acid, salts of lead, salicylic acid or any other antiseptic, coloring matter (other than produced from undried fruit or pure sugar), essence of either or any foreign substance whatever, which is injurious to health, shall be denominated as adulterated wine, and any person or persons who shall manufacture or cause the same to be done with intent to sell any of such wine or beverage, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term of not less than thirty days or more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court, and shall be liable to a penalty of one dollar for each gallon thereof sold, offered for sale or manufactured with intent to sell, and such wine or beverage shall be deemed a public nuisance and forfeited to the State and shall be summarily seized and destroyed by any health officer, marshal, constable or sheriff within whose jurisdiction the same shall be found and the reasonable expense of such seizure and destruction not exceeding the amount paid for similar services, shall be a county charge and paid out of the county treasury in the same manner as costs in criminal cases where the State fails to convict, are now allowed and paid out of such treasury.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of this act the words "pure wine" shall be understood to mean the fermented juice of the undried grapes, without the addition thereto of water, sugar, or any foreign substance; and all such wines shall be known as "pure wine" and shall be stamped, branded, labeled, designated and sold as "pure wine," and the name and kind of wine, and the locality where such wine is made and of the manufacturer may also be added; and it shall be unlawful to affix any stamp, brand or label containing the words "pure wine" (either alone or with other words) on any vessel, package, bottle or other receptacle containing any liquid, any imitation or counterfeit of such stamp, label or brand of such form and appearance as to be calculated to mislead or deceive any person or cause to be supposed that the contents thereof be pure wine or to use any vessel, package, bottle or other receptacle having such stamp, brand or label affixed thereon, except for pure wine as in this section defined; and if the name of the manufacturer is added, then only of such manufacturer's make providing the same is pure wine. And any person selling such wine shall in the invoice thereof plainly state and designate the same as "pure wine."

Sec. 3. For the further purpose of this act the word "wine" shall be understood to mean the fermented juice of undried grapes; provided, however, that the addition of pure, white or crystallized sugar to perfect the wine or the using of the necessary things to clarify and refine the wine which are not injurious to health, shall not be construed as adulterations, but such wines shall contain at least seventy-five per cent. of pure grape juice, and shall not contain any artificial coloring whatever; and all "wine" shall be known as "wine," and shall be stamped, branded, labeled and sold as "wine," in the same manner as is provided in section two of this act in case of pure wine, except the words

in this case shall be "wine" without the prefix "pure" and all the provisions of said section two, as far as applicable, shall govern the manufacture and sale of "wine" as in this section defined. And any person selling such wine shall in the invoice thereof plainly state and designate the same as "wine" without using the prefix "pure."

Sec. 4. For the further purpose of this act, the word "compounded wine" shall be understood to mean any wine which contains less than seventy-five per cent. of pure undried grape-juice, and is otherwise pure, and all wines containing alcohol or any other distilled spirits not produced by the natural fermentation of pure undried grapes; such wine shall be known as compounded wine and shall be branded, marked, labeled, and sold as compounded wine and the name of such wine may be added, or such wine shall be branded, labeled and marked by using the word "compounded" next preceding the name of such wine, such as "compounded sweet catawba," or compounded port wine," or the like (and an addition of pure distilled spirits not to exceed eight per cent. of its volume shall not be taken to be an adulteration of such wine); and upon each and every package, barrel or other receptacle of such wine, which shall contain more than three gallons there shall be stamped upon both ends of such package, barrel or other receptacle in black printed letters at least one inch high and of proper proportion, the words "compounded wine" or the name of such wine preceded by the word "compounded" as in this section provided and upon all packages or other receptacle which shall contain more than one quart and up to three gallons there shall be stamped upon each of said packages or receptacle in plain, printed black letters at least one-half inch high, and of proper proportion, the words "compounded wine," or the name of such wine preceded by the word "compounded" as in this section provided and upon all packages, bottles or other receptacle of one quart or less, there shall be placed a label securely pasted thereon, on which label the words "compounded wine," or the name of the wine, preceded by the word "compounded," shall be plainly printed in black letters at least one-fourth of an inch high and of proper proportion. Should any number of such packages or other receptacle be inclosed in a larger package, as a box, barrel, case or basket, such outside package shall also receive the stamp, "compounded wine" or the name of such wine, preceded by the word "compounded," the letters to be the size according the amount of such wine contained in such outside packages. And any person selling wine of the kind in this section defined, shall in the invoice thereof plainly state and designate such wine as "compounded wine."

SECTION 2. Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of said act are hereby repeated; and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

A. C. ROBESON,

Speaker pro tem. of the House of Representatives.

Wm. VANCE MARQUIS,

President of the Senate.

Passed March 26, 1891.

WILLIAM, the famous Broadway New York bartender, says: Blending liquors is like blended words or colors. A man's got to be endowed with more than ordinary ability to make a good drink-mixer. He should know the quality and adaptability of every liquor fermented, distilled or brewed. Acquiring this knowledge alone will consume several years, and experiments in blending them with the view of making a palatable combination will occupy his time for several years more. I can make over 500 different sorts of mixed drinks. By studying the subject for twenty-five years I have acquired the art of giving a man just what he wants without asking him. If a man's a trifle seedy, I know how to brace him up; if his head is kinky inside, I have a concoction to draw the kinks out, and so on. A little knowledge of human nature is a powerful aid, and by using it at the right time a barkeeper can make himself very popular. When a man comes in here and doesn't know what he wants I size him up and fix a drink for him. I am seldom mistaken in my estimate of my subject, and he generally goes away satisfied. Sometimes a man will come in with weary step and haggard features—been out the night before. He says: "Pain in head, Willum: pain in every bone: feel like I want to die." That man wants a "life preserver" or two, and when he has got outside of them he's himself again. The new things in liquid combinations are "the Gladstone cocktail," the Jeune d'esprit," "the cobweb chaser," "the Italian wind" (and delicious it is), "the Tammany tepee," "the General Sherman," "the young-man-afraid-of-his-squaw," "the winter girl," and a half dozen more. These are made with various liquors properly blended and are all very palatable.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnership

Graves & Benson, Salt Lake City, Cal.,
Metallic & McCollister, Bayview, Cal.,
dissolved, McCollister continues.
P. M. Murry, Modesto, Cal., F. H. Mc
admitted.
Geo. Bernhard, Sacramento, Cal.,
Lachmeyer admitted.
Oakley & Murray, Salt Lake City, Cal.,
dissolved, Murray continues.
C. Fisher, Fairhaven, Wash., succeeded by
Fisher & Co.
John E. Morris, Empire City, Or., suc-
ceeded by Morris & Burger.
Sprague, Marshall, Or., Sprague &
Holtz succeeded.
Henry Brandt and Peter Nelson, Gardiner,
Or., now in partnership.
H. Pinkus & Co., Salt Lake City, Utah,
dissolved.
Ferguson & Gettmill, Salt Lake City,
Utah, dissolved.
Schubert & McDougall, Vernon, B. C.,
dissolved, Schubert continues.
R. F. Cannon & Co., Park City, Utah,
dissolved.
King & Blackwell, New Whatecom, Wash.,
dissolved, Blackwell continues.
Rossi & Ferrini, Santa Maria, Cal., dis-
solved, Rossi continues.
Silver Pitcher Saloom, Tucson, Ariz., dis-
solved, S. Goldbaum, continues.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

E. H. Korts, Hueneme, Cal., attached.
F. E. Gressler, Sacramento, Cal., attached.
Chas. Arp, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
J. H. Goehring, Denver, Colo., attached.
H. P. McLaughlin, Tacoma, Wash., attached.
Thos. Wilkenow, Tacoma, Wash., attached.
O. Krieg, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
H. Stein, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
J. McNoah, Downey, Cal., attached.
Charles Wagner, San Gabriel, Cal., attached.
Kate F. Warheld, Glen Ellen, Cal., again attached.
J. H. Willmot, Fairhaven, Wash., attached and left town.
J. H. Spellacy, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
C. M. Berry, Fresno, Cal., failed.
Carr & Co., Denver, Colo., attached.
T. Hayes, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
F. Patton & Co., Denver, Colo., attached.
J. Winters, Tacoma, Wash., attached.
H. Dielendorf, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
C. D. Robinson, Gushka, Cal., attached.
C. O. Knupp, Tulare, Cal., in insolvency.
A. Glouf, Portland, Or., attached.
Columbus Brewing Co., Sacramento, Cal., attached.

Sold Out.

F. H. Dunsen, Cal., to M. C. A.
C. G. Coe,
L. L. Little, Col., to J. C. Lowden
N. E. 201, Cayuga, sold to Peabody &
Salem, Cal.
J. W. Bradford, Dausy, Cal., to F. Hunt,
Al Baker, Stockton, Cal., to C. R. Miller,
C. C. Ogilvie, Denver, Colo.
C. A. Kalus, Portland, Or.
Wm. Anderson, Marshfield, Or.
Lambert Bros., Fresno, Cal., sold to Green,
Rebaum & Jacobson
J. C. Hess, Lower Lake, Cal.
E. T. James, Napo, Cal.
J. Schlichting, Newcastle, Cal.
Sorensen Bros., Hollister, Cal.
Garner, Hollister, Cal., to J. & G.
Ware,
A. D. Neher, West Oakland, Cal.
Thos. Howell, Tombstone, Ariz.
J. Jose, Windsor, Cal., to O. Boehm,
Guy & Dodd, Lebanon, Or.
W. Kibler, Snackville, Or.
M. B. Marshall, Durango, Colo.
F. D. & T. Foley, Sprague, Wash., to J.
C. Lemley,
H. A. Lennon, Leloma, Cal., to Wood &
Seamond,

Out of Business.

G. Anderson, San Diego, Cal.
H. C. Lee, Santa Paula, Cal.
J. D. Smith, Sacramento, Cal.
Mohler & Stein, Denver, Colo.
C. Kohlmoos, Alameda, Cal.
E. Mayersch, Alameda, Cal.
J. Mouro, Denver, Colo.
Paulson & Swanson, Denver, Colo.
Wm. Seward, Tucson, Ariz.

Burned Out.

David Moore, San Francisco, Cal., damaged
F. Padorei, San Francisco, Cal., damaged.
H. Lawrence, San Francisco, Cal.
H. Gless, Portland, Or.
P. R. Welsh, Humbug Valley, Cal.
H. Hill, Clifton, Cal.
E. J. Turner, Hanford, Cal.
J. R. Gardiner, Hanford, Cal.
H. Galbraith, San Francisco, Cal., damaged.
R. W. Hoff, Los Angeles, Cal.
J. C. Clark, Kingsburg, Cal.

Deceased

[illegible]

Special Inquiry Advisable.

J. N. Allen, Sanger, Cal.
Lang & Sullivan, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Geo. Lang, San Francisco and Calistoga
Cal.
J. Von Studen, San Francisco, Cal.
Estes & Carico, Athens, Oh.
Jas. Harrington & Co., Leadville, Colo.

Deeds and Transfers.

Juni & Co., San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty, \$1.
E. F. Sturgis, Albuquerque, N. M., received deed, \$900.
P. P. Hamman, Stockton, Cal., received deed, \$10.
L. Strenger, Whatcom, Wash., received deed, \$1.
Graves & Burnis, San Jose, Cal., Graves received deed, \$10.
J. R. Austin, Fresno, Cal., conveyed realty, \$8,000, received deed, \$1,000.
Lilienthal & Co., San Francisco, Cal., E. R. Lilienthal, conveyed realty, \$10.
Osmer & Co., San Francisco, Cal., J. G. W. Schulte, received deed, \$10.
Seegelken & Buckner, San Francisco, Cal., Seegelken, received deed, \$10.
C. Ludwig, Tracy, Cal., conveyed realty, \$255.
C. M. Berry, Fresno, Cal., conveyed realty, \$150.
J. Bridenbach, Stockton, Cal., received deed, \$1,200.
S. Pearson, Ellensburg, Or., received deed, \$300.
J. A. Vail, Flagstaff, Ariz., received deed, \$400.
H. Knuth, Mameda, Cal., conveyed realty, \$1,200.
Jos. Dives, Oakland, Cal., received deed, \$10.
E. J. Koenig, Oakland, Cal., conveyed realty, \$4,900.
J. B. Curcio, Leadville, Colo., trust deed, \$1,500.
R. L. Jeffrey, Astoria, Or., conveyed realty, \$5.
F. Clayton, Sellwood, Or., conveyed realty, \$1.
Dolan & McKeever, Centralia, Wash., received deed, \$1,000.
Escallier Bros., Murietta, Cal., J. F. Escallier, conveyed realty, \$1,500.
B. Dreyfus & Co., San Francisco, Cal., J. Frowenfeld, received deed, \$17,000.
H. Lagrue, San Jose, Cal., received deed, \$1,000.
Bernhard & Monaghan, Fresno, Cal., Bernhard, received deed and conveyed

realty, \$6,000.
 Wilbur & Johnson, Seattle, Wash., conveyed
 realty, \$2,030.
 M. D. Painter, North Pasadena, Cal., \$750.
 Geo. Lang, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed
 realty, \$500.
 Lang Bros., San Francisco, Cal., L. Lang
 received deed, \$500.
 Gutzeit & Malfanti, San Francisco, Cal.,
 Malfanti received deed, \$10.
 Gravett & Ratto, San Francisco, Cal.,
 Chas. Ratto, received deed, \$10.
 I. Haas, Portland, Or., conveyed realty,
 \$1,200.
 John Klett, Cheyenne, Wyo., received
 deed, \$500.
 E. Keppler, Leadville, Colo., conveyed
 realty, \$500.
 Dolan & McKeever, Centralia, Wash., con-
 veyed realty, \$235.
 J. Patek, Napaime, Wash., received deed,
 \$300.

Bills of Sale.

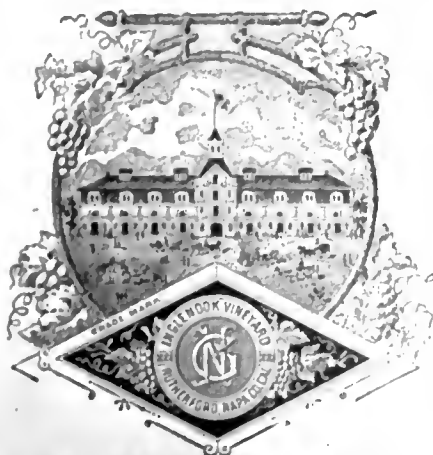
C. F. Lewis, Seattle, Wash., \$450.
 J. Sarratt, San Francisco, Cal., half interest.
 Smith & Breckenridge, Kent., Wash., \$270.
 J. Halverson, Spokane, Wash., \$400.
 Rose & Co., Tacoma, Wash., A. C. Macaulay \$700.
 J. K. Stampley, Ca' land, Cal., \$10.
 J. Raemussen, San Francisco, Cal., \$750.
 F. Giovanetti, San'a Barbara, Cal., \$600.
 F. Williams, Tacoma, Wash., \$5418.
 Salter & Mohr, San Francisco, Cal., \$3500.
 John Elms, Seattle, Wash., \$500.

Realty Mortgages:

I. Moorssees, San Francisco, Cal., \$1000.
Szegeiken & Buekner, San Francisco
Cal., \$3750.
John H. Rippe, San Francisco, Cal.
\$7000.
Peterson & Hanson, Ellensburg, Wash.
R. Peterson \$600.
John Berg, Roslyn, Wash., \$500.
J. G. T. Hieber, Spokane, Wash., \$400.
Chas. Wagner, San Gabriel, Cal., \$290.
J. W. Bates, Prairie City, Or., \$1733.
M. E. Lindskow, San Pedro, Cal. \$4,072
J. Chambers, Canyon City, Or., \$377.

Chattel Mortgages.

Bendt Bros, Denver, Colo., \$344.
A. Okerstrom, Denver, Colo., \$500.
A. Gush, Denver, Colo., \$2500.
L. Scott, Leadville, Colo., \$600.
Mardoff & Dickel, Portland, Or., \$900.
A. Osbold, Portland, Or., \$200.
John Gordon & Co., Seattle, Wash., \$150.
W. F. Allen, Seattle, Wash., \$2000.
R. B. Storms, Seattle, Wash., \$4000.
Hill & Fisher, Tacoma, Wash., \$150.
E. H. Holeomb, Tacoma, Wash., \$110.
L. Sato, Tacoma, Wash., \$42.
J. H. Wilmot, Fairhaven, Wash., \$1500.
S. B. Roter, Seattle, Wash., \$166.



122 SANSOME STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.

F. A. HABER,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE

Fable Wines and Fine Brandies

GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated

INGLENOOK VINEYARD.

OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO. CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry
and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

C. E. Tibblits, Denver, Colo., \$1000.
 T. Drew, Denver, Colo., \$8000.
 F. Siedler, Portland, Or., \$900.
 Chas. Fisher, Fairhaven, Wash., \$2100.
 W. E. Desmond, Fairhaven, Wash., \$1481.
 J. H. Hodges, Fairhaven, Wash., \$365.
 J. P. Patterson, Sunnyside, Cal., \$489.
 M. H. Watrous, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 D. Hanley, Denver, Colo., \$1,290.
 A. R. Quinley, Las Vegas, N. M., \$1030.
 J. B. Patterson, East Portland, Or., \$489.
 Emery & McCauley, Tacoma, Wash., \$365.
 A. Wilke, Denver, Colo., \$500.
 M. Kennedy, Denver, Colo., \$545.
 D. Lombardy, Leadville, Colo., \$115.
 G. Leisher, Seattle, Wash., \$400.
 Ed. Watson, Spokane, Wash., \$1000.
 F. E. Van Ceise, Tacoma, Wash., \$4,918.
 F. V. Edwall & Co., Denver, Colo., \$12,000.
 C. Jones, Denver, Colo., \$200.
 T. Muller, Denver, Colo., \$1,869.
 T. Custer, Denver, Colo., \$2,500.
 Tyson & Smith, Great Falls, Mont., \$2500.
 C. B. Shain, Denver, Colo., \$1000.
 B. Taylor, Denver, Colo., \$30.
 J. W. Bates, Prairie City, Or., \$240.
 Chas. Lindhall, Portland, Or., \$300.
 A. Schaz, Ogden, Utah, \$175.
 John Frazier, Puyallup, Wash., \$394.
 A. A. Barton, Seattle, Wash., \$200.
 T. J. Payne, East Portland, Or., \$1000.
 W. H. Blackwell, Sehome, Wash., \$918.
 O. N. Johnson, Sehome, Wash., \$1250.
 T. J. Payne, East Portland, Or., \$1,000.
 O. N. Johnson, New Whatcom, Wash., \$1,250.
 Thos. Steele, Orting, Wash., \$649.
 Ed. Watson, Spokane, Wash., \$1,000.
 T. J. Johnson, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.
 Merrill & Swingley, Great Falls, Mont., \$250.
 Tyson & Smith, Great Falls, Mont., \$2500.
 John McManus, Ogden, Utah, \$2,000.
 W. H. Blackwell, New Whatcom, Wash., \$918.
 I. O. Little, Denver, Colo., \$475.
 R. L. Mardini, Denver, Colo., \$2,950.
 G. F. Smith & Co., Denver, Colo., \$250.
 J. Beschaff & Co., Denver, Colo., \$2,000.
 B. M. Williams, Denver, Colo., \$1,070.
 G. H. Lucas, Denver, Colo., \$300.
 Emery & McCauley, Tacoma, Wash., \$187.
 J. B. Smith, Blaine, Wash., \$169.
 Newman & Abrams, Seattle, Wash., \$415.
 Livesey & Berge, Tacoma, Wash., \$400.

Mortgages Discharged.

B. Hegele, San Jose, Cal., \$500.
 O. K. Stampely, Oakland, Cal., \$7,707.
 J. Classen, San Jose, Cal., \$1,323.
 O. N. Johnson, Sehome, Wash., \$1,500.
 Allen & Folsom, Arbuckle, Cal., \$700.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

W. G. McKnight, Sehome, Wash., \$241.
 Harms & Dieckman, Seattle, Wash., sued,

\$1,200.
 M. J. Mooney, Seattle, Wash., sued, \$150.
 E. P. Gillette, Spokane, Wash., judgment vs. him, \$397.
 Donau Brewing Co., Tacoma, Wash., sued, \$2,250.
 W. H. McGillioray, Sehome, Wash., sued, \$347.
 T. F. Leader, Tacoma, Wash., sued, \$250.
 J. H. Wiimot, Fairhaven, Wash., mortgage foreclosed.
 H. C. Clement, Tacoma, Wash., sued, \$1,701.
 A. Skaggs, Skaggs, Cal., sued, \$403.
 Smith & Zuhn, Whatcom, Wash., sued, \$250.
 Zurn & Smith, New Whatcom, Wash., sued, \$250.
 — Liver, San Gabriel, Cal., sued
 C. Langerts, Tacoma, Wash., sued, \$900.

Miscellaneous.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co., Los Gatos, Cal., capital increased to \$400,000.
 W. P. Yaldager, Elko, Nev., advertised to sell.
 A. C. Maier & Co., Stockton, Cal., open ranch in Sonora.
 Packe Bros., Marysville, Cal., F. Packe offers to sell interest.
 R. L. Seymour, Fairhaven, Wash., leased to L. E. Duff.
 W. P. Gray, Prescott, Wash., leased to Jno. Fries.
 R. C. Pearson & Co., Seattle, Wash., incorporated as R. C. Pearson Co., capital \$50,000.
 F. H. & E. Schroder, Portland, Or., offers to sell out.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O.
 We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
 WEST & THURMAN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
 WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The German Savings and Loan Society, 526 California Street.

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891, a dividend has been declared at the rate of five and four-tenths (5 4-10) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and four and one-half (4 1-2) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, July 1, 1891.

GEO. TOURNEY Secretary.

ARTHUR MCEWEN'S IDEA.

Anything that Arthur McEwen, the well-known journalistic free lance of the Coast, has to say on the Prohibition question is well worth reading. Here is the latest he has sent out to his syndicate of over a dozen of the foremost coast publications:

There are signs that the temperance question is going to occupy a good deal of the public attention here for a while. The high license advocates have become rather prominent, with Rev. J. Sanders Reed and Rev. Father Montgomery, an Episcopalian and a Catholic clergyman, in the lead. They and others have petitioned the Board of Supervisors to close the grocery bars and small saloons by taxing them out of existence, and the proposal meets with widespread, secular favor. But the Prohibitionist—narrow, fervid and impracticable, here as elsewhere—is to the fore. Last Sunday night a Methodist preacher attacked the high license people fiercely from the pulpit and at a meeting of the Presbyterian ministers on Monday, Prohibition had it all its own way.

One would think that anybody with an atom of sense ought to know that Prohibition has no chance in California. This is a wine growing State, and millions of capital, to say nothing of public opinion, are hostile to Prohibition. At the very time when our reverend friends are clamoring for what even they must know there is not one chance in ten billion to get, Senator Stanford is going to open a university which is largely endowed with wine and brandy. The great Vina ranch depends for its income upon these productions. Moreover, Mr. Stanford announces that in behalf of education he is about to engage extensively in the manufacture of champagne, which is a new departure for him, and on which he is receiving the felicitations of the press. This link of the cask and bottle with the higher education of our young men and women gives no shock to the people of the State, who regard the grape as a good thing and the sale of its juice to the whole world as of vast importance to California. Nevertheless there is in this city and the other cities and the towns a very decided inclination to curb the power of the saloons. If all those who hate the sight of drunkenness and deplore its consequences to the innocent were united, it would be quite possible to obliterate the grogeries and confine the sale of intoxicants to a comparatively few establishments. But the Prohibitionists won't have any such "compromise with Satan." They prefer the selfish satisfaction of "standing up and being counted" to any restriction upon the sale of the pleasant liquids which (God forgive them!) they lump under the name of "Rum." They are bound to have their logic at whatever cost to other people's bodies and souls. From the style in which the holy men speak of good liquor, one is persuaded that only solitude for their salvation restrains them from indicting the Almighty principle. It bothers them, for it interferes with their frequent declaration that their Maker is like their own modest selves, a Prohibitionist.

EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF HOCKS.

A sale of old Cabinet Rhine wines has taken place lately at Coblenz, which is unique in the annals of this branch of the trade. But such a cellar as that of the late Mr. Anthony Jordan, at Coblenz, in favor of whose heirs the sale took place, will scarcely be met with again in the whole of the Fatherland, and we are not surprised to hear that the salerooms were crowded, that the representatives of nearly all the foremost wine merchants vied with each other in securing some portions of this rare collection of the most distinguished vintages, consisting mostly of 1862, 1865 and 1868 crus, and that the prices obtained were throughout—and in some cases fabulously—high.

This sale may no doubt be looked upon as the last of the public auctions, at which any of these now rare and greatly coveted vintages have been offered, and it does not surprise us to hear that a cask containing 800 bottles realised the extraordinary high price of £742 10s., that is to say, nearly a sovereign per bottle. It appears also that the valuation made by three of the leading brokers was actually exceeded by the results eventually obtained by £2,000. The total receipts of this sale amounted to £8,511, in our opinion the largest sum ever registered as the product of the sale of a private collection of Rhine Wines—*Wine and Spirit Gazette, (London.)*

THE GENUS CONSUL.

Consular reports are often valuable, sometimes amusing and occasionally dangerous to be relied upon as guides. It would be difficult to properly classify the recent consular report of Mr. Warburton, British Vice-Consul at La Rochelle. This gentleman, with commendable zeal, began an investigation of the French brandy trade. He has succeeded in making a vigorous attack upon it all along the line, but with what truth is another matter.

Ridley's and all of the English wine trade journals have gone after the official scalp of the Consul and expect to have it soon. *Ridley's* in attacking the report once expressed the sentiment that, after the phylloxera, the worst enemy of the wine trade was the *genus* Consul. It now amends its platform and awards the palm to the Consul.

The American wine trade has suffered considerably from the Consul from other countries. We sympathize with the English trade, knowing how it is ourselves.

GRAPE JUICE.

The name grape juice, like ordinary, covers a multitude of sins. More trash than anything else is sold under this taking title. Common sense will show at once that grape juice cannot be made to keep without adding a preservative such as alcohol, or an antiseptic like salicylic acid. Any liquid containing sugar will ferment and go through the various transformations of sugar, alcohol, vinegar, etc., and if artificially prevented, ceases to be grape juice. Lately a great deal of so-called natural grape juice has been advertised, and as it is supposed to be a healthful drink especially adapted for invalids, we have applied to an experienced wine maker from whom we obtained the information which follows, and it tallies exactly with what we knew about the subject theoretically.

1. If intelligent care be taken, grape juice can be sterilized by heating in bottle, sealing hermetically, and keeping in a temperature below 50 deg. Fahr. constantly. If moved to a higher temperature, I am afraid there would begin what is termed "insensible fermentation."

2. Alcohol will keep grape juice from fermenting, spoiling or changing, if added to the amount of 20 to 24 per cent. absolute. Sometimes 18 per cent. is sufficient, but less than 20 per cent. is risky.

3. Grape juice can be fermented to a point where sufficient alcohol is obtained to preserve the resulting liquid (wine); but it is then no longer grape juice, in the general acceptance of the term. If fermented to a certain degree, still leaving some natural sugar of the original juice, the resulting liquid will surely spoil unless alcohol enough be added to raise its alcoholic strength to at least 18 per cent. absolute. In lieu of alcohol, antiseptics, which are always dangerous to health and objectionable, may be added to secure the same result.

4. Port, sherry, angelica, sweet muscat, etc., in California, are made with the addition of more or less grape spirit, entirely without use of antiseptics such as salicylic acid, naphthol, benzol, or other similar preparations. With port wine the grapes, according to locality where grown, are allowed to get the highest attainable sweetness, from 28 deg. Balling's scale up to 37 or more. The juice is then fermented to reach the highest possible alcoholic strength, which is seldom under 15 per cent. absolute, and in some localities reaches 17 per cent. absolute without any additions whatever. This fermentation materially reduces the saccharine matter left undecomposed. If there is not from 4 to 6 per cent. saccharine left, that amount is added in the shape of concentrated grape juice. This concentrated grape juice is obtained by boiling down a given quantity of the juice pressed fresh from the grapes, so as to show from 70 to 75 deg. Balling's scale or saccharometer. After addition of this concentrated must or grape fruit, the port is fortified to the difference between its actual alcoholic strength and at least 18 per cent. If the port showed 16 per cent., then 2 per cent. grape spirit would be added to make 18 per cent., or 4 per cent. to make 20, etc. The sherry is made very much in the same manner as the port, only differing in after treatment. The sweet muscat and angelica are not fermented to so great a length as the port, so as to retain more saccharine and less alcohol. This necessitates also a larger addition of grape spirit to have it attain the necessary minimum strength, viz: 18 per cent. By feeding a certain kind of grape juice with cane sugar, and treating with fresh grape yeast, two years ago, I made one thousand gallons of wine, the alcoholic strength of which reached a fraction over 19 per cent. absolute by fermentation alone. Experiments made by chemists for the British Government in Australia are claimed to have obtained a fraction over 21 per cent. through fermentation.—*American Analyst*.

BURNT SUGAR COLORING.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street,

New York.

CARROLL & CARROLL, Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

SOLE AGENTS FOR—

OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE

W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.

Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.

306 MARKET STREET

SAN FRANCISCO.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.

Office and Salesrooms

618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,

California Wines and Brandies

WHOLESALE DEALERS,
GROWERS, DISTILLERS.

Wine Vaults, 617-627 Commercial St., S. F.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.



The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
Livermore Valley.

DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
A SPECIALTY.

SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER

JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.

MARTIN HENCKEN.

HENRY SCHRODER.

Hencken & Schroder,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

Wines and Liquors.

Sole Agents for Dr. Schrader's Hamburg Bitters, and
Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.

Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

CHAS. W. SPRUANCE,

JOHN SPRUANCE.

Spruance, Stanley & Co.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE

Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.

Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.

410 FRONT STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
550 Washington street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.		
	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Tramliner, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1881.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hock, 1885.....	5.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscadel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hock, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szalmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi Feherlun Type "1885.....	4.00
Port, 1884.....	5.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n, 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y '85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hock, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haute Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	
*Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
**Red ".....	10.00
***Green ".....	12.00

INGLENOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign' Vert '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hock, Rhenish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	6.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	

None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.

Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hock.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hock.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
JAS. L. DAVIS Sole Agent,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beclan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscadel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
" ".....	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
" ".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry ".....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
" ".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chauche Livermore.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.		
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hock.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscadel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
100-102 First street, San Francisco.
Branch, 665 Market Street.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	4.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscadel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
455 Brauman street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
550 Washington street, San Francisco.

Eclipse.....	\$14.50	\$17.00
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A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nonpareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.

Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (Ltd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

Gold Lact Sec. per case.....	32.00	34.00
Gold Lact Sec. 6 Magnums		
per case.....	31.00	.....
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50	27.50

DUPANLOUP & CO., REIMS.

Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Branche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Pommery Sec.....	\$34.00	\$36.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Koederer Grand Vin Sec.....	34.00	36.00
" Brut.....	34.00	36.00
" Carte Blanche.....	34.00	36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

JAS. L. DAVIS
SOLE AGENT.

308 California St., San Francisco

XER Desbordes & Fils, Dry

Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.

Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

HENRY ECKEL & CIE, EPERNAY,
De Leurs Majestes Les Rois.

Briton Sec.....	\$28.00	30.00
Grand Vergenay.....	30.00	32.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Pauillac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Beycheville, 1881.....	15.00
Ducru Beaucaillon, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Cautenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Pauillac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beycheville, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estournel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	3

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



Main Office and Vaults
66 671 Third St.
San Francisco.

Winery and Distillers
Sacramento, Cal.

Branch:
417-419 MONTGOMERY ST.
San Francisco.

Eastern Branch
12 MURRAY STREET.
New York.

H. W. CRABB,
OAKVILLE,
NAPA CO., CAL.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS
ALL OUR GOODS GUARANTEED PURE.

TO-KALON.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK.
VINEYARD.

JAS. L. DAVIS,
WORLD'S AGENT,
308 CALIFORNIA ST., S. F.
CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of the World.

Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

C. JOST, JR. CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO., C. JOST, JR.
— Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH. SAN FRANCISCO.

I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, ANGELICA, CLARET, SAUTERNE, SHERRY, MUSCAT,
ZINFANDEL, HOCK, PORT, TOKAY, GUTEDL, RIESLING,
Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.
Branch:
212 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.
THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & Co., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLMAN & CO.,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault,
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK.

J. DE BARTH SHORB,
President San Gabriel Wine Co.
SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

H. H. HARRIS, M. L. REYNOLDS, THOS. KINGSTON.
Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,
WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND
Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES



VINEYARDS & CELLARS:
Rutherford,
Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
123-127 Eddy St.
Under Hackmeyer's Hotel,
San Francisco, Cal.

American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLER CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued.

(Henkell & Co., Mayence.)	
Hoek wines from.....	\$7.50 to \$36.00
(Morgan Bros., Port St. Mary.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood,	
per gallon.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50
Port and Sherries in cases,	
per case.....	\$8.00 to \$15.00
(Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood	
from.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50

H. BRUNHILD & Co.,

323 Pearl St., New York.	
Branch 414 Front St., San Francisco.	
RED WINES IMPORTED IN GLASS.	
Chr. Motz & Co.,	
POCKWITZ & KRIEGER, Successors, Bordeaux	
Cases.	
Medoc.....	\$6.00
St. Julien.....	6.75
Margaux.....	7.00
Pontet Canet.....	8.00
Ch. Latour.....	13.50
Ch. Lafite.....	14.00

RED WINES IN CASK.

St. Julien.....	Per Cask.
Montferand.....	\$73.00
St. Estephe.....	85.00
Pontet Canet.....	115.00
	145.00

RHINE WINES, ETC.

Gebruder, Eckel, Deidesheim.	
1883 Laubenheimer.....	\$7.30
1884 Niersteiner.....	7.55
1884 Forster.....	7.85
1883 Deidesheimer Kappellen-	
berg.....	10.00
1883 Rudesheimer.....	10.50
1881 Liebfraumilch.....	10.00
1881 Assmannshauer (Red).....	12.00
1883 Deidesheimer Kieselberg	17.00
Zeltinger.....	9.00
Scharzhofberger.....	15.00
Per case twenty-four 1/2 bottles, \$1 extra.	

SHERRY WINES.

RIUZ MATA & Co., Jerez de la Frontera.	
In 1/2 and 1/4 casks, PALE.	
Bunch Grape, Good.....	\$1.25
Three Diamonds, Good, full	
bodied.....	1.40
Four Diamonds, rich.....	1.75
Manzanilla, dry and rich.....	2.25
Palido, dry and aromatic.....	2.50
Amontillado, pale and fine.....	3.50

FULL.

Oloroso.....	2.85
Oloroso.....	3.60
Imperial.....	4.60

Direct orders for above wines, f. o. b.,
Cadiz executed on favorable terms.

PORT WINES.

R. CODINA BALLESTER, Reus.	
1/2 and 1/4 Casks.	
Pure Port.....	Per Gal.
Pure diamond brand Port.....	\$1.20
Three Bunches Grape.....	1.40
Teneriffe.....	1.70
	2.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux	
Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00

C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits

Burgundies, white and	
red, per case.....	
15.00 to 21.75	
D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port wines	
per case.....	
15.00 to 20.00	
D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr., & Co.,	
Oporto, Port Wines,	
in wood per gal.....	
2.00 to 4.50	
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries	
in wood per gal.....	
2.00 to 5.50	
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown	
Brand in 1/2.....	
1.40 to 1.75	
South Side Madeira.....	
2.00 to 2.50	
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	
5.50	
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	
5.00 to 6.00	
Boord & Son, London Dock	
Sherry, per case.....	
12.00 to 15.00	
G. M. Pabstmann Solm, Mainz	
Rhine Wines per case.....	
8.50 to 28.00	
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt	
o M Rhine Wines per	
case.....	
11.00 to 14.00	

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER,

219 Front street, San Francisco.	
Per Gallon.	
Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50
SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.,	
410 Front street, San Francisco.	
Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite.....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C. jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, cs.	11.50

MOORE, Hunt & Co.,

404 Front street, San Francisco.	
Per Gallon.	
Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A.....	4.00
B.....	3.50
C.....	3.00
No. 1.....	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2	
dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE.

323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.	
Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1.....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100 pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old.....	4.50
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club.....	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.50

Liquors—In cases.

Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	Per Case
" " " A1, " "	\$10.50
" " " A1, 21 pts	7.50
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt	8.00
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	9.00
Run Punch Extract, in 5s.	7.50
Blackberry brandy, in 5s.	8.00
	7.50
SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN.	
322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Hyain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO.

123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " " per case.....	7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco	
Blue Glass, spring '83.....	\$2.75

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.

504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon,	
(per bbl) per gallon.....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,

314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co.,	
Philadelphia, Bourbon	
and Rye whiskies.....	
\$1.90 to \$3.50	

KOLB & DENHARD.

422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon.....	\$2.50 to \$5.00

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,	
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co.,	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Cognac in Octaves	
per gal.....	
\$5.00 to \$8.50	
The Vineyard Proprs. Co.	
Bontelleau & Co. man-	
agers Reserve Vintages, 10.50 to 14.00.	
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch	
Whisky, in 1/2 casks.....	4.75
Boord's Pineapple brand	
Jamaica Rum in 1/2	
casks.....	5.25 6.50
H. BRUNHILD & CO.	
323 Pearl St., New York, N. Y.	
Branch, 414 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.	
(J. DUPONT & CO.)	
Cognac 1/2 and 1/4 casks, 1887.	Per gal
" " " 1883.	\$5.25
" " " 1880.	5.90
" " " 1878.	6.50
" " " 1875.	7.10
" " " 1870.	7.80
" " " 1878.	8.40
" " " 1865.	9.10
" " " 1860.	10.30
" " " 1860.	11.50

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " " " " "	19.00
" " " " " " "	22.00
" " " " " " "	34.00
" " " " " " "	52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS

308 California Street, San Francisco.	
W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac. 26.00	28.00

W. B. CHAPMAN.

123 California street, San Francisco.	
(H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)	

Quarte.	
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	36.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re-	
serve, 1858.....	40.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,	
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Boord & Son, London Finest	
Irish Malt Whiskey.....	
\$12.50	
Royal Ughd Scotch Whisky.	
John Ramsay, Islay Malt	
Scotch Whisky.....	
13.00	

WM. WOLF & CO.,

329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Lone Highland.....per case	\$11.50
Connagh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS)

WM. WOLFF & CO.,	
329 Market street, San Francisco-	
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " med. " " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	15.00
" " " per cs. 4 doz	6.00
Theo. Lappe's Genuine Aromatique	
per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Chinani pr. case	7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,	
314 Market street, San Francisco.	
(BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)	

Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur " "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " " "	12.00 to 14.00
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in	
cases of 15 large black	
bottles per case.....	23.50
in cases of 15 large	
white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholi Freres	
Bavarian Highland, per	
case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W.	
Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel. Bollmann's per case	13.50

H. BRUNHILD & CO.,	
325 Pearl street, New York.	
Branch, 414 Front street, San Francisco.	
BLANKENHEYM & NOLET, ROTTERDAM.	
GIN—"CENTAUR" BRAND.	

In Casks, per gallon.....	\$ 3.50
Red Cases (15 bottles).....	16.25
Green Cases (12 bottles).....	10.50

ESTABLISHED 1857.

F. O. BOYD & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.

CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.

Advances Made on Consignments.

References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
MR. ROBERT BARTON, Fresno, Cal. MR. ARPAD HARSZTHY, San Francisco, Cal.
MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHUFFELDT, Chicago, Ill



LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.

WHITE LABEL,

"CARTE BLANCHE."

A Magnificent Rich Wine.

BROWN LABEL.

"GRAND VIN SEC."

Perfection of a Dry Wine

See that every Bottle bears the private label of

MACDONRAY & CO.,

Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

California Wine Growers' Union

PURE CALIFORNIA

Wines and Brandies,

Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.

30 South William Street, New York.

—Sole Manufacturers of the—

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.

N. B.—Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless
as Substitutes.

C. CARPY & CO.

Proprietors
Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery,
CALIFORNIA.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM
515-517 Sacramento St. - San Francisco.

WINERY AND DISTILLERY,
NAPA, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,
15 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

RONALD G. McMILLAN,

— Manufacturer and Dealer in —

Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts

Pure Sugar Coloring

A SPECIALTY.

NO. 714 FRONT ST.,
TELEPHONE 87. WRITE FOR PRICES. San Francisco.

A. MAFAN, Manager.

H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.

PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

WINES and BRANDIES

MUSCAT, HOCK, SAUTERNE, OLD PORT,
ANGELICA, ROYAL NECTAR, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDL.
SHERRY, RIESLING,

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.

VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:

Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

C. HOLTUM & CO.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BRANCH, 565 MARKET ST.

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

— Established 1854. —

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

Vineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.

Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.

41-45 Broadway,
New York.

Lachman & Jacobi,

— DEALERS IN —

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

Cor. Doyer & Pearl Sts., Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York.

KOLB & DENHARD,

California Champagnes,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.

Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky



CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

HIRSCHLER & CO.,

212 to 216 SANSOME STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Wine and Liquor Merchants.

PROPRIETORS OF

Summit Vineyard,

NAPA COUNTY, CAL.

ANTOINE BOQUERAZ,

JAMES SHEA.

Shea, Boqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of

Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

☞ These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....		65	62	55	47½			225		235		275	Spr 82 300	Lou CH
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....		62½	57½	42½	37½							250		
Ashland.....			52½	40	37½					225				
Astor.....								225		240				
Atherton.....		60½	52½	40	37½			215				250	Spr 81 277½	Lou CH
Ballard & Lancaster.....					37½									
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....			52½		45	32½	35							
Belle of Anderson.....		67½	60	50	47½	42½	40							
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy)	90	62½	52½	40	37½									
Belle of Louisville.....														
Belle of Marion.....	85	75	65		45	40								
Belle of Nelson.....		85	80	67½	65	55		275		300				
Belmont.....			65	60	57½								Spr 81 300	
Berkele, Wm.....		60	57½	45	42½									
Berry, E. C.....			45		40		30							
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.)		57½	55	42½	40		32½	225		240				
Blakemore.....			82½	60	57½									
Blue Grass.....		57½	52½	42½	40		35			222½				
Bond & Lillard.....	200	90	75	67½	59	55	55			250			Spr 83 375	
Bond, M. S.....		52½	31	35	29									
Boone's Knoll.....			75	62½	55									
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 310	New Ex
Bowen, J. A.....			55	45	40	35	35							
Brownfield, W. W.....														
Buchanan.....		65	62½	55	52½					250			Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Callaghan.....			85		45									
Carlisle.....			55		55					225			Fall 81 290	New Ex
Cedar Run.....	80		65	52½	50					245				
Chickencock.....	65		52½	42½	40	35					245			
Clay, Samuel.....	65	46	40	42½	40		35							
Cliff Falls.....			47½	45	40	30	30							
Clifton.....										235			Spr 81 300	
Commonwealth.....	62½		55		40									
Cook, C. B.....		52½	47½	42½	35		30			215				
Coon Hollow.....		67½	67½	57½	53½		45	230		225				
Craig, F. G.....			32½		57½									
Cornflower.....														
Cream of Anderson.....	75		65		55									
Criterion.....	67½		50	37½	35		32½							
Crystal Spring.....	80		50	42½	37½		35							
Cumberland.....			65	55	50		40							
Cummins, R. & Co.....			65		50		40							
Dant, J. W.....	125	90	70	65	55		50			250				
Darling.....	65		55	40	37½	35								
Daviess County Club.....	80		65		42½		35	225						
Dedman, C. M.....	80				42½			215						
Double Spring.....			50		37½									
Dundee.....			52½		40									
Durham.....	75		62½		52½		37½							
Early Times.....	200	75	67½	57½	55	50	47½							
Edge Cliff.....	85		75		60		50	205						
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.)			57½	45	42½								Spr 80 290	
Elk Run.....			40	32½	30		26½							
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.)			45		35									
Fall City.....														
Fern Cliff.....					35									
Fible & Crabb.....	80		65		55		45	215		250				
Field, J. W. M.....			60	50	36½		40	220						
Franklin.....					40									
Frazier, W. J.....			70	62½	60									
Freeland.....														
Garland.....	62½		47½	35	32½									
Gladstone.....			50	35	40	37½								
Glenarme.....			50	34	32½								Spr 81 300	

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 PHOENIX BOURBON
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 GOLD MEDAL BOURBON N.A.B.B.
 323-325 Market St., S. F.

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WINES AND BRANDIES
 Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
 Fine Table Wines a Specialty
 504-506 Market St.,
 San Francisco, Cal.

JOHN LUTGEN, H. P. WICHMAN,
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
 Importers of
Wines & Liquors.
 Manufacturers and
 Proprietors of
Dr. Foerster's ALPINE Stomach Bitters.
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LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
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THE CELEBRATED
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 A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.
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 216 California St., - San Francisco, Cal.
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 SOLE AGENTS FOR —
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 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
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Thomas Taylor & Co.
 — DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN —
WINES AND LIQUORS
 — Sole Agents for —
 Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.
 21 First Street, - San Francisco.

A. Werner & Co.,
NEW YORK.

SPARKLING WINE ONLY.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....	85		70		47½		45						Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			50		35	40	37½							
Glen Springs.....					40								Spr 81 300	
Greenbrier.....	75		65		45		37			235			Spr 81 300	
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Greystone.....	77½		57½		45									
G. W. S.....	80		65		50									
Hackly, S. O.....			60											
Hanning, Jno.....		55	52½	42½	40									
Harris, N.....			47½		42½		215							
Hawkins.....			62½											
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	80				45									
Head, F. M.....					37½									
Head, W. H.....			50		37½									
Hermitage.....			82½	70	70	65	245		265		280		Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....	77½		55	42½	40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co)	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			50	42½	37½		215		230				Fall 81 175	
Indian Hill.....														
Jessamine.....				35	35									
Jockey Club.....														
Kellar, A.....		57½	52½	40	37½	37½	35		225					
Kentucky Club.....				45	45		225	230	240					
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....	75	60	55	37½	35									
Kentucky Cyclone.....														
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			60	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			55		37½		32½							
Limestone.....	72½	67½	52½	47½	42½									
McBrayer, J. A.....							225							
McBrayer, J. H.....			60	47½	45									
McBrayer, W. H.....		105	92½	75	67½	65	290		300				Spr 81 450	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			50	40	37½									
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			53½	42	37½		32½							
Mattingly & Moore.....		70	62½	55	47½									
Mayfield.....		70	62½	47½	45									
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....	70	57½	55	42½	40			212½						
Mercantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50	35	33½	32½	32½							
Monarch, M. V.....			61½		46	47½	45	225						
Monarch, R.....			62½	50	45			230						
Monarch, T. J.....			57½					220						
Moore, D. L.....					40		37½						Spr 81 300	
Moore & Grigsby.....					50									
Murphy, Barber & Co.....			60	45	42½								Spr 81 300	Lou C H
Nall, A. G.....			60		52½		50							
Nelson.....			50	50	40	37½							Spr 80 325	
New Castle.....	63½													
New Hope.....			60	55	45								Spr 82 285	
Nutwood.....			52½											
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½									
O. F. C.....			70		60			245					Fall 81 325	
Old Charter.....			50		35									
Old Crow.....		100	95	72½	75	70					300		Spr 81 425	
Old Lexington Club.....					45		40		225					
Old Log Cabin.....			70		37½									
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co).....			75		60			260	275					
Old Oscar Pepper.....	110		80	67½	67½				240					
Old Tarr.....			57½					235						
Old Time (Pogues).....			50		37½	40							Spr 80 325	
Old Times.....			50	37½	35	32½	30	210					Spr 80 300	
Parkland.....					40		30							
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....														
Payne, P. E.....			47½		40	35								
Peacock.....					45		37½		240					
Pepper, R. P.....		55		45		40								
Pilgrimage.....					55	50								
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			47½		35									
Richwood.....		62½	55	42½	40	35								
Ripy T. B.....		67½	56	45	42½				235				Spr 81 300	L C H
Rohrer, D.....	60		47½		35								Spr 82 315	
Rolling, Fork.....			57½		37½	35								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from 'all over,' from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebe, Inc., San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

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TELEPHONE 1496.

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— OF THE —

Scottish Union and National

INSURANCE CO. OF GREAT BRITAIN. ORGANIZED 1824.

Capital	-	-	-	\$30,000,000.00.
Assets in the United States	-	-	-	1,673,758.80.
Surplus in the United States	-	-	-	1,264,223.32.

The City of London

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital	-	-	-	\$10,000,000.
Cash Assets in United States	-	-	-	714,702.11.

W. J. CALLINGHAM, General Agent,

CALVERT MEADE, Special Agent and Adjuster.
E. J. JOLLY

410 CALIFORNIA ST. - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
BANKERS, LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK, LTD.

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

[FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.]



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NATIVE WINES.

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

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"BELLE OF BOURBON"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
(40 per cent Small Grain.)

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

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"OENOTANNIN"

As a corrective and a purifier to all light Table Wines, *White and Red.*

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"PULVERINE"

FOR CLARIFYING WHITE AND RED WINES.

— And to —

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LIQUID ALBUMENS

For clarifying, preserving, restoring and correcting both White and Red Wines.

Directions for use on application.

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1864

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium
CHAMPAGNES.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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CARTE BLANCHE,
IMPERIAL.

[First Premium for Gold Seal Best California Champagnes awarded by the State Fair, 1890, and wherever exhibited.]

E. L. G. STEELE & CO.

Successors to C. ADOLPH LOW & Co.

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

HARMONY SHERRIES.

Shipping and Commission Merchants

208 CALIFORNIA STREET, - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			60		45		42½						Spr 81 300	
Samuels, W. B. & Co.			55		47½								Spr 81 300	
Searcy, J. S.	85		55		40									
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
Sharpe			55											
Shawhan														
Small Grain					32½									
Smith & Smith	90		70		50									
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum)			55		37½	35								
Southall			55		45									
Sovereign			57½		42½									
Split Rock				37½	35									
Spring Hill			60		45									
Spring Water	85		65		50		45							
Stone, W. S. (Old)			62½	52½	38½		42½	215						
Sweetwood			45	37½	35		30							
Tippecanoe														
Taylor (Old)	93½		72½	57½	55			225						
Tea Kettle			52½	42½	36									
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)	75	62½	57½	42½	40									
Van Arsdell					40									
Van Hook			55		37½									
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)			55					215						
Walker, J. M.		57½	55											
Warwick			55	45	42½			215		225				
Waterfill & Frazier	87½	80	75	60	57	55								
Wathen Bros	65	57½	50	40	33½									
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)			62½		55									
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)			67½		60									
White Mills	57½	52½	50	40	35									
Willow Run					32½									
Woodland			55		45									
Zeno	90		72½	60	55	50	47½							

KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland.....			65		45					
Atherton.....			65		47½					
Belle of Anderson.....										
Belle of Louisville.....		57½								
Belle of Nelson.....										
Blue Grass.....					57½					
Clarke's.....										
Criterion.....										
Crystal Spring.....										
Curley, J. E.....										
Edgewater.....			60		50					Fall 80 335
Excelsior.....										
Franklin.....					55					
Greylock.....										
Greystone.....										
Hermitage.....	100	95			80	75	265	275	300	Spr 81 425
Highland.....						45				
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.....										
Lynchburg.....					42½	40				
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			65							
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....			50		45					
Melwood.....		65								
Miles, E. L.....			70							
Millcreek.....			62½	55						
Monarch, M V.....										
Nelson.....				60		50				
Normandy.....				60						
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.....		85			70		285	300	350	
Paris Club.....					52½					
Peacock.....					50		42½			
Pepper, R. P.....		65								
Rolling Fork.....										
Short Horn (Dougherty's).....										
Sovereign.....										
Sunny Side.....	75	65								
Susquehanna.....					52½					
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's).....	55	50	45	40	35					
Wathen Bros.....		70		60		50				
White Mills.....					42½					

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.			
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add: Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
BELLE of ANDERSON DIST'G CO. Add: S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson. Glenarrie. Jessamine. Arlington.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	BELLE OF NELSON DIST'G CO. Add: Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	RYES.	
MELLWOOD DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood. Dundee.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor. Belmont. Nutwood.	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add: A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
THE R. F. BALKE DIST'Y CO Louisville. Rate 85 c.	G. W. S.	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add: Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
OLD TIMES DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add: Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
		NORMANDY DIST'G CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.

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S. Dillinger & Sons

PURE RYE & MALT WHISKIES

RUFF'S DALE, WESTMORELAND CO. PA.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

WM. H. SHIELDS,
WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

Cincinnati, O.

EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Fall '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....			87½	80	75	67½	62½		325					
Bridgeport.....	100	90	80	65	55	47½	45			265		300		
Brookdale.....					55									
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	87½	75	65	55	50	45							
Dougherty.....	117½	105	92½	77½	65	55	52½		245					
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	110	95	85½	70½	62½	53	52½		255					
Frontier.....		70	65	55	47½	40	35							
Gibson.....	125	105	87½	67½	62½	60	53½		310					
Guekenheimer.....	100	87½	77½	70	62½	55	52½		250	285	315	335	Spr 81 465	
Hannisville.....	125	105	87½	77½	67½	60	52½		300	310	335	350		
Jones, G. W.....	82½	75	65	57½	52½	45	42½		240				Spr 84 400	
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....	100	90	77½	72½	65	60	55							
Melvale.....		100	85	70	65	56	50							
Monticello.....		100	90	70	62½	55	52½		265		280	285		
Montrose.....	72½	65	60		42½	37½	35							
Moore, Tom.....														
Mt. Vernon.....	150	115	100	80	72½	62½	55		300	325	350	375		
Orient.....	100	82½	67½	55	45	42½	90							
Overholt.....	117½	90	77½	65	60	52	50		280	290	325			
Sherwood.....	115	95	85	67½	65	57½	55							
Somerset.....	70	65	50	45	37½	35	32½							
Stewart.....		100	85		60									
Tompson, Sam.....					52½									
Vandegrift.....				60	52½	45								



ABRAHAM OVERHOLT.

Established 1810.

A. Overholt & Co.

Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

GENERAL OFFICE,

PITTSBURGH PA

Distillery, Broad-Ford, Fayette Co, Pa.

Established 1844.

Sam Thompson

PURE RYE WHISKY.

UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY.

Thompson Distilling Co.

Office: 134 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISTILLERY

ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER
West Brownsville, Pa.

OLD W.S. STONE

KENTUCKY HAND MADE SOUR MASH WHISKY.

M. P. Mattingly, Owensboro, Kentucky.

LOMA PRIETA LUMBER CO.

WATSONVILLE, CALIF.
HAYES, STACY & HOLLAND
GRAND LUMBER SHEDS

GRAPE STAKES,

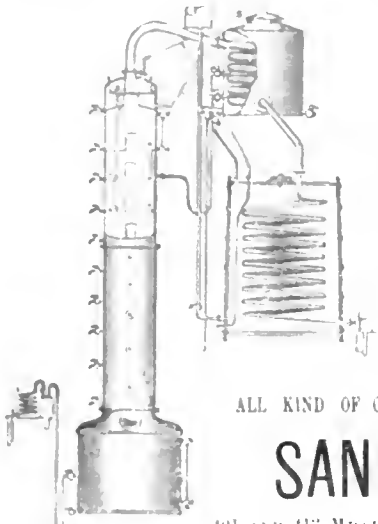
2x2--4 Feet Long. 2x2--5 Feet Long.
2x2--6 Feet Long.

Which will be sold at reasonable rates

LOMA PRIETA LUMBER CO.

Loma Prieta, - - - - - Santa Cruz Co., Cal.

IMPORTANT TO DISTILLERS AND WINE MAKERS.



This cut represents our latest *Improved Continuous Still* which has been perfected after years of experiments and large expense.

This Still has the advantage over all others, as it is economical, easily operated and separates the alcohol and other inferior oils and makes a pure and high class brandy, and *reduces the cost fully ninety per cent* in labor and fuel. It requires very little or no water and utilizes all heat heretofore wasted.

We refer to GEO. WEST & SON, Stockton; JOHN WHEELER, St. Helena.

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PATENT APPLIED FOR.

C. A. HOOPER & CO.

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Excelsior Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

TANKS,

Lumber, Wooden Pumps and Pipe, Mouldings and all kinds of House Finish.

Lumber Yard and Mill Office,

FOURTH & CHANNEL STREETS.

Down Town Office,

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Send for Price List and Catalogues of Mouldings and House Finish.



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BUSINESS SUCCESS.

You have a line of goods, or a specialty, possessing quality and merit. IT PAYS TO LET THE PUBLIC KNOW IT.

Every business man who consults his health and success in business must eat, and not only eat regularly, but must eat such food as will be readily digested, with such surroundings as will make his meal not only

A BUSINESS MATTER OF NECESSITY

but a pleasurable digression from business care.

When such a meal can be obtained at a trifling expense, and be productive of happiness and renewed, if not increased energy, a business man is foolish indeed to not embrace the prospective opportunity.

Such a meal can be obtained, and the above described results attained by taking a lunch with us, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. We serve a six course lunch for 50 cents.

In the evening we serve, from 4:30 to 8:00 P. M., an eight-course dinner for 75 cents.

Besides our service a la carte receives prompt attention and our restaurant is most elegantly furnished.

Referring to our experience, both in the Old and New World, as restaurateurs, with the fact that the cuisine and dining room is under our direct and continual supervision, we guarantee the best satisfaction.

Being confident that we can please you in the smallest particulars, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

ALBERT FRANKX and OTTO RUEHLMANN,

Viticultural Cafe and Restaurant,

315 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Agricultural Commission.

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—OF—

Prominent California Vineyards.

[These Cards inserted for \$5 per Year in advance.]

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SIERRA VISTA VINEYARD—Wines and brandies. Sierra Vista Vineyard Co., Minturn, Fresno, Co., Cal.

LA DE TURK VINEYARDS—Established 1862. Wines and brandies. L. De Turk, Santa Rosa, Cal.

INGLENOOK VINEYARD—Established 1880. Wines and brandies. Gustave Niebaum, Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.

SUNSET VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Minturn, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

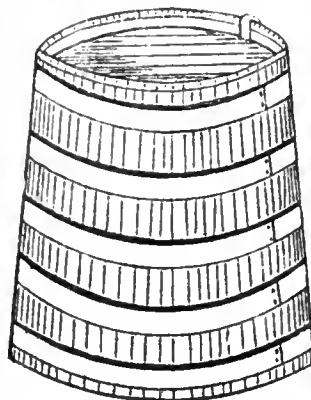
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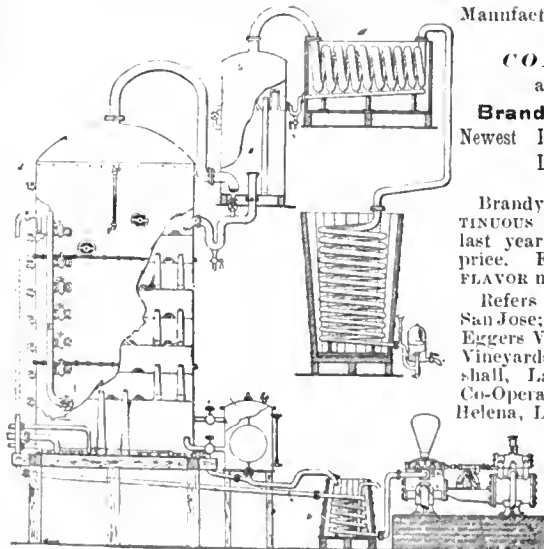
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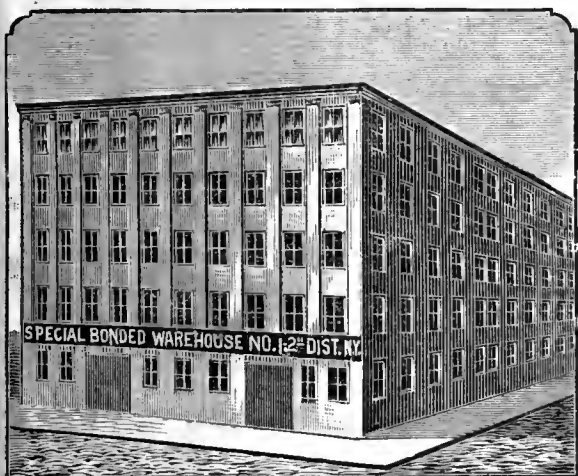
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PACIFIC WINE & SPIRIT REVIEW

JOURNAL OF VITICULTURE



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The PACIFIC WINE AND SPIRIT REVIEW is the only paper of its class West of Chicago. It circulates among the wine makers and brandy distillers of California; the wholesale wine and spirit trade of the Pacific Coast, and the importers, distillers and jobbers of the Eastern States.

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MARKET REVIEW.

CALIFORNIA WINES—"About all I am trying to do nowadays is to find out what I have sold, what stock I have and to lay my plans for the fall business."

These are the words of a well-known local wine merchant, and they express the situation exactly as far as trade is concerned. It is needless to say that business is dull, that there is small demand and little disposition to sell. That is what is to be expected at this season of the year, and no one looks for any considerable movement until the fall trade sets in.

Interest now centers on the country and on the country crop. Many holders of wine in order to empty their cooperage are distilling, and this has run the product for the past few months much higher than usual. There is some demand for sweet wines now held in first hands. The coming crop will not be as large in some sections as was expected a month ago, inasmuch as the cold weather succeeded by the hot spell to the first of the month has caused considerable loss, particularly of the Zinfandel. In Sonoma and Napa counties in many places, the berries are developing very unevenly, and in some places only a half crop is ex-

pected.

Exports of wine by sea during the fortnight aggregated 582 cases and 422,231 gallons valued at \$205,219. In another column will be found a statement of the export trade by sea and rail during the first six months of the year. A fine increase over the business of the corresponding period of 1890 is shown.

CALIFORNIA BRANDIES—Are dull and the movement is not large. The exports for the first six months of the current year as compared with the same period of '90 are shown in another column. The increase of trade is very assuring. The production of brandy in the State in June was the heaviest record for the same month of any year. Exports by sea during the past fortnight were 16,240 gallons to domestic ports and 10 cases and 7,085 gallons to foreign ports.

WHISKIES—Seasonable dullness prevails in all branches of the liquor trade, and the demand for Bourbons and Ryes is correspondingly light. The merchants all anticipate a most prosperous fall trade. Receipts by rail during the past fortnight were 600 cases, 363 barrels and 3 half barrels of whisky, and 969 barrels of spirits.

BEGGED THE QUESTION.

The *Bulletin* again begs the question of its circulation as compared with that of the *Review* and Editor Washburne contents himself with the modest declaration that he "does not believe" the *Review* has any circulation among the wholesale dealers. If the *Bulletin* will raise the latest offer of \$200 to something like our original proposal we will convince the respected editor to the contrary.

As a means of evading the main issue the *Bulletin* seeks to show that some of the material which we publish is from *Bonfort's* and other minor publications. This is true. Occasionally, though not often, such journals publish a few stray bits of news which are of interest to the trade here. Inasmuch as the Pacific Coast trade dealers are rather unfamiliar with *Bonfort's* and are entire strangers to the *Bulletin*, we give such few news items a fair showing.

But for plain unadulterated piracy commend us to the *Bulletin*. In our number of April 18th there appeared an article from the pen of Champion Bissell, the prominent wine expert, defending an article of his which appeared in *Belford's Magazine* of November 1890. This communication of Mr. Bissell's was read by I. De Turk, then President of the Viticultural Commissioners and at our request Mr. De Turk wrote a plain and fair statement of what had been done by the California viticulturists as a class.

This communication of Mr. De Turk's was pirated in the *Bulletin* of May 18th with practically no omissions. Furthermore no credit was given Mr. De Turk for his work but the San Francisco *Post* was given the credit.

The *Bulletin* makes a constant practice of stealing from us. On page twenty-eight of the July 3rd number is an article on the shipment of wines from California which was clipped from the *Review* and no credit given. We can give instances without number of Editor Washburne's facility in using the shears.

The *Bulletin* should close up without delay. Editor Washburne has backed out on every proposition we have made. He has mistaken his calling. He should never have stopped selling corsets.

SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE.

While the wine merchants and producers of this State are rapidly awakening to the fact that a fine market for their products awaits development in Central America and Mexico, and while many houses are looking in that direction, none seem to have realized that the Spanish American countries of South America offer equal if not better possibilities.

The State Department at Washington has just issued the second "Hand Book of the American Republics" which is replete with statistics regarding the volume of trade with all of the countries of South America and in fact of Mexico and Central America. For the benefit of the trade we give the comparative value of the imports of wines from France alone into these countries in 1885 and 1889, showing how the French are developing trade. The valuations are reduced to United States currency for purposes of comparison. The valuations were as follows:

	1885.	1889.
Argentina.....	\$ 4,517,443	\$10,243,643
Bolivia.....		7,899†
Brazil.....	577,203	581,871
Chile.....	no statement	no statement
Columbia.....	610,499	394,889
Central America.....	22,363	57,837
Ecuador.....	49,330	83,095
Mexico.....	604,551*	703,348*
Peru.....	49,402	105,827
Uruguay.....	1,274,531	1,916,988
Venezuela.....	138,581	275,622

Total..... \$7,873,903 \$14,371,019

* Including spirits, etc.

† 1888.

It will be observed that the business of France in wines with these countries has doubled in four years.

Taking the countries in detail we find that the Argentine trade has more than doubled. In Brazil the French merchants have held their own. No statement is made of the Chilean trade because Chile is a wine producer making probably 25,000,000 gallons annually—or more than California. Columbia is the only country where the French have not held their own, the decrease in the four years being in round figures \$150,000.

The Central American countries have taken more French wine than ever, the imports in 1889 being valued at \$57,837. The California wine men in the same year sold \$43,639 worth of wine in the same countries. In 1890 our sales had increased to \$66,237 which is probably as much as France sold there.

But it is in Mexico that our business ought to increase still more. We find that France sold \$604,557 worth of wine in that country in 1885, while our exports were worth only \$19,242. In 1889 France sold \$703,348 worth of wine to Mexico—we sold \$33,542. It is true that our exports in 1890 were valued at \$44,123 but this is nothing to what they should be.

Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela all show a handsome increase of imports in the four years named.

Now what has the California trade done to capture this business or at least secure a slice of it? Practically nothing. Central America is the only field in the south to which any attention is given and the results are shown in the fact that we have at least half of the business and are getting more all the time.

Argentine, Brazil and Uruguay are possibly not within our reach and the chances are that the totals for these countries are largely due to champagne which is consumed in the gay capitals of Buenos Ayres, Rio de Janeiro and Monte Video. But Bolivia, Columbia, Peru and Venezuela are within our reach. We have nothing to fear from Chilean competition on the west coast of South America, inasmuch as Chile is not an exporting country and our communications are as good as those of France. All wines shipped from France to these countries make the transit at Panama and our exports at the present time would have to do the same.

Up to June of this year, and in fact for several years back, the exports of wine to South America were practically nothing. There were a few scattering shipments to Buena Ventura and Tumaco in Columbia, to Guayaquil in Ecuador and to Callao in Peru.

All of a sudden, however, comes a bright spot. The Chilean revolution breaks out. The Chilean line of steamers connecting Panama with the west coast falls into the hands of the insurgents and becomes a thing of the past. The Pacific Steam Navigation Company's line, which goes over the same route, retires from business practically. France has thus lost her trade for the time being, communications being interrupted. The republics of Columbia and especially of Peru and Ecuador can get no wine from Chile, and the opportunity arriving several steamers have been sent to the West Coast with plenty of wine from this State aboard. The shipment by the Montserrat to Callao in May was 100 barrels containing 5,050 gallons valued at \$2,525. The steamer Hounslow has just taken 4,650 gallons valued at \$2,300 destined for Iquique, Chile. We understand that several shipments are to follow.

This, of course, is desultory trade, but it is to be hoped that the quality of our wine once established in the South, the demand will continue.

FRANK WEST BACK

Frank A. West, who was sent to Washington by the Sweet Wine Makers' Association, to confer with the Internal Revenue Department concerning the new regulations governing the use of free brandy in fortifying wines, has returned to California. Mr. West reports that he was shown every possible courtesy by the Commissioner, and that every facility was offered for a complete and thorough revision of the regulations.

He is of the opinion that the new rulings will, in the main, be satisfactory to the growers of California. The definition of the term vineyard will not in his opinion, work such great hardships as are predicted, and will in the end, be to the interest of the producers. The Eastern growers interviewed by Mr. West, expressed their satisfaction with the rulings, and those whose wineries are not now located at their vineyards, will simply put up cheap buildings at the vineyards and fortify in accordance with the rulings. The Eastern growers realize more fully than Californians the importance of confining the fortifying of wine to the producers exclusively. We hope Mr. West is correct in the opinions he expressed, and that most of the wineries located at shipping points will be able to comply with the regulations of the Department. If this object cannot be accomplished, the rulings will unquestionably work an injustice on the wine makers so affected.

H. Brunhild the head of the well-known importing house of H. Brunhild & Co., New York, has just gone to Europe on a business trip which promises to be of the utmost importance to the Pacific Coast trade. Before his return he will visit England, France, Holland, Germany, Spain and Portugal and arrange for closer trade relations with the Pacific Coast branch which, under the management of S. Glaser has proved to be such a success. Increased facilities will be provided for importing directly from the principal houses abroad, in bond, giving an assurance of the character of the goods disposed of. Mr. Brunhild has many fine lines already and these will be added to as deemed advisable. The movement is one of moment to the Coast trade, which has previously made avail of the excellent facilities and goods offered by the house.

The firm of James E. Pepper & Co., has been dissolved, Mr. W. S. Barnes retiring. He will not engage in the business again. The details of the transaction may interest the readers of the Review. Mr. Pepper has transferred to Mr. Barnes his stock of breeding mares and foals, which we are informed was valued at \$40,000, in addition to which \$60,000 was paid in cash. Mr. Barnes retires from business in the very prime of life with a competence of \$250,000 and will hereafter take life leisurely without the cares and tribulations of business. We extend our sincere good wishes to Mr. Barnes for his continued prosperity in his new sphere, and express at the same time our best wishes for Mr. Pepper in his new departure as the sole owner of Jas. E. Pepper distillery and brand, a property which the best in Kentucky might well be proud to control.

THAT WORD "VINEYARD."

In another column will be found a letter from Internal Revenue Commissioner Mason to Collector Quinn, in which the principal changes made in the Sweet Wine regulations in consequence of Mr. Frank West's recent trip to Washington, are outlined. The new regulations are satisfactory with the exception of the Commissioner's adherence to the definition of the word "vineyard" in section 45 of the law.

The Commissioner, we think, is making a most serious error in interpreting the law as he does on this point. There are many wine makers in this State who fought, spoke and worked for this law, who are excluded from its benefits because of the Commissioner's action. The Commissioner contends that he must take the law as he finds it, but there is nowhere else in the law any word or phrase which would indicate that the proximity of a vineyard is necessary to insure a legitimate sweet wine maker his rights and privileges. The law distinctly gives the right to any producer whether distiller or not. To carry the interpretation he places on this word to an absurdity he could just as well forbid fortification in any winery located at a vineyard. In the strictest sense the law says the fortification done must be done at the "vineyard where the grapes are crushed," etc. Now no fortification is done at a vineyard but at a winery; no grapes are crushed at any vineyard, but in a winery. Why not shut out every producer then?

The Commissioner's ruling, if enforced, will bring disaster to many sweet wine makers in this State and in some sections will seriously affect the price of grapes. It will also preclude the possibility of producer's combinations such as the Pomona Wine Company.

It is understood that many wine makers now shut out, who are able to do so, will plant vineyards of an acre or so around their wineries and thus secure the benefits to which they are entitled without any such subterfuge. To compel them to do so and to shut out equally rightful applicants who may not have the space on which to plant a small vineyard, is puerile.

We know the motives which actuate Commissioner Mason in making the ruling which he does, and we give him all due credit for the same. We know that it is his aim and desire to shut out the "brick vineyards" of New York city and other large cities as from securing the benefits of the law. We are reliably informed that applications by the score, yes by the hundred have come to him through the principal cities of the East—from places far removed from bona fide vineyards as San Francisco is from the snow line. He has refused each and every application of that sort, and for that he is entitled to the thanks of the legitimate wine makers of California and the East. He recognizes that once fortification privileges are granted in the Eastern cities, the law will be ineffective, a proposition to which all producers will agree.

There is a solution of this difficulty to which we invite the Commissioner's attention. It is known that during the past fortnight a high official of this District sent a lengthy communication to the Commissioner calling attention to the hardships which his rule, if enforced, would entail upon legitimate producers here. He has made a thorough analysis of the law, showing that the intent of the law is to give every legitimate producer the benefits. He proposes that the Collectors in the several districts east and west be given authority to establish *vineyard districts* in which wineries will be entitled to the law. This, if adopted, would settle the whole trouble and be entirely satisfactory to the producers who are now wrongfully excluded.

FRANK WEST'S WORK.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 2, 1891.

Editor Pacific Wine and Spirit Review. SIR—The work of revising the Sweet Wine Regulations of the Internal Revenue Department, is now complete and they will soon be ready for distribution.

In reviewing them, the grower must remember that while some of them are very strict, the sole object of the Department in making them so, was to prevent fraud in the manufacture.

Numerous applications have already been made to the Department for permission to fortify, by persons who are undoubtedly intending to go into the business of manufacturing wines in

"four story brick" vineyards in large cities; hence the Department has been strongly impressed with the necessity of preventing the fortification of sweet wines in any wineries not directly connected with bona fide vineyards. Taking the view that if any deviation is made from this stand, the line cannot be drawn at all. All fair-minded growers can but admit that if the manufacture of sweet wines is ever permitted in large cities and in establishments of the kind I have mentioned, the industry will not only be ruined, but the market would soon be flooded with cheap alcoholic mixtures which would unquestionably bring the whole business into such disrepute as to cause the early repeal of the law. These regulations were submitted to Collector Eldridge, Special Revenue Agent for the Pacific Coast, who was called from San Francisco, and also to Mr. Charles Kohler who was in Washington at the time when the revision by Collector Eldridge, Mr. Bates and myself was completed, and while the strict definition of the term "vineyard" will affect Mr. Kohler personally to a certain extent, he could but admit the soundness of the stand taken by the Department.

I have visited many of the New York and Ohio wine makers, and they, fully realizing the importance of the measure, are more than anxious that the manufacture of sweet wines be forever confined to the vineyard. It is erroneous to suppose that the insertion of the word "vineyard" in Section 45 of the law, was accidental, for it was, on the contrary, inserted at the instance of the Internal Revenue Department with the express intention of confining the fortifying of wines to the vineyard.

The provision requiring the grower to state the quantity of grapes received at his winery during each month and from whom purchased, is made solely for the purpose of enabling the Government to trace fraud whenever suspected, and while it will involve a little extra work, the growers must not lose sight of the fact that these provisions are made in their interests only. It is the intention of the Department to grant all producers of honest sweet wines the full benefit of the law so far as possible.

I am aware that some of the regulations will be severely criticized, but as a representative of one of the largest sweet wine establishments in California, I am willing to comply with the strict letter of the rulings and know from experience during the past season that there will be no difficulty in the practical work of manufacturing under the new rulings.

The principal provisions are as follows:

First. Fortifying rooms will be required in all wineries. It was at first proposed to make this provision apply only to producers of over 1,000 gallons, but as few, if any, of the wine-makers in California produced so small a quantity, it was decided to make no exceptions. The object of the Department is to have all sweet wines strictly under its charge during the process of manufacture. The grower may, if he so desires, have a sample of his wine taken immediately after fortification and can then remove it from the fortifying room and treat it as he likes. Seals are abolished. Gaugers will be required to take samples before fortification of all wines offered showing more than 15 per cent. of alcohol and 4 per cent. of sugar. The object of the Government in making this provision is simply to analyze abnormal musts. There can be no possible objection, as it simply protects the growers against fraud.

Second. The Saleron still will be adopted with corrections for specific gravity. A Deputy Collector will be assigned in each district where a sufficient amount of sweet wine is made to warrant it, who will test all samples and only such samples as are deemed questionable will be sent to Washington.

Third. Wine-makers will be required to thoroughly mix and blend the brandy with the wine in fortifying, in order that the sample taken may be a fair average. This is to avoid such confusion as has arisen during the past season from imperfect samples.

Fourth. Samples will be taken in triplicate and properly sealed, the grower retaining one for his protection, as these samples will be final and no appeal from them can be taken.

Fifth. The six hundred foot limit for the use of brandy from special bonded warehouses has been abolished, except where the Collector may deem it best.

Sixth. On or before April 30th, the producer will account for all brandies withdrawn for fortification either by use, payment of tax, or re-warehousing.

In conclusion, I am convinced that our growers will find no difficulty in operating under the revised regulations, as the wine is simply released to the grower as soon after fortification as he desires.

Respectfully Yours,

FRANK A. WEST.

PROMINENT WHOLESALERS



Sketch No. 1. Henry B. Hunt of Moore, Hunt & Co.

Henry Brown Hunt, the active head of the house of Moore, Hunt & Co., is one of the foremost figures in the trade of the coast, and occupies a most enviable position in the estimation of all classes.

Mr. Hunt is a native of New Jersey. When about six years of age, his parents moved to New York, where he received his rudimentary education. While he was a youth the news of the gold discovery in California reached the East and in common with thousands of others he determined to locate in California. He left New York February 1, 1849 in company with his uncle on board the steamer *Falcon*. He crossed the Isthmus the journey taking three weeks and on his arrival in Panama, he took part in publishing the first number of the *Panama Star*, since the *Panama Star and Herald*, which is now known as one of the most widely circulated journals in the two Americas. The first number was printed on foolscap paper and cost ten cents each.

A brief season in connection with the *Panama Star* sufficed him and he embarked on the steamer *Oregon* arriving in San Francisco on the 1st of April 1849. The *Oregon* was the second steamer to arrive from the Isthmus, the first being the steamer *Panama*.

Although but a boy he went into business with his uncle J. B. Beidleman. He had not been here long until it was determined by his people to give him further instruction and accordingly in 1851 he went East remaining two years at Russell's Collegiate Institute, New Haven, Conn. On finishing his course, he returned to California first going to Sacramento where he was connected with the old Orleans Hotel. A year later—in 1855—he went to Oroville and engaged in general merchandise and liquor business. The Frazer river gold excitement turned him for a short time from mercantile pursuits, but he soon returned to Oroville remaining until 1866 when he went to Sacramento and connected himself with the house of Powers & Co. In 1867 he came to San Francisco and entered business remaining ever since.

Here his success has been remarkable. At first he was with E. Martin & Co. remaining from 1867 until 1872. Then he was a

partner with Chelovich for three years and 1875 the firm of Moore, Hunt & Co. was organized, Mr. Hunt associating himself with George H. Moore, the well-known Louisville banker, capitalist and distiller. Thomas Kirkpatrick was afterwards admitted to the firm.

The house of Moore, Hunt & Co. is one of the most successful on the coast, and this is in no small measure due to his energy and business ability. He has been a leader in making "Jesse Moore" a household word on the Pacific Slope.

Though once taking an active part in politics, in the interior, he has carefully kept out in San Francisco. At one time he held the office of County Treasurer of Butte County, but here he has followed a conservative course. While a resident of Oroville he was Captain of the Oroville Guards, and was appointed adjutant by General Bidwell. He was afterward in command of the Fifth Brigade, N. G. C. while the General was in Congress. He is a prominent Mason and Knight Templar, and is a member of the Odd Fellows. He is the youngest pioneer of 1849, and is a most active member of the Pioneers' Society.

Mr. Hunt was married in 1871 to Miss Emma Cole of Brooklyn, N. Y., the marriage taking place near Downieville, Sierra County, in 1872. He is the father of three children, two daughters and a son.

Physically he is tall—standing over six feet—and he is accounted one of the finest looking men in San Francisco. Personally he is a prince of good fellows, commanding the respect and esteem of all who are associated with him in business or socially.

AVOID AN AUCTION SALE.

We are informed that another auction sale of California wines and brandies is projected in New York this fall. It is proposed to hold the sale some time in October and the same parties who conducted the last sale to such an unsatisfactory issue, are to have charge.

If the wine makers and distillers of this State have any regard for their own financial welfare, they will let this New York auction plan alone. Conducted by men of brains and backed by sufficient capital it could be carried to a successful issue, but those who have the matter in hand are endowed with neither of the above requisites. The first sale last year was a failure in every particular. Many lots of wine were slaughtered at ruinous prices—others were withdrawn by the owners.

To enter any wines on the list this year is decidedly unwise. As at present conducted the sale only impairs values in New York and that market—and in fact all markets, for our wines just now have serious enough drawbacks to contend with, without suffering the infliction of the auction plan, unbacked by any ability or capital.

WINE AND BRANDY RECEIPTS.

	Wine.	Brandy.
Total for January.....	830,675	108,100
Total for February.....	954,318	44,795
Total for March.....	997,085	47,055
Total for April.....	1,295,820	45,350
Total for May.....	1,505,467	53,445
Total for June.....	964,510	29,190
July		
1.....	12,830	1,160
" 2.....	52,550	1,840
" 3.....	42,250	100
" 6.....	51,580	.....
" 7.....	26,380	100
" 8.....	16,340	.....
" 9.....	37,550	120
" 10.....	19,380	.....
" 11.....	42,320	2,500
" 13.....	47,680	.....
" 14.....	45,090	720
" 15.....	38,870	100
" 16.....	44,940	2,700
" 17.....	42,960	120
" 18.....	62,740	140

Trade Notes.

Charles Kohler has returned from the East.

J. Leo Lilienthal, of Lilienthal & Co., is back from his Eastern trip.

E. C. Priber, Manager of the Napa Valley Wine Co., is East on business.

A. Werner, the champagne maker, has returned to New York after a six months pleasure trip.

Charles Bundschu, of J. Gundlach & Co., is in Victoria on a business trip. He will be away a fortnight.

R. E. Wood, of Rutherford, is making an effort to organize the grape growers of his district into brandy distilling societies.

A Guckenheimer & Bro., of Freeport, Pa., are at present erecting a \$50,000 grain elevator with a capacity of 300,000 bushels.

A new wine Company, the Middle Georgia, has been formed at Griffin, Ga. The capital is \$50,000 and a winery will be erected at Griffin.

Wilmerding & Co. have made another shipment of Peruvian Bitters to New York by way of Cape Horn. The bitters are having a fine sale in the East.

F. Korbel has just returned from the East after a visit extending over several weeks. He has established agencies for F. Korbel & Bros.' wines in all the principal Eastern cities.

The W. C. T. U. of Sutter County is trying to abolish the three saloons in the county by getting the local option law at work. The license is now \$200 quarterly.

The license at Riverside has proved too excessive, and several retailers have petitioned the municipal authorities to revoke their licenses. Still the prohibitionists are not happy.

The Belle of Bourbon Co. informs us that their business for May was the largest in their history. The business this company is doing in cased whiskies is in the nature of a revelation to the trade.

Albert Lachman, the manager of the New York branch of S. Lachman & Co., is in the city for a few days. He says that business in New York is rather dull at present which is only natural for the season.

R. Monarch is building a \$100,000 residence in Owensboro, Ky., and is organizing a big woolen manufactory. Mr. Monarch's residence, when completed, will be by far the handsomest in Kentucky, if not in the west.

E. C. Biehowsky, of the Sunny Slope Vineyard of San Gabriel, California, has been visiting the city during the fortnight. He left home in May, and has been calling on his customers in the larger cities in the west and northwest, and started for home on the 24th inst.—*Bonfort's*.

F. A. Haber, the able manager of the Inglenook wines, has spent the past fortnight at Lake Tahoe. Several members of the finny tribe—magnificent specimens all—had reason to testify to the piscatorial skill of Mr. Haber.

A. P. Hotaling & Co. have just received another 100 barrel lot of "J. H. Cutter" via Cape Horn. The whisky after the 16,000 miles sea voyage develops a perfectly exquisite flavor, which can be obtained in no other way.

The Mellwood Distilling Co. is preparing to erect a 100,000 bushel grain elevator, which when finished will make the plant one of the most complete distilling establishments in the United States. This concern has about completed the placing of the last of the '91 crop.

Another lot of "Jesse Moore" came per the ship A. J. Fuller. The importation consisted of 160 sixty gallon packages and the demand for the whisky has lately been such that this quantity of whisky was badly needed to stock up the depleted storage floors of Moore, Hunt & Co.

During the past few months, in which the Sunday saloon-closing ordinance has been in effect in Los Angeles, the police report that drunkenness has largely increased. Last month there was 102 arrests for this cause, a greater number than in any month during the past three years.

Clarence M. Mann, I. De Turk's energetic Pacific Coast representative, is introducing a new sparkling wine to the trade under the name of "Golden Gate champagne." The wine from which it is made is carefully selected and the utmost care was taken in its preparation. The reception which it has met is very flattering.

Charles Meinecke & Co. will hereafter exclusively control the sale from first hands of M. Chevallier-Apperts Oenotaumin. This arrangement has been made by Mr. Meinecke who is at present in Europe and from this time the goods will be handled exclusively by the firm. The arrangement is entirely satisfactory to the producers of the coast to whom the reliability of the house is well-known.

Two distilleries are soon to be put in operation in Oregon—one at Medford, Jackson county, and the other a few miles east of Portland, on the line of the Union Pacific. These distilleries will, on starting up, use probably about 500 bushels of wheat each per day, which will soon be increased to 1,000 bushels each per day. Both of the distilleries will be ready to begin operations as soon as the new crop is in the market.

F. Albertz, the well-known wine maker of Cloverdale, expects to manufacture a large quantity of grape syrup this year—possibly as much as 75,000 gallons. He has already secured contracts for over 35,000 gallons. He will erect the necessary factories at Cloverdale and at any other place deemed advisable. This adds his name to those of G. H. Malters of Fresno and the Yolo winery of Woodland, as among the foremost producers in the State of this excellent article.

F. McElarney of Cloverdale is leading a movement to establish a new distillery there. He says he has received a letter from San Francisco parties who are considering the feasibility of starting a brandy distillery in Cloverdale. They offer to put up a first-class brandy distillery, pay all the expenses themselves, the grape grower to market all his grapes there, and credit will be given him for same as so many shares in the distillery. In one year's time it could be paid for and consequently next year there would be more of a demand for grapes and prices would accordingly be high.

Siebs Bros. & Plagemann have just received a carload lot of the celebrated "Belle of Bourbon" whisky direct from the distiller, the Belle of Bourbon Company of Louisville. This whisky is admittedly one of the finest that is produced in Kentucky. Every care that can be exercised in the distilling operations is observed, and only the oldest and selected stocks are bottled. Messrs. Siebs Bros. & Plagemann carry these goods in glass only and are meeting with flattering success in introducing them to the best class of customers of the coast. The "Belle of Bourbon" has many friends out here and is making more all the time.

At the must condenser at Geyserville everything is in tip top shape, and the machinery looks as bright as a new dollar. Walter Scott of Healdsburg is in charge of the establishment, and is living alone on the place. Last year fifteen hundred tons of grapes were condensed into must at the establishment, which has all been shipped, mostly to foreign countries. This year at least 1,500 tons of grapes will be used, and it is more than likely that the condenser will run to its fullest capacity. Seventy tons of grapes can be handled every ten hours, so that over 4,000 tons of grapes can be shipped in a season.

The new liquor license ordinance passed by the Alameda City Trustees took effect on the 1st of July. It fixes the license at \$500 per annum, payable semi-annually. All applicants must furnish the names of twenty-five heads of families living within a distance of 600 feet of the proposed saloon as indorsers, while no license will be granted where any other goods are sold, and no saloons will be permitted within 100 feet of a public school. The board also reserves the right to refuse licenses where considered necessary in the judgment of the Trustees. There is still much trouble over the ordinance.

H. H. HUNT,
THOMAS KIRKPATRICK,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

G. H. MOORE,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

JESSE MOORE WHISKIES

DIRECT FROM LOUISVILLE, KY.



FAMOUS
PEERLESS WHISKIES.



GUARANTEED
STRICTLY PURE.



These Whiskies have a reputation second to none on the Pacific Coast. They have been given years of trial by the best class of trade and consumers and are pronounced without a peer. When given a trial they speak for themselves. For sale in quantities to suit in Louisville or San Francisco by

MOORE, HUNT & CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

404 FRONT STREET, - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SIX MONTHS' TRADE.

1890 were:

With this issue we give a complete statement of the exports of wine and brandy by sea and rail for the six months ending June 30, 1891, with comparative tables for the same period of 1890.

The detailed statistics of sea exports were given in the last issue of the REVIEW. The rail exports for June have just been compiled and, in another part of this issue, will be found a table showing the distribution and points of shipment of wines and brandies sent from the State.

The aggregate of rail exports of wine and for the same time of 1890 is as follows:

	cases.	bulk gallons.
January.....	1,180	290,274
February.....	950	264,830
March.....	4,124	615,509
April.....	3,433	645,154
May.....	4,499	568,683
June.....	2,572	413,800

Total.....	16,758	2,798,250
Same time 1890.....	*	2,149,469†

* cases unobtainable.

† including cased wine.

The statistics of the exports by sea during the first six months of the year as stated above appear in the last issue of the REVIEW. Adding the exports both to domestic and foreign ports to the rail shipments the total exports of our wines for the first half year is as follows:

	cases.	bulk gals.	value.
By rail.....	16,758	2,798,250	\$*1,119,300
By sea to New York.....	514	2,169,798	989,376
By sea foreign.....	5,346	261,637	183,572
Grand Total.....	22,618	5,229,685	\$2,292,248
Same time 1890.....	4,154†	4,160,883	1,732,285

* estimating cases at five dollars and bulk wine at forty cents.

† no overland.

The brandy shipments overland for the first six months of

	cases	bulk gals.
January.....	82	14,669
February.....	82	5,962
March.....	111	34,063
April.....	199	44,561
May.....	188	35,044
June.....	64	29,663

Total.....	726	163,962
Same time 1890.....	*	154,868†

* cases unobtainable. † including cased goods.

The total of all brandy shipments by rail and sea, domestic and foreign for the same period and for the first six months of 1890 was as follows:

	cases.	bulk gals.	value.
By rail.....	726	163,962	\$245,943*
By sea to New York.....	2	189,256	359,159
By sea foreign.....	259	102,328	77,070

Grand total.....	987	455,546	\$682,172
Same time 1890.....	285†	364,077	546,198

* estimating cases at ten dollars and bulk brandy as tax paid at one dollar and fifty cents. † no overland report.

The statement will bear the closest examination. It shows a handsome increase of business all around and develops the fact that the present year's exports have been the heaviest ever known to the trade.

PIERCE'S REPORT.

The Department of Agriculture is preparing to publish the Report of Newton B. Pierce on the Anaheim Disease.

The Department should spare the trouble and expense. Ethelbert Dowlen reported on the subject fully over a year ago to the Viticultural Commission and his work has been thoroughly circulated. Pierce when in this State closely copied Prof. Dowlen's work and took his facts and nothing new is to be found about the disease in the printed synopsis of Pierce's report.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

DURING THE PAST FORTNIGHT.

EXPORTS OF WINE.

TO TAHITI—PER BARKENTINE TROPIC BIRD, July 1, 1891.

MARKS.	SHIPPERS.	CONTENTS.	GALLONS.	VALUE.
P (A C & Co.)	A Crawford & Co.	17 barrels	867	\$ 272
"	"	15 hf-barrels	398	200
"	"	4 cases		10
M.	"	8 barrels	406	140
D J K.	Wilkens & Co.	6 barrels	300	130
W H.	J E Thayer.	1 barrel	51	38
J B.	P G Sabatie & Co.	1 barrel	51	18
J C.	Lenormand Bros.	8 1/4 barrels	137	53
Total amount 4 cases and			2,20	\$861

TO NEW YORK—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, July 3, 1891.

T in diamond.	S O Putnam.	3 hf-barrels 1 keg.	68	\$ 35
R in diamond.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	150 barrels	7,563	2,600
A S.	P Musto.	58 barrels	2,958	517
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	100 barrels	4,994	2,000
T M, Providence, R I	Dresel & Co.	2 barrels	104	52
E F P, Boston.	A Greenebaum & Co.	16 barrels	799	261
J S F, Philadelphia.	F Fisher.	1 cask.	60	36
Various.	Miscellaneous.	205 barrels.	10,620	3,560
R P.	Lachman & Jacobi.	15 barrels.	770	279
A V.	"	15 barrels.	762	332
Triangle.	"	5 barrels.	256	135
J C.	"	25 barrels.	1,280	398
G.	J Gundlach & Co.	100 barrels.	4,906	1,472
S in Star.	"	10 puncheons.	1,512	453
K, Brooklyn.	A Erz.	25 barrels.	1,290	550
N in diamond.	Napa Valley Wine Co.	85 barrels.	4,150	3,631
J F S, Buffalo.	Cal Transfer Co.	2 barrels.	94	50
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	20 barrels.	1,009	605
Total amount.			43,195	\$16,966

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, July 3, 1891.

G L & Co, Acapulco.	Goldtree Bros.	46 barrels.	2,350	\$1,320
M E & Co, La Libertad	B Dreyfus & Co.	43 cases.		200
R M, Acapulco.	"	15 hf-barrels.	400	425
M R,	Dieckman & Co.	3 half-barrels.	81	25
J, Corinto.	Sperry & Co.	2 kegs.	33	20
R J W, San J de Guat	J Gundlach & Co.	12 bbls bottled.		150
V & C, La Libertad	"	8 kegs.	164	102
BM & Co in d'd	"	16 kegs.	323	204
A B,	"	4 barrels.	207	186
F M & Co, Acapulco.	"	32 kegs.	320	208
"	"	10 cases.		50
W in d'd, S J de Guat	E Brunswick.	50 cases.		153
J L in d'd,	"	55 cases.		165
"	"	2 barrels.	100	25
W L in d'd,	"	70 cases.		210
"	"	1 barrel.	50	50
D F, Champerico.	John T Wright.	15 kegs.	150	112
J M, Corinto.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	10 cases.		40
"	"	1 barrel.	52	52
J L, Ocos.	Urruela & Urioste.	6 cases.		22
Total amount 12 bbls bottled 240 cases and			4,230	\$3,719

TO JAPAN—PER STEAMER GAELIC, July 7, 1891.

C W Co, Yokohama.	O & O S Co.	50 barrels.	2,000	\$ 900
O in d'd,	Geo Marcus & Co.	15 barrels.	750	200
M B & Co,	Macondray Bros & Co.	22 cases.		60
"	"	2 barrels.	101	25
L in d'd Co,	Langfeldt & Co (Ltd).	35 barrels.	1,791	464
"	"	1 package.	11	10
Total amount 22 cases and			4,653	\$1,659

TO NEW YORK—PER SHIP STERLING, July 2, 1891.

E B & J.	Lachman & Jacobi.	250 barrels.	12,552	\$6,176
C H F, Windsor, Vt.	F S Jones.	1 barrel.	50	25
F in diamond Bros.	M J Netter.	96 puncheons.	15,784	7,892
"	Miscellaneous.	1000 barrels.		
"	"	2 casks.	51,583	25,792
S W & B Co.	Landsberger & Son.	122 barrels.	5,856	2,928
J P.	Berges & Domeniconi.	109 barrels.	4,814	2,407
N in diamond.	Napa Valley Wine Co.	25 barrels.	1,281	640
L G.	Italian Swiss Colony.	250 barrels.	10,200	5,100
S in diamond.	B Frapolit & Co.	100 barrels.		
P in diamond.	"	40 barrels.	6,730	3,365
M in diamond.	Marshall Spellman & Co	300 barrels.	14,916	7,458
Q in diamond.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	450 barrels.	22,913	11,457
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	1000 barrels.	49,251	24,625
S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co	400 barrels.	19,925	9,962
C in diamond.	C Carpy & Co.	929 barrels.		
"	"	109 hf-barrels.	49,624	24,812
K & F.	Kohler & Frohling.	1225 barrels.	62,028	31,014
Total amount.			327,307	\$163,653

TO MEXICO—PER STEAMER ACAPULCO, July 3, 1891.

J S B, Mazatlan.	J Gundlach & Co.	4 barrels.	241	\$ 84
R G O,	"	4 barrels.	241	145
J M,	W Loaiza.	1 cask.	63	32
Total amount.			545	\$261

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA—PER STEAMER WALLA WALLA, July 3, 1891.

H S, Victoria.	A Greenbaum & Co.	11 cases.		\$ 43
—Vancouver.	Chas Meinecke & Co.	10 octaves.	203	105
H C, Brandon.	Beck Pyhir & Co.	1 case.		3
C M, Victoria.	Lenormand Bros.	1 barrel.	51	13
H B Co, Victoria.	E G Lyons & Co.	10 cases.		35
Total amount 22 cases and			254	\$199

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER SCHOONER ALEXANDER, July 6, 1891.

N D H, La Libertad.	Newton D Hall.	19 cases.		\$ 76
"	San J de Guat	19 cases.		76
"	Ocos.	13 cases.		52
E M, Acapulco.	"	4 hf-barrels.	113	74
Total amount 51 cases and			113	\$273

TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, July 13, 1891.

S L & Co.	S Lachman & Co.	200 barrels.	9,841	\$3,000
B L.	F Borreo.	12 barrels.	600	213
J P.	Berges & Domeniconi.	2 barrels.	97	29
B D & Co.	B Dreyfus & Co.	5 barrels.	250	170
Various.	Miscellaneous.	150 barrels.	7,786	2,325
W F N, Bedford, Mass	Cal W Growers Union.	1 barrel.	50	55
D F, Fall River, Mass	Lenormand Bros.	3 hf-barrels 1 bbl.	103	52
D F, Lewiston, Me.	"	1 barrel.	50	28
S in diamond.	Kohler & Van Bergen.	80 barrels.	4,025	1,760
F O B & Co.	S O Putnam.	5 barrels.	250	125
St M C, Newark, N J.	A Erz.	1 barrel.	51	50
P P.	"	2 barrels.	103	75
Total amount.			23,209	\$7,822

TO CENTRAL AMERICA—PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, July 13, 1891.

R G, San J de Guat.	Parrott & Co.	30 cases.		\$ 120
C G M & Co, Santa Ana	E de la Vega.	4 barrels.	203	153
J M L, Champerico.	B Dreyfus & Co.	2 kegs.	39	40
L R, Guatemala.	"	30 kegs.	300	270
A Z & Co, San J de Guat	"	2 hf-barrels.	53	50
M P in d'd, La Libertad	"	6 kegs.	55	60
F P & Co	"	2 kegs.	50	35
"	"	1 hf-barrel 2 kegs.	47	60
C B L,	"	50 cases.		300
B H C in d'd,	"	5 kegs.	99	80
C & L,	"	6 kegs.	60	60
B B & Co	Bloom Barnet & Co.	3 bbls 1 hf-bbl 1 kg	180	57
E G S, San J de Guat.	E de Sabla & Co.	40 cases.		205
B T, La Libertad.	Chas Bach.	1 barrel.	51	36
C K, Champerico.	J Gundlach & Co.	18 cases.		74
A P, Amapala.	"	4 kegs.	40	29
H Q, Champerico.	Urruela & Urioste.	10 kegs.	100	83
J H R, San J de Guat	"	30 cases.		143
J R, La Libertad.	John T Wright.	6 kegs.	60	43
E A,	"	1 bbl 1 hf barrel.	75	67
E Q, Champerico.	"	2 kegs.	20	15
Total amount 168 cases and			1,412	\$2,061

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY

GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES

SPECIALTIES:

PRIVATE STOCK HOCK,
PRIVATE STOCK EL CERRITO,
PRIVATE STOCK SAUTERNE,
PRIVATE STOCK CLARET,
PRIVATE STOCK BURGUNDY,
PRIVATE STOCK VINE CLIFF,



WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES:

NAPA CITY, YOUNTVILLE AND
ST. HELENA.

OFFICES:

11-13 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
200-202 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS

TO MEXICO PER STEAMER CITY OF NEW YORK, July 13, 1891.

P. L. & Co. Acapulco	B Dreyfus & Co.	2 barrels 1 keg	113	\$ 80
K & V H. Tapachula	Kohler & Van Bergen	11 hf-barrels	772	550
"	"	14 cases		60
"	"	1 box		5
E G O. San Blas	Napa Valley Wine Co.	10 kegs	200	50
K & V H. Mazatlan	Ruther & Bendixen	2 barrels	102	36
O F. Manzanillo	Thannhauser & Co.	3 kegs	48	44
O & C. San Blas	J Gundlach & Co.	6 kegs	120	62
J Z & Co.	Cabrera Roma & Co.	2 barrels	41	33
Total amount 15 cases and			1,406	\$ 920

TO HONOLULU PER STEAMER AUSTRALIA, June 11, 1891.

W S L	S Lachman & Co.	15 barrels	750	\$ 530
L & Co	Lachman & Jacob	35 cases	502	397
H C & Co	Arpad Harazthy & Co.	2 barrels	100	75
"	"	5 kegs	575	437
"	"	10 cases		130
W C P	B Dreyfus & Co.	15 hf-barrels	135	85
"	"	15 cases		60
A L	L. Raffete	1 barrel	48	25
P in diamond	Cutting Packing Co.	2 kegs	20	25
P G C	D G Caimarinos	1 barrel 1 hf-bbl	77	33
"	"	1 case		3
Total amount 56 cases and			2,207	\$1,798

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN WINE SHIPMENTS.

From July 1st to July 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	PACKAGES	GALLONS	VALUE
Ceylon	Ell & Co, Honolu	Kohler & Frohling	1 cask	65	\$ 26
"	"	"	3 quar casks	98	59
"	"	"	201 kegs	1,500	900
Umatilla	G in dia, Victoria	P M S S Co.	5 quar casks	103	100
"	H B Co	A Harazthy & Co.	2 casks	127	31
Honnslow	Iquiqui	J W Grace & Co.	3 casks	4,650	2,300
La Morna	D & Co, London	J Gundlach & Co.	1 cask	60	30
"	S C, Liverpool	W G Harrison	2 quar casks	208	156
"	McD	"	2	211	158
Auriga	Hunrlig, S Rosalia	A Carpentier	63 bbl 1 keg	3,094	858
"	"	"	4 cases		20
Tahitiene	E L, Tahiti	J Pinet	21 bbl 2 hf-b	1,072	281
City of Puebla	B & Co, Victoria	I De Turk	6 bbl	284	80
"	H & M	"	1 hf-bbl	27	23
Total amount 4 cases and				11,496	\$5,022

EXPORTS OF WHISKY BY SEA.

From July 1st to July 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Vesta	Nicolveyskl	Freeman, Smith & C	15 cases		\$ 150
Acapulco	E & C P, P Arenas	Monteleagre & Co.	5 hf-barrels	134	670
"	GL & Co, Acapulco	L S Haas	1 barrel	44	44
"	E & C, San J de G	Wilmerding & Co.	1 barrel	35	177
"	La Libertad	J Gundlach & Co.	1 barrel	30	50
Walla Walla	B & Co, Victoria	L S Haas	1 puncheon	128	195
Alexander	A in dia La Union	J T Wright	1 barrel	40	47
Gaelic	A C, Yokohama	Spruce, Stanly & Co	15 kegs	100	190
"	M B & Co	Macondray Bros	3 cases		33
"	"	"	1 barrel	41	25
City of N Y	C & L, La Libert	B Dreyfus & Co.	1 keg	10	40
"	K & V B, Tapachula	Kohler & Van Berg	6 cases		50
"	S & Co, San J de G	Schwartz Bros	50 cases		436
"	Z, San Blas	Thannhauser & Co.	1 case		7
Australia	G N M & Co, Honolu	Lillenthal & Co.	30 case		210
"	H C & Co	Wilmerding & Co.	3 bbls	74	210
"	H W C	"	20 cases		130
"	K B & Co	H H Sherwood	5 cases		17
"	G W M & Co	Spruce, Stanly & Co	25 cases		181
"	L & Co	"	15 cases		121
Total amount 170 cases and				636	\$2,986

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO DOMESTIC PORTS BY SEA.

From July 1st to July 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Sterling	M K, New York	Walden & Co.	270 pkgs.		
"	C M	"	25 "	8,832	\$17,664
"	M K	Sonoma W & B Co.	106 package	2,823	5,646
"	"	George West	81 "	2,222	4,444
"	C in dia	C Carpy & Co.	2 bbls 115 kgs	645	1,290
Acapulco	B D & Co	B Dreyfus & Co.	37 hf-bbls	863	1,800
"	S L & Co	S Lachman & Co.	15 bbl	726	1,400
City of N Y	B L	F Barro	1 hf-bbl	27	54
"	J P	Berges & Domenico	4 bbls	182	318
"	P P	A Bez	1 hf-bbl	23	75
Total amount				16,340	\$32,691

EXPORTS OF BRANDY TO FOREIGN PORTS BY SEA.

From July 1st to July 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	GALLONS	VALUE
Acapulco	R M, Acapulco	B Dreyfus & Co.	3 hf bbl	70	\$ 425
Walla Walla	H C, Victoria	Beck, Pyhrr & Co.	10 cases		60
La Morna	B in dia, London	Wm Wolff & Co.	110 bbls	6,568	2,998
City of N Y	M P in dia, La Lib	B Dreyfus & Co.	1 keg	5	20
"	C & L	"	1 keg	10	40
Australia	H C & Co, Honol	Arpad Harazthy & C	1 bbl	48	52
"	W C P	B Dreyfus & Co.	3 bbl	157	95
"	"	Miscellaneous	5 bbl	227	225
Total amount 10 cases and				7,085	\$3,915

EXPORTS OF MISCELLANEOUS LIQUORS BY SEA.

From July 1st to July 15th, 1891.

VESSEL	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	VALUE
Sterling	A M & Co, N Y	Wilmerding & Co.	100 cases Bitters	
Walla Walla	C & T, Victoria	E G Lyons & Co.	10 es Vermouth	\$ 40
"	H C, Victoria	Beck, Pyhrr & Co.	2 es Curacao	11
"	"	"	1 case Absinthe	4
"	H B Co, Victoria	E G Lyons & Co.	1 bbl B B Brany	28
"	B & C	"	5 cases Bitters	25
"	"	"	15 cases Cordials	92
Alexander	M A Champerico	F Meeks	10 bbls Ginger A	101
City of N York	C & L, La Libert	B Dreyfus & Co.	2 es Ginger Ale	25
"	J W W, Mazatlan	Thannhauser & Co.	10 cases Bitters	70
"	R H H, San Beni	"	5 bbls Ginger Al	72
"	U V, Champerico	John T Wright	6 es Ginger Ale	66
"	T C, San Benito	"	10 bbls "	148
"	B F C, Acapulco	"	2 cases Rum	18
Australia	K B & Co, Honolu	H H Sherwood	10 es Champagn	146
"	W C P	B Dreyfus & Co.	1 hf-bbl P Wine	55
Total amount 163 cases, etc.				\$1,600

IMPORTS OF WINES AND LIQUORS BY SEA.

FROM HAMBURG—PER BRITISH SHIP OCEANA, July 2, 1891.

SHIPPERS	CONTENTS	CONSIGNEES
Christ Schroder & Co.	25 barrels Whisky	Thos Taylor Co.
"	50 barrels "	Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
"	50 barrels "	Wm Wolff & Co.
"	50 barrels "	C Carpy & Co.
"	25 barrels "	Weil Bros.
N Luchting & Co.	264 cases Mineral Water	Braunschweiger & Co.

WM. WOLFF & CO.,

Importers and General Agents,

327-329 Market Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
J. & F. MARTELL COGNAC,
MORAN BRO., PORT ST. MARY'S SHERRIES
DIXONS' DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
DUBOS FRERES, BORDEAUX, Claret and Santernes,
HOCK WINES, from Messrs. Henkell & Co., Mayence,
FRANCESCO CINZANO, Torino, Italian Vermouth.

JOHN de KUYPER & SONS, ROTTERDAM, GIN,
GILKA KUMMEL,
PARST BREWING CO. (formerly PHILLIP BEST),
MILWAUKEE Export Beer, Select Blue Ribbon
THE "BEST" TONIC.
THEO. LAPPES GENUINE AROMATIQUE,
"DOG'S-HEAD" BRAND of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale,

CANTRELL & COCHRANE'S Belfast Ginger Ale,
BASS & CO'S Pale and Burton ALE, in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS & CO'S (Dublin) Extra Stout in Hogsheads
GREENLEES BROS' Lorne Highland (Scotch) Whisky
JAMESON & CO., IRISH WHISKY,
LONDON Dry Dock Jamaica Rum,
Mineral Waters,

Re-imported American Whiskies—'86 Belmont; '86 T J Monarch; '83 Bluegrass; '85 Hips; '83 Chlekcencork; '86 Allen Bradley Rye and other staple brands. Lowest market quotations furnished on application.

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND,

Per Southern Pacific Co's Lines During June, 1891, Showing Destination and Points of Shipment.

TO	Brandy		Wine		FROM	Brandy		Wine	
	Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons		Case	Gallons	Case	Gallons
Boston			2	187	San Francisco	32	7,025	1,540	271,820
Portland, Me			1		Oakland, 16th Street		5	20	18
Hartford				2,476	Niles				75
Other New England points	109		219	516	Livermore		20	198	3,849
Albany			2	103	Martinez			5	2,400
Buffalo				10	Marysville				171
New York	16	6,441	829	80,760	Vina		15,020		
Other New York points			17	417	San Jose	27	373	88	9,412
Philadelphia			230	1,415	Irvington			9	256
Pittsburg			6	253	Warm Springs				208
Other Pennsylvania points			6	415	Santa Clara				5,306
Baltimore				54	Mountain View			2	108
Washington			4	3,040	Redwood City			40	6,460
Wheeling				98	Menlo Park			37	244
Other Virginia and Maryland pts				24	Los Gatos			304	3,615
Charleston, S. C				96	Santa Cruz			4	25
Other Carolina and Georgia pts	10				Stockton		20	5	6,142
New Orleans			31	198,559	Fowler		2,455		
Baton Rouge			2	2,060	Fresno			5	10,115
Other Louisiana points				4,973	Sacramento			83	2,343
Mobile				26	McConnell				2,295
Birmingham, Ala			2	2,470	Elk Grove			2	
Other Gulf State points	43			431	Colfax				10
Galveston	138			7,149	Korbels		135		2,565
Houston			5	181	Geyserville				150
Dallas				3,820	Healdsburg				190
San Antonio			32	2,335	Cloverdale			1	355
Other Texas points	54		65	857	Napa		250	2	5,665
Hot Springs				48	Yountville		32		27
Little Rock				86	Oakville		50	4	44,421
Other Ark. and Ind. Ter. points				157	Rutherford		10		424
Memphis	90			3,065	Bello				2,980
Louisville				78	St. Helena		152	2	5,746
Other Tenn. and Ky. points				316	Krug				101
Cincinnati	42		4		Calistoga				2,700
Cleveland			261	3,771	Cordelia				291
Other Ohio points			2	471	El Verano			1	
Indianapolis	168		9	2,739	Glen Ellen		167	5	2,580
Fort Wayne				53	Los Guillicos				20
Other Indiana points	3	29	4	427	Santa Rosa				5,048
Chicago	2	18,509	175	24,284	Folsom				10
Other Illinois points			12	482	Los Angeles	4	3,096	178	5,905
Detroit			106	2,063	Alhambra				259
Other Michigan points	2	124	30	1,687	San Gabriel		702	14	5,438
Milwaukee		718	1	11,083	Cucamonga				10
Other Wisconsin points		63	5	488	Pomona				2,500
St. Louis		749	58	20,902	Colton			1	
Kansas City		386	2	1,933	Santa Barbara			21	94
Other Missouri points				102	Winthrop		24	1	389
Council Bluffs	3		6		Downey		23		145
Snix City			3	26	Anaheim		94		767
Waterloo				2,565	Santa Ana	1	10		148
Other Iowa points	1	120	3	369	Vacaville				
St. Paul		874		2,637	Woodland				
Minneapolis			8	2,678	Geyserville				
Stillwater				2,239	Healdsburg				
Other Minnesota points		312	1	403	Petaluma				
Omaha	14	66	165	1,355	Korbels				
Other Neb. and Kans. points	3	130	16	1,270	Sebastopol				
Dakota points		10	2	261	Sobre Vista				
Denver	10	256	96	10,445	Yulupa				
Pueblo	4	202	8	2,170	Loomis				
Other Colorado points	6	20	83	327	Pomona				
Foreign			29	95	Santa Paula				
Laredo					Ventura				
Mianniburg					Roseoe				
Logansport					Shellyville				
Dubuque					Chico				
Topeka					Hollister				
Cheyenne					Traver				
Total	64	29,663	2,572	413,800	Total	164	29,663	2,572	413,800

THE HALF YEAR.

WINE AND BRANDY OVERLAND

SHOWING DISTRIBUTION AND POINTS OF SHIPMENT.

[DIRECT SHIPMENTS ONLY.]

TO	Wine.		Brandy.		FROM	Wine		Brandy	
	Cases.	Gallons.	Cases.	Gallons.		Cases.	Gallons.	Cases.	Gallons.
Boston.....	102	8,075	2	50	San Francisco.....	10,843	1,799,082	387	82,372
Providence.....	7	210	1		Oakland (16th St.).....	193	9,244		8
Lowell.....		3,070			Alameda.....		98		
Cambridgeport.....		6,319			Livermore.....	800	19,272		247
Hartford.....		5,029			Pleasanton.....		50		
Other New England points.....	371	1,987	3	135	Niles.....		304		
Albany.....	8	130			Irvington.....	383	13,263		
Buffalo.....	2	440	2		Warm Springs.....	3	661		
New York.....	2,833	387,113	44	31,246	San Jose.....	534	35,151	232	2,292
Rochester.....	433	75	10		Santa Clara.....	9	18,681		72
Other New York points.....	57	9,143	3	98	Los Gatos.....	321	4,788		5
Allentown.....	2	2,505			Pajaro.....		2,311		
Philadelphia.....	544	14,202		420	Camulos.....	1			
Pittsburg.....	47	8,287		46	Gilroy.....		187		
Other Pennsylvania pts.....	74	3,549	1	140	Milpitas.....		35		
Baltimore.....	181	4,578			Santa Cruz.....	24	3,805		2,727
Washington.....	24	15,820		159	Glenwood.....		13		
Other Va. Md. and W. Va. points.....	21	364	3	10	Hollister.....	1	36		
New Orleans.....	217	1,149,632		877	Menlo Park.....	171	244		
Other Louisiana points.....	17	14,491	2	64	Mayfield.....		23		
Mobile.....	4	4,911		144	Redwood City.....	136	6,470		
Birmingham.....	2	4,890			Mountain View.....	16	2,798		
Hot Springs, Ark.....		2,413	1	92	Martinez.....	6	2,591		7
Little Rock.....	15	368		19	South Vallejo.....	2	45		
Other Ark & Indian Ty points.....	101	2,567		150	Cordelia.....	12	3,145		
Memphis.....	43	12,017		570	Vacaville.....		100		
Louisville, Ky.....	13	27,975		733	Napa.....	24	27,551	2	4,071
Other Ky. & Tenn. points.....	150	1,095	5		Oakville.....	8	214,012		737
Other Gulf State points.....	111	7,548	6	693	Yountville.....		5,489		76
Dallas.....	313	11,091			Rutherford.....	450	3,541	20	52
Galveston.....	351	41,773	1	512	Bello.....		12,864		
Houston.....	232	5,713			Krug.....		7,861		46
San Antonio.....	121	36,515	3	674	Larkmead.....	2			
Other Texas points.....	1,203	29,117	93	1,687	St. Helena.....	42	61,762	14	2,798
Cincinnati.....	249	59,012	5	3,597	Calistoga.....	8	2,813		
Cleveland.....	330	6,476			Glen Ellen.....	10	20,147		436
Columbus.....	25	2,123		48	El Verano.....	1			
Miamisburg.....	12	2,560			Los Guilicos.....		24		
Toledo.....		3,030			Sombre Vista.....		295		
Other Ohio points.....	44	5,186	34	416	Yulupa.....	7			
Indianapolis.....	15	10,543		425	Shellville.....		17,983		579
Ft. Wayne.....		566			Santa Rosa.....	157	61,951	2	5,121
Logansport.....		2,649			Healdsburg.....		504		
Other Indiana points.....	41	2,561	17	157	Cloverdale.....	1	393		
Chicago.....	2,556	353,989	45	49,509	Sebastapol.....		539		20
Warsaw.....		2,923			Korbels.....	510	6,436		182
Alton.....		2,415			Geyseville.....		332		
Quincy.....		2,342			Petaluma.....		51		
Other Illinois points.....	55	6,232	18	1,054	Sacramento.....	501	32,613		53
Detroit.....	692	5,187	10	50	McConnell.....		2,295		
Grand Rapids.....		3,168			Elk Grove.....	2	11		
Other Michigan pts.....	72	6,008		540	Woodland.....	1	198		10
Milwaukee.....	629	56,528	30	13,913	Folsom.....				
Other Wisconsin points.....	354	9,595	6	1,305	Marysville.....	12	261		992
St. Louis.....	235	150,300	5	11,949	Chico.....		10		
Kansas City.....	456	36,619		3,118	Vina.....	1	6,771	5	21,855
St. Joseph.....	160	8,497	25	1,897	Oroville.....		225		
Other Missouri points.....	10	998		16	Loomis.....		67		
Dubuque.....	10	4,529		745	Auburn.....				2
Council Bluffs.....	17	2,003	3		Penryn.....		50		
Sioux City.....	8	257			Placerville.....		42		
Clinton.....	52	4,230			Colfax.....		10		
Waterloo.....		2,565			Diamond Springs.....		1,802		287
Other Iowa points.....	48	2,269	1	1,710	Shiugle Springs.....				50
St. Paul.....	287	44,369	1	5,735	Ione.....		445		
Minneapolis.....	24	25,059	2	3,693	Stockton.....	51	156,958		227
Stillwater.....		2,239			Oakdale.....		289		
Other Minnesota points.....	12	8,039		914	Milton.....		29		
Omaha.....	430	30,901	82	3,506	Fresno.....	16	40,007		25
Topeka.....		58			Traver.....		26		
Other Kansas and Nebraska points.....	220	7,245	52	1,120	Goshen.....	1	10		
Dakota points.....	10	3,037		794	Fowler.....				2,455
Denver, Colo.....	936	57,575	59	6,402	Los Angeles.....	1,106	62,363	55	19,911
Pueblo.....	489	7,506	39	730	San Gabriel.....	149	63,216	4	15,389
Cheyenne.....	230	1,105			Anaheim.....	1	6,583		311
Other Colorado points.....	153	12,739	107	3,006	Downey.....	3	10,544		90
Foreign.....	52	569		25	Alhambra.....	5	337	2	
Total.....	16,758	2,798,250	728	163,962	Santa Ana.....		913	1	200
					Pomona.....		26,781		7
					Burbank.....		103		
					Winthrop.....	6	1,060		189
					Roscoe.....		7,795		
					Colton.....	1	169		46
					Cueamonga.....		63		
					The Palms.....		10		
					Santa Paula.....		30		
					S B Ventura.....	1	10		
					Santa Barbara.....	32	523		
					Total.....	16,758	2,798,250	728	163,962

DEATH TO THE HOPPER FLY.

LAS CRUCES, N. M., June 4, 1891.

I X L Compound Co., Room 5, 218 California St., San Francisco.—GENTLEMEN: So far we are glad to inform you that in every case where the I X L has been used for the Hopper Fly it has given satisfaction.

Yours truly,

(Signed) W. E. LAWRENCE & Co.

SWEET WINE REGULATIONS.

Outlined in a Letter from Commissioner Mason to Collector Quinn.

What is a Vineyard?

Collector Quinn has received the following letter outlining the new Sweet Wine Regulations soon to be published:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10, 1891.

John C. Quinn, Esq., Collector of First District, San Francisco, Cal.—SIR: I have to inform you that the regulations concerning the withdrawal, free of tax, from distilleries and special bonded warehouses, of wine spirits or grape brandy, and the use of such spirits or brandy in the fortification of pure sweet wines and the fortification of wine for export, have been revised and as revised were approved on the 7th instant by the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury.

These revised regulations and revised forms 256, 257, 261 275 and 290 will be printed and distributed as soon as possible but as it is feared the distribution may not be completed before the 1st proximo, it is thought advisable to give you an outline in this letter of the changes made in the regulations and to specify what changes in said forms already printed are necessary to adapt them for use under the new regulations.

The changes in the regulations are as follows:

That provision is stricken out of the bond, Form 256, which requires the use of the brandy within a certain number of hours of the arrival of the officer designated to supervise such use.

Under the head of "Instructions as to execution of bonds and qualification of sureties," the collector is directed to satisfy himself that the principal is a person entitled to give a bond and that he intends to fortify the article for the purpose and at the place described in the law, and within the limitations specified in the law, also that he has set apart a fortifying room as provided in the regulations. Such portions of the law as define the person, the article, the purpose and the place and set forth the limitations are quoted or referred to and the decisions on these points heretofore made have been inserted in the regulations.

As matter of special interest, the following is quoted from this part of the regulations: "The place at which the fortification is to be begun and completed is at the vineyard of the wine grower where the grapes are crushed and the grape juice is expressed and fermented." In order to comply with this section, it is not necessary that all the grapes shall be grown at the place where the winery is situated, but it is absolutely necessary that there shall be connected with every winery as a part of the premises a vineyard, and while this office will not attempt in these regulations to determine the acreage or the number of grape vines necessary to constitute a vineyard, it will insist that it must be a *bona fide* vineyard.

"A wine maker cannot fortify under the bond any wine except that expressed from grapes at his own winery. As his wine must be made exclusively from the juice only of grapes crushed at his vineyard, he cannot use in the preparation of wine to be fortified free of tax the juice of grapes crushed at another vineyard or place, nor can he so use any product of such grapes, such as wine, concentrated must or condensed must. He may, however, purchase fresh grapes from other parties and crush them at his vineyard."

The limitations require that, in every winery where pure sweet wines are made and intended to be fortified with brandy free of tax, a room to be known as the fortifying room will be set apart. This room will be securely built and partitioned so as to be entirely separate from every other part of the winery with all its windows and doors or other openings leading to or from the same so arranged and built as to be securely locked, bolted or barred from the inside, the entrance door to be locked with a government seal lock, the key of which must be at all times in charge of the United States gauger. Collectors will make requisitions for the necessary locks and seals and the necessary locks and seals will be supplied, used and accounted for as in the case of distillery warehouses. (See page 59 to 61, inclusive, Regulations, Series 7, No. 7, Revised May 3, 1890.)

The fortifying room may be a portion of any building or an entire building, but must be on the wine growers premises at the vineyard where the grapes are crushed and fermented.

The fortifying room must be entirely under the control of officer detailed by the Collector of Internal Revenue by his order

Part 2, Form 257. This officer will attend for the purpose of gauging, taking samples and supervising the fortifying of wines in pursuance of the requests of the wine maker of Parts 1 and 3, Form 257.

When the wines to be fortified are ready for fortification, they will be drawn into tanks or vessels in the room and the officer will proceed to take samples and ascertain the quantity and the saccharine and alcoholic strength. If the wine offered for fortification indicates zero and less by the saccharometer, before evaporation, also if it contains more than 15 per cent. (by Salleron test) of alcohol by volume, and 4 per cent. of sugar by weight, the gauger will take samples of such wines before fortification for analysis before he allows the wine makers to add grape brandy.

If the wine offered for fortification contains not less than four per cent. of saccharine matter and otherwise complies with the law, the officer will allow the wine maker to add grape brandy, but not in excess of the fourteen per cent. and twenty-four per cent. limitations fixed by the law.

The wine maker will thoroughly mix and blend the brandy with the wine in order that the alcoholic and saccharine strength of the wine fortified may be uniform throughout the tank or other vessel. The gauger will then take quart samples of each tank in triplicate as provided.

If it is impracticable for the wine maker to add to the wine at the time of the arrival of the gauger, pursuant to his notice on Part 1 or 3, Form 257, a sufficient quantity of grape brandy to preserve the saccharine matter in the wine, he must, at some time during the season, notify the gauger of his desire to complete the fortification at a second operation. Such notice to be in duplicate and to accompany Form 257, the gauger's reports on which will cover the brandy used at both operations. The notice will be in the following form:

FORM 312.

The undersigned distiller and wine producer, finding that the quantity,.....proof gallons of grape brandy contained inpackages, serial numbers.....to....., is insufficient to preserve the saccharine strength of.....gallons of pure sweet wine produced by him, desires to use.....proof gallons of grape brandy in addition to that already used, the total quantity used and desired to be used being within the 14 per cent. and 24 per cent. limits fixed by law and which additional brandy he will have ready for use on the.....day of.....189 , at the hour of.....M.

This request is therefore made by him that such brandy be gauged and its use supervised on the day and at the hour above named.

(Signed).....

Under the heading "Stamping Packages Fortified in the Fortifying Room," it is provided that "When a tank or other vessel of wine is fortified in a fortifying room, the gauger will affix a stamp thereto, and such package so filled will be designated in all reports by its serial number and the serial number of such stamp. Whenever the contents of one or more packages are transferred to one or more other packages, in the reports of such transfers the serial numbers of the original packages, and the serial numbers of the stamps on the original packages together with the numbers of the new packages and numbers of the stamps on the new packages will be given as well as the contents in gallons of the new and the old packages. Whenever the wine maker desires to remove a vessel filled with fortified wine, or the contents of a vessel of fortified wine, from the fortifying room to another portion of his winery, the gauger will remove the stamp from such vessel.

"The contents of such vessel may not, however, be returned to the fortifying room or be eligible for further fortification with brandy free of tax. If, however, the wine maker so desires, the gauger may leave the stamp upon such package and mark the package as hereinafter provided, so that the wine maker may sell or dispose of such wine in the stamped package.

"All brandy withdrawn from a distillery or a warehouse, for fortifying wine, must be accounted for by April 30th of each year, either by use, payment of tax, or, in case of warehouse withdrawals, by re-warehousing.

All fortified wine and brandy must be withdrawn from the fortifying room on or before April 30th of each year, and the Government lock, will, upon such withdrawal, be removed by the gauger and returned to the collector."

Under the heading "Instructions in regard to Time and Manner of Fortification," it is provided that "Samples of not less

than one quart each for purposes of careful analysis will be taken in triplicate." Also that "The stamp will be affixed to the head of the cask or package except in the case of standing tanks when the stamp will be affixed to the bung stave," and the gauger is only required to cut upon the bung stave, the letters and figures indicating the saccharine and alcoholic strength when the wine maker desires to have the wine shipped under the Government stamp. All instructions under this heading relating to affixing seals are stricken out, the use of fortifying rooms rendering the use of seals unnecessary for the protection of the United States and their use for the convenience of the wine maker not having been thought desirable.

Under the heading "Reports of Wine Makers," the requirements as to "kind of grapes" is stricken out and the wine maker is required to state the quantity of grapes received from his vineyard or vineyards and the quantity purchased from other grape growers, giving the names and locations and the quantity of grapes used by the wine maker in the manufacture of sweet wines.

Under the heading "Prohibition under Section 45 as to use of Wine Spirits," the portion of this section relating to this matter is quoted and the following is added: "Pursuant to this section, the collector will make a special report to the Commissioner as to each case whenever he deems a distance limit necessary for the prevention of the violation of the law, stating what distance is necessary with reasons for his recommendation.

"Storing or having on storage in the fortifying rooms any wines or spirits other than those permitted by these regulations is forbidden.

"The use, in the fortification of wines, of wine spirits on which the Internal Revenue Tax is overdue is also prohibited."

Under the heading "Directions for sending Samples for Chemical Analysis," provision is made for taking samples in bottles in sets of three. Each bottle to have a label, Form 279, Revised, affixed. There shall be stated on the label the date, name of producer and location and number of the winery; variety; serial number of package and when sample was taken; per cent. alcohol by volume; and per cent. sugar by weight. The label will also be signed by the gauger and the producer and will contain a statement to the effect that each signer agrees that the wine in the bottle to which the label is affixed is a fair average sample of the wine in the package described therein. The gauger and wine maker will see that the wine in the tank is thoroughly mixed and blended with the spirits before the samples are taken.

The gauger is required to send a detailed report of the case on Form 275 to the Collector and Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Two of the three samples taken, all carefully sealed, are to be forwarded to the collector of the district, the third to be retained by the wine maker.

No antiseptics are allowed to be added to samples taken after the brandy is added, but in the few cases of samples of wine taken before fortification, the officer will add to each quart sample the contents of a six-grain package of salicylic acid.

The wine maker will retain one of the samples and will send the other two to the collector by express. The wine maker will pay for boxing and expressing the samples to the collector and unless one of the samples is to be tested in the collector's office, the collector will send both to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the express charges covering the samples sent to the Commissioner to be paid by the Commissioner. If, however, one of the samples is to be tested by a deputy as herein provided, the collector will send to the Commissioner only one sample and then only in the cases herein provided for.

Where, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the quantity of sweet wine produced and fortified in any collection district renders such a course necessary, the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district may detail one or more deputy collectors of sufficient technical skill, to whom all samples of sweet wine taken as herein provided shall be sent for analysis, under supervision of the collector, and the said collector will be furnished, for the use of said deputy or deputies, with suitable chemical apparatus for that purpose. The deputy collector will make tests of one of the two samples in each case sent to the collector, and if such tests show that alcohol in excess of one or both of the limits fixed by the law has been used, or that the wine had, before fortification, less than four per cent. of saccharine matter, or is otherwise not of the kind and character which may be fortified under the law, he will report the fact to

the collector who will take appropriate action. If, however, the wine maker is of the opinion that the findings of fact by the deputy collector are incorrect, he may have the sample retained by him analyzed by any chemist whom he may select, and if the result of such analysis sustains the wine maker's view of the matter, the collector will forward the third sample to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for a final analysis. The box containing the third sample will be addressed: "Laboratory, Office of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., and forwarded by express.

Under the heading "Method for Determining in Alcohol," instructions are given for the use of the Salleron still in connection with tables II, III, and IV, which are furnished:

The forms now in print may be used with the following changes:

Form 256.—Strike out the words in the sixth line above the signatures "and within.....hours of the arrival on the premises of the officer."

Form 257, Part 2.—Strike out the words in the second line above the signature "and you will affix the prescribed seal." Part 4. Strike out the word "seals" and the word "and" after the word "seals" and the words "to each" after the words "certain stamps" following the word "and" stricken out.

Forms 261, 275, 279 and 290 may be used by striking out and inserting words as indicated on enclosed blanks.

Respectfully yours,

JOHN W. MASON, Commissioner.

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO.

The stockholders of the American Champagne Co. are to have a meeting in New York on the 27th inst., at which time the future policy of the company, and in fact the future of the Reihlen process in America will be decided.

First of all it is certain that in case the company continues operations, the factory will be removed to New York. The lease of the present quarters on Folsom street will expire shortly and has not been renewed. The local agents of the company are rapidly disposing of their cooerage and other appurtenances and we understand that a cracker manufacturing company will occupy the building from the first of September.

In case the company decides to continue business it will undoubtedly do so in or near New York, necessitating a removal of all the machinery thither. We understand that there are several matters to be decided at the New York meeting aside from the question of removal, in connection with the patent rights in this country.

From a recent issue of *Ridley's* of London, we learn that there will have to be several improvements made in the machinery and methods at the Wachenheim factory in Germany. *Ridley's* states that whilst the profits of the Wachenheim factory were 221,395 marks in 1888 and 119,176 marks in 1889, the year 1890 showed a deficit of 127,334 marks. The capital of the company is 1,000,000 marks of which 349,401 marks is invested in buildings and 55,414 marks in machinery. *Ridley's* also states that some improvements on the process must be made.

WINES FOR FRANCE.

Mr. Duncan Bankhardt the California representative of the firm of Coudere & Yenn, Cette, is engaged in shipping several earloads of wine to his house. The wine will go overland and will be sent by steamer from New York.

Mr. Bankhardt is endeavoring to charter a sailing ship of say 700 tons burden for the Mediterranean. If he can charter one at once so that she will arrive in France before February 2, 1892, he will ship 100,000 gallons of wine to France for blending purposes.

ROCK CANDY CRYSTALS.

These goods, which we are selling largely to wine and champagne manufacturers throughout the country, are perfectly free from the smallest speck of dirt or dust, and are beautifully transparent. They are not like the sugary stuff sometimes sold as rock candy.

In ten barrel lots, we sell the crystals at a slight advance on the cost of refined sugar. Samples on application.

DRYDEN & PALMER.

19 Hudson Street New York.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

IMPORTERS OF

WINES AND LIQUORS.**J. H. CUTTER
OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES.**

429 to 437 Jackson Street. - - San Francisco, Cal.

F. C. SIEBE,

JOHN D. SIEBE,

J. F. PLAGEMANN.

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMANN,

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

—SOLE AGENTS FOR—

O. K. Rosedale Bourbon & Rye Whiskies

—AND THE—

Celebrated Belle of Bourbon.

Southeast Cor. Sacramento and Sansome Sts.,

San Francisco, Cal.

Important For Wine Producers.**SACCHARINE.**

300 TIMES SWEETER THAN SUGAR.

An unsurpassed ingredient for wines; an excellent corrigent of any unpleasant taste, entirely innocuous.

Saccharine has very valuable anti-fermentative and antiseptic properties. An addition to an alcoholic solution of 0.005 per cent Saccharine stops the fermentation entirely, also the formation of mould and vinegar acid. Testimonials by authorities and any further information will be cheerfully furnished by applying to

J. MOVIUS & SON, Successors to Lutz & Movius,

Sole Licensees for the United States of America,

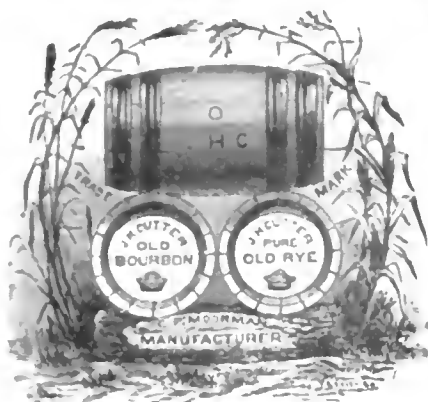
79 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

EASTERN WINES!**THE PLEASANT VALLEY WINE COMPANY,**
RHEIMS, STEUBEN CO. N. Y.

Offers To The WINE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY The Following Well Matured Eastern Wines

CLARET,**SWEET CATAWBA,****NORTON'S VIRGINIA.****PORT,****DRY CATAWBA,****GREAT WESTERN CHAMPAGNES.**

H. B. KIRK & CO. NEW YORK, AGENTS.



Chicago Department.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.]

CHICAGO, July 10, 1891.

A correspondent gets very tired of saying at the outset of all his letters that there is nothing new to report. First of all it greatly offends his newspaper sense, if he has any, and if he is honest he feels that he is admitting that he is neither doing his duty or earning his money. And yet when I read that statement in the first paragraph of all the letters from all sections of the Union, and see it standing, as if it were stereotyped, at the head of the market reviews in all the wine and spirit trade papers in the land, I try not to feel lonesome when, time after time, I am constrained to open the ball with that old chestnut about things being "dull." I try to "skirmish around" and to get on to all the news that is afloat in Chicago that will interest the California readers, but after I have visited a dozen people in the liquor business, and they have all said that there is nothing doing, what am I to do but take their word for it, and so report to the public.

One day last week I dropped into the office of a broker to learn what was new in his branch of the business, and he told me he was not earning his salt. While talking with him the traveling man for one of the best known brands of Kentucky whiskies came in. He has just made a month's trip, and it was really amusing, though sad, to hear him tell of his experience on the road. City after city was visited and not an order secured. At last luck changed and an occasional small order broke up the monotony of life for him. The result of the conference between the broker and the salesman was the conclusion that business was extremely dull all over the country, and especially so in this city. But like the California land agent in a "boom-busted-town," things are going to be lively in the fall. Certainly let us hope so. That the prices will rule higher there can be no doubt, for all the distilleries in the country are either shut down or limiting their output. Naturally the run of trade consumption is exhausting the older goods rapidly, and as newer are required to take their place the price will be advanced by the commercial law of demand.

The whisky trust has reduced the output of all the distilleries under their control and has sent formal notice to that effect to the Collector of Internal Revenue. Shufeldt's will hereafter utilize only 1,800 instead of 4,500 bushels of grain, the Calumet 2,200 instead of 3,200, and other trust plants in like ratio. Despite the invariable dullness of the summer season in the whisky market, Shufeldt's was never before known to reduce its output. Consequently this action of the trust is regarded as the first of a series of acts calculated to curtail the supply and raise the price. The move has already had one effect—the cutting down of the force of gangers and storekeepers.

Just now there is a lull in California goods as well as in all others in the same line. Of course the regular run of local trade is about the same, and on the increase, if changed at all, but the dealers have all stocked up for the summer, and that makes it hard to place new orders. During the past fortnight some half dozen California men have been here, and it is said that all have gone on disappointed. I have sounded the warning note in these columns, and will do it again for the benefit of the friends "over there." Positively there is only room for just so much California wine in this city, and when that limit is reached that settles the whole matter. It is useless to try to force more than that amount upon the market, for if it is taken at all it must be at a great sacrifice. That is the way the wholesale men like to get it. It is business for a man to get a thing as cheaply as he can and sell it for all he can. Now the thing to do is to keep out of the market when it is overstocked. The wine business is well in hand, and it is easy to learn where every gallon of it is, and how fast it is being consumed. By judicious pooling, the supply could be so adjusted as to meet the demand and always command

a good figure. As pooling is the order of the day why not pool the wine interest as well as on the whisky and beer?

Another drawback to the wine trade is the miserable custom of giving six months' credit on sales made. When a man buys a bill of whisky he either pays spot cash or arranges to meet it in thirty days, but to the wine men he says that he must have six months' time to turn in or he cannot handle it. The salesman is here on expense, and wine is, or has been in times past when the custom was established, very slow of sale at best, and so the terms demanded were met by force of circumstances. This could also be remedied by a proper system of pooling.

That the local trade in California wine is on the increase there can be no doubt. The fact that there is hardly a street that has not a California wine room on it, is evidence that there is a big and growing demand for it. I am told that there are several new enterprises on foot, and that a number of wine men in California intend to place houses in this city for the sale of their individual wines. Again, gentlemen, let me warn you. You are all Californians, and you know how, in the old mining days, when reports came of a new find, everybody would pick up and rush off to the new "diggings." They often left paying claims for the merest chimeras. That spirit has followed us down till even at this late day, if reports come that a boom has struck a town, off the people rush, pell-mell until it is all overdone, and times get worse than they were in the place where the people came from. So now, learn a lesson. There is a growing demand for California wines. It is healthy now, but is not able to stand any crowding, and just as sure as a whole colony of California wine men come over here at once, the whole business will receive a setback that will take a long time to overcome. This is not written in the interest of those who are here, though I am free to confess that I think they should have some recompense for pioneering the Chicago market. I should be glad to see the Eastern market take every gallon of California wine as fast as produced and at "way up" figures.

The "Harvey" restaurant and cafe is doing a great deal to help bring about that very thing. Colonel Harvey reports the sale of over \$300 worth of California wines at his tables for the past two weeks. A big point in this is that this wine has reached a class of people who would not have tasted it under any other circumstances. Having tasted it they will order it again and again till they become regular customers. Colonel Harvey is proving himself to be a veritable friend to the California wine industry, and deserves the thanks of all the wine men on the coast.

M. Von Klitzring, representing the Napa Valley Wine Company, has just come in from an extended trip through the northwest. Unfortunately he is not able to report any flattering sales. The bottom is out of the boom in the northwest, and people find they can do without liquid refreshments much easier than the more substantial bread and butter; hence they cut the former off as soon as times begin to pinch a little. Wholesale whisky men tell me the same thing about the country between the Missouri river and the Rocky mountains where there was such a miserable failure of crops last year.

H. A. Merriam, representing the Los Gatos Wine Company, is here introducing their wines to the trade, but with what success I am unable to say.

Ariel Lathrop, general manager for Senator Stanford, was here last week. He expressed himself as well satisfied with the manner in which the To-Kalon Company was handling the Vina brandies.

A. Brun, proprietor of the well-known Nouveau Medoc wine cellar at Oakville, Napa county, was here a week ago visiting with friends, and incidentally making new friends among the trade. He gave a pleasant little dinner to a few of his friends at the "Harvey" which was fully in keeping with his well-known hospitality and Colonel Harvey's well-established abilities as a caterer.

The friends of Joe Newman, the able traveling representative of I. De Turk, of San Francisco, will be pleased to learn of his marriage to Miss Mamie Spyer, of St. Louis. May their journey in life be a continuous round of happiness.

Hirsch, Loewenstein & Levi, Cincinnati, have placed Mr. Ben. Hamburger in charge of their agency for Chicago and the Northwest. Mr. Hamburger will doubtless make his mark in this market as he has done in his former sphere.

Edward Walden, of Walden & Co., New York, has visited Chicago, and accompanied by L. Holtzman, his Chicago representative, has made the round of the trade, and left well satisfied with his visit.

J. B. Wathen has recently called on the Chicago trade and his sample of Lackawanna rye elicited universal admiration. Mr. Wathen has achieved many successes and he centers now his ambition upon producing the best rye that can be got of grain and still.

James H. Mundy, of the San Francisco house of Jones, Mundy & Co., is among our recent visitors.

Albert Lachman, of S. Lachman & Co., visited us recently accompanied by Norbert Becker, one of the best representatives in the trade. He was here only two days.

A. E. Clarkson, of the Anderson-Nelson Distilleries Co., has made his seasonal tour throughout the west, and states that business, on the whole, is very satisfactory with the dealers, the crop prospects being everywhere promising.

L. L. PALMER.

EXTEND THE BONDED PERIOD.

From all quarters of the country where whisky and brandy are distilled comes a cry for the extension of the bonded period. The Kentucky, Tennessee, Pennsylvania and Maryland whisky producers as well as the California brandy distillers are one and all unanimous on the point. There is neither reason, justice nor sense in the present law, and the demand that it be changed is in accordance with every dictate of public policy.

Of course such a measure as an unlimited bonding law will have stormy opposition. It is well-known from what quarter it will come and the motives which will inspire it. Nevertheless there is every reason to believe that the measure can be carried through at the coming session of Congress.

The mode of opposition is equally well known. But it is in reason that a fair and equitable showing can be made by the distillers and thus counteract the effect of the attack that will be made.

By all means let the good work go on. Let the distillers of the East exhibit the same energy which will be developed by those in California, and the bill can be put through no matter what the opposition may be.

CURIOUS BUSINESS METHODS.

During the past fortnight P. A. Lamping & Co., the Oakland agents for the Los Gatos and Saratoga Wine Co., were attached by Sroufe & McCrum, the Market street dealers for a bill of goods payment of which was not due until the first of September.

There is a story behind this attachment which illustrates the peculiar business method of the firm calling the Sheriff's assistance. Some time ago Lamping & Co. decided to purchase more extensively in the East, and only recently received several invoices of goods. Mr. Lamping says that he can think of no other reason for the attachment of the local firm. Their bill amounted to \$491.13 which Mr. Lamping states was not due until September.

Mr. Lamping says that after the attachment was made Sroufe & McCrum attempted to compromise by having Mr. Lamping give his note payable September 1st. This he would not do and released his property valued at \$7,000 by giving bonds.

Mr. Lamping is informed by his attorney that the firm is liable for damages for its procedure in the matter.

EXPORT TRADE TO FRANCE.

Duncan Bankhardt Thinks that the New French Tariff Will Operate Very Unfavorably to California Producers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14, 1891.

Editor Wine and Spirit Review:—Some time ago I promised you an article on the value of California bottled wines in the French market. If I have not kept my word it was because I was waiting for the results of the discussion of the French Wine Tariff in the "Chamber of Deputies" which has now come to an end, by the vote establishing the duty on foreign wines at one franc fifty centimes for each degree of alcohol up to eleven per cent. as a maximum and seventy centimes as a minimum. It now remains to be seen how California wines will be rated at the maximum or the minimum. Owing to the McKinley Bill there can be very little doubt. They will almost certainly be quoted at the maximum, in which case it means *prohibition*, as the following figures will prove.

The old tariff stipulates 4 francs 50 centimes per hectolitre up to 15 degrees, showing therefor per 26 gallons or hectolitre 4f. 50c.

The new tariff stipulates:

Maximum 1f. 50c. per degree on 11°.....16f. 50c.
From 11 to 12½° (average strength) 1½° @ 2f. 65c 3f. 97c.

Maximum new duty.....20f. 47c.

The minimum is as follows:

Minimum 0f. 70c. per degree on 11°..... 7f. 70c.
1½° @ 2f. 65c..... 3f. 97c.

Minimum new duty.....11f. 67c.

It will easily be seen by the above figures that there has been an enormous increase in the new tariff bill and if the maximum means prohibition the minimum means little better. The difference between the present 4f. 50c. to 11f. 67c. is almost three times as much, and with the enormous rate of transportation there would be little chance of competing with similar wines from Spain and Hungary. On the other hand owing to a decrease of importations to this country there will be fewer vessels available, thereby augmenting the rates of the vessels bound out.

Who will be the loser? The California wine grower, who will have to sell his wine cheaper, to allow for extra expenses on duty and transportation which is the natural result of the McKinley Bill.

I may add that as a result of sending some samples of '90 California wines to Certe two months ago, I have received telegraphic order to ship several carloads via New York which will undoubtedly be followed by a good many more, so as to reach France before the new tariff comes in force. When the act takes effect the exportation of wine to France will probably come to an end and our wines will be left completely to American consumption.

What will then become of the surplus? McKinley will perhaps be able to dispose of it.

According to the latest advices I have received from Paris the California wines were being seriously taken into consideration in the three principal markets of France, but the letter was written on the 26th of June, and the new tariff was passed in July.

Considering the situation it is useless for me to trouble you any more either about bottled wines, or otherwise, and I will not take up your space further, unless some radical change is made in the actual new wine tariff. If changes are made I shall be pleased to advise your readers of some news which may give them more pleasure than what I have been compelled to write you to-day.

Yours truly,

D. Bankhardt

TRADE CIRCULARS.

From M. P. Mattingly.

OWENSBORO, KY., June 16, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—My distilleries closed down May 2nd, the production being less than half of that for last season, and strictly hand-made sour-mash whisky.

The experience of years proves to the trade that conservative production, united with superior quality of goods, and small outs, insure a safe and profitable investment. In these particulars my brands are worthy of your attention and comparison with any other of the standard Kentucky brands of sour-mash before buying.

The average outage during past eight years at unbonding—36 months—was about 5½ gallons per barrel, and this season the storage, cooerage, etc., is the same kind—quality, proof and outs guaranteed on each barrel.

Correspondence requested. Samples and prices upon application, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Yours truly,
M. P. MATTINGLY.

From Rheinstrom Bros.

CINCINNATI, June 1, 1891.

GENTLEMEN:—Appreciating the importance of the Eastern trade and the constantly increasing demand for our goods in your territory, we have concluded to locate our agency permanently at Brooklyn Bridge Store No. 2, New York City.

It will be our endeavor to supply you with goods at all times fully equal to the best in the market, and at prices as low as compatible with the quality of our line.

Our Mr. D. I. Johnson will have charge of the New York office after this date, and will take pleasure in calling upon you.

Hoping to be favored with a share of your patronage, we are,
Very Respectfully,

RHEINSTROM BROS.

From William Wolff & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 6, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—We beg to inform you of having received per ship Clan McFarlane from Hamburg invoices of the following brands of export whisky:

*Fall '88 T. B. Ripy.**Fall '88 Chickencock.**Spring '87 T. J. Monarch.**Spring '87 T. B. Ripy.*

Per ship Oceana from Hamburg:

Spring '88 Excelsior.

Samples and lowest quotations will be furnished to the trade only, on application.

Yours Respectfully,
WILLIAM WOLFF & Co.

From the Mellwood Distillery Co.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 1, 1891.

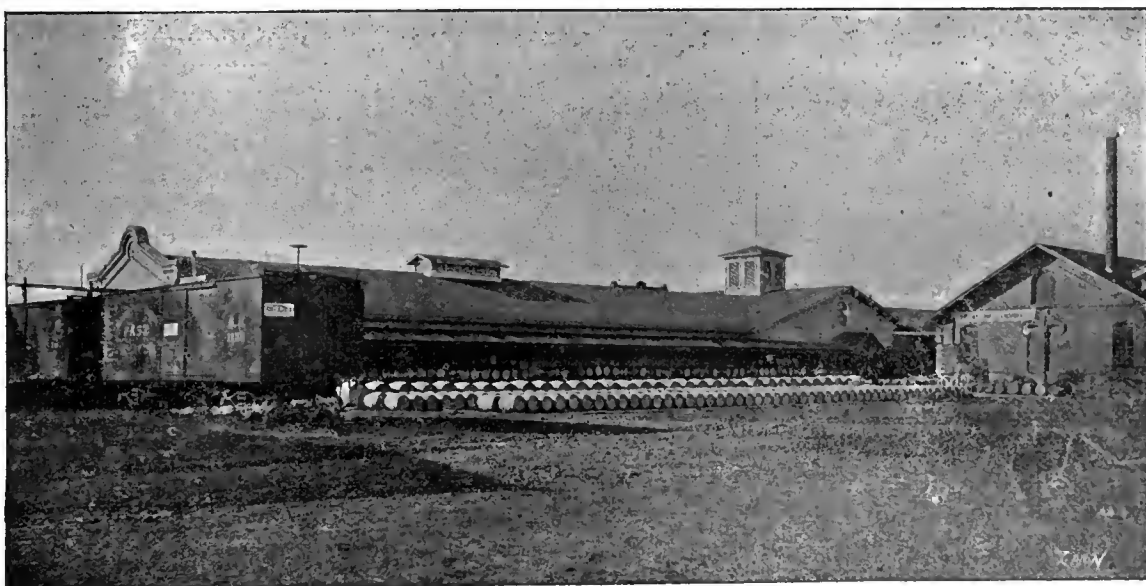
We take pleasure in announcing our having established at 85 East Washington st., room 4, Chicago, an agency for Chicago and the northwest. Mr. Jno. H. Walker, who will represent us there, will soon introduce himself to our friends, and we bespeak for him the same kindly consideration that has ever been manifested to our occasional representatives.

Respectfully,
MELWOOD DISTILLERY CO.

DON'T BUY A PIANO, ORGAN OR ANY OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENT without first writing to or visiting Kohler & Chase, 26, 28 & 30 O'Farrel St., above Grant Avenue, San Francisco, the largest and oldest dealers in this line on the coast. They have all grades of instruments and sell very close for cash or on installments. This is an old reliable firm that has a gitt edge reputation made by honest dealing, and always guaranteeing satisfaction.

EL PINAL VINEYARD,

ESTABLISHED 1852.



Winery and Distillery.

George West & Son, - - - Stockton, Cal.

SONOMA WINE & BRANDY CO., 1 & 3 FRONT ST., NEW YORK.

Buchanan's Circular.

EXPORTED WHISKIES.

I recapitulate the following statistics for the seasons ending October, 1890, 16th February, 24th March, and 1st May, 1891:

STOCK OF EXPORTED WHISKIES REMAINING ABROAD.

October 1, 1890.	January 1, 1891.
Crop of 1880) 1880..... 896 bbls.	
" 1881) 25,218 bbls.	1881..... 12,067 "
" 1882) 9,265 "	1882..... 22,228 bbls.
" 1883)	1883.....)
" 1884) 8,355 "	1884.....) 8,011 "
" 1885)	1885.....)
" 1886) 19,133 "	1886.....) 19,133 "
1887, and younger than 1887.... 26,931 "	1887, and younger than 1887.... 3,188 "
60,534 bbls.	52,560 bbls.
March 1, 1891.	May 1, 1891.
1880..... 876 bbls.	1880..... 658 bbls.
1881..... 10,168 "	1881..... 8,596 "
1882..... 8,940 "	1882..... 8,028 "
19,984 bbls.	17,282 bbls.
1883.....)	1883.....)
1884.....) 7,935 "	1884.....) 7,585 "
1885.....)	1885.....)
1886..... 17,051 "	1886..... 13,615 "
1887, and younger than 1887.... 2,913 "	1887, and younger than 1887.... 2,627 "
47,883 bbls.	41,109 bbls.

The re-importations for the months of May and June, 1891, have been as follows:

Of crop of 1880, 1881 and 1882.....	1,236 bbls.
" 1883, 1884 and 1885.....	735 "
" 1886.....	2,405 "
4,376 bbls.	

Reducing the stock of exported whisky remaining abroad July 1, 1891:

Of the crop of 1880 to.....	677 bbls.
" " 1881 to.....	9,085 "
" " 1882 to.....	6,284 "
" " 1883, 1884 and 1885.....	6,850 "
" " 1886.....	11,210 "
" " 1887, and younger than 1887....	3,075 "
37,181 bbls.	

NOTE.—In making up this statement corrections are made in the division of the stocks 1880, 1881 and 1882 whiskies, and figures now given are correct.

NOTE.—Stock of 1887, and younger than 1887, increases 448 barrels in consequence of exportation. Crop 1888 in excess of re-importation 1887 and younger than 1887.

These figures indicate a complete exhaustion of stocks of aged whiskies in the not far distant future.

Production of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of May, 1891:

Second District.....	287,343
Fifth ".....	1,692,241
Sixth ".....	535,652
Seventh ".....	584,284
Eighth ".....	735,002

Production for current season to April 30, '91, 28,257,158 "

Total production season July 1, '90 to May 31, '91, 32,091,680 gals.

Withdrawals of whisky in the State of Kentucky for the month of May, 1891:

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total.
2nd District.....	16,029	39,405	30,207	56,056	141,697 gals.
5th ".....	73,240	220,715	224,322	164,369	882,646 "
6th ".....	35,182	62,544	120,706	18,569	337,001 "
7th ".....	78,284	68,857	66,534	9,207	222,882 "
8th ".....	20,900	84,712	23,710	6,906	135,718 "
	226,125	476,231	475,509	285,107	1,462,972 gals.

Stock of whisky remaining in bond in the State of Kentucky May 31, 1891.

	1888	1889	1890	1891	Total.
2nd District.....	2,261	1,178,441	3,610,792	2,663,900	7,826,034 gals.
5th ".....	1,752	6,007,929	11,611,954	13,320,465	31,367,530 "
6th ".....	1,560	1,051,889	3,310,570	3,796,924	8,234,952 "
7th ".....	83,905	3,001,641	5,169,119	4,853,591	13,310,256 "
8th ".....	98,691	2,729,510	5,736,826	5,284,993	15,849,960 "
	990,188	14,269,410	29,439,261	29,919,873	74,588,732 "

GEORGE C. BUCHANAN,
Whisky Broker, 122 East Main Street.
Louisville, Ky., July 2, 1891.

Taylor's Circular.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 30, 1891.

To the Wholesale Whisky Trade:—We present herewith our usual tables, showing the bonded stocks of Kentucky whiskies of the three seasons of '88, '89 and '90, as of date May 31st, the production of the current season to that date and the amount of the said production then remaining in bond.

BONDED STOCKS OF '88s, '89s and '90s.

	'88s.	'89s.	'90s.	Total.
In bond Apr. 30, '91.....	1,183,313	14,745,643	29,914,770	45,843,726 gals.
Unbonded in May, 2nd, Dist.	16,029	39,405	30,207	85,641 "
5th ".....	73,240	220,715	234,322	528,277 "
6th ".....	35,182	62,544	120,706	218,432 "
7th ".....	78,284	68,857	66,534	213,675 "
8th ".....	20,900	84,712	23,740	129,352 "
Total.....	223,125	476,233	475,509	1,174,867 gals.
Leaving in bond May 31, '91, 990,188	14,269,410	29,439,261	44,668,859 gals.	

PRODUCTION '91 CROP.

Total production '91 crop through Apr. 30th ult., 28,175,649 gals. to which we add the production for May.

2nd District.....	287,343 gals.
5th ".....	1,692,241 "
6th ".....	535,652 "
7th ".....	584,284 "
8th ".....	735,002 "
	3,834,522 "

making the production to May 31, inclusive, say 32,010,171 gals. For the same period of the '90 crop the production was

In July, '89.....	801,630 gals.
In August, '89.....	304,558 "
In September, '89.....	288,404 "
In October, '89.....	767,397 "
In November, '89.....	2,428,740 "
In December, '89.....	3,937,850 "
In January, '90.....	4,488,555 "
In February, '90.....	4,229,707 "
In March, '90.....	4,796,897 "
In April, '90.....	5,283,897 "
In May, '90.....	5,495,325 "
	32,822,960 "

making the said crop, for the first eleven months, larger than the '91 crop by some.....812,789 gals.

BONDED STOCKS OF '91 CROP.

There remained in bond on April 30, '91, say.....26,370,458 gals. to which we add production for May above shown 3,834,522 "

30,204,980 gals.

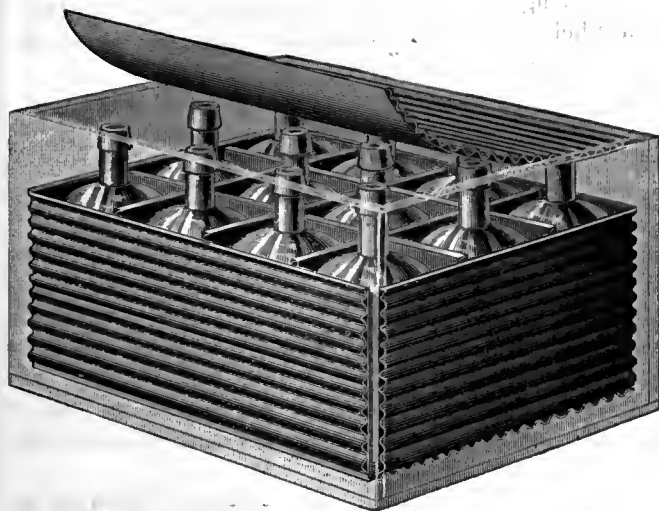
and subtract the withdrawals for May, viz:

2nd District.....	56,056
5th ".....	164,369
6th ".....	48,569
7th ".....	9,207
8th ".....	6,906
	285,107 gals.

leaving in bond of that crop on May 31, '91, say..29,919,873 gals.

Your obedient servants,


Frankfort, Ky.



DOUBLE-FACED PARTITION PACKING, WITH TOP PAD.

BOTTLE PACKING

OF CORRUGATED AND CORK PAPER.

The standard and only packing for all kinds of bottled goods. In general use through the trade.

Samples with estimates furnished on receipt of bottle or the exact dimensions stating the width each way and the height to shoulder and top.

THE THOMPSON & NORRIS CO.,

10 TO 39 PRINCE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

P. & B. FRUIT PAPERS

(PATENTED.)

ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FRUIT AND GRAPE DRYING.

No need of expensive wooden trays. No need of turning fruit. Costs much less than any other method
SAMPLES AND CIRCULARS FREE.

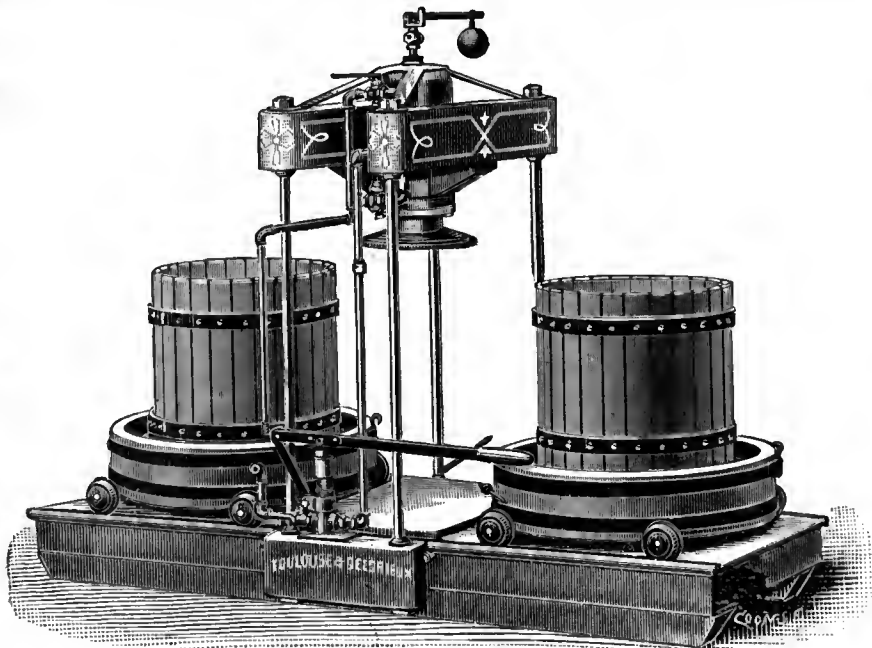
PARAFFINE PAINT COMPANY, - - - 116 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

NEW HYDRAULIC WINE PRESS.

MOST RAPID

PRESSING

Can be set up anywhere in a Wine Cellar as the Movable Troughs can be wheeled from one tank to another.



NEVER STOPS

CONTINUOUS

One Charge Prepared While The Other Is Pressed.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

TOULOUSE & DELORIEUX,

620-22 COMMERCIAL ST., - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

WM. H. SHIELDS,

WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

Cincinnati, O.

PRODUCTION OF LEADING BRANDS.

We are indebted to the *Critic* for the following partial statement of the production of some of the leading brands of whisky produced in the East last year and which have a large sale on this coast. Others will be published from time to time.

R. MONARCH BRANDS.

	Bbls.
Glenmore, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	1,276
Kentucky Club, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	2,314
T. J. Monarch, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	2,144
R. Monarch, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	2,082
Imperial, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	1,000
Short Horn Rye, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	488
Kentucky Midlands, Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	360

BELLE OF NELSON DISTILLING CO.

	Bbls.
This company has produced:	
Since Fall '81 to Spring '91, inclusive of bourbon and rye.....	32,347
Withdrawn from warehouses.....	26,245

Leaving on hand.....	6,102
Sub-divided as follows:	
Of Fall '88 and Spring '89.....	840
Of Fall '89 and Spring '90.....	2,240
Of Fall '90 and Spring '91.....	3,022

H. W. SMITH & CO.

WOODLAND—Of this brand there was made in '91 but 2,010 barrels.

FREELAND—Of same age, 2,025 barrels.

E. H. TAYLOR JR. & SONS.

"We are now closing down the 'Old Taylor' distillery after making our regular annual crop of 4,000 barrels, in accordance with information we published to the trade that our annual crop of Old Taylor, rye and bourbon combined, has never exceeded, and under our management, will never exceed 4,000 barrels. Our Old Taylor is strictly a high grade specialty and the over-production of whisky in Kentucky will in no wise affect its position."

W. B. SAMUELS & CO.

The brand of this firm, controlled at present by Messrs. Hoffheimer Bros., Cincinnati, proves that the stock of '89s and following ages have been kept strictly within conservative limits. There were made of '89s, 1,210 barrels, of which up to May 31st, 456 have already been voluntarily tax-paid, and at the time of writing fully 50 per cent. has been withdrawn from bond. In 1890-91 there were produced but 2,000 barrels for each season, and this certainly must be considered conservative production, particularly with the large sources of distribution backing it.

WHITE MILLS.

This brand, also controlled by Hoffheimer Bros., shows that in '89 there were made 2,278 barrels, of which up to May 31, there was voluntarily tax-paid 1,892 barrels, leaving but 386 barrels in bond, or 20 per cent. of the entire produce. This may serve as a good pointer for brokers who may be trying to secure some of this brand in bond, for it may save them considerable dispatching, and also a pointer to the holders of the remnant to hold on to what they have, as being practically not replaceable. The output of '90 consisted of 4,463 barrels, 1,631 of which have already been withdrawn. Such a large withdrawal of '90s speaks for itself and for the care bestowed upon storing and maturing the brand. At this rate, not a barrel will be in bond long before the taxpaying season comes round. In the current season there was made less than in '90.

The same firm also controls White Mills Rye, of which there was made in '89, 1,100 barrels, every gallon of which has already been taxpaid. There need therefore, be no fear as to the 917 barrels made this year.

BELLE OF ANDERSON COUNTY.

Messrs. Ed. Murphy & Co., owners of the above brand have also followed an eminently conservative course during this season, and as almost all their goods are freed before the allotted time, and the small product made is of such excellent grade that it is regarded by the trade in the light of a specialty and cannot

therefore put any figure in the general output of Kentuckies. The goods are held by the trade for their legitimate wants entirely irrespective of the course of the market.

OLD TIMES, GLADSTONE AND KENTUCKY COMFORT.

Mr. Charles Lemmon, the owner of the above three brands, should be given due recognition by the trade for the conservative outputs he has made during the current season. This can be best attested by the statistical exhibit:

Of Kentucky Comfort, there was made in '87, 2,100; in '88, 2,500, and in '90, 4,200, which indicates a steadily increasing trade for the brand. In '91, Mr. Lemmon reduced the production to 1,960 bbls., which is a reduction of 60 per cent. from the former season, and less than in the two previous seasons.

Of Gladstone, there was made in the current season but 676 bbls., which is less than one-fourth of that made in '90, and every barrel is sold.

Of Old Times this year had a smaller out-put than in '90, and every barrel is sold.

When it is considered that all the above three brands have been steadily growing in popularity with steadily increasing consumption, the status commends itself so forcibly as to require no further emphasizing.

THE ANAHEIM DISEASE.

Ethelbert Dowlen States that the Disease Seems to be Disappearing in the South.

In response to a letter of inquiry from us Prof. Ethelbert Dowlen, the expert who investigated the Anaheim Disease for the Viticultural Commissioners, has sent the following statement of the condition of the vines in the south:

SAN GABRIEL, July 6, 1891.

The present condition of the vineyards in the Los Angeles Viticultural district is, on the whole, encouraging. The Anaheim disease has not yet disappeared, it is true, but the proportion of vines newly affected by the disease is not so great at present, as at the corresponding period of last year. In a few vineyards, the disease has done considerable damage since the last pruning. Many vines which, in the fall were only slightly diseased and were in fair condition at the time of pruning, having died during the winter. This is a repetition of what occurred in the winter of 1889-1890, but this state of things is not general.

The first signs of disease were apparent this year about the first week in June, and were mostly confined to those vines which showed signs of sickness last year. The continued cool weather, and late rains of spring appear to have been of considerable benefit, enabling the vines to build themselves up before the hot weather set in, and thus be better able to resist the effects of excessive heat.

The vines generally started well this year, and made an exceedingly healthy and vigorous growth, which, up to the present time, has been maintained. The crop promises to be a good one though not perhaps up to the mark of last year. The Blane Elba and Burger varieties especially promise a heavy crop.

One correspondent writes that, though last year he gathered eight tons per acre from his Blane Elba, and ten tons per acre from his Burger vines, he expects the crop to be nearly, if not quite, as large this year as it was last; he also sends a good account of the Mataro, and Trousseau vines.

From San Diego county, also, good reports have come to hand. In the Sweetwater valley the vines, chiefly Muscats, are reported as making a very vigorous growth, with prospects of a good crop. In this county also the disease appears to be gradually lessening in strength.

Cuttings planted out this year have generally done well, making even a better growth than those set out last year. Cuttings taken from local vineyards have done quite as well as, and sometimes even better than those obtained from vineyards in the northern part of the State.

Of course there is plenty of time yet for damage to be done, but as the vines have had a better start this year, it may happen that they will be able to maintain their present condition.

ETHELBERT DOWLEN.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.

— PRODUCERS OF —

CHAMPAGNE ECLIPSE,

— AND DEALERS' IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Proprietors of

ORLEANS VINEYARD.

530 Washington Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

S. LACHMAN & CO.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

California Wines and Brandies.

Old and Well Matured Wines a Specialty.

LARGEST SHERRY PRODUCERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO:
453-465 Brannan Street.



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22, 24, 26 Elm Street.

C. FUNDSCHE.

J. GUNDLACH.

J. GUNDLACH & CO.

Vineyard Proprietors and Shippers of

California Wines and Brandies,

PROPRIETORS RHINE FARM, SONOMA, CAL.

And BACCHUS WINE VAULTS, 438-442 Bryant St., S. F.

San Francisco Office,
S. E. COR. MARKET & SECOND STS.

New York Branch,
52 WARREN STREET.



H. BRUNHILD & CO.

323 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR

Gebruder Eckel, - - -	Deidesheim, - - -	Rhine, Moselle and Pfalzer Wines
H. Eckel & Co., - - -	Champagne	J. Dupont & Co., - - - Cognac
Riuz, Mata & Co., - - -	Sherries	Chr. Motz & Co., Bordeaux, Clarets & Sauternes
Blankenhym & Nolet (Centaur) - Gin		Archambeaud Freres, Bordeaux - Cordials

ALSO IMPORTERS OF

RAMSAY SCOTCH WHISKY; OTARD DUPUY & CO., BRANDY; OPORTO AND TARRAGONA PORTS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.

ORDERS FOR DIRECT IMPORTATION SOLICITED.

PACIFIC COAST BRANCH 217 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO
S. GLASER, Manager.

Treasury Regulations.

NOTICE OF DISSATISFACTION AS TO DUTIES AND FEES CHARGED.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May, 23, 1891.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs.—According to the old law (Revised Statutes, 2931) and Department Regulations (Article 360, General Customs Regulations of 1881) in case of dissatisfaction of an owner, importer, consignee or agent with a decision by a collector of duties levied on merchandise, appeal therefrom was made to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The present law on the subject (promulgated in Department Regulations of August 7, 1890) is as follows:

SECTION 11, ACT OF JUNE 10, 1890.

That the decision of the collector as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable upon imported merchandise, including all dutiable costs and charges, and as to all fees and exactions of whatever character (except duties on tonnage), shall be final and conclusive against all persons interested therein, unless the owner, importer, consignee or agent of such merchandise, or the person paying such fees, charges and exactions other than duties, shall, within ten days after "but not before" such ascertainment and liquidation of duties, as well in cases of merchandise entered in bond as for consumption, or within ten days after the payment of such fees, charges and exactions, if dissatisfied with such decision, give notice in writing to the collector, setting forth therein distinctly and specifically, and in respect to each entry or payment, the reasons for his objections thereto, and if the merchandise is entered for consumption shall pay the full amount of the duties and charges ascertained to be due thereon. Upon such notice and payment, the collector shall transmit the invoice, and all the papers and exhibits connected therewith, to the board of three general appraisers, which shall be on duty at the Port of New York, or to a board of three general appraisers who may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury for such duty at that port or at any other port, which board shall examine and decide the case thus submitted, and their decision or that of a majority of them, shall be final and conclusive upon all persons interested therein, and the record shall be transmitted to the proper collector, or person acting as such, who shall liquidate the entry accordingly, except in cases where an application shall be filed in the circuit court within the time and in the manner provided for in section fifteen of this act.

Under the old law an appropriate notice as to appeals appeared on the backs of all blank receipts for duties and fees (Catalogue Nos. 395 and 399), and under the present law an extract from the section above quoted appears on the backs of all such blank receipts issued by the Department. The blanks with the now obsolete notices should be used until exhausted, but Collectors and other Chief Officers of the Customs will see that importers and all others interested are fully advised of the above change in law and practice.

O. L. SPaulding,
Assistant Secretary.

(11052.—G. A. 495.)

Medical preparation containing alcohol.—Chloral hydrate dutiable as.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, April 15, 1891. In the matter of the protest, 6288 91a, of Schering & Glatz, against the decision of the collector of customs at New York as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain "chemical compounds" chloral hydrate, imported per vessels and at dates named in the accompanying schedule.

Opinion by L. S. T. General Appraiser.

Chloral hydrate, the subject of this protest, was classified by the collector, under paragraph 74, N. T., as "a medicinal preparation, * * * of which alcohol is a component part, or in the preparation of which alcohol is used, not specially provided for in this act." The protestants claim that it should be classified under paragraph 76, N. T., as a chemical compound not specially provided for. They were represented at the hearing, and upon

the evidence there taken, we find that chloral hydrate is a medicinal preparation; that alcohol is used in its preparation, and that the substance contains certain elements of alcohol. It is not otherwise specially provided for in the new tariff, but is embraced in the provisions of paragraph 74 as classified.

The protestants also claim in a separate protest that the act of October 1, 1890, is unconstitutional, which contention, in accordance with our former decisions, we cannot sustain.

The protests are overruled and the action of the collector affirmed.

(11211.—G. A. 570.)

SPARKLING WINE—VINO NEBIOLO (1883).

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, May 6, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 732 b, of A. Vensano, against the decision of the collector of customs at San Francisco, Cal., as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain wine, vino nebiolo, imported per San Blas.

Opinion by WILKINSON, General Appraiser.

The merchandise in question is a red wine invoiced and labeled "Vino Nebiolo." Duty was assessed upon it as a sparkling wine at \$7 per dozen bottles and 3 cents a bottle, under T. I., 307, act March 3, 1883. Appellants claim that it is a still wine, and dutiable at only \$1.60 per dozen bottles, under T. I., 308.

The bottles containing the wine are of a character similar to champagne bottles, with the corks strongly wired down. The wine effervesces with every movement of the bottle, and when the wires are cut, the cork pops out, there is a discharge of gas, and the wine foams.

It is a sparkling wine, and according to expert evidence taken by the Board, Italian wines of this character are known as sparkling wines.

The decision of the collector is affirmed.

(11214.—G. A. 573.)

CORDIALS—PROOF GALLONS.

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, May 6, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 7752a, of F. H. Stemmler & Co., against the decision of the collector of customs at New York, as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain cordials, imported per La Bourgoyne, November 26, 1890.

Opinion by SHARRETT, General Appraiser.

The importation under consideration, consists of thirteen cases of cordials in bottles. It is admitted, and we find that the cordial contained less than 50 per cent. of alcohol. Duty was assessed upon the merchandise at the rate of \$2.50 per wine gallon of measurement, under the provisions of paragraph 332 and 330, act of October 1, 1890.

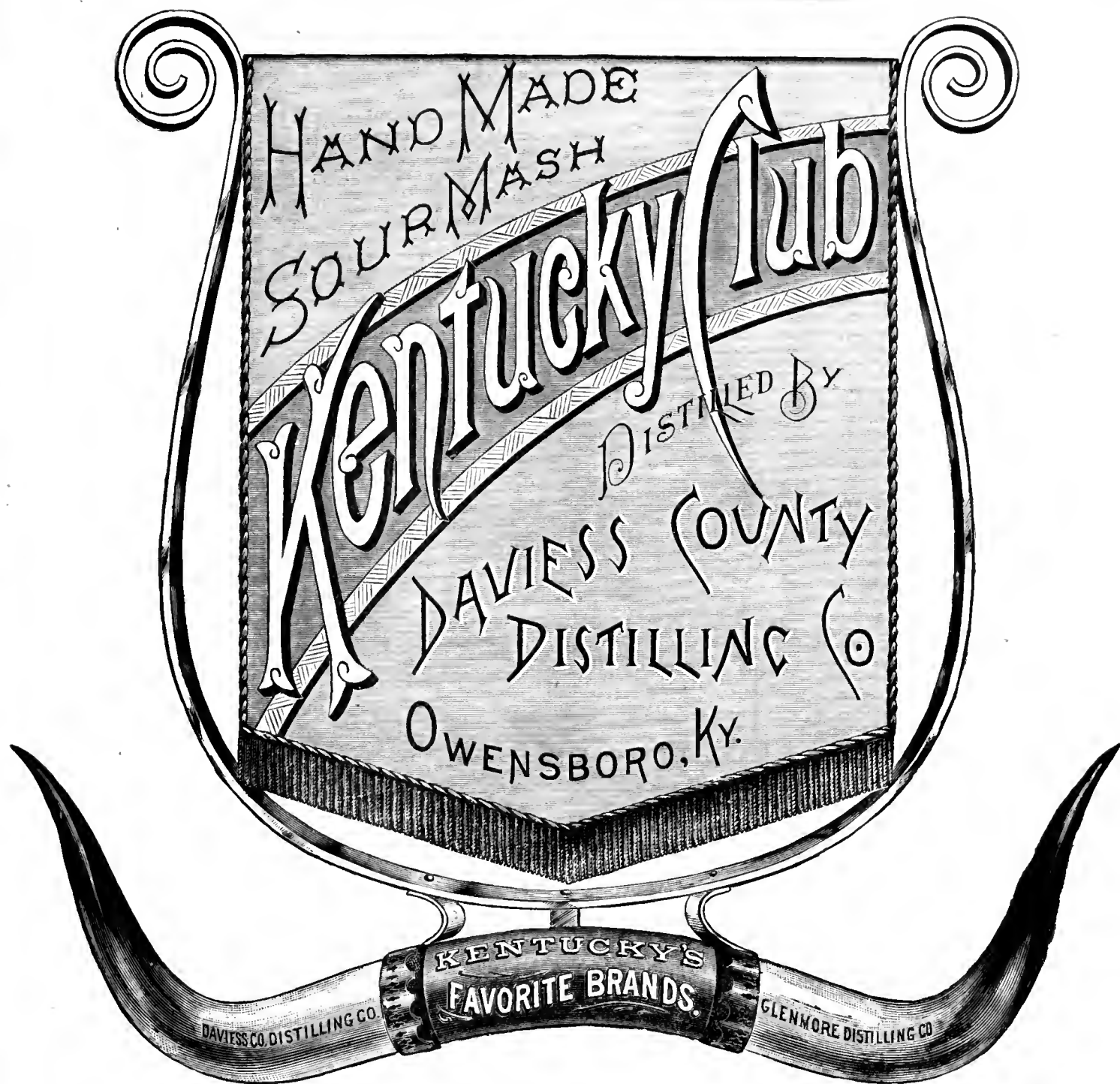
Rejecting so much of the claim of the protestants as relates to the constitutionality of the act of October 1, 1890, we turn to the consideration of their contention concerning the rate of duty properly applicable to the merchandise under the said act. In their protest they say:

"We claim said merchandise to be dutiable under the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, Schedule H, at \$2.50 per proof gallon, and that your assessment of duty is not made upon the proof gallon; that there was not in each or any of said gallons as assessed 50 per cent. of alcohol; that one-half of the volume of said cordial was not alcohol of the specific gravity of .7939 at 60 degrees Fahrenheit, as provided in section 3,249, Revised Statutes."

We do not consider the objections thus raised against the rate and amount of duty assessed upon the cordial as being based upon sound principles of law. We hold that so much of section 3249 of the Revised Statutes as conflicts with the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, stands repealed. The Treasury Department has held as early as 1874 (Synopsis 1849), and since, that cordials in bottles are liable to duty upon each wine gallon at the rate provided for each proof gallon when under proof.

The pertinent portions of the several paragraphs in the present act applicable to the merchandise are as follows:

Par. 330. Each and every gauge or wine gallon of measurements shall be counted as at least one proof gallon.



GLENMORE

DISTILLED BY
GLENMORE DISTILLING CO.

R. MONARCH, PRES.
OWENSBORO, KY.

R. MONARCH

HAND MADE
SOUR MASH
DISTILLED BY
R. MONARCH,
OWENSBORO, KY.

We have spared neither effort nor expense to make "GLENMORE" the finest early maturing Sour-Mash Whiskey ever produced in Kentucky and the flattering recognition extended to that brand by the trade is proof enough to us that our efforts have been crowned with entire success.

GLENMORE DISTILLING CO.

Our Cooperage is our own manufacture.

OUTS AND PROOF GUARANTEED

Goods delivered F. O. B. either Boat or Cars.



CHAS. MEINECKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

314 Sacramento Street,

San Francisco, Cal.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST FOR

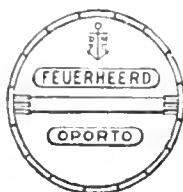
Deutz & Gelderman, Ay... Champagne.
 Dupanloup & Co., Reims... Champagne.
 Champagne Vineyard Proprietors' Co., Brandies.
 Boutelleau & Co., Managers... Cognac.
 J. J. Meder & Zoon, Schiedam... Swan Gin.
 I. A. I. Nolet, Schiedam... IAIN.
 Game Cock and Double Eagle Gins.
 Boord & Son, London... Jamaica Rums, Etc.
 John Ramsay, Islay... Scotch Whisky.
 Lacave & Co., Cadiz... Crown Sherries.

Duff Gordon & Co., Port St. Mary's... Fine Sherries.
 Lacave & Co., Sevilla... Queen Olives.
 D. M. Feuerheerd, Jr. & Co., Oporto... Fine Ports.
 Bonsoms, Muller & Bacot, Tarragona... Ports.
 A. de Luze & fils, Bord'x... Fine Clarets, Sauternes, Olive Oil.
 C. Marcy & Liger-Belair, Nuits... Burgundies.
 G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz... Hock Wines.
 Schultz & Wagner, Frankfurt-on-the-M... Hock Wines.
 Haussmann Junr, Traben... Mosel wines.
 Gebr. Macholl, Munich... Kirschwasser.

Genoveva... Natural Sparkling Mineral Water.
 Royal Prussian Springs... Selters Water.
 Rakoczy Bitter Water Co., Budapest, Mineral Water.
 Moore & Sinnott, Philadelphia... Whiskies.
 A. Chevallier-Appert... Paris Wine Finings.
 A. Boake Roberts & Co., London... Wine Finings.
 J. J. W. Peters, Hamburg... Cherry Cordial.
 Standard Mineral Water Co., Liverpool... Ginger Ale.
 Prune Juice Extract.
 St. Croix Rum.
 Batavia Arrack.
 Medford Rum, Etc., Etc.



SWAN GIN.



Boord's Old Tom Gin

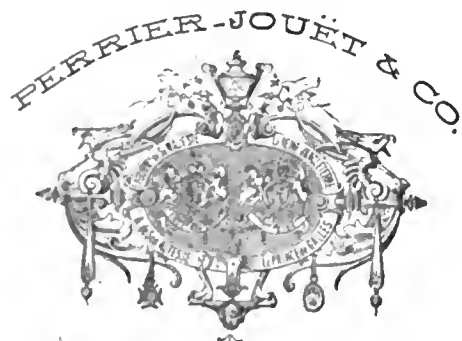


TRIPLE FLAVOR GIN.

SANDEMAN, BUCK & CO.
JEREZ.

H. CUVILLIER & FRÈRE

SANDEMAN & CO.
OPORTO.



Epernay, Champagne.



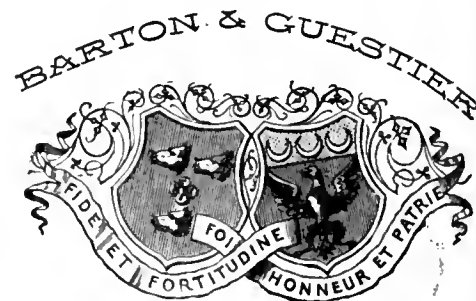
DE RUSSIE

BORDEAUX

BOUCHARD PÈRE & FILS



Beaune Cote d'Or.



Bordeaux.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
 AGENT AND IMPORTER,
 123 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Par. 332. Cordials * * * and other spirituous beverages, * * * two dollars and fifty cents per proof gallon.

Par. 333. No lower rate or amount of duties shall be levied, collected and paid on * * * spirituous beverages than that fixed by law for the description of first proof.

The cordial in question is of less strength than first proof. It is a spirituous beverage within the intent and meaning of the law. In our opinion, therefore, the assessment of duty upon the same was correct, and it is affirmed.

(11245.—G. A. 604.)

ALCOHOLIC COMPOUNDS—FORTIFIED LEMON JUICE (1883).

Before the U. S. General Appraisers at New York, May 23, 1891.

In the matter of the protest, 999, a, of J. B. Morrell & Co., against the decision of the Collector of Customs at New York as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain lemon juice, imported per Britannic, August 25, 1890.

Opinion by TICHENOR, General Appraiser.

The merchandise in dispute is described in the invoice and bill of lading as "fortified juice," and was entered as "fruit juice" containing less than 10 per cent alcohol. It was returned by the appraiser as "fortified lemon juice, absolute alcohol by volume 7.50 per cent., by weight 5.94 percent." and duty was accordingly assessed thereon at the rate of \$2 per gallon for the alcohol contained and 25 per cent. ad valorem, under the provision in T. I. 103 (act March 3, 1883), for "Alcoholic compounds not otherwise specially enumerated or provided for."

The appellants claim (1) that it is entitled to free entry under T. I., 543, which provides for "lemon juice and lime juice," or (2) if not free is dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem, as "fruit juice," under T. I., 301, which reads: "Fruits preserved in their own juices, and fruit juice, 20 per cent. ad valorem."

In the act of 1883, as well as in the new tariff act, Congress adhered consistently to the policy of imposing high rates of duty upon spirituous beverages and intoxicating liquors of all kinds. That it was its purpose to safeguard our system of internal revenue taxation by levying upon all compounds, preparations, etc., containing alcohol or distilled spirits duties equal to and exceeding the excise taxes laid on these latter articles, is abundantly manifest from the numerous provisions (other than T. I., 103), on the subject in Schedules A and H of the act of 1883, and in the present act. This purpose is indeed further emphasized by the imposition in these acts of discriminating rates of duty upon various articles in the preparation of which alcohol is used, even though such articles in their complete condition as imported may not actually contain any of the alcohol thus used.

Juices of the lemon and lime to which 7½ per cent. of alcohol has been added are in fact alcoholic compounds, and are intoxicating beverages.

It is a matter of common knowledge that the simple juice of the lemon does not contain alcohol, and has been known to commerce for many years as "lemon juice." It appears plain to us that this is the article intended to be made free of duty by T. I., 543, and by paragraph 631 of the new act, and not such a compound as the article in question, which, according to the invoice and bill of lading, appears to be known in the trade as "fortified juice."

The importers having had notice to submit to the Board such evidence as they desired in support of their contention. Mr. Joseph B. Morrell, one of the firm appeared before us on the 17th ultimo, and, among other things, testified, in effect, as follows: That lemon juice fortified with spirits was not bought and sold in this market prior to 1887; that "fortified lemon juice is the simple juice with the addition of spirits to preserve it in hot climates; the juice is clarified before being fortified;" that both the plain juice and the "fortified" article are known as lemon juice; that if filling an order for a British vessel his firm would furnish the "fortified juice," but if for an American vessel they would furnish the plain juice, because it is the cheaper; that in ordering for themselves from abroad, they ordered "fortified lemon juice," as they never imported the plain juice, but if they wanted the latter, they would simply say "lemon juice."

The Treasury Department decided, under date of July 17,

1888 (Synopsis 8948), that "fortified lemon juice" containing 7½ per cent. alcohol, claimed to be added for the sole purpose of preventing fermentation, was not the lemon juice of commerce, but was dutiable under T. I., 103, as an alcohol compound. Congress has sanctioned this decision by providing for the article in the same terms in the new act as in the old, without extending the exemption to "fortified juice" or to juice containing a fixed percentage of alcohol.

We find as matter of fact that the merchandise in question is not the article provided for as "lemon juice" in T. I., 543, also that it is not the article provided for as "fruit juice" in T. I. 301, as alternately claimed by the appellants, and we hold that the same was correctly assessed for duty at \$2 per gallon for the alcohol contained and 25 per cent. ad valorem, under T. I., 103.

The action of the collector is accordingly affirmed.

THEY ARE A SUCCESS.

The tariff debates in the French Chambers brought to the fore again the question of phylloxera and American vines, which, it is again admitted, are important agents for the restitution of vineyards. The Associated Press correspondent having asked the opinions of eminent specialists concerning the condition of the vine growing regions, received numerous replies all of which confirm the statement.

Pasteur says: "I have often heard our wine growers praise American vines."

Senator Meinadier says: "My department, Gard, was first invaded by phylloxera. We had 93,000 hectares of vineyards, of which only one-eight escaped. Today we have about 1000 hectares treated by submersion, about 1000 by insecticides and nearly 30,000 planted with American vines."

Dr. Menudier, Vice President of one of the departmental phylloxera committees, says: "Since 1889 the territory in the department of lower Charente covered with American vines is nearly doubled."

In the department of which Marseilles is the capital, the region planted with American vines is equal to that planted with French vines.

The Professor of Agriculture in the department of Puy de Dome writes: "French vines grafted on American stock yields wine as good as, if not better than, that given by ungrafted French species."

The report from the famous Burgundy vineyards is most encouraging, and shows that the day is rapidly approaching when that region will stand where it did before the phylloxera invasion. Similar reports have been received from other great wine districts, and it is now generally an accepted opinion that within ten years the vintage of France will be greater than ever before, and not inferior in quality.

Canadian wines, especially those of Pelee Island, are coming to the front in Canada, and to a large extent replacing the foreign article. Their greater purity and comparative cheapness have much to do with this. Pelee Island, the most southern part of Canada, is situated in Lake Erie, and enjoys great climatic advantages. Here the Catawba, Isabella and Virginia Seedling can be thoroughly ripened, an impossibility in other sections of the Dominion. The first vineyard was established in Pelee Island in 1866, and is known as the Vin Villa Vineyard. For the last seventeen years the entire sale of its wines has been under the control of the well-known wine firm of J. S. Hamilton & Co., Brantford, Ont. Nine years later they took control of the West View Vineyard. Three years ago the Pelee Island Wine and Vineyards Company (Limited) was chartered, with offices and warehouses at Brantford, Ont., and wine-house and vineyard at Pelee Islands. Mr. J. S. Hamilton is President of the company, and his firm was given the sole agency. This year Messrs. J. S. Hamilton & Co. took control of the South View Vineyards, Pelee Island. They also control the Fairfield Plains Vineyards and St. Malo Vineyards, Tilsonburg. Messrs. J. S. Hamilton & Co. stand at the head of the trade in Canada, and will make an extensive exhibit at the Jamaica Exhibition in January, 1891.

Business Record.

Changes and Dissolutions in Partnership.

W. V. Tacher & Co., Denver, Colo., dissolved.
 Connelly & Shea, Leadville, Colo., dissolved.
 Paché Bros., Marysville, Cal., Louis Miller, admitted.
 P. A. Wood & Co., Tacoma, Wash., dissolved, P. A. Wood, continues.
 Wright & Silvers, Seattle, Wash., dissolved.
 Carsten & Hansen, Petaluma, Cal., dissolved, Carsten & Thorkelsen continues.
 Pacheco & Lonnibos, Petaluma, Cal., dissolved, Lonnibos continues.
 Graves & Bemis, San Jose, Cal., dissolved, Geo. E. Graves continues.
 Briggs & Cook, Portland, Or., dissolved.
 Cook & Buttege, Portland, Or., dissolved.
 Foster & Coffman, Tacoma, Wash., dissolved, Coffman continues.
 Jorgenson & Simonsen, Pleasanton, Cal., dissolved, H. Lund succeeds Jorgenson.
 P. Torrey, Los Angeles, Cal., F. G. Yapp admitted.
 Roberts & McMillan, Santa Rosa, Cal., dissolved, McMillan continues.
 Zimmerman & Ellsworth, Eureka, Cal., dissolved.

Failures, Attachments, Etc.

M. L. Asher & Co., San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Connor & Burke, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 J. J. Cuello, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 G. J. Meyer, Pendleton, Or., attached.
 J. H. Williams & Co., New Whatecom, Wash., attached.
 S. Schneltzer, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 A. Moore, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 H. Ottersen, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 B. Ducker, Modesto, Cal., attached.
 Marro & Spagna, Portland, Or., attached.
 Columbus Brewing Co., Sacramento, Cal., attempt to force into insolvency.
 Scharlinghausen Bros., San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Charles Newman, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 Phil Hollenbach & Co., Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
 Elias Grubler, Sacramento, Cal., attached.
 J. G. Jones, Vina, Cal., attached.
 E. Solomon, Seattle, Wash., attached.
 E. Berges, Whatcom, Wash., attached.
 Chas. Neumann, San Francisco, Cal., in insolvency.
 Culver & Harris, Dunsmluir, Cal., attached.
 John B. Meyers, Angels Camp, Cal., attached.
 J. J. Becker, National City, Cal., attached.
 Gus Moeck, National City, Cal., attached.
 E. J. Baldwin, Truckee, Cal., attached.

Hepburn & Terry, Ventura, Cal., attached.
 D. G. M. Lean, Seattle, Wash., assigned.
 Cart & Co., Denver, Colo., attached.
 A. B. Chaffern, Durango, Colo., attached.
 H. B. Lambert, Grants Pass, Or., attached.
 C. H. McLellan, B. a., Cal., attached.
 O. M. Woodworth, Aspen, Colo., attached.
 Hauer & Vogt, Denver, Colo., attached.
 V. Lugnet, Ballona, Cal., attached.
 N. L. Serson, Los Angeles, Cal., attached.
 Cole, Henry & Rose, Santa Monica, Cal., attached.
 W. F. Allen & Co., Seattle, Wash., attached.
 Jos. Koster, San Francisco, Cal., attached.
 C. Bruns, San Francisco, Cal., attached.

Sold Out.

W. H. Redfield, Glendale, Or., to Geo. G. Elliff.
 A. J. McCray, Buffalo, Wyo.
 R. F. Hill, Portland, Or.
 D. Jensen, Hollister, Cal.
 P. Zeratte, Santa Ana, Cal.
 Jos. Biddle, Hanford, Cal., to B. J. Turner.
 John Bettancourt, San Rafael, Cal., to W. B. Shank.
 D. Robinson, Gualala, Cal., to H. Bowen.
 Chas. Duetzler, Los Angeles, Cal.
 C. Hendrickson, Fairfield, Cal.
 J. Liver, San Gabriel, Cal.
 C. Eisele, Portland, Or.
 F. J. McLaughlin, Oakland, Cal.
 A. V. Wolley, Guadalupe, Cal.
 B. Estes, Fort Bragg, Cal.
 H. J. Biederman, Los Angeles, Cal.
 J. J. Fitzgerald, Montrose, Colo.

Out of Business.

S. T. Anselmo, Los Angeles, Cal.
 A. C. Freese, Pueblo, Colo.
 -Sebastine, San Gabriel, Cal.
 Peter Straub, Portland, Or.
 J. F. Ardant, Los Angeles, Cal.
 F. Finley, Mayflower Mine, Cal.
 Wm. Jamison, Sanger, Cal.
 Wm. Melbor, Sanger, Cal.
 Wm. Huntington, Sanger, Cal.

Deceased.

D. A. McMillan, Sonora, Cal.
 H. Farmer, San Francisco, Cal.
 M. Lanahan, Truckee, Cal.

Special Inquiry Advisable.

Stevens & Gordon, Vancouver, B. C.
 S. M. Free, Salt Lake City, Utah.
 Arnold S. Schoch, San Jose, Cal., missing.
 Sullivan & O'Brien, Salt Lake City, Utah.
 A. S. Dore, San Francisco, Cal.
 James Kennedy, Great Falls, Mont.
 John Falvey, San Francisco, Cal.
 Chas. Roden, Trout Lake, Colo.

E. C. Langdon, Bozeman, Mont.
 A. Keitel, San Francisco, Cal.
 W. B. Hubbert, Portland, Or.

Burned Out.

W. P. Partridge, Denver, Colo.
 J. P. Crowley, Denver, Colo.
 Fox & Stricker, Denver, Colo.
 W. H. Moss, Sisson, Cal.
 Aug. Huber, San Francisco, Cal.
 Richardson & Johnson, Madera, Cal.
 John Carey, Madera, Cal.
 M. Ward, Round Mountain, Cal.
 W. J. Varney, Portland, Or.
 T. S. Ferreira, Decoto, Cal.
 J. S. Lowenthal, Modesto, Cal.
 Wm. Minnis, Woodland, Cal.

Deeds and Transfers.

Henry Campe & Co., Cal., H. M. Campe conveyed realty, \$10.
 J. Classen, San Jose, Cal., conveyed realty \$10.
 J. Wilson, La Grande, Or., conveyed realty, \$116.
 E. H. Keyser, Portland, Or., conveyed realty, \$2,000.
 Marro & Spagna, Portland, Or., A. Marro conveyed realty \$1200.
 Hidden Bros., Vancouver, Wash., L. M. Hidden conveyed realty \$625.
 J. Gobetti, Occidental, Cal., received deed \$200.
 E. Fleur, Los Angeles, Cal., received deed \$800.
 W. Costion, Mountain View, Cal., received deed \$300.
 Fred Rank, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John J. Galvin, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$10.
 John Strom, Portland, Or., received deed \$300, conveyed realty \$1,700.
 G. A. Buchanan, Gervais, Or., conveyed realty \$10.
 Julius Kuhn, Portland, Or., conveyed realty, \$3,250.
 B. Hoening, Portland, Or., received deed \$1,000.
 S. Reinhart, Los Angeles, Cal., conveyed realty, \$1,000.
 Rakeman & Schwerin, San Francisco, Cal., Rakeman conveyed realty, \$10.
 J. M. Parker & Co., San Francisco, Cal., M. A. Gunst conveyed realty, \$10.
 Blackburn & James, Paso Robles, Cal., with others conveyed realty on trust, \$150,000.
 G. Wohlgethan, Snohomish, Wash., conveyed realty, \$320.
 John C. Davis, Hanford, Cal., received deed, \$600.
 J. Lutz, San Francisco, Cal., received deed \$—.
 A. J. Richardson, Stayton, Or., conveyed realty, \$600.
 John Herrman, Stockton, Cal., conveyed realty, \$—.
 Wm. O'Brien, Portland, Or., conveyed realty, \$6,000.
 C. B. Grass, San Francisco, Cal., received deed, \$10.

Seegelman & Buckner, San Francisco, Cal., conveyed realty, \$10.
 S. F. Stock Brewery, San Francisco, Cal., received deed, \$2,800.
 J. Wilson, La Grande, Or., conveyed realty, \$1,000.
 J. M. Kline, Vancouver, Wash., received deed, \$1,200.
 L. A. Bozarth, Vancouver, Wash., conveyed realty, \$1,200.
 McDougald, Sangster & Co., Stockton, Cal., W. A. McDougald conveyed realty, \$—.
 F. Creem, San Francisco, Cal., received deed, \$10.

Bills of Sale.

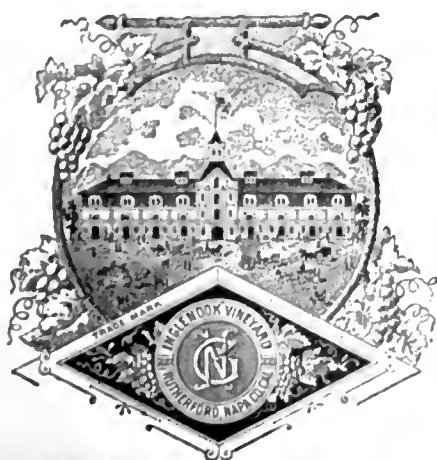
L. Silverie, Seattle, Wash., \$2,150.
 J. H. Simonsen, Portland, Or., \$1,200.
 H. McKenzie, Centralia, Wash., \$1,000.
 F. Hunt, Spokane, Wash., \$325.
 Fred. Schaefer, Los Angeles, Cal., \$990.
 H. E. Campbell, Seattle, Wash., \$3,000.
 D. Wurtzburg & Co., Sehome, Wash., \$1,000.
 W. J. Waterhouse, Los Angeles, Cal., \$850.
 S. Carson, Portland, Or., \$2,500.
 P. Cook, Portland, Or., \$1,400.
 E. Hill, Spokane, Wash., \$300.
 Clark & Keating, Tacoma, Wash., \$1,500.
 Scholl & Hoffman, Tacoma, Wash., \$2,000.
 J. R. Ball, Los Angeles, Cal., \$25.
 N. Bengley, Seattle, Wash., \$1.
 J. R. Pall, Los Angeles, Cal., \$—.
 J. M. Albin, Fresno, Cal., \$3,500.
 P. Gassman, Tacoma, Wash., \$150.
 Thies & Nunn, Denver, Colo., \$3,900.
 W. Hoesman, Denver, Colo., \$—.
 Baer Bros., Leadville, Colo., \$2,400.

Realty Mortgages.

S. Sechtem Bros., Portland, Or., L. Sechtem, \$14,000.
 Childs Bros., San Francisco, Cal., Geo. B. Childs, \$400.
 F. Rank, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,250.
 Bernhard & Monaghan, Fresno, Cal., G. H. Bernhard, \$2,000.
 Henry Moller, Santa Rosa, Cal., \$1,230.
 J. Carrillo, Carpentaria, Cal., \$300.
 J. Lutz, San Francisco, Cal., \$14,340.
 T. E. P. Keegan, Little Falls, Wash., \$4,250.
 T. J. Deasy, Oakland, Cal., \$2,000.
 Wm. M. Watson & Co., Oakland, Cal., W. M. Watson, \$5,000.
 Frank Creem, San Francisco, Cal., \$500.

Chattel Mortgages.

G. J. Meyer, Pendleton, Or., \$40.
 S. M. Free, Salt Lake City, Or., \$1,637.
 K. Penderson, Ballard, Wash., \$350.
 J. B. Smith, Blaine, Wash., \$169.
 H. F. Hness, Seattle, Wash., \$400.
 T. J. Coalter, Flagstaff, Ariz., \$1,000.
 James Schmitz, Los Angeles, Cal., \$4,500.
 H. Pfirman, Los Angeles, Cal., \$500.
 Newman & Abrahams, Seattle, Wash., J.



F. A. HABER,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE WORLD FOR THE

Table Wines and Fine Brandies

GROWN and BOTTLED at the Celebrated

INGLENOOK VINEYARD.

OF RUTHERFORD, NAPA CO. CAL.

Also Makes a Specialty of Handling Only the Choicest Vintages of Dry and Sweet Wines Produced in California.

122 SANSOME STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM PRODUCERS AS WELL AS DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES.

Prices Current

The agents of dealers who are not in the habit of sending us their prices current of goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Price of wine for quarts and pints put up in twelve and twenty four bottles

ARPAH BARASZTHY & CO
530 Washington Street, San Francisco

Bleeding
Gutted
Zinfandel

- D. Helfer, Denver, Colo., \$150.
- J. M. Snively, Denver, Colo., \$76.
- Thompson & Murray, Leadville, Colo., \$820.
- Kelth Bros., Portland, Or., \$210.
- John Norgaard, Portland, Or., \$760.
- Sweeden & Annon, Seattle, Wash., \$1,003.
- Herbert & Neidhart, Denver, Colo., \$900.
- J. C. Lewis, Walla Walla, Wash., \$1,200.
- Ed Morgan, Portland, Or., \$1,400.
- Chas. Brown, Port Townsend, Wash., \$134.
- John Frazier, Tacoma, Wash., \$206.
- O. Neson, Denver, Colo., \$195.
- G. Powers, Portland, Or., \$895.
- T. B. Bean, Salt Lake, Utah, \$150.
- J. T. Laughran, Chehalis, Wash., \$313.
- R. Pigott, Denver, Colo., \$3,000.
- W. Guensterling, Denver, Colo., \$3,480.
- W. Geilhanser, Denver, Colo., \$3,185.
- E. R. Allison, Denver, Colo., \$2,117.
- W. Zeigler, Denver, Colo., \$750.
- H. Schneider, Denver, Colo., \$2,000.

Mortgages Discharged.

- Geo. Lang, San Francisco, Cal., \$1,000.
- Peter Ellis, Stockton, Cal., \$—.
- Julius Kuhn, Portland, Or., \$700.
- Rakeman & Schwerin, San Francisco, Cal., Rakeman, \$2,000.
- J. M. Parker & Co., San Francisco, Cal., M. A. Gunst, \$6,480.
- Sechtem Bros., Portland, Or., L. Sechtem, \$4,000.
- G. S. Clark & Co., Portland, Or., \$700.
- Hidden Bros., Vancouver, Wash., \$20,000.

Judgments, Suits, Etc.,

- W. L. Hoffman, Tacoma, Wash., judgment vs. him, \$1,932.
- L. M. Hidden, Vancouver, Wash., lien vs. him.
- E. P. Gillette, Spokane, Wash., sued \$335.

ELECTRIC TREATING OF WINES.

The experiments which were undertaken recently by the Viticultural Commissioners to test the value of the treatment of wines with alternating electric currents, are being pursued to a satisfactory conclusion. One of the principal difficulties is that the facilities for making such experiments are crude, but results have been obtained which demonstrate that the treatment is of benefit in certain cases. Mr. William C. Spencer who is making these experiments, has extended them to brandy and one sample of brandy which he treated showed such a remarkable improvement as to surprise Mr. Charles A. Wetmore and others in the business.

The treatment is receiving much attention abroad. *Ridley's Wine and Spirit Trade Circular* for June, says as follows concerning it:

Under the direction of the Minister of Agriculture certain experiments have been made in Algeria, which are more or less interesting. The object in view has been the destruction of such

germs of an obnoxious character as may be contained in wine, and to achieve this desired end a rapid succession of electric shocks have been applied to a large number of different wines in bulk. These operations have been carried on for a period of three years, and the Commission appointed to conduct an enquire has now issued its report. The substance of the latter is to the following effect: "All the wines treated are now in a good state of preservation, and have the aspect of wine in fine condition, whilst the wines not treated are more or less altered, and are in a condition that does not admit of their being delivered for consumption. The wines which had begun to be pricked before treatment have remained stationary since. The malady seems to be arrested, while the same wines not treated have continued to turn sour; the malady having been progressive. The electric treatment has not communicated any particular flavor to the wines, but, on the contrary, the quality has been improved, because they have begun to mature. A chemical analysis of the wines treated and not treated shows that the nature of the wine electrified remains unaltered, and that the parasites which are dead in the wines treated, are still vital in the wines not treated."

The above results are remarkable, but as to their value we are as yet in no position to speak. We hear frequently now-a-days of such marvellous inventions, which are ultimately found to succeed, that it would be rash to predict failure—especially in the face of the Committee's report—of this new electrical wine cure, but still we must know more about it before we can speak in its favor. As regards costs, it is stated that a dynamo machine driven by an engine of five or six horse-power, will suffice to produce an alternative current, communicating from 12,000 to 15,000 shocks a minute to the liquid, and will enable 200 gallons per hour to be electrified.

VITICULTURAL COMMITTEES.

President J. De Barth Shorb, of the Viticultural Commission, has appointed the following standing committees of the Board for the coming year.

Executive Committee—West, De Turk and Blanchard.

Auditing Committee—Bundschu.

Finance Committee—Rose, Doyle and Priber.

Vine Pests and Diseases of the Vine Committee—West, Priber and De Turk.

Distillation Counterfeits and Adulterations Committee—De Turk, West and Bundschu.

Table Grapes Committee—Stephens, West and Rose.

Experimental Cellar Committee—Priber, Bundschu and Doyle.

Anaheim Disease Committee—Shorb (by request.)

World's Fair Committee—Doyle, Priber, Blanchard, De Turk and Stephens.

The annual beer product of the world is about 17,700,000-000 quarts. The contributions of the greatest beer producing countries to this total are substantially as follows:

When wandering one evening toward the Villa di Tiberio I stumbled on a curious scene. A mother sat on a wall by the roadside with her infant in her arms, while the father, a strapping young farmer, poured wine from a black bottle down the eager throat of the baby. My remonstrances were met by a smile at my ignorance and the assertion that there was nothing better than wine for it. Oh my return I found the boy partaking of its natural food as heartily as it had done from the wine bottle. "That", I said to the mother, "is the proper drink for your child. You will lay up misery for it if you exchange it for wine." "Do you think so, Signor?" she replied, and, showing me the legs and cheeks of the fattest young rascal I ever saw, she added, "Does that look like disease? Can you find in your country a baby of six months to equal him. On mentioning the incident to an old man at the hotel, he assured me that it was quite the usual practice in Capri, and on the same evening pointing to his son, a handsome young fellow who was dancing the tarantella, he said; "Had that lad not got wine from the time he was four months old he would not have been here to-night. It saved his life.—*Good Words.*

- Barley & Greenfield, Seattle, Wash., sued \$215.
- F. Lindquist, Seattle, Wash., sued \$120.
- Meizner & Co., Seattle, Wash., sued \$120.
- Peter Ries & Co., Seattle, Wash., sued \$120.

Miscellaneous.

- Bennett & Burns, Los Angeles, Cal., assigned lease to H. W. Chase.
- A. Jones, Plymouth, Cal., removed to Placerville, Cal.
- Boyd & Bean, Riverside, Cal., ask to have license revoked.
- Provencal & Petchner, Riverside, Cal., ask to have license revoked.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c, per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The German Savings and Loan Society, 526 California Street.

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891, a dividend has been declared at the rate of five and four-tenths (5 4/10) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and four and one-half (4 1/2) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, July 1, 1891. GEO. TOURNEY Secretary.

Every now and then we come across a choice specimen of Prohibition rattle-trap in the columns of our esteemed contemporaries, the cold water press. The latest choice bit comes from H. F. Taylor, who styles himself a "Minister of the Gospel of Jesus Christ." It is such a refreshing, charming selection that we would fain give it a large circulation. In the course of an open address to President Harrison, regarding the latter's California trip, the reverend gentleman says:

But there is a sadness, a fearful curse resting on our fair land that has been hidden from you. You have not seen that frail woman plying her needle, or toiling over a washtub to support her family and a drunken husband. You have not seen the squalor, and wretchedness, where a whole family was lying on the floor in a state of beastly intoxication, caused by California wine. You have not seen those low dives of vice and iniquity, that would make the very blood curdle. You have not seen the asylums, reform schools, jails and State prisons where hundreds of our young men and even boys, and girls are confined, brought the influence of intoxicating drink. You have not seen the thousands that pour out of our large cities on the Sabbath day, and make the very air hideous with their profanity and drunken debauchery, even endangering, and in some cases taking the life of peaceable people. You have not seen the inebriate lying in gutter with the blood gushing from his wounds. You have not seen that woman rushing from her house enveloped in a flame of fire, her garments saturated with coal oil by a drunken fiend, called a husband. These and worse things, if possible, exist, but they have been concealed from you. They exist, in a great measure, because of the use of intoxicating drinks.

In all your speeches what have you said to counteract this influence, or to encourage those who are laboring to turn back this fearful current that is sweeping so many of our young men and women down to ruin? From a natural, or an acquired love for intoxicating liquors, or from an unwillingness to face the criticism of those addicted to a vicious social custom, upheld by the worst elements of society, your influence, on this coast, has been in favor of wine drinking; in favor of sustaining and perpetuating a heathen social custom that has existed, at least, from that fatal night the King of Babylon, with his lords and ladies drank wine from the golden vessels taken from the house of God at Jerusalem, and that mysterious hand wrote on the walls of the royal palace, "Tekel," down to the last Presidential banquet in San Francisco.

How many of those beautiful, and now innocent children who greeted you with songs and flowers, will, by trying to follow the example of a Christian President of the United States in the moderate use of wine, but not having his firmness, will ultimately sink into a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's hell? Your example, which should have been a benediction to all lovers of purity and sobriety, has been a cause of sadness and deep sorrow to those who are laboring for the suppression of intemperance, and for the elevation of humanity.

If Editor Sheahan wants his 367 voters in San Francisco to become influential, he will have to shut down on such rubbish as this. The Prohibition editors of the East who do not have a viticultural industry with its sober men confronting them when they utter such rubbish, can point to the awful horrors that follow theoretical wine drinking. But as long as the wine industry exists, it stands a fitting rebuke and answer to such outeries.

We can answer the Rev. B. F. Taylor as well as the President can in this instance. President Harrison did not see any of the dreadful scenes painted by the gentlemen; neither has the Rev. B. F. Taylor.

We can supply Caramel or Burnt Sugar Coloring at *seventy-five cents per gallon* in barrels, as strong and as brilliant as any that was ever manufactured. Not one complaint has reached us the quality of our Sugar Coloring for over a year, and our sales extend to every State in the Union.

If the price was \$10, instead of seventy-five cents per gallon, we could not produce a superior article. Every package guaranteed. Samples on application.

19 Hudson Street, DRYDEN & PALMER, New York.

Luckner, San Fran
 Realty, \$10
 Brewer, San Fran
 deed, \$2,500.
 Grande, Or., con-
 \$, 1841
 Vancouver, Wash.,
 \$, 1841
 Vancouver, Wash.,
 \$1,500.
 Stouffer & Co, St
 McDougald conve
 Francisco, Cal., n

Bills of Sale.

Scheller, Seattle, Wash., \$2,150.
H. Simonsen, Portland, Or., \$1,200.
Mabey, Centralia, Wash., \$1,000.
J. J. Kane, Wash., \$325.
Schaffner, Los Angeles, Cal.,
Campbell, Seattle, Wash., \$5,000.
Wendling & Co., Sehome,

CHAS. W. FOLEY

JOHN SPRUANCE.

Spruance, Stanley & Co.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FINE

Whiskies, Wines and Liquors.

Sole agents for the Celebrated African Stomach Bitters.
410 FRONT STREET. - - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.



The OLIVINA Comprises 600 Acres of Hill
Side Vineyard, Located in the Celebrated
Livermore Valley.

DRY, DELICATE, WELL MATURED TABLE WINES
A SPECIALTY.

SEND FOR SAMPLE ORDER.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED BY THE GROWER

JULIUS P. SMITH LIVERMORE CAL.

California Wine Growers' Union

PURE CALIFORNIA

Wines and Brandies.

Cor. Sutter & Grant Ave, San Francisco, Cal.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

NICHOLAS RATH & CO.

30 South William Street, New York.

—Sole Manufacturers of the—

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE PRUNE JUICE.

N. B.—*Imitations Bearing Similar Names are Useless as Substitutes.*



Damiana Bitters.

The Great Mexican Remedy for Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder, and Nervous Diseases. DAMIANA is recognized by all Physicians as the best Nervous Stimulant, with a special action on the Sexual and Generative Organs. For the above action it is recommended in all cases of Sexual Weakness and Want of Sexual Desire.

NABER, ALFS & BRUNE,

Sole Agents, 323-325 Market St., S. F.

Prices Current.

These are the long prices. The rate of discount on purchases of a considerable quantity, can be learned by applying to the agents or dealers. We urgently request dealers, agents and producers to notify us when a change occurs in the prices current of the goods they handle.

California Wines & Brandies

The Prices given are for quarts and pints, put up in cases of twelve and twenty-four bottles.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.
530 Washington Street, San Francisco.

PRICES PER CASE.

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Riesling.....	6.00	7.00
Gutedel.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel.....	5.00	6.00

J. GUNDLACH & CO.,
Cor. Second & Market Sts. San Francisco.

Traminer, 82.....	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00
Gutedel, 82.....	6.00	7.00
Burgundy, 84.....	6.00	7.00
Zinfandel, 83.....	5.00	6.00

I. DE TURK,
212 Sacramento street, San Francisco

Port, 1884.....	\$ 6.00
Port, 1886.....	4.00
Dry Sherry, 1884.....	6.00
Dry Sherry, 1886.....	4.00
Angelica, 1884.....	4.50
Tokay, 1884.....	8.00
Zinfandel, 1884.....	3.50
Burgundy, 84.....	4.00
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.50
Hook, 1885.....	3.50
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00

GEORGE WEST & SON,
Stockton, Cal.

Brandy, 1879.....	\$20.00
Brandy, 1883.....	15.00
Brandy, 1885.....	15.00
Frontignan.....	9.00
Sherry.....	9.00
Port (old).....	12.00
Port.....	6.00

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.75	\$ 5.75
Gutedel.....	4.75	5.75
Port.....	5.50	
Angelica.....	5.50	
Muscatel.....	5.50	
Sherry.....	6.00	
Brandy, 1882.....	12.00	

LOS GATOS & SARATOGA WINE CO.,
478 Tenth street, Oakland, Cal.

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Sauterne.....	4.00	5.00
Brandy.....	9.00	
Port.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Grape Cordial.....	6.50	7.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO.,
501 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.

Claret, 1886.....	\$3.00
Zinfandel, 1885.....	3.50
Burgundy, 1885.....	4.00
Hook, 1885.....	3.50
Riesling, 1885.....	4.00
Riesling, Johannisberger, 1884.....	5.00
Gutedel, 1884.....	5.00
Somlai Hungarian Type, 1885.....	3.50
Szatmari.....	3.50
Szegszardi Feher Hun' Type.....	4.00
" 1885.....	5.00
Port, 1884.....	6.00
Sherry, 1885.....	5.00
" 1884.....	6.00
Angelica and Sweet Mout'n 84.....	4.50
Mad'a, Malaga & Sw't To'y 85.....	5.00
Brandy, 1883.....	12.00
" 1885.....	10.00

BECK, PYHRR & CO.,
108 O'Farrell street, San Francisco.

Santa Rosa Zinfandel '86.....	\$3.00
Santa Clara Cabernet, '87.....	4.50
Cupertino Medoc, '84.....	6.00
St. Helena Hook, '86.....	3.50
Gutedel (Chasselas), '86.....	4.50
Traminer, '82.....	5.50
Sauterne (silver leaf).....	6.00
Haut Sauterne (gold leaf).....	7.00
California Cognacs.....	
* Silver Bronze Leaf.....	8.00
** Gold ".....	10.00
*** Green ".....	12.00

INGLENOOK WINES.
F. A. Haber, agent, 122 Sansome St., S. F.

Table Claret blended from choice foreign grapes, vintage 1885.....	\$3.50
Zinfandel.....	4.50
Extra Table Claret, Medoc type red label, 1885.....	5.50
Burgundy type.....	5.50
Sauterne dry, Sauvign Vert '85.....	5.50
Gutedel, Chasselas Vert, 1885.....	4.50
Hook, Rhinish type.....	6.00
Burger, Chablis type.....	5.00
Riesling, Johannisberg type.....	6.50
Pints of two dozen \$1 per case additional.	
None genuine except bearing seal or cork brand of the proprietor—each bottle bears the legal pure wine stamp.	

CAL. WINE GROWER'S UNION.
Cor. Sutter and Grant ave. San Francisco.

EL QUITO VINEYARD.

Riesling.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00
Claret.....	3.00	4.00

FRESNO VINEYARD CO.

Burger.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Claret.....	3.50	4.50
Port.....	5.50	6.50
Angelica.....	5.50	6.50
Sherry.....	5.50	6.50
Cognac Brandy.....	10.00	11.00

ST. HUBERT VINEYARD.

Claret, Cabernet.....	\$ 8.00	\$ 9.00
Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Cognac.....	12.00	13.00

C. CARPY & CO.
511-517 Sacramento street, San Francisco

La Loma, Grand Medoc.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Sauterne.....	5.00	6.00
Riesling.....	4.00	5.00
Sweet Muscatel, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Sherry, 1882.....	9.00	10.00
Port, 1882.....	8.00	9.00
Cal. Rochelle Brandy.....	12.00	13.00

NAPA VALLEY WINE COMPANY.
11 and 13 First Street, San Francisco.

Hook.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50
Gutedel.....	4.00	5.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.50
Cabernet.....	4.50	5.50
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
Private Stock Claret.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Port, (old).....	4.50	
Angelica.....	4.50	
Sherry.....	4.50	
Brandy, 1881.....	15.00	
Brandy, 1887.....	8.00	
Private Stock Burgundy.....	7.00	8.00
Private Stock Sauterne.....	8.00	9.00
Vine Cliff Claret.....	15.00	
Private Stock Hook.....	5.00	6.00

TO-KALON VINEYARD,
Jas. L. Davis Sole Agent,
308 California St., San Francisco.

Reising Johannisberg.....	5.00	6.00
" "Chronicle".....	4.50	5.50
" ".....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne, "J. L. D.".....	6.00	7.00
" Haut.....	4.50	5.50
".....	4.00	5.00
Chablis.....	4.00	5.00
Gutedel.....	3.50	4.50
Cabernet.....	5.00	6.00
Burgundy.....	5.00	6.00
Beclan.....	5.00	6.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.50
St. Laurent.....	8.00	9.00
La Granada.....	8.00	9.00
Lazrine.....	7.00	8.00
Nebbiola.....	7.50	8.50
La Grand Claret.....	12.50	13.50
Madeira.....	5.00	6.00
Malaga.....	5.00	6.00
Muscatel.....	5.00	6.00
Angelica.....	5.00	6.00
Tokay.....	5.00	6.00
Sweet To-Kalon.....	6.00	7.00
Sherry, Dry.....	5.50	6.50
".....	5.00	6.00
Port, 1876.....	12.00	13.00
" 1883.....	6.00	7.00
" 1886.....	4.00	5.00
Grape Brandy.....	9.00	10.00
".....	8.00	9.00
Blackberry Brandy.....	10.00	11.00
Strawberry.....	9.00	10.00
Cognac.....	14.00	15.00
".....	12.00	13.00

KUHLS, SCHWARKE & CO.,
123 Sutter street, San Francisco

Zinfandel.....	\$ 3.25	\$ 4.25
Zinfandel.....	4.00	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	5.00
Sauterne.....	5.50	7.00
Port, Old.....	6.00	
Old Sherry.....	6.00	

MONT ROUGE WINES.
A. G. Chauch Livermore,
Office and Depot, 615-617 Front St., S. F.

	Quarts.	Pints.
Sauterne.....	\$6.00	\$7.00
Haut Sauterne.....	7.00	8.00
Claret, Table.....	4.00	5.00
A Claret, F.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
AA Claret, V.....	9.00	
Retour d'Europe.....		
Zinfandel.....	3.00	4.00
Burgundy.....	9.00	10.00

KOHLER & FROHLING,
601 Folsom Street, San Francisco.

Riesling.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.50
Hook.....	3.50	4.00
Gutedel.....	4.50	5.00
Sauterne.....	4.50	5.00
Zinfandel.....	3.75	4.25
Zinfandel, old.....	4.50	5.00
Burgundy.....	4.00	4.50
Superior Port.....	10.00	
Sherry.....	7.50	
Angelica.....	6.00	
Muscatel.....	6.00	
Madeira.....	6.00	
Malaga (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	6.00	
Brandy.....	10.00	

C. HOLTUM & CO.,
100-102 First street, San Francisco.
Branch, 665 Market Street.

Zinfandel, 1884.....	\$3.00
Burgundy, ".....	3.00
Riesling, ".....	3.25
Riesling, Marcobrunner, 1883.....	5.25
Gutedel, 1884.....	4.00
Sauterne, ".....	4.00
Port Old (Fresno Co.), 1882.....	6.00
Port, 1885.....	4.00
Sherry, Dry, 1884.....	4.00
Sherry, Old, (Fresno Co.), '82.....	6.00
Angelica, 1885, (Los Ang's Co).....	4.00
Muscatel (Fresno Co.), 1885.....	5.50
Tokay, 1884.....	5.00
Mt. Vineyard, 1885.....	4.00
Madeira and Malaga, 1885.....	5.50
Pineapple wines.....	4.00
Brandy, 1882.....	11.00
Brandy, 1885.....	9.00
Strawberry Brandy.....	9.00

S. LACHMAN & CO.,
453 Brannan street, San Francisco.

Old Port.....	\$7.00	\$8.00
Zinfandel.....	3.50	4.00
Riesling.....	4.50	5.00
Madeiras.....	8.00	
Malaga.....	8.00	
Cognac.....	14.00	

Domestic Champagnes.

ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.,
530 Washington street San Francisco.
Eclipse.....\$14.50 \$17.00

A. FINKE'S WIDOW,
809 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Gold Seal.....	\$11.50	\$12.00
Gold Seal, Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00
Nompareil.....	12.00	13.00
Private Cuvee, Dry.....	11.50	12.00
" Extra Dry.....	12.00	13.00

TO KALON VINEYARD,
H. W. CRABB, OAKVILLE, NAPA COUNTY.
Jas. L. Davis & Co., 308 California St., S. F.

To-Kalon Sec.....	\$12.00	\$13.00
" Sparkling.....	11.00	12.00

AMERICAN CHAMPAGNE CO. (Lt'd)
839 to 849 Folsom street, San Francisco.

Reihlen.....	15.00	17.00
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A. WERNER & Co.,
52 Warren street, New York.

Extra Dry.....	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00
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Imported Champagnes.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO.,
314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

DEUTZ & GILDERMANN, AY., CHAMPAGNE.

Gold Lack Sec. per case.....	\$32.00	\$34.00
Gold Lack Sec. 6 Magnums per case.....	31.00	
Chachet Blanc per case.....	30.50	32.50
Cabinet Green Seal, per bskt.....	25.50	27.50
DUPANTLOUP & CO., REIMS.		
Carte Blanche, per case.....	21.00	22.00
Carte Blanche, extra dry, per case.....	21.00	22.00

WM. WOLFF & CO.,
329 Market street, San Francisco

	QUARTS.	PINTS.
Pommery Sec.....	\$34.00	\$36.00

MACONDRAY & CO.,
First and Market streets, San Francisco.

Louis Roederer Grand Vin Sec.....	34.00	36.00
" Brut.....	34.00	36.00
" Carte Blanche.....	34.00	36.00

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

Perrier Jouet & Co. "Special".....	\$32.50	\$34.50
" Reserve Dry.....	32.50	34.50
Perrier Jouet & Co. Brut.....	33.00	35.00
Half pints "Special" \$40 in cases of 4 doz.		

JAS. L. DAVIS
SOLE AGENT,
308 California St., San Francisco

NER Desbordes & Fils, Dry

Vergenay.....	\$28.00	\$30.00
" Desbordes & Fils, Private Cuvee.....	29.00	31.00

Imported Wines.

W. B. CHAPMAN,
123 California street, San Francisco.

RED WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

	Quarts.
Floirac.....	\$ 7.50
Pauliac.....	8.50
St. Julien.....	9.00
St. Estephe.....	9.00
Chateau Lacroix.....	10.00
" du Gallan, '78-'81.....	10.50
" le Pain, 1878.....	11.50
Pontet Canet, 1881.....	13.50
Chat. Beychevelle, 1881.....	15.00
Ducru Beauchillou, 1881.....	16.00
Chateau Lagrange, 1878.....	22.00
Brown Catenac, 1876.....	22.00
Chateau Langoa, 1874.....	22.50
" Leoville, 1874-1878.....	24.50
" Larose, 1874.....	24.50
" Lafite, 1874.....	29.00
" Latour, 1870.....	31.50
" Margaux, 1874.....	29.00

(H. Cuvillier & frere, Bordeaux.)

Pauliac, 1881.....	10.50
Ducasse Grand Puy, 1878.....	14.50
Chat. Kirwan, 1878.....	17.50
" Beychevelle, 1874.....	19.50
Cos d'Estoumel, 1878.....	22.00
Chat. Larose, 1870.....	22.50
" Latour, 1868.....	29.50
" Margaux, 1881.....	32.00
" Mouton Rothschild '80.....	35.00

(Bouchard pere & fils, Beaune Cote D'Or.)

Macon, 1884.....	10.50
Pommard, 1884.....	12.50
" 1881.....	15.00
Clos de la Mousse, 1884.....	17.00
Chambertin, 1884.....	21.50
" 1881.....	25.00
Romanee, 1884.....	24.50
Clos de Vougeot, 1887.....	20.50

WHITE WINES.

(Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux.)

Kohler & Van Bergen,
CALIFORNIA
WINES AND BRANDIES.



Main Office and Vaults
661 to 671 Third St.
San Francisco.

Branch:
417-419 MONTGOMERY ST.,
San Francisco.

Winery and Distillery.
Sacramento, Cal.

Eastern Branch:
N. W. Corner
LIGHT & VARICK STS.
New York.

H. W. CRABB,
OAKVILLE,
NAPA CO. - CAL.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS
ALL OUR GOODS GUARANTEED PURE.

TO-KALON.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK.
VINEYARD.

JAS. L. DAVIS,
WORLD'S AGENT,
308 CALIFORNIA ST., S. F.
CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin
The Most Delicious Champagne of the Age.


Yellow Label, Dry.  White Label, Rich.

A. VIGNIER
[Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.]
429-431 Battery Street - - - San Francisco, Cal.

M. Blumenthal & Co.,
— DISTILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF —
SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, EXTRACTS,
Pure Sugar Coloring
A SPECIALTY.
Wine and Liquor Merchants.
658-660 Mission St., Bet. Second and Third, San Francisco, Cal.
GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST FIGURES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

C. JOST, JR.
CALIFORNIA DISTILLING CO.,
— Distillers and Rectifiers of —
SPIRITS AND ALCOHOL
Office: 306-308 Clay Street,
DISTILLERY AT ANTIOCH, SAN FRANCISCO.


I. DE TURK
Wines and Brandies



BRANDY, CLARET, ANGELICA, SAUTERNE, ZINFANDEL, HOCK, PORT, TOKAY, GUTEDL, RIESLING, MUSCAT, SHERRY.

Vineyards and Cellars:
Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, Cal.
Branch:
220 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.,
C. M. MANN, Manager.
New York Office, - - 22-24 Monroe Street.

Pure California Wines & Grape Brandies.
THE San Gabriel Wine Co.
OF SAN GABRIEL,
Los Angeles County, Cal.



Are now prepared with a large stock of wines and brandies of their own growth to supply the trade and the market generally. This Company owns the largest vineyard in the world, covering over 2,500 acres. They have held their wines and brandies for several years in their own cellars, and do not offer any of their product until it has become properly matured. Their large stock of matured wines and brandies thus accumulated is now open to the purchaser. All goods under their trade mark are warranted pure and unadulterated. Being the successors to B. D. WILSON & CO., and to J. DE BARTH SHORB, they have become possessors of the "SHORB" BRAND OF BRANDY, and "MOUNT VINEYARD" WINE. Correspondence solicited.

MARSHALL SPELLMAN & CO.,
No. 5 New York and Brooklyn Bridge Vault,
FRANKFORT ST., NEW YORK.

J. DE BARTH SHORB,
President San Gabriel Wine Co.
SAN GABRIEL, CAL.

H. H. HARRIS, M. L. REYNOLDS, THOS. KINGSTON.
Harris, Kingston & Reynolds,
WINE GROWERS, DISTILLERS AND
Dealers in PURE CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES



VINEYARDS & CELLARS:
Rutherford,
Napa Co., Cal.

VAULTS:
123-127 Eddy St.
Under Hackmeyer's Hotel,
San Francisco, Cal.

American Champagne Co.
LIMITED.
PRODUCERS OF
REIHLEN CHAMPAGNE,
BRUT AND EXTRA DRY.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AND FACTORY,
839-849 Folsom Street.

NEW YORK OFFICE,
50 New St. and 52 Broad St.

Wm. Wolff & Co., continued. (Mackenzie & Co., Jerez.)	
Ports and Sherries in wood from.....	\$1.75 to \$4.50
CHARLES MEINECKE & CO. 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Clarets, per case.....	\$8.00 to \$28.00
A. de Luze & Fils, Bordeaux Sauternes, per case.....	12.00 to 26.00
C. Marey & Liger Belair, Nuits Burgundies, white and red, per case.....	15.00 to 21.75
D. M. Fenerheerd, Jr., & Co., Oporto, Port wines per case.....	15.00 to 20.00
D. M. Fenerheerd, Jr., & Co., Oporto, Port Wines, in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 4.50
Duff Gordon & Co., Sherries in wood per gal.....	2.00 to 5.50
Lacave & Co., Sherries Crown Brand in 1/2.....	1.40 to 1.75
South Side Madeira.....	2.00 to 2.50
St. Croix Rum, L. B.....	5.50
Arrack "Royal" Batavia.....	5.00 to 6.00
Boord & Son, London Dock Sherry, per case.....	12.00 to 15.00
G. M. Pabstmann Sohn, Mainz Rhine Wines per case.....	8.50 to 28.00
Schulz & Wagner, Frankfurt o M Rhine Wines per case.....	11.00 to 14.00

American Whiskies.

HENCKEN & SCHRODER. 210 Front street, San Francisco.	
Our Favorite O K.....	\$2.75 to \$3.50
Our Choice.....	2.50 " 3.00
Paul Jones.....	2.25 " 2.50
Star of '76.....	2.00
Old Crown.....	1.75 " 2.00
Old Bourbon.....	1.50
SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMAN. 322 Sansome street, San Francisco.	
O K Extra.....	\$3.50 to \$6.00
O K Rosedale.....	2.50 to 3.00
Ivain.....	2.75
Golden Pearl.....	2.25
Marshall.....	2.25
Old Family Bourbon.....	1.75
Old Bourbon.....	1.50

MOORE, HUNT & CO. 404 Front street, San Francisco.	
Extra Pony in bbls or 1/2-bbls	\$6.00 to \$8.00
A A " " " pf	4.00
B " " " "	3.50
C " " " "	3.00
No. 1 " " " "	2.50
Rye in bbls and 1/2-bbls from	3.50 to 5.00
A A in cases.....	11.00
A A in 5 case lots.....	10.50
A A in 10 to 25 lots.....	10.00
A A in pint flint flasks 2 dozen to case.....	12.00
C in cases.....	8.50
C in 5 case lots.....	8.25
C in 10 to 25 case lots.....	8.00
NABER, ALFS & BRUNE. 323 and 325 Market street, San Francisco.	
Phoenix Old Bourbon, A1.....	\$2.75
" " " Old St'k	3.00
" " " A1, 90 pf	2.50
" " " OK, 100 pf	3.50
" " " Pony, Priv St'k	4.00
Club House Bourbon, Old.....	4.50 6.00
Gold Medal Bourbon, 100 pf	2.50
Union Club " " "	2.25
Superior Whisky.....	1.75
" BB Whisky.....	1.50
Liquors—In cases.	
Phoenix Bourbon OK, in 5s	\$10.50
" " " A1, " "	7.50
" " " A1, 24 pts	8.00
" " " A1, 48 1/2 pt	9.00
Rock and Rye Whisky in 5s.	7.50
Rum Punch Extract, in 5s..	8.00
Blackberry Brandy, in 5s...	7.50

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia, Bourbon and Rye whiskies.....	\$1.90 to \$3.50

JOSEPH MELCZER & CO. 504 and 506 Market street, San Francisco.	
Native Pride, Old Bourbon, (per bbl) per gallon....	\$2.50
Old Rip Van Winkle.....	2.50
Nevilles Old Bourbon.....	1.50

KUHLS SCHWARKE & CO. 123 Sutter street, San Francisco.	
O K Goldwater.....	\$ 4.00
" " " per case.....	7.50

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco	
Blue Grass, spring '83.....	\$2.75
KOLB & DENHARD. 422 Montgomery street, San Francisco.	
Nonpareil Rye and Bourbon	\$2.50 to \$5.00
SPRUANCE, STANLEY & Co.. 410 Front street, San Francisco.	
Kentucky Favorite.....	\$ 3.00
Extra Kentucky favorite....	3.50
O. P. T.....	2.50
O. K. Old Stock.....	5.00
Harries' Old Bourbon.....	2.00
Kentucky Favorite, in cases	8.50
H. O. B. jugs.....	9.00
O. F. C jugs.....	10.50
African Stomach Bitters, es.	11.50

Imported Brandies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Champ Vineyard Proprs. Co., Boutelleau & Co. man- agers Cognac in Octaves per gal.....	\$5.00 to \$8.50
The Vineyard Proprs. Co. Boutelleau & Co. man- agers Reserve Vintages. 10.50 to 14.00	
Swan Gin in 1/2 casks.....	3.75
Double Eagle Gin in 1/2 casks.	3.65
John Ramsay Islay Scotch Whisky, in 1/2 casks....	4 75
Boord's Pineapple brand Jamaica Rums in 1/2 casks.....	5.25 6.50

W. B. CHAPMAN. 123 California street, San Francisco. (H. Cuvillier & frere Cognac.)	
Fine Champagne, 1870.....	Quarts.
Grande Fine Champagne, 1860	\$32.00
Grande Fine Champagne Re- serve, 1858.....	36.00
	40.00

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Martell's Brandy, * per case	\$17.00
" " " " " "	19.00
" " " " " "	22.00
" " " VSO " "	34.00
" " " WSOP " "	52.50

JAS. L. DAVIS 308 California Street, San Francisco.	
W. Barriasson & Co., Cognac.	26.00 28.00

Imported Whiskies.

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Sacramento street, San Francisco.	
Boord & Son, London Finest Irish Malt Whiskey....	\$12.50
Royal Hghld Scotch Whisky.	12.50
John Ramsay, Islay Malt Scotch Whisky.....	13.00



WM. WOLF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco.	
Lone Highland..... per case	\$11.50
Connaugh, Irish.....	11.50
Wm. Jameson & Co.....	11.50

Imported Goods.

(MISCELLANEOUS)

WM. WOLFF & CO., 329 Market street, San Francisco-	
J. de Kuyper & Sons Gin, large bot	\$18.50
" " " med. " " "	10.00
Evan's Belfast Ginger Ale per barrel	15.00
" " " " " per es. 4 doz	6.00
Theo. Lappe's Gennine Aromaticque per case.....	13.50
Gilka Kummel per case.....	15.00
Vermouth Francesco Cinzani pr. case	7.00

CHARLES MEINECKE & CO., 314 Market street, San Francisco. (BOORD & SON'S, LONDON.)	
Old Tom Gin, per case.....	11.00
Pale Orange Bitters, per case	11.50
Ginger Brandy, Liqueur "	12.00
Jamaica Rum, Old " 12.00 to 14.00	
IAIN Royal Batavia Gin in cases of 15 large black bottles per case.....	23.50
" " " " " in cases of 15 large white bottles per case	24.50
Kirschwasser, Macholf Freres Bavarian Highland, per case.....	19.00
Cherry Cordial, J. J. W. Peters' per case.....	12.00
Kummel, Bollmann's per case	13.50

THE HIGHEST AWARD
PARIS EXPOSITION. 1889.
GOLD MEDAL

OFFICE & DEPOT
615-617
FRONT ST. S.F.

MONT-ROUGE VINEYARD, 1885.

LIVERMORE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA.

A.G. CHAUCHE
PROPRIETOR,
SAN FRANCISCO.

A. MALPAS, Manager. H. A. MERRIAM, Superintendent.

Los Gatos & Saratoga Wine Co.
PRODUCERS OF CHOICE

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MUSCAT, HOCK, ANGELICA, SAUTERNE, ROYAL NECTAR, OLD PORT, ZINFANDEL, GUTEDL, SHERRY, RIESLING.

FROM FOOTHILL VINEYARDS.
VINEYARDS AND CELLARS:
Los Gatos and Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.
Branch Office: 478 Tenth Street, Oakland, California.

CARROLL & CARROLL,
Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

— SOLE AGENTS FOR —

OLD PEPPER WHISKY,
RUINART BRUT CHAMPAGNE

W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY.
Hand Made Sour Mash Kentucky Whiskies.

306 MARKET STREET - - SAN FRANCISCO.

Garnier, Lancel & Co.
Office and Salesrooms

618 Sacramento St., San Francisco,

California Wines and Brandies

WHOLESALE DEALERS,
GROWERS, DISTILLERS.

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C. CARPY & CO.

Proprietors

Uncle Sam Winery and Distillery.
CALIFORNIA

OFFICE AND SALESROOM

515-517 Sacramento St., - San Francisco.

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES,
NAPA AND SAN JOSE, CAL.

CARPY & MAUBEC,

15 CEDAR STREET, - NEW YORK, N. Y.

**RONALD G. McMILLAN,**

—Manufacturer and Dealer in—

*Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, Extracts***Pure Sugar Coloring**

A SPECIALTY.

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TELEPHONE 87.

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San Francisco.

KOLB & DENHARD,California Champagnes,
Whisky, Gin,
Mineral Waters, Etc.Imported
Champagnes, Wines
and Liquors.

Old Nonpareil Rye

& Bourbon Whisky



CALIFORNIA WINES & BRANDIES,

OFFICE AND VAULTS, 420-424 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

C. HOLTUM & Co.
GROWERS AND DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA
WINES & BRANDIES
100-102 FIRST STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.
Choice Old Wines and Eastern Whiskies
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BRANCH, 565 MARKET ST.

KOHLER & FROHLING,
PIONEER WINE HOUSE.

—Established 1854.—

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIESVineyards in Los Angeles County, Sonoma County,
Merced County and Fresno County.Cor. Second and Folsom Sts.,
San Francisco.41-45 Broadway,
New York.**A. Werner & Co.,**
NEW YORK.SPARKLING
WINE**ONLY.****Lachman & Jacobi,**

—DEALERS IN—

California Wines AND Brandies

BRYANT AND SECOND STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Eastern Agents,

EDINGER BROS. & JACOBI,

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ANTOINE BOCQUERAZ. JAMES SHEA.
Shea, Bocqueraz & Co.
Wines and Liquors.

Importers of and Agents for the Celebrated Brands of
Golden and Tea Kettle Whiskies.

COR. FRONT AND JACKSON STS., - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

JOHN LUTGEN. H. P. WICHMAN.
WICHMAN & LUTGEN,
Importers of
Wines & Liquors.

Manufacturers and
Proprietors of
**Dr. Foerster's
ALPINE
Stomach Bitters.**

318-320 Clay St.
Bet. Front & Battery,
San Francisco.


Quotations at Cincinnati and Louisville.

☞ These prices are for lots of not less than twenty-five barrels and upwards, cash, and if in bond, original gauge, accrued charges paid.

TAX PAID.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '87.	Spr'g '86.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Anderson.....			60		47½					225	235		Spr 81 290	Lou CH
Anderson Co. Club.....														
Anderson Co. Sour Mash.....			50		35		37½							
Ashland.....			52½		37½								Fall 81 275	
Astor.....										220	240			
Atherton.....			55		37½					215	225		Spr 81 265	Lou CH
Ballard & Lancaster.....														
Beechwood.....														
Bel-Air.....			60		50		40							
Belle of Anderson.....		65	62½	47½	45									
Belle of Anderson Co. (E. Murphy).....		60	52½								140E			
Belle of Louisville.....														
Belle of Marion.....					36			190						
Belle of Nelson.....					60						260			
Belmont.....			65							235	120	E G	Spr 81 290	
Berkele, Wm.....														
Berry, E. C.....			46											
Big Spring (Nelson Co. Distg. Co.).....			55		42½		32½							
Blakemore.....														
Blue Grass.....			52½	42½	40						235	250		
Bond & Lillard.....		82½	75	67½	60		60	100		237½	255		Spr 83 375	
Bond, M. S.....			42½	31½	29									
Boone's Knoll.....			75	62½	57½							290		
Bowen, H. C.....													Spr 80 310	Nev Ex
Bowen, J. A.....			50		40		35			210				
Brownfield, W. W.....														
Buchanan.....			62½		52½								Spr 81 300	Lou CH
Callaghan.....			8											
Carlisle.....			55								225		Fall 81 290	Nev Ex
Cedar Run.....			60					195						
Chickencock.....			50	42½	38½			175		225				
Clay, Samuel.....	65	47½	40					170						
Cliff Falls.....			46											
Clifton.....													Spr 81 300	
Commonwealth.....											215			
Cook, C. B.....			45											
Coon Hollow.....			67½		52½		45							
Cornflower.....							35							
Craig, F. G.....			47½		35									
Cream of Anderson.....	75		65		55									
Criterion.....					35									
Crystal Spring.....			47½											
Cumberland.....			65	55	50									
Cummins, R. & Co.....														
Dant, J. W.....														
Darling.....														
Daviess County Club.....			55		40									
Dedman, C. M.....	80				42½					215				
Double Spring.....				37½	35									
Dundee.....			55		40		35							
Durham.....	75		62½		52½									
Early Times.....	90	70	67½	57½	50	50	47½			235				
Edge Cliff.....	85		75		60		50	200						
Edgewater (T. J. Megibben.).....			60		40								Spr 80 290	
Elk Run.....			40	31½	30	27½	26½							
Excelsior (Megibben & Bro.).....			45		35									
Fall City.....														
Fern Cliff.....			45		35	32½								
Fible & Crabb.....	77½		65											
Field, J. W. M.....		62½	57½	40	37½					215				
Franklin.....					40									
Frazier, W. J.....			77½	65	62½									
Freeland.....														
Garland.....			50		35									
Gladstone.....				32½	32½									
Glenarme.....			50	35	32½	30							Spr 81 300	

NABER ALFS & BRUNE,
 IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE
WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANTS
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
PHOENIX OLD BOURBON
 323-325 Market St., S. F.



JOS. MELTZER & CO.
 Growers and Dealers in
 California
WINES AND BRANDIES
 Proprietors Glen Ellen Wine Vaults.
 Fine Table Wines a Specialty
 504-506 Market St.,
 San Francisco, Cal.



Hey, Grauerholz & Co.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
DAVY CROCKETT WHISKY,
 BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.
 NO. 215 SACRAMENTO STREET, - - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

D. V. B. HENARIE.

E. MARTIN & CO.,
 IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
 408 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.
 — SOLE AGENTS FOR —
J. F. CUTTER AND ARGONAUT OLD BOURBONS.

THE CELEBRATED
PERUVIAN BITTERS.

A SUPERB APPETIZER. A ROYAL TONIC. CURES DYSPEPSIA.

WILMERDING & CO., AGENTS,
 216 California St., - San Francisco, Cal.

Also Agents for Delmonico Champagne

MARTIN HENCKEN.

HENRY SCHRODER.

Hencken & Schroder,

— SUCCESSORS TO —

HENRY BRICKWEDEL & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

Wines and Liquors.

Sole Agents for Dr. Schrader's Hamburg Bitters, and
 Our Favorite O. K. and Paul Jones Whiskies.

Nos. 208-210 Front Street, - San Francisco, Cal.

P. J. CASSIN & CO.,

— IMPORTERS OF PURE —

Kentucky Bourbon Whiskies

Sole Agents for O. K. GOLDEN PLANTATION WHISKY.

— WHOLESALE DEALERS IN —

Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors.

433 BATTERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Kuhls, Schwarke & Co.

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.

California Wines and Brandies.

— SOLE AGENTS FOR —

O.K. Goldwater Bourbon & Rye Whiskies.

123-129 Sutter St., Cor. Kearny, - - San Francisco, Cal.

B. FRITSCH.

C. CELLARIUS.

Thomas Taylor & Co.

— DISTILLERS OF AND DEALERS IN —

WINES AND LIQUORS

— Sole Agents for —

Alpine and Champion Cocktail Bitters.

21 First Street, - San Francisco.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW YORK.

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Sole Eastern Agent for BARTON'S Celebrated Sweet Wines, Fresno, Cal.

Advances Made on Consignments.

References by Permission: THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
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 MR. HORACE WEBSTER, San Francisco, Cal. MR. H. H. SCHUFELDT, Chicago, Ill.



LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

The Highest Grade Champagne in the World.

WHITE LABEL,

BROWN LABEL.

"CARTE BLANCHE."

"GRAND VIN SEC,"

A Magnificent Rich Wine.

Perfection of a Dry Wine

See that every Bottle bears the private label of

MACONDRAY & CO.,
 Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '87.	Spr'g '86.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Glencoe.....													Spr 81 285	
Glenmore.....			55		40	37½	35							
Glen Springs.....														
Greenbrier.....														
Greylock (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Greystone.....														
G. W. S.....	82½		65		50									
Hackly, S. O.....		75	60	57½	55	50								
Hanning, Jno.....		55	50	44	37½									
Harris, N.....			47½							215				
Hawkins.....			60											
Hayden, R. B. & Co.....	77½	60	52½										Spr 83 315	
Head, F. M.....														
Head, W. H.....														
Hermitage.....		92½	85		65		60				265	280	Spr 81 375	
Hill & Hill.....			52½		40									
HorseShoe (The Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)	52½			40	37½	32½								
Hume.....			50	40	38						225		Fall 81 265	
Indian Hill.....														
Jessamine.....				35										
Jockey Club.....			60		40									
Kellar, A.....			52½		37½									
Kentucky Club.....			62½		47½					225				
Kentucky Comfort (Paine's).....			52½		35									
Kentucky Cyclone.....														
Kentucky Dew.....														
Kentucky Tip.....			60	42½	40									
Lancaster, R. B. (Maple Grove).....														
Lancaster, S. P.....			52½		35		32½							
Limestone.....														
McBrayer, J. A.....										230				
McBrayer, J. H.....			57½		42½									
McBrayer, W. H.....		105	95	72½	67½	65	62½						Spr 81 450	
McKenna.....														
Marion Co. Distilling Co.....			47½	40	37½									
Mattingly & Son, J. G.....		50	45	40	33½									
Mattingly & Moore.....		60												
Mayfield.....			62½	47½	45									
Medallion.....														
Mellwood.....		60	57½	42½	40		37½	185		215				
Mereantile Club.....														
Miles, E. L.....			50	42½	33½		35							
Monarch, M. V.....			62½		47½					225				
Monarch, R.....			62½	45	45									
Monarch, T. J.....			55		42½		40	220		215	240	250		
Moore, D. L.....														
Moore & Grigsby.....														
Murphy, Barber & Co.....			60	45	42½								Spr 81 285	Lou C
Nall, A. G.....			60		50		40							
Nelson.....			50	40	37½								Spr 80 325	
New Castle.....	62½													
New Hope.....			65	52½	50								Spr 82 285	
Nutwood.....		55	50	45	40									
Oakwood.....	82½		70		52½					210				
O. F. C.....			72½	60	57½								Fall 81 325	
Old Charter.....			55											
Old Crow.....		100	95	72½	75	70						300	Spr 82 375	
Old Lexington Club.....					40					225				
Old Log Cabin.....			70		57½		50							
Old Pepper, (Pepper, Jas. E. & Co.)			80							275				
Old Osear Pepper.....	110		80	67½	67½			240			300	325		
Old Tarr.....			57½		47½			235						
Old Time (Pognes).....			50		37½									
Old Times.....			47½	35	35	28½							Spr 81 290	
Parkland.....							32½							
Parkhill.....														
Patterson.....			55		45									
Payne, P. E.....														
Peacock.....					45		37½				230			
Pepper, R. P.....		57½	55											
Pilgrimage.....					60		50							
Purdy & Co.....														
Rich Grain.....			46		35									
Richwood.....			55	42½	40	35								
Ripy T. B.....		65	55	45	42½						235		Spr 81 285	
Rohrer, D.....	60		47½		35								Spr 82 315	
Rolling Fork.....			55		37½	35								

"GOD BLESS YOU!"

Is the Heart-Felt Expression that Comes to Us from 'all over,' from those who have used



FATHERS! MOTHERS! CHILDREN!

This wonderful cordial, which is as sweet as wild honey, and as invigorating as an electrical battery,

CURES

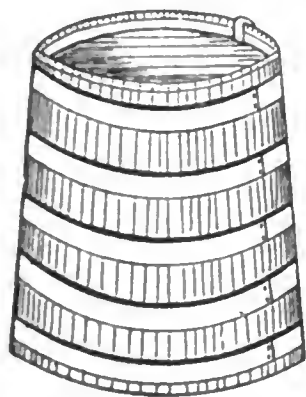
DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, MALARIA,

And all ailments of the bowels. Leading Physicians prescribe it for ADULTS AND CHILDREN. For sale by Messrs. Meyerfeld, Mitchell & Siebenhauer, San Francisco, and all druggists and dealers.

RHEINSTROM BROS. Sole Props.,

DISTILLERS FINE LIQUEURS,

CINCINNATI, U. S. A.



REDWOOD TANKS,
F. Korbel & Bros

821 BRYANT ST., S. F.

Or at NORTH FORK MILL,

HUMBOLDT CO. CAL.

Monarch Blackberry Brandy,

THE ONLY RELIABLE IN THE MARKET.

FOR PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR, IT HAS NO EQUAL.



Mihalovitch, Fletcher & Co.

DISTILLERS OF

FRUIT BRANDIES.

Bottlers and Dealers in

NATIVE WINES.

168-70-72 East Pearl St.

Cincinnati O.

THE BELLE OF BOURBON COMPANY,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

—DISTILLERS OF THE FAMOUS—

"BELLE OF BOURBON"

Hand-Made Sour Mash Whisky
(10 per cent Small Grain.)

NONE BOTTLED UNDER EIGHT YEARS OLD.

SIEBE BROS. & PLAGEMANN,

AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

ESTABLISHED

1864

A. Finke's

Widow,

Manufacturers of

CALIFORNIA

First Premium

CHAMPAGNES.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OFFICE:

809 MONTGOMERY ST.,

San Francisco.

Telephone 5024.



GOLD SEAL,
CARTE BLANCHE,
IMPERIAL.

First Premium for Gold Seal Best California Champagnes awarded by the State Fair, 1890, and wherever exhibited.

EEG ALBUMEN.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE,

—FOR—

CLARIFYING WINES.

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122 PEARL STREET,

NEW YORK.

'LE MERVEILLEUX'

WINE AND CIDER PRESS.

FIRST PREMIUM 1887

State Fair, Mechanics' Institute, Santa Clara Valley Agricultural Society, Sonoma County Agricultural Park Association.

NOTICE—Having been granted a perpetual injunction by the United States Circuit Court on July 21, 1890, against Toulouse & Delorieu, or the California Wine Press Co., for infringement on D. Lille's patent 299,815, known as "Le Merveilleux." All parties are hereby notified not to purchase any press upon which said infringement is made, as suit will be immediately instituted against any one using, selling or offering for sale a machine that in any way infringes on the patent of the "Le Merveilleux" Press.

Write for Circulars' etc.



PAIRE BROS.,

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers

420 MONTGOMERY ST., ROOM 22. - - SAN FRANCISCO.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '87.	Spr'g '86.	Spr'g '85.	Old Whiskies	Remarks
Saffell, W. B.														
Samuels, T. W.			65		45		42½				240		Spr 81 300	
Samuels, W. B. & Co.			55		42½									
Searcy, J. S.	85		60		42½									
Searcy, Wiley, (Old Joe.)														
Sharpe.			55											
Shawhan.													Spr 82 265	
Small Grain.							35							
Smith & Smith	90		70											
Snyder (Freiberg & Workum)			52½		40									
Southall.			55		45									
Sovereign.					35									
Split Rock.														
Spring Hill.			57½		45									
Spring Water.	85		65		50									
Stone, W. S. (Old).			60	50	42½					215	235			
Sweetwood.														
Tippecanoe.					37½									
Taylor (Old)	95		70	57½	55				225	250				
Tea Kettle.			50		38½		35							
Tenbroeck														
Tip Top (Rock Spring Dist'g Co.)		62½	57½	42½	40									
Van Arsdell.				45	37½									
Van Hook.			50		36									
Walker, F. G. (Queen of Nelson)			55											
Walker, J. M.			55	52½										
Warwick.			50		38½					215	225			
Waterfill & Frazier	87½		70		55	55		205		235				
Wathen Bros	67½		47½		33						235			
Welsh, J. T. (Davies Co.)			62½		55									
Welsh, J. T. (McLean Co)			67½		60									
White Mills.			47½	40	35	32½								
Willow Run.					32½									
Woodland.			55		40							265		
Zeno			70	57½	52½	47½								

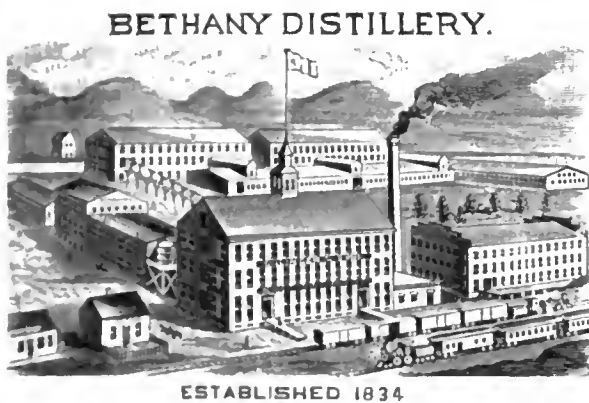
Lou

KENTUCKY RYES.

Ashland.			57½											
Atherton.				50	47½									
Belle of Anderson.														
Belle of Louisville.														
Belle of Nelson.														
Blue Grass.		85	77½	65	60	50	47½							
Clarke's.														
Criterion														
Crystal Spring.														
Curley, J. E.														
Edgewater			55										Fall 80 335	
Excelsior.														
Franklin														
Greylock.														
Greystone.														
Hermitage		100	95		80	75				265	275	300	Spr 81 425	
Highland.			60		50									
Horse Shoe (Mill Creek Dist'g Co.)														
Lynchburg.					40									
Marion Co. Distilling Co.				55										
Mattingly & Son, J. G.														
Mellwood.		70			50									
Miles, E. L.			70	60		50								
Millcreek			62½	55										
Monarch, M V.											250			
Nelson.		90												
Normandy.			85	65		55								
Old Pepper (Pepper Jas. E. & Co.)			85								310	335		
Paris Club					52½									
Peacock.					50		42½							
Pepper, R. P.														
Rolling Fork.				60		45								
Short Horn (Dougherty's).			62½		45									
Sovereign.				55	50									
Sunny Side.			58½		55									
Susquehanna.			65	52½	50	45								
Sylvan Grove (Fleishmann's)	55	50	45	40	35									
Wathen Bros.		70		60		50								
White Mills.			52½	42½	40	37½								

LEADING DISTILLERS.

ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.	ADDRESS, INSURANCE.	BRAND.
BOURBONS.		JAS. E. PEPPER & CO., Lexington. Rate, 85c.	Pepper.
ANDERSON & NELSON DIST'S CO. Add; Anderson & Nelson Distilleries Co., Louisville. Rate, 90c.	Anderson. Nelson.	E. H. TAYLOR, JR. & SONS, Frankfort. Rate, 85c.	Old Taylor.
BELLE of ANDERSON D'G CO. Add; S. J. Greenbaum, Louisville. Rate, 1.25.	Belle of Anderson, Glenarrie, Jessamine, Arlington.	BELLE OF NELSON D'Y CO. Add; Belle of Nelson Distillery Co., Louisville. Rate, 85c. and \$1.25	Belle of Nelson.
M. P. MATTINGLY, Owensboro, Ky. Free W. H., 1.50.	Old W. S. Stone.	RYES.	
J. G. MATTINGLY CO. Louisville. Rate 85c.	J. G. Mattingly & Sons.	J. A. DOUGHERTY & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa. Rate, 90c.	Dougherty.
MELLWOOD DIST'Y CO. Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Mellwood, Dundee,	A. OVERHOLT & CO., Add; A. Overholt & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Overholt.
MOORE & SELLIGER, Louisville. Rate, 85c.	Astor, Belmont, Nutwood.	S. DILLINGER & SONS, Ruff's Dale, Pa.	Dillinger.
ED. MURPHY & CO., Lawrenceburg, Ky. No. 1, 1.35.	Belle of Anderson County	THOMPSON DIST'G CO., West Brownsville, Pa. Add; Office 134 Water St., Pittsburg, Pa. Rate, 80c.	Sam Thompson.
THE R. F. BALKE CO. Louisville. Rate 85 c.	"G. W. S."	SUSQUEHANNA DIST'G CO., Milton. Add; Jas. Levy & Bro., Cincinnati. Rates, 85c & 1.25.	Susquehanna.
OLD TIMES DIST'Y CO., Louisville. Rates, 85c. & \$1.50.	Old Times. Gladstone.	NORMANDY DIST'G CO., Louisville. Add. Box 48, Louisville, Ky. Rate 85 c.	Normandy.



S. Dillinger & Sons

PURE RYE & MALT WHISKIES

RUFF'S DALE, WESTMORELAND CO. PA.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

WM. H. SHIELDS,
WHISKY BROKER

No. 6 West Third Street,

Cincinnati, O.

EASTERN RYES.

BRANDS.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '88.	Spr'g '89.	Fall '89.	Spr'g '90.	Fall '90.	Spr'g '91.	Spr'g '88.	Fall '87.	Spr'g '87.	Fall '86.	Spr'g '86.	Old Whiskies.	Remarks
Braddock.....			85	77½	75	67½	62½							
Bridgeport.....	105	92½	82½	67½	60	52½	45							
Brookdale.....	85		70		55									
Dillinger, S. & Sons.....	95	87½	75	65	55	50	45							
Dougherty.....	117½	105	90	75	62½	55		245						
Finch's Golden Wedding.....	107½	92½	85	68½	65	55			255					
Frontier.....			65	57½	50	45	40							
Gibson.....	127½	105	90	72½	65		52½		265	275				
Guekenheimer.....	100	87½	77½		60	52½	52½	220	245	265	285	325	Spr 81	465
Hannisville.....		100	87½	77½	67½	60	55					330		
Jones, G. W.....	82½	77½	67½	60	52½	47½	42½						Spr 84	400
Lippencott.....														
Meadville.....	100	90	72½		60									
Melvale.....														
Monticello.....		95	90	70								275		
Montrose.....	72½	65	60		42½	38	35	175						
Moore, Tom.....					55		45							
Mt. Vernon.....		120	100	80	72½	62½	55					350		
Orient.....	100	82½	67½	52½	47½	45	45							
Overholt.....	117½	90	77½	65	60	52½				280	290	325		
Sherwood.....	117½	95	85	67½	65	57½	55							
Somerset.....				42½	40									
Stewart.....			85	70	60	52½	50							
Tompson, Sam.....				65	55	47½								
Vandegrift.....														



ABRAHAM OVERHOLT.

Established 1810.

A. Overholt & Co.

Distillers of Pure Rye Whiskey.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

GENERAL OFFICE,

PITTSBURGH PA

Distillery, Broad Ford, Fayette Co, Pa.

Established 1844.

Sam Thompson

PURE RYE WHISKY.

UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY.

Thompson Distilling Co.

Office: 134 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISTILLERY
ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER
West Brownsville, Pa.

OLD W.S. STONE

KENTUCKY HAND MADE SOUR MASH WHISKY.

M. P. Mattingly, - - - Owensboro, Kentucky.

LOMA PRIETA LUMBER CO.

SUCCESSORS TO
WATSONVILLE M. & L. Co.Have Constantly on Hand a Full Supply
of the Following Sizes of

GRAPE STAKES,

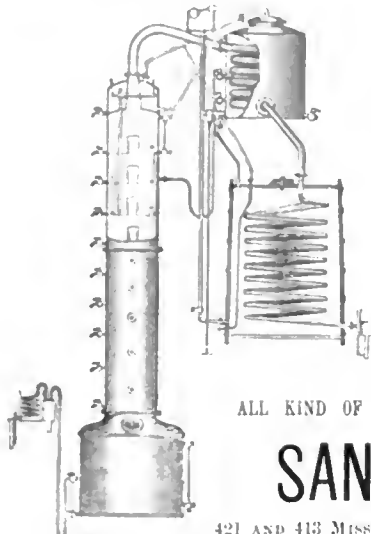
2x2--4 Feet Long. 2x2--5 Feet Long,
2x2--6 Feet Long.

Which will be sold at reasonable rates.

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INGLENOOK VINEYARD.—Established 1880. Wines and brandies. Gustave Niebaum, Rutherford, Napa Co., Cal.

SUNSET VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Webster & Sargent, Minturn, Fresno Co., Cal.

OLIVINA VINEYARD.—Established 1881. Wines and brandies. Julius P. Smith, Livermore, Cal.

MONT ROUGE VINEYARD.—Established 1885. Dry wines. A. G. Chauche, Livermore, Cal. Office 615-617 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

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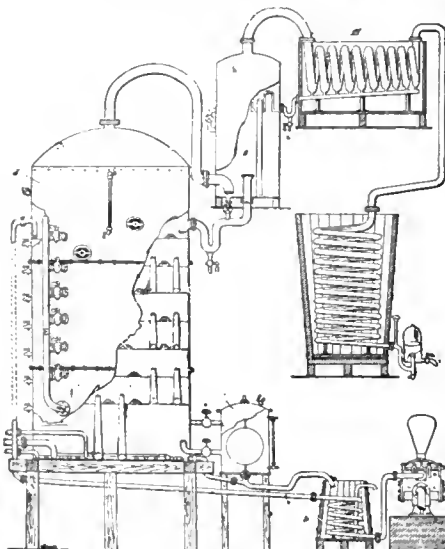
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N. B.—The wines furnished to our guests are guaranteed to be pure, and are purchased direct from the permanent exhibit of the State Viticulural Commission

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For Hongkong via Yokohama, DIRECT.

S. S. CITY OF RIO JANEIRO.....Tuesday Feb. 3d
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at 3 P. M.
S. S. CITY OF PEKIN.....Saturday March 21st
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Round Trip Tickets to Yokohama and return at reduced rates.
For Freight or Passage apply at the office, corner First and Brannan Sts. Branch Office 292 Front St.
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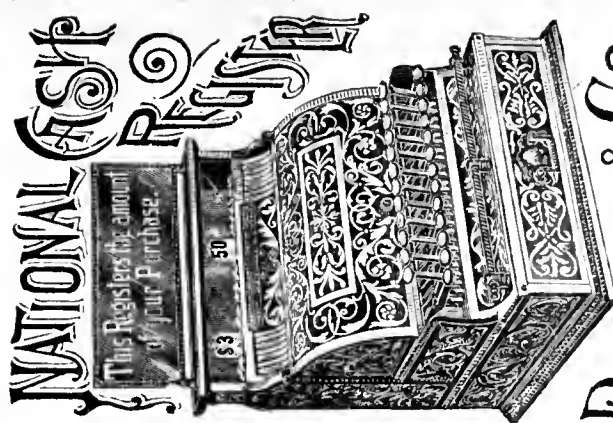
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THE SPLENDID NEW 3000 TON IRON STEAMER
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